ió fibrewater: Mental wellbeing

ió fibrewater is made with a proprietary blend of soluble fibres, including prebiotic chicory root fibre, which can help with feeling more calm and balanced.





90% of serotonin is produced in the gut

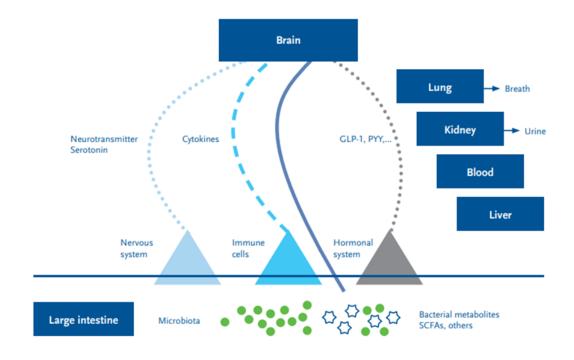
In a recent survey, 22% of participants who drank one bottle of ió fibrewater daily for 12 days experienced an improvement in mental well-being.*

- The gut is also known as the second brain, and it is well-known that there is a definitive gut-brain axis.
- Scientists estimate 90% of serotonin (5-HT) is made in the gut.
- Since microbes are responsible for serotonin production to begin with, the best and natural way of boosting serotonin levels to begin with is to create a happier, healthier gut microbiome.
- Scientifically proven prebiotic chicory root fibre (found in ió fibrewater) helps to feed probiotics, helping to establish gut symbiosis.

^{*}ió fibrewater survey with 28 participants drinking one bottle daily for 12 days.

The gut-brain axis and its impact

- Our colon is responsible for nutrient and water absorption and is a significant influencer of our immune system
 - About two-thirds of all immune cells of our body are based in our colon
 - Largest hormone producing organ of the body, e.g.ghrelin, GLP-1, PYY
 - These hormones can regulate hunger/satiety and influence insulin production
- Our gut microbiota breaks down undigested carbohydrates and produces short chain fatty acids (SCFAs)
- Increased consumption of prebiotics can positively influence the microbial composition of our gut, which as implications not only for our gut health but far beyond.



Calming plant power of chicory root fibre

Chicory root is believed to have calming and soothing effects on people.

It acts as a mild sedative, and helps in minimizing symptoms of stress in a person.

ió fibrewater is the only functional water in the UK that is infused with a clinically proven soluble prebiotic fibre made from chicory roots – also known as inulin.



Research on mental well-being

- Role of brain-gut-microbiota axis in depression: Emerging therapeutic avenues. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35352640/
- The role of prebiotics in cognition, anxiety, and depression. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32241688/
- Gut flora in health and disease.
 https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736(03)12489-0/fulltext
- Gut Microbiome: Profound Implications for Diet and Disease. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31315227/
- Prebiotics and probiotics for depression and anxiety: A systematic review and metaanalysis of controlled clinical trials: https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31004628/
- The effects of probiotics and prebiotics on mental disordes: A review on depression, anxiety, Alzheimers and autism spectrum disorders. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31914909/
- Dietary fiber and its associations with depression and inflammation. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31750916/
- Modulation of gut microbioal diversity through non-pharmaceutical approaches to treat schizophrenia. <u>Modulation of Gut Microbial Diversity through Non-Pharmaceutical</u> <u>Approaches to Treat Schizophrenia - PubMed (nih.gov)</u>
- Dietary fiber and its associations with depression and inflammation. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31750916/