STATISTICS 3.9

Relating to page 54 of Level 3 Statistics Learning Workbook

Drawing a scatter plot on iNZight

The statistical tool iNZight will draw a scatter plot, fit a trend line and give you the equation and the correlation coefficient (*r*) very easily (see Chapter 1: Time series for guidance on how to format data files to import into iNZight).

Example

Import the data file:

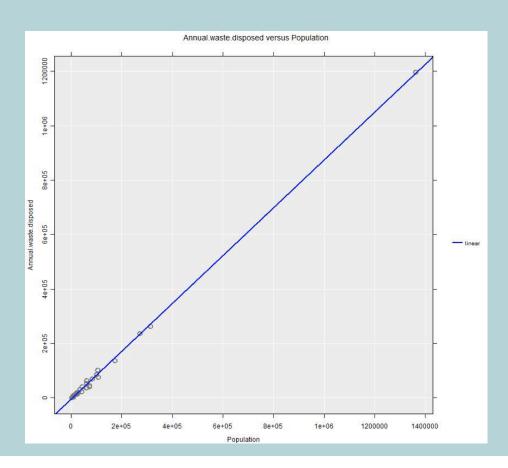
Oregon waste disposal.csv RESOURCES

Creating the scatter graph

- Click on View Variables
- Click on **Population** and drag to **select/drag-drop** for Variable 2 (this means that 'Population' will be on the horizontal axis in the scatter plot). Alternatively select Population from the drop-down menu.
- Click on **Annual waste disposed** and drag to **Select/Drag-drop** for Variable 1 (this means that 'Annual waste disposed' will be on the vertical axis in the scatter plot) Alternatively, select Annual.waste.disposed from the drop-down menu.

Adding a line of best fit

- Click on symbol (**Add to plot**) at the bottom right of the screen
- Choose Trend Lines and Curves in the drop-down menu beside Add to plot
- Tick box beside Linear



Finding the equation of the line and r

- Click on **Home** at the bottom of the screen
- Click on Get Summary

Your screen should now show:

```
Linear trend:

Disposed = -4764 + 0.8784 * Population
Linear correlation: 1
```

This means that the annual waste disposed in Oregon in 1998 can be estimated by multiplying the population by 0.8784 and subtracting 4764.

The correlation coefficient r is 1, meaning there is a perfect correlation between the two variables.

Drawing a scatter plot on NZGrapher

The following instructions are used to produce a scatter graph for Annual solid waste disposal in settlements in Oregon, 1998.

First upload your file of data. In the area above the spreadsheet

select Choose File and

upload Oregon waste disposal.csv

In the area below the table, select your graph type and variables:

In Graph Type box select Scatter graph from the drop-down menu

In Variable 1 box select Population from the drop-down menu

In Variable 2 box Select Disposed from the drop-down menu

This produces a scatter graph.

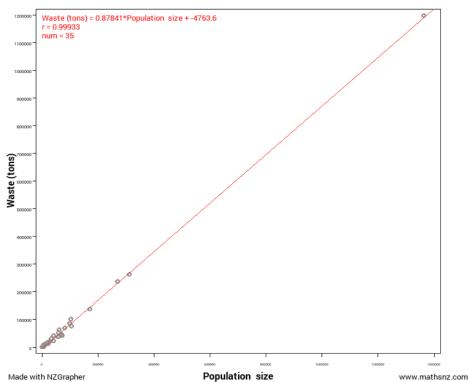
Next add a trend line and equation. In the area below the graph

select Regression line

adjust labels for title and axes as desired and press Update Graph

Right click on graph to copy.

Annual waste disposal in settlements in Oregon 1998



Drawing a scatter plot on Excel 2010

The following example illustrates the process of using the spreadsheet Excel to create a labelled scatter graph, fit a trend line and calculate an R^2 -value.

Open the file **Oregon waste disposal**.

(The data for this file is available on the ESA website RESOURCES].)

Creating the scatter graph

- Using the mouse, highlight the cells A3, B3–A37, B37
- Click Insert, Scatter and then select the scatter plot with unconnected points (top left option).

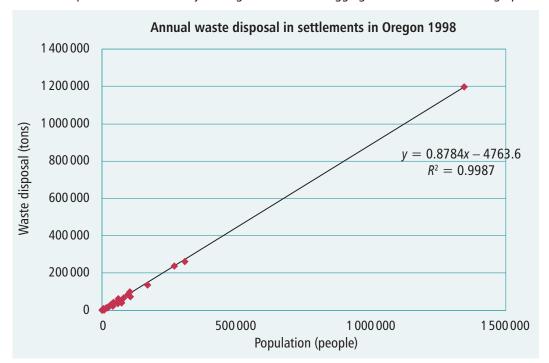
Adding labels for the axes and a title

- Select scatter graph (click anywhere on graph), then click on Layout.
- Click on Chart Title and select placement; then type 'Annual waste disposed in settlements in Oregon 1998' and press
 enter.
- Click on **Axis Titles**, select vertical axis title and placement, then type 'Annual waste disposed (tons)'.
- Click on Axis Titles, select horizontal axis title and placement, then type 'Population (people)'.
- Remove 'Series1' from graph by right-clicking on the word and selecting delete.

Adding a line of best fit

- Select graph (or right-click on any point), then click on **Layout** then Trendline then **More Trendline Options**.
- Select Linear, Display equation on chart and Display R-squared value on chart, then Close.

Note: You can move the equation and R^2 value by clicking on them and dragging them to the side of the graph.



On your scatter graph you should have a line passing through the points, its equation (y = 0.8784x - 4763.6) and the coefficient of determination value $R^2 = 0.9987$.

The correlation coefficient r = +0.9993 (line slopes up so take the *positive* square root of R^2 -value).