BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED INDEX MARCH 31, 2023

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS	4
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	5
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	6
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	7
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8 - 18
SCHEDULE 1 - SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN IMPAIRMENT	19
SCHEDULE 2 - SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS	20
SCHEDULE 3 - SCHEDULE OF SUNDRY REVENUE	21





Baker Tilly Nova Scotia Inc. Suite 201, 130 Eileen Stubbs Ave Dartmouth, NS Canada B3B 2C4

D: +1 902 404 4000 **F:** +1 902 404 3099

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

halifax@bakertilly.ca www.bakertilly.ca

To the Directors of: **Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited**

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited** ("the Corporation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and supplementary schedules.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 2023, and results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Under Accounting Standards for not-for-profit organizations, financial instruments should be initially recognized at fair value. As described in Note 2 of these financial statements, the Corporation initially recognizes its loans receivable at the exchange amount (the amount of cash consideration transferred to the borrower), plus where applicable, transaction costs directly related to its issuance. As a result of this departure from generally accepted accounting principles, the loans receivable is overstated, and interest income is understated. The impact on net assets has not been determined for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Corporation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Dartmouth, Nova Scotia June 15, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountants

Baker Tuly Nova Scotra Inc



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 4 STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Operating	Investment		
	Fund	Fund	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
DEVENIUEC		•	·	·
REVENUES	337,741		337,741	331,119
ACOA contribution (Note 11) Interest income	557,741	604,103	604,103	549,887
Sundry revenue (Schedule 3)	272,940	45,421	318,361	266,831
RRRF loan recovery	-	52,773	<u>52,773</u>	162,717
itida loan recovery				
	610,681	<u>702,297</u>	<u>1,312,978</u>	1,310,554
EXPENSES				
Advertising	7,842	-	7,842	14,466
Amortization	32,911	-	32,911	38,120
Bank charges	1,472	1,993	3,465	3,005
Board	13,670	-	13,670	5,028
Co-op	-	-	-	55,127
Credit checking	-	4,214	4,214	3,502
Equipment rental	5,167	-	5,167	3,874
Insurance	3,996	-	3,996	3,882
Interest	-	17,291	17,291	15,879
Loan write-off (recovery)	-	187,572	187,572	(255,689)
Meetings	17,457	_	17,457	7,561
Memberships, dues and fees	7,357	-	7,357	6,641
Office supplies	5,654	-	5,654	7,999
Postage and courier	375	-	375	229
Professional fees - audit and				
accounting	17,605	-	17,605	15,750
Professional fees - legal and				
consulting	296	-	296	7,193
RRRF loan forgiveness				
(recovery)	-	(43,681)	(43,681)	129,750
Rent and utilities	63,523	-	63,523	62,443
Repairs and maintenance	6,237	-	6,237	10,916
Salaries, wages and benefits	507,733	-	507,733	431,281
Self-employment benefit	88,041	-	88,041	72,526
Telecommunications	14,672	-	14,672	9,276
Training and development	39,808	-	39,808	22,403
Travel	31,144		31,144	15,058
	864,960	167,389	1,032,349	686,220
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	(254,279)	534,908	280,629	624,334



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

	U	Inrestricted \$	Internally Restricted \$	Externally Restricted \$	2023 \$	2022 \$	
Net assets - beginning of year		47,895	200,000	9,485,297	9,733,192	9,108,858	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	(254,279)	-	534,908	280,629	624,334	
Interfund transfer (Note 10)		175,000	(175,000)			
Net assets - end of year	(31,384)	200,000	9,845,205	10,013,821	9,733,192	



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 6 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

