

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

# **HAMMER-CAPSULE®**

Drive-In Capsule Adhesive

# PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Hammer-Capsule system consists of a self contained, single use, two-part glass capsule into which threaded anchor rod or reinforcing bars can be directly driven without the need for a chisel point or spinning action. It is designed for use in the installation of 3/8" through 1" diameter threaded rod in solid concrete and masonry materials. It can also be used to install reinforcing bars.

A mixture of hardener and quartz aggregate is contained in the upper portion of the capsule while the lower portion contains an epoxy acrylate resin. Unlike traditional capsule anchors which required the use of chisel-pointed anchor rod and special installation tools, the Hammer-Capsule is designed for use with straight cut anchor rod.

### **GENERAL APPLICATIONS AND USES**

- Anchoring rebar (doweling), and threaded anchor rods in solid concrete and grouted concrete masonry
- Steel erection including anchoring of equipment and column base plates
- Resistant to vibratory loads introduced from machinery, moving vehicles, etc
- Barriers, fencing and railing attachments

- + Fast, easy installation no special adaptors required for setting
- + Excellent chemical resistance
- + Components are mixed during installation of rod or rebar
- + Pre-measured chemical component volumes no waste and simplified placement
- + Ideal for small projects

# **APPROVALS AND LISTINGS**

- Department of Transportation listings see www.DEWALT.com or contact transportation agency
- Independently tested to ASTM E1512 and AC58 criteria including creep resistance

CSI Divisions: 03 16 00 - Concrete Anchors, 04 05 19.16 - Masonry Anchors and 05 05 19 -Post-Installed Concrete Anchors. Capsule adhesive anchoring system shall be Hammer-Capsule as supplied by DEWALT, Towson, MD.

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HAMMER-CAPSULE



STRAIGHT CUT THREADED ROD

# ANCHOR SIZE RANGE (TYPICAL)

- 3/8" to 1" diameter rod
- No. 3 to No. 8 reinforcing bar

## **SUITABLE BASE MATERIALS**

- Normal-weight concrete
- Grouted concrete masonry

# PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION **CONDITIONS (ADHESIVE)**

- Dry concrete
- Water-saturated concrete (wet)

# **MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS**

# **Physical Properties**

Shelf Life	2 Years					
Storage Conditions	Store dry at 40° to 90°F and out of direct sunlight					
Installation Temperature	Condition capsules to 60°F minimum for best results					
Color	Mixed adhesive mortar – amber					
Consistency (mixed, prior to curing)	Paste mortar					

# **Curing Times**

Minimum Base Material Temperature	Curing Time					
68°F (20°C)	1 hour					
50°F (10°C)	2 hours					
32°F (0°C) 5 hours						
Cure time should be doubled for wet concrete.						



# INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS

# Hammer-Capsule<sup>1,2</sup>

Dimension	Hammer-Capsule, Nominal Size								
Dilliciisioli	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"			
Capsule Diameter (in.)	0.43	0.51	0.67	0.78	0.87	0.95			
Capsule Length (in.)	3.50	4.30	5.00	5.50	6.89	8.25			
Mortar Volume (in³)	0.40	0.70	1.40	2.05	3.25	4.50			
Mortar Volume (fl. oz.)	0.22	0.39	0.77	1.13	1.79	2.48			

- 1. The mortar volume listed is for the mixed material.
- The diameter and length may be different than capsules offered by other suppliers because of variations in air content. When comparing capsules, use the installed mortar volume.

# **Threaded Rod in Normal-Weight Concrete**

Dimension	Hammer-Capsule, Nominal Size								
Dimension	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"			
A <sub>nom</sub> = Nominal area of threaded rod (in²)	0.111	0.196	0.307	0.442	0.601	0.785			
A <sub>se</sub> = Tensile stress area of rod (in²)	0.078	0.142	0.226	0.335	0.462	0.606			
d <sub>bit</sub> = Nominal bit diameter (in.)	7/16	9/16	11/16	7/8	1	1-1/8			
h <sub>v</sub> = Minimum Embedment Depth (in.)	3-1/2	4-1/4	5	6 5/8	7	8-1/4			
$T_{max} = Max.$ tightening torque range (ftlbs.)	7.5-10	11-15	26-35	56-75	75-100	112-150			
Mortar per inch (in³)	0.094	0.133	0.184	0.326	0.390	0.478			

