

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Product identifier | Dykem® Cross Check™ FAST Fast-Dry Torque Seal - Orange | |
| Other means of identification | | |
| Part Number | 83514 | |
| Synonyms | Formula Code: B263M (orange) | |
| Recommended use | Industrial Use Only | |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information | | |
| Manufacturer | | |
| Company name | ITW Pro Brands | |
| Address | 805 E. Old 56 Highway Olathe, KS 66061 | |
| Country | (U.S.A.) Tel: +1 800-443-9536 | |
| In Case of Emergency | 1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac) | |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Physical hazards | Flammable liquids | Category 2 |
| Health hazards | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2A |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| Environmental hazards | Not classified. | |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements | | |



| | | |
|--|--|--|
| Signal word | Danger | |
| Hazard statement | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | |
| Precautionary statement | | |
| Prevention | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. | |
| Response | If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. | |
| Storage | Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. | |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. | |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | None known. | |
| Supplemental information | None. | |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | | 78-93-3 | 30 - 40 |
| Diacetone Alcohol | | 123-42-2 | 1 - 3 |
| Methyl Benzimidazole-2-yl Carbamate | | 10605-21-7 | < 0.1 |

4. First-aid measures

| | |
|---|---|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. |

6. Accidental release measures

| | |
|--|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|------------|------------------|
| Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) | PEL | 240 mg/m3 | |
| | | 50 ppm | |
| Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) | PEL | 600 mg/m3 | |
| | | 100 ppm | |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | PEL | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|-------------|
| Mica Group Minerals (CAS 12001-26-2) | TWA | 20 mppcf | |
| Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.1 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 2.4 mppcf | Respirable. |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|-------------|----------------------|
| Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) | STEL | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 100 ppm | |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | STEL | 300 ppm | |
| | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| Mica Group Minerals (CAS 12001-26-2) | TWA | 3 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|----------------------------------|------|-----------|------|
| Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) | TWA | 240 mg/m3 | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|------------|------------------|
| Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) | STEL | 50 ppm | |
| | | 900 mg/m3 | |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA | 150 ppm | |
| | | 600 mg/m3 | |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | STEL | 100 ppm | |
| | | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| Mica Group Minerals (CAS 12001-26-2) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Total |
| | | 885 mg/m3 | |
| Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 300 ppm | |
| | | 590 mg/m3 | |
| Tin Oxide (SnO2) (CAS 18282-10-5) | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| | | 3 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| | | 2 mg/m3 | |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | 2 mg/l | MEK | Urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Danger of cutaneous absorption

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Liquid. |
| Color | Opaque. Orange. |
| Odor | Mild. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 175 °F (79.44 °C) |
| Flash point | 23.0 °F (-5.0 °C) Tag Closed Cup |
| Evaporation rate | > 1 |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

| | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | 2 % |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | 11.5 % |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density > 1

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Specific gravity > 1 @ 70°F

VOC 38 % w/w

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Amines. Ammonia. Caustics. Isocyanates.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butylcarbamate (CAS 55406-53-6) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 1.1 g/kg |
| Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 1900 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 3000 mg/kg |
| Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 20 ml/kg, Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg 5.4 ml/kg |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Methyl Benzimidazole-2-yl Carbamate (CAS 10605-21-7) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 2000 mg/kg |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 2100 mg/kg |
| Rutile(TiO2) (CAS 1317-80-2) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 2000 mg/kg |

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Rutile(TiO₂) (CAS 1317-80-2)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

| Components | | Species | Test Results |
|--|------|---|------------------------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butylcarbamate (CAS 55406-53-6) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| <i>Acute</i> | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 0.05 - 0.089 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| <i>Acute</i> | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) | 420 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Methyl Benzimidazole-2-yi Carbamate (CAS 10605-21-7) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| <i>Acute</i> | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus) | 0.008 - 0.013 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| <i>Acute</i> | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus) | > 400 mg/l, 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Diacetone Alcohol -0.098

Methyl Benzimidazole-2-yi Carbamate 1.52

Methyl Ethyl Ketone 0.29

Mobility in soil Not established.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F
D035: Waste Methyl ethyl ketone
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263
UN proper shipping name Paint
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 3
Packing group II
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 173
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263
UN proper shipping name Paint
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 3L
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information
Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1263
UN proper shipping name PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group II
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No.
EmS F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Methyl Benzimidazole-2-yl Carbamate (CAS 10605-21-7) Listed.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

Classified hazard categories Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Low priority

US state regulations**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

3-iodo-2-propynyl-butylcarbamate (CAS 55406-53-6)
 Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2)
 Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8)
 Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)
 Methyl Benzimidazole-2-yl Carbamate (CAS 10605-21-7)
 Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
 Mica Group Minerals (CAS 12001-26-2)
 Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)
 Tin Oxide (SnO₂) (CAS 18282-10-5)

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
 Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | No |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | No |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | No |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
 A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 12-28-2020
Revision date 05-11-2021
Version # 03

Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

Revision information Transition information: General information