# VITA AKZENT® LC

Instructions for use I Full version



VITA shade determination

VITA shade communication

VITA shade reproduction

VITA shade control

atch. VITA

# The composite stain system: versatile, multifaceted, precise detailing.



Dear Customers,

Congratulations and thank you for choosing the VITA AKZENT LC stain system!

VITA AKZENT LC is a highly esthetic composite stain/glaze system used for characterizing all indirect restorations made of composite, polymer and hybrid ceramic. It enables detailed effect reproduction, as well as reliable shade corrections.

To process VITA AKZENT LC safely and simply, read these instructions carefully before the first use.

We hope you enjoy VITA AKZENT LC and achieve esthetic results!

Your VITA Product Management Team

# **Explanation of symbols:**



System/technology info





**E**Links/Tutorials













 $5.8 \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{General notes on handling} \dots 32$ 





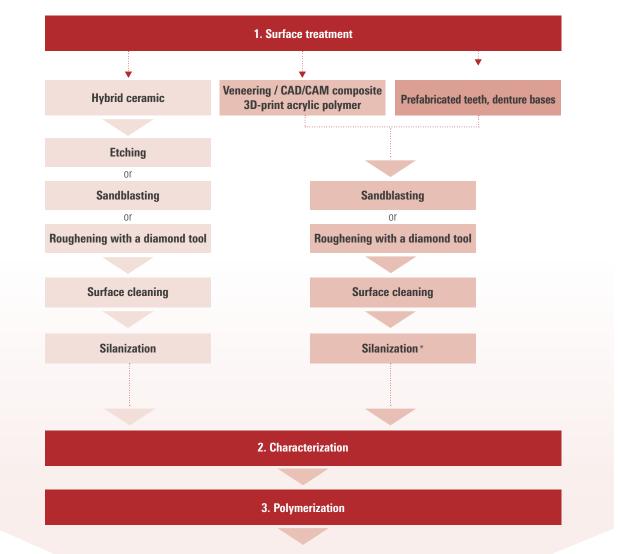




# Note

- What? VITA AKZENT LC are light-curing composite stains for reproducing individual shade effects and applying shade corrections.
- What for? The stains are universally suitable for extraoral characterization of dentures made of hybrid ceramic, CAD/CAM and veneering composites, denture bases, 3D-print acrylic polymers and prefabricated teeth, and can be used for internal characterization with the veneering technique.
- With what? The stain/glaze system includes 14 multifaceted effect stains, four glazing chroma stains (for each shade system) and a glaze paste for surface sealing.

# 1.2 Process steps for external characterization



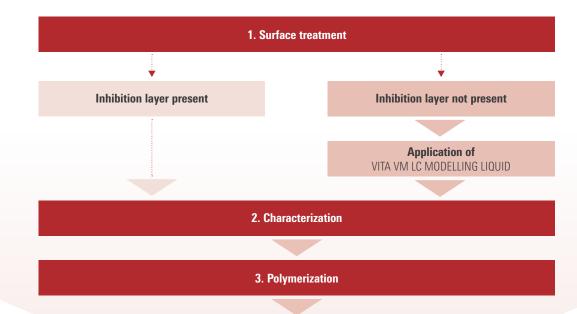


<sup>\*</sup> For highly filled CAD/CAM composites, such as Cerasmart (GC)



- VITA ADIVA CERA ETCH is recommended for etching with 5% hydrofluoric acid gel.
- VITA ADIVA C-PRIME is recommended for silanizing.
- Sandblasting with Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