# Reinforcing Bar in Normal-Weight Concrete<sup>1</sup>

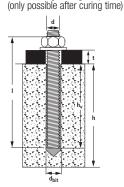
Dimension	Reinforcing Bar Size									
Dilliension	No.3	No.4	No.5	No.6	No.7	No.8				
A <sub>nom</sub> = Nominal area of threaded rod (in²)	0.110	0.200	0.310	0.440	0.600	0.790				
d <sub>bit</sub> = Nominal bit diameter (in.)	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8				
h <sub>v</sub> = Minimum Embedment Depth (in.)	3-1/2	4-1/4	5	6	7	8-1/4				
Mortar per inch (in³)	0.111	0.142	0.176	0.220	0.252	0.537				

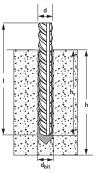
Adhesive mortar volumes for reinforcing bar are based on smooth bars. Actual mortar volume required will be less due to raised deformations on bars.

### Nomenclature

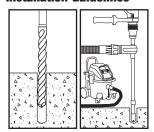
 $\begin{array}{lll} d & = & Diameter of \ anchor \\ d_{bit} & = & Diameter of \ drill \ bit \\ d_h & = & Diameter \ of \ fixture \\ clearance \ hole \\ h & = & Base \ material \ thickness \\ The \ minimum \ value \ of \ h \\ should \ be \ 1.5h_V \end{array}$ 

 $\begin{array}{lll} h_v & = & \text{Minimum embedment depth} \\ \ell & = & \text{Overall length of anchor} \\ T_{\text{max}} & = & \text{Maximum tightening torque} \end{array}$ 





# **Installation Guidelines**



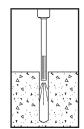
# Step 1 Drill a hole using a carbide tipped bit meeting the diameter requirements of ANSI B212.15 to the minimum depth

required as shown in the chart.

Precaution: Use suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dust during drilling and/or removal.

Note! In case of standing water in the drilled hole (flooded hole condition), all the water has to be removed from the hole (e.g. vacuum, compressed air, etc.) prior to cleaning.

Drilling in dry base materials is recommended when using hollow drill bits (vacuum must be on).



### Step 2

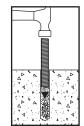
Starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole, remove dust and debris from the hole (e.g. dust extractor) to remove loose particles from drilling, brush the hole with a nylon brush, and again remove any remaining loose particles. Anchor holes may be dry or damp, but should be free of standing water or frost. Vacuuming only is not sufficient. Blow out bulbs generally do not provide enough dust removal for most drilled anchor holes. Holes should be clean and sound



Step 3

Prior to installation check the capsule to be sure it is not damaged and invert several times at 60°F or above to confirm all of the resin is in a liquid state. Insert the capsule into the hole

**Note!** Be careful to observe the direction of insertion. The arrow on the capsule should point toward the bottom of the hole.



### Step 4

Drive the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole through the capsule until it is fully embedded. A 2-pound hammer and eye protection are recommended.

A rotary hammer set in the hammering only mode and Chem-Stud drive adapters can also be used. Stop driving immediately upon reaching the bottom of the anchor hole.



Step 5

Allow the Hammer-Capsule to cure for specified time before loading anchor.

Do not disturb, torque or load the anchor once the material has begun to set.

Note! Consideration must be given to installation direction. Overhead installations with glass capsules are sensitive and extremely dependent upon the skill and care taken by the user; additional equipment not supplied by DEWALT may be required. Consequently DEWALT does not recommend the use of the Hammer Capsule for overhead applications at this time. Use of the product in adverse installation conditions should not be done without proper training and direct supervision by the Design Professional.

# **STEEL MATERIAL**

# **Material Properties for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar**

Anchor Type	Steel Description	Steel Specification (ASTM)	Rod Dia. or Rebar Size (inch or No.)	Minimum Yield Strength, f <sub>y</sub> (ksi)	Minimum Ultimate Strength, f <sub>u</sub> (ksi)
		A36	All	36.0	58.0
	Standard carbon rod	A307 Grade C or F1554, Grade 36	3/8 thru 4	36.0	58.0
Threaded Rod	High strength carbon rod	A 193, Grade B7	3/8 thru 2-1/2	105.0	120.0
	Stainless Rod	F 593. Condition CW	3/8 thru 5/8	65.0	100.0
	(Type 304 / 316 SS)	F 593, CONDITION GW	3/4 thru 1-1/2	45.0	85.0
Doinforoing Par	Grade 40 Rebar	A 615, A 706, A 767	All	40.0	70.0
Reinforcing Bar	Grade 60 Rebar	or A996	All	60.0	90.0

