

COMPANY IDENTITY: STINGER CHEMICAL, LLC  
 PRODUCT IDENTITY: 764-STINGER® CITRUS TAR & GUM

SDS DATE: 09/30/2019  
 REPLACES: 01/01/2013

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

This Safety Data Sheet conforms to ANSI Z400.5, and to the format requirements of the Global Harmonizing System.  
 THIS SDS COMPLIES WITH 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD)  
 IMPORTANT: Read this SDS before handling & disposing of this product.  
 Pass this information on to employees, customers, & users of this product.

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND OF THE SUPPLIER

PRODUCT IDENTITY: STINGER® CITRUS TAR & GUM  
 PRODUCT USES: Solvent Cleaner

COMPANY IDENTITY: STINGER CHEMICAL, LLC  
 COMPANY ADDRESS: 905 Live Oak Street  
 COMPANY CITY: Houston, Texas 77003  
 COMPANY PHONE: 713-227-1340  
 EMERGENCY PHONES: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA)  
 CANUTEC: 1-613-996-6666 (CANADA)

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### DANGER!!

#### 2.1 HAZARD STATEMENTS: (CAT = Hazard Category)

- (H200s) PHYSICAL: Flammable Liquids(CAT:4)  
**H227 COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID(N.America);Not Regulated(Elsewhere).**  
 (H300s) HEALTH: Aspiration Hazard(CAT:1)  
**H304 MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAYS.**  
 (H300s) HEALTH: Skin Corrosion/Irritation(CAT:2)  
**H315 CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.**  
 (H300s) HEALTH: Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation(CAT:2)  
**H320 CAUSES EYE IRRITATION.**  
 (H300s) HEALTH: Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure(CAT:3)  
**H335 MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.**  
**H336 MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS OR DIZZINESS.**  
 (H400s) ENVIRONMENT: Hazardous to Aquatic Environment, Acute(CAT:3)  
**H402 HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE.**



#### 2.2 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

##### EXPOSURE PREVENTION:

- P100s = General, P200s = Prevention, P300s = Response, P400s = Storage, P500s = Disposal**  
 P264 Wash with soap & water thoroughly after handling.  
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
 P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap & water.  
 P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air & keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
 P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present & easy to do - Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
 P312 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
 P332+313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
 P337+313 If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.  
 P361 Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.  
 P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 P405 Store locked up.  
 P501 Dispose of contents/container complying with local/regional/federal regulations.

SEE SECTIONS 8, 11 & 12 FOR TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

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### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL	CAS#	EINECS#	WT %
Medium Aliphatic Naphtha	64742-88-7	-	100
Citrus Terpene	94226-47-4		2-6

TRACE COMPONENTS: Trace ingredients (if any) are present in < 1% concentration, (< 0.1% for potential carcinogens, reproductive toxins, respiratory tract mutagens, and sensitizers). None of the trace ingredients contribute significant additional hazards at the concentrations that may be present in this product. All pertinent hazard information has been provided in this document, per the requirements of the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), U.S. State equivalents, and Canadian Hazardous Materials Identification System Standard (CPR 4).

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- 4.1 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE & CHRONIC:  
 See Section 11 for Symptoms/Effects (acute & chronic).
- 4.2 EYE CONTACT:  
 For eyes, flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes & get medical attention.
- 4.3 SKIN CONTACT:  
 In case of contact with skin immediately remove contaminated clothing.  
 Wash thoroughly with soap & water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- 4.4 INHALATION:  
 After high vapor exposure, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should immediately begin artificial respiration. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should immediately begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).
- 4.5 SWALLOWING:  
 Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.  
 Do NOT give liquids to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- 5.1 FIRE & EXPLOSION PREVENTIVE MEASURES:  
 NO open flames. Above flash point, use a closed system, ventilation, explosion-proof electrical equipment, lighting.
- 5.2 SUITABLE (& UNSUITABLE) EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:  
 Use dry powder, AFFF, carbon dioxide.
- 5.3 SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT & PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:  
 Water spray may be ineffective on fire but can protect fire-fighters & cool closed containers. Use fog nozzles if water is used.  
 Do not enter confined fire-space without full bunker gear.  
 (Helmet with face shield, bunker coats, gloves & rubber boots).
- 5.4 SPECIFIC HAZARDS OF CHEMICAL & HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:  
**COMBUSTIBLE!**  
 Isolate from oxidizers, heat, & open flame.  
 Closed containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat.  
 Applying to hot surfaces requires special precautions.  
 Empty container very hazardous! Continue all label precautions!

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## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 SPILL AND LEAK RESPONSE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using pre-planned procedures. No action shall be taken involving personal risk without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering spill area. Do not touch or walk through material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Proper protective equipment should be used. In case of a spill, clear the affected area, protect people, and respond with trained personnel. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area).

