



USER MANUAL



6512EN BIO



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Die leeren Seiten der Bedienungsanleitung sind kein Fehler sondern herstellungsbedingt erforderlich!

The blank pages of the operating instructions are not a mistake but due to manufacturing required!

Пустые страницы в инструкции по эксплуатации не ошибка, а требуется производством!

Les pages vides sont pas fauses, mais dûs à la production requise!

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Inspect Shipment for Damage

Carefully inspect the entire shipment for damage in the presence of the shipper's agent, removing packaging material if necessary. Note any damage to packaging and/or goods on Packing List and have it signed by the shipper's agent prior to accepting the shipment. Submit damage claim to MRU immediately.

NOTE: Damage claims not received by MRU within 3 days of receipt of shipment will not be accepted.

The products described in this manual are subject to continuous development and improvement and it is therefore acknowledged that this manual may contain errors or omissions. MRU encourages customer feedback and welcomes any comments or suggestions relating to the product or documentation.

Please forward all comments or suggestions to the Customer Feedback Department at the following address:

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Fon (+49) 71 32 99 62 0 (Reception) Fon (+49) 71 32 99 62 61 (Service) Fax (+49) 71 32 99 62 20 Email: <u>info@mru.de</u> Homepage: <u>www.mru.eu</u>

This manual is intended solely as a guide to the use of the product.

MRU shall not be liable for any loss or damage whatsoever arising from content errors or misinterpretation of information's from this manual or any mis-use resulting from the use of this manual.

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1. General Information

1.1. Weather and environmental conditions

The SWG100 BIOGAS analyser is designed for ambient temperatures of $+5^{\circ}$ C to $+45^{\circ}$ C (without cabinet heater) resp. -10° C to $+45^{\circ}$ C (with cabinet heater).

The analyser is designed for indoor mounting. In case of outdoor mounting it is important that the analyser is sufficiently protected against rain, sun and wind. In case of outdoor mounting under extreme environmental conditions like high humidity, salty sea air, etc. further protective measures are necessary. These should be clarified with the manufacturer (MRU).

Any additional protective measures for outdoor mounting have to be provided by the plant operator. The manufacturer (MRU) consults the plant operator in choosing appropriate protective measures.



1.2. Installation instructions

Installation instructions, which are described in chapter 3 of the operation manual, have to be strictly adhered to.



WARNING

Please check correct installation before powering up the analyzer! Please operate the analyzer only in upright position!

1.3. General important instructions for the plant operator

To guarantee continuous operation of the SWG100 BIOGAS analyser, the functions, processes and operation of the analyser have to be monitored regularly by the plant operator – especially in case of any initial installation. Thus, it will be possible to take suitable measures to improve the availability and life time of the analyser. As the plant operator gains more experience concerning the maintenance requirements of the analyser, the monitoring frequency may be reduced to more extended periods of time.

It is important that the filter-units, listed in chapter 10.1 of the operation manual, are checked regularly and, if necessary, service parts are changed.

IMPORTANT

In case of **not intended** use the guarantee will void. Regular controls, inspections and the exchange from polluted and exhausted filters by the operator are also an **important part of the determinations** "**not determined use**"- see chapter 10.1 regular maintenance work.

1.4. Important information about the user's operation manual

The users/operation manual is an important part of this delivery. It will explain how to use this analyzer properly and sets forth safety and environmentally friendly procedures.

It is the responsibility of all users to read and familiarize themselves with this manual, paying particular attention to the safety instructions.

The most important safety details are clearly marked with an attention sign.

1.5. Safety Information

The following safety procedures must be followed at all times. They are significant and essential part of this manual. Failure to follow safety procedures can result in the loss of your warranty claims.

Biogas or other similar gases (landfill gas, bio-methane, coal seam gas etc) is containing flammable gas component *CH4* and toxic gas component as well (*H2S* and *CO2*).

Analyzer is continuously sampling a certain volume (approx. 501/h) of the sample gas, and is venting it to ambient air.

For this reason, there are two aspects which must be considered:

Toxicity danger of sample gas



Toxic gas

Sample gas can contain toxic substances, which are harmful for health and can even cause death.

WARNING

- It is the responsibility of analyzer user to ensure that person is skilled and trained in safety aspects of gases being analyzed and procedures to follow while using this instrument.
- Local regulations for possible exposure to toxic gases has to be known and obeyed by the user of the analyzer
- Using a personal gas detector inside the biogas plant is highly recommended since
 H₂S in higher (very dangerous) concentration cannot be detected by human nose. Only small concentrations around few ppm can be detected by human nose
- CO₂gas is heavier than air and therefore operator shall avoid working at underground levels. Beware of that CO₂ is also odorless!
- It is not allowed to use the biogas analyzer in confined space or rooms without forced ventilation.

Sample gas exiting the analyzer will flow in to the ambient air and only outdoor use

or forced ventilation rooms are suitable for using the biogas analyzer.

Flammable gas



Regarding flammable gases (e.g. *CH*₄ methane) and operating-instruments in the hazardous areas, the user must also be able to recognize the area classification and be aware of using the instrument there. This area classification is country specific, please observe and adhere to it.

• Stationary analyzers are allowed to be mounted in hazardous area zone 2 only if they have the certificate of compliance. These instruments shall never be located in confined places or rooms without forced ventilation.

Only trained personnel should carry out installation of stationary instrument and/or maintenance, service and repair. Opening the stationary analyzer cabinet can expose personnel to injuries and shocks from electrical voltage!

Safety regulations

The analyzer may only be used as indicated in this manual. Our analyzers are checked according to the following regulations:

VDE 0411 (EN61010) and *DIN VDE 0701* before they leave the MRU GmbH factory. MRU technical products are designed and manufactured according to DIN 31000/ VDE 1000 and UVV = VBG 4 of the professional guilds for fine mechanics and electrical engineering.

MRU GmbH assures that the analyzer complies to the essential requirements of the legal regulations of the member states of the electro-magnetic compatibility (89/336/EWG) and to the low-voltage regulations (3/23/EWG).

Specific safety regulations

No part of the analyzer, or any other metal parts & accessories shall be used as electric conductors.

The analyzer shall not be used in or under water.

The analyzer shall not be placed near or directly exposed to open fire or heat.

The analyzer shall avoid dropping.

WARNING

Acid substances

Moisture or condensate, being pumped out of the condensate outlet port can be slightly acidic.

- In case of skin contact IMMEDIATELY: clean affected parts of the body.
- Avoid getting liquid in eyes.

Please carefully clean all parts that come into contact with the condensate.

1.6. Packing

Packing regulation of 12.07.1991

If your local waste facility does not accept MRU packing materials for disposal, you may return it to MRU or our local sales representative. Packing materials returned to MRU must be returned prepaid.

1.7. Return of hazardous waste

Waste Disposal/Returns/Warranty -

MRU GmbH is required to accept the return of hazardous waste such as electrochemical sensors that cannot be disposed of locally. Hazardous waste must be returned to MRU prepaid.

1.8. Return of analyzer

MRU GmbH is required to accept the return, for proper disposal, of all analyzers delivered after 13th of August 2005. Analyzers must be returned to MRU prepaid.

1.9. MRU Warranty conditions

The SWG100 BIOGAS warranty is 12 months.

- 1. The warranty on spare parts is 6 months.
- 2. The term of the warranty conditions starts as of the invoice date.
- 3. The warranty is void under the following conditions:

- Improper use.
- Improper application.
- Improper mounting.
- Deliberate or negligent destructions.
- External influence like droping, impact, solvents, acids, gases, or transport damages. This includes damage, which is caused by exposure to high pollution and/or moisture (condensate) in the gas path.

4. As well excluded from the guarantee conditions are typical consumable- and spare parts.

5. Use of original MRU consumable parts and sensors is required to maintain the warranty.

6. Removal of tampering of the serial number type plate will void the warranty.

7. The service of a guarantee conditions will not enlarge the guarantee time. Demands because of consequential damages are excluded.

8. MRU is not responsible for the transport costs for the warranty or replacement.

9. MRU reserves the right, to determine individual conditions or exceptions. These will be separately communicated.

MRU GmbH

01.09.2014

2. Analyzer Description

2.1. Intended use

The instrument is intended for analyzing the composition of biogases / landfill gases and determine the concentration of several components like CH4, CO2, O2 and H2S. The instrument may optionally be equipped to monitor several sites in time sharing technique (cyclical one by one sampling).

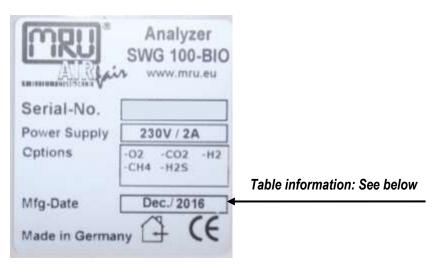
In particular, the instrument is not foreseen to serve as a gas detector or safety device.

In case of unintended use, the warranty is void. Regular controls, inspections and the replacement of polluted and exhausted filters by the operator are also an important part of proper use. See chapter 10.1 regular maintenance work.

2.2. Type plate

The type plate of the analyzer contains important information about the analyzer. It can be found:

- The serial-no.
- The power supply.
- The installed measurement options.
- Date built.



The table below shows, which kind of measurement options may be installed in the analyzer.

1.	02, H2S, H2, CO	Electrochemical sensor
2.	СН4/СО2	NDIR-bench
3.	H2	Thermal conductivity detector.

2.3. Possible applications and analyzer options

The biogas analyzer SWG100 is the industrial measuring solution to be used with:

- biogas (anaerobic digestion) plants
- cogeneration heat and power engines (CHP)
- municipal or industrial waste water treatment sites
- coal seam gas sites (coal bed methane)
- food and animal waste processing plants
- biomethane (gas to grid) plants
- landfill sites

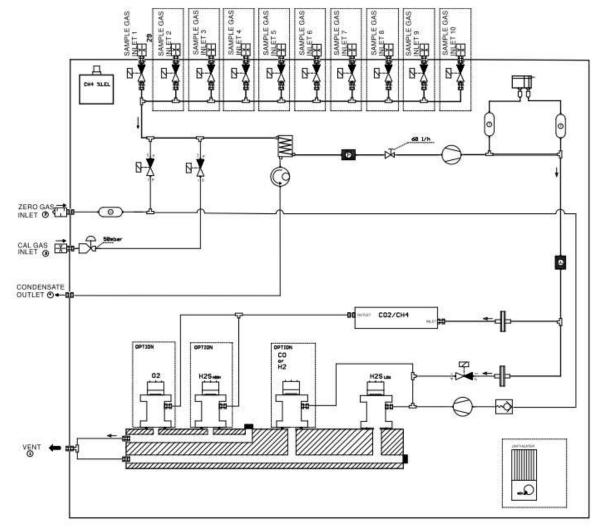
This analyzer can be equipped with additional options and/or additional accessories to full fill multiple other measuring tasks such as

- CH₄ and CO₂ NDIR measurement
- O₂ measurement with long-life EC cell
- H₂Slow measurement with protected EC cell using cutoff solenoid valve and air purge pump
- H₂Shigh measurement with EC cell
- H₂ measurement with EC cell
- CO measurement with EC cell
- Electric gas cooler (Peltier) with automatic condensate draining pump
- Multiple sampling point switchover from 2x up to a maximum of 10x sites
- Module with 4 channel analog outputs/inputs 4-20mA, with 2x "fail safe" alarm relays
- Converter module of RS485 into Profibus
- Cabinet heater for freeze protection

Ask our sales representatives for available options and accessories or check out our MRU website.

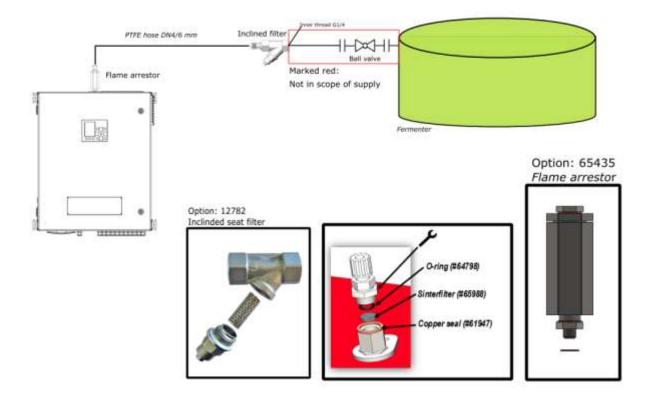
2.4. Principle of operation

- Sample gas from one or more sampling points is fed into the analyzer by dedicated ports. Internally mounted electric valves select one point at a time to feed sample gas to the analysis unit.
- The instrument is equipped with a non-dispersive infrared (NDIR) bench for analysis of *CO2* and *CH4*. Two separate infrared detectors for each *CO2* and *CH4* are included, each operating with a different optical path length and stabilized by referring to a reference detector. The IR source is a highly efficient and stable IR emitter, pulsed at a frequency of several Hertz. By design NDIR technique offers good stability and selectivity together with long life time of sensor (only limited by corrosion or dust, which can be prevented or removed by regular servicing the instrument).
- The instrument is optionally equipped with a number of electro-chemical sensors ECS in order to detect gas components like oxygen *O2* or *H2S*. Those sensors offer a reliable and effective way to detect the target gases. They are typically of limited life time (several years) but may be easily replaced once the end-of-life is reached.
- In regular time intervals the instrument automatically switches to purge the sensors with fresh (ambient) air for re-adjust the zero point.



Picture above: Sample gas flow diagram.

The picture below shows how the analyser should be piped. A ball valve and a prefilter is recommended.



2.5. Special functions of the analyzer

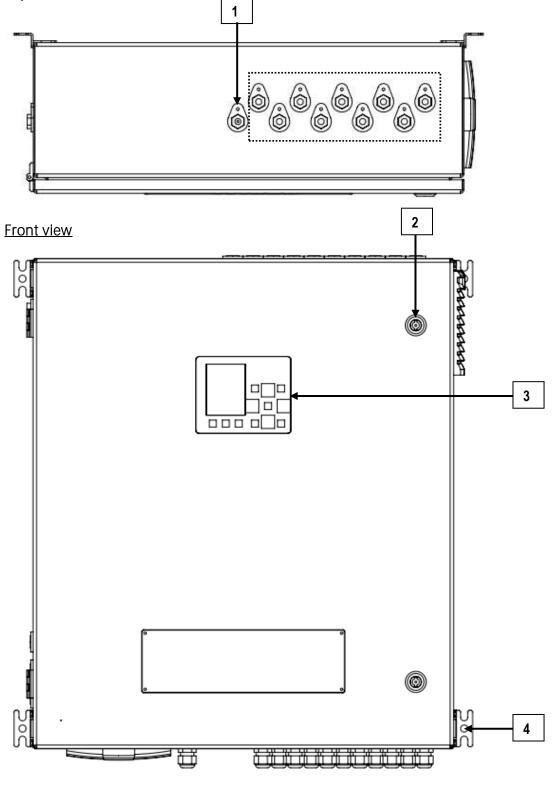
H2Slow sensor protection (optional)

The instrument may be optionally equipped with a H_2S_{low} sensor. As this sensor typically shows limited life time when experiencing high H_2S concentrations, some precautions are taken to protect the sensor:

- The instrument is equipped with a cut-off solenoid value and air purge pump to protect the H_2S_{low} sensor, without impacting the results of all other sensors.
- The purge unit is always activated after 3-10 minutes of active sensor measuring time.
- The measuring time of the H_2S_{low} sensor may be limited to less than 10 minutes by user setting
- The H₂S_{low} sensor may optionally not be included in all measuring cycles of sampling points. Instead the user may configure that the H₂S_{low} sensor is active only added at some of the measurement cycles.

2.6. Physical characteristic of the gas analyzer



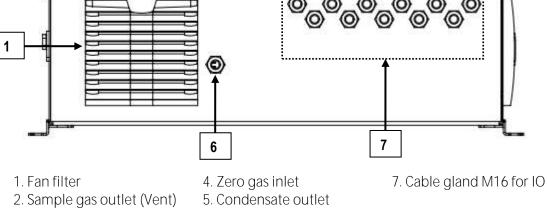


<u>Reference:</u>

- 1. Gas inlet (default x1/optional max.10)
- 2. Cabinet lock
- 3. Operation unit with display

4. Suspension for wall mounting

Right side view Left side view Į 2 6 1 3 4 5 THRE PRO ALABARA **Bottom view** ©_(0 0 0 0 0 0 0 (0) O



- 3. Calibration gas inlet
- 5. Condensate outlet
- 6. Cable gland M16 for power supply

3. Scope of supply and delivery

Your analyzer is delivered in a carton box and is protected with special edge protectors. Please do preserve the packing of your analyzer, for possible return shipment. Inside the attachments box are different fittings:

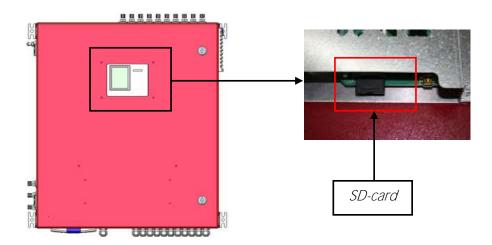
	Quantity	Description	Position
(DD)	1 piece	1/8 G outlet thread for DN4/6mm	Condensate outlet (4)
STO	1 piece	¼ G outlet thread 90°	Sample gas outlet (VENT) (5)
	2 pieces + 1 for every extra sample gas inlet	1/8 G outlet thread / DN 4/6mm	Sample gas inlet (1) Calibration gas inlet (2)
J)	1 piece	Filter 1/8 G outlet thread	Zero gas inlet (3)
0-	1 piece	Cabinet key	Cabinet locks
	2 pieces + 1 for every extra sample gas inlet	Copper seals for the restrictor orifice.	Sample gas inlet (1) Calibration gas inlet (2)

4. SD-card content

Following content are on the SD-Card:

- Ethernet-Converter manual
- Profibus-Converter manual
- GSD-Files for profibus-converter
- SWG100-Bio manual (EN/DE)
- SWG100-Bio ModBus/Profibus specification (EN/DE)

The SD-card can be found in the SD-card slot in the device (see sketch below).



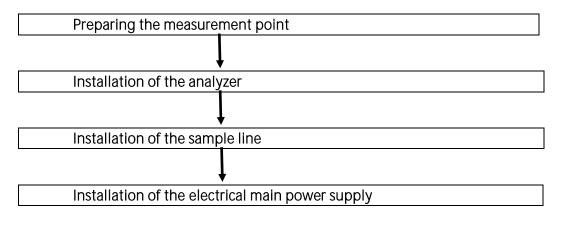
5. Installation manual

5.1. Overview

In this manual the installation of the different parts of the analyzer-system will be explained. An entire analyzer-system consists of these parts:

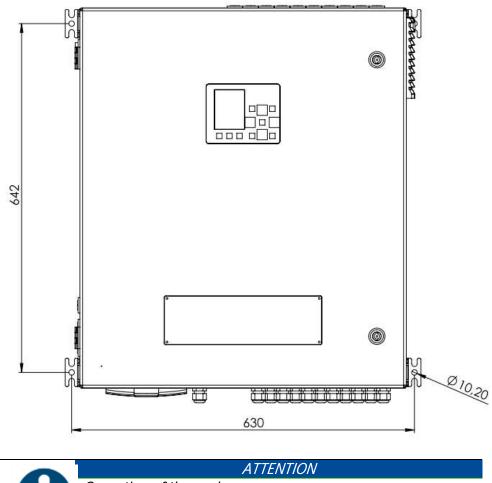
- The analyzer.
- A sample line.

The user has to install these parts correctly and put them together. The following flow chart shows the order of the installation.



5.2. Installation of the analyzer

The analyzer is equipped with adapters for the wall mounting. The dimensions for the wall mounting are shown in picture below.





Operation of the analyzer Only operate the analyzer in an upright position. Only power the device up after it is correctly mounted.

General installation rules

- Mount the device on a solid wall or steel rack.
- Be sure, that the air circulation is not obstructed.
- Let enough room for the tubing or piping.



For outdoor installation

Ensure that the analyzer is mounted on a rain and sun protected place (weather shade).

For indoor installation:

Ensure that the analyzer is installed on a dry and clean place. Be sure that the room is permanently vented with fresh air.

1 • CIL 2 3 Δ Calibration gas inlet () Zero gas inlet 🔞 Condensate outlet () 5 anna a

Connect the VENT gas-outlet of the device to ambient by using adequate tube with min Ø8mm ID.

Reference:

- 1. Fitting for sample gas inlet G1/8
- 2. Fitting for sample gas outlet G1/4
- 3. Fitting with flow restrictor orifice gas inlet G1/8 for calibration gas inlet
- 4. Fitting filter for zero gas inlet G1/8.
- 5. Fitting for condensate outlet

5.3. Connection of main power supply



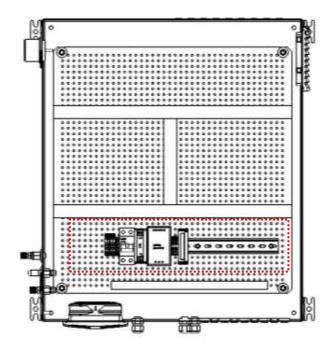
Electric voltage

Power the system down and protect for reconnecting, before start maintenance work.

A WARNING

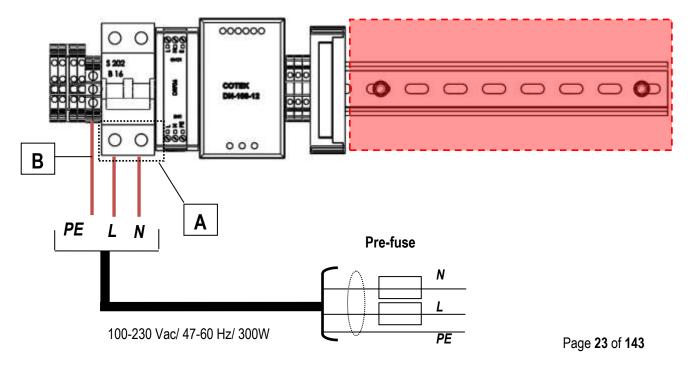
The analyzer needs a main power supply of 100-230 VAC/ 47-60 Hz. The power supply may be found on the DIN-rail. <u>Details:</u>

- L and N phase on the circuit breaker (A in sketch below).
- PE on the connection terminal (**B** in sketch below.)



Position of the DIN-rail. On the DIN-rail can be found:

- Main power supply.
- I/O moduls (max. 10, 1 basic, all other optional)
- H2 TCD (optional).



5.4. I/O modules: Installation and setting

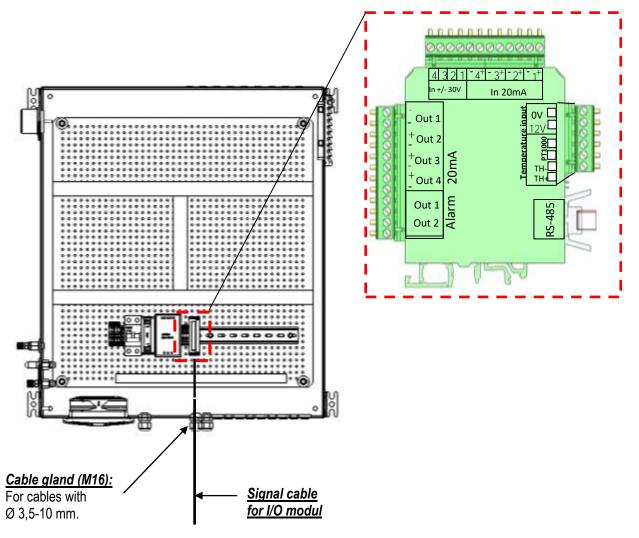
The IO module is for monitors and allows for remote operating of the analyser. An IO module has the following features:

- Transmit 4-20 mA output.
- Trigger alarm outputs.
- Reads one PT1000.
- Reads one thermo couple.
- Reads current inputs signals (for sensors with max. 20 mA output signals).
- Reads voltage input signals (for sensors with max. 30 V output signals).
- External control of the analyser.