# **Allowable Steel Strength Capacities for Threaded Rod**

Anchor		Allowable	e Tension			Allowab	le Shear	
Diameter d in. (mm)	ASTM A36 Ibs. (kN)	ASTM F1554 Grade 36 Ibs. (kN)	ASTM A193 Grade B7 Ibs. (kN)	ASTM F593 304/316 SS lbs. (kN)	ASTM A36 Ibs. (kN)	ASTM F1554 Grade 36 Ibs. (kN)	ASTM A193 Grade B7 Ibs. (kN)	ASTM F593 304/316 SS lbs. (kN)
3/8	2,115	2,115	4,375	3,630	1,090	1,090	2,255	1,870
(9.5)	(9.5)	(9.5)	(19.7)	(16.3)	(4.9)	(4.9)	(10.1)	(8.4)
1/2	3,755	3,755	7,775	6,470	1,940	1,940	4,055	3,330
(12.7)	(16.9)	(16.9)	(35.0)	(29.1)	(8.7)	(8.7)	(18.2)	(15.0)
5/8	5,870	5,870	12,150	10,130	3,025	3,025	6,260	5,210
(15.9)	(26.4)	(26.4)	(54.7)	(45.6)	(13.6)	(13.6)	(28.2)	(23.4)
3/4	8,455	8,455	17,495	12,400	4,355	4,355	9,010	6,390
(19.1)	(38.0)	(38.0)	(78.7)	(55.8)	(19.6)	(19.6)	(40.5)	(28.8)
7/8	11,510	11,510	23,810	16,860	5,930	5,930	12,265	8,680
(22.2)	(51.8)	(51.8)	(107.1)	(75.9)	(26.7)	(26.7)	(55.2)	(39.1)
1	15,035	15,035	31,100	22,020	7,745	7,745	16,020	11,340
(25.4)	(67.7)	(67.7)	(140.0)	(99.1)	(34.9)	(34.9)	(72.1)	(51.0)
1. Allowable steel	strength capacities are	based on the standard	d minimum strengths	of the tabulated materi	als.			

# **Allowable Steel Strength Capacities for Reinforcing Bar**

Bar Size	Ten: Ib (k	s.	lk	ear s. N)
	Grade 40	Grade 60	Grade 40	Grade 60
No. 3	2,200	2,640	1,310	1,680
(3/8")	(9.9)	(11.9)	(5.9)	(7.6)
No. 4	4,000	4,800	2,380	3,060
(1/2")	(18.0)	(21.6)	(10.7)	(13.8)
No. 5	6,200	7,440	3,690	4,740
(5/8")	(27.9)	(33.5)	(16.6)	(21.3)
No. 6	8,800	10,560	5,235	6,730
(3/4")	(39.6)	(47.5)	(23.6)	(30.3)
No. 7	12,000	14,400	7,140	9,180
(7/8")	(54.0)	(64.8)	(32.1)	(41.3)
No. 8	15,800	18,960	9,400	12,085
(1")	(71.1)	(85.3)	(42.3)	(54.4)
1. Allowable steel	strength capacities are	e based on the requirer	ments of ASTM A 615.	

Allowable design load must be the lesser of allowable steel strength (as shown on this page) and the allowable bond capacities. Allowable steel strength values for threaded rod are based on the

Allowable steel strength values for tribudes for an observed and based on the following equations:  $T = 0.33 * f_0 * A_{nom}$   $V = 0.17 * f_0 * A_{nom}$  And, the allowable steel strength values for reinforcing bar are based on

the following equations:  $T = f_s * A_{br}$   $V = 0.17 * f_u * A_{br}$ 

Where:

 Allowable tension load (pounds).
 Allowable shear load (pounds).
 Minimum specified ultimate strength (psi). Tensile stress area in reinforcement (psi).  $A_{nom}$  = Nominal cross-sectional area of threaded rod (in<sup>2</sup>). Nominal cross-sectional area of reinforcing bar (in²).