### 6.2 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

The proper personal protective equipment for incidental releases (such as: 1 Liter of the product released in a well-ventilated area), use impermeable gloves, they should be Level B: **triple-gloves (rubber gloves and nitrile gloves over latex gloves), chemical resistant suit and boots, hard-hat, and Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus** specific for the material handled, goggles, face shield, and appropriate body protection. In the event of a large release, use impermeable gloves, specific for the material handled, chemically resistant suit and boots, and hard hat, and Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus or respirator.

Personal protective equipment are required wherever engineering controls are not adequate or conditions for potential exposure exist. Select NIOSH/MSHA approved based on actual or potential airborne concentrations in accordance with latest OSHA and/or ANSI recommendations.

### 6.3 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Stop spill at source. Construct temporary dikes of dirt, sand, or any appropriate readily available material to prevent spreading of the material. Close or cap valves and/or block or plug hole in leaking container and transfer to another container. Keep from entering storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways, and if necessary, call the local fire or police department for immediate emergency assistance.

### 6.4 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT & CLEAN-UP:

Absorb spilled liquid with polypads or other suitable absorbent materials. If necessary, neutralize using suitable buffering material, (acid with soda ash or base with phosphoric acid), and test area with litmus paper to confirm neutralization. Clean up with non-combustible absorbent (such as: sand, soil, and so on). Shovel up and place all spill residue in suitable containers. dispose of at an appropriate waste disposal facility according to current applicable laws and regulations and product characteristics at time of disposal (see Section 13 - Disposal Considerations).

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Isolate from oxidizers, heat, & open flame. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing of vapor or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin & eyes. Consult Safety Equipment Supplier. Wear goggles, face shield, gloves, apron & footwear impervious to material. Wash clothing before reuse. Avoid free fall of liquid. Ground containers when transferring. Do not flame cut, braze, or weld. Empty container very hazardous! Continue all label precautions!

### 7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Isolate from strong oxidants.  
Keep container tightly closed & upright when not in use to prevent leakage.

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### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE (CONTINUED)

#### 7.3 NONBULK: CONTAINERS:

Store containers in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Material should be stored in secondary containers or in a diked area, as appropriate. Store containers away from incompatible chemicals (see Section 10, Stability and Reactivity). Post warning and "NO SMOKING" signs in storage and use areas, as appropriate. Empty containers should be handled with care. Never store food, feed, or drinking water in containers which held this product.

#### 7.4 BULK CONTAINERS:

All tanks and pipelines which contain this material must be labeled. Perform routine maintenance on tanks or pipelines which contain this product. Report all leaks immediately to the proper personnel.

#### 7.5 TANK CAR SHIPMENTS:

Tank cars carrying this product should be loaded and unloaded in strict accordance with tank-car manufacturer's recommendation and all established on-site safety procedures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be used (see Section 8, Engineering Controls and Personal Protective Equipment.). All loading and unloading equipment must be inspected, prior to each use. Loading and unloading operations must be attended, at all times. Tank cars must be level, brakes must be set or wheels must be locked or blocked prior to loading or unloading. Tank car (for loading) or storage tanks (for unloading) must be verified to be correct for receiving this product and be properly prepared, prior to starting the transfer operations. Hoses must be verified to be in the correct positions, before starting transfer operations. A sample (if required) must be taken and verified (if required) prior to starting transfer operations. All lines must be blown-down and purged before disconnecting them from the tank car or vessel.

#### 7.6 PROTECTIVE PRACTICES DURING MAINTENANCE OF CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT:

Follow practices indicated in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures). Make certain application equipment is locked and tagged-out safely. Always use this product in areas where adequate ventilation is provided. Collect all rinsates and dispose of according to applicable Federal, State, Provincial, or local procedures.

#### 7.7 EMPTY CONTAINER WARNING:

Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. **DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY BURST AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.**

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 EXPOSURE LIMITS:

MATERIAL	CAS#	EINECS#	TWA (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)
Medium Aliphatic Naphtha	*64742-88-7	-	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Citrus Terpenes	94266-47-4		8h TWA= 30 ppm AIHA Standard	

This product contains no EPA Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP) in amounts > 0.1%.  
 EPA Hazardous Air Pollutants may be present in trace amounts (less than 0.1%):  
 Cumene, Polycyclic Aromatics

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## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (CONTINUED)

### 8.2 APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

#### RESPIRATORY EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Airborne concentrations should be kept to lowest levels possible. If vapor, dust or mist is generated and the occupational exposure limit of the product, or any component of the product, is exceeded, use appropriate NIOSH or MSHA approved air purifying or air-supplied respirator authorized in 29 CFR 1910.134, European Standard EN 149, or applicable State regulations, after determining the airborne concentration of the contaminant. Air supplied respirators should always be worn when airborne concentration of the contaminant or oxygen content is unknown. Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below exposure limits. If adequate ventilation is not available or there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limits, a respirator may be worn up to the respirator exposure limitations, check with respirator equipment manufacturer's recommendations/limitations. For particulates, a particulate respirator (NIOSH Type N95 or better filters) may be worn. If oil particles (such as: lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine, and so on) are present, use a NIOSH Type R or P filter. For a higher level of protection, use positive pressure supplied air respiration protection or Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus or if oxygen levels are below 19.5% or are unknown.

