

# Franklin International

## Safety Data Sheet

### Titebond PROvantage Heavy Duty Construction Adhesive

#### Section 1. Identification

<b>GHS product identifier</b>	: Titebond PROvantage Heavy Duty Construction Adhesive
<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Address</b>	: Franklin International 2020 Bruck Street Columbus OH 43207
<b>Contact person</b>	: Franklin Technical Services
<b>Telephone</b>	: (800) 877-4583
<b>In case of emergency</b>	: Franklin Security (614) 445-1300
<b>e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS</b>	: SDS@FranklinInternational.com
<b>Product code</b>	: 5251
<b>Date of revision</b>	: 10/17/2022
<b>Safety Data Sheets are available online at</b>	: www.FranklinInternational.com
<b>Chemtrec (24 Hour)</b>	: (800) 424 - 9300
<b>Chemtrec International</b>	: +1 703-741-5970
<b>Chemical family</b>	: Adhesive.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Identified uses

Not applicable.

##### Uses advised against

Not applicable.

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Classification of the substance or mixture</b>	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

#### GHS label elements

##### Hazard pictograms



##### Signal word

: Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : **F** Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
Suspected of causing cancer.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : **P** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : **F** If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. **IF INHALED:** Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. **IF ON SKIN (or hair):** Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. **IF IN EYES:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** : **S** Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
- Disposal** : **D** Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** : **A** Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : **P** Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : **M** Mixture
- Other means of identification** : **N** Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
<b>M</b> ethyl acetate	≥25 - ≤50	79-20-9
n-hexane	≤3	110-54-3
vinyl acetate	≤0.3	108-05-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : **F** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: -17 to 40°C (1.4 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
methyl acetate	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b>            TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.            TWA: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.            STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.            STEL: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b>            TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.            TWA: 610 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.            STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.            STEL: 760 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b>            TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.            TWA: 610 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.            STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.            STEL: 760 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b>            TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.            TWA: 610 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>
n-hexane	<p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b>            TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.            TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b>            TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.            TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

vinyl acetate

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).**  
**Absorbed through skin.**

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).**

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).**

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 35 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 53 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 30 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 60 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**

CEIL: 4 ppm 15 minutes.

CEIL: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** :  Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** :  Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Paste.]
- Color** : Brown. [Light]
- Odor** :  Solvent(s)
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** :  54.44°C (130°F)
- Flash point** :  Closed cup: -13°C (8.6°F) [Setaflash]
- Evaporation rate** : >1 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability** :  Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.
- VOC (less water, less exempt solvents)** :  44 g/l
- Volatility** :  37.28% (w/w)
- Vapor pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> methyl acetate	171.01	22.8		590.3	78.7	

- Relative vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** :  1.28009
- Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> cold water hot water	Very slightly soluble Very slightly soluble

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** :  Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** :  252°C (485.6°F)
- Decomposition temperature** :  Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** :  No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** :  The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** :  Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** :  Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- Incompatible materials** :  Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials
- Hazardous decomposition products** :  Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> methyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
vinyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2335 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> methyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-

#### Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
- Eyes** : This product may irritate eyes upon contact.
- Respiratory** : High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vinyl acetate	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity



## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Titebond PROvantage Heavy Duty Construction Adhesive	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-hexane	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
vinyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-hexane	Category 1	inhalation	peripheral nervous system

### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
n-hexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** :  Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** :  Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** :  Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** :  Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** :  Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness

**Skin contact** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking

**Ingestion** :  No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects :  Not available.

Potential delayed effects :  Not available.

### Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects :  Not available.

Potential delayed effects :  Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** :  Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** :  Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> n-hexane	15840	N/A	48000	N/A	N/A
vinyl acetate	2900	2335	N/A	11.4	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> methyl acetate n-hexane  vinyl acetate	Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.89 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.9 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.9 mg/l	Crustaceans	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2.8 mg/l	Fish - rainbow trout	28 days
	Acute EC50 8.81 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.6 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 to 100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 1.58 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	96 hours	

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> n-hexane	-	-	Readily
vinyl acetate	-	-	Readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> methyl acetate	0.18	-	low
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> n-hexane	4	501.187	high
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> vinyl acetate	0.73	3.16	low

### Mobility in soil







**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** :  Not available.

**Other adverse effects** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** :  The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UN1133	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UN1133	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UN1133	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UN1133	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UN1133	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UN1133
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 	3 	3 	3 	3 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 
<b>Packing group</b>	III	III	III	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No.

### Additional information

**DOT Classification** :  **Remarks** Limited quantity

**TDG Classification** :  Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

**Remarks** Limited quantity

**Mexico Classification** :  **Remarks** Limited quantity

**ADR/RID** :  **Funnel code** (D/E)

**Remarks** Limited quantity

**Section 14. Transport information**IMDG : **Remarks** Limited quantity**Section 15. Regulatory information****U.S. Federal regulations****SARA 302/304****Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
vinyl acetate	≤0.3	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8

**SARA 304 RQ** : 145669.5 lbs / 974134 kg [201031.9 gal / 760988.6 L]**SARA 311/312****Classification**

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
 HNOC - Defatting irritant

**Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
methyl acetate	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
n-hexane	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
vinyl acetate	≤0.3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

**SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	n-hexane	110-54-3	≤3
	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	≤0.3
<b>Supplier notification</b>	n-hexane	110-54-3	≤3
	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	≤0.3

## Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** :  None of the components are listed.

**New York** :  None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** :  None of the components are listed.

**Pennsylvania** :  None of the components are listed.

### California Prop. 65

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including n-hexane and Methanol, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> n-hexane	-	Yes.
Methanol	-	Yes.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**China** :  All components are listed or exempted.

**United States TSCA 8(b) inventory** :  All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	Expert judgment
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Expert judgment
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Expert judgment

### History

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## Section 16. Other information

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### References

: Not available.

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

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