

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Material Name Chemical Category Product Code Product Description Product Use	 Pro-Tac Reinforced Self Adhering Membrane Article – Solid (Not Classified) AP-5673 (36"x50') Asphalt Saturated Reinforcing Membrane Roofing Renaid (Weterstanding Membrane) 	
Synonyms	Repair / Waterproofing Membrane	
Manufacturer • APOC		
4161 E. 7th Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 United States		
Telephone Technical • 813	248-2101 - Customer Service: 8 AM - 5 PM M-F Eastern Standard Time	

Emergency • 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Emergency • 703-527-3887 - CHEMTREC (Outside US)

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS SIGNAL WORD: WARNING!

This product is an article and exempt as "articles" from chemical classification per OSHA hazard communication. Under normal use conditions, these products are not expected to pose major physical or health risk to human. Do not burn using direct heat or flame. Inhalation of product dust may cause respiratory irritation. May cause eye or skin irritation with prolonged contact. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or burning, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation in recent studies. Under normal specific use of this product at ambient temperature, asphalt vapors are not expected.

Prevention Do not burn using direct heat or flame. Wear gloves and protect exposed skin with clothing to prevent irritation.

Response IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.



Color	Black
Odor	Mild Hydrocarbon.
Flash Point	Not Applicable – Solid
OSHA(HCS20	 Not Classified per HCS or GHS – Article Exemption
GHS	Not Classified
Potential Heal	Ith Effects
Inhalation	
Acute (Immediate)	 May cause irritation. May be harmful if inhaled.
Chronic (Delayed)	 This product contains crystalline silica which is listed by IARC as a suspect carcinogen. Silicosis (pulmonary fibrosis or severe lung scarring) may occur if exposed to high levels or repeated encounters with dust. Most silica is encapsulated into the solid material. Exposure to airborne particles that exceed the limits listed may cause lung cancer.
Skin	
Acute (Immediate)	 May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause irritation.
Chronic (Delayed)	 Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.
Еуе	
Acute (Immed	diate) • This product contains abrasive materials which may irritate the eye.
Chronic (Dela	ayed) • Repeated and prolonged exposure to eye may cause irritation.
Ingestion	

- Acute (Immediate) May be harmful if swallowed.
- Chronic (Delayed) Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful.

Carcinogenic Effects • See Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Carcinogenic Effects					
CAS IARC NTP					
Asphalt(high temp)	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen Group 3-Not Classifiable	Under Consideration		
Quartz	14808-60-7	Group 1-Carcinogen	Known Human Carcinogen		
Fibrous Glass	65997-17-3	Monograph 81 [2002] (listed under Man-made mineral fibers), Monograph 43 [1988] (related to Insulation glass wool) (Group 3 (not classifiable))	Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Carcinogen (respirable size) (related to Glass wool) (Possible Select Carcinogen)		

See Section 12 for Ecological Information.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

	Hazardous Components					
Chemical Name Identifiers		%(weight) LD50/LC50		Classifications According to Regulation/Directive		
Asphalt	CAS:8052-42-4 EINECS:232-490-9	40-60%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 >5000 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 >94.4 mg/m ³	WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2		
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	CAS: 9003-55-8	2-10%	NDA	UN GHS: Not Classified		
Calcium Carbonate	CAS: 1317-65-3	10-40%	NDA	UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT RE 2		
Styrene Isoprene Styrene Polymer	CAS: 25038-32-8	2-10%	NDA	UN GHS: Not Classified		
Fibrous Glass	CAS: 65997-17-3	5-10%		UN GHS: NDA		
Quartz	CAS:14808-60-7 EC Number:238- 878-4 EINECS:238-878-4	0-20%		UN GHS: Carc. 1A; STOT RE 1		

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation • Remove to fresh air. Call a physician or poison control center. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

- **Skin** Wash the contaminated area of body with soap and fresh water.
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention immediately.
- **Ingestion** Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting.

See Section 2 for Potential Health Effects.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media	 LARGE FIRE: Water spray, fog or regular foam. SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical or CO2.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	No Data Available
Firefighting Procedures	 Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	 May release irritating or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors. Thick Black Smoke will be produced if burning.
Hazardous Combustion Products	 Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons. Sulfur Oxides, Nitrogen Oxides, Hydrogen Sulfide.
Protection of Firefighters	 Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Flash Point	• NA
Explosion Limits:	
Upper	• NA
Lower	• NA
Autoignition Temperature	• > 800°F

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions	 Take precaution when approaching burning materials. Toxic and Hazardous gases can be released. 			
Emergency Procedures	 Be aware of stacked product pallets becoming unstable if damaged. 			
Containment/Clean-up Measures Prohibited Materials	 Pick up large pieces of material. Secure damaged rolls on a pallet before attempting to move. Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids. 			