# 1.3 Process steps for <u>internal</u> characterization with the veneering technique





MATERIAL SYSTEM AND WORKFLOW

# 2. Pretreatment

# 2.1 Overview - Pretreatment steps, according to material

		Hybrid ceramic (VITA ENAMIC)	Veneering composite (e.g., VITA VM LC) 3D-print acrylic polymer	CAD/CAM composite (e.g., VITA CAD-Temp, CERASMART)	Prefabricated teeth (made of acrylics)	Denture base resins
	1.	Etch with 5% hydrofluoric acid (VITA ADIVA CERA- ETCH) for 60 seconds.	Roughen with a diamond tool.	Roughen with a diamond tool.	Roughen with a diamond tool.	Roughen with a diamond tool.
		or	or	or	or	or
		sandblast with Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , 50 μm, 1 bar.*	sandblast with Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , 50 μm, 1 bar.*	sandblast with Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , 50 μm, 2 bar.*	sandblast with Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , 50 µm, 2 bar.*	sandblast with Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , 50 µm, 2 bar.*
zation*		or roughen with a diamond tool.				
teriz						
For external characterization*	2.	After etching: Carefully remove any remaining acid by spraying with water or clean in the ultrasonic bath. Dry with oil-free air for 20 seconds.	Clean the surface carefully with oil-free air.	Clean the surface carefully with oil-free air.	Clean the surface carefully with oil-free air.	Clean the surface carefully with oil-free air.
		After sandblasting/ roughening: Clean the surface with water/steam jet and dry with oil-free air.				
	3.	Silanize the surface with VITA ADIVA C-PRIME and blow gently.		Apply CERAMIC PRIMER II to CERASMART.		
For internal characterization	1.		Apply stains directly to the inhibition layer.**			

These are only general recommendations for pretreatment. Depending on the type of material, the specific manufacturer's instructions must be observed. If no inhibition layer is present during internal characterization, apply VITA VM LC MODELLING LIQUID, allow to act for 30 to max. 60 seconds and blow thinly with air. Characterize subsequently.

# 2.2 Pretreatment of hybrid ceramic







Clean the surface carefully (e.g., using a steam jet).



Dry surface with oil-free air for 20 seconds.



5 Silanize the etched surface (e.g., with VITA ADIVA C-PRIME).

# Note:

- The surface of the VITA ENAMIC hybrid ceramic restoration to be characterized needs to be rough, free from grease and dry to ensure wetting and the retentive bond of the stain.
- For etching, apply 5% hydrofluoric acid gel (e.g., VITA ADIVA CERA-ETCH) to the surfaces to be etched using a brush applicator or a disposable brush.
- Once the application time is complete, remove any residual acid by spraying with copious amounts of water, by cleaning thoroughly using a steam jet device or by cleaning in an oil-free ultrasonic bath using distilled water.

# Please note:

- · Always wear gloves and safety glasses when etching.
- Observe precautionary measures/safety data sheets (item 5.7)!
- Do not brush off hydrofluoric acid, since this will contaminate the surface.
- Do not touch the etched surface, since this will contaminate the etching pattern.

# **E** Links/Tutorials:

• Learn more in tutorial videos: www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/tutorial/akzentlc/all/ifu/etch

# 3. Characterization

# 3.1 Overview - EFFECT STAINS



Shades	Area of application
white	For the imitation of enamel stains, enamel cracks and lime stains caused by dental fluorosis
cream	For the imitation of enamel stains and lime stains caused by dental fluorosis and for accentuating cusps and bulges
lemon	For the imitation of dentine core, mamelon structures, abrasion areas and cervical discoloration
sun	For the imitation of dentine core, abrasion areas and fissures
orange	For increasing cervical chromaticity and for the imitation of mamelon structures and discoloration in the neck area and abrasion areas
russet	For the imitation of enamel cracks, discoloration at the incisal edge, fissures and darkening of proximal areas
khaki	For the imitation of enamel cracks, fissures, nicotine stains, discoloration in the neck area, incisal edges and for darkening proximal areas
pink	For the imitation of gingival areas
dark-red	For the imitation of gingival areas
purple	For the imitation of incisal and occlusal translucency
blue	For the imitation of incisal and occlusal translucency
grey-blue	For the imitation of incisal and occlusal translucency
grey	For reducing the intensity of other stains and incisal translucency
black	For darkening other stains Incisal edge of anterior tooth - labial: For imitating translucency and for increasing the chromaticity of blue

# Note:

VITA AKZENT® LC EFFECT STAINS

- EFFECT STAINS are suitable for reproducing individual and specific shade accents and any natural shade characteristics.
- The stains can be mixed with GLAZE to reduce the chroma level.
- Subsequent coating with GLAZE is not absolutely necessary.

