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## SAFETY DATA SHEET TILE PAINT WHITE 400ML

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of	f the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	TILE PAINT WHITE 400ML
Product number	1245
1.2. Relevant identified uses	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Paint.
Uses advised against	Use only for intended applications.
1.3. Details of the supplier of	of the safety data sheet
Supplier	Polar Specialist Coatings Ltd 18-22 Lloyds House Lloyd Street Manchester M2 5WA 0161 850 0379 info@polarcoatings.co.uk
1.4. Emergency telephone r	number
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 161 850 0379
SECTION 2: Hazards identi	fication
2.1. Classification of the sub	ostance or mixture
Classification (SI 2019 No.	720)
Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
2.2. Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	



Signal word Hazard statements Danger

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Supplementary precautionary statements	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/informa	ation on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures		
Dimethyl ether		30- < 60%
CAS number: 115-10-6	EC number: 204-065-8	
Classification		
Flam. Gas 1A - H220		
Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		
4-methylpentan-2-one		10 - <30%
CAS number: 108-10-1	EC number: 203-550-1	
EUH066		
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
Ethyl acetate		10 - <30%
CAS number: 141-78-6	EC number: 205-500-4	
EUH066		
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		

Titanium dioxide	1 - <5%	
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5	
EUH211		
Classification Not Classified		
n-butyl acetate	1 - <5%	
CAS number: 123-86-4	EC number: 204-658-1	
EUH066		
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ad	cetate 1 - <5%	
CAS number: 108-65-6	EC number: 203-603-9	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
The Full Text for all R-Phras	es and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.	
SECTION 4: First aid measu		
4.1. Description of first aid m		
General information	If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.	
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Due to the small packaging, the risk of ingestion is minimal. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.	
Skin contact	Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent.	
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.	
4.2. Most important sympton	ns and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation.	
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.	
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	

Eye contact	Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting. Particles in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Specific treatments	Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>S</u>
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up

to co ca an clo sp wit	ear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal anditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol ans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent oth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the pillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage th an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Wash thoroughly ter dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe ha	ndling
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. The product is flammable. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Avoid contact with eyes.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.
7.2. Conditions for safe stor	age, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Store in accordance with national regulations.
Storage class	Chemical storage. Aerosol containers and lighters
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure cont	rols/Personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **Dimethyl ether**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 766 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 958 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### 4-methylpentan-2-one

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 208 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 416 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### Ethyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 400 ppm

#### Titanium dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust

#### n-butyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 274 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 548 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Dimethyl ether (CAS: 115-10-6)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1894 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 471 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.155 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.016 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 160 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 0.681 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 0.069 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 0.045 mg/kg</li> </ul>
	4-methylpentan-2-one (CAS: 108-10-1)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 83 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 208 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 83 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 208 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11.8 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 155.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 14.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 155.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 155.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 4.2 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 4.2 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.6 mg/l - marine water; 0.06 mg/l - STP; 27.5 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 8.27 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.83 mg/kg - Soil; 1.3 mg/kg
	Ethyl acetate (CAS: 141-78-6)

Ethyl acetate (CAS: 141-78-6)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 63 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 367 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 367 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 374 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 37 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 4.5 mg/kg/day
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.24 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.024 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 650 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 1.15 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 0.115 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 0.148 mg/kg</li> <li>Oral; 200 mg/kg</li> </ul>
	Titanium dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.018 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 100 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 1000 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 100 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 100 mg/kg</li> </ul>
	n-butyl acetate (CAS: 123-86-4)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 6 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 6 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 2 mg/kg/day
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.18 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.018 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 35.6 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 0.981 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 0.098 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 0.09 mg/kg</li> </ul>

### Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 330 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 71 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day
	Oct-1-ene (CAS: 111-66-0)
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.012 mg/l - marine water; 0.012 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 6.06 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 6.06 mg/kg - Soil; 1.25 mg/kg
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'- marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.
SECTION 9: Physical and che	mical properties

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	White.
Odour	Organic solvents.
Initial boiling point and range	-24.8°C (DME)

