## How to Determine Your Ring Size

## Method Using a Ring You Already Own and Our Printable Guide

1. Print this guide with page scaling set to $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ in your printer settings - very important!
2. Place a ring that you already own (or have borrowed, if this is a surprise engagement or a gift) over the circles to the right.
3. Match the inside of the ring to the circle nearest in size. The measurements shown refer to the inside diameter of the ring.
If the ring falls between two sizes, order the larger size.

## Please Note:

- Consider width. The wider the band, the tighter it may feel. You may need to go up by a half size.
- This printable guide serves as a reference, contact us if you need any help!


## Free Resizing

Ring sizing is free of charge within 14 days of receipt. Our jewelry experts are available to help with resizing or other questions via, email or chat.

## Finding Your Bracelet Size

Size your cuffs and bangles to fit snugly, and your link and chain bracelets with a touch of breathing room to allow for movement.

1. Grab a tape measure, length of string or strip of paper.
2. Wrap it around the wrist you'll wear your bracelet on. Mark the place where it joins. Creating a stack? Measure where on your arm you'll wear each bracelet.
3. Lay your string or paper strip on a flat surface and use a ruler to measure the length up to the mark. You will find your equivalent size in centimetres on the bracelet product page.

## International Ring Sizing Chart

| Diameter (mm) | United States \& Canada | Europe | UK <br> \& Australia | Singapore \& Japan | Hong Kong | Switzerland |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14.1 | 3 | 44 | $F_{1 / 2}$ | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| 14.3 |  | 45 | G | 5 |  | $51 / 4$ |
| 14.5 | 3.5 |  | G 1/2 |  | 7 |  |
| 14.7 |  | 46 | H | 6 |  | $61 / 2$ |
| 14.9 | 4 | 47 | $\mathrm{H}_{1 / 2}$ | 7 | 8 |  |
| 15.1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 73/4 |
| 15.3 | 4.5 | 48 | $11 / 2$ | 8 | 9 |  |
| 15.5 |  |  | $J$ |  | 10 | 9 |
| 15.7 | 5 | 49 | $J 1 / 2$ | 9 |  |  |
| 15.9 |  | 50 | K |  | 11 | 10 |
| 16.1 | 5.5 |  | K 1/2 | 10 |  |  |
| 16.3 |  | 51 | L |  | 12 | 113/4 |
| 16.5 | 6 | 52 | L 1/2 | 11 | 13 | $123 / 4$ |
| 16.7 |  |  | M | 12 |  |  |
| 16.9 | 6.5 | 53 | M 1/2 | 13 | 14 | 14 |
| 17.1 |  | N |  |  |  |  |
| 17.3 | 7 | 54 | N 1/2 | 14 | 15 | $151 / 4$ |
| 17.5 |  | 55 | 0 |  | 16 |  |
| 17.7 | 7.5 |  | O $1 / 2$ | 15 |  | $161 / 2$ |
| 17.9 |  | 56 | P |  | 17 |  |
| 18.1 | 8 | 57 | $\mathrm{P}_{1 / 2}$ | 16 |  | $173 / 4$ |
| 18.2 |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| 18.3 |  |  | Q |  |  |  |
| 18.5 | 8.5 | 58 | Q $1 / 2$ | 17 |  |  |
| 18.8 |  | 59 | R |  | 19 | 19 |
| 19 | 9 |  | R 1/2 | 18 | 20 |  |
| 19.2 |  | 60 | S |  |  | $201 / 4$ |
| 19.4 | 9.5 | 61 | S $1 / 2$ | 19 | 21 |  |
| 19.6 |  |  | T |  |  | $211 / 2$ |
| 19.8 | 10 | 62 | T 1/2 | 20 | 22 |  |
| 20 |  |  | U | 21 |  |  |
| 20.2 | 10.5 | 63 | $\mathrm{U}_{1 / 2}$ | 22 | 23 | $223 / 4$ |
| 20.4 |  | 64 | $V$ |  | 24 |  |
| 20.6 | 11 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1 / 2}$ | 23 |  |  |
| 20.8 |  | 65 | W |  | 25 | 25 |
| 21 | 11.5 | 66 | W $1 / 2$ | 24 |  |  |
| 21.2 |  |  | $X$ |  | 26 |  |
| 21.4 | 12 | 67 | $\mathrm{X}_{1 / 2}$ | 25 | 27 | $271 / 2$ |
| 21.6 |  |  | Y |  |  |  |
| 21.8 | 12.5 | 68 | Z | 26 |  | 283/4 |
| 22 |  | 69 | Z 1/2 |  |  |  |
| 22.2 | 13 | 70 |  | 27 |  |  |
| 22.4 |  |  | Z +1 |  |  |  |
| 22.6 | 13.5 |  | Z +2 |  |  |  |