# PERFORMANCE DATA

# Ultimate Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with Hammer-Capsule in Normal-Weight Concrete<sup>12</sup>



	Min.					Minimum	Concrete Con	npressive Str	ength (f´c)			
Anchor Dia. d	Dia. Depth		2,000 psi psules (13.8 MPa)			0 psi MPa)		0 psi MPa)	5,000 psi (34.5 MPa)		6,000 psi (41.4 MPa)	
in. (mm)	h√ in. (mm)	Required	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)
3/8	3-1/2 (88.9)	One 3/8"	4,920 (22.1)	4,440 (20.0)	5,880 (26.5)	4,440 (20.0)	6,120 (27.5)	4,440 (20.0)	6,320 (28.2)	4,440 (20.0)	6,320 (28.2)	4,440 (20.0)
(9.5)	7 (177.8)	Two 3/8"	9,840 (44.3)	4,440 (20.0)	11,760 (52.9)	4,440 (20.0)	12,240 (55.1)	4,440 (20.0)	12,640 (56.4)	4,440 (20.0)	12,640 (56.4)	4,440 (20.0)
1/2	4-1/4 (108.0)	One 1/2"	8,235 (37.1)	10,720 (48.2)	10,240 (45.7)	10,720 (48.2)	10,240 (45.7)	10,720 (48.2)	10,240 (45.7)	10,720 (48.2)	10,240 (45.7)	10,720 (48.2)
(12.7)	8-1/2 (215.9)	Two 1/2"	16,470 (74.1)	10,720 (48.2)	20,460 (91.3)	10,720 (48.2)	20,460 (91.3)	10,720 (48.2)	20,460 (91.3)	10,720 (48.2)	20,460 (91.3)	10,720 (48.2)
5/8	5 (127.0)	One 5/8"	10,160 (45.7)	17,160 (77.2)	13,080 (58.9)	17,160 (77.2)	15,060 (67.2)	17,160 (77.2)	15,060 (67.2)	17,160 (77.2)	15,060 (67.2)	17,160 (77.2)
(15.9)	10 (254.0)	Two 5/8"	20,320 (91.4)	17,160 (77.2)	26,160 (117.7)	17,160 (77.2)	30,100 (134.4)	17,160 (77.2)	30,100 (134.4)	17,160 (77.2)	30,100 (134.4)	17,160 (77.2)
3/4	6 (152.4)	One 3/4"	13,080 (58.9)	24,990 (112.5)	17,125 (77.1)	24,990 (112.5)	17,990 (81.0)	24,990 (112.5)	19,190 (86.4)	24,990 (112.5)	20,390 (91.8)	24,990 (112.5)
(19.1)	12 (304.8)	Two 3/4"	26,160 (117.7)	24,990 (112.5)	34,250 (154.1)	24,990 (112.5)	35,980 (161.9)	24,990 (112.5)	38,380 (172.7)	24,990 (112.5)	40,780 (183.5)	24,990 (112.5)
7/8	7 (177.8)	One 7/8"	16,265 (73.2)	35,600 (160.2)	21,065 (94.8)	35,600 (160.2)	24,640 (110.9)	35,600 (160.2)	28,425 (127.9)	35,600 (160.2)	29,500 (32.9)	35,600 (160.2)
(22.2)	14 (355.6)	Two 7/8"	32,530 (146.4)	35,600 (160.2)	42,130 (189.6)	35,600 (160.2)	49,280 (221.8)	35,600 (160.2)	56,850 (255.8)	35,600 (160.2)	59,000 (263.4)	35,600 (160.2)
1	8-1/4 (209.6)	One 1"	28,720 (129.2)	46,840 (210.8)	32,265 (145.2)	46,840 (210.8)	32,495 (146.2)	46,840 (210.8)	35,205 (158.4)	46,840 (210.8)	37,920 (170.6)	46,840 (210.8)
(25.4)	16-1/2 (419.1)	Two 1"	57,440 (258.5)	46,840 (210.8)	64,530 (290.4)	46,840 (210.8)	64,990 (292.5)	46,840 (210.8)	70,410 (316.8)	46,840 (210.8)	75,840 (341.3)	46,840 (210.8)

<sup>1.</sup> Ultimate load capacities should be reduced by a minimum safety factor of 4.0 or greater to determine the allowable working load. Consideration of safety factors of 10.0 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.

# Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with Hammer-Capsule in Normal-Weight Concrete<sup>1,2,3</sup>

	Min.		Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength (f´c)											
Anchor Dia. d	Embed. Depth	Capsules		0 psi MPa)	3,000 psi (20.7 MPa)				4,00 (27.6	0 psi MPa)		0 psi MPa)	6,00 (41.4	0 psi MPa)
in. (mm)	h√ in. (mm)	Required	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear Ibs. (kN)		
3/8	3-1/2 (88.9)	One 3/8"	1,230 (5.5)	1,110 (5.0)	1,470 (6.6)	1,110 (5.0)	1,530 (6.9)	1,110 (5.0)	1,580 (7.1)	1,110 (5.0)	1,580 (7.1)	1,110 (5.0)		
(9.5)	7 (177.8)	Two 3/8"	2,460 (11.1)	1,110 (5.0)	2,940 (13.2)	1,110 (5.0)	3,060 (13.8)	1,110 (5.0)	3,160 (14.1)	1,110 (5.0)	3,160 (14.1)	1,110 (5.0)		
1/2	4-1/4 (108.0)	One 1/2"	2,060 (9.3)	2,680 (12.1)	2,560 (11.4)	2,680 (12.1)	2,560 (11.4)	2,680 (12.1)	2,560 (11.4)	2,680 (12.1)	2,560 (11.4)	2,680 (12.1)		
(12.7)	8-1/2 (215.9)	Two 1/2"	4,120 (18.5)	2,680 (12.1)	5,115 (22.8)	2,680 (12.1)	5,115 (22.8)	2,680 (12.1)	5,115 (22.8)	2,680 (12.1)	5,115 (22.8)	2,680 (12.1)		
5/8	5 (127.0)	One 5/8"	2,540 (11.4)	4,290 (19.3)	3,270 (14.7)	4,290 (19.3)	3,765 (16.8)	4,290 (19.3)	3,765 (16.8)	4,290 (19.3)	3,765 (16.8)	4,290 (19.3)		
(15.9)	10 (254.0)	Two 5/8"	5,080 (22.9)	4,290 (19.3)	6,540 (29.4)	4,290 (19.3)	7,525 (33.6)	4,290 (19.3)	7,525 (33.6)	4,290 (19.3)	7,525 (33.6)	4,290 (19.3)		
3/4	6 (152.4)	One 3/4"	3,270 (14.7)	6,250 (28.1)	4,280 (19.3)	6,250 (28.1)	4,500 (20.3)	6,250 (28.1)	4,800 (21.6)	6,250 (28.1)	5,100 (23.0)	6,250 (28.1)		
(19.1)	12 (304.8)	Two 3/4"	6,540 (29.4)	6,250 (28.1)	8,565 (38.5)	6,250 (28.1)	8,995 (40.5)	6,250 (28.1)	9,595 (43.2)	6,250 (28.1)	10,195 (45.9)	6,250 (28.1)		
7/8	7 (177.8)	One 7/8"	4,065 (18.3)	8,900 (40.1)	5,265 (23.7)	8,900 (40.1)	6,160 (27.7)	8,900 (40.1)	7,105 (32.0)	8,900 (40.1)	7,375 (32.9)	8,900 (40.1)		
(22.2)	14 (355.6)	Two 7/8"	8,135 (36.6)	8,900 (40.1)	10,535 (47.4)	8,900 (40.1)	12,320 (55.4)	8,900 (40.1)	14,215 (64.0)	8,900 (40.1)	14,750 (65.0)	8,900 (40.1)		
1	8-1/4 (209.6)	One 1"	7,180 (32.3)	11,710 (52.7)	8,065 (36.3)	11,710 (52.7)	8,125 (36.6)	11,710 (52.7)	8,800 (39.6)	11,710 (52.7)	9,480 (42.7)	11,710 (52.7)		
(25.4)	16-1/2 (419.1)	Two 1"	14,360 (64.6)	11,710 (52.7)	16,135 (72.6)	11,710 (52.7)	16,250 (73.1)	11,710 (52.7)	17,605 (79.2)	11,710 (52.7)	18,960 (85.3)	11,710 (52.7)		

<sup>1.</sup> Allowable bond capacities are calculated using an applied safety factor of 4.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10.0 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.

<sup>2.</sup> Linear interpolation may be used to determine ultimate load capacities for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.

<sup>2.</sup> Linear interpolation may be used to determine allowable bond capacities for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.