# 3.2 Overview - CHROMA STAINS

Stains	Area of application				
VITA classical A1–I	VITA classical A1–D4				
A red-brown	For shade corrections in the " <b>A</b> " shade group				
B red-sun	For shade corrections in the " <b>B</b> " shade group				
C grey-brown	For shade corrections in the " <b>C</b> " shade group				
D grey-red	For shade corrections in the " <b>D</b> " shade group				
VITA SYSTEM 3D-N	VITA SYSTEM 3D-MASTER				
L corn-yellow	For shade corrections in the " <b>L</b> " shade group				
M2 red-yellow	For shade corrections in the " <b>M2</b> " shade group				
M3 dark-yellow	For shade corrections in the " <b>M3</b> " shade group				
R light-red	For shade corrections in the " <b>R</b> " shade group				



**VITA AKZENT®** LC CHROMA STAINS

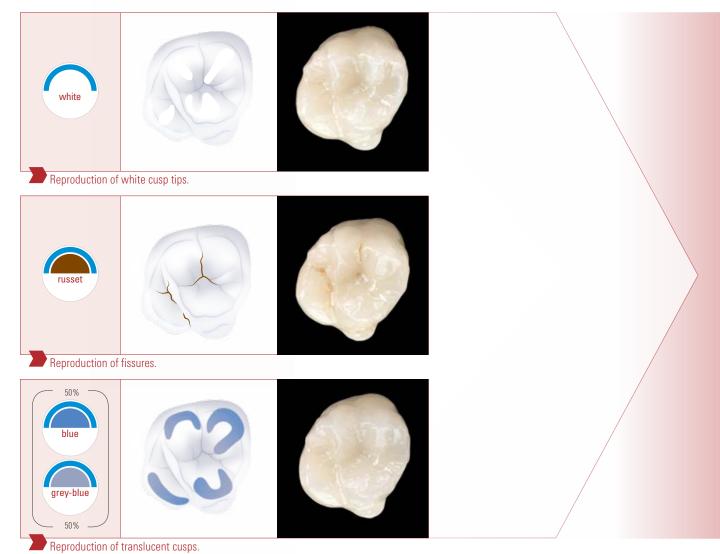
- CHROMA STAINS are glazing stains for specific control of the chromaticity (shade intensity) of the base material used to increase the chroma within a shade group. As a result, they are typically used over a large area.
- Like the EFFECT STAINS, CHROMA STAINS can also be used for individual and selective characterizations.
- Subsequent coating with GLAZE is not absolutely necessary.

# 3.3 Application examples - Effect Stains: Anterior teeth



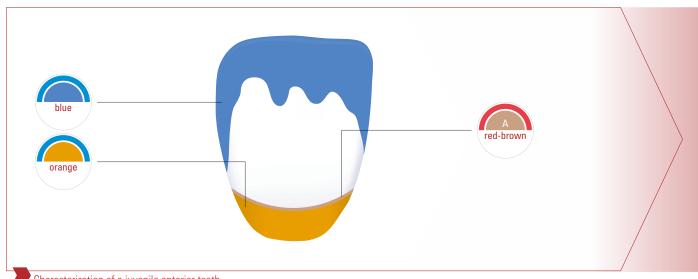


# 3.3 Application examples - Effect Stains: Posterior teeth

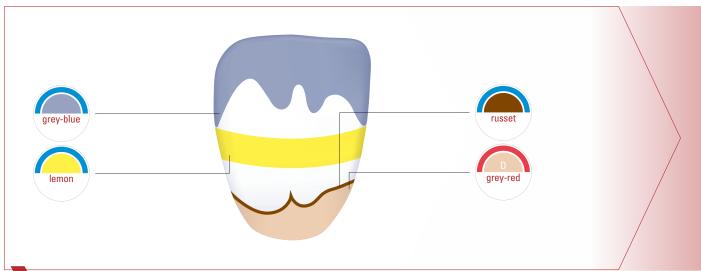




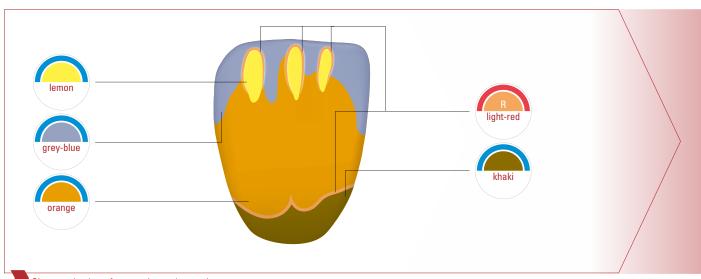
# 3.5 Exemplary staining patterns - EFFECT STAINS: Anterior teeth



Characterization of a juvenile anterior tooth.