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling	Use this product with adequate ventilation. Keep containers tightly secured and wrapped on pallets when not in use. Use in areas with adequate ventilation to prevent dust exposure. Do not breathe dusts or fumes generated from cutting or heating this material. Keep this product away from heat, sparks, or open flame.
Storage	Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Do not directly heat or burn this product. Keep away from incompatible materials. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN!

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms



- **Respiratory** Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.
- **Eye/Face** Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).
- Wear protective gloves when handling this product. Gloves that protect the forearm are recommended.
- Skin/Body Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure
- General Industrial Hygiene Considerations
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Wash hands before eating.

Engineering Measures/Controls • Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne dust and contaminants below applicable threshold limit values.

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	ACGIH	OSHA	NIOSH	United States - California	
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable fraction, as benzene soluble aerosol)			5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)	
```	Ceilings	Not established		5 mg/m3 Ceiling (fume, 15 min)	Not established	
Quartz (14808-60-7)	TWAs	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)			0.3 mg/m3 PEL (total dust); 0.1 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust)	
Calcium carbonate (1317-65-3)	TWAs		15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)		

### **Exposure Control Notations**

ACGIH

Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free))

## **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

Material Description							
Physical Form	Solid Sheet	Appearance/Description	Solid Black Roll				
Color	Black	Odor	Mild Hydrocarbon.				
General Properties							
Boiling Point	N/A	Melting Point	>200°F				
Density	No data available	Bulk Density	No data available				
Water Solubility	No data available	Solvent Solubility	No data available				
Volatility	Volatility						
Vapor Pressure	Ire N/A Vapor Density		N/A				
Flammability							
Flash Point	N/A	UEL	N/A				
LEL	N/A	Autoignition	> 800 °F				

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

#### Stability

Hazardous Polymerization

Conditions to Avoid

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
- Hazardous polymerization not indicated.
- Do not heat or burn this material with direct flame. Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.
- **Incompatible Materials**
- Strong oxidizers and acids.

## **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Component Name	CAS	Data		
Asphalt (30% TO 60%)	8052-42-4	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>94.4 mg/m3; ihl-hmn TDLo:10 mg/m3/5.5Y-I; Tumorigen/Carcinogen: skn-mus TDLo:905 gm/kg/2Y-I		
Hydrogen sulfide(< 0.1%)	7783-06-4	Acute Toxicity: ihl-mus LC50:634 ppm/1H; Irritation: eye-hmn 0.000125 ppm/5H		
Other Information – Asphalt		This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation in recent studies. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.		
Other Information – Fibrous Glass		This product contains glass wool insulation fibers. Following a thorough review of all the medical-scientific data available at a meeting in October 2001, the IARC panel lowered the classification for glass wool insulation fibers from a Group 2B classification ("possibly carcinogenic to humans") to a Group 3 classification ("not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans"). IARC said that there is "no evidence of increased risks of lung cancer or of mesothelioma from occupational exposures during manufacturing of these materials, and inadequate evidence over all of any cancer risk."		
Other Information		When used under normal conditions, this product is not considered a carcinogen.		

## **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

Ecological Fate• No data available.Persistence/Degradability• No data available.Bioaccumulation Potential• No data available.Mobility in Soil• No data available.

## **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

Product • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## **Section 14 - Transportation Information**

**DOT** - United States - Department of Transportation – Not Regulated **TDG** - Canada - Transport of Dangerous Goods – Not Regulated **IMO/IMDG** –International Maritime Transport – Not Regulated as Hazardous Material

Section 15 - Regulatory Information		
SARA Hazard Classifications	Acute, Chronic	
CERCLA	<ul> <li>This material does not contain chemicals required to be identified under CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).</li> </ul>	
Risk & Safety Phrases	California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of	

chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right To Know					
Component	CAS	MA	MN	NJ	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	No	No	No	
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	Yes	Yes	No	
Styrene Isoprene Styrene Polymer	25038-32-8	No	No	No	
Fibrous Glass	65997-17-3	Yes	Yes	No	
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		Inventory			
Component	CAS	EU EINECS		TSCA	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes		Yes	
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8				
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	Yes	Yes Yes		
Styrene Isoprene Styrene Polymer	25038-32-8				
Fibrous Glass	65997-17-3	Yes Yes		Yes	
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes		Yes	

### Canada

#### Labor

- Canada WHMIS Classifications of Substances
- Asphalt 8052-42-4 40% TO 60% Not Listed

## **United States**

#### Environment

- U.S. CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities
- Asphalt 8052-42-4 40% TO 60% Not Listed
- U.S. CERCLA/SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs
- Asphalt 8052-42-4 40% TO 60% Not Listed

## **United States - California**

#### Labor

#### U.S. - California - 8 CCR Section 339 - Director's List of Hazardous Substances

Asphalt 8052-42-4 40% TO 60% (Petroleum fumes, includes any liquids or products that could give rise to fumes under normal conditions)

Section 16 - Other Information	
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