Flash point	-41°C (DME)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	3.3 - 26.2% (V) (DME)
Vapour pressure	513.29kPa (DME)
Auto-ignition temperature	226°C (DME)
9.2. Other information	
Volatility	Volatile.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ıctivity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid the following conditions: Freezing.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	No specific requirements are anticipated under normal conditions of use.
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	n products
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	iormation
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects
Toxicological effects	Information given is based on data of the components. The blended product has not been tested. No data is available for the mixture.
Acute toxicity - inhalation ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	58.06
	30.00
Inhalation	Gas or vapour may irritate the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.
Inhalation	Gas or vapour may irritate the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness
	Gas or vapour may irritate the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs. Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal tract. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. May cause discomfort if swallowed. May

Route of exposure

Inhalation Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact

### Toxicological information on ingredients.

Dimethyl ether

Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)	164,000.0	
Species	Rat	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	4 hours	
ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	164,000.0	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Genome mutation: Negative.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 2.5 %, Inhalation, Rat	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Screening - NOAEL 2.5 %, Inhalation, Rat P	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 40000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 5000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 2.5 %, Inhalation, Rat	
	4-methylpentan-2-one	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD50	2,080.0	

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,080.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	2,080.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	11.6
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> )	4 hours
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.6
Skin corrosion/irritation	

Animal data	Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritati	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.1 ml, <72 hours, Rabbit Slightly irritating.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation: Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	NOAEC 450 ppm, Inhalation, Rat
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEL 1000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 1000 ppm, Inhalation, Mouse
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Dose level: 200 ppm, Inhalation, Human May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicit	v - repeated exposure
	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat
	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000
	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat
STOT - repeated exposure	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat
STOT - repeated exposure	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u>
STOT - repeated exposure Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> )	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u>
STOT - repeated exposure Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) Acute toxicity - inhalation	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u> LD <sub>50</sub> >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit LC <sub>0</sub> >6000 ppm, Vapour, Inhalation, Rabbit 6 hours
STOT - repeated exposure Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> )	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u> LD <sub>50</sub> >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit LC <sub>0</sub> >6000 ppm, Vapour, Inhalation, Rabbit 6 hours
STOT - repeated exposure Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> ) Serious eye damage/irritati Serious eye	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u> LD <sub>50</sub> >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit LC <sub>0</sub> >6000 ppm, Vapour, Inhalation, Rabbit 6 hours <u>on</u>
STOT - repeated exposure <u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> ) <u>Serious eye damage/irritati</u> Serious eye damage/irritation	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u> LD <sub>50</sub> >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit LC <sub>0</sub> >6000 ppm, Vapour, Inhalation, Rabbit 6 hours <u>on</u>
STOT - repeated exposure <u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> ) <u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u> Serious eye damage/irritation <u>Skin sensitisation</u>	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u> LD <sub>50</sub> >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit LC <sub>0</sub> >6000 ppm, Vapour, Inhalation, Rabbit 6 hours <u>on</u> Dose: 0.1 ml, 24 - 72 hours, Rabbit Not irritating.
STOT - repeated exposure <u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> ) <u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u> <u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u> <u>Skin sensitisation</u> Skin sensitisation	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u> LD <sub>50</sub> >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit LC <sub>0</sub> >6000 ppm, Vapour, Inhalation, Rabbit 6 hours <u>on</u> Dose: 0.1 ml, 24 - 72 hours, Rabbit Not irritating.
STOT - repeated exposure Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> ) Serious eye damage/irritati Serious eye damage/irritation Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u> LD₅₀ >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit LC₀ >6000 ppm, Vapour, Inhalation, Rabbit 6 hours <u>on</u> Dose: 0.1 ml, 24 - 72 hours, Rabbit Not irritating. Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
STOT - repeated exposure Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> ) Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	NOEL 50 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat <u>Ethyl acetate</u> LD <sub>50</sub> >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit LC <sub>0</sub> >6000 ppm, Vapour, Inhalation, Rabbit 6 hours <u>on</u> Dose: 0.1 ml, 24 - 72 hours, Rabbit Not irritating. Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. DNA damage and/or repair: Negative.