#### EMERGENCY OR PLANNED ENTRY INTO UNKNOWN CONCENTRATIONS OR IDLH CONDITIONS

Positive pressure, full-face piece Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; or positive pressure, full-face piece Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus with an auxiliary positive pressure Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.

#### VENTILATION

LOCAL EXHAUST:	Necessary	MECHANICAL (GENERAL):	Necessary
SPECIAL:	None	OTHER:	None

Please refer to ACGIH document, "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices", most recent edition, for details.

### 8.3 INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES, SUCH AS PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

#### EYE PROTECTION:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, chemical splash goggles should be worn, when a higher degree of protection is necessary, use splash goggles or safety glasses. Face-shields are recommended when the operation can generate splashes, sprays or mists.

#### HAND PROTECTION:

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Glove must be inspected prior to use. Preferred examples: Butyl rubber, Chlorinated Polyethylene, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"), Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"), Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitril") or ("NBR"), Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC") or "vinyl", Viton. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good practices. Wash and dry hands.

#### BODY PROTECTION:

Use body protection appropriate for task. Cover-all, rubber aprons, or chemical protective clothing made from impervious materials are generally acceptable, depending on the task.

#### WORK & HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using toilet facilities and at the end of the working period. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations & safety showers. Remove clothing that becomes contaminated. Destroy contaminated leather articles. Launder or discard contaminated clothing.

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### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE:	Liquid, Water-White
ODOR:	Citrus
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not Available
pH (Neutrality):	Not Available
MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT:	Not Available
BOILING RANGE (IBP,50%,Dry Point):	182 191 203 C / 361 376 398 F
FLASH POINT (TEST METHOD):	60 C / 141 F (TCC)
EVAPORATION RATE (n-Butyl Acetate=1):	0.150
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:	Class IIIA
LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT IN AIR (% by vol):	0.95
Not Available	
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm of Hg)@20 C	0.549
VAPOR DENSITY (air=1):	5.2
GRAVITY @ 68/68 F / 20/20 C:	
DENSITY:	0.786
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Water=1):	0.787
POUNDS/GALLON:	6.556
WATER SOLUBILITY:	Negligible
PARTITION COEFFICIENT (n-Octane/Water):	Not Available
AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE:	260 C / 500 F
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:	Not Available
TOTAL VOC'S (TVOC)*:	100.0 Vol% / 787.0 g/L / 6.5 Lbs/Gal
NONEXEMPT VOC'S (CVOC)*:	100.0 Vol% / 787.0 g/L / 6.5 Lbs/Gal
HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS (HAPS):	0.0 Wt% / 0.0 g/L / 0.000 Lbs/Gal
NONEXEMPT VOC PARTIAL PRESSURE (mm of Hg @ 20 C)	0.0
VISCOSITY @ 20 C (ASTM D445):	Not Available

\* Using CARB (California Air Resources Board Rules).

### SECTION 10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY

- 10.1 REACTIVITY & CHEMICAL STABILITY:  
 Stable under normal conditions, no hazardous reactions when kept from incompatibles.
- 10.2 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS & CONDITIONS TO AVOID:  
 Isolate from oxidizers, heat, & open flame.
- 10.3 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:  
 Reacts with strong oxidants, causing fire & explosion hazard.
- 10.4 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:  
 Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide from burning.
- 10.5 HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:  
 Will not occur.

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## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 ACUTE HAZARDS

#### 11.11 EYE & SKIN CONTACT:

Primary irritation to skin, defatting, dermatitis.  
Primary irritation to eyes, redness, tearing, blurred vision.  
Liquid can cause eye irritation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### 11.12 INHALATION:

Anesthetic. Irritates respiratory tract. Acute overexposure can cause serious nervous system depression. Vapor harmful.

#### 11.13 SWALLOWING:

**ASPIRATION HAZARD!** Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Do NOT induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep victim's head below the waist to prevent aspiration. Swallowing can cause abdominal irritation, nausea, vomiting & diarrhea. The symptoms of chemical pneumonitis may not show up for a few days.

### 11.2 SUBCHRONIC HAZARDS/CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED

#### MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Pre-existing disorders of any target organs mentioned in this Document can be aggravated by over-exposure by routes of entry to components of this product. Persons with these disorders should avoid use of this product.

