Leading Resilience

IMD Alumni - MBA 1988 Professor Alyson Meister Sept 2023

Real learning Real impact



The Big Picture



Myth....or fact?

Workplace stress levels have slowly declined since the pandemic ended.

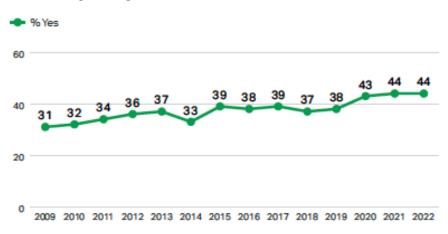




They're remaining at an all-time high with 44% of employees feeling stress "a lot of the day"

Daily Stress

Did you experience the following feelings during A LOT OF THE DAY yesterday? How about stress?



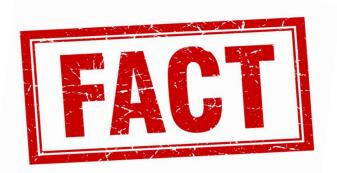
Source: Gallup State of the Workplace 2022



Myth....or fact?

50% of employees felt "at least somewhat burned out" last year





Level of burnout felt by employees,

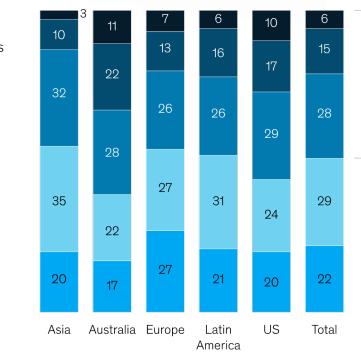
% survey participants

■ Very-high degree

■ High degree
■ Somewhat

Low degree

■ Very-low degree



49%

of respondents say they are feeling at least somewhat burned out

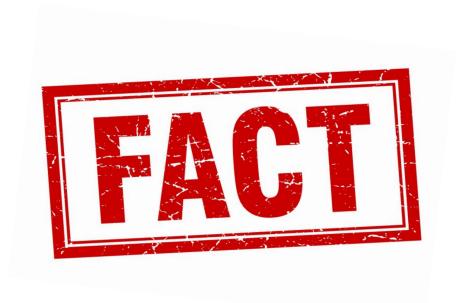
https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/people-and-organizational-performance/our-insights/what-employees-are-saying-about-the-future-of-remote-work



97% of employees check their smartphones phones when on a

break (e.g., even while in the washroom)







Myth....or fact?

Every year, we lose 5 billion workdays due to mental health issues globally





World Health Organization: Every year, we lose 12 billion workdays to depression and anxiety alone globally.

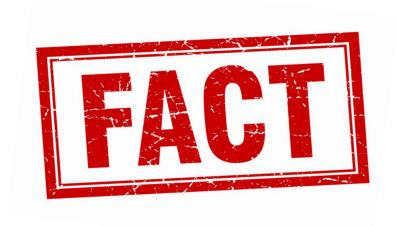
This costs the economy US\$1 trillion in lost productivity.



Myth....or fact?

Death by suicide is the second leading cause of death amongst 25-35 year olds





In the USA it's the 2nd leading cause, and globally it's the 4th Gen Z is the hardest hit by stress; 90% experienced elevated psychological symptoms of stress in the past year. Younger women are faring particularly bad this year.



Myth or Fact

50% of workers say that how employers support mental health with be an important consideration for them in future work





It's 80%

% OF WORKERS WHO AGREE THAT HOW EMPLOYERS SUPPORT MENTAL HEALTH WILL BE AN IMPORTANT CONSIDERATION FOR THEM WHEN THEY LOOK FOR FUTURE WORK:

81% agree, including 30% who strongly agree

81%

who strongly agree

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Myth....or fact?