Connection of the I/O module

NOTE:

The option IO module can be found at the hat-rail. The position is shown at the sketch below.



analog output current 4-20mA load resistor is max. 5000hm

analog output does not require power supply alarm relays Out1 and Out2 contacts are "fail safe" type:

- open contact in case of alarm or power failure
- closed contact for normal operation

Plug connector definition:



A WARNING

Electric voltage

Power the system down and protect from reconnecting, before starting maintenance work.

Slit screws

<u></u>	
Stripping length:	7 mm
Tightening torque minmax.:	0,5-0,6 Nm

Conductor cross sections, which can be used:

Type of electric line	Conductor cross section min
	max.
Solid	0,2-2,5 mm² (30-12 AWG)
Stranded	0,2-2,5 mm² (30-12 AWG)
Solid with ferrule (with/ or without	0,25-2,5 mm ²
plastic)	

Information for cables, which go through the cable gland M16:

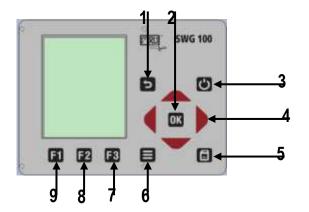
It is recommended to use only electric lines with ferrules.

6. Operation of the analyzer (HMI)

6.1. Display and keypad

All information required to operate the analyzer is displayed as shown below.

1	Menu indication bar		
	- "air purging" or		(4) (5)
	- "gas sampling" or		ŤŤ
	- "measurement"	0-	This peopleg 2:50 @ SP2
2	Function key bar		CH4 60.30
	- F1 "sample point"		02 0.29
	- F2 "storage"		H25 197
	- F3 "extras"	(3)-	11
3	Display area of	0	[W] JO.29
	- Menu		CH4 ambient 0.4
	- Measurement value	1421	CH4 ambient 0.02
4	SD-Card symbol	2-	Sample point starage ertras
	- Indication green \rightarrow read- and write access		
	- Indication yellow \rightarrow only read access (SD-Card write protected)		
5	Sample point number		



#	Symbol	Description
1	Ð	ESC: abort or return to the menu above
2	Ð	Prepare Power-Down : Press this key before you disconnect mains. The analyzer will store changed user settings and other operational data and will purge the sensors
3		Arrow keys: context dependent functions, e.g. scroll in between lines, change values, change view.
4	OK	OK : confirmation key, select a marked menu point.
5	SD	Screen shot: press this key in order to store a screen shot of the current display contents onto the SD card.
6		Menu key : Will show all available functions in the window that is currently in use – also those which have an individual key on the key pad like the printer and the three function keys.
7-9	F1 F2 F3	Function Keys : Activates the functions seen on the display (2 function key bar)

7. Analyzer commissioning manual

After the first start of the analyzer it is necessary to make some settings at the analyzer. These settings are:

- Check the country and language.
- Check the date and time of the instrument.
- Configuration of the alarm relays.
- Configuration of the Modbus.
- Configuration of the external control via relay contacts (IO module).
- Configuration of the analog outputs at the I/O module.
- Configuration of the AUX inputs at the I/O module.
- Configuration of the alarm outputs at the I/O module.
- Configuration of the auto calibration.

7.1. Check country and language

Important note:

In case the analyzer shows a language, you don't understand, you may swap the language to English by pressing the menu key and selecting the function 'Set English language'.

Use the menu Extras – General Settings.

The analyser will automatically set some country-typical parameters like the language, the date format, the temperature unit, the daylight-savings time function and the CSV-export settings.

7.2. Check date and time of the instrument

The analyzer stores automatically measurement values including timestamps. Therefore the instruments' system clock should be set correctly.

```
Use the menu Extras – General Settings – Date & Time.
```

In case the date & time is not correct, press the key *F2*=modify, change date & time and then press the key *F2*=store.

Note:

According to the selected country (see previous chapter) the analyzer automatically switches the daylight saving time in spring and autumn. This function is active for most European countries. Whenever the daylight-saving time is currently active, then you'll see a '*' in the time line of the menu, thus 'Time *' instead of 'Time'.

7.3. Configuration of the alarm relays

On the main PCB there is one "system alarm" relay with "fail safe" NC contact. The following errors will turn the relay from NC to NO.

- 1. Main board is offline (internal RS485 bus communication failure)
- 2. Main board is in the "bootloader" phase
- 3. Gas leakage inside analyzer cabinet (CH4 > 20% to 50% LEL)
- 4. Condensate alarm (contacts resistance $< 35k\Omega$)
- 5. Low fan rotation (speed rotation < 900U/min)
- 6. Sample flow alarm (sample flow < 20 l/h)
- 7. Gas cooler high alarm (temperature $> +10^{\circ}$ C)
- 8. Gas cooler low alarm (temperature $< +2^{\circ}$ C)
- 9. Cabinet high temperature (> +55°C)
- **10**. Cabinet low temperature (< +5°C)

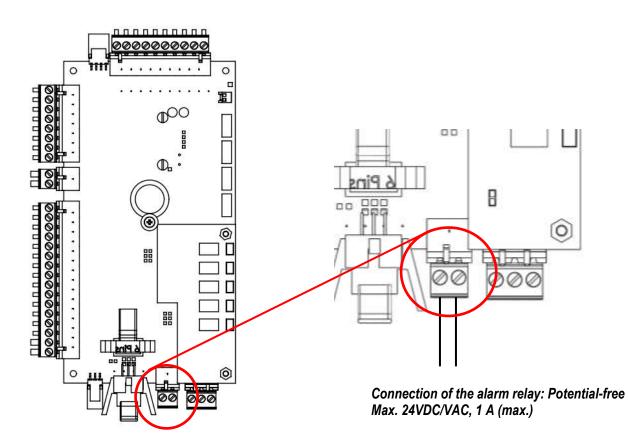
Errors 1 to 5 alarm will force a measurement stop (all analog outputs are on hold or at 2mA, depending on configuration).

Errors 5 to 10 will be displayed as warning message only; analog outputs of active sampling point are live, all others are on hold.



ATTENTION

Analyzer system alarm relay is a potential-free contact, which max. 24VDC/VAC and a current of 1A (max.)



Plug connector definition for the system alarm relay

Slit screws	
Stripping length:	7 mm
Tightening torque minmax.:	0,5-0,6 Nm

Conductor cross sections, which can be used:

Type of electric line	Conductor cross section minmax.
Solid	0,2-2,5 mm ² (30-12 AWG)
Stranded	0,2-2,5 mm² (30-12 AWG)
Solid with ferrule (with/ or without plastic)	0,25-2,5 mm ²

Information for cables, which go through the cable gland M16:

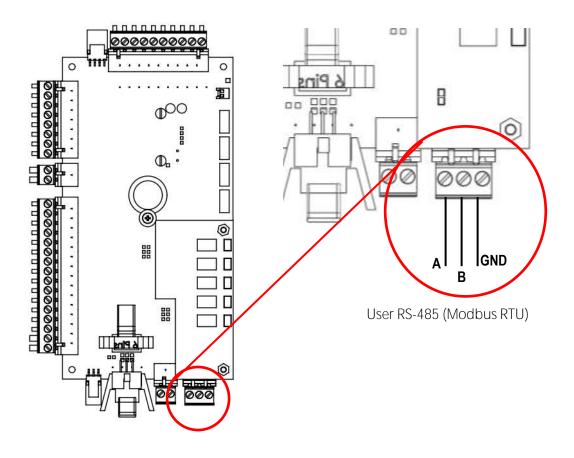
It is recommended to use only electric lines with ferrules.

Following analyzer errors will produce a system alarm (open contact of System Alarm relay)

7.4. Configuration of the Modbus

The Mobdbus connector can be found on the PCB-mainboard (see sketch below).

NOTE: for specification of Modbus (RTU) data transfer over RS485, please observe appendix.



Plug connector definition for the system alarm relay

Slit screws	
Stripping length:	7 mm
Tightening torque minmax.:	0,5-0,6 Nm

Conductor cross sections, which can be used:

Type of electric line	Conductor cross section min
	max.
Solid	0,2-2,5 mm ² (30-12 AWG)
Stranded	0,2-2,5 mm ² (30-12 AWG)
Solid with ferrule (with/ or without plastic)	0,25-2,5 mm ²

Information for cables, which go through the cable gland M16:

It is recommended to use only electric lines with ferrules.

Configuration at the analyzer

- 1. Open the path Extras/General Settings.
- 2. Press *F3*"Modbus".
- 3. The Modbus store settings will be open. The user can commission the slave's settings.

General settings 🛛 🗄 🛚		Notices share settings	ΞC
LCD brightness 60 %		Madbus slave settings	
Country International			
Language English		Baud rate	19200
Keyboard beep ON		Slave address	238
Request admin-PIN OFF	V	Stop bits	1
Service message OFF	modbus	Parity	even
External control relais	moubos	Data bits	8
Thresh.cond.alarm [kQ] 80			
	6.2	Request count	4954
date & time est.ctrl. modbos	r 3	return	

The following settings can be set:

- Baud rate.
- Slave address.
- Stop bits.
- Parity.
- Data bits.

8 Binding to a process control system: I/O modules

The IO module is a necessary module for the signal forwarding, into a control room. This module is an interface for signal transmitting, remote operating and to read signals, from extern transducers.

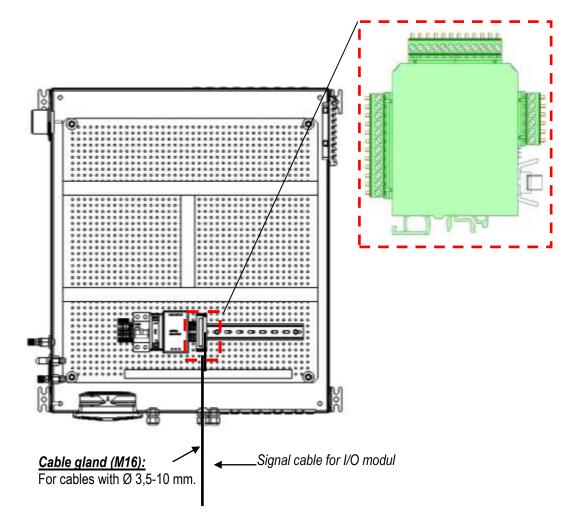
An IO module has the following features:

- Transmit 4-20 mA output.
- Trigger alarm outputs.
- Reads one PT1000.
- Reads one thermocouple.
- Reads current inputs signals (for sensors with max. 20 mA output signals).
- Reads voltage input signals (for sensors with max. 30 V output signals).
- External control of the analyzer.

8.1. Position of the IO module inside the analyzer

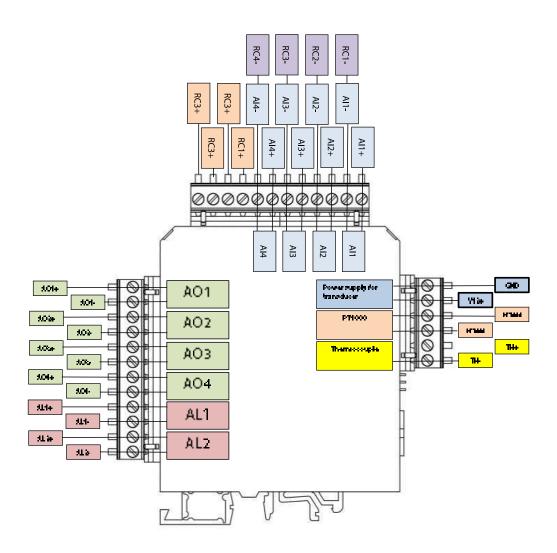
At the basic SWG100, one IO module is integrated. Optionally, an analyzer can be equipped with further IO modules (max. 10).

The IO module(s) are installed on the hat-rail (position: see sketch below).



8.2. Pin assignment

The follow pin assignment-plan shows where the different pins for the interfaces can be found and which pins has a double occupancy.

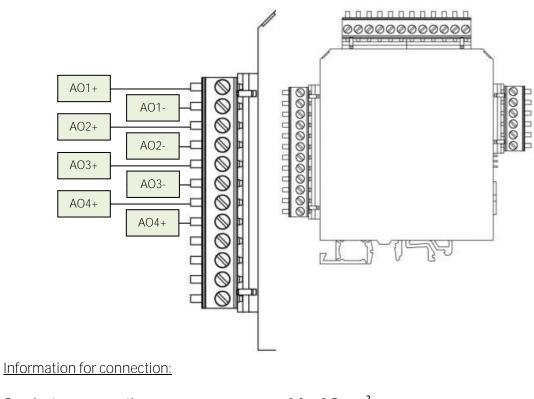


Description	Abbrevation	Pin	max. external Voltage	max. Load (for outputs)	Internal load (in inputs)	Double occupancy
Analog-Outputs 4-20 mA	A01	A01+		max. 500R		No
		A01-		max. 500R		No
	AO2	AO2+		max. 500R		No
		AO2-		max. 500R		No
	AO3	AO3+		max. 500R		No
		AO3-		max. 500R		No
alo	AO4	AO4+		max. 500R		No
An		AO4-		max. 500R		No
Alarmoutput s	AL1	AL1+	24 VDC			No
		AL1-	24 VDC			No
	AL2	AL2+	24 VDC			No
		AL2-	24 VDC			No
Analog-Input 4-20 mA	PWROUT	V12+				No
		GND				No
	AL1	Al1+			50R	No
		Al1-			50R	RC1-
	AL2	AI2+			50R	No
		AI2-			50R	RC2-
	AL3	AI3+			50R	No
		AI3-			50R	RC3-
	AL4	Al4+			50R	No
		Al4-			50R	RC4-
Remote control	RC1	RC1+				No
		RC1-				AL1-
	RC2	RC2+				No
		RC2-				AL2-
	RC3	RC3+				No
		RC3-				AL3-
	RC4	RC4+				No
		RC4-				AL4-
Analog-Input 0-10V	AVL1	AVL1+				JMP1_out
		AVL1-				JMP2_out
	AVL2	AVL2+				JMP3_out
An		AVL2-				JMP4_out

8.3. Analog outputs 4-20 mA

Hardware-side

Every IO module has four 4...20 mA outputs. The outputs are marked at with the green labels.

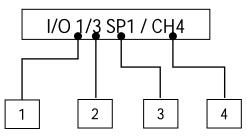


Conductor cross section: Max. Load (for output): **0,2...2,5 mm²** 500 Ohm

Software-settings

- Open the menu: Extras/Analog output configuration (1).
- The overview screen appears. This menu shows, how much analog-outputs are available and how the analog outputs are occupied.

At the overview screen all analog-outputs are listed. The amount of the analog-outputs is dependent from the amount of the installed IO-modules. Every IO module has 4 analog-outputs. If two IO modules are installed, the entire amount of analog-outputs is eight. At the list, the user finds the information which analog signal is carry out at which analog-output channel. The follow list-notation can be found (example):

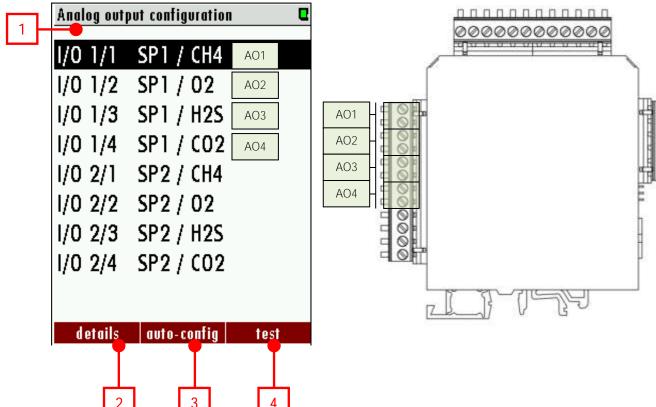


<u>Reference:</u>

- 1. The number of the IO module. 1 means, first IO module.
- 2. The value of the analog-output. 3 means, the third analog-output.
- 3. The sample point, from where the signal comes. SP1 means, the first sample point.
- 4. The signal-name. CH4 means, that this analog-output transfers CH4 signal.

This example means: At the third channel of the first IO module, the CH4 signal from the first sample point will be transferred.

At the sketch below, the menu-screen and the analog-outputs at the first, of two IO modules are shown.

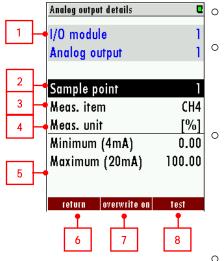


- List of the installed analog output ports (1): At this list the operator can select, which analog-output should be configured. To select an analogoutput, move the up/down arrow keys.
- <u>Details (2)</u>: Here the operator can open the configuration screen for the selected output port. To open the details-menu, push *F1* or *OK*.
- <u>Auto configuration (3)</u>: If the operator pushes this key (F2) the output pins would be configured by default values.
- <u>Test (4)</u>: The test-menu is for testing the analog outputs. To open the testmenu, push F3 or OK.

The navigation inside the menu taken place with the *up/down* arrow keys. With the *OK* key, the analog-output can be edited:

Analog ovtj	out configuration	0		Analog output details	C
1/0 1/1	SP1 / CH4			I/O module	1
1/0 1/2	SP1 / 02			Analog output	1
1/0 1/3	SP1 / H2S				
I/0 1/4	SP1 / CO2			Sample point	1
1/0 2/1	SP2 / CH4			Meas. item	CH4
1/0 2/2	SP2 / 02			Meas. unit	[%]
1/0 2/3	SP2 / H2S		For navigation	Minimum (4mA)	0.00
1/0 2/4	SP2 / CO2		and selection	Maximum (20mA)	100.00
details	auto-config	test		K return overwrite on	test

The settings for an analog-output can be change in the "Analog output details" menu. See the screenshot below.



- <u>Section (1)</u>: Shows the operator, which analog-output will be changed.
- <u>Sample point (2)</u>: The operator can select the sample point. This means, that the analog-output signal from the choose sample point will be transmitted to the process control system.
- <u>Meas. Item (3):</u> At this point the operator selects the measurement item, which should be transmitted. At the chart below, the typical measurements items are listed. Basically, all measurement-channels, which can be measured, can be selected at this point.
- <u>Meas. Unit (4)</u>: This point shows, which unit the transmit signal have. This point cannot be changed.
- <u>Minimum (4mA) (5)</u>: Here the operator entering the equivalent measurement value, for a current of 4 mA.
- <u>Maximum (20mA) (5)</u>: Here the operator entering the equivalent measurement

value, for a current of 20 mA. The IO module will create the linear relation.

- <u>Return (6)</u>: Leave the menu. Alternate push F1.
- <u>Overwrite on (7)</u>: A function to simulate values. If the overwrite function is activated, the set value will be transferred to the DCS.
- o <u>*Test (8):*</u> Further to a test-menu. Alternate push F3.

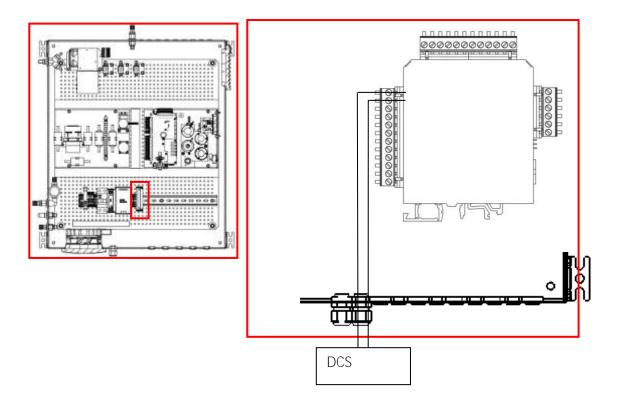
1. Example: 4-20 mA signal outputs to control room

Starting position:

A plan wants to read the measurement values from the CO2 channel to their DCS¹. The SWG100 has only one IO module and three sample points. All outputs are free. The CO2 values from the second sample point should be logged in the control room.

Follow steps must be done to do this:

1. Wiring the analog-output 1 with the DCS: Wiring the analog-output (AO1+/AO1-) with the DCS. For this, use a wiring with a conductor cross section between 0,2...2,5 mm².



2. In the next step output 1 must be configured at the SWG100. To do this, open the menu: EXTRAS/ CONFIGURATE ANALOG OUTPUTS. The following menu overview will be appeared (see screenshot below). To configure the IO1, select the first record (channel I/O 1/1 SP1 / CH4) in the list and open it.

¹ DCS=Distributed Control System

Extras menu 🗨		Analog	outpu	ut configuration	۵
General settings		I/O 1,	/1	SP1 / CH4	
Measurement configuration		1/0 1,	/2	SP1 / 02	
Measurement cycle config.		1/0 1,	/3	SP1 / H2S	
Analog output configuration	•	I/O 1,	/4	SP1 / CO2	
Alarm output configuration		1/0 2,	/1	SP2 / CH4	
AUX input configuration		I/0 2,	/2	SP2 / 02	
Adjustment menu		I/0 2,	/3	SP2 / H2S	
Default settings		I/0 2,	/4	SP2 / CO2	
Contents SD card					
		deta	ails	auto-config	test

3. The follow screen appears. To configurate the channel 1, the red marked positions must be changed:

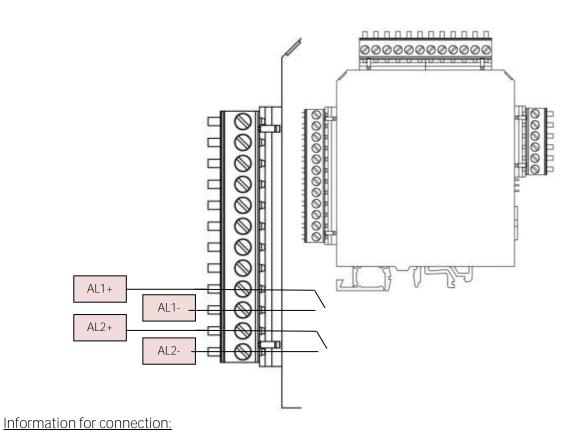
Analog output details	C		Analog output details	٩
I/O module	1		I/O module	1
Analog output	1		Analog output	1
				-
Sample point		•	Sample point	2
Meas. item	CH4	•	Meas. item	C02
Meas. unit	[%]		Meas. unit	[%]
Minimum (4mA)	0.00		Minimum (4mA)	0.00
Maximum (20mA)	100.00	← →	Maximum (20mA)	100.00
	test	ОК	return overwrite on	test
return overwrite on	test			1631

• In the last step the menu must be closed. Confirm the store message. The 4-20 mA output is now configuring.

8.4. Alarm outputs

Hardware side:

Every IO module has two alarm outputs. The position of the alarm-outputs are marked with the red labels.

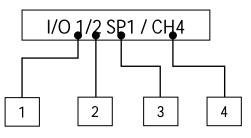


Conductor cross section: Relays-type: Voltage supply: 0,2...2,5 mm² Normally open max. 24 VDC

Software-side

- Open the menu: Extras/Analog output configuration (1).
- The overview screen appears. This menu shows, how much alarm-outputs are available and how the alarm outputs are occupied.

At the overview screen all alarm-outputs are listed. The amount of the alarm-outputs is dependent from the amount of the installed IO-modules. Every IO module has 2 alarm-outputs. If two IO modules are installed, the entire amount of alarm-outputs is four. At the list, the user finds the information which alarm signal is carry out at which alarm-output channel. The follow list-notation can be found (example):

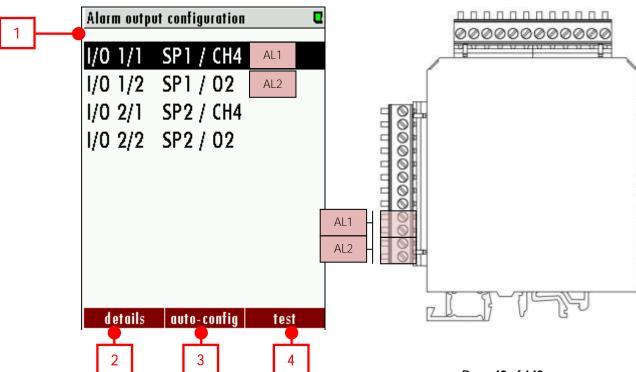


<u>Reference:</u>

- 1. The number of the IO module. 1 means, first IO module.
- 2. The value of the alarm-output. 3 means, the second alarm-output.
- 3. The sample point, from where the signal come. SP1 means, the first sample point.
- 4. The signal-name. CH4 means, that this alarm-output monitors the CH4 channel.

