



DC COMPONENTS CO., LTD.

RECTIFIER SPECIALISTS

**KBPC8005
THRU
KBPC810**

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF SINGLE-PHASE SILICON BRIDGE RECTIFIER

VOLTAGE RANGE - 50 to 1000 Volts

CURRENT - 8.0 Amperes

FEATURES

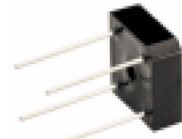
- * Surge overload rating: 125 Amperes peak
- * Low forward voltage drop

MECHANICAL DATA

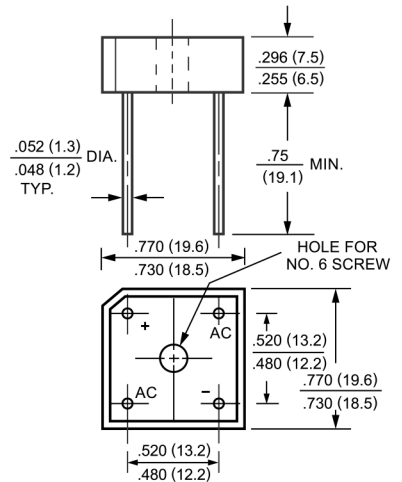
- * Case: Molded plastic
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Lead: MIL-STD-202, Method 208 guaranteed
- * Polarity: Symbols molded or marked on body
- * Mounting position: Any
- * Weight: 6.9 grams

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.



KBPC-8/10



	SYMBOL	KBPC 8005	KBPC 801	KBPC 802	KBPC 804	KBPC 806	KBPC 808	KBPC 810	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	VRRM	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum RMS Voltage	VRMS	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	VDC	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Output Current at Tc = 50°C	Io	8.0							Amps
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	IFSM	125							Amps
Maximum Forward Voltage Drop per element at 4.0A DC	VF	1.1							Volts
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated	IR	@TA = 25°C							uAmps
DC Blocking Voltage per element		@Tc = 100°C							
I ² t Rating for Fusing (t<8.3ms)	I ² t	166							A ² Sec
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note1)	CJ	200							pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	RθJA	21							°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	TJ	-55 to + 125							°C
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG	-55 to + 150							°C

NOTES : 1. Measured at 1 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 volts

2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient and from junction to lead mounted on P.C.B. with 0.5 x 0.5" (13x13mm) copper pads.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (KBPC8005 THRU KBPC810)

FIG. 1 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

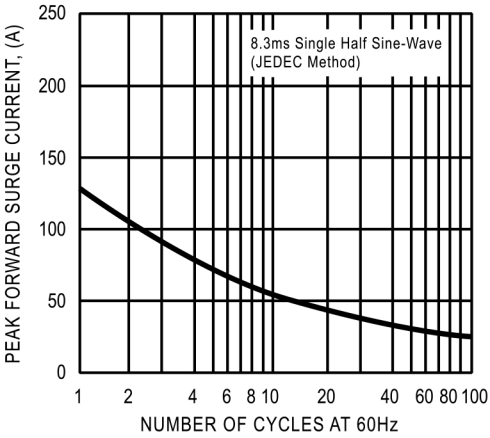


FIG. 2 - TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

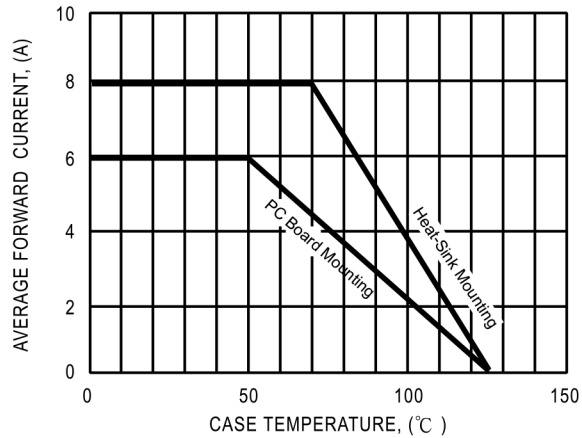


FIG. 3 - TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

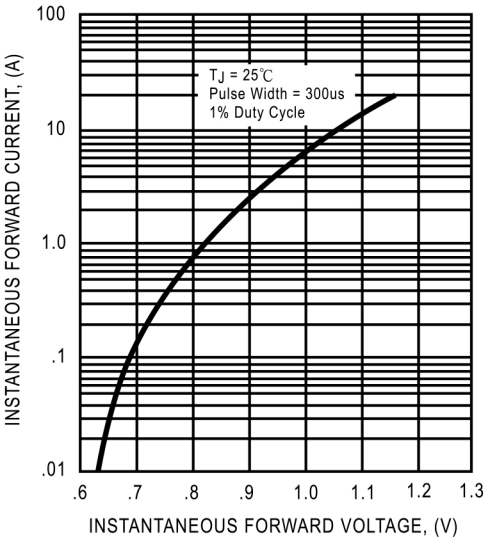


FIG. 4 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