The C-suite tends to overestimate the mental health of their workforce



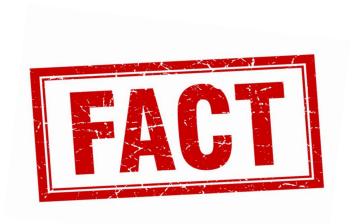
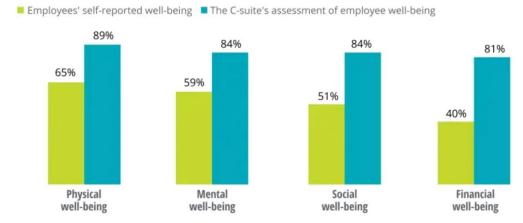


FIGURE 1

The C-suite significantly underestimates how much employees are struggling with their well-being

Percentage who selected "excellent" or "good"



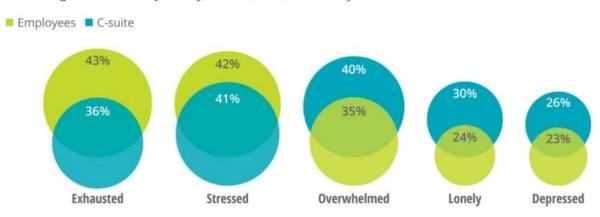
Source: Deloitte analytics.

Deloitte Insights | deloitte.com/insight

FIGURE 2

Around one out of three employees and executives are constantly struggling with fatigue and poor mental health

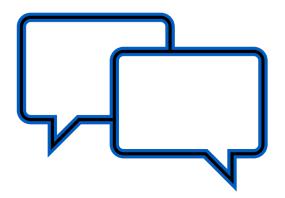
Percentage who said they "always" or "often" feel this way



Source: Deloitte analytics.

Deloitte Insights | deloitte.com/insights





Discuss:

Why is this happening?! And why now? What do you see/notice from your perspectives?

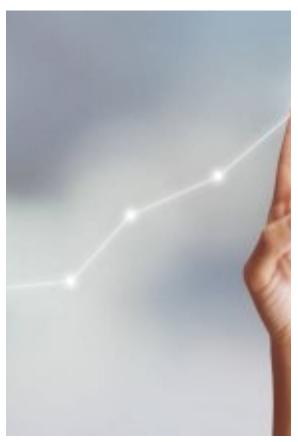


The new normal





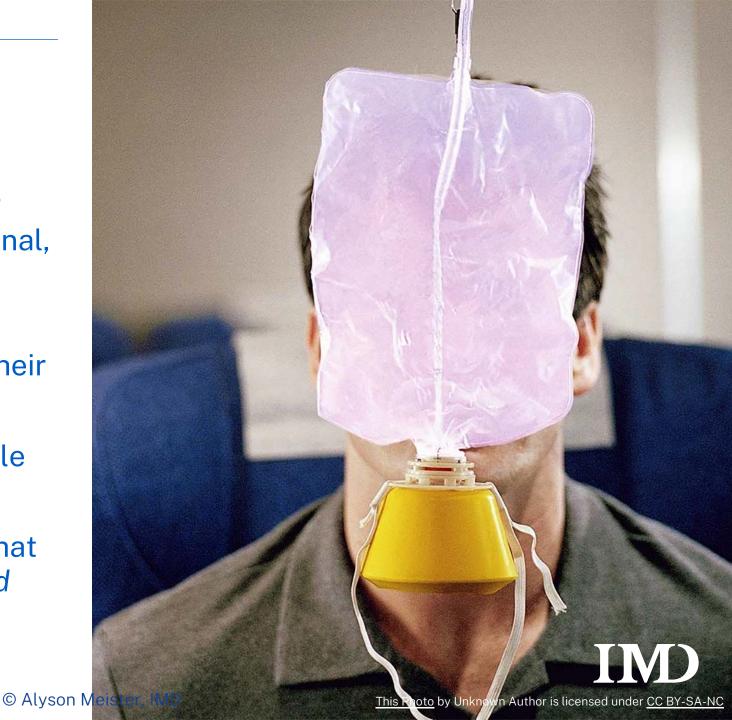






Leaders must take a whole-person approach

- Become hyper self-aware: of their own (and others') physical, emotional, and psychological states
- Practice strategies to help themselves (and others) managetheir state and and build resilience
- Develop and role model sustainable working practices
- Cultivate organizations cultures that support employees to perform and thrive



Resilience

- Resilience is the capacity to confront, recover and even grow - from adversity and uncertainty.
- Resilient leaders learn to sustain their energy level under pressure, to cope with disruptive changes and adapt. They overcome major difficulties without engaging in dysfunctional behavior or harming others.
- Resilience is related to enhanced life and health outcomes: lower stress, anxiety, PTSD, cardiovascular disease.
- Resilience improves performance under pressure and adversity. It is key to high performance leadership.