ASSETS				
	Operating Fund \$	Investment Fund \$	2023 \$	2022 \$
CURRENT				
Cash	87,012	2,571,155	2,658,167	2,962,573
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	527	124,984	125,511	114,762
HST recoverable	-	-	-	16,815
Investment	101,653	-	101,653	-
Prepaids	4,530		4,530	7,341
	193,722	2,696,139	2,889,861	3,101,491
INVESTMENT	-	40,000	40,000	40,000
DUE FROM OPERATING FUND (Note 5)	-	80,652	80,652	68,031
LOANS RECEIVABLE (Note 6)	-	10,028,345	10,028,345	9,033,499
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 7)	143,875		143,875	174,938
	337,597	12,845,136	13,182,733	12,417,959
LIAB	ILITIES			
CURRENT				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	16,119	2,182	18,301	57,678
Deferred revenue	52,110	-	52,110	96,144
Fund held in trust (Note 8)	-	200	200	2,250
Current portion of related party loans	-	2,741,236	2,741,236	289,868
Due to Investment Fund (Note 5)	80,652	-	80,652	68,031
Current portion of long-term debt	20,100		20,100	21,928
	168,981	2,743,618	2,912,599	535,899
LONG-TERM DEBT	-	-	-	16,446
RELATED PARTY LOANS (Note 9)		256,313	256,313	2,132,422
	168,981	2,999,931	3,168,912	2,684,767
NET.	ASSETS			
EXTERNALLY RESTRICTED	-	9,845,205	9,845,205	9,485,297
INTERNALLY RESTRICTED	200,000	-	200,000	200,000
UNRESTRICTED	(31,384)		(31,384)	47,895
	168,616	9,845,205	10,013,821	9,733,192
	337,597	12,845,136	13,182,733	12,417,959
COMMITMENT (Note 14), CONTINGENCY	(Note 15)			
Approved by the Board				
Director	(Y Wh	. Hayes		Director



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 7 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	(Operating		Investment	t		
		Fund		Fund		2023	2022
		\$		\$		\$	\$
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR	R):						
OPERATING							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Items not affecting cash	(254,279)		534,908		280,629	624,334
Amortization		32,911		-		32,911	38,120
Loan write-off				91,118		91,118	114,554
	(221,368)		626,026		404,658	777,008
Changes in non-cash working							
capital							
Accounts receivable			(14,147)	(10,749) (15,384)
HST receivable		13,082		3,733		16,815 (9,757)
Prepaids		2,273		538		2,811 (2,334)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(16,798)	(22,579)	(39,377)	28,137
Deferred revenue	(44,034)	(-	(44,034) (<u>17,451</u>)
Deterred revenue	\	,		F00 F71	_	, ,	,
	<u>(</u>	263,447)		<u>593,571</u>		330,124	760,219
FINANCING							
Advances from related parties		-		1,000,000		1,000,000	427,000
Repayments to related parties		-	(424,741)	•	424,741) (,
Funds held in trust		-	(2,050)	•	2,050) (2,475)
Change in due to Investment Fund		10 (01	(12,621)	(12,621)	-
Change in due to Investment Fund Interfund transfers		12,621 175,000	(- 175,000)		12,621	-
Proceeds on long-term debt		-	(-		-	43,855
Payments on long-term debt	(18,274)		-	(<u> 18,274)</u> (5,481)
.,		,		205 500	•	, ,	,
	-	169,347		385,588		554,935 (97,843)
INVESTING	,	4 2 4 2 \			,		
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,848)		-	(1,848) (207,741)
Purchase of investments	(101,653)		- 2,190,910	(101,653)	- 2,048,694
Repayment of loans Disbursement of loans		-	(3,276,874)	(2,190,910 3,276,874) (2,046,694 2,513,891)
Disbursement of loans			<u></u>	,	_	, ,	ŕ
	(103,501)	(_	1,085,964)	(_	<u>1,189,465</u>) (<u>672,938</u>)
CHANGE IN CASH	(197,601)	(106,805)	(304,406)	(10,562)
CASH - beginning of year	_	284,613	_	2,677,960	_	2,962,573	2,973,135
CASH - end of year	=	87,012	_	2,571,155	_	2,658,167	2,962,573



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 8 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited (the "Corporation") was incorporated January 20, 1989 under the Companies Act of the Province of Nova Scotia. The Corporation is a community Business Development Corporation, a not-for-profit community based and community controlled corporation, working in cooperation with all levels of government and the private sector. It covers the area between Ecum Secum and Hubbards, but excludes the urban areas of Halifax, Bedford and Dartmouth. Some of the communities served include Timberlea, Sackville, Beaverbank, Eastern Passage, Preston, Porters Lake, Sheet Harbour and Middle Musquodoboit.