### 11.3 CHRONIC HAZARDS

#### 11.31 CANCER, REPRODUCTIVE & OTHER CHRONIC HAZARDS:

Leukemia been reported in humans from Benzene.  
This product contains less than 1 ppm of Benzene.  
Not considered hazardous in such low concentrations.  
Absorption thru skin may be harmful.

11.32 TARGET ORGANS: May cause damage to target organs, based on animal data.

11.33 IRRITANCY: Irritating to contaminated tissue.

11.34 SENSITIZATION: No component is known as a sensitizer.

11.35 MUTAGENICITY: No known reports of mutagenic effects in humans.

11.36 EMBRYOTOXICITY: No known reports of embryotoxic effects in humans.

11.37 TERATOGENICITY: No known reports of teratogenic effects in humans.

11.38 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: No known reports of reproductive effects in humans.

A MUTAGEN is a chemical which causes permanent changes to genetic material (DNA) such that the changes will propagate across generational lines. An EMBRYOTOXIN is a chemical which causes damage to a developing embryo (such as: within the first 8 weeks of pregnancy in humans), but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A TERATOGEN is a chemical which causes damage to a developing fetus, but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A REPRODUCTIVE TOXIN is any substance which interferes in any way with the reproductive process.

### 11.4 MAMMALIAN TOXICITY INFORMATION

No mammalian information is available on this product.

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**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**12.1 ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.**

**12.2 EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON PLANTS AND ANIMALS:**

This product may be harmful or fatal to plant and animal life if released into the environment. Refer to Section 11 (Toxicological Information) for further data on the effects of this product's components on test animals.

**12.3 EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON AQUATIC LIFE:**

No aquatic environmental information is available on this product. Environmental effects of the substance have not been investigated adequately.

**12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL**

This material is a mobile liquid.

**12.5 DEGRADABILITY**

This product is nonbiodegradable.

**12.6 ACCUMULATION**

This product does not accumulate or biomagnify in the environment.

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers and liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from some product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. **DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE USED CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY BURST AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.** Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Processing, use or contamination may change the waste disposal requirements. Do not dispose of on land, in surface waters, or in storm drains. Waste should be recycled or disposed of in accordance with regulations. Large amounts should be collected for reuse or consigned to licensed hazardous waste haulers for disposal. **ALL DISPOSAL MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, PROVINCIAL, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. IF IN DOUBT, CONTACT PROPER AGENCIES.**

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

MARINE POLLUTANT: No  
DOT/TDG SHIP NAME: NONBULK: Not Regulated  
BULK: UN1268, Petroleum Distillates, n.o.s., 3, PG-III  
Combustible liquid. Not DOT regulated on trucks in containers of < 119 gallons.  
DRUM LABEL: None (Combustible Liquid)  
IATA / ICAO: Not Regulated  
IMO / IMDG: Not Regulated  
EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK NUMBER: 128

**SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**15.1 EPA REGULATION:**  
**SARA SECTION 311/312 HAZARDS: Acute Health**



All components of this product are on the TSCA list. This material contains no known products restricted under SARA Title III, Section 313 in amounts greater or equal to 1%.



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**SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

**15.2 STATE REGULATIONS:**

CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER & TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT (PROPOSITION 65):

This product contains no chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

**15.3 INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS**

The identified components of this product are listed on the chemical inventories of the following countries:

Australia (AICS), Canada (DSL or NDSL), China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS, ELINCS), Japan (METI/CSCL, MHLW/ISHL), South Korea (KECI), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS), Switzerland (SWISS), Taiwan (NECSI), USA (TSCA).

**15.4 CANADA: WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)**

B3: Combustible Liquid.

D2B: Irritating to skin / eyes.

This product was classified using the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR). This Document contains all information required by the CPR.

**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**16.1 HAZARD RATINGS:**

**HEALTH (NFPA): 1, HEALTH (HMIS): 1, FLAMMABILITY: 2, PHYSICAL HAZARD: 0**  
(Personal Protection Rating to be supplied by user based on use conditions.)

This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the NFPA & HMIS hazard rating systems.

**16.2 EMPLOYEE TRAINING**

See Section 2 for Risk & Safety Statements. Employees should be made aware of all hazards of this material (as stated in this SDS) before handling it.

**16.3 SDS DATE: 09/30/2019**

**NOTICE**

STINGER CHEMICAL, LLC disclaims all expressed or implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a specific use, with respect to the product or the information provided herein, except for conformation to contracted specifications. All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from manufacturers and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond our control, and therefore users are responsible for verifying the data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their handling, and disposal of the product. Users also assume all risks in regards to the publication or use of, or reliance upon information contained herein. This information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or process.