Resilient leadership: Navigating the pressures of modern working life

nlrieser, Anouk Lavoie Orlick, Michelle Perrinjaguet and Rosa Luisa Rossi



Resilience

- Its not a trait
- It is dynamic
- It does not differ by gender
- Is forged in the flames; built with adversity and under pressure
- It can be learned!



Cool Federer Image Was Forged in a Hot Head

Roger Federer Explains How He Keeps His Cool On The Court And When He Stopped Being Angry

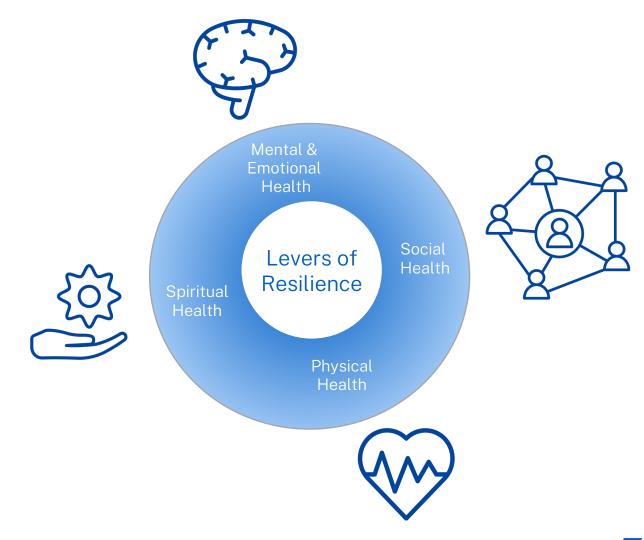
by Tom Gainey | September 8th, 2015, 12:28 pm

He would cry when things went poorly, and send his racket skidding across the court after an error. On occasion he would whine at bad calls, slam balls in anger and argue with his father.

"It's enough. I can't stand it watching me throwing rackets and embarrass myself in front of thousands of people in a live stadium, so I tried to change, had quite a transformation from a screaming, racket throwing, swearing kind of brat on the tennis court to this calm guy today. It's very important to sort of move on. And I think also losses make you stronger. It's important to learn out of those mistakes and then you become better and the better player, you work harder. A light goes up in your head, you go like, 'You know what? I think I understand now what I need to improve.'



Resilience: Starts with the individual





Physical Health





Physical Health



- Recover your energy by balancing both your sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous systems
- Sleep is the single <u>most effective</u> way to recover from stress and shift your mindset
 - We need 7-9 hours of sleep yet studies show over 65% of us get less. Human beings are the only species that deliberately deprive themselves of sleep for no apparent gain (Matt Walker)
- Nutritional balance and proper nutrients
- Exercise and body health & fitness
- Resist pushing through exhaustion: it wont help in the long run
- Note: this physiological intelligence (the mind body connection) can be learned through practice



Mental & Emotional Health





Mental & Emotional Health



- Your emotions shape your entire life's experience: its important to first recognize your emotions and mental state (and that of others)
- Develop and employ tools and strategies to manage your energy and recovery (mindfulness, energy management, etc.)
- Limit negative and boost positive thoughts and emotions: doom scrolling, rumination, negative mindset
- Develop optimism and practice gratitude (even 3 mins a day scientifically shows to help!)