The Corporation is a non-profit organization under paragraph 149.1 (1) of the Income Tax Act and, as such, is not subject to federal or provincial income taxes.

Any accumulated net assets are not to be used in promoting the Corporation's objectives and at no time will any dividends be paid. Should the Corporation be dissolved, the remaining assets would be transferred to another Community Business Development Corporation or to some other organization serving the community with similar objectives.

2. DEPARTURE FROM ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Corporation's financial statements have not adopted the CPA Canada Handbook Section 3856 Financial Instruments, and as a result, depart from Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The effects of these sections have not been recorded or disclosed in these financial statements.

The Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency has confirmed, within the 2022 CF agreement to all Atlantic CBDCs, it will accept qualified financial statements from CBDC when not prepared in full compliance with the CPA Canada Handbook Section 3856 Financial Instruments.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO"), with the exception of those departures disclosed in Note 2. The significant accounting policies are as follows:



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 9 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund accounting

Operating Fund

The Corporation has established an Operating Fund for the Corporation's program delivery and administrative activities. The Operating fund reports unrestricted resources and operating contributions. Expenses of the Operating Fund are limited to those agreed upon in the contribution agreement with Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency ("ACOA") under the Community Futures dated April 13, 2014 and extensions thereto. The most recent contract dated May 21, 2021, Contract #214588, provides for the period April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025.

Investment Fund

The Corporation has established an Investment Fund to hold and administer the loan portfolio of the Corporation. These funds are restricted to investments meeting the mandate of the Corporation and all investments are approved and monitored by the Board of Directors. All investment income earned must be reinvested in the fund. These funds cannot be used to cover administrative expenses unless authorized in writing by ACOA, except where the conditions as outlined in the Statement of Work of the Community Futures/Corporation agreement are met.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand, bank balances held with financial institutions and cashable guaranteed investment certificates.

Investment

The Corporation holds an investment in an entity in which the extent of investment is insufficient to provide the Corporation with significant influence. The Corporation accounts for this investment using the cost method.

Loans receivable

Loans receivable are recorded at the lower of cost and estimated realizable value. Provision for loan impairment and collection costs related thereto are reported in the Investment Fund.



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Allowance for loan impairment

Loans receivable are classified for loan impairment into four categories. Category 'A' loans are loans which are deemed satisfactory as to credit risk and performance. An amount equal to 2% of the balance of these loans is used as an allowance. Category 'B' loans are loans that are experiencing undesirable developments that are expected to be temporary in nature. The allowance for these loans is 20% or as determined on a loan by loan basis. Category 'C' loans are loans where serious adverse developments have occurred and are unlikely to be overcome, or there is little or no chance of the loan being repaid from earnings. The allowance for these loans is determined on a loan by loan basis. Category 'D' loans are loans where the owners of the business have lost control due to bankruptcy, appointment of a receiver or bailiff, judgment pursuant to a mortgage bond held by another secured mortgagee, seizure of any assets or where assets have been abandoned or deemed missing. The allowance for these loans is determined on a loan by loan basis.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided for using the following rates and method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer 3 years Straight-line Furniture and equipment 5 years Straight-line Leaseholds Term of lease Straight-line

Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

Revenue recognition

The Corporation applies the restricted fund method for accounting for contributions. Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Corporation and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The principal sources of revenue are interest income and ACOA contribution.



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 11 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis using the effective interest method and the ACOA contribution is recorded as revenue when received each quarter.

Internally restricted net assets

The board of directors has restricted an amount to serve as a contingency for the Corporation. The intention is to restrict funds until it accumulates to an amount equivalent to three months operations plus windup costs. The amount cannot be used without prior approval of the Board of Directors.

