

Hisun Sector Crew 1000 WINDSHIELD



TOOLS NEEDED: NONE!

DO NOT REMOVE THE PROTECTIVE PAPER UNTIL INSTALLATION IS COMPLETE.

STEP 1

Set bottom portion of windshield on the hoodline.

STEP 2:

Insert the rubber end of the clamp through the inside of the windshields square cut out.

STEP 3:

Insert rubber end of the clamp through the opening between the plastic clamp and the metal bar on the clamp.





STEP 4:

Pull the clamps strap through the clamp and stick the hook to the loop on the strap.

STEP 5:
Roll the strap around and push plastic part of the clamp through the square cut out.



STEP 6:

Detach hook from loop and pull the strap tight, attach hook to loop.



STEP 7:
Set top portion of windshield on lower portion.



STEP 8:

Repeat steps 2-6 for all remaining clamps.

STEP 9:

Remove protective paper from both sides of the windshield.



Lexan Cleaning Recommendations

- Gently wash Lexan with a solution of mild soap and lukewarm water, using a soft, grid-free cloth or sponge to loosen any dirt or grime.
- Fresh paint splashes, grease and smeared glazing compounds can be removed easily before drying by rubbing lightly with a soft cloth using petroleum ether (BP65), hexane or heptanes. Afterwards, wash the sheet using mild soap and lukewarm water.
- Scratches and minor abrasions can be minimized by using a mild automobile polish. We suggest that a test be made on a small area of the Lexan sheet with the polish selected and that the polish manufacturer's instructions be followed, prior to using the polish on the entire sheet.
- Finally, thoroughly rinse with clean water to remove any cleaner residue and dry the surface with a soft cloth to prevent water spotting.

Important Instructions

- Never use abrasive or highly alkaline cleaner on Lexan polycarbonate materials.
- Never use aromatic or halogenated solvents like toluene, benzene, gasoline, acetone or carbon tetrachloride on Lexan polycarbonate materials.
- Use of incompatible cleaning materials with Lexan sheet can cause structural and/or surface damage.
- Contact with harsh solvents such as methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) or hydrochloric acid can result in surface degradation and possible crazing of Lexan sheet.
- Never scrub with brushes, steel wool or other abrasive materials.
- Never use squeegees, razorblades or other sharp instruments to remove deposits or spots.
- Do no clean Lexan polycarbonate in direct sunlight or at high temperatures as this can lead to staining.
- For all mentioned chemicals consult the manufacturer's material safety datasheet (MSDS) for proper safety precautions.