



Student Notebook

Updated for Scratch 3.0



Discovering Computer Science: Explorations (Level Two) Student Notebook

This notebook provides a place to record and share your thinking and problem-solving as you explore, test, and evaluate computer programming with Scratch.

Use this notebook with the 4-H curriculum manual, *Discovering Computer Science & Programming through Scratch Level Two: Explorations*. Make it a reference for yourself and use it to show others what you have learned!

Authors:

Lenny Pitt, Professor Emeritus of Computer Science, University of Illinois

Judy Rocke, Curriculum Development Specialist, Office for Mathematics, Science, and Technology Education (MSTE), University of Illinois

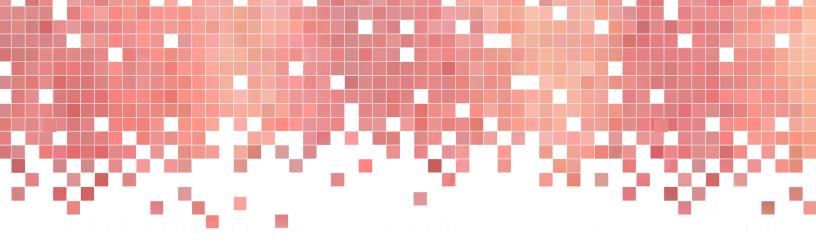
Jana Sebestik, Assistant Director STEM Curriculum Design, MSTE, University of Illinois

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Layout and Design:

Christina Tran, Graphic Designer, MSTE, iamchristinatran.com

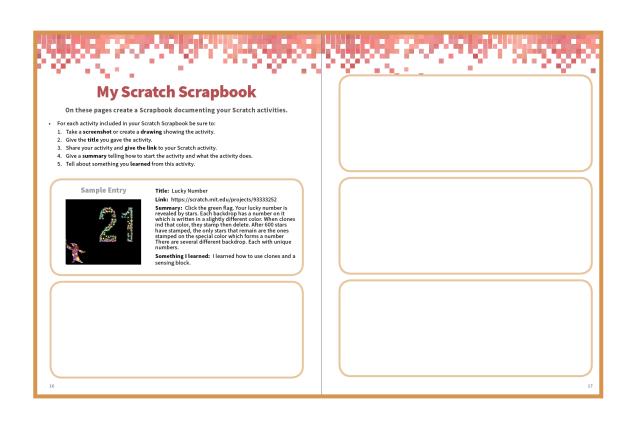
Scratch is a project of the Lifelong Kindergarten Group at the MIT Media Lab (**scratch.mit.edu**). Images of the Scratch cat are used with permission. All other screenshots and images used in this guide are licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License.

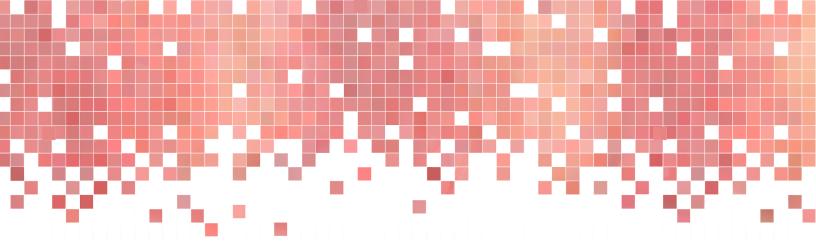


Your Scratch Scrapbook

As you complete Scratch activities, document each in your Scratch Scrapbook.

The Scrapbook begins on **page 16** of this book. Directions for completing the Scrapbook are also on **page 16**.





Using this Notebook

How to Follow Along

Page numbers throughout this book, shown like the example to the right, refer to the page numbers in the *Discovering Computer Science & Programming through Scratch Level Two: Explorations* book.



How to Take a Screenshot

Throughout this notebook, you will be asked to take a screenshot of a script or activity you created to print and attach for others to see. If you are unsure how to take a screen shot on your computer, follow the directions at:

www.take-a-screenshot.org/windows.html

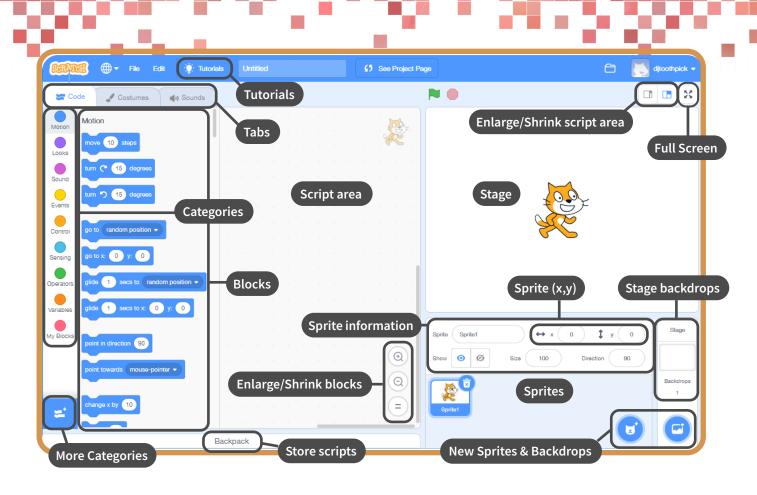
At this address you can click on directions for all of these operating systems:



- Windows: Use a built-in screenshot tool called Snipping Tool.
 Watch this YouTube video called, "How to Use Snipping Tool Beginners Guide" for instructions.
 www.youtube.com/watch?v=20932t8-k2A
- Mac: Follow these instructions found at this address from Apple support: support.apple.com/en-us/HT201361

Or watch this YouTube video called, "How to take a screenshot on your Mac — Apple Support" for instructions.

www.youtube.com/watch?v=pHDDfng5yC8



Scratch Environment

Stage: The area where the Sprites appear **Sprites:** Objects that move about the stage

Sprite information: Shows sprite's name, location, visibility, size and directions it is pointing

Sprite (x,y): Shows the (x,y) coordinates of the selected Sprite on the stage **New Sprites & Backdrops:** Used to add or create new sprites and backdrops **Blocks:** Items or tiles used to command your Sprite to perform an action

Enlarge/Shrink blocks: Enlarge (+) or shrink (-) size of blocks to make them fit easier in Script area

Script area: Area to place blocks or scripts—Right click the background of the Script Area to Undo, Redo,

Clean up Blocks, Add Comment, Delete

Tabs: Switch between Scripts, Costumes, and Sound

Categories: Click each to show blocks in that category—Blocks are color coded in each category

More Categories: Click to show categories that are not listed until you add them to the category list

Stage backdrops: Used to change the background of the stage

Tutorials: Shows helpful tips, frequently asked questions, and activity suggestions

Backpack: Store a script or Sprite here so it can be used in other Scratch projects

Full-Screen: Show only the stage area on the screen–To drag a Sprite around the

stage in full-screen, use this block from the **SENSING** category



Clones

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Introduction to Clones

In Scratch a clone is a copy of a sprite. You can create and delete clones while a program is running or as a result of interaction with the user.

Complete the table to the right.

Number of times the "c" key is pressed	Number of beetles		
0	1		
1	2		
2	4		
3	8		
4			
5			
6			

▶ ¦

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Notice that the clones delete as soon as they touch the frog. When a clone touches the frog, the **#beetles** decreases by 1, but when the original beetle touches the frog it is not deleted, and it remains touching the frog for a short while. This causes the **#beetles** to decrease repeatedly.

You cannot delete the original beetle, but you can hide it so that it stops touching the frog immediately after it first touches the frog.

 Create a script to make the #beetles decrease by 1 when the original beetle touches the frog by using the hide tile.

Include this activity in your Scratch Scrapbook!

Take a screenshot of the script, print it, and attach it here.

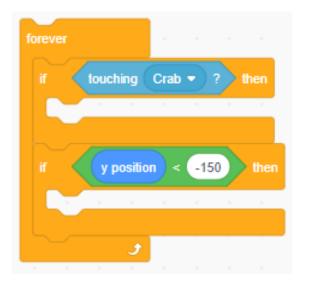
page 10 The Crab and the Beach Balls

Being able to understand specifications and create programs that match the specification is a valuable skill.

What is the overall idea for this game?

What must the crab do in this game?

What must the beach ball do in this game?



Look at the partial script, shown on the left, which might be used for the beach ball.

Why are these **If** __ then blocks inside a **forever** block?



How might this repeat block be used in the script for the beach ball?

When your game is finished, take a picture of someone playing your game. Print the picture and attach it here. Ask that person to comment about your game on the lines below.					

Ask yourself one of the these questions about your game: What do you like? What would you change? What was hard? What did you learn? Write your answer here.

page 12 The Diver and the Fish

- What is the overall idea for this game?
- What must the diver do in this game?

• What must the fish do in this game?

Take a screenshot of the **define swim** script, print it, and attach it here.

How do these blocks help in the **define cloneOrVanish** script?