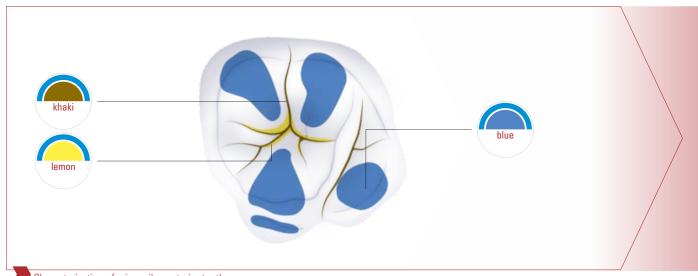
Characterization of an older anterior tooth.



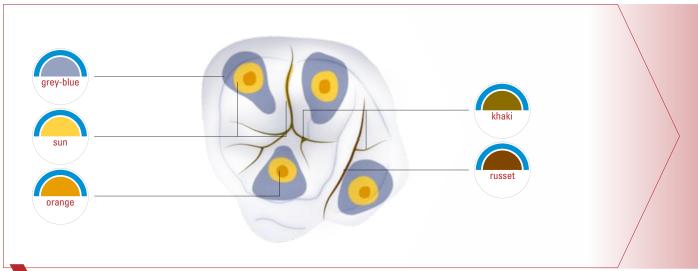
Characterization of an aged anterior tooth.



# **3.6 Exemplary staining patterns - EFFECT STAINS: Posterior teeth**



Characterization of a juvenile posterior tooth.



Characterization of an aged posterior tooth.



# 3.7 External characterization with EFFECT STAINS



Apply EFFECT STAINS into the mixing



Use EFFECT STAINS to characterize fissures ...



and, e.g., the area of the cusps characterize.



4 Intermediate polymerization.



Apply GLAZE for sealing.



6 Final polymerization.



8 Clean brush with CLEANER and dry.

Note:

- Shake bottle well before use (for 10 seconds). The mixing ball must be clearly heard!
- Close bottles immediately after use.
- The included brushes included are recommended for applying the stains.
- · Apply the stains in a thin layer.
- Subsequent coating with GLAZE is not absolutely necessary.

# Tip:

- Before characterization with the EFFECT STAINS, the rough surfaces of the restoration to be characterized can first be wetted with a thin layer of GLAZE to identify the base shade. Then polymerize GLAZE together with the EFFECT STAINS.
- The chroma of the stains can be reduced by adding GLAZE.
- Polymerize individual stain layers in steps.

# Please note:

- The processing time of the stains depends on the room temperature and exposure to light.
- Cover the mixing tray with the lightproof lid in order to avoid premature polymerization of the stains.
- Dispose of any unused polymerized stain.
- Close the bottles immediately after use.
- Dry the brush thoroughly after cleaning with CLEANER.
- CLEANER adhering to the brush prevents proper polymerization of the stain.

# Links/Tutorials:

• Learn more in tutorial videos: www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/tutorial/akzentlc/all/ifu/external

# 3.8 Internal characterization with EFFECT STAINS

2. Pretreatment > 3. Characterization 4. Polymerization



Cut-back of a resin veneered anterior crown.



Apply LIQUID, allow to act for 30 to max. 60 seconds and blow thinly with air.\*



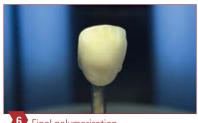
conditioned surface.