Financial instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The Corporation initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value, except for transactions with related parties which are recorded at the exchange amount established and agreed upon by the related parties.

The Corporation subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for related party transactions, which are measured at their carrying value.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable, investment in equity instruments measured at cost less any reduction for impairment and loans receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable, accrued liabilities, funds held in trust and long-term debt.

Financial liabilities measured at their carrying value include amounts due from related party.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of any write-down is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses. Any previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of any reversal is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses.



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 12 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Changes in accounting estimates are recorded in the period in which the estimate reversed.

The areas involving a high degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements include measurements of fair value of financial instruments, allowance for impaired loans receivable including the continued economic impact COVID-19 has on the active loans and certain accrued liabilities.

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	Operating Fund \$	Investment Fund \$	2023 \$	2022 \$
NSACBDC's - program recoveries	527	(375)	152	8,439
AACBDC's - Entrepreneurial Training Fund	-	1,948	1,948	9,070
Investment fees	-	8,666	8,666	12,356
Accrued interest on loans		<u>114,745</u>	<u>114,745</u>	84,897
	<u>527</u>	124,984	<u>125,511</u>	114,762

5. DUE FROM/TO FUNDS

The amounts due from/to funds are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and have no set terms of repayment.



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 13 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

6. LOANS RECEIVABLE

	Loans to business \$	RRRF \$	2023 \$	2022 \$
Loans and guarantees	9,096,526	2,433,689	11,530,215	10,545,061
Promissory note - ACCBIF	37,500		<u>37,500</u>	37,500
	9,134,026	2,433,689	11,567,715	10,582,561
Allowance for loan				
impairment	(591,889) (327,196)	(919,085)	(872,596)
Loan forgiveness	(<u>620,285</u>)	(620,285)	(676,466)
	8,542,137	1,486,208	10,028,345	9,033,499

Investment income earned in the Investment Fund is required to be reinvested in the fund for business investment purposes as required by the agreement with ACOA. Investment funds may be transferred to the operating fund to cover an annual operating deficit provided certain conditions have been met, as set out by ACOA.

Regional Relief and Recovery Fund (RRRF) is funded by Atlantic Association of Community Business Development Corporation (AACBDC). The purpose of RRRF is to provide term loans to eligible businesses that were impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The RRRF has externally imposed restrictions, the fund assets may be used only for loans to approved clients and repay loan capital to AACBDC.

RRRF loans are interest free and non-repayable until December 31, 2023. Clients who repay 75% of the amount borrowed under Phase 1 of the program before December 31, 2023 will have 25% of their loans forgiven up to a maximum of \$10,000. Loans disbursed under Phase 2 of the program may be eligible for additional loan forgiveness, up to a maximum of \$20,000.

Changes in loans receivable are as follows:

Loans and guarantees	Loans to business \$	RRRF \$	2023 \$	2022 \$
Balance - beginning of year	8,018,761	2,563,800	10,582,561	10,166,513
Loan advances	3,276,874	-	3,276,874	2,513,891
Loans repayments	(2,047,716)	(130,111)	(2,177,827)	(2,048,694)
Loan write-offs	(113,893)	<u>-</u>	(113,893)	(49,149)
Balance - end of year	9,134,026	2,433,689	11,567,715	10,582,561



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 14 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

6. LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Allowance for loan impairment (Schedule 1)

Balance - beginning of year	641,854	907,208	1,549,062	1,483,657
Loan write-offs	(112,593)	-	(112,593)	5,070
Current year provision	62,628	96,454	159,082	(63,040)
Loan forgiveness		(56,181)	<u>(56,181</u>)	123,375
Balance - end of year	591,889	947,481	1,539,370	1,549,062
	8,542,137	1,486,208	10,028,345	9,033,499

Management has estimated 25% of the outstanding RRRF loan balance disbursed under Phase 1 will be forgivable, and 32% of the outstanding loan balance disbursed under Phase 2, for the total forgivable amount of \$620,285 (2022 - \$676,466).