<sup>3.</sup> Allowable design load should be the lesser of the bond or allowable steel strength.



# Ultimate Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with Hammer-Capsule in Grout-Filled Concrete Masonry<sup>1,2,3</sup>

	Anchor ins	talled in Cell (	pening (Top of W	all) For Sill Pla	tes and Other A	ttachments		
Anchor Diameter d in. (mm)	Drill Bit Diameter doit in.	Minimum Block Width in. (mm)	Minimum Embedment Depth hv in. (mm)	Minimum Edge Distance in. (mm)	Minimum End Distance in. (mm)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear Towards the Edge Ibs. (kN)	Minimum End Distance (Typ)
3/8 (9.5)	7/16	6 (152.4)	3-1/2 (88.9)	2-1/4 (57.2)	4 (101.6)	2,756 (12.4)	1,622 (7.3)	
1/2 (12.7)	9/16	6 (152.4)	4-1/4 (108.0)	2-3/4 (69.9)	4 (101.6)	4,902 (22.0)	2,086 (9.3)	Minimum Edge Distance (Typ)
5/8 (15.9)	11/16	8 (203.2)	5 (127.0)	2-3/4 (69.9)	11-1/4 (285.8)	6,189 (27.7)	1,877 (8.4)	Top of Wall
3/4 (19.1)	7/8	8 (203.2)	6-5/8 (168.3)	2-3/4 (69.9)	11-1/4 (285.8)	7,887 (35.3)	2,005 (9.0)	
7/8 (22.2)	1	8 (203.2)	7 (177.8)	3-3/4 (95.3)	11-1/4 (285.8)	8,648 (38.8)	3,379 (15.1)	
1 (25.4)	1-1/8	8 (203.2)	8-1/4 (209.6)	3-3/4 (95.3)	11-1/4 (285.8)	10,679 (47.9)	3,139 (14.1)	

- Tabulated load capacities are for anchors installed in minimum Grade N, Type II, lightweight, medium-weight or normal-weight concrete masonry units conforming to ASTM C 90 that are fully grouted and have reached a designated minimum compressive strength at the time of installation. Mortar must be Types N, S or M.
- 2. The allowable loads are calculated using a safety factor of 5.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.
- 3. Masonry members must have a minimum nominal width of 8 inches with the exception of 3/8" and 1/2" diameter anchors which may be installed in minimum nominal 6-inch width

# **DESIGN CRITERIA (ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN)**

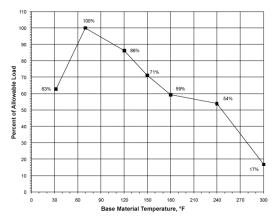
# **Combined Loading**

For anchors loaded in both shear and tension, the combination of loads should be proportioned as follows:

$$\left(\frac{Nu}{Nn}\right) \, + \, \left(\frac{Vu}{Vn}\right) \quad \leq \, 1 \qquad \qquad \text{Where:} \qquad \begin{array}{l} N_u = \text{Applied Service Tension Load} \\ N_n = \, \text{Allowable Tension Load} \\ V_u = \, \text{Applied Service Shear Load} \\ V_n = \, \text{Allowable Shear Load} \end{array}$$

# **In-Service Temperature**

Allowable tension and shear load bond strength reduction based on in-service temperature for the Hammer-Capsule adhesive.



Temperature Conversion						
Degree Fahrenheit (°F)	Degree Celsius (°C)	Percent Allowable Load (%)				
32	0	63				
70	21	100				
120	49	86				
150	65	71				
180	82	59				
240	115	54				
300	149	17				

# LOAD ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR SPACING AND EDGE DISTANCES

## **Anchor Installed in Normal-Weight Concrete**

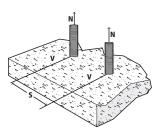
Anchor Load Type		Critical Distance (Full Anchor Capacity)	Critical Load Factor	Minimum Distance (Reduced Capacity)	Minimum Load Factor
Spacing (s)	Tension and Shear	$s_{cr} = 8d$	$F_{NS} = F_{VS} = 1.0$	$s_{min} = 4d$	$F_{NS} = F_{VS} = 0.70$
Edga Diotanaa (a)	Tension	c <sub>cr</sub> = 8d	F <sub>NC</sub> = 1.0	$c_{min} = 4d$	Fnc = 0.60
Edge Distance (c)	Shear	$c_{cr} = 12d$	$F_{VC} = 1.0$	$c_{min} = 4d$	$F_{VC} = 0.50$