This example means: At the second channel of the first IO module, the CH4 signal from the first sample point will be transferred.

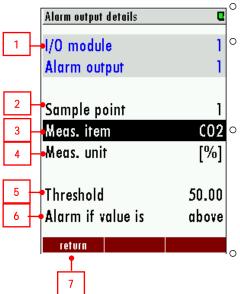
At the sketch below, the menu-screen and the analog-outputs at the first, of two IO modules are shown.



- <u>List of the installed alarmoutput ports (1)</u>: At this list the operator can select, which alarm output should be configured.
- <u>Details (2)</u>: Here the operator can open the configuration screen for the selected alarm output. To open the details-menu, push *F1* or *OK*.
- <u>Auto configuration (3)</u>: If the operator pushes this key (F2) the output pins would be configured by default values.
- <u>Test (4)</u>: The test-menu is for testing the alarm outputs. To open the testmenu, push F3 or OK.

Alarm outp	ut configuration 🛛 🛛		Alarm output details	٩
I/O 1/1	SP1 / CH4		I/O module	1
1/0 1/2	SP1 / 02		Alarm output	1
	SP2 / CH4			
1/0 2/2	SP2 / 02		Sample point	1
			Meas. item	C02
			Meas. unit	[%]
		For navigation and selection	Threshold Alarm if value is	50.00 above
details	auto-config test		return	

The settings for an alarm-output can be changed in the "Alarm output details" menu. See the screenshot below.



<u>Section (1)</u>: Shows the operator, which alarm-output will be change.

<u>Sample point (2)</u>: The operator can select the sample point. This means, that the alarm-output signal from the choose sample point will be transmitted to the process control system.

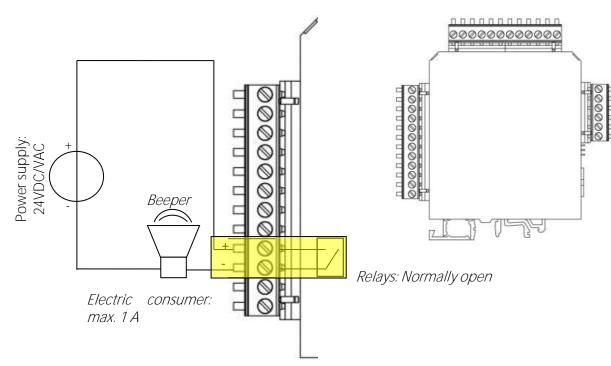
- <u>Meas. Item (3):</u> At this point the operator selects the measurement item, which should be monitored. At the chart below, the typical measurements items are counted. Basically, all measurementchannels, which can be measured, can be selected at this point.
- <u>Meas. Unit (4):</u> This point shows, which unit the transmit signal have. This point cannot be changed.
- *<u>Threshold (5)</u>*: Here the threshold will be determined.
- <u>Alarm of value is (6)</u>: The operator can determine, if the alarm will be triggered *above* the determine threshold, or *below* the threshold.
- <u>Return (7)</u>: Leave the menu. Alternate push F1.

2. <u>Example: Alarm output to control room</u> Starting position:

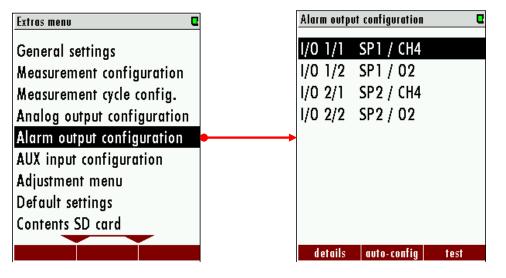
A warning light should be installed inside the plan. It should be power up, if the H2S concentration is *over* 550 ppm in the *sample point 2*. The SWG100 has *one IO module*. Both alarm outputs are not connected.

Follow steps must be done:

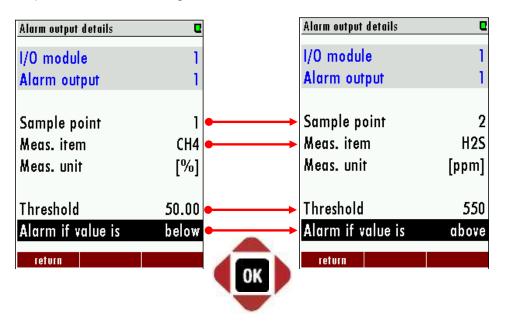
• Both alarm outputs are equipped with a potential-free relay. The maximal voltage of the power supply is 24 VDC. So, the operator must provide a 24 VDC power supply and a warning light, which works with 24 VDC.



- Connect the parts with the relay inside the IO module.
- In the next step the alarm 1 must be configured at the SWG100. To do this, open the menu: EXTRAS/ ALARM OUTPUT CONFIGURATION. The following menu overview will be appeared (see screenshot below). To configure the alarm 1, select the first record (channel I/O 1/1 SP1 / CH4) in the list and open it.



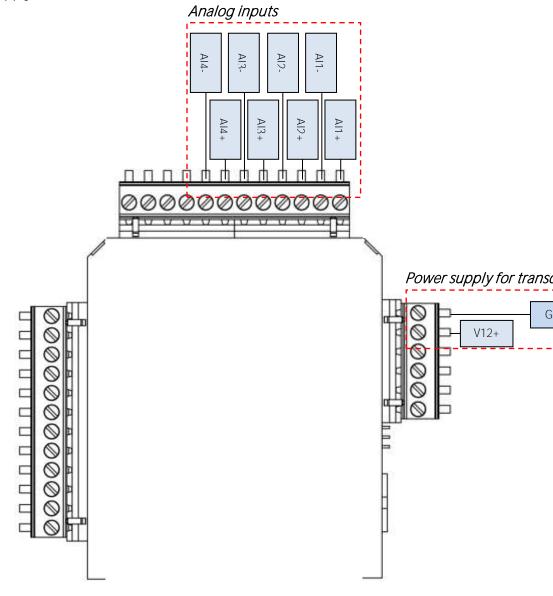
• The follow screen appears. To configurate the channel 1, the red marked positions must be changed:



8.5. Analog inputs (4-20 mA)

Hardware-side:

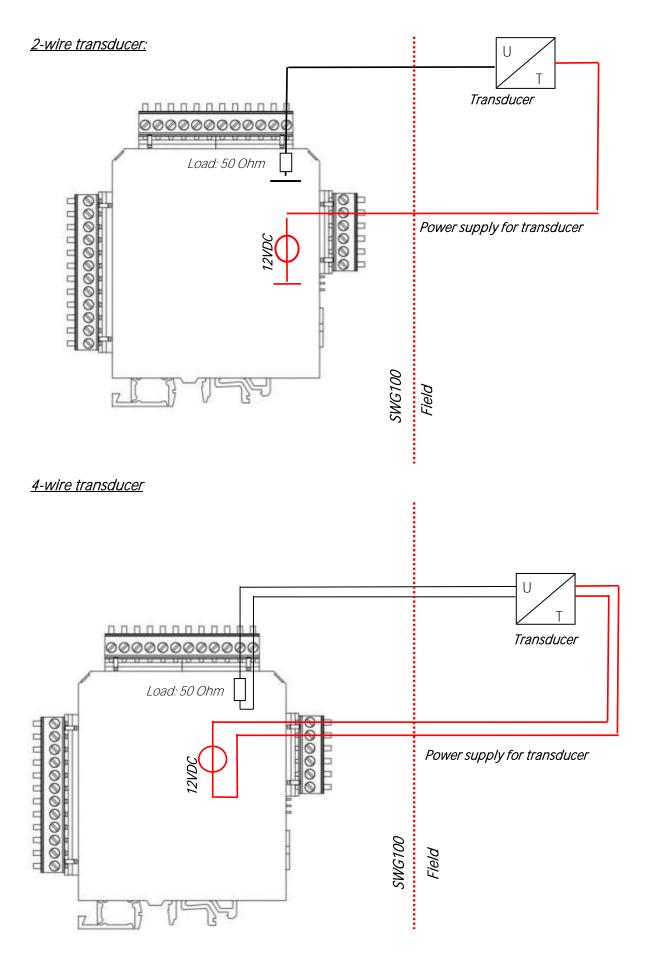
The analog inputs are on the top of the IO module. They are marked with a blue label. Through the help of the analog inputs, the IO module can read all common 4-20 mA transducer in the analyzer directly. The IO module has a separate 12 V power source, for the supply of the transducer. At the sketch below, the inputs and the power supply, for the transducer are marked.



Information:

Internal Load: Power supply for transducer: 50 Ohm 12VDC / 200 mA

The sketches below show how the common transducer can connect to the IO module.



Software-side

- Open the menu: Extras/Aux INPUT CONFIGURATION (1).
- The overview screen appears. At the overview-screen, the installed AUXinputs are listed. Every IO module has four AUX-inputs. At the default settings all AUX-inputs are deactivated (OFF at the overview-screen).
- To activate an AUX-input, push F1 (=details). The different IO-inputs can be selected with the up/down arrow keys.
- After one AUX-input is selected, the measurement item must be activated. To do this, turn the measurement item from OFF to definable.
- The measurement item "definable" is an individually measurement configuration, where the user can configure by himself.

The measurement item "definable" is an individual configuration channel. The menu "AUX input details" contains some pre-configurated settings, like for temperature, or pressure sensors.

AUX input configuratio	in 🗨	A	AUX input details	۵		AUX input details	
1/0 1/1	OFF	I	I/O module	1		I/O module	1
1/0 1/2	OFF		AUX input	i		AUX input	1
1/0 1/3	OFF		ion inpor				
1/0 1/4	OFF	17	Meas. item	OFF		Meas. item	definable
					_	ltem name	Aux-1-
		OK			OK	Meas. unit	
					UN	Sample point	a
						Minimum (4mA)	0.000
		+			+	Maximum (20mA)	1.000
details	auto-config		ON			OFF	

The structure of the menu "AUX input details", for the channel "definable" is given at the screenshot below.

	AUX input details	C.
1	I/O module	1
	AUX input	1
2	Meas. item	definable
3 -	ltem name	Aux-1-1
4	Meas. unit	
	Sample point	all
5	Minimum (4mA)	0.0000
6	Maximum (20mA)	1.0000
	OFF	
	Î.	
	7	

<u>Section (1):</u> Show the operator, which analog-input will be changed.

<u>Meas. item (2)</u>: The operator can select the sample point. This means, that the analog-output signal from the choose sample point will be transmitted to the process control system.

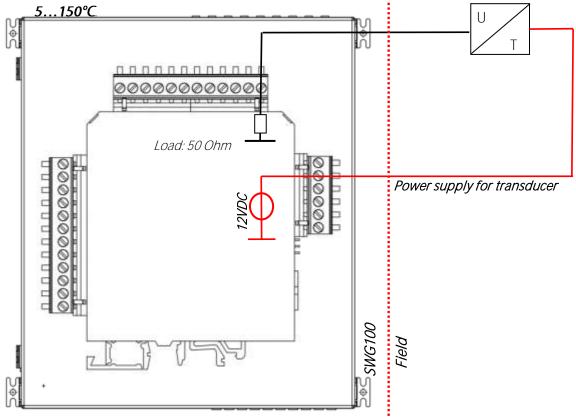
<u>Item name (3)</u>: At this point the operator selects the measurement item, which should be transmitted. At the chart below, the typical measurements items are counted. Basically, all measurement-channels, which can be measured, can be selected at this point.

<u>*Meas. unit (4):*</u> The dimension of the measurement item (example: %,ppm...)

- <u>Sample point (5):</u> This point shows, which unit the transmit signal have. This point cannot be changed.
- <u>Minimum (4mA) (6)</u>: Here the operator entering the equivalent measurement value, for a current of 4 mA.
- <u>Maximum (20mA) (6)</u>: Here the operator entering the equivalent measurement value, for a current of 20 mA. The IO module will create the linear relation.
- <u>OFF (6):</u> Leave the menu. Alternate push F2.

Example: Read 4-20 mA signal from an external temperature sensor

An operator wants to read an external temperature sensor signal inside a SWG100. The temperature sensor gives a 4-20 mA signal out and needs *a 7-30 VDC power source*. It will use *a two-wire transducer*. The temperature range is between -



After the sensor is connected to the IO-module correctly, the sensor must be configured at the SWG100.

• Open the menu: AUX-input configuration. This menu can be found at the path: Extras/AUX-input.

Extras menu 🔍	AUX input configuration	Q
General settings	1/0 1/1	OFF
Measurement configuration	1/0 1/2	OFF
Measurement cycle config.	1/0 1/3	OFF
Analog output configuration	1/0 1/4	OFF
Alarm output configuration		
AUX input configuration		
Adjustment menu		
Default settings		
Contents SD card		
	dotails	auto confia
	details	auto-config

- First the operator sees an overview, which shows with kinds of sensors are mounted at the IO-module. In this example, there is no transducer mounted at the SWG100.
- To configure a new sensor, push *F1*.

- The follow screen appears. Here, the sensor can get an individual name.
- At the toolbar, the operator can select the options:
 - Details (F1): Here the select analog-inputs can be configured. If *F1* is pressed the follow screen appears.

AUX input configuration	Ľ	AUX input details	
1/0 1/1	OFF	I/O module	
1/0 1/2	OFF	AUX input	
1/0 1/3	OFF		
1/0 1/4	OFF	Meas. item	OFF
details	auto-config	ON	

This screen means, that no transducer is configurated. Meas. Item is OFF (default). With the ON key (F2) or the arrow right/ left key, the operator can skip inside the menu.

- If the AUX input is activated, the follow screen appears. At this screen the operator can define the incoming signal.
 - Meas. Item: This is the skip menu-point. Push the right/ left arrow key, to activate another define AUXinput.
 - Item name: Here the operator can enter a name for the AUX-input. To enter a name, press the OK key. An alphabet will appear, where the operator can enter a name.

8.6. Analyser states

The IO module , of the analyser, can read out the status of the analyser. To set this feature, open the path: EXTRAS / ANALOG OUTPUT DETAILS (see pictures below).

Ectros meno	Analog ovt	ot configuration		Analog output	details		Analog ovt	pot configuration	
General settings	I/O 1/1	SP1 / 02		I/O modul	e	1	1/0 1/1	live / Analy	ser state
Measurement configuration	1/0 1/2	SP1 / CO2		Analog ou	tput	1	1/0 1/2	SP1 / CO2	
Measurement cycle config.	1/0 1/3	SP1 / CO					1/0 1/9	SP1 / CO	
Analog output configuration	1/0 1/4	SP1 / NO		Sample pa	oint	live value	1/0 1/4	SP1 / NO	
Alarm output configuration				Meas, iten	n A	nalyser state			
AUX input configuration				Meas, unit					
Back purgs configuration				Minimum	(4mA)	0			
Adjustment manu				Marimum	(20mA	.) 16			
Default settings						-			
syst. alarm	details	auto-cardig	lat	ntun	mennite	on fest	details	outo-cunlig	Test

Each 1 mA steps represent a function. The chart below shows the different states:

#	mA-Signal	Function
0	4,0 mA	Power-On / self test
1	5,0 mA	Measuring sample point 1
2	6,0 mA	Measuring sample point 2
3	7,0 mA	Measuring sample point 3
4	8,0 mA	Measuring sample point 4
5	9,0 mA	Measuring sample point 5
6	10,0 mA	Measuring sample point 6
7	11,0 mA	Measuring sample point 7
8	12,0 mA	Measuring sample point 8
9	13,0 mA	Measuring sample point 9
10	14,0 mA	Measuring sample point 10
11	15,0 mA	Zeroing
12	16,0 mA	Gas sampling (from any sample point)
13	17,0 mA	System Alarm (measurement halted)
14	18,0 mA	Manual calibration in progress
15	19,0 mA	Automatic calibration in progress
16	20,0 mA	Stand-By

8.7. Configuration of the external control (Option: IO module)

This feature requires an I/O module (optional) and the function must be activated.

This feature can be used for the external control of the analyser. With the help of the external control follow operations can be done:

- Externally controlled sampling point selection,
- Stand-by.

The commands will be given by a 4-bit binary number, which will be built through four external signals. The pins for the signal are shown in the sketch below. It exists two different types to set the four pins:

- Potential free relay contacts.
- 4-20 mA signal inputs.
- Through one 4...20mA input.
- Through Modbus.

The settings-menu can be found at the path: EXTRAS/GENERAL SETTINGS \rightarrow EXTERNAL CONTROL.

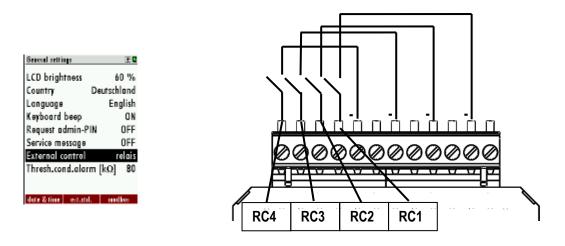
The user can set three different types for the external control. The types can be found at the sketch below.

General settings	e	External control	relais
LCD brightness Country Inte	60 % ernational	External control	4 x mA
Language Keyboard beep	English ON	External control	l x mA
Request admin-PIN Service message	OFF OFF	External control	Modbus
External control Thresh.cond.alarm			
Gas cooler date & time	5°C		

Connection of the external control via relay contact

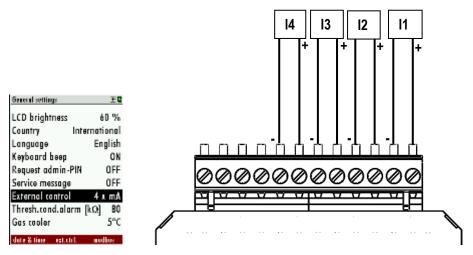
This feature can be used for externally controlled sampling point selection, zeroing and stand-by, using external potential free relay contacts, see also diagram in \$4.4 The relay contacts build a 4-bit binary number: **RC4 - RC3 - RC2 - RC1 open=0**, **closed=1**.

Let us show this number 'status number'.



Status of external signal source		Status number	Description		
RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	-	-
0	0	0	0	0	Automatic sampling point switching
0	0	0	1	1	Analyzer is sampling the point SP1 (*1, *2)
0	0	1	0	2	Analyzer is sampling the point SP2 (*1, *2)
0	0	1	1	3	Analyzer is sampling the point SP3 (*1, *2)
0	1	0	0	4	Analyzer is sampling the point SP4 (*1, *2)
0	1	0	1	5	Analyzer is sampling the point SP5 (*1, *2)
0	1	1	0	6	Analyzer is sampling the point SP6 (*1, *2)
0	1	1	1	7	Analyzer is sampling the point SP7 (*1, *2)
1	0	0	0	8	Analyzer is sampling the point SP8 (*1, *2)
1	0	0	1	9	Analyzer is sampling the point SP9 (*1, *2)
1	0	1	0	10	Analyzer is sampling the point SP10 (*1, *2)
1	0	1	1	11	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
1	1	0	0	12	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
1	1	0	1	13	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
1	1	1	0	14	Remote reset of all system alarms
1	1	1	1	15	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)

Connection of the external control via 4-20 mA input signals

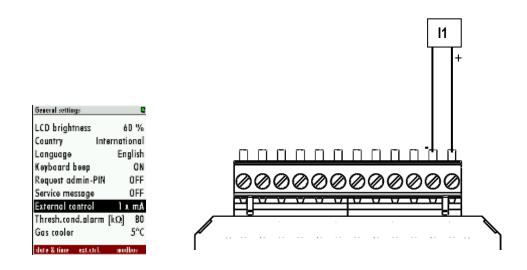


The signal inputs built a 4-bit binary number: I4 - I3 - I2 - I1: 0-11 mA=open=0; 11/12-20 mA=closed=1.

ex	tern	tus o al sig urce		Status number	Description
14	13	12	11	-	-
0	0	0	0	0	Automatic sampling point switching
0	0	0	1	1	Analyzer is sampling the point SP1 (*1, *2)
0	0	1	0	2	Analyzer is sampling the point SP2 (*1, *2)
0	0	1	1	3	Analyzer is sampling the point SP3 (*1, *2)
0	1	0	0	4	Analyzer is sampling the point SP4 (*1, *2)
0	1	0	1	5	Analyzer is sampling the point SP5 (*1, *2)
0	1	1	0	6	Analyzer is sampling the point SP6 (*1, *2)
0	1	1	1	7	Analyzer is sampling the point SP7 (*1, *2)
1	0	0	0	8	Analyzer is sampling the point SP8 (*1, *2)
1	0	0	1	9	Analyzer is sampling the point SP9 (*1, *2)
1	0	1	0	10	Analyzer is sampling the point SP10 (*1, *2)
1	0	1	1	11	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
1	1	0	0	12	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
1	1	0	1	13	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
1	1	1	0	14	Remote reset of all system alarms
1	1	1	1	15	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)

Connection of the external control via one 4-20 mA input signal

The user can control the analyzer with only <u>the first</u> 4-20mA input (see sketch below). The different commands will be given by the changing of the current signal. The offset-signal is 4 mA. Every 1 mA step describes a condition of for the external control. Overall the analyzer can take 16 different statuses. The first status is by 5 mA (4 mA+1 mA) the second is by 6 mA (4 mA + 2 mA) and so on until the 20mA signal is reached.



The connection of the one 4-20 mA signal is a two-wire connection.

Status of external signal source I [mA]	Status number	Description
4	0	Automatic sampling point switching
5	1	Analyzer is sampling the point SP1 (*1, *2)
6	2	Analyzer is sampling the point SP2 (*1, *2)
7	3	Analyzer is sampling the point SP3 (*1, *2)
8	4	Analyzer is sampling the point SP4 (*1, *2)
9	5	Analyzer is sampling the point SP5 (*1, *2)
10	6	Analyzer is sampling the point SP6 (*1, *2)
11	7	Analyzer is sampling the point SP7 (*1, *2)
12	8	Analyzer is sampling the point SP8 (*1, *2)
13	9	Analyzer is sampling the point SP9 (*1, *2)
14	10	Analyzer is sampling the point SP10 (*1, *2)
15	11	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
16	12	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
17	13	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)
18	14	Remote reset of all system alarms
19	15	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)

0
60 %
ternational
English
ON
ON
OFF
Modbus
[kΩ] 80
5°C / 41°F

Connection of the external control via Modbus

A further option is, to control the external control via Modbus. To do this, follow steps must be done:

- Connect the RS485 to Modbus converter to the Modbus connector found at the main pcb. A description can be found in the chapter 7.4.
- Set the external control: Open the menu point "General settings": Extras/General settings. Select the menu-point "External control"→Modbus.
- The master writes a value on the address 6000, the value is the same than with external control via digital or analog inputs:

Status number values	Description							
0	Automatic sampling point switching							
1	Analyzer is sampling the point SP1 (*1, *2)							
2	Analyzer is sampling the point SP2 (*1, *2)							
3	Analyzer is sampling the point SP3 (*1, *2)							
4	Analyzer is sampling the point SP4 (*1, *2)							
5	Analyzer is sampling the point SP5 (*1, *2)							
6	Analyzer is sampling the point SP6 (*1, *2)							
7	Analyzer is sampling the point SP7 (*1, *2)							
8	Analyzer is sampling the point SP8 (*1, *2)							
9	Analyzer is sampling the point SP9 (*1, *2)							
10	Analyzer is sampling the point SP10 (*1, *2)							
11	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)							
12	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)							
13	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)							
14	Remote reset of all system alarms							
15	Analyzer is "stand-by" (*3)							

Configuration at the analyzer

dute & time ext.ctrl. modbos

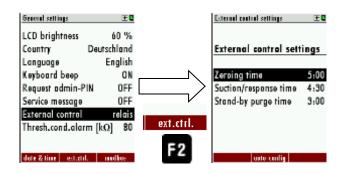
- 1. Open the path: Extras/General settings.
- Switch the menu-point "External control" from "OFF" to "Relays" "4 x mA" or "1 x mA" (dependent from the connected signal input.). When the external control is activated an arrow symbol will appear at the title line.

