

Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: March 2023 (v3)

ISSUED by Eazy-Gleam

Kerosene

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name	Kerosene(petroleum), Petroleum distillate
Product Code	KSOL4, KSOL20, KSOL205
Company Name	Total Focus Chemicals (A.C.N. 655 918 755)
Address	36 Richland Ave, Coopers Plains, QLD 4108
Emergency Tel.	After hours only: 0477 447 999
Telephone/Fax	Tel: (07) 3274 2593
Number	
Email	sales@eazygleam.com.au
Recommended Use	Industrial Solvent
Other Information	The information herein is, to the best of our knowledge, correct and complete. It describes the safety requirements for this product and should not be construed as guaranteeing specific properties. Since methods and conditions of application are beyond our control, Total Focus Chemicals Pty Ltd does not accept liability for any damages resulting from the use of, or reliance on, this information, in inappropriate contexts.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification	Classified as hazardous according to criteria of GHS Dangerous goods classification according to the Australia Dangerous Goods Code. Aspiration Toxicity: Category 1, Flammable Liquid: Category 4, STOT – single exposure Category 3.
Signal Word	DANGER
Hazard Statements:	Combustible liquid,
	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:	Avoid breathing fumes, mist, vapours or spray.
	Keep away from flames and hot surfaces, no smoking.
	Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
	Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye & face protection
Response:	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISONS CENTRE on 13 11 26 or Doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	<u>Name</u>	CAS	Proportion
	Kerosene	8008-20-6	100 %



4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	Remove from further exposure. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with bag-valve-mask devise or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Give water to drink. Seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Wash affected skin with water. If skin irritation develops, discontinue to use.
Eye	Hold the eyes open and flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.
First Aid Facilities	This Safety Data Sheet should be provided to the attending medical doctor.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Fighting Measures	Combustible Liquid. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapours and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering waterways, sewers or drinking water supply. For fires in enclosed areas, fire fighters must use self-contained breathing apparatus.
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, Dry chemical, CO2, and water fog.
Hazards from Combustion Products	Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Hazardous combustion s products may include: Oxides of sulphur
Special Protective Equipment for fire fighters	Firefighters are to wear protective equipment appropriate to the principal fire hazard or the source of the fire.
Specific Hazards	The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spills & Disposal Eliminate all ignition sources. Contain and adsorb on suitable chemical absorbent material, etc. Shovel up and dispose of at an appropriate licensed waste disposal site in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations and product characteristics at time of disposal. Remove leaking containers to detached area.

Personal Precautions, protective equipment & emergency procedures:

	Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Remove all
	sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Take precautionary measure against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and earthing all equipment.
Environmental Precautions:	Prevent spills from entering storm sewers or drains and contact with soil.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling and
StorageCombustible liquid. Avoid breathing vapours. Handle and open containers with care in a
well-ventilated area. Ensure that the workplace is ventilated such that the Occupational Exposure
limit is not exceeded. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke in contaminated areas. Electrostatic charges may be generated during
transfer. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by earthing all
equipment.



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Exposure Standards

Component	CAS Number	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)
Kerosene	8008-20-6	5	None assigned

Engineering	Ensure that adequate ventilation is provided.
Controls	Keep containers closed when not in use.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye Protection Skin Protection	Avoid contact with eyes. Wear chemical splash goggles Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Wear chemical and oil resistant gloves. Consider conditions of work and use, and condition of gloves, when selecting gloves. Develop safety procedures for material handling practices for each intended application
Respiratory Protection	Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Approved air supplied respiratory protection should be worn whenever it is required for prolonged use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Clear liquid with mild solvent odour
Solubility in	Not miscible
Water	
Specific Gravity	0.75 – 0.85 (25°C)
pH Value	Not available
Initial boiling point	175 – 340°C
Volatile Component	Non Flammable
Vapour Pressure	NA
(kPa/20°C)	
Flash Point	>60.5°C (Able).
Auto Ignition	230°C
Temperature	
Flammability	Combustible liquid

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under the normal conditions of storage and use.
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Incompatible	Strong oxidising agents.
Materials	
Hazardous Polymerization	Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation	Mists and vapours generated may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Inhalation of high concentration may lead to headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, drowsiness or narcosis
Ingestion	Harmful, may cause lung damage if swallowed. Ingestion of this product will irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting. Aspiration into the lungs may result in chemical pneumonitis.
Skin	Prolonged use may induce eczematoid dermatitis in sensitive individuals.
Eye	May cause irritation in contact with the eyes, which can result in redness, stinging and tearing.
Chronic Effects	Possible risk of irreversible effect. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause skin irritation leading to dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of high vapour concentrations can cause drowsiness and lead to narcosis or death.



12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity	Harmful to aquatic organisms may cause long term effects in the aquatic environment. Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.
Mobility	Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination. This material may accumulate in sediments
Biodegradability	This product is inherently biodegradable. There is no evidence to suggest bioaccumulation will occur

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste DisposalDispose of large amounts in accordance with local authority statutory requirements.Container DisposalEmpty containers are recyclable.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information	Exempt from placarding under ADG Australian Special Provision AU02 with flash point >60°C
UN number:	NA
Proper Shipping	Petroleum Distillate (High Flash Kerosene)
Name:	NA
ADG Class:	NA
Packing Group:	NA
HazChem:	
IMO Marine Pollutant	Yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poisons scheduleSchedule 5 Poison (petroleum hydrocarbon)AICS (Australia)To the manufacturer's best knowledge, all components of this product are listed on AICS.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Technical Manager 0477 447 999

...End Of SDS...