4 Intermediate polymerization.



5 Apply veneering resin (e.g., VITA VM LC) to the polymerized stain layer.



6 Final polymerization.



Tip:

- After final polymerization and finishing, polish the characterized surface with a suitable polishing paste (such as VITA Polish Hybrid, for example) and a soft goat hair brush. Then use a dry cotton buff to achieve the final gloss.
- The VITA AKZENT LC EFFECT STAINS can be mixed with the VITA VM LC flow materials in a max. ratio of 1:10.

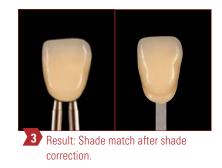
# **E**Links/Tutorials:

- Learn more in tutorial videos now: www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/tutorial/akzentlc/all/ifu/internal
- \* Necessary if no inhibition layer is present.

# 3.9 Shade corrections with CHROMA STAINS



Apply CHROMA STAIN A (red brown) for the A shade group.



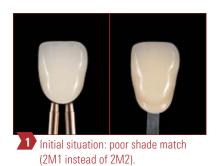
VITA classi	VITA classical A1–D4				
A red-brown	A1 -> A2 -> A3 -> A3.5 -> A4				
B red-sun		B1 -> B2 -> B3 -> B4			
grey-brown			C1 -> C2 -> C3 -> C4		
D grey-red				D2 → D3	

# Note:

- Apply CHROMA STAINS in an even layer. They are used to systematically intensify the chroma within a shade group.
- Subsequent coating with GLAZE is not absolutely necessary.

# **E** Links/Tutorials:

• Learn more in tutorial videos: www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/tutorial/akzentlc/all/ifu/correctionc



2. Pretreatment > 3. Characterization 4. Polymerization





VITA SYSTEM 3D-MASTER					
corn-yellow	2L1.5 - 2L2.5	3L1.5 - 3L2.5	4L1.5 → 4L2.5		
M2 red-yellow	1M1 → 1M2 2M1 -	2M2 3M1 - 3M2	4M1 → 4M2 5M1 -	<b>► 5M2</b>	
M3 dark-yellow		2M2 → 2M3 3M2 -	3M3 4M2 + 4M3	5M2 → 5M3	
R light-red	2R1.5 -> 2R2.5	3R1.5 -> 3R2.5	4R1.5 - 4R2.5		

- Note:
  - After final polymerization, polish the characterized surface with a suitable polishing paste (such as VITA Polish Hybrid, for example) and a soft goat hair brush. Then use a dry cotton buff to achieve the final gloss.
- Links/Tutorials:
  - Learn more in tutorial videos: www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/tutorial/akzentlc/all/ifu/correction3d

# 3.10 Glazing with GLAZE



Add GLAZE into the mixing tray.



Apply GLAZE to the characterized restoration.



3 Cure GLAZE.



# Note:

- GLAZE is a transparent light-curing varnish for surface sealing.
- The EFFECT STAINS and CHROMA STAINS do not need to be coated with GLAZE.
- Use microbrush disposable applicators for the application of glaze.
- Apply GLAZE swiftly and without streaks.
- Close bottle immediately after use.

# Please note:

 All surfaces must be completely polymerized and hard. There must be no sticky surfaces.

- After final polymerization, polish the glazed surface with a suitable polishing paste (such as VITA Polish Hybrid, for example) and a soft goat hair brush. Then use a dry cotton buff to achieve the final gloss.
- GLAZE can be added to reduce the shade intensity of the EFFECT STAINS.

# M Note:

• For information on polymerization, see pages 25 - 27.



# 4.1 System compatibility





Polymerization device.

# Note:

- For polymerization of VITA AKZENT LC, a light-curing device is required with light sources emitting rays in the wavelength range of < 430 nm! This requirement is met by numerous common light-curing units that emit light in the wavelength range of 350 to 500 nm.
- Various light sources can be used, such as:
  - Xenon flashlight bulbs
  - LED lamps
  - o Halogen lamps.
- Fluorescent lamps are not recommended, since their heat emission is minimal.
- Light-curing devices require regular service to ensure their proper function.
- For fast and safe curing, temperatures of 60 °C 80 °C in the polymerization chamber must be ensured. Temperatures above 90 °C must be avoided.