Arrow-Symbol: Shows th

Arrow-Symbol: Shows the activation of the external control.

3. If a valid input state (>0) is present, an arrow in the title line will appear. The analyzer is now slave and will perform the measurement until it gets another command from the master unit. Some external control settings can be configured. This can be found at the path: EXTRA/GENERAL SETTINGS then F2= ext.crtl.

The user can set the zeroing time, suction/response time and stand-by purge time.



Case 1: Stand-by

The Stand-by mode will be activated if the input state is higher than the number of sample points (example: 4 sample points and input state 5...15). The Stand-by mode has the following pass:

- Purging with zero gas (for the configured duration)

- Standby until the input state is below or equal the number of sample points (e.g. 4 sample points and input state 1.4)

Stend by panging 2×23 ± ⊈ 5№1 O2 20.89	Stend by E ■ [\$*] 02 20.89
^{CO2} 0.04	
H2S O	H2S O
CH4 0.00	CH4 0.00
CH4 internal 0.00	CH4 internal 0.00
CH4 internal 0.0	CH4 internal 0.0
storage extras	sturage estine

Case 2: External control of a sample point

<u>-Zeroing</u>: First the zeroing will be done. The duration of the zeropoint can be set at the menu ext. crtl. (see point "*configurated at the analyzer*" in the same chapter). <u>-Gas sampling</u>: The gas sampling is for purging the entire system and give the analyzer enough time for response. (Response time). To set the suction/ response time, see point "*configurated at the analyzer*" in the same chapter.

-Measurement: The measurement will be started after the response/ suction time is finished. It will be only abort, if the user changes the status of the external signal sources. The chart below shows the possible statues, which can be set at the analyzer:

(*1): Whenever the selected sample point will be changed, then the analyzer will start a zeroing before measuring the new sample point.

(*2): Not only status numbers 4 to 15, but all status numbers larger than the number of installed sample points will start the "stand-by" (example: when you have 4 sample points, then status numbers 5 to 15 will trigger "stand-by").

(*3): When the status number changes to a "stand-by"number, then the analyzer will purge the sensors, then it will close all solenoid valves and switch off the gas pump. When the status number changes back to a value less or equal to the number of installed sample points, then a "set to zero" cycle will start and afterwards the selected sample point will be measured.

Note: The "stand-by" status can easily be used to initiate just a zeroing without any "stand-by" and without changing the sample point.

Example: - status number=1 (for any time period, recommended max. 1 hour)

- status number=15 (for a few seconds, recommended min. 10 seconds)

status number=1 (for any time period, recommended max. 1 hour)

After installation and power-up of the analyzer few steps should be processed in order to operate the instrument properly.

8.8. Mounting and installation of the gas cylinders for the auto calibration function

Mounting and installation of the gas cylinders for the auto calibration function

The auto calibration function allows the calibration of the analyzer. To use the auto calibration function it is necessary to install the calibration gas bottles on the analyzer.

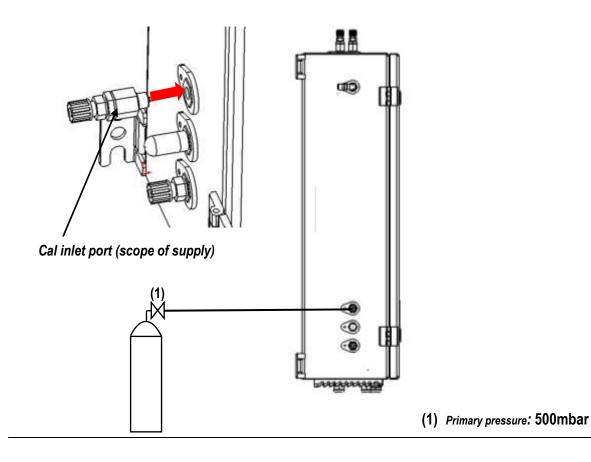
High pressure

A WARNING

- Only educated staff is allowed to install the gas cylinders on the analyzer.
- All gas cylinders must be equipped with a pressure reducer. The pressure must be set to **500 mbar**.

Recommended gas concentration for the gas bottle:

CO2	~39,95 Vol.%
CH₄	~60,00 Vol.%
H₂S	~500 ppm



The diagram above shows the necessary installations for the auto calibration. The mixed gas cylinder is installed on the left side of the analyzer.

Software side: Adjustment for the option auto-calibration:

1. **Open the menu "Setup auto-calibration". It** can be found on the path: "EXTRAS/ ADJUSTMENT MENU/ SETUP- AUTO.-CALIBRATION".

Setup auto calibration 🛛 🛛	0.0 1
Auto-cal-interval [d]	OFF
Select cylinder	1
Test gas composition	
Current auto-cal factor	s

Select the menu point "test gas composition" to set the gas composition from the calibration gas cylinder. With the arrow keys "up/ down" an empty area can be selected. With the arrow keys "left/ right" the different gas compositions can be set.

Setup auto-calibration Q Auto-cal-interval [d] OFF Select cylinder 1 Test gas composition 02 [%] 0.0000 %	Arrow keys left/ right: With these keys the gas composition can be set.
CO [ppm] 1.0000 %	<i>Arrow keys up/ down:</i> Single positions for the different gas compositions can be selected.

3. With *OK* the user is able to set the gas concentrations for the different gas compositions. First select the gas component, then press *OK*. A blue screen will be appeared. With the arrow keys the gas concentration can be set.

Setup auto-calibratio	on 🛛			Setup auto-calibration 🛛 🗖 🚺 🚺
Auto-cal-interva	ıl [d] OFF			Auto-cal-interval [d] OFF
Select cylinder	1			Select cylinder 1
Test gas compo	sition			Test gas composition
02 [%]	0.0000 %	_		
CO [ppm]	1.0000 %	OK		CO [pp].0000 000 %
		UN	\mathbf{v}	co pp
Current auto-ca	l factors			Current auto-cal factors
02 [%]	0.0000			02 [%] 0.0000
start	now			
51411	1017			start now

4. After the gas composition is set, the interval for the calibration can be set, too.



NOTE

All gas concentrations are in percent! The factory from percent to ppm is: 1%= 10.000 ppm.

5. The user has the following options:

- leave the menu: The set gas concentrations are stored and the auto calibration will start after the interval is reached.

- Start the auto- calibration immediately: Press F2 (start now).

- 6. During the auto calibration the stored gas concentrations are compared with the measure gas concentrations. If the gas concentrations are not differing too much, the measured values will be shown "green" on the display.
- 7. The new gas factors will be stored, after successful calibration.

8.9. Cycle configuration

Path and default setting

EXTRA/ MEASUREMENT CYCLE CONFIG.

When the menu "MEASUREMENT CYCLE CONFIG." is selected the user definable setting for the measurement cycle will appear (see screenshot below).

Neusviement cycle confi	ig. 20:00 🛛	
Zeroing	5:00	
Measurement SP1	5:00	
Measurement SP2	5:00	
Measurement SP3	5:00	
		Correspondent about default
		Screenshot shows default s
		"MEASUREMENT CYCLE CONFIG."
nota-confi	iy isset	time.

General information

The menu point "CYCLE CONFIGURATION" allows the user to configure an individual measurement cycle. Every installed sample point can be configured. For the configuration the user has the following phases, which can be selected:

- Zeroing.
- Purging.
- Stand-by.
- Measurement SPx (SPx stands for Sample point 1, 2...).

The configuration is performed with the three function keys *F1*, *F2* and *F3*.

- *F1*: Delete a phase.
- *F2*. Make an Auto-config.
- *F3*: Insert a new phase.
- *OK*: View/change phase details
- *Left/right*. Change the phase type.

Auto configuration

With *F2*the "Auto-config." can be selected. The user can select one of two default cycle configurations.

- One zeroing / cycle.
- One zeroing / sample point.

The first program is for applications where the different measurement points have almost the same gas concentrations. The zeroing is not necessary at every change of the measurement SPX. The second program is for applications where the different measurement points have different gas concentrations. A zeroing is recommended after every measurement point change. The screenshots below show the "One zeroing / cycle" and "One zeroing / sample point" in comparison.

Neusviement cycle config.	20:05
~ Zeroing	5:05
Measurement SP1	5:00
Measurement SP2	5:00
Measurement SP3	5:00
auto-coulig	isset

The two auto-configurations, which can be selected.

Depending on the analyser type, the first or the first and second phase cannot be deleted, deactivated or moved to another position.

Delete a phase

With *F1* a phase can be deleted. To do this, select the phase, which should be deleted and press *F1*.

Neusorement cycle config.	2900 📱		Neusviement cycle config.	20:05	Screenshot shows how a
Zeroing	5:05		* Zeroing	5:05	phase can be deleted. In
Measurement SP1	5:00		Measurement SP1	5:00	
Measurement SP2	5:00		Measurement SP2	5:00	this example the last phase
Measurement SP3	5:00		Measurement SP3	5:00	"Measurement SP3" is
Measurement SP3	5:00				deleted.
		61			
delete nota-coolig	inset		note-coolig	inset	

Insert a phase

With *F3* a new phase is inserted in the measurement cycle. With the *right/left arrow keys* the different phase types can be selected.

In the title-bar the entire cycle time is shown. It is called "Measurement cycle config." With *OK* the "Cycle phase details" can be shown and changed.



Configuration of the phase details

In this chapter the different cycle phase details will be explained.

<u>Zeroing (Cycle phase details)</u>: In the cycle phase detail "ZEROING" the zeroing time can be configured.



ZEROING	
Measuring site valves	Valves closed
Zeroing valve	Valve open
Duration	2min to 1 h
Recommendation	5min., in general not to be changed by user as depending only on analyzer internal setup

Measurement SPX (Cycle phase details): In the cycle phase details of "Sample point X" the

measurement time and the suction delay can be configured. Each sample point can be configured individually. In the cycle phase details the following times can be set:



MEASUREMENT SPx	
Measuring site valves	Valve of selected site is open, others closed
Zeroing valve	Valve closed
Duration	Phase duration: 2 min. to 24 h
	Suction/response time: 30 sec. to 1h
	Pure measurement: calculated
	H2S-low: Activated/protect (Optional)

<u>Stand-by (cycle phase details)</u>: In the cycle phase details "Stand-by" the sleep mode time can be configured. In the cycle phase details the following times can be set:



- *<u>Phase duration</u>*: Entire Stand-by time (Purging time + Quiet time = Phase time).
- *<u>Purging time</u>*: The time, to purge the analyser with ambient air, through the zero gas inlet.
- *Quiet time:* The time, where the analyser is in the pure stand-by mode.

STAND-BY	
Measuring site valves	Valves closed
Zeroing valve	Valve closed
Duration	Phase duration: 2 min to 24h
	Purging time: 30 sec. to 1h
	Quiet time: calculated

• *Purging (cycle phase details):* The purging is a separate configuration point to purge the analyser with ambient air through the zero gas inlet. It can be helpful, if the analyser must switch between a sample point with different sample gas concentrations.

Neusorement cycle config.	3i:00 E	Cycle phase details 🛛 🔍
Zeroing	10:00	Purging
Measurement SP2	5:00	The phase is activated.
Purging	3:00	Phase duration 3:00
Measurement SP3	5:00	
Stand-by	10:00	
Purging	3:00	
dulate auto coolig	insent	OK -Sminutes deartificate -Sminutes
PURGING		
Measuring sit	te valves	s Valves closed
Zeroing valve	è	Valve open

30 sec. to 1 h

Activated/deactivated a phase

Duration

The user has the opportunity to deactivate a phase in the measurement configuration cycle. This could be necessary for example if a sample point is temporarily not in use. The activation and deactivation of a phase can be done in the cycle phase details of the concerning phase.

Example for the deactivation of a phase

In this example the "Measurement SP2" will be deactivated. The deactivated phase is grey out.

Neasonement cycle config.	30:00		Cycle phase details	Cycle phase details	Neasonement cycle config.	2500 🗳
Zeroing	5:00		Measurement SP2	Measurement SP2	Zeroing	5:00
Measurement SP1	5:00		The phase is activated.	The phase is deactivated!	Measurement SP1	5:00
Zeroing	5:00		Phase duration 5:00	Phase duration 5:00	Zeroing	5:00
Measurement SP2	5:00		Suction/response time 4:30	Suction/response time 4:30	Measurement SP2	5:00
Zeroing	5:00		Pure meas, time 0:30	Pure meas, time 0:30	Zeroing	5:00
Measurement SP3	5:00		H2S-low sensor protected	H2S-low sensor protected	Measurement SP3	5:00
		_	_			
unto-cunity	inset	OK	-5 minutes deuctivate - 5 minutes	-5 minutes activate -+ 5 minutes	delete nota-config	isset

Example for a measurement cycle configuration

In this chapter an individual measurement cycle should be created with the features described at the chapters below.

The measurement cycle should have the following sequence:

Zeroing (25 min.)		Zeroing (15 min.)		Stand-by (with Purging time: 3 min. and quiet time 10 min.)	
•	۲	۲	•	۲	
	Sample point 2 (15 min. with 3 min. pure measurement time)		Sample point 1 (10 min. with 5 min. pure measurement time).		

Following points must be done to configure the individual measurement cycle:

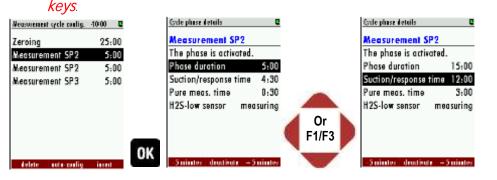
 Open the measurement cycle config. menu: Path: EXTRA/MEASUREMENT CYCLE CONFIG.
 The default measurement cycle will appear. Open the cycle phase detail of the first zeroing and adjust the phase duration at 25 min.



3. Leave the cycle phase detail and select the second point. Switch with the *left/right arrow keys* until the measurement SP2 is selected.



4. Open with the *OK* key the cycle phase detail of the measurement SP2. Adjust the duration-phase at 15 min. and the suction/response time until the pure meas. time has the value of 3 min. Use for this operation the *arrow*



 Leave the cycle phase detail and select the next phase. Select with the *left/right arrow keys* the phase "zeroing" and go in the cycle phase detail. Adjust the phase-duration at 15 min. and leave the cycle phase detail.

Neusonement cycle config.	1:00:00		Eyde phase details 🛛 🔍
Zeroing	25:00		Zeroing
Measurement SP2	15:00		The phase is activated.
Zeroing	15:00		Phase duration 15:00
Reasurement SP3	5:00		
		OV	
delete nota-coolig	inset	OK	-5 minutes deactivate + 5 minutes

Switch to the next point and select with the *left/right arrow key* the measurement SP1. Go in the cycle phase detail of the measurement SP1. Here adjust the duration-phase 10 min. and the pure measurement time: 5 min.

Neusonement cycle config.	1:00:00		Neusonement cycle config.	1:00:00		Cycle phase details 🔍 🔍	
Zeroing	25:00		Zeroing	25:00		Measurement SP1	
Measurement SP2	15:00		Measurement SP2	15:00		The phase is activated.	
Zeroing	15:00		Zeroing	15:00		Phase duration 10:00	
Measurement SP3	5:00		Measurement SP1	5:00		Suction/response time 5:00	
						Pure meas. time 5:00	
						H2S-low sensor measuring	
		🥒 Or 📐					Or 📐
		🖣 F1/F3 📕					
					011		🖣 F1/F3 🚩
delete nota-config	isset		delete nota-coulig	isset	OK	-5 minutes deactivate + 5 minutes	

7. At last push *F3* key for insert a new phase and select with the *left/right arrow* key the "Stand-by" phase. Go into the cycle phase detail and adjust the purging time at 3 min. and the Quiet-time at 10 min.

Neusorement cycle coulig.	1:00:00		Necsorement cycle config.	1:15:00		Neusarement syste config.	1:1500 🛢		Cycle phase details	e
Zeroing	25:00		Zeroing	25:00		Zeroing	25:00		Stand-by	
Measurement SP2	15:00		Measurement SP2	15:00		Measurement SP2	15:00		The phase is activ	ated.
Zeroing	15:00		Zeroing	15:00		Zeroing	15:00		Phase duration	13:00
Measurement SP3	5:00		Measurement SP1	10:00		Measurement SP1	10:00		Purging time	3:00
			Measurement SP1	10:00		Stand-by	10:00		Quiet time	10:00
delete auto config	insell	F3	delete unte coulig	inset	Or F1/F3	delete auto-config	insent	ОК	Suintes forctive	e +3minutes

Leave the menu and safe the adjustments. The individual configuration is done.

8.10. Administrator PIN code

All functions and menus which may disturb the analyzer's normal measurement can be protected against unauthorized access by activating the administrator PIN code request.

We highly recommend activating this function, when unauthorized persons could access the analyzer.

The PIN code is: F1 - F1 - F3 - F2 - Up - Down

The PIN code request can be activated and deactivated in the menu Extras/General settings:

The deactivation of the PIN code request requires at least one time PIN code input.

Once the user has inputted the correct administrator PIN code the analyzer will stay in administrator mode (password free) for 10min after last time key press. Each key acting will trigger another 10 minute password free operation.

8.11. Power-On of analyzer

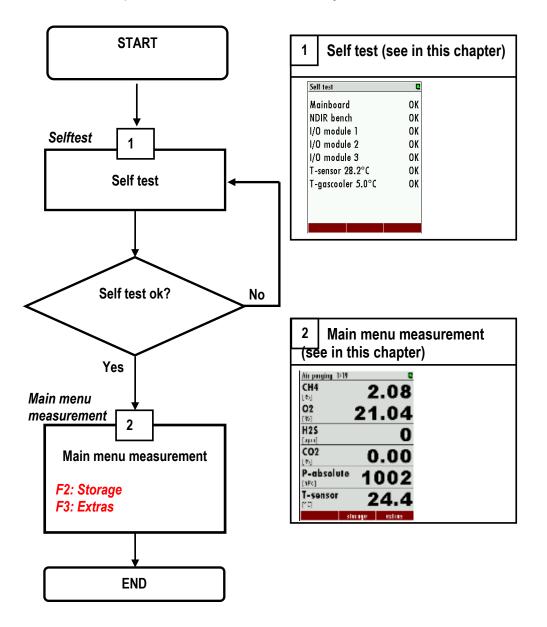
When the analyzer is connected with mains power (Power-On) it will start the system boot process which usually takes very few seconds. Then the display will show the self-test menu.

9. Operating the analyzer

This chapter has the follow structure:

- In the first part it will be explained, how to start the analyzer and the self-test menu.
- Part three shows the submenu, which are listed at the EXTRA menu.
- Part four shows the store menu.

9.1. General process of the measurement cycle



<u>Self-Test</u>

The first menu to be displayed after Power-On is the self-test menu. The analyzer won't leave this menu before all sub-systems will be connected and the gas cooler (option) has reached the target operation temperature.

During the self-test phase

- the gas pump is switched off
- all analog outputs will deliver 2mA
- all alarm outputs will have alarm status (open contacts)

Usually the self-test will be left automatically as soon as all conditions for measurement are satisfied. Then the first zeroing will be started.

If one of the internal RS485 bus participants are issuing alarm (faulty) status, the user can still leave the self-test manually by pressing F2='forward' (PIN code requested), even if not all sub-systems or the gas cooler are ready. NOTE: this is for service purpose only!

Main menu measurement

This menu is the root of all menus and will be shown automatically as soon as the self-test is finished. The title bar you can see on the left the current measurement cycle status and how long it lasts and the actual sampling point number. In the middle section of the actual measurement values are displayed.

Representation during the status "measurement"

The title bar you can see on the left "measurement" and the remaining measurement duration, and the right **light blue highlighted** sampling point number SPx (x = 1 to 10) that is being measured. In the middle section of the menu, the current (live) values are displayed.

Air porging 1×12	E SP2
CH4	60.52
02	0.26
H2S Dani	197
CO2	38.08
CH4 ambien	* 0.4
CH4 ambien	* 0.02
Sample point stu	noge white

Representation outside the status of "measurement"

The title bar you can see on the left "air purging" or "gas sampling SPx" and the remaining duration of the current status. On the top right you can see the **yellow highlighted** sampling point number SPx previously measured or that you have selected for display and their measuring values are held until it is measured again. In the middle section of the menu held measured values of these measurement sites are displayed.

Change the Display Zoom / Standard

Two display modes are available:

- standard view mode with 6 values per page, up to 4 pages (indicating up to 24 values)
- zoom view mode with 2 values per page, up to 6 pages (indicating up to 12 values)

The indication mode can be swapped with the menu key and the selection of zoom view or standard view.

Heasurement 6:14	C SP1
CH4	58.13
1.0	50.15
02 [%]	0.33
H2S	
[ppm]	196
CO2	40.46
[]	
CH4 ambien	' 0.4
[% LEL] CH4 ambien	
CH4 ampien	' 0.02
	rage extras

For devices with just one measuring point the switching is additional possible with the arrow keys up / down.

Change the displayed page

Use the arrow keys left / right can be changed in both display modes the page. The new page number is displayed in the title bar for a moment just after the successful change.

Change sampling point displayed

For analyzers with several measuring points can used the arrow keys up / down the displayed (not measured) measuring point can be changed. In this way you can get an overview very quickly over the last measured values for all points. In the background, the analyzer uses the measurement cycle continues uninterrupted. However, once a measurement phase is completed, the display automatically switches to the actual measurement location.

Configuration of the measurement window (display content)

The measuring values selection and arrangement is user configurable in both display modes.

Press the content menu key and select the function 'Define measuring window'. A cursor (inverted line) will appear. The cursor can be moved with the arrow keys up and down. The arrow keys left and right will change the measuring value in the selected line. When the cursor is moved over the top or under the bottom line, then the next definable page will show up.

As soon as you have finished the configuration, press the ESC key (or press again the menu key and select the function 'Save measuring window'). You will be asked, whether the changed settings shall be stored or discarded. Select 'keep them' in order to store your changes.

Neusonement 6/1/1 🛛 🖳 🛛	Neosurement 542 (1)Q[SPI	Newsarement >26 ():0 SP1
CH4 58.13	CH4 58.18	^{CH4} 58.16
0.33	Q2 Save measuring window	02 0.24
H25 196	Meas, window auto-config	H25 198
^{CO2} 40.46	Somple point (F1) Storage menu (F2)	^{C02} 40.42
CH4 ambient 0.4	Extres menu (F3)	CH4 ambient 0.4
CH4 ambient 0.02	CH4 ambient 0.02	CH4 ambient 0.02
Sample point storage whose	Sample paint starage extras	Sample point storage extras

9.2. Data Storage Menu

DATA STORAGE

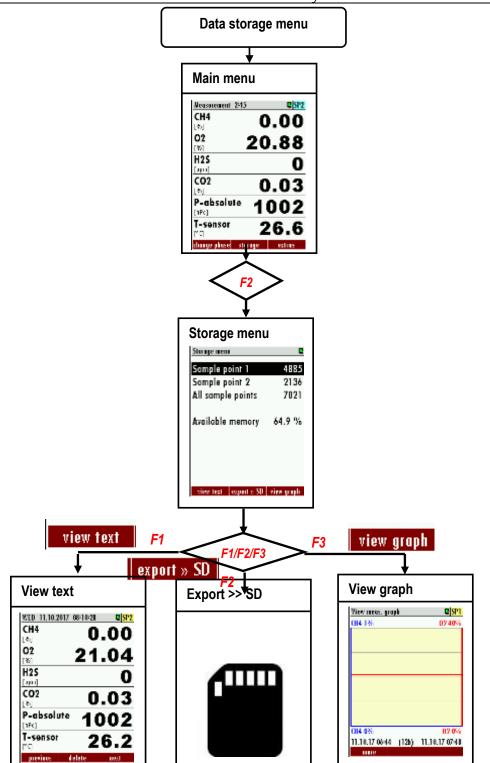
The data storage menu can be reached by pressing F2='storage' in the measurement menu:

The menu provides an overview of stored measurements of each sample point and of the memory usage.