Spacing, Tension ( $F_{NS}$ ) & Shear ( $F_{VS}$ )

D	ia. (in.)	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1
Scr (in.)		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
S	Smin <b>(in.)</b>	1	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	3-1/2	4
	1	0.70	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1-1/2	0.85	0.70	-	-	-	-	-
	2	1.00	0.80	0.70	-	-	-	-
(Si	2-1/2	1.00	0.90	0.78	0.70	-	-	-
(inches)	3	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.76	0.70	-	-
s (ir	3-1/2	1.00	1.00	0.93	0.82	0.75	0.70	-
	4	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.80	0.74	0.70
Spacing,	5	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	0.83	0.78
Sp	5-1/2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.87	0.81
	6	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.85
	7	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.93
	8	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

Notes: For anchors loaded in tension and shear, the critical spacing ( $s_{ca}$ ) is equal to 8 anchor diameters (8d) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load. Minimum spacing ( $s_{min}$ ) is equal to 4 anchor diameters (4d) at which the anchor achieves 70% of load.

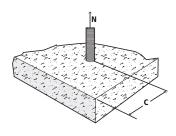


**Edge Distance, Tension (F<sub>NC</sub>)** 

_	Dia. (in.)	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1
Ccr (in.)		Cor (in.) 2		4	5	6	7	8
	Cmin (in.)	1	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	3-1/2	4
	1	0.60	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	1-1/2	0.80	0.60	-	-	-	-	-
(inches)	2	1.00	0.73	0.60	-	-	-	-
in Ct	2-1/2	1.00	0.87	0.70	0.60	-	-	-
ပ	3	1.00	1.00	0.80	0.68	0.60	-	-
Distance,	3-1/2	1.00	1.00	0.90	0.76	0.67	0.60	-
staı	4	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.84	0.73	0.66	0.60
Edge Di	5	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.87	0.77	0.70
	6	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.80
	7	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90
	8	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

Notes: For anchors loaded in tension, the critical edge distance (c<sub>cr</sub>) is equal to 8 anchor diameters (8d) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load.

Minimum edge distance (c<sub>min</sub>) is equal to 4 anchor diameters (4d) at which the anchor achieves 60% of load.

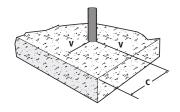


Edge Distance, Shear (Fvc)

$\overline{}$	Dia. (in.) 1/4 3/8 1/2 5/8 3/4 7/8 1							
		1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1
	Ccr (in.)	3	4-1/2	6	7-1/2	9	10-1/2	12
•	Cmin <b>(in.)</b>	1	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	3-1/2	4
	1-1/2	0.63	0.50	-	-	-	-	-
	2	0.75	0.58	0.50	-	-	-	-
	2-1/2	0.88	0.67	0.56	0.50	-	-	-
Si	3	1.00	0.75	0.63	0.55	0.50	-	-
(inches)	3-1/2	1.00	0.83	0.69	0.60	0.54	0.50	-
c (ji	4	1.00	0.92	0.75	0.65	0.58	0.54	0.50
	4-1/2	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.70	0.63	0.57	0.53
Distance,	5	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.75	0.67	0.61	0.56
Dist	5-1/2	1.00	1.00	0.94	0.80	0.71	0.64	0.59
Edge	6	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.75	0.68	0.63
Ed	7-1/2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.79	0.72
	9	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.81
	10-1/2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.91
	12	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

Notes: For anchors loaded in shear, the critical edge distance ( $c_{cr}$ ) is equal to 12 anchor diameters (12d) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load.

Minimum edge distance ( $c_{\text{min}}$ ) is equal to 4 anchor diameters (4d) at which the anchor achieves 50% of load.



# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

## Hammer-Cansule

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Cat.No.	Cat.No. Description		Carton Qty.				
06702-PWR	3/8" Hammer-Capsule	10	500				
06703-PWR	1/2" Hammer-Capsule	10	200				
06704-PWR	5/8" Hammer-Capsule	10	100				
06705-PWR	06705-PWR 3/4" Hammer-Capsule		60				
06706-PWR 7/8" Hammer-Capsule		6	60				
06707-PWR	1" Hammer-Capsule	6	60				
For availability of threaded rod please contact DEWALT							