# **◆ 4.2 Recommended polymerization devices/lamps**

Dental-technical polymerization devices					
Company	Polymerization device	Polymerization time*	Note		
Shofu	Solidilite V	Three minutes	The object must be placed in the cone of light in the center of the chamber. The object must not be placed on the floor!		
Shofu	Solidilite EX	Four minutes	see Solidilite V		
DeguDent/Dentsply	Eclipse® junior VLC Curing Unit	Basic three = three minutes	Material group: in-joy The object must be placed in the center of the chamber.		
DeguDent/Dentsply	Triad® 2000	Six minutes	rotating on the rotary table		
Bredent	bre.Lux Power Unit 2	1 x program F1 (90 s)	_		
3M ESPE	Visio Beta vario	2 x program: 7 min incl. 10 s vacuum	-		
GC	Labolight Duo	Three minutes	The object must be placed in the cone of light high in the center of the chamber. The object must not be placed on the floor!		
Hager & Werken	Speed Labolight®	Three minutes	The object must be placed 3 cm higher in the cone of light of the halogen lamp. Be careful when using denture resins: Do not overheat!		
Kulzer	HiLite® power	90 seconds	The object must be placed high in the chamber. The object must not be placed on the floor!		
Kulzer	Heraflash	90 seconds	see HiLite Power		
Kulzer	UniXS®	90 seconds	see HiLite Power		
Kulzer	Dentacolor® XS	90 seconds	see HiLite Power		
Ivoclar Vivadent	Lumamat® 100	Heating level 0 VB = 0 VG = 10:00 min (BP = 10:00 min)	The times and heating levels must be programmed by the user! VB = Precuring VG = Tempering BP = Resulting curing time		

<sup>\*</sup> The specified polymerization times are minimum times.

• Dental-technical polymerization devices are preferable to dental hand lamps, as they ensure a much more even exposure of the object.

Dental polymerization lamps					
Company	Polymerization device	Polymerization time*	Note		
Ivoclar Vivadent	Bluephase G2	Four x 20 seconds	"High" mode		
Ultradent	VALO LED	Four x 20 seconds	"Standard" mode. The light cones of the two LEDs must completely overlap > a very small distance to the restoration is required.		

<sup>\*</sup> The specified polymerization times are minimum times.

# Please note:

- In order to ensure complete curing of VITA AKZENT LC, the polymerization devices must provide sufficient radiation intensity in the required wavelength range.
- Many dental hand lamps do not feature the wavelength range required for VITA AKZENT LC!
   Please observe the instructions for use of the manufacturer of your device.

3. Characterization > 4. Polymerization 5. Technical data/information

 To avoid irritation of the mucous membrane, appropriate polymerization of VITA AKZENT LC STAINS and GLAZE must be ensured.

# Note:

• You can find the latest information on the recommended polymerization devices at: www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/akzentlc



# Recommended product combinations

VITA AKZENT LC is suitable for extraoral characterization of dental restorations made of hybrid ceramic (VITA ENAMIC), CAD/CAM composite (such as VITA CAD-Temp, for example), veneering composites (such as VITA VM LC), denture bases (made of VITA VIONIC BASE, for example), prefabricated teeth (such as VITAPAN, for example) and 3D-print acrylic polymers.

# 4. Polymerization > 5. Technical data/information VITA



# 5. Technical data/information

# 5.1 Chemical composition

VITA AKZENT LC				
Active ingredients	Wt%			
Methyl methacrylate and multifunctional methacrylates	30 – 40			
Urethane(meth-)acrylates	40 - 60			
Silicon dioxide	8 – 11			
Ethyl-phenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphinate	2-6			
Other	< 1			
Pigments	< 2			

- Patient target group:
  - No restrictions
- Intended user
  - Dental professionals only: dentist and dental technician (Rx only).

# 5.2 Indication overview

# **VITA AKZENT** LC

## Approved for:

- Restorations made of hybrid ceramic (VITA ENAMIC)
- O Restorations made of light-curing material (e.g., VITA VM LC)
- Restorations made of CAD/CAM composites (e.g., VITA CAD-Temp)
- OPrefabricated teeth
- Openture bases (e.g., VITA VIONIC BASE)
- O Restorations and denture bases made of 3D-print acrylic polymers
- **Intended purpose:** 
  - VITA AKZENT LC products are dental materials for sealing or coating acrylics.