NOTE

The analyzer makes use of an internal flash memory to store measurement values automatically.



General information about the data storage

Data storage strategy is as follows:

- The analyser may store up to 20,000 measurement points (including all relevant data).
- At the end of each measurement cycle (per sampling point) the current values will be stored.
- The memory is used as a ring buffer. As soon as the memory is completely occupied, the latest measurements will replace the oldest measurements.

Specifically:

If the used memory is 99%, then the oldest 20% of the measurements will automatically be exported to SD card in CSV format and then deleted from the memory. In case the SD card export doesn't succeed (SD Card missing or read-only), then only the oldest 4% of the measurements will be deleted. The file names reflect the date of the most recent measurement contained in the export file, e.g. "20141031.csv".

Example:

An analyser with 2 sample points and a total configured cycle time of 32 minutes saves 2 * 24 * 60/32 = 90 measurements per day (45 of each sample point). So the ring buffer will provide measurements of the last 20000/90 = 222 days (more than 7 months).

View stored measurements in text mode

This function can be reached from the Data Storage Menu by selecting one or all sample points and by pressing F1='view text':

When entering the menu the latest stored measurement will be displayed. With the keys F1='previous' and F3='next' the measurements can be browsed (*F3* will lead to the oldest measurement when the latest was displayed before - wrap-around).

You may delete a single measurement here, usually you won't need this function. The arrow keys have the same function than in the measurement menu.

View stored measurements in graphic mode

This function can be reached from the Data Storage Menu by selecting one sample point (not all) and by pressing F3='view graph':

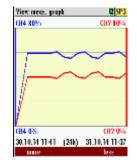
Two curves for one pair of data are shown at the same time in one diagram. The used scales are determined automatically and can't be changed by the user.

The offered pairs of data are determined by the setting of the zoom values in the measurement menu. The displayed pair of data can be changed by pressing the arrow keys up or down.

When entering the menu the measurements of the last 24 hours will be displayed. This interval can be changed by pressing the keys F1=more or F3='less'.

Export of measurements to SD card

This function is used to export the measurements from the analyzer to a PC. The used format is CSV (comma-separated values). Many computer programs are able to read this format, e.g. spread sheet calculation programs.





The CSV format is not exactly the same in all countries. The analyser selects a fitting format variation according to the selected country. Nevertheless the CSV output can be changed the Data Storage Menu.

This function is only available, when a SD card is inserted and is not write protected. The export can be started in the Data Storage Menu by selecting one or all sample points and by pressing F2='export >> SD'. The created files have names like 'BIOxxxxx.csv', in which the xxxxx are continuing 5 digit numbers with leading zeros.

The 1st line of the created file is a column header with the following information: Sample point number, Date, Time and all measurements. The following lines contain the data.

CSV-configuration settings

 1. Push "store" (F2) in the main-menu.

 Air parging 23-33

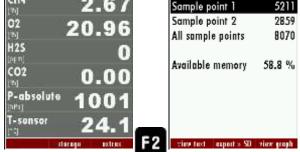
 CH4

 2.67

 Sample point 1

 O2

 O2



2. Open the context-menu in the store-menu. Select the menu-**point "CSV-** configuration" in the context-menu.

Storage mean	e	CSV configuration	e
Sample point 1 Sample point 2 All sample points	5211 2859 8070	Set maximal list Set default list Set default list Set small list Delete complete list Set small list	(1) (2) (3) (4)
Available memory	58.8 %	CO2 [%] return (Esc) insert (F1) Move (F2) Met cal. val. [MJ/kg Net cal. val. [MJ/kg Net cal. val. [MJ/kg	

- 3. It appears a list of all configured csv-datas. With the keys *F1*, *F2* and F3 the user can navigate through the configuration-menu. The single keys mean:
 - <u>F1=insert:</u> Insert an entry below the cursor-position.
 - <u>F2=move</u>: Move the entry from the cursor-position to another one.
 - <u>F3=delete:</u> Delete the entry from the list.
- 4. Inside the CSV-configuration, the user can change between three predefined lists. To open the selection of these, open the context-menu inside the CSV-configuration-menu and select one of the lists. The lists get the follow features:

- <u>Set maximal list:</u> In this list all available measurement values and all 9 asset lines are pictured.
- <u>Set default list:</u> In this list all available measurement values and 2 asset lines are pictured.
- 5. Set small list: In this list the general measurement values are pictured.

	Storage new C Sample point 1 5211 Sample point 2 2859 All sample points 8070 Available memory 58.8 %	Storage mean View meas. text (F1) Export > SD card (F2) CSV settings CSV configuration View meas. graph (F3) Delete measurements Measurement (Esc) Delete complete memory	CSV configuration C Smpl.p.no. (1) Date (2) Time (3) O2 [%] (4) CO2 [%] (5) H2S [ppm] (6) CH4 [%] (7) Net cal. val. [MJ/kg] (8) Net cal. val. [MJ/m ²] (9)	CSV configuration Set maximal list Set default list Set small list Delete complete list return (Esc) insert (F1) move (F2) delete (F3) Issent move delete
--	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

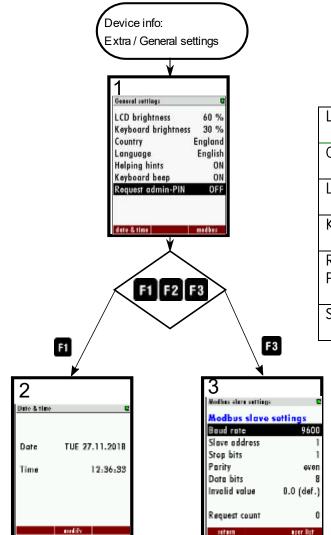
9.3. Extra menu: Overview

Etne mov C General settings Measurement configuration Measurement cycle config. Analog output configuration Alarm output configuration Adjustment menu Default settings Contents SD card Event viewer		General settings Measurement configuration Measurement cycle config. Analog output configuration Alarm output configuration Adjustment menu Default settings Content SD card Even viewer Device info
----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

General settings

Path: Extra/General settings

Structure:



LCD brightness	10% until 100% / default 60% / 5% steps
Country	Diverse /default English
Language	Diverse / default English
Keyboard beep	<i>ON</i> or <i>OFF</i> / default <i>ON</i>
Request admin- PIN	<i>ON</i> or <i>OFF</i> / default <i>ON</i>
Service message	ON or OFF / default ON

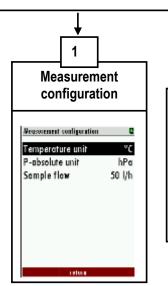
3:	
Baud rate	9600 or 19600
Parity and stop	Even / 1 or None /
bits	2
Slave address	0238

Measurement configuration

Path: Extra/Measurement configuration

Structure:

Measurement configuration Extras/Measurement configuration



1	
Temperature	°C or °F / default °C
Pressure	hPa, mbar or mmHG / default hPa
Sample flow	30 l/h60 l/h / default 50 l/h / steps: 5 l/h

Measurement cycle config.

See chapter 7.10.

Analog output configuration

See chapter 7.6.

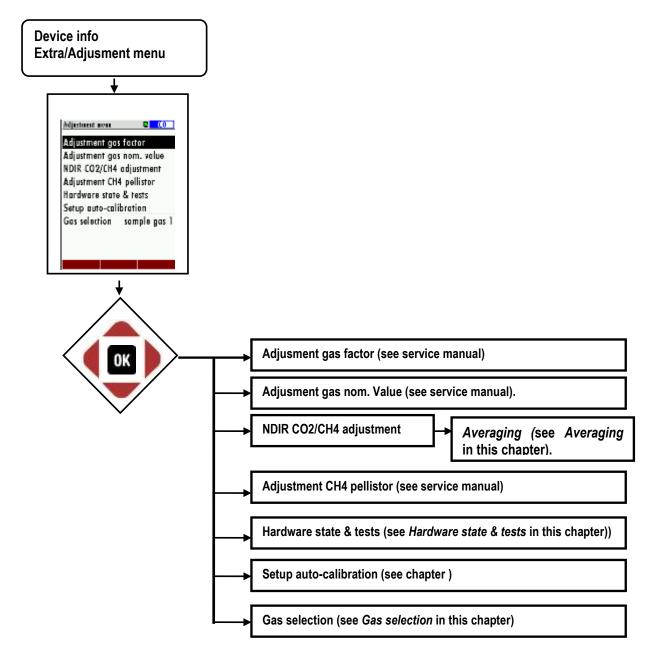
Alarm output configuration

See chapter 7.3.

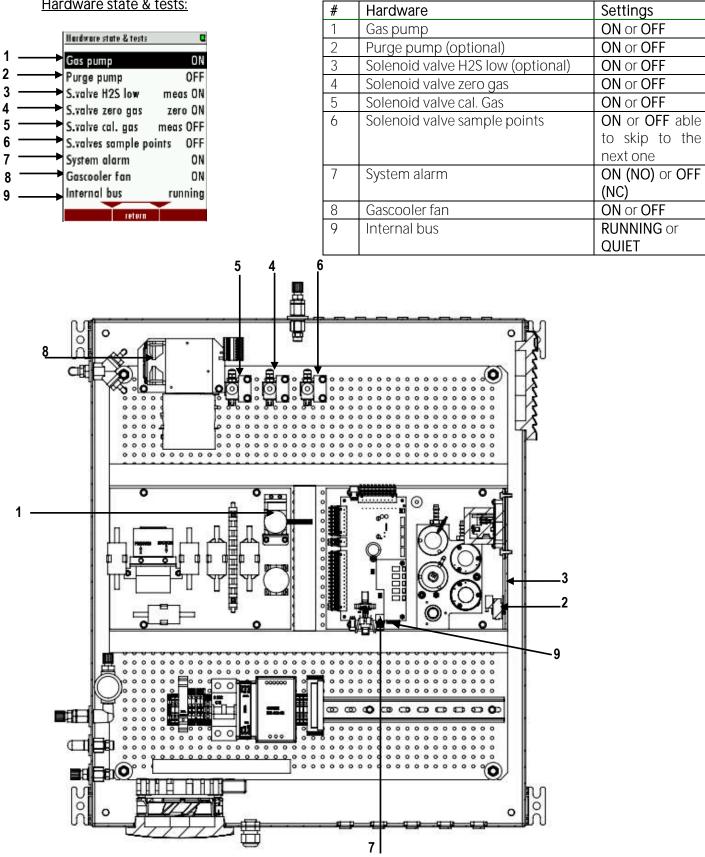
Adjustment menu

Path: Extras/Adjustment menu

Structure:



Hardware state & tests:



Adjustment of the average-time for CO2/CH4 NDIR-bench (optional)

If the analyser is equipped with a CO2/CH4 NDIR-bench, the user has the possibility to set the average time.

1. Open the path: Extras/ Adjustment menu/ NDIR CO2/CH4 adjustment.

NDIR CO2/CH4 adjustment	e
CH4 [%]	-0.020
CH4 factor	1.000
CH4/CD2 cross sens.	0.185
CO2 [%]	0.027
CO2 factor	0.936
CO2/CH4 cross sens.	0.100
02 [%]	20.97
Gas pump [%]	88
manujing zero print	

2. Open "averaging" with the *F1*-key.

averaging	zero point	
R		

3. Configuration of averaging time: In this menu is able to set the averaging time with the *left/right arrow keys* and the *F1* or *F3* keys.

The fast averaging time	: 20 s
The smooth averaging time	: 240 s

Configuration of averaging time 🛛 🗨			
fast	CH4/120s	smooth	
		•	
fast	CD2/120s	smooth	
		•	
fust	d alcolt	smooth	



Effect of the average time

A smooth averaging time smooths the measurement signal but increase the response time of the measurement signal.

NOTE

Default configuration

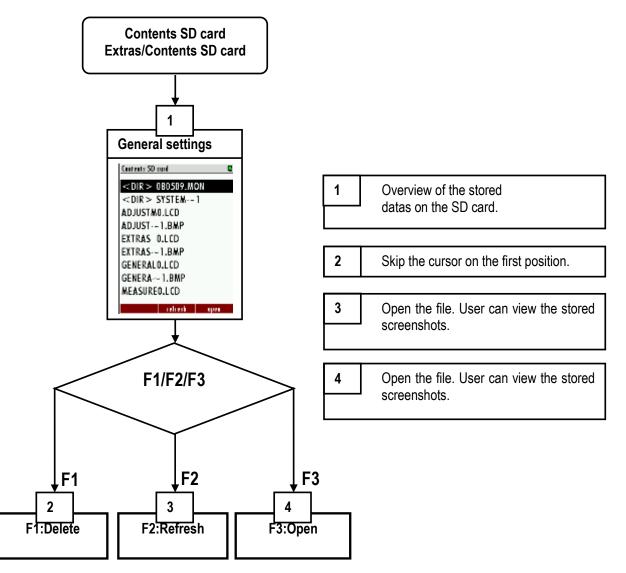
Use the menu Measurement -> Extras -> Default Settings for the default configuration:

DEF	AULT CO	ONFIGURATIO	ON	
_	Analo	og output 4-		
Parameter		20mA	Alarm output relay c	ontact
	4mA	20mA	open	
CH4 [%]	0	100	less than	50
O2 [%]	0	25	more than	1
H2S [ppm]	0	1000	more than	300
CO2[%]	0	100	more than	50
H2 [ppm]	0	500	more than	500
	0	500	more than	500
CH4 ambient [%]	0	5	more than	1
CH4 ambient [%LEL]	0	100	more than	20
Temperature sensor [°C]	0	50	more than	50
Fan rotation [rpm]	0	2000	less than	1200
Pump rotation [rpm]	0	5000	less than	1500
Sample flow [I/hr]	0	60	less than	30
Temperature cooler [°C]	0	20	more than	10
Net calorific value [MJ/kg]	0	40	less than	30
Gross calorific value [MJ/kg]	0	40	less than	30
Net calorific value [MJ/m3]	0	40	less than	30
Gross calorific value [MJ/m3]	0	40	less than	30

Contents SD card

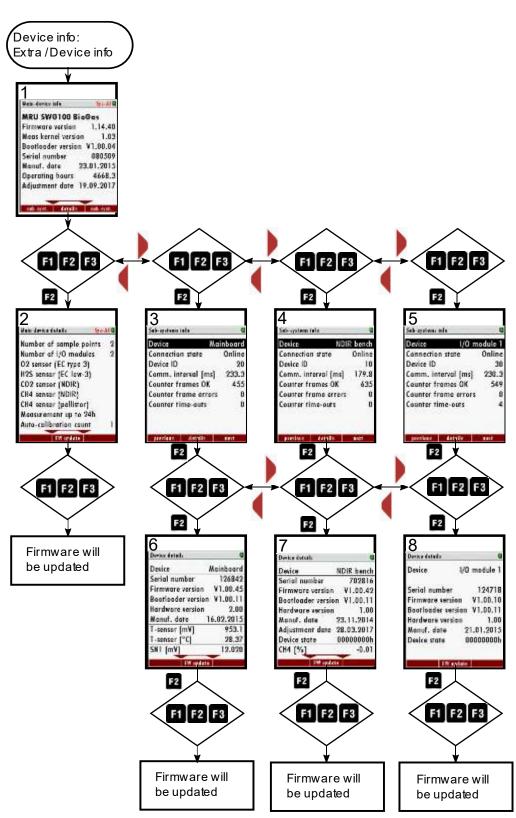
Path: Extras/ content SD card

Structure:



Device info

Path: Extras/Device info Structure:

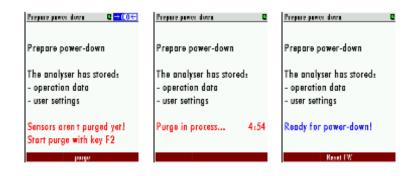


Power-Down of analyzer

Before the analyzer is disconnected from mains, it should be prepared for the Power-Down, because

- operational data should be stored
- eventually changed user settings should be stored
- the sensors should be purged with fresh air

Press the *OFF* key in any menu in order to prepare the analyzer for the Power-Down. The analyzer will store operational data and user settings and will offer to start a sensor purge cycle:



Start the purge cycle with the *F2* key (PIN code requested). The analyzer will purge the sensors with fresh air and will indicate a count-down. Then the analyzer will be ready for power-down.

Now it's not possible to continue directly the ordinary measurement process. Only power-down by disconnecting mains or a software restart by pressing F2='Reset FW' is offered.

Note:

You also may enter this menu by pressing the *OFF* key and leave it by pressing the ESC key (without starting the purge cycle), when you just want to store operational data and user settings.

Backup/restore all individual user-settings

It's a quite amount of work to configure the analyzer, especially when the analyzer has several sample points, several IO-modules and when the analog outputs are used. Therefore, we recommend to back up all your found settings on the SD card.

In order to back up the settings, do the following:

- use the menu Extras.
- insert an SD card (without write-protection)
- press the menu key and select the function 'Export user settings'

The analyzer will write the backup file 'settings.usr' to the SD card.

In order to restore the settings, do the following:

- use the menu Extras.
- insert an SD card containing the backup file 'settings.usr'
- press the menu key and select the function 'Import user settings'

The analyzer will replace the current settings by the settings from the backup file.

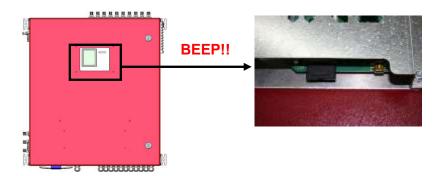
9.4. Update the firmware

The analyzer and different installed options can be updated if it is necessary. Following options can be updated:

- The firmware for the analyzer.
- The firmware for the pcb- mainboard.
- The firmware for the NDIR-bench.
- The firmware for the installed I/O modules.

General steps for the firmware-update

- 1. Copy the actual firmware for the analyzer or the firmware from the option on a SD-card. Be sure, that the firmware is in the mean root of the SD-card. All firmware updates have the ending "fwb".
- 2. Put the SD-card on the card slot on the operation unit. The card slot can be found inside the door (see sketch below).



- 3. If the SD-card is recognized, the analyzer will make a noise.
- 4. Open the path: EXTRA/DEVICE INFO. Dependent from the firmware update it can be necessary to open the different submenus.

Update the analyzer (Firmware-Updates with filename "1106.fwb")

1. Open the path: Extra/Device Info

Nain device info 🔍 🖉	lain device details	C
MRU SWG100 BioGas N	lumber of sample points	2
Firmware version 1.03.60 N	lumber of I/D modules	2
Meas kernel version 1.03 0	2 sensor (EC type 3)	
Bootloader version ¥1.00.04 H	12S sensor (EC low-3)	
Serial number 080503 C	02 sensor (NDIR)	
Manuf. date 28.10.2014 C	H4 sensor (NDIR)	
Operating hours 2975.3 C	H4 sensor (pellistor)	
Adjustment date 17.11.2014 🖉	Acasurement up to 24h	
A	uto-calibration count	1
sub-set, details sub-set,	TW update	

- 2. Press *F2* = *details* to open the details for the main device menu.
- 3. Press *F2 = FW update*. The analyzer will start the update from the SD-card.

Update the pcb-mainboard (Firmware-Update with filename "1106mb.fwb")

- Sub-systems info Device details Nain device info . ■ → 0.0 . . MRU SWG100 BioGas Device Mainboard Device Mainboard Firmware version 1.03.60 Connection state Online Meas kernel version 1.03 Device ID 20 Serial number 121281 Bootloader version ¥1.00.04 Firmware version ¥1.00.22 Comm. interval [ms] 232.5Serial number 080503 Counter frames DK 15195 Bootloader version V1.00.10 Manuf, date 28.10.2014 Counter frame errors Ű. Hardware version 2.00 Operating hours 2975.3 Counter time-outs Ô Manuf, date 28.10.2014 Adjustment date 17.11.2014 T-sensor [m¥] 931.3 F-sensor (°C) 27.25 F2 sub-set. datails sub-set. FW upd
- 1. Open the path: Extra/Device INFO

- 2. Press *F3 = sub.syst*. to open the menu "Sub systems INFO".
- 3. Press *F2* = *details*, to open the details from the mainboard. Be sure, that the device is "Mainboard" to update the pcb-mainboard.
- 4. The Update will start from the SD-card, if a firmware with the filename "1106mb.fwb" is at the SD-card.

Update the NDIR-bench (Firmware-Update with filename "1106ndir.fwb")

1. Open the path: Extra/Device INFO

Nain device info		Sale systems info			Device details		
MRU SWG100 Bio	Gas	Device NDI	R bench		Device	NDIR bench	
Firmware version	1.03.60	Connection state	Online				
Meas kernel versio	on 1.03	Device ID	10		Serial number	702723	
Bootloader versio	n ¥1.00.04	Comm. interval [ms]	185.6		Firmware version	¥1.00.40	
Serial number	080503	Counter frames DK	19012		Bootloader versio	n V1.00.10	
Manuf, date	28.10.2014	Counter frame errors	0		Hardware version	1.00	
Operating hours	2975.3	Counter time-outs	0		Manuf, date	29.09.2014	
Adjustment date	17.11.2014				Adjustment date	15.04.2015	
					Device state	00000000h	f
suk-set. dutuite	sub-syst.	previnus details	ned.	F2	DW under	dar.	

- 2. Press *F3 = sub.syst*. to open the menu "SUB SYSTEMS INFO".
- Press F2 = details, to open the details from the NDIR bench. Be sure, that the device is "NDIR bench" to update the NDIR-bench.

4. The Update will start from the SD-card, if a firmware with the filename "1106ndir.fwb" is at the SD-card.

<u>Update the IO modules (Firmware-Update with filename "1106iom.fwb")</u>

1. Open the path: Extra/Device INFO

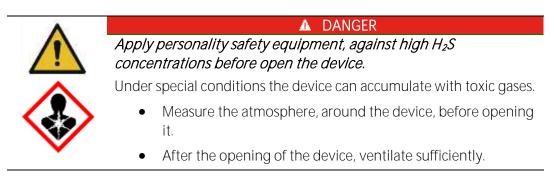
Nain device info 🛛 🔍	Sub-systems info	•	Derice details
MRU SWG100 BioGas	Device I/O m	odule 1	Device I/O module 1
Firmware version 1.03.60	Connection state	Online	-
Meas kernel version 1.03	Device ID	30	Serial number 116494
Bootloader version ¥1.00.04	Comm. interval [ms]	233.0	Firmware version V1.00.08
Serial number 080503	Counter frames DK	18113	Bootlaader version ¥1.00.10
Manuf. date 28.10.2014	Counter frame errors	0	Hardware version 1.00
Operating hours 2975.3	Counter time-outs	4	Manuf. date 31.10.2014
Adjustment date 17.11.2014 👞			Device state 03000000h
sub-sest. datuite sub-sest.	previnos details	TZ IN	W uplate

- 2. Press *F3 = sub.syst*. to open the menu "Sub systems INFO".
- Press F2 = details, to open the details from the I/O module. Be sure, that the device is "Mainboard" to update the I/O module.
- 4. The Update will start from the SD-card, if a firmware with the filename "1106iom.fwb" is at the SD-card.

10. Service and maintenance

For a reliable function and high measurement quality it is necessary to inspect and service the analyser regularly.

Besides the regular routine control by the operator (see chapter 10.1.-) MRU recommends a regular bi-annual maintenance at a minimum, which must carry by a qualified technician.



10.1. Preparing and information about the maintenance

It is important to power off the mains supply before the maintenance can be started. Even if the main fuse is powered off, dangerous voltage is present.