Managing your State



Managing your State





Your state & mindset



- Open, curious
- Accountable, personal responsibility
- Committed to learning, understanding
- Control
- Choice
- Growth mindset
- Empathy & perspective taking

- Responsive
- Joy, Excitement
- Confidence
- PositivityOptimism
- Concern

Above the line

Below the line



- Tired, fatigued, exhausted
- Closed, defensive, reactive
- Fixed mindset
- Victim, blaming others or 'the context'
- Judgement
- Committed to being right
- Oriented in the past & past wrongs
- Dehumanizing the 'other' side



- Frustration, anger, rage
- Negative mood; grumpy
- Helpless, Resigned
- Anxiety
- Overwhelmed
- Rumination
- Panic



Reflect on the following:







Your own stress-signature

What happens when you go below the line – what are the signs?

State management

What do you do bring yourself (and others) back up? To change your state when you're there?



Managing State

From awareness to action

Recognize building signs: Know your 'stress signature' & others'; what to do when you notice it?



Head (cognition): what am I thinking?

- Fogginess? Patterns? Ruminating? Harsh judgement
- Trouble making decisions (even easy ones)
- Loss of motivation



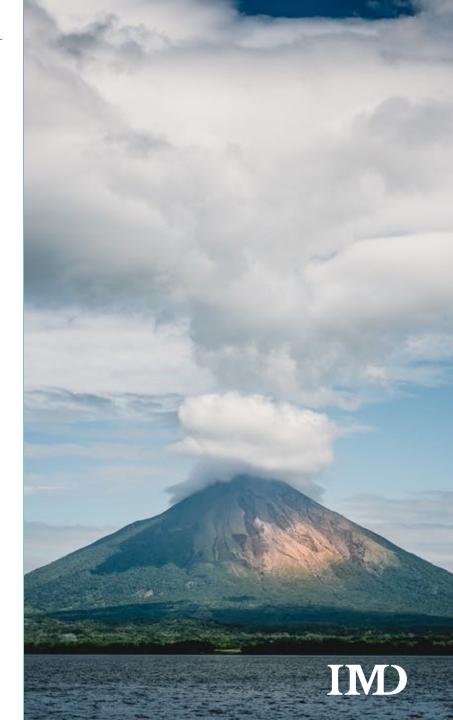
Heart (emotions): what am I feeling?

- Mood fluctuations, irritableness, cynicism, extreme emotions
- No discernable emotion, or over-excitement



Hands (body & behavior): what am I doing?

Change in behavior, silence & withdrawal, weight fluctuation, poor coping mechanisms (e.g., drinking, smoking, less exercise), fatigue, change in sleep patterns



Managing State

From awareness to action

- Regulate your body's stress response: **breathing (!)** is most effective (think physiological sigh)
- Mindfulness: Non-judgmental awareness, acceptance and self-compassion
- Distract yourself: Get outside your head play with kids, pets, paint, draw, cook, build, music, take a "time out"
- Disconnect: from your phone and technology
- Social connection: ask for help, listen, let yourself be heard in a trusting relationship
- Cultivate meaning: Reframe, reorient toward purpose, develop empathy, the bigger picture
- Change your place: places can be triggering, and change of context can work



Social Health





Social Health



- Strong, positive and trusting relationships: both inside and outside of the workplace
- Constructively tackling conflict and tensions with important others
- Develop relationships in the 'real world' and limit harm caused by virtual social interactions and social comparison
- Having work 'best friends' (even at the CEO and Board member level where it can feel isolated)

There's an epidemic of loneliness: will AI make it worse?



The Social Dilemma: Social Media and Your Mental Health

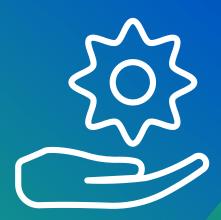
'Like' it or not, using social media can cause anxiety, depression, and other health challenges. How can you change your habits?