# 5.3 Contraindications

# VITA AKZENT LC Not approved for: Intraoral use In patients with allergies or sensitivities to the ingredients

# Note:

To avoid fast abrasion of the stain, VITA AKZENT LC should not be used at the occlusal contact points of restorations.

# Please note:

- Successful outcomes with VITA AKZENT LC cannot be guaranteed in the following cases:
  - o inadequate polymerization devices with unsuitable wavelength/light intensity
  - o insufficient pretreatment of the restoration or poor condition of the material surface to be characterized

# 5.4 Storage information

# Note:

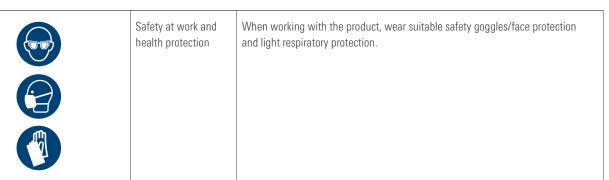
- Store VITA AKZENT LC at 4 °C to 25 °C (39 77 °F).
- Storage in a refrigerator is recommended.
- Do not use after the expiration date.
- The products labelled with a pictogram for hazardous substances are to be disposed of as hazardous waste. Recyclable waste
  (such as attachments, paper and plastics) must be disposed of using appropriate recycling systems. If necessary, contaminated product residues should be pretreated in accordance with regional regulations and disposed of separately.

# 5.5 Symbol explanations

Manufacturer VITA Zahnfabrik	<b>~</b>	Manufacturing date	
Shelf life	Σ	Protect from sunlight	**
Storage temperature	1	Lot number (batch)	LOT
Product number	REF	Medical device	MD
See Instructions for Use	[]i		,

# TECHNICAL DATA/INFORMATION

# 5.6 Safety at work/health protection





# 5.7 Safety data sheets

VITA AKZENT LC EFFECT	STAINS/CHROMA STAINS/GL	AZE
	Danger	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause allergic skin reactions.</li> <li>Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects</li> <li>Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.</li> <li>Keep the container tightly closed.</li> <li>Protect from heat. No smoking.</li> </ul>
VITA AKZENT LC CLEANE	ER	
<u></u>	Contains ethanol	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>Causes severe eye irritation.</li> <li>Keep the container tightly closed.</li> <li>Protect from heat.</li> <li>Keep away from ignition sources.</li> </ul>
VITA VM LC MODELLING	LIQUID	
<u>(1)</u>	Contains triethylene glycol dimethacrylate, 2-dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate.	<ul> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>Causes severe eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause allergic skin reactions.</li> </ul>
VITA ADIVA C-PRIME		
	Danger	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surfaces.</li> <li>No smoking.</li> </ul>

# VITA ADIVA CERA-ETCH Caustic/toxic · For extraoral use only! · Contains hydrofluoric acid. · Toxic if swallowed. · Fatal in contact with skin. · Causes severe skin burns and eye damage · Harmful by inhalation. · Wear safety goggles/protective gloves/protective clothing. · Keep locked up. • If swallowed, call the Toxicological Information Center immediately and provide safety data sheet. • In case of contact with clothing/skin, remove contaminated clothing immediately and rinse with a copious amount of water. · Specific measures, see safety data sheet. • In case of contact with eyes, rinse with water for a few minutes and consult a doctor/Toxicological Information Center. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

# Please note:

- Avoid contact of uncured material with the skin.
- · Avoid contact of the material with clothing.
- VITA AKZENT LC is volatile and may cause respiratory irritation. Use the product in a well-ventilated room. Put the cap back on after use.

# Note:

- Please refer to the corresponding safety data sheets for detailed information.
- The corresponding safety data sheets can be downloaded at www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/sds.



# 🔊 5.8 General notes on handling

# Product safety:

 Information on reporting serious incidents in connection with medical devices, general risks associated with dental treatments, residual risks and (if applicable) short clinical safety and performance reports (SSCPs) can be found at htpps://www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/product\_safety





# 5.9 VITA system solutions





• For digital shade determination, use VITA Easyshade V, and for visual shade determination, use a VITA shade guide.