It can be required to cut off the electric supply and save this from an accidental switch-on.

For maintenance work on the gas analyser, please take care that dangerous and toxic gases may leak. The gas supply must be cut-off.

It is important to comply with all country and local codes.

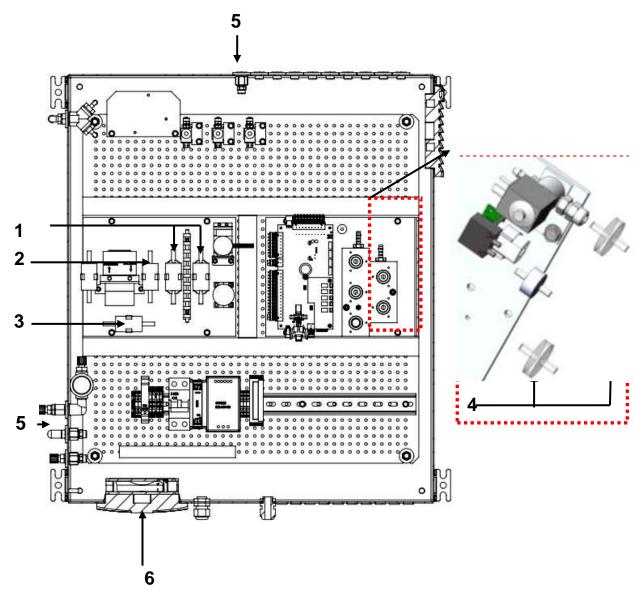
10.2. Regular maintenance work by the operator

All inspections- and maintenance works are dependent from individual operating conditions, and site. The specified intervals below are only benchmarks.

Review	Recommended intervals	Actions
Moisture in the analyzer.	Weekly	Remove the moisture. Call vendor specialist.
Dirt and depositions in analyzer.	Weekly	Remove the dirt, prevent further penetration of dirt. Inform vendor.
Dirt and moisture in the filter- unit	Weekly	Exchange the filter- unit.
Testing the gas pipes of leakage with a "sniffer"	Weekly	Tighten or exchange the gas pipe if it is necessary
Inspecting the conditions of the gas filters	Every month	Exchange if is necessary

In the follow chapters there will be introduced some service parts, which are important for the reliable operation. These parts are independent from the regular checks and must be replaced in a minimum interval of minimum 6 months.

10.3. Position and overview of the service-parts



Description of the different service parts, please see next page.

<u>Content of the service-set (offer-number: 66174)</u> Single components can be offered under their article number directly.

<u>#</u>	<u>lmage</u>	name	Interval	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Offer-</u> <u>number</u>
1	- Contraction -	Acid-gas filter	New state: purple beads Used: white beads Life time: 2-6 month, dependent of gas concentrations. Visual inspection is necessary.	2 pieces	56795
2		Dust- and particle filter	New state: white Used: dark/black Life time: 6 month, dependent of the dust- and dirt concentration. Visual inspection is necessary.	1 piece	65533
3		Dust- and particle filter (fine filter)	New state: white Used: dark/black Life time: 12 month, dependent of the dust- and dirt concentration. Visual inspection is necessary.	1 piece	66088
4	4	PTFE-filer	New state: white Must be changed, if the PTFE filter is blocked. The analyzer shows the warning "Gas flow is too low" .	2 pieces	51513
5	۲	Sintered filter	New state: sintered surface Must be changed, if the PTFE filter is blocked. The analyzer shows the warning "Gas flow is too low" .	2 pieces	65988
6		Filter mat for the fan- unit	New state: white Used: dark/black, dependent of the dust- and dirt concentration. Visual inspection is necessary.	1 UP (5 pieces)	60320

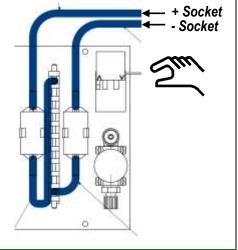
Position 1: Acid-gas filter (#56795)

Required materials 2x Acid gas filter (#56795), contained in the service- set. *Required tools:* Needle-nose pliers. *Exchange interval:* Exchange necessary, if filter turns from purple to white.

Mounting direction: Irrelevant

Steps:

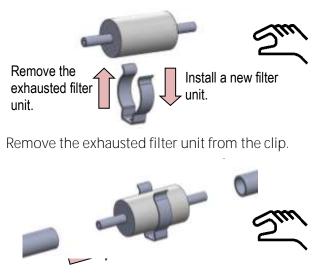
 Remove exhausted acid gas filter from the clips.
 Pull the Viton tubes from the exhausted acid gas filter. If it is necessary, use needle- nose pliers.
 Plug the Viton tubes on the new acid gas filters. Be sure, that the tubing is correct. (The single tubes are signed with "+" and "-", see sketch on the right side.)



Steps:



Pull the Viton-tubes from the filter unit. If it is necessary, pliers can be used to solve the tubes from the filter unit.

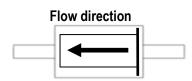


Plug the Viton tubes on the filter unit. Push the filter unit on the clip.

Position 2 and 3: Dust- and particle filter (#65533 and #66088)

Required materials: Dust- and particle filter (#65533 and #66088) contained in the service set. *Required tools:* needle-nose pliers. *Exchange interval:* Exchange necessary, if the filter gets dark or black.

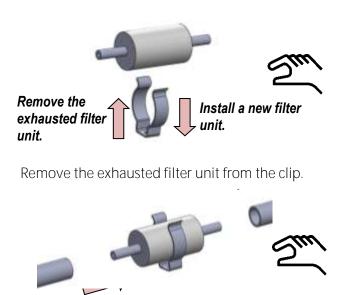
Mounting direction:



Steps:



Pull the Viton-tubes from the filter unit with the hand. If it is necessary, pliers can be used to solve the tubes from the filter unit.



Plug the viton tubes on the filter unit. Push the filter unit on the clip.

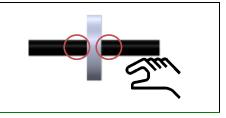
Position 4: PTFE Filter (#51513)

Required materials: PTFE filter (#51513) contained in the service set. Required tools: needle-nose pliers. Exchange interval: Exchange necessary, if gas flow is too low.

Mounting direction: Irrelevant

Steps:

Pull the exhausted filter-unit from the viton tube and exchange it with a new one. If it necessary, the tube can be solved from the tube with a needle-nose pliers.

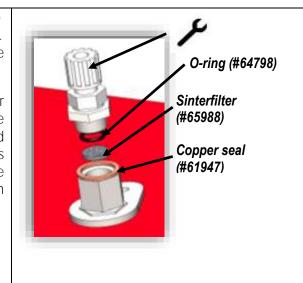


Position 5: Sintered filters (#65988)

Required materials: Sintered filters (65988), contained in the service-set. Required tools: Spanner (range:17) Exchange interval: Every 2 month, dependent from the dust- and pollution load.

Steps:

- Remove the gas tube. Be sure, that no process gas emits in the environment. The upper part from the nozzle can be removed with a spanner (range 17).
- 2. Inside of the nozzle is a sintered filter tablet with an O-ring. Remove the exhausted sintered filter tablet and the O-ring and exchange both parts through a new one. The compensation parts can be found in the service-set.
- 3. The gas tube can now connect with the nozzle again.



Position 6: Filter mats (#60320)

Required materials:2x filter mats (#60320) contained in the service-set.Exchange interval:Exchange necessary, if filter revolution is reduced.

Steps:



10.4. Troubleshooting

Error	Possible causes	Solutions
Display does not work.	- System is not power-up.	- connect main power
		supply.
		- power up automatic
		fuse.
		- contact customer
		support.
Analyzer powers down by	- The fan is defective.	- exchange the fan.
itself.	- Filter mat from the fan is	- exchange the filter mat.
	clogged.	- Internal short circuit.
	- The protection switch has	Contact an electrician to
	been triggered.	determine cause of
		defect.
Gas cooler unit does not	- The device is not ready,	- wait until the gas
work.	after a new start of the	cooler-unit is ready.
	analyzer.	- be sure, that ambient
	- The ambient temperature is	temperature is within
	too hot.	operating range.
	- The gas cooler unit is	-Contact customer
	defective.	support.

11. Technical specification

Allgemein		General
Deutsch	Angabe	English
Betriebstemperatur(ohne Frostschutzheizung)	+5°C +45 °C / 41 °F 113 °F	Operating temperature (w/o heating)
Betriebstemperatur (mit optionaler Frostschutzheizung)	-10 °C +45°C / 14 °F 113 °F	Operating temperature (with internal heating, option)
Rel. Luftfeuchtigkeit bei Betrieb, nicht- kondensierend	95%	Rel. Humidity, non-condensing
Lagertemperatur	-20°C +50°C / -4°F 122°F	Storage Temperature
Schutzart	IP52	Protection Class
	geschützt vor direkter Sonneneinstrahlung und Regen do not expose to	
Aufstellbedingungen	direct sun light or rain	Installation Requirements
Akku intern, Pufferzeit für Sensor Bias	NiMH, 3 Monate / 3 months	Internal Battery Pack, buffer time for sensor bias
Stromversorgung	100 - 240 V, 200 W	Power supply
Gewicht, typisch mit Sensoren, Gaskühler	25 kg / 55 lbs	Weight, typically incl sensors and gas cooler unit
	600x700x210 mm	
Маве	23.6x 27.6 x8.3 in	Size
Gehäusematerial	Aluminium/Aluminum	Housing material
max. Unterdruckbereich der Gaspumpe	300 hPa	Max suction range gas pump
typischer Gasdurchfluss	50 l/h	gas flow typ.
Schnittstellen		Interfaces
Deutsch	Angabe	English
Benutzerschittstelle	Angabe	User Interface
Anzeigetyp	3,5 <i>TFT</i>	Display type
Anzahl gleichzeitig angezeigter Messwerte	6	Number of siultaneously displayed values

Tastatur mit Anzahl Tasten	12	Keyboard with qty of keys
Elektrische Aus- /Eingänge		Electrical I/O
Serielle Schnittstelle	RS485	Serial interface
Protokoll	Modbus RTU	Protocol
Typ Analogausgang	4 20 mA	Type of analog output
Anzahl Ausgangskanäle pro I/O-Modul (optional)	4	Number of output channels per I/ module (optional)
Typ Analogeingang	4 20 mA	Type of analog input
Anzahl Eingangskanäle pro I/O - Modul (optional)	4	Number of input channels per I/ module (optional)
Anzahl Alarmausgänge pro I/O - Modul (über Relais)	2	Number of alarm ouput signal via relays
maximal mögliche Anzahl I/O - Module	10	Max number of I/O modules to be equipped
	Relaiskontakt	
Systemalarm-Ausgang	relay contact	system alarm output
Gas Ein- und Ausgänge		Gas input and ouput
Anzahl <u>parallel </u> zu überwachender Messstellen	1	Number of <u>simultaneously</u> monitored sampling points
Anzahl Messgaseingänge (serielle Umschaltung)	10	Number of sampling points (serial sampling point switching)
Gehäuseverschraubung Messgaseingang	G1/8	Screw joint sampling point
Gasausgang	G1/8	gas output
Frischluft (für Nullpunktnahme)	G1/8	Fresh air (for zeroing)
Kalibriergas	optional, G1/8	Calibration gas

11.1. Technical specification: Electrochemical sensors

Elektrochemischer Sensor O2 Long Life Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 021 % Measuring Range Auflösung 0.01 % Resolution Genauigkeit abs. + 0.2 Vol% Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit T90 < 20s Response Time T90 Jahre erwartete 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Lebensdauer an Luft 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Biektrochemischer Sensor H2S low200 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-200 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Überlastbereich < 1000 ppm Overload Range ströppm/ 5% (0 200 ppm) Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit T90 < 40s Response Time T90 Jahre erwartete 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Elektrochemischer Sensor H2S high10.000 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-10000 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Uberlastbereich 0-10000 ppm Measuring Range		Angaben zur	
Sensor O2 Long Life Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 021 % Measuring Range Auflösung 0.01 % Resolution Genauigkeit abs. ± 0.2 Vol% Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit 190 < 20s Response Time 190 Jahre erwartete 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Elektrochemischer Sensor H2S low200 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-200 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Response Time 790 Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Überlastbereich < 1000 ppm Overload Range Auflösung 10% (> 200 ppm) Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit 190 < 40s Response Time 790 Jahre erwartete 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Elektrochemischer Years expected lifetime (@air) Sensor H2S high10.000 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-10000 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Resolu			English
Auflösung 0,01 % Resolution Genauigkeit abs. ± 0,2 Vol% Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit T90 < 20s Response Time T90 Jahre erwartete 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Elektrochemischer Sensor H2S low200 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-200 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Überlastbereich < 1000 ppm Overload Range *5 ppm / 5% (0 200 ppm) Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit T90 < 40s Response Time T90 Jahre erwartete 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Lebensdauer an Luft 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Elektrochemischer Sensor H2S high10.000 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-10000 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Uberlastbereich < 50000 ppm Overload Range ± 50 ppm / 5% (0 10000 ppm) Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit T90 < 90s Response Time T90 Jahre erwartete Lebensdauer an Luft 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) (abhängig von 2 (Depending on chosen sensor)		O2 Long Life	Electrochemical Sensor
Auflösung 0,01 % Resolution Genauigkeit abs. ± 0,2 Vol% Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit T90 < 20s		0.01.0/	
Genauigkeit abs. ± 0.2 Vol% Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit T90 < 20s			~ ~ ~
Ansprechzeit T90 < 20s	Auflösung		Resolution
Jahre erwartete Lebensdauer an Luft 2 Years expected lifetime (@air) Elektrochemischer Sensor H2S low200 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-200 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Überlastbereich < 1000 ppm	v		5
Lebensdauer an Luft2Years expected lifetime (@air)Elektrochemischer SensorH2S low200Electrochemical SensorMessbereich0-200 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionUberlastbereich< 1000 ppm		< 20s	Response Time T90
Elektrochemischer Sensor H2S low200 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-200 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Überlastbereich < 1000 ppm			
SensorH2S low200Electrochemical SensorMessbereich0-200 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionUberlastbereich< 1000 ppm		2	Years expected lifetime (@air)
Messbereich0-200 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 1000 ppm			Electrochomical Sonsor
Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Überlastbereich < 1000 ppm			
Uberlastbereich < 1000 ppm Overload Range ±5 ppm / 5% (0 200 ppm) Abs. Accuracy Ansprechzeit T90 < 40s			
#5 ppm / Genauigkeit abs. 10% (> 200 ppm) Ansprechzeit T90 < 40s			
Genauigkeit abs.5% (0 200 ppm) 10% (> 200 ppm)Abs. Accuracy.Ansprechzeit T90< 40s	Uberlastbereich		Overload Range
Genauigkeit abs.10% (> 200 ppm)Abs. AccuracyAnsprechzeit T90< 40s			
Ansprechzeit T90< 40sResponse Time T90Jahre erwartete Lebensdauer an Luft2Years expected lifetime (@air)Elektrochemischer SensorH2S high10.000Electrochemical SensorMessbereich0-10000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 50000 ppm	Genauiokeit abs		Abs Accuracy
Jahre erwartete Lebensdauer an Luft2Years expected lifetime (@air)Elektrochemischer SensorH2S high10.000Electrochemical SensorMessbereich0-10000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 50000 ppm			
Elektrochemischer SensorH2S high10.000Electrochemical SensorMessbereich0-10000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 50000 ppm			
Sensor H2S high10.000 Electrochemical Sensor Messbereich 0-10000 ppm Measuring Range Auflösung 1 ppm Resolution Überlastbereich < 50000 ppm	Lebensdauer an Luft	2	Years expected lifetime (@air)
Messbereich0-10000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 50000 ppm	Elektrochemischer		
Auflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 50000 ppm			
Uberlastbereich< 5000 ppmOverload Range± 50 ppm / 5% (0 10000 ppm)± 50 ppm / 5% (0 10000 ppm)Abs. AccuracyGenauigkeit abs.10% (> 10000 ppm)Abs. AccuracyAnsprechzeit T90< 90s	Messbereich	0-10000 ppm	Measuring Range
denauigkeit abs.± 50 pm / 5% (0 10000 ppm)Genauigkeit abs.10% (> 10000 ppm)Ansprechzeit T90< 90s	0		
Sw (0 10000 ppm)Abs. AccuracyGenauigkeit abs.10% (> 10000 ppm)Abs. AccuracyAnsprechzeit T90< 90s	Überlastbereich		Overload Range
Ansprechzeit T90< 90sResponse Time T90Jahre erwartete Lebensdauer an Luft(abhängig von gewähltem Sensor)2Years expected lifetime (@air) (Depending on chosen sensor)Elektrochemischer SensorMessbereich0-2000 ppmElectrochemical SensorMessbereich0-2000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 5000 ppm	Genauigkeit abs.	5% (0 10000 ppm)	Abs. Accuracy
Lebensdauer an LuftYears expected lifetime (@air) (Depending on chosen sensor)(abhängig von gewähltem Sensor)2Years expected lifetime (@air) (Depending on chosen sensor)Elektrochemischer Sensor12Electrochemical SensorMessbereich0-2000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 5000 ppm	Ansprechzeit T90		Response Time T90
gewähltem Sensor)2(Depending on chosen sensor)Elektrochemischer SensorH2S low2000Electrochemical SensorMessbereich0-2000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 5000 ppm		_	
Elektrochemischer SensorH2S low2000Electrochemical SensorMessbereich0-2000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 5000 ppm		2	
Messbereich0-2000 ppmMeasuring RangeAuflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 5000 ppm	Elektrochemischer		
Auflösung1 ppmResolutionÜberlastbereich< 5000 ppm		H2S low2000	
Überlastbereich< 5000 ppmOverload RangeÜberlastbereich< 5000 ppm)	Messbereich	0-2000 ppm	Measuring Range
< 5% (0500 ppm) <15% (5012500 ppm)Abs. AccuracyGenauigkeit abs.ppm)Abs. AccuracyAnsprechzeit T90< 35s	Auflösung	1 ppm	Resolution
<15% (5012500Genauigkeit abs.ppm)Ansprechzeit T90< 35s	Überlastbereich	< 5000 ppm	Overload Range
Ansprechzeit T90< 35sResponse Time T90Jahre erwarteteYears expected lifetime (@air)	Conquigkoit abs	<15% (5012500	Abs. Assurage
Jahre erwartete Years expected lifetime (@air)	~ ~ ~		,
		< 303	
	Lebensdauer an Luft		(Depending on chosen sensor)

abhängig von		
gewähltem Sensor)		
Elektrochemischer		
Sensor	CO/4000	Electrochemical Sensor
Messbereich	0-4000 ppm	Measuring Range
Auflösung	1 ppm	Resolution
Überlastbereich	< 10000 ppm	Overload Range
Genauigkeit abs.		Abs. Accuracy
Ansprechzeit T90	< 40s	Response Time T90
Jahre erwartete		
Lebensdauer an Luft		
		Years expected lifetime (@air)
	3	(Depending on chosen sensor)
Elektrochemischer		
Sensor	H2/1000	Electrochemical Sensor
Nominaler Messbereich	0-1000 ppm	Nom. Measuring Range
Überlastbereich	< 2000 ppm	Overload Range
Auflösung	1 ppm	Resolution
Genauigkeit absolut /	5% (0 1000 ppm)	
vom Messwert	10% (> 1000 ppm)	Accuracy abs. / reading
Ansprechzeit T90	< 50s	Response Time T90

11.2. Technical specification: NDIR-benches

Nicht-dispersive Infrarotmessung (NDIR)	CO₂/CH₄/100 %	Non-dispersive Infrared Measurement (NDIR)
Nominaler Messbereich	0-100 Vol%	Nom. Measuring Range
Auflösung	0,01 Vol%	Resolution
	± 0,3 Vol% /	
Genauigkeit abs. /vom		
Messwert	3%	Accuracy abs./reading
Ansprechzeit T90	< 35 s	Response Time T90

12. APPENDIX

12.1. Modbus via RS485 specification

General information

- The Modbus (slave function) requires the firmware version V1.01.70 dated 17.11.2014 or later.
- The analysers are able to work as Modbus slave using the RS232 or RS485 port (possibly with external RS232/RS485 adapter)
- supports RS485 interface with 2/4 wires (half/full duplex)
- supports only the binary Modbus protocol (RTU)
- supports Modbus command *Read Holding Register* (command no 3)
- supports Modbus command *Read Input Register* (command no 4)
- the slave Modbus address is user definable from 1 to 238
- communication parameter are user definable as follows:
 9600 baud
 - 19200 baud
 - even parity and 1 stop bit
 - no parity and 2 stop bits
- Multi byte values are transmitted in Motorola[®] byte order (Big-Endian). Only the CRC16 at the end of each frame is transmitted in Intel[®] byte order (Little-Endian).

In case you need Little-Endian byte order in the master's system:

- 16bit values (occurs only in the frame): swap bytes 0<=>1

- 32bit values (occurs only in the data): swap bytes 0<=>3 and swap bytes 1<=>2

- All addresses written in this document are decimal (not hexa-decimal)
- All readable data are 32bit values, therefore the analyser only accepts even addresses end even number of registers to be read.
- The maximal number of 32bit-values to be read with one single read command is 63

(126 modbus registers)

- Data types (used in table below):
 - U32 **32 bit unsigned integer value (0...4.294.967.295)**
 - FL 32 bit floating point value (reads -1E38, when not available)

80

76

FL

H2S [ppm] (optional)

- modbus profibus data register content address address type Status & Device info 0 U32 Analyser Status (more details read below) 0 2 4 U32 System Alarm (more details read below) 8 U32 4 Serial number 6 12 U32 Analyser type (11060 = SWG100biogas) 8 16 U32 Firmware version (e.g. 12345 = V1.23.45) 10 20 U32 Elapsed seconds since Power-On 12 Counter Modbus Frame Error 24 U32 14 28 FL CH4 amb. [%] 16 32 FL CH4 amb. [% LEL] 18 36 FL T-sensor [°C/°F] (unit depends on user settings) 20 40 FL Sample Flow [I/h] 22 FΙ T-gascooler [°C/°F] (unit depends on user settings) 44 48 24 FL Case fan rotations [rpm] 26 52 FL Gas pump rotations [rpm] 28 56 FL P-absolute [hPa] (=[mbar]) P-absolute [inchHG] 30 60 FL 32 U32 not (yet) defined (reads zero) 34 U32 not (yet) defined (reads zero) 36 U32 not (yet) defined (reads zero) 38 U32 not (yet) defined (reads zero) Status & current measurement values (live values!) Analyser Status (more details read below) 40 U32 42 U32 System Alarm (more details read below) 44 FL 02 [%] CO2 [%] (or CO2 [ppm], if CO2 [%] isn't available) 46 FL 48 FL CH4 [%] (or CH4 [ppm], if CH4 [%] isn't available) 50 FL H2S [ppm] (optional) 52 FΙ H2 [ppm] (optional) 54 FL Net calorific value [MJ/kg] 56 FL Gross calorific value [MJ/kg] modbus profibus data register content address address type Net calorific value [MJ/m³] 58 FL 60 FL Gross calorific value [MJ/m³] 62 FL CO [ppm] (optional) 64 FL CH4 [ppm] (optional, when CH4 [%] also available) 66 FL CO2 [ppm] (optional, when CO2 [%] also available) 68 U32 not (yet) defined (reads zero) Status & measurement values of sample point 1 U32 Analyser Status (more details read below) 70 72 U32 System Alarm (more details read below) 74 64 FL 02 [%] 76 68 FL CO2 [%] (or CO2 [ppm], if CO2 [%] isn't available) 78 72 FL CH4 [%] (or CH4 [ppm], if CH4 [%] isn't available)
- Defined registers to be read by the master.

