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# **DNA Fragmentation Reagent for ONT**

## **Product description**

DNA Fragmentation Reagent for ONT is a library preparation kit specifically designed for third-generation Nanopore sequencing platforms. This kit uses high-quality fragmentation enzymes, eliminating the need for cumbersome ultrasonication processes and simplifying the workflow by combining the fragmentation module with end-repair and dA-tailing modules. It significantly reduces the time and cost of library preparation. Suitable for 50 ng to 1  $\mu$ g of genomic DNA from common animals, plants, microorganisms, etc., it enables DNA fragmentation, end repair, and A-tailing in a single tube.

### **Specifications**

Cat.No.	N210008E / N210008S / N210008M
Size	8 T / 24 T / 96 T

## Components

Components No.	Name	N210008E	N210008S	N210008M
N210008-A	Smearase™ Buffer	80 μL	240 μL	960 μL
N210008-B	Smearase™ Enzyme	40 μL	120 μL	480 μL

#### Storage

This product should be stored at -25~-15°C for 1 year.

## **Notes**

- 1. This product is intended for research use only.
- 2. For safety and health, wear a lab coat and disposable gloves during operation.
- 3. Purchase the appropriate reagents compatible with the Nanopore platform in advance to facilitate experiments.
- 4. The kit is compatible with an input range of 50 ng to 1  $\mu$ g of DNA. Use high-quality DNA with an A260/A280 ratio of 1.8-2.0 whenever possible.
- 5. For standard high-quality genomic DNA, refer to Table 1 for recommended fragmentation times. The kit has low bias and can tolerate various GC contents.

Table 1: Recommended Fragmentation Times for Standard Genomic DNA

Main Peak Size	Fragmentation Time	Optimization Range
6-8 kb	3 min	2-4 min
3-5 kb	5 min	4-6 min
2-3 kb	8 min	6-9 min
1.5-2 kb	10 min	9-11 min
1-1.5 kb	15 min	12-18 min
1kb	20 min	18-20 min

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750 bp	25 min	22-25 min
700 bp	20 111111	22 23 111111

[Note]: These are recommended times. Users should fine-tune them in their own experimental systems to achieve optimal results.

6. To ensure optimal and consistent fragmentation results, perform the fragmentation process on ice.

#### Instructions

DNA Fragmentation / End Preparation / dA-Tailing

This step fragments genomic DNA while simultaneously performing end repair and dA-tailing.

- 1. Thaw the reagents listed in Table 2, mix by inversion, and place them on ice for use.
- 2. Prepare the reaction mixture on ice according to Table 2.

**Table 2: Genomic DNA Fragmentation Reaction System** 

Component	Volume (μL)
gDNA	X
Smearase™ Buffer	10
Smearase™ Enzyme	5
ddH₂O	Up to 60

- 3. Gently mix the reaction mixture by pipetting (do not vortex), and briefly centrifuge to collect the liquid at the bottom of the tube.
- 4. Place the PCR tube into a PCR machine and set the program as shown in Table 3:

**Table 3: Genomic DNA Fragmentation Program** 

Temperature	Time
4°C	1min
30°C	3-25 min*
65°C	20 min
4°C	hold

#### [Note]:

- 5. If purification is required, it is recommended to use NGS DNA Selection Beads (Cat#N210362). Follow the steps below:
- I. Preparation: Remove the NGS DNA Selection Beads from the refrigerator and allow them to equilibrate at room temperature for at least 30 minutes. Prepare 80% ethanol.
- II. Vortex or thoroughly invert the magnetic beads before use.
- III. For full recovery of all fragments, use a 1.0–1.2× bead-to-sample ratio (i.e., add 60–72  $\mu$ L of beads to the fragmented sample). If only larger fragments are desired, adjust the bead ratio accordingly. A minimum ratio of 0.3× can be used to recover fragments larger than 4 kb. Mix gently by pipetting 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes.
- IV. Briefly centrifuge the PCR tube and place it on a magnetic stand. Once the solution becomes clear (approximately 5 minutes), carefully remove the supernatant.

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<sup>\*</sup>To effectively control fragmentation and avoid over-digestion, set the initial temperature to 4°C. Once the block reaches 4°C, insert the PCR tube.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For intact genomic DNA, refer to Table 1 for recommended digestion times.



- V. Keep the PCR tube on the magnetic stand at all times. Add 200  $\mu$ L of freshly prepared 80% ethanol to wash the beads. Incubate at room temperature for 30 seconds, then carefully remove the supernatant.
- VI. Repeat step V for a total of two washes.
- VII. Keep the PCR tube on the magnetic stand. Open the lid and air-dry the beads until no ethanol odor remains (recommended not to exceed 5 minutes).
- VIII. Remove the PCR tube from the magnetic stand and add 23  $\mu$ L of nuclease-free ddH<sub>2</sub>O or elution buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0–8.5) to cover the beads. Mix by pipetting and incubate at 37°C for 10 minutes. Extend incubation time if beads have dried out.
- IX. Place the PCR tube on the magnetic stand until the solution clears (approximately 5 minutes).
- X. Carefully transfer 21 μL of the supernatant to a new PCR tube and use 1 μL for Qubit quantification.
- 6. Both purified and unpurified products can be directly used for barcode or adapter ligation using: DNA Library Prep Kit for ONT(Cat#N210007)

Please refer to the respective user manuals for detailed instructions.

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