• Create metal substructures or monolithic restorations using **VITA ENAMIC** hybrid ceramic, as well as composites and full/partial dentures using VITA prefabricated teeth and VITA VIONIC BASE.



 Veneer metal substructures and anatomically reduced restorations made of hybrid ceramic or composite with the VITA VM LC veneering resin.



• Shade the restorations using **VITA AKZENT** LC STAINS and seal the surfaces using the light-curing glaze VITA AKZENT LC GLAZE.



• Use a polymerization device recommended by VITA for light curing.



• Use VITA Polish Hybrid to repolish surfaces characterized with **VITA AKZENT** LC.



• Apply full or self-adhesive bonding with **VITA ADIVA** LUTING SOLUTIONS.

<sup>\*</sup> Optional process step: does not apply to the fabrication of monolithic restorations.

# **WE ARE HAPPY TO HELP**

More information about the products and processing is also available at www.vita-zahnfabrik.com



# Hotline Sales Support

Mrs. Carmen Holsten and her team (Internal Sales Department) will be glad to assist you with orders or questions about delivery, product data and marketing materials.

Phone +49 (0) 7761 / 56 28 84 Fax +49 (0) 7761 / 56 22 99 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. CET E-mail: info@vita-zahnfabrik.com



# Technical Hotline

If you have technical questions concerning VITA product solutions, you can contact Dr. Michael Tholey and his Technical Service team.

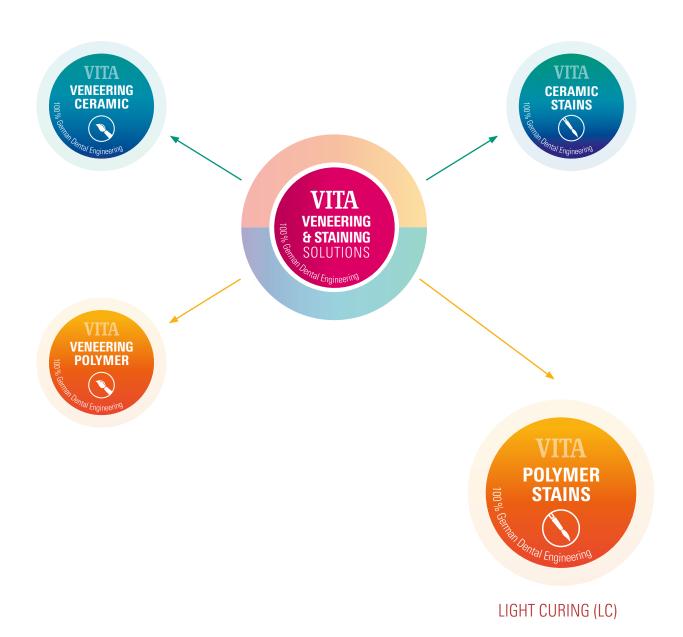
Phone +49 (0) 7761 / 56 22 22 Fax +49 (0) 7761 / 56 24 46 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. CET E-mail: info@vita-zahnfabrik.com

Additional international contact information can be found at www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/contacts



# **VITA VENEERING & STAINING SOLUTIONS –**

For a lifelike play of shade and light in all facets of nature.



# > VITA AKZENT® LC: For reliable reproduction of all shade nuances

Universally applicable composite stains for natural and precise shade effects, accurate shade corrections and high shade/gloss retention.

## You can find more information on VITA AKZENT LC at: www.vita-zahnfabrik.com/akzentlc



Please note: Our products must be used in accordance with the instructions for use. We accept no liability for any damage resulting from incorrect handling or usage. The user is furthermore obliged to check the product before use with regard to its suitability for the intended area of applications. We cannot accept any liability if the product is used in conjunction with materials and equipment from other manufacturers that are not compatible or not authorized for use with our product and this results in damage. The VITA Modulbox is not necessarily a component of the product. Date of issue of this information: 2023-07

After the publication of this information for use any previous versions become obsolete. The current version can be found at www.vita-zahnfabrik.com

VITA Zahnfabrik has been certified and the following products bear the mark

# **C**€0124

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