	1		
82	80	FL	H2 [ppm] (optional)
84	84	FL	Net calorific value [MJ/kg]
86	88	FL	Gross calorific value [MJ/kg]
88	92	FL	Net calorific value [MJ/m ³]
90	96	FL	Gross calorific value [MJ/m ³]
92	100	FL	CO [ppm] (optional)
94	104	FL	CH4 [ppm] (optional, when CH4 [%] also available)
96		FL	CO2 [ppm] (optional, when CO2 [%] also available)
98		U32	not (yet) defined (reads zero)
Status & m	easurement	values c	of sample point 2 (optional)
100		U32	Analyser Status (more details read below)
102		U32	System Alarm (more details read below)
104	108	FL	O2 [%]
106	112	FL	CO2 [%] (or CO2 [ppm], if CO2 [%] isn't available)
108	116	FL	CH4 [%] (or CH4 [ppm], if CH4 [%] isn't available)
110	120	FL	H2S [ppm] (optional)
112	124	FL	H2 [ppm] (optional)
114	128	FL	Net calorific value [MJ/kg]
116	132	FL	Gross calorific value [MJ/kg]
118	136	FL	Net calorific value [MJ/m³]
120	140	FL	Gross calorific value [MJ/m ³]
122	144	FL	CO [ppm] (optional)
124	148	FL	CH4 [ppm] (optional, when CH4 [%] also available)
126		FL	CO2 [ppm] (optional, when CO2 [%] also available)
128		U32	not (yet) defined (reads zero)
Status & m	easurement	values c	of sample point 3-10 (optional)
130-369	152		add 30/44 to the addresses for each sample point

protocol address	data type	numb. of registers	register content
AUX-values (read by up to 10 IO-m			nodules)
370	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 1 - Input 1
372	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 1 - Input 2
374	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 1 - Input 3
376	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 1 - Input 4
378	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 2 - Input 1
380	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 2 - Input 2
382	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 2 - Input 3
384	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 2 - Input 4
386	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 3 - Input 1
388	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 3 - Input 2
390	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 3 - Input 3
392	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 3 - Input 4
394	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 4 - Input 1
396	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 4 - Input 2
398	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 4 - Input 3
400	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 4 - Input 4
402	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 5 - Input 1
404	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 5 - Input 2
406	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 5 - Input 3
408	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 5 - Input 4
410	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 6 - Input 1
412	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 6 - Input 2
414	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 6 - Input 3
416	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 6 - Input 4
418	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 7 - Input 1
420	FL		AUX-value read by IO-module 7 - Input 2
422	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 7 - Input 3
424	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 7 - Input 4
426-241	FL	16	8 AUX-values read by IO-modules 8 & 9
442	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 10 - Input 1
444	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 10 - Input 2
446	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 10 - Input 3
448	FL	2	AUX-value read by IO-module 10 - Input 4

Optional AUX values are not available via Profibus.

12.2. Analyser Status (address 0 and some mirror addresses)

The Analyzer Status is a 32bit-word and must be interpreted bitwise.

Bit	Description				
0	Power-On (until the first zeroing has been done)				
1	System-Alarm, see table below				
2	Air Purging (zeroing)				
3	Gas Sampling (preparing measurement, not measurement!)				
4-7	Currently sampled sample point number (110, reads 0 while air purging)				
8-31	reserved for later applications (read zero)				
Some status examples:					
Decimal	Hexadecimal	Binary	state description		
1	0001h	0000 0001	Power-On (self-test)		
5	0005h	0000 0101	First Air Purging (Power-On + Air		
Purging)					
24	0018h	0001 1000	Preparing meas. smp.pt.1 (Gas		
Sampling + smp.pt.1)					
16	0010h	0001 0000	Measuring sample point 1		
32	0020h	0010 0000	Measuring sample point 2		
48	0030h	0011 0000	Measuring sample point 3		
18	0012h	0001 0010	Measuring sample point 1 + System-		
Alarm					

12.3. Analyser System Alarm (address 2 and some mirror addresses)

The Analyser System Alarm is a 32bit-word and must be interpreted bitwise.

Bit	Description	Meas.				
		halted				
0	Mainboard Offline (some communication problems)	YES				
1	Mainboard is in bootloader mode	YES				
2	CH4 ambient > threshold value	YES				
3	Condensate	YES				
4	Sample flow < 20 l/h	-				
5	Case fan rotations < 900 rpm -					
6	T-gas cooler > 10°C -					
7	T-gas cooler < 2°C	-				
8	T-Sensor > 55°C -					
9	T-Sensor < 5°C -					
10- 31	reserved for later applications					
Som	Some system alarm examples:					
Deci 1 halte	mal Hexadecimal Binary state description 0001h 0000 0001 Mainboard is offline, meas	surement is				

> 10°C.

0050h

halted

8

80

12.4. Spare parts list

12.4. Spare parts list				
Article	Description – Serial number			
	<i>Gas cooler - #60467HT Required to dry the sample gas</i>			
	<i>Condensate pump - #11230</i> <i>Required to drain the condensate</i>			
	<i>Sample gas pump - #65032 Used for sample gas pumping</i>			
	H2S solenoid valve - #65470 Required for cut-off sample gas supply to H2Slow sensor.			
	H2S purge pump - #54150 Required for air purging of H2Slow sensor.			
	<i>NDIR CH4/CO2 - #65128 Infrared measuring device of CH4 and CO2</i>			
	Power supply - #64845 Input: 100-240 VAC / 47-63 Hz Output: 12 VDC / 90 W			
	<i>Power supply - #65325 Only for use in hazardous area Zone 2</i>			

<i>Axial fan - #65097</i> For ventilation of analyzer cabinet
<i>Solenoid valve - #65470 Used for sampling point switching.</i>
<i>CxHy gas detector - #65469</i> <i>Required for monitoring the CH4</i> <i>concentration inside analyzer cabinet</i>
<i>Heater - #65425 Used for freeze protection of analyzer cabinet</i> <i>Only for use in hazardous area Zone 2</i>
<i>Display and operation unit #65133 Control unit for the user.</i>

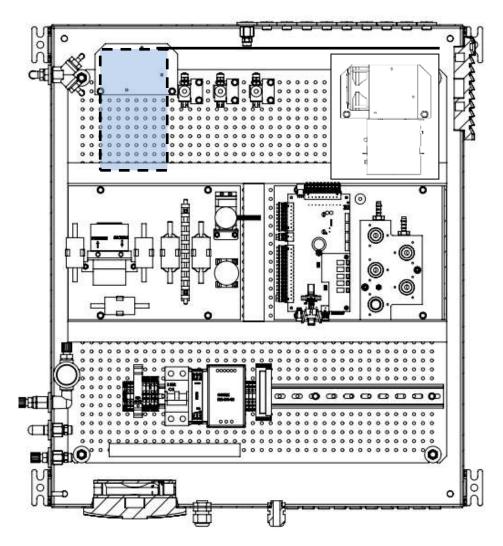
<i>I/O-Module #65179 + #65430 Used for analog output data transfer and sample point switching.</i> -
<i>I/O Module - #65179 Used for analog output data transfer</i>
<i>Heater #65734 Used for freeze protection of analyzer cabinet installed in safe area</i>

13. Purchase options of the analyzer

In this chapter the different available options are explained. The chapter shows:

- The place of the options in the analyzer.
- The characteristic of the options.
- How to install the option if it is necessary.

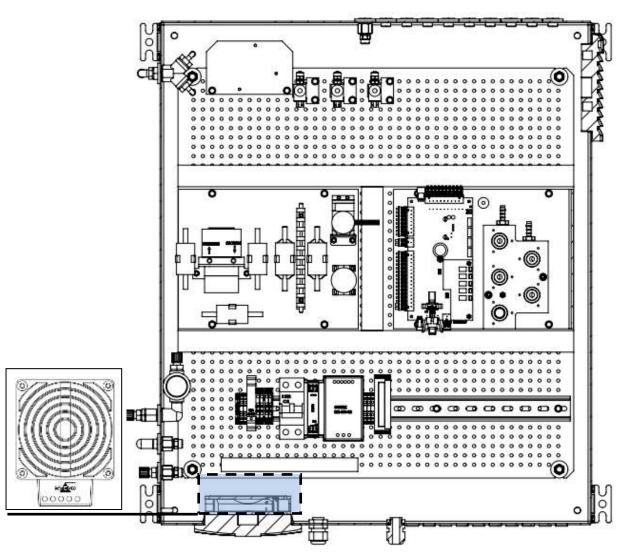
13.1. Option: Electric sample gas cooler



The gas cooler-unit is equipped with a peltier-element. It is for drying the gas feed of a dew point of 5° C. it is recommended to use this option, if the gas feed from the biogas has a high moisture content.

This option must be purchased separate, because it is not contain in the basic version.

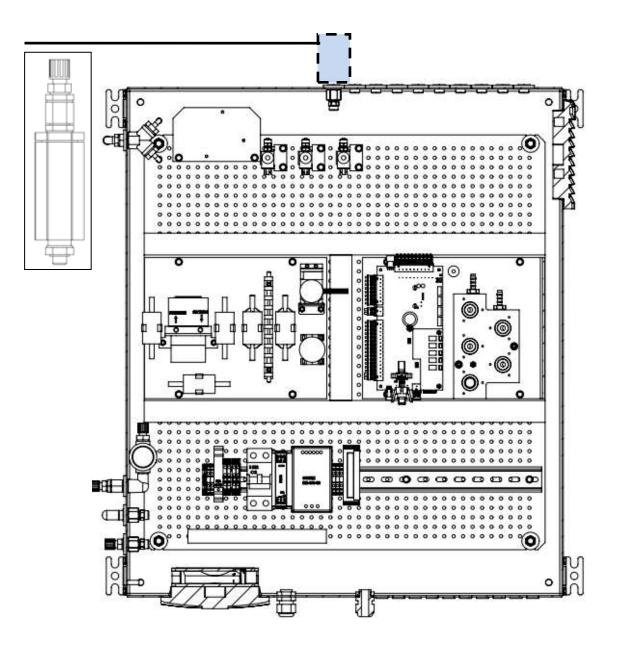
13.2. Option: Cabinet heater



The feature cabinet heater is necessary to operate the analyzer at low ambient air temperatures (-10°C ... +5°C). The device starts heating, when the ambient temperature is fallen <18°C. The electrical power from the cabinet heater is 200 Watt.

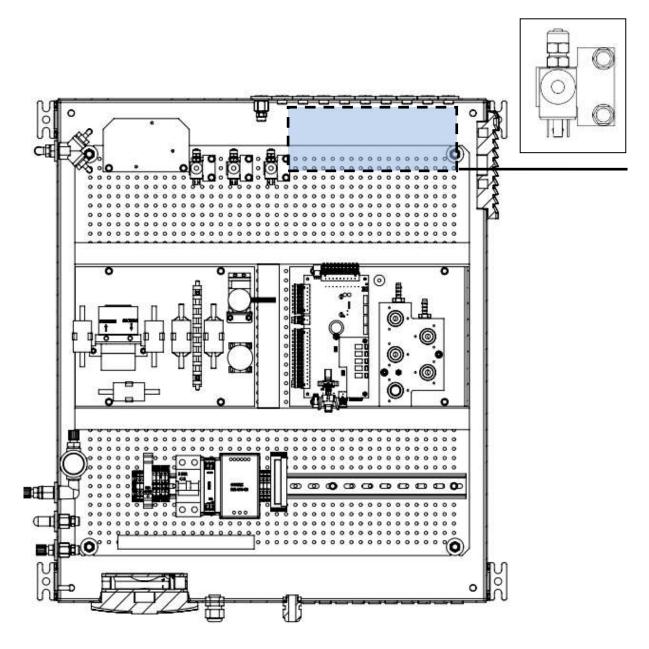
This option exists in a 230 VAC and an 115VAC variant.

13.3. Option: Flame arrester



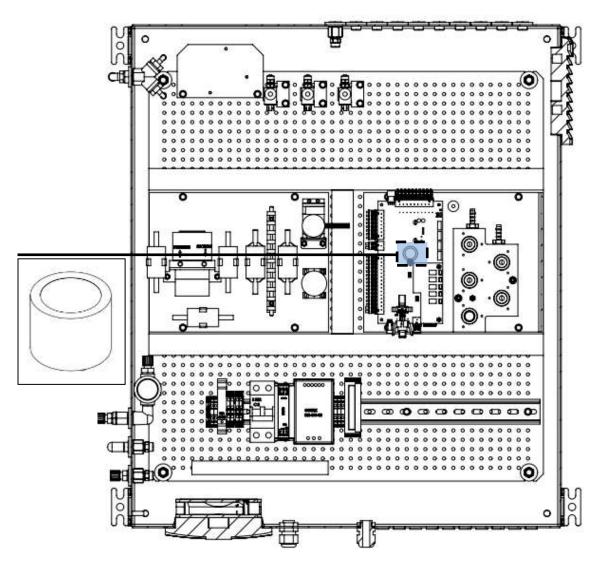
It can be necessary to install separate flame arresters at the sample gas inlets. The flame arrester, which can be purchase by MRU, has permission for ATEX areas zone 2 (DIN EN ISO 16852).

13.4. Option: Multiple sample point switching and monitoring (time sharing)

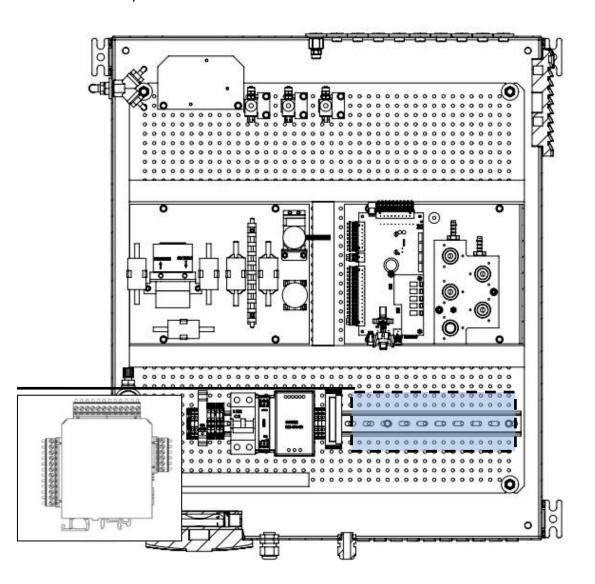


The analyser is by default equipped with one sample point (see market above). It can be offered with several sample points (max. 10). The sample points are not measured simultaneously but one at a time (round robin technique). The sample points can be set in the menu "Cycle configuration" (see chapter 6.10).

13.5. Option: Gas detector (%LEL CH4) to monitor air inside analyzer cabinet



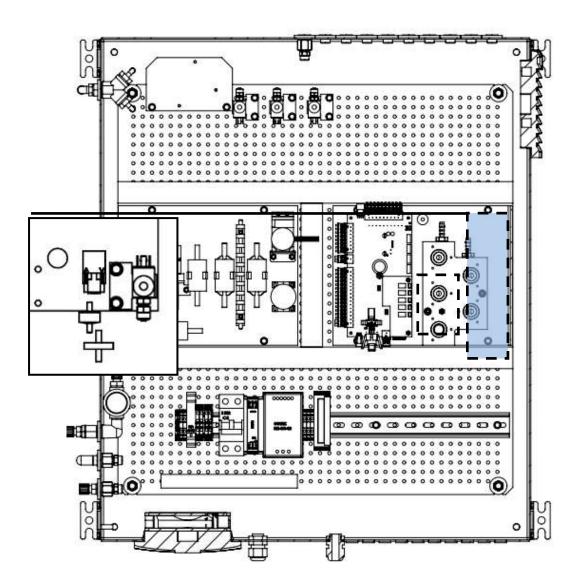
With this option the CH4 concentration inside the analyser can be determined and monitored. This menu is only installed, if the gas detector is installed.



13.6. Option: Extra IO module with 4 channel 4-20 mA

The analyser is by default equipped with one IO module (see market above). It can be offered with a different number of IO modules (max.10). Every single installed IO module can be driven independent from each other. The different IO modules can be set in the menu "" (see chapter 5.4).

13.7. Option: H2S electrochemical cell measurement 0-2000ppm/4000ppm



The H_2S electrochemical sensor is offered with two different functions:

- Without cut-off solenoid valve and air purge pump.
- With cut-off solenoid valve and air rising pump.

The cut-off solenoid valve with air rising pump have the advantage, that the electrochemical sensor can be purge with ambient air, after the sensor has determined the sample gas. This enhance the live time of the sensor.

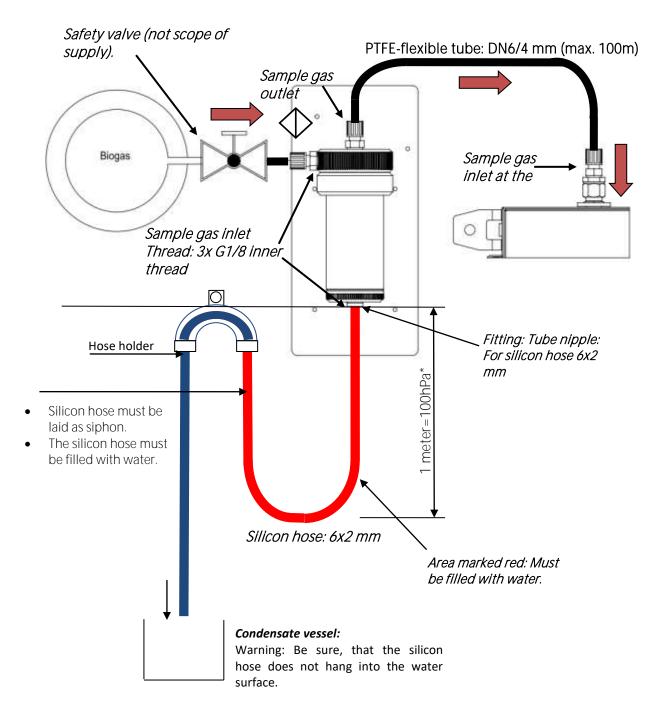


13.8. Option: Extern condensate-trap

The external condensate trap is a pre-filter unit, which is for wet and dirty sampling points with condensate higher than 14ml/min.

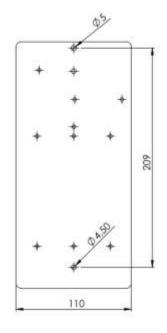
Mounting of the external condensate trap

The schematic above shows the tubing of the external condensate trap:



*Height of water column is dependent from the overpressure, which should be created.

Installation of the mounting panel



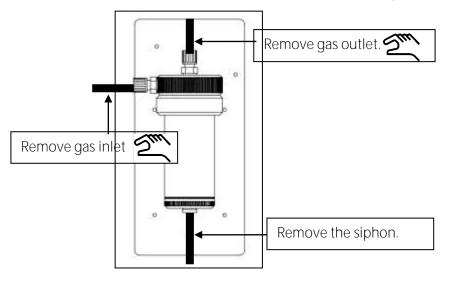
Exchanging the filter element

1. Close the safety valve at the gas inlet.

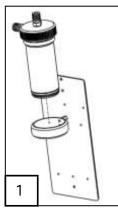
A CAUTION Risk of negative pressure inside the system.



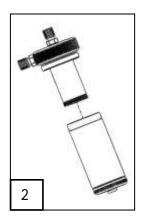
- The following order must be considered:
- ► Shut the system down.
- Close the safety valve at the gas inlet.
- This will prevent the build-up of negative pressure.
- 2. Remove sample gas inlet and sample gas outlet from the condensate trap. Remove the silicon hose, which builds the siphon.



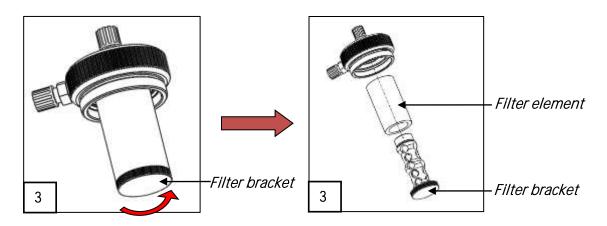
3. Remove the filter unit from the retention fixture (see picture 1).



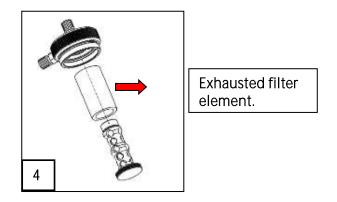
4. Unscrew filter the side glass from the external condensate trap (see picture 2).



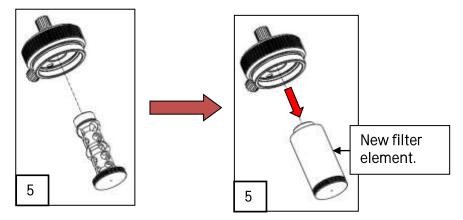
5. Unscrew the filter bracket (see picture 3).



6. Delete the exhausted filter and exchange it with a new one (see picture 4).



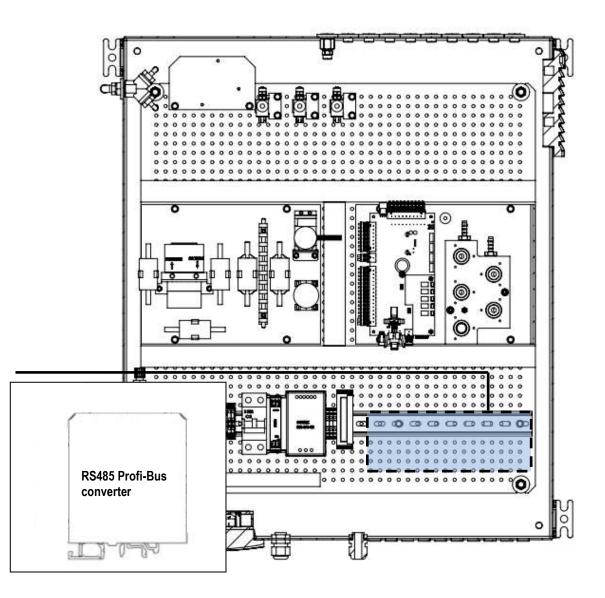
7. Screw the filter bracket back in the filter unit (see picture 5).



8. Screw the side glass back in the filter-unit.

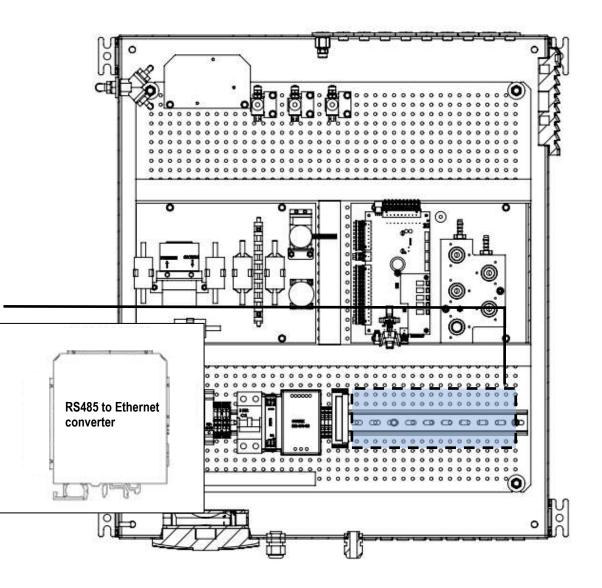
Unscrew filter holding and remove exhausted filter element. Replace the filter element by a new one (pictures: 1-5).

13.9. Option: RS485 to Profi-Bus converter



Normally the analyzer communication is Modbus RTU. If it is wanted, a RS485-Modbus/ Profibus converter can be installed at the DIN-rail. This hat-rail module will be explained in a separate manual.

13.10. Option: RS485 to Ethernet converter



Normally the analyzer communication is Modbus RTU. If it is wanted, a RS485-Modbus/Ethernet Bus converter can be installed at the DIN-rail. This hat-rail module will be explained in a separate manual.

13.11. Configuration of the Ethernet module

- 1. Start the software "Easy setup".
 - The following screen will appear. Select Z-Key at the register called "Products in alphabetical order" (market with 1 in screenshot).
 - Push the "Start" key (market with 2 in screenshot).