Reproductive toxicity -

## TILE PAINT WHITE 400ML

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 16000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Maternal toxicity: - LOAEL:

20000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Read-across data.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat LOAEL 3600 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOEC 350 ppm, Inhalation, Rat LOEC 350 ppm, Inhalation, Rat		
Titanium dioxide		
LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat		
LC₅₀ >6.82 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat Dust/Mist 4 hours		
Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.		
<u>on</u>		
Dose: 57 mg, , Rabbit Not irritating.		
Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Not sensitising.		
Chromosome aberration: Negative.		
Chromosome aberration: Negative.		
NOEL >50000 ppm, Oral, Rat		
IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.		
Developmental toxicity:, Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat		
y - repeated exposure		
NOAEL 962 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat		

### n-butyl acetate

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	10,760.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	10,760.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >14112 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
Acute toxicity - inhalation	

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	LC₅₀ >21 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat Vapour 4 hours
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritat	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.1 mL, , Rabbit Not irritating.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. Read-across data.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEC 2000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity:, Maternal toxicity: - LOAEC: 1500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat
Specific target organ toxic	ty - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEC 500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat
	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,155.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,155.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> )	LC₀ >1728 ppm, Inhalation, Rat 4 hours
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritat	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.1 mL, 30 seconds, Rabbit Not irritating.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.

### Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Screening - NOAEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat F1
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Maternal toxicity: - LOAEL: 2000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: >4000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** NOAEL >= 1000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2)	2-25%)
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Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ > 15000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Notes (dermal LD50)	LD₅₀ > 3400 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Notes (inhalation LC50)	LC₅₀ > 13.1 mg/l, Vapour, Inhalation, Rat - 4 hours	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Very slight erythema - barely perceptible (1). Fully reversible within 21 days. Oedema score: Very slight oedema - barely perceptible (1). Fully reversible within 10 days. Not irritating.	
Serious eye damage/irritati	ion	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.1 ml, < 72 hours, Rabbit Not irritating.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. Read-across data.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility - NOAEL ≥ 3000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P Read-across data.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: ≥ 5220 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL ≥ 495 mg/kg/day, Dermal, Rat Read-across data. LOAEL 116 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 1056 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEC ≥ 300 ppm, Inhalation, Rat LOAEC 100 ppm, Inhalation, Rat	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	1.2 cSt @ 20°C Kinematic viscosity $\leq$ 20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s.	
	Oct-1-ene	
Acute toxicity - oral		

Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >5600 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	40.2
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Vapour 4 hours
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	40.2
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritatio	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.1 mL, 8 days, Rabbit Not irritating.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Screening - NOEL 300 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P, F1
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity:, Developmental toxicity: - NOEL: 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	NOEL 100 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEC 3000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard if swallowed.
12: Ecological information	

### 12.1. Toxicity

SECTION

Toxicity

The product is not believed to present a hazard due to its physical nature.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days. The other substances in the product are not expected to be readily biodegradable.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product. Exposure to aquatic environment unlikely.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The product hardens to a solid, immobile substance.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvl	3 assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	ls
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Waste class	The waste code classification is to be carried out according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC).
SECTION 14: Transport inform	
SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number	
14.1. UN number	nation
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ADN class	2.1
Transport labels	
14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	None
IMDG packing group	None
ICAO packing group	None
ADN packing group	None
14.5. Environmental hazards	

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

F-D, S-U
2
(D)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).	
EU regulations	<ul> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).</li> <li>Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.</li> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).</li> <li>Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).</li> </ul>	

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### Inventories EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<ul> <li>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.</li> <li>ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.</li> <li>RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.</li> <li>IATA: International Air Transport Association.</li> <li>ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.</li> <li>IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.</li> <li>CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.</li> <li>ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.</li> <li>LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.</li> <li>LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).</li> <li>ECso: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</li> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</li> </ul>
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol
Key literature references and sources for data	Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: : Expert judgement.
Revision date	01/02/2022
Revision	1
SDS number	9981
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H220 Extremely flammable gas.</li> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.</li> <li>H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.