Make Your Plate

EAT MORE VEGETABLES! Do not cook with fat or fatty meats

Peppers

Asparagus Beets Broccoli Brussels sprouts Cabbage Carrots Cauliflower Celery Greens Green beans Lettuce

Beef

Spinach Summer squash Tomatoes Cucumbers

STARCHES

Corn

Bread Buns/Rolls Muffins Potatoes/Sweet potatoes Pasta Soup Crackers Rice Mixed vegetables Peas Beans

Veal Pork Chicken (no skin) Turkey (no skin) Fish/Tuna fish Low-fat cottage cheese Low-fat cheese Low-fat peanut butter

LEAN PROTEINS

DAIRY 1-2 servings per day

Milk

Recommended Plate size 9-10 incles





Vegetables

- Artichokes
- Asparagus
- Bell peppers
- Beets
- Broccoli
- Brussels sprouts
- Cabbage
- Carrots
- Cauliflower
- Celery
- Chives
- Corn
- Cucumber
- Eggplant
- Garlic
- Green beans

Green peas

- Green peppers
- Hummus
- Lettuce
- Mushrooms
- Okra
- Onion
- Parsnips/Turnips
- Peas
- Pumpkin
- Spinach
- Sprouts
- Squash
- Sweet potatoes
- Tomato
- Water chestnuts
- Zucchini



- French fries
- Fried vegetables
- Limit sauces and butters

Meat Based Proteins

- Chicken breast
- Fish
- Lean ground beef
- Lean ground turkey
- Lean ham
- Low-fat sausage
- Pork, Lean chop or tenderloin
- Pork, Low-fat sausage
- Salmon
- Shrimp
- Top sirloin steak
- Turkey
- Wild-game meat

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Foods to Use in Moderation

- Fried chicken and fish
- High-fat beef (ground chuck, ribs)
- High-fat luncheon meats such as bologna, salami and pepperoni
- Processed meat such as hot dogs
 & pork bacon
- Poultry with skin or dark meat
- Fish in butter or cream sauce

Proteins

Non-Meat Based Proteins

- Almonds (high in fat)
- Beans (black/kidney/chickpeas)
- Cashews (high in fat)
- Edamame
- Eggs, egg whites or substitutes
- Lentils
- Nut Butters
- Peanut butter
- PB (peanut butter) powder
- Protein bar
- Tofu/Soy Proteinsrs
- Protein shakes



Starches



- Apple
- Banana
- Barley
- Blackberries
- Blueberries
- Brown rice
- Cherries
- Cranberries
- Dragon Fruit
- Dried Fruit
- English muffins
- Grapefruit
- Grapes
- Hamburger buns
 (wheat, lighter versions)
- Honeydew
- High-fiber cereal
- Kiwi
- Lemon / Lime

- Mandarin
- Mango
- Melons
- Nectarines
- Oatmeal
- Oranges
- Papaya
- Peaches
- Pears
- Pineapple
- Pita bread (whole wheat)
- Plums
- Potatoes
- Prunes
- Quinoa
- Steamed brown rice
- Strawberries
- Sugar-free applesauce
- Sweet Potatoes
- Tortillas (whole wheat)
- Whole grains



- White bread and pasta
- Stuffing
- Cakes, cookies
- Pretzels and chips
- Granola bars



Starches (Dairy)

- Almond milk
- Babybel Cheese
- Cheese -all types (low-fat) *
- Low-fat cottage cheese*
- Fat-free Greek yogurt*
- Lactaid milk
- Plain or light soy milk
- Reduced fat cheese
- Skim or 1% milk
- Sour cream (low-fat)
- *May be considered toward protein options

Foods to Use in Moderation

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- Whole milk
- Full-fat cheese
- Ice cream
- Creamer
- Sour cream (regular)
- Regular whipped cream





Healthy Fats

- Avocado
- Canola oil
- Coconut oil
- Cooking spray
- Extra virgin olive oil
- Flax seed oil
- Italian vinaegrette
- Light butter or margarine
- ·Low-fat cream cheese
- Pre-made oil/vinegar dressing
- Reduced-fat Miracle Whip or mayonnaise
- Reduced-fat salad dressing
- Safflower oil
- Spray butter
- Sunflower oil
- Sunflower seeds
- Sunflower seeds

*Fats are part of the overall plate selection (and not separated out). They represent approximately 25-30% of your daily intake. and can be found in some of your protein, vegetable, & starch selections alongside the above listed items..

- Butter or margarine
- Regular salad dressing
- Full-fat versions of Miracle Whip, mayonnaise, cream cheese, sour cream



Condiments

- ·A·Balsamic vinegar
- Green enchilada sauce
- Ketchup and mustard
- Lemon juice
- Light teriyaki marinade
- Low fat or fat-free Cool whip
- Low sodium broths (chicken, beef, or vegetable)
- Low sugar BBQ sauce
- [.]Pickles
- Relish
- [.]Salsa
- ·Salt-free seasonings and spices
- ·Splenda/Stevia
- ·Syrup(s) sugar free
- Worchester sauce (low sodium if available)

**Condiments help to add life to your plate without a lot of calories.*

X

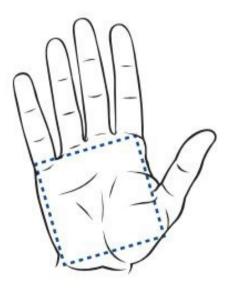
- Chocolate or caramel sauce
- Sauces high in sugar

Measuring Foods

Measuring or weighing foods is the most accurate way to figure out a portion size. For a quick estimation of portion sizes, try your hand at these guidelines (hand sizes vary)



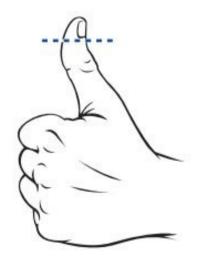
A fist is about 1 cup



Your palm, not including fingers and thumb, is about 3 ounces of meat



Your thumb is about 1 tablespoon



Your thumb tip is about 1 teaspoon



Serving Sizes



PROTEIN

- Starches: 1 slice wheat bread, ³/₄ cup cooked cereal, or 1/3 cup rice
- Fruit: 1 piece fresh, ¹/₂ cup chopped or canned, ¹/₂ cup juice
- Non-starch vegetables: 1 cup raw leafy, ¹/₂ cup other vegetable cooked or raw, or ³/₄ cup vegetable juice
- Meat: 1 ounce cooked, 1 large egg, ¼ cup egg substitute or 2 tablespoons peanut butter
- Milk: 1 cup low-fat milk, 2/3 cup yogurt or 1 ¹/₂ ounces lowfat cheese

Recommendations for Protein Supplemenation (bars/shakes):

- At least 15 grams of **protein** per 8oz (or per cup)
- Less than 20 grams of total carbohydrate
- Less than 10 grams of total fat