😁 EASY Setup ver. 4.4.0.0		– 🗆 X
<u>F</u> ile		
Select a product and press Start		SENECA
Products in alphabetical order	Z-KEY	Configurator version 1.0.1.0
Z-KEY Z-D-IN	~	
Z-D-IO Z-D-QUT Z-DAQ-PID Z-GATEWAY (OUT OF PRODUCTION) Z-KEY		
Z-LINK1-LO Z-LINK1-NM Z-SG Z-SG- Z-SG- Z109REG Z109REG-BP Z109REG2-1 Z109REG2-1 Z109TC2-1 Z109UI2-1 Z113-1 Z170REG-1 Z204-1 Z204-1 Z204-1 Z204-1 Z2-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24DI ZC-24		2 3 EVECA The Market Ma Market Market Mark
	Advanced Modbus TCP/IP - R	TU Gateway and Serial Device Server
	EASY Setup a Discover mobile applica	app tion, search it on Google Play Store
		Get IT ON Google Play Start
-		1

2

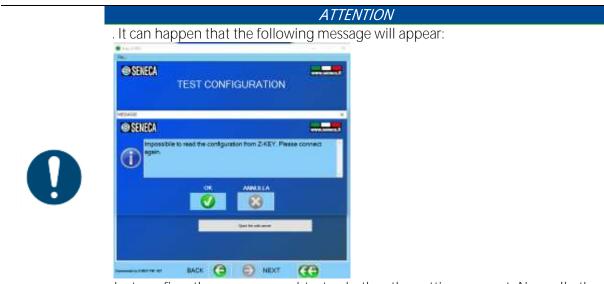
2. The following screen appears. To test the communication pushes the key "Test" (1). The current IP-address, which is saved at the module will appear.

Lay 2.41v	- a x	•	Fary Z-KEY	
SENECA		SENECA TES	ST CONFIGURAZIONE	
Easy 2	2-KEY			
VER 1	and the second se	CONFIGUR	AZIONE ETHERNET ATT	UALE
THE SOFTWARE WILL LEAD YOU TH	ROUGH THE CONFIGURATION	INDIRIZZO II	192.168.90.101	
		IP MASH	255.255.255.0	
		GATEWAY	192.168.90.1	
SETUP	TEST		April Everile Service and Decemen	
2	1 33	Internet and INDIE	TRO 🚱 🙆 AVANTI	G

3. Get back in the menu and push the key "Setup" (2). Connect the Ethernetmodule with an USB-port of a pc. Then the key "Automatic search" (3). A screen appears, allowing to set the TCP protocol. After a correct TCP is set push the key "Next".

SENERA Z-KEY CONNECTIONS		ENEDA		OSNEX	ERNET CONFIGURA	TION
times the paper of he is which a national	2454	CONFIGURATIO	IN MENU	DHDR:	DISABLE	6
<u> </u>	and the second se	INECA	Contraction of the local division of the loc	IP ADDRESS	192 168	90 101
		Convected with Z-HEV		10456	255 255 2	55 0,
and the second se				GATEWAY		90 1
			8	WED .		0
THE SEARCHING STRAT	EQV	and the latter has been		Later Added		-
	3			- Proceeding of the	19-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	
water and the state of the stat		- BACK (3 (NEXT (C)		BACK () () HEX	(G)

4. At the next screen push the key "Send IP configuration to Z-key". The settings will be written to the module.



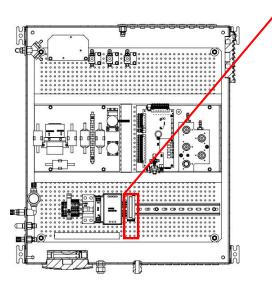
Just confirm the message and test, whether the settings are set. Normally the message can be ignored.

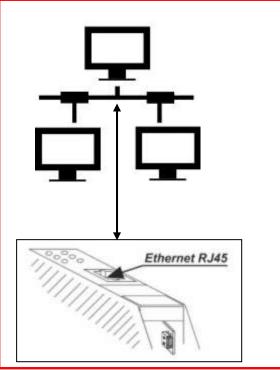
5. The settings are saved at the module now.

Adjustment of the SWG100 with the Ethernet

After the settings are configurated the analyzer can be connected with the Ethernet.

1. Connect the Ethernet module with the network. For the connection use a LAN cable.



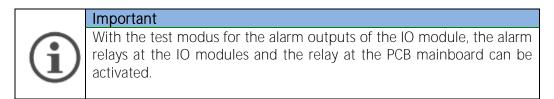


2. Open the path Extras/General settings, at the analyzer. Push *F3=Modbus*. At this menu the Modbus slave parameters can be configurated.

General settings 王 C LCD brightness 60 % Country International	Notions slove settings E C Modbus slove settings	<u>Example:</u> Baud rate: 19200
Language English Keyboard beep ON Request admin-PIN OFF Service message OFF External control relais Thresh.cond.alarm (kQ) 80	Baud rate 19200 Slave address 238 Stop bits 1 Parity even Data bits 8	Slave address: 238 Stop bits: 1 Parity: even Data bits: 8
date & time estant mollos	Request count 4954	

Picture: The screenshot shows an example of a Modbus slave settings.

- 3. In the next step it is necessary to build a connection between the analyzer and the network. To do this open the browser at a pc and open the webserver with the address:
 - <u>http://192.xxx.xxx/maintenance/index.html</u>





Important

The 192.xxxx.xxx is the IP-address, which is configurated at the module (see chapter xx).

Example:

The IP-address of the module is 192.168.100.154, then the correct address to invoke the webserver is: <u>http://192.168.100.154</u>/maintenance/index.html.

- 4. The webserver-address is protected with a password. The default password is:
 - a. Username: admin
 - b. Password: admin.
- 5. The following screen appears.

$\leftrightarrow \rightarrow \circ \circ$	192.168.100.139/maintenance/index.html
SENECA"	Z-KEY Real Time View Firmware Version : 4100_107
Real Time View	DHCP = Disabled
Setup	ACTUAL IP ADDRESS : 192.168.100.139
Firmware Update	ACTUAL IP.MASK = 255.255.255.0
	ACTUAL GATEWAY ADDRESS: 192,168,100,250
	ACTUAL MAC ADDRESS: c8-I9-81-0c-01-68
	WORKING MODE: MODBUS BRIDGE ON PORT#2
	RESET Z-KEY

6. Push "Setup". A list with the actual adjustments will be appeared.

S SENECA	Z-KEY Setup	1.11/11/11/12	Version : 4100_107		
Real Time View Setup	-	CURRENT		UPDATED	
Pirmware Update	DHCP	Disabled	Disabled ~		
	STATIC IP	192.168.100.139	192 168 100 139		
	STATIC IP MAIK	265.255.265.9	255 255 255 0		
	GATEWAY	192,168,100,250	192.168.100.250	1	
	WORKING MODE	MODBUS BRIDGE ON PORT#2	MODBUS BRIDGE O	N PORT#2	v
	TOPAP PORT	582	502		
	TCPIIP TIMEOUT	512	512		
s slove settings 🛛 🗷 🛛	PORTEZ	19200	19200 ~		
bus slave settings	FORTAJ DATA	8	8~		
rate 19200	PORTAR PARITY	Even	Even ~		
address 238 bits 1	PORTR2 STOP		1~		
y even bits 8	WEB SERVER	80	80		
est count 4954	WEB SERVER AUTHENTICATION USER NAME	admin	admin		
	WEB SERVER AUTHENTICATION USER PASSWORD	admin	admin		
	FTP SERVER PORT	21	21	6	
2	FTP SERVER AUTHENTICATION USER NAME	admin	odmin		
	PTP SERVER AUTHENTICATION USER PASTWORD	admin	admin	E	

At this protocol the following adjustments must be set:

- 6. Working mode: MODBUS BRIDGE ON PORT#2 (1).
- 7. Baudrate (2):
- 8. Data Bits (2).
- 9. Parity (2).
- 10. Stop Bits (2).

• The baudrate, data bits, parity and stop bits must be the same like at the SWG100. After the settings are done, push the key "Apply".

Connection the SWG100 with MRU4WIN

- 1. Open MRU4WIN.
- 2. Push the key "Create new Modbus device" (1).



3. Set the Modbus setting from Serial to TCP(2).

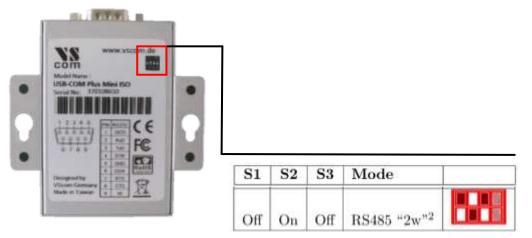
Serial/TCP	Einstellungen – 🗆 X	Serial/TCP	Einstellungen – – × at the webserver
Senaly rer		Senaly rep	
Com Port	Serial TCP	IP	192.168.100.139
Baudrate	9600 ~	Port	502
Data Bits	8 ~		Here the type of the device must be set.
Parity	Even ×		Example: It is the
StopBits	One v		Ethernetmodule assembled at a
Name	v	Name	SWG100 Biogas SWG100 Biogas, the device must be set.
Slave ID	0	Slave ID	
	OK Abbrechen		OK Abbrechen Wollows slove settings III
			Madbus slave settings
	4. In the menu the following	g points m	51440 4481055 254
	•		Stop bits 1 Parity even
	IP-Address		Data bits 8
	Port number		
	Device		Request count 4954
	 Slave-ID 		

- The slave ID can be found at the modbus settings (see screenshot). The port number (called Port at the setting) can be found at the Ethernet protocol (see chapter 1.1 point 6).
- 5. The new created device can be found at the left side of the MRU4WIN screen. Activated it and start the logging.

13.12. Option: Connection the SWG100 with RS-485 converter to MRU4Win

It is possible to connect the SWG-100 to MRU4Win, via a RS-485 converter. For the connection a MRU4Win-license and a RS-485 converter (offer-number: #62543) is required. Follow steps must be done:

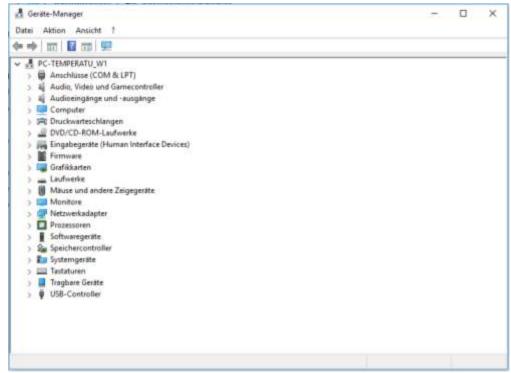
• At the bottom side of the RS-485 converter is a DIP-switch. To configurate the RS-485 converter it is necessary to switch the DIP-block in the follow position:



- Before the RS-485 converter can be used, a USB-driver must be installed at the PC. Normally, this driver installed at a common PC. If it is not installed, the USB-Driver can be download at the follow Web-Side: http://www.visionsystems.de/produkte/usb-com-plus-mini-usb-com-plusmini-iso.html. The download can be found under the topic "Downloads". The USB-driver is under the hyperlink "Current Windows x86 & x64". Without the USB-driver, the PC is not able to recognize the COM-port.
- Connect the RS-485 converter via USB cable with a PC having installed MRU4Win software.

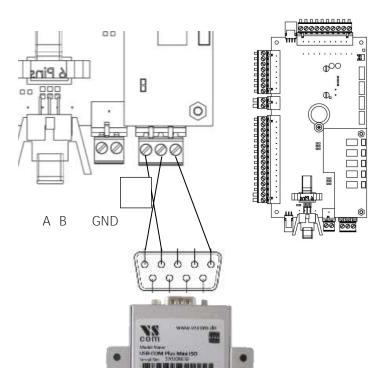


• Normally the RS-485 converter should be recognized from the PC. For testing the connection, open the device manager of the PC. A new COM-



port must appear.

• Connect the RS-485 converter with the Modbus connector at the main-pcb at the SWG100.



- Open the menu: Extras/general infos at the SWG100.
- Get in the menu "Modbus". To do this, press the F2-key.

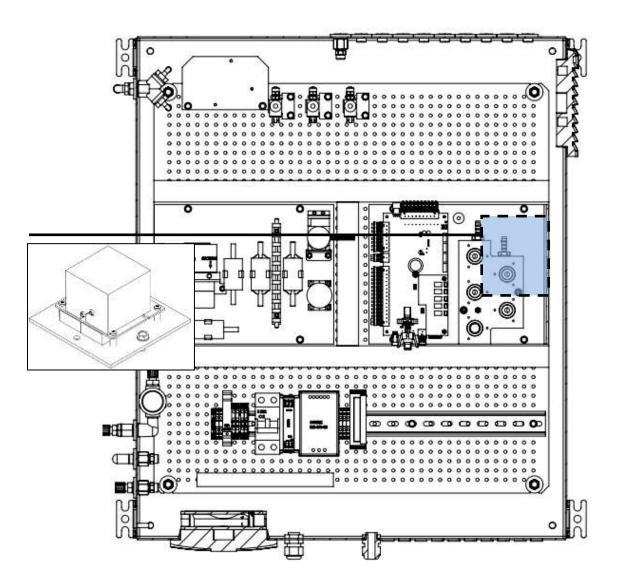
• At this screen, the settings, for the SWG-100 can be set. The screen shot below shows an instance. Of course, it can be set other baud rates or settings.

Modbus slave settings				
Modbus slave settings				
Baud rate	9600			
Slave address	1			
Stop bits	1			
Parity	even			
Data bits	8			
Invalid value	0.0 (def.)			
Request count	241			
return	user list			

• Open the MRU4Win program. Press the button "Create Modbus device".

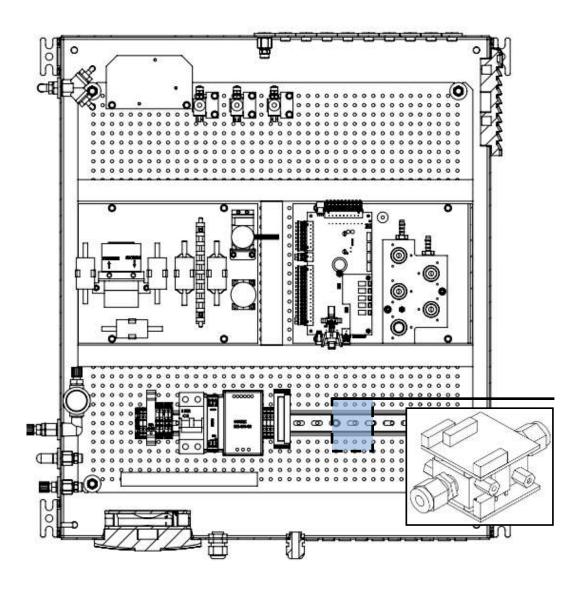
	💲 Scate 🔂 Create Modilia	1		MRU
		¢ Table	Graph	Modbus Settings
Modius sta Modius Baud rat Slave ad Stop bits Parity Data bits Invalid vo Request return	Convert a USB device/ Spin for Busineth devices	Same settings	Modius Settings - D X Marie 200(100 Biogais	
	Livemeasurements	Datastorage Management Sett	ings	

- A window, with modbus-settings will appear. At this window the same settings, like in the SWG-100 must be entered. At the first point, "Name" it is necessary to select the right device. This setting point is dependent from the SWG100-type. In this example SWG100 Biogas.
- The device will appear at the left side. For connection, press the connection symbol in the list.
- The PC is now connected with the SWG100. To start a log, press the Start Logging button at the upper right side.



13.13. Option: NDIR-bench for CH4/CO2 analysis, 0-100% / 0-100%

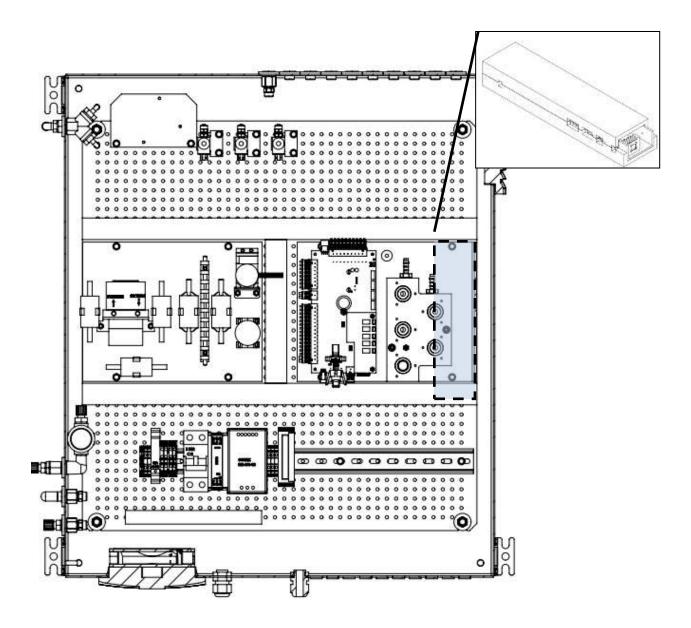
This NDIR-bench is for biogas at AD plants. It detects CH_4 and CO_2 in percent range.

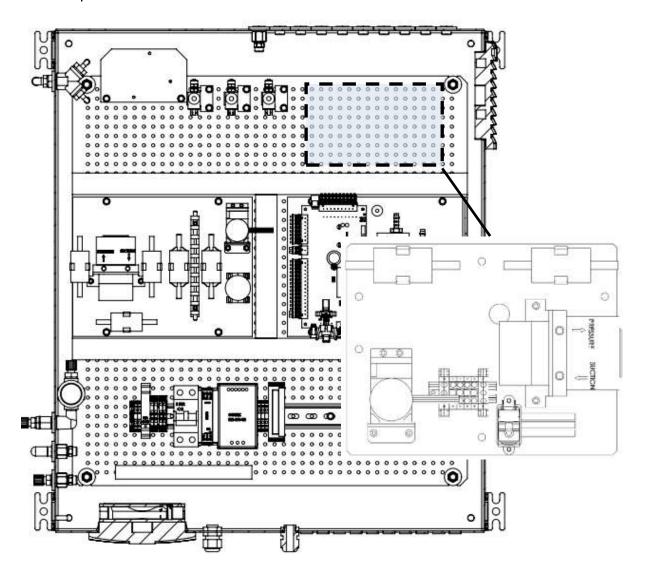


13.14. Option: H2 thermal conductivity detector measurement 0-100%

It can equip the analyzer with a H_2 thermal conductivity detector, with a measurement range from 0-100%.

13.15. Option: NDIR-bench for 0-3.000ppm CO2/0-3.000...30.000ppm CH4

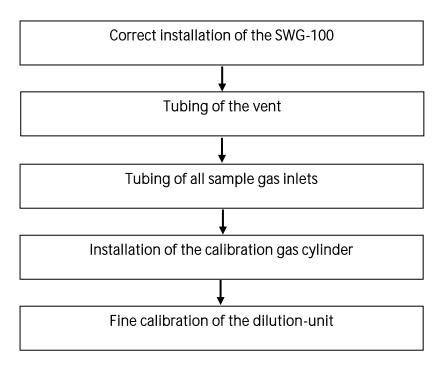




13.16. Option: Dilution-unit for H2S and CO electrochemical sensors

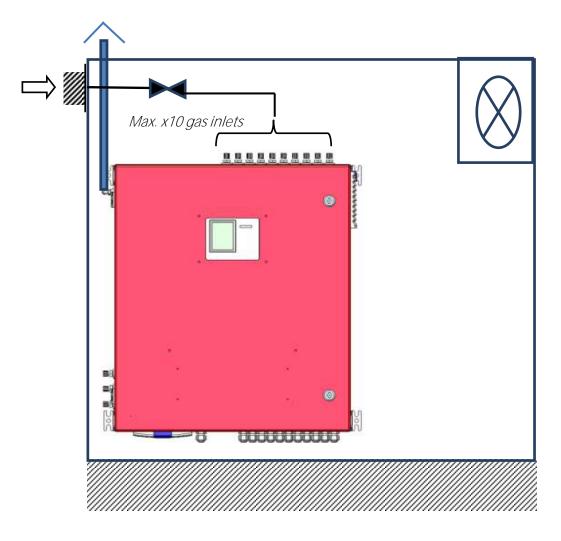
Dilution-unit

The dilution-unit inside the analyser dilutes the sample gas flow with a fix ratio. The unit is preadjusted. The operator must do a fine calibration of the device, to improve the accuracy of the measurement. For the fine calibration it is indispensable to tube the vent and all sample gas inlets, before making the actual calibration. The correct order for the fine calibration is shown in the flow chart.



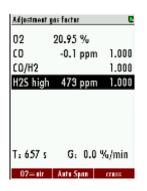
Fine calibration of the dilution-unit

If the steps above are done, the device should look like in the sketch below:

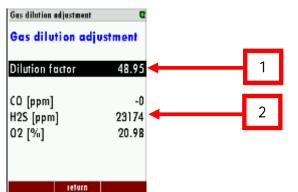


Follow steps must be done, for the fine calibration of the dilution-unit. The steps below show the entire adjustment on the example of a H2S-sensors.

- 1. Installation of the calibration gas cylinder (gas cylinder for the undilute calibration).
- 2. Adjustment of the undilute electrochemical sensor.
 - a. Open the path: Extras/ Adjustment menu/ Adjustment gas factor
 - b. Select the electrochemical sensor, which should be adjusted.



- c. Impinge the device with the calibration gas. Wait until the gas concentration, of the sensor will not change anymore.
- d. The actual value is displayed at the screen. This actual value must be adjusted with the set point, from the gas cylinder. To do this, changes with the right/left arrow keys the gas factor until the actual value is adjusted with the set point.
- 3. Adjustment of the dilution-unit.
 - a. Installation of the calibration gas cylinder, for the dilution-unit. This gas cylinder must have a min. concentration of 500 ppm of the target gas.
 - b. Open the path: Extras/Adjustment menu/ Gas dilution adjustment.
 - c. The follow screen appears. The menu has the follow structure:



i. <u>*Dilution factor (1):*</u> Means the dilution ratio. For example: the value 50 means a ratio from 1:50. Hence, 10,000 ppm pure H2S, for example, will dilute to 200 ppm. The mathematical basic formula is:

 $C_{pure} = C_{Dilution} * f_{Dilution}$

Cpure= Undilution gas concentration [in ppm]. CDilution=Dilute gas concentration [in ppm]. fDilution=Dilution factor [do dimension].

- ii. <u>Dilutable gases and the actual values (2)</u>: This show the dilutable gases and the <u>calculated</u> undiluted actual gas concentration value (C_{pure}).
- d. To fine calibrate the dilution-unit select the dilutable gas and impinge the analyser with the calibration gas. Wait until the gas concentration will not change anymore. Shift with the right/left arrow keys the dilution factor, until the actual value has the gas concentration of the calibration gas cylinder.

Software-settings

The operator can do following settings.

Anosocement configuration	. 2
Demo meas. values	OFF
Temperature unit	°C
P-absolute unit	hPa
Sample flow	50 l/h
H2S threshold	400 ppm
set un	
return	

- Threshold: The operator can change the threshold. If the value is above this threshold, the dilution will turn on.
 - The path for this setting is: EXTRAS/MEASUREMENT CONFIGURATION.
 - Marked the setting "threshold" with the cursor. With the left/right arrow keys the value can be changed.
 - Leaving the menu and confirm the modification.

Setting the dilution cycle

In the default setting the dilution is set automatically. This means, the first cycle will be measured dilute. If the gas concentration is under the threshold, the next cycle will be measured undiluted. If the sample gas concentration will reach the threshold again, the dilution will be activated. During the activation, the measurement value will be hold for 90 sec. At the display, the dilute measurement value will be displayed with "hold". After the 90 sec. the life-values will turn on again.



90 sec.

Measurement 59:5	0 🛛		Heasurement 57:51	
CH4 [%]	0.00).00
02 [%]	20.97		[14]).91
H2S hold	473		[]	665
CO2 [%]	0.03	Threshold).05
CO