The science of why friendships keep us healthy

American culture prioritizes romance, but psychological science is exploring the human need for platonic relationships and the specific ways in which they bolster well-being



Spiritual Health



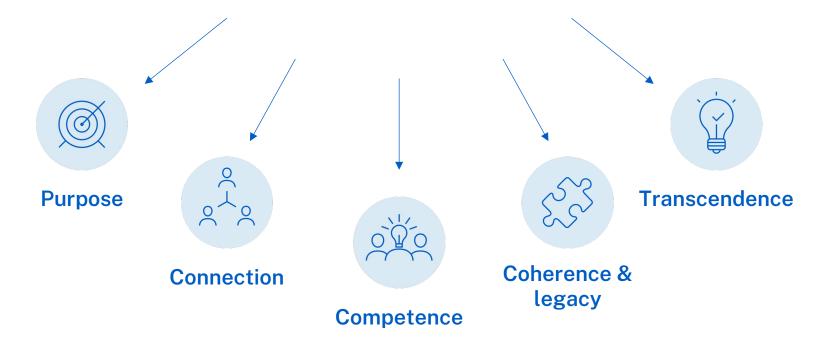


Spiritual Health



finding meaning and purpose in your life

Meaning is the knowledge that whatever we are doing truly matters. To mean something is to have value and significance.





Example: Japan

Blue Zones: living with Ikigai well into their 90s



Resilience: Starts with the Individual

Mental & Emotional Health

- Recognize your emotions (in yourself and others) and change your state)
 - Use tools and strategies to manage emotions and recover (mindfulness, etc)
- Limiting negative and boosting positive thoughts and emotion
 - Developed optimism and gratitude

My Self Rating (0-5):

Mental Health Resilience & Social Health Well-being Physical Health

Social Health

- Do you have strong, trusting relationships: a 'work best friend' or one outside of work?
- Can you speak to others – your team or your leader about your feelings?
- Can you constructively manage conflict?
- Can you create shared meaning with others involved?

My Self Rating (0-5):

Spiritual Health

- Purpose and Meaning: •
 Connecting to something more,
 making a difference, feeling
 useful, growing as a human
 - Finding meaning in adversity •
- Feeling a sense of purpose and mastery in your life: being good at something and proud of it

My Self Rating (0-5):

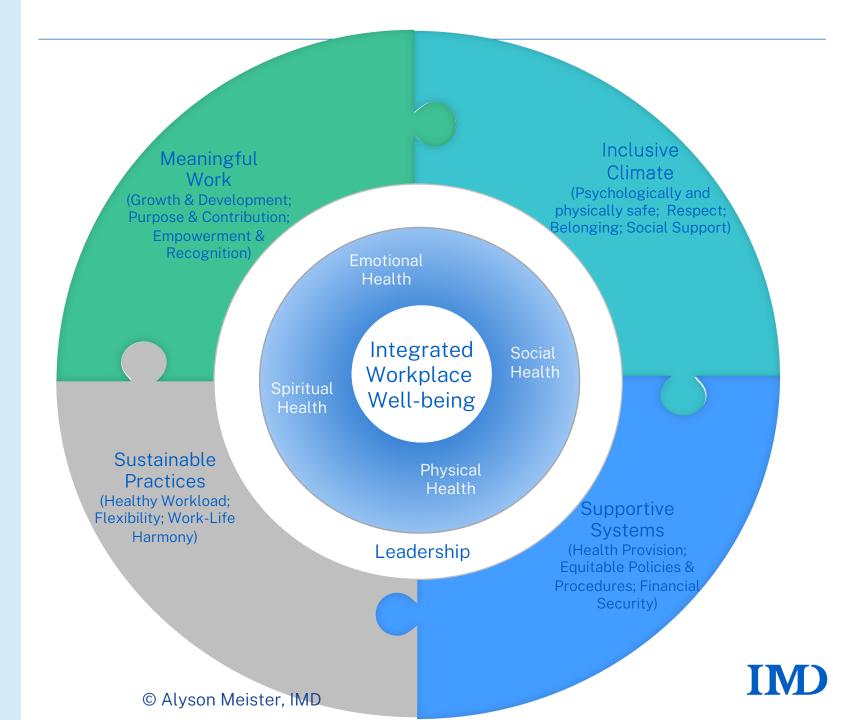
Physical Health

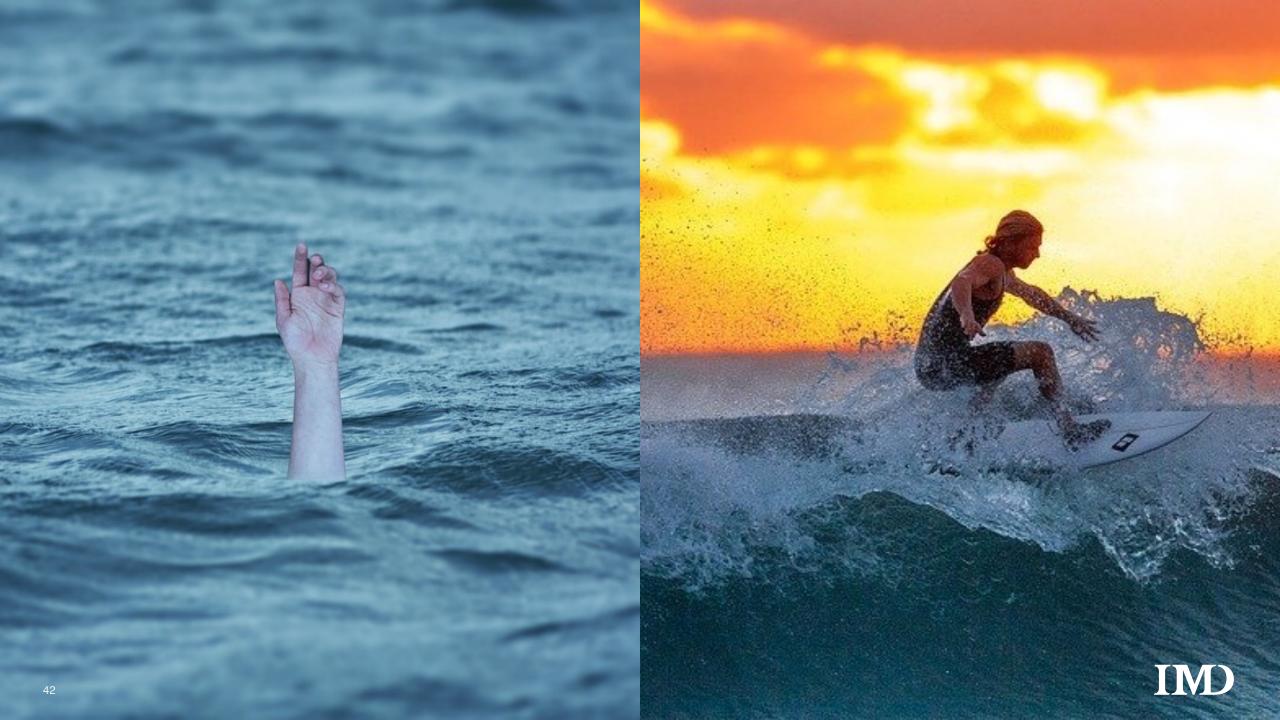
- Your physiological state.
- Can you physically respond to stressors, and reduce their impact of them?
- Sleep and recovery: Can your body eliminate toxic cortisol buildup? Can you relax?
- · Healthy nourishment? Exercise.

My Self Rating (0-5):



Integrated Workplace Wellbeing





Harvard **Business** Review

Leadership And Managing People

Harvard **Business** Review

Athletes Are Shifting the Narrative Around Mental Health at Work

by Alyson Meister and Maude Lavanchy

September 24, 2021

Staying Mindful When You're Working Remotely

March 16, 2021



Harvard Business Review

How Managers Can Support Employees with Chronic Illnesses

by Alyson Meister and Victoria Woolfrey

February 08, 2021



Yulia Reznikov/ Getty Images

The Science of Choking **Under Pressure**

by Alvson Meister and Maude Lavanchy



How to stop worrying about employee mental health

You can turn your worry about your employees' mental health into constructive action when you learn what to watch for and when to act, write Alyson Meister, Kathleen M. Pike and Daryl Tol



Breathe in the A.I.R.

Declining mental health is a global crisis, Alyson Meister and Dominik Breitinger explain how we can tackle it

losely trailing in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic is a global mental health crisis. Declining mental health in the form of increased stress, anxiety, emotional exhaustion, depression, and burnout, not only infiltrate our minds, homes, and places of work, but have dire financial implications for organizations and econ-