Management has estimated 4% of the outstanding RRRF loan balances at risk of default, for the total of \$96,454 (2022 - \$32,967) amount has been recorded as bad debt in the current period, included in the RRRF loan recovery revenue.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$	Net 2023 \$	Net 2022 \$
Computer Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements	48,832 98,972 177,227	46,681 75,847 58,628	2,151 23,125 118,599	3,709 28,910 142,319
	325,031	<u> 181,156</u>	143,875	174,938

8. FUNDS HELD IN TRUST

	2023 \$		2022 \$
Balance - beginning of year Funds paid during the year Funds collected during the year	2,250 (3,325) 1,275	(4,725 5,075) 2,600
Balance - end of year	200		2,250



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 15 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

9.	RELATED PARTY LOANS	2023 \$	2022 \$
	Atlantic Association of Community Business Development Corporation (AACBDC), repayable in equal monthly instalments of \$25,000 until July 2024, including floating interest based on the annual interest rate charged on loans by ACCBIF to CBCDCs to a maximum of 15%, where the interest rate up to July 2024 is 1.60% per annum.	1,482,115	765,698
	AACBDC Regional Relief & Recovery Fund (RRRF). Repayment amount is based on the percent of the principal paid by RRRF loans receivable borrowers up to and including the last day of the preceding	2.4/2.015	2 5/2 000
	month.	2,462,915	2,563,800
	RRRF loan forgiveness and write-off recovery	(947,481)	(907,208)
		2,997,549	2,422,290
	Less current portion	2,741,236	289,868
		256,313	2,132,422

Under the AACBDC RRRF agreement the forgivable portion and any uncollectible loans will reduce the amount repayable to AACBDC. Under the terms of the program, principal repayments from clients are not due until January 1, 2024. Refer to Note 6 for detail on management's estimates of the loan forgiveness and bad debts associated with the RRRF loans.

Assuming like terms, principal due within each of the next five years on related party loans is as follows:

	\$
2024	2,741,236
2025	282,807
2026	287,365
2027	291,997
2028	296,704
Subsequent	44,921



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 16 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

10. INTERFUND TRANSFER

Maximum interfund transfer available from the Investment Fund to the Operating Fund is approved by ACOA on an annual basis, at the beginning of the fiscal year in the form of an approved Operating Fund budget deficiency. Maximum available interfund transfer for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 was \$243,955 (2022 - \$179,150) as shown in Schedule 2. The Corporation's Board of Directors approved an interfund transfer of \$175,000 (2022 - \$175,000) during the year ended March 31, 2023 .

11. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Corporation is economically dependent as it received an annual operating contribution from ACOA that covers all operating expenses of the Operating Fund that are not designated under specific programs. During the year, the Corporation received \$337,741 (2022 - \$331,119).

12. LOAN STATISTICS

Loans approved during the year

During the year, the Board of Directors approved 47 investment loans in the amount of \$4,191,528 (2022 - \$3,991,425), including re-financed loans of \$186,790 (2022 - \$1,107) and RRRF loans in the amount of \$NIL (2022 - \$477,000).

Active investment loans under management

This has been defined as any loan where a regular payment has been received within the fiscal year and any loan where the terms of the loan do not call for a regular payment within the fiscal year. Excluded from active loans are loans written off in the fiscal year and loans repaid as of fiscal year end. As at March 31, 2023, there are 160 investment loans and 94 RRRF loans under management.

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Risks and concentrations

The Corporation is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Corporation's risk exposure and concentrations at March 31, 2023.

It is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant currency or other price risks from its financial instruments. The risks arising on financial instruments are limited to the following:



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 17 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Corporation to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash, accounts receivable, loans receivable and investments. The Corporation deposits its cash in reputable financial institutions and therefore believes the risk of loss to be remote. The Corporation performs credit checks and obtains collateral over certain receivables, mitigating the risk of loss over accounts receivable and loans receivable.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Corporation is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities, amounts due to related party and long-term debt. The Corporation has sufficient cash to meet obligations as they come due.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Corporation is mainly exposed to interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation is exposed to interest rate risk on its financial obligations at variable interest rates.



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 18 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

14. COMMITMENT

The Corporation has a lease commitment for office rent. The minimum lease payments for the next five years are as follows:

	\$
2024	48,000
2025	48,000
2026	48,000
2027	48,000
2028	48,000
Subsequent	8,000

15. CONTINGENCY

The Corporation receives government contributions and grants under the Community Business Development Centre contribution agreements and Investment Fund agreements subject to repayment if the Corporation fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the agreement. As at March 31, 2023 the Corporation was in compliance with the terms of the agreement.

16. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain figures presented for comparative purposes have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted for the current year.



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 19 SCHEDULE 1 - SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN IMPAIRMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023				
	Category A \$	Category B	Category C	Category D \$	Total \$
Investment Fund	10,306,724	391,480	254,908	577,103	11,530,215
Add: ACCBIF Fund Investment	37,500				37,500
	10,344,224	391,480	254,908	<u>577,103</u>	11,567,715
Allowance for loan impairment	986,080	<u>78,296</u>	61,119	413,875	1,539,370

Allowance as a percentage of the total loan portfolio: 13.3%

	2022				
	Category A \$	Category B	Category C \$	Category D \$	Total \$
Investment Fund Add: ACCBIF Fund	9,134,386	565,202	200,746	644,727	10,545,061
Investment	<u>37,500</u>				37,500
Allowan so for loop	9,171,886	565,202	200,746	644,727	10,582,561
Allowance for loan impairment	1,038,359	93,241	90,187	<u>327,275</u>	1,549,062

Allowance as a percentage of the total loan portfolio: 14.6%



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 20 SCHEDULE 2 - SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Unaudited Budget		
	2023	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$
REVENUES			
ACOA contribution	337,742	337,741	331,119
Sundry revenue (Schedule 3)	258,131	272,940	244,476
	595,873	610,681	575,595
EXPENSES			
Advertising	8,594	7,842	14,466
Amortization	3,500	32,911	38,120
Bank charges	1,000	1,472	964
Board	19,798	13,670	5,028
Co-op	11,326	-	55,127
Equipment rental	7,852	5,167	3,874
Insurance	3,381	3,996	3,882
Meetings	2,600	17,457	7,561
Membership, dues and fees	5,784	7,357	6,641
Miscellaneous	1,000	-	-
Office supplies	5,006	5,654	7,999
Postage and courier	400	375	229
Professional fees - audit and accounting	18,000	17,605	15 <i>,</i> 750
Professional fees - legal and consulting	-	296	5,399
Rent and utilities	61,300	63,523	62,443
Repairs and maintenance	7,346	6,237	10,916
Salaries, wages and benefits	585,983	507,733	431,280
Self-employment benefits	32,946	88,041	72,526
Telecommunications	10,259	14,672	9,276
Training and development	18,000	39,808	12,430
Travel	<u>35,753</u>	31,144	15,058
	839,828	864,960	778,969
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	(243,955)	(254,279) (203,374)
AMOUNTS TRANSFERRED FROM INVESTMENT FUND	<u> 175,000</u>	<u> 175,000</u>	175,000
EXCESS REFUNDABLE TRANSFERRED FROM INVESTMENT FUND	(68,955)	(79,279) (28,374



BLUE WATER BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED 21 SCHEDULE 3 - SCHEDULE OF SUNDRY REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Operatin	g Fund			
	Unaudited		Investment		
	Budget	Actual	Fund	Total	Total
	2023	2023	2023	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Administration fees	47,475	61,047	-	61,047	35,499
Interest income	1,200	1,653	-	1,653	2,231
Loan application fees	12,800	6,600	-	6,600	4,100
NSACBDC support services	-	3,913	-	3,913	4,782
Other	-	-	45,421	45,421	22,355
Program fees	62,000	41,086	-	41,086	50,765
RRRF funding/admin fees	50,668	43,278	-	43,278	43,278
Self-employment benefit	83,988	115,363		115,363	103,821
	258,131	272,940	45,421	318,361	266,831

