



I. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

SANIFOAM E

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Hand sanitising foam.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Star Hygiene
Unit 1, 41 Whyalla Place
PRESTONS, NSW 2170
Telephone - (02) 9959 2349
Email - sales@starhygiene.com.au

Emergency telephone number

13 11 26 Poisons Information Centre

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria.

Flammable liquid – category 3

Eye irritation – category 2A

Label elements

Hazard pictogram



Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements

General

PI01 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

PI02 Keep out of reach of children.

PI03 Read label before use.



Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.
- P242 Use non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/ face protection.

Response

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage

- P403 + P235 Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

- P510 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local/ national regulations.

Other hazards

None known

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Ingredients	CAS number	Weight %
Ethanol; Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	> 60 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area.

Skin contact

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Ingestion

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting.



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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, fine water spray or water fog can be used. Do not use water jet.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form flammable mixtures with air. Decomposes on heating emitting toxic fumes.

Advice for firefighters

Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the containers exploding. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

Hazchem Code

2Y

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapours. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact local emergency services where appropriate.

Environmental precautions

Avoid contaminating waterways. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain using sand or soil. Prevent run off into drains or waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Use non-sparking tools. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for waste treatment methods.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place out of direct sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep container standing upright. Keep containers closed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks.



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Specific end uses

See Section I.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

No exposure standard assigned for this specific material by the Safe Work Australia.

Ingredient	TWA ppm	TWA (mg/m ³)	STEL ppm	STEL (mg/m ³)
Ethanol; Ethyl alcohol	1000	1880		

As published by Safe Work Australia.

Time weighted average exposure standard (TWA) means the average airborne concentration of a substance over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

Peak limitation means a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.

Short term exposure limit (STEL) means the average airborne concentration of a substance calculated over a 15 minute period. The STEL should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour working day.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation when using. Use only in well ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapours. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment or use with local exhaust ventilation. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Refer to Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337:1992 for guidance on selection and use of protective eyewear.

Skin protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Refer to Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.1: 2000 for guidance on selection and use of protective gloves. Personal protective equipment for the body, appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

working limits of the selected respirator. Refer to Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 for guidance on selection and use of respiratory devices.

General safety and hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Environmental exposure controls

Not available

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid
Odour	Apple fragrance
Odour threshold	Not applicable
pH	6.5 – 7.5
Melting point/freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	78 C
Flash point	24 C
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	0.87
Solubility	Miscible in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not applicable
Oxidising properties	Not applicable

Other information

No additional information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions under normal storage and use conditions.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known under normal storage and use conditions.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with foodstuffs. Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid contact with other chemicals.



Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity: No data available for the mixture

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity (LD50)	Dermal Toxicity (LD50)	Inhalation Toxicity (LC50)
Ethanol; Ethyl alcohol	7060 mg/kg (rat)		

Skin corrosion/irritation: No data available

Serious eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available

Carcinogenicity: No data available

Reproductive toxicity: No data available

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties: No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)-single exposure: No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: No data available

Aspiration hazard: No data available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation:

Inhalation of high concentrations of vapor or mist may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, headaches, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, and malaise.

Skin contact:

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Eye contact:

May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion:

Ingestion may cause central nervous system depression, gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long term exposure

No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute oral toxicity estimate (ATE) > 5000 mg/kg

Interactive effects

No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

No data available. Avoid contaminating waterways.

Persistence and degradability

No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good by the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.



UN Number

1170

UN Proper shipping name

ETHANOL SOLUTION



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Transport hazard class(es):

Class: 3

Packing group

III

Environmental hazards:

No

Special precautions for user

None known.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

Other relevant information:

Hazchem code: 2Y

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by Safework Australia.

Poison schedule

A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Inventory listing(s)

AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances): All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt

Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance / mixture by the supplier

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of preparation

October 2016

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ADG - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition)

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service Registry

GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IBC - Intermediate Bulk Container

IATA – International Air Transport Association

ICAO – Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air

IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods



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IMO – International Maritime Organisation

LC50 - Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

MARPOL 73/78 - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.

("Marpol" = marine pollution)

LD50 - Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal dose

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

STOT-RE - Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

STOT-SE - Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP - Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

UN - United Nations

vPvB - very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources of data

This Safety Data Sheet summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the product and general guidance on how to safely handle the product in the workplace. Since Lab 6 Pty. Ltd. cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this Safety Data Sheet in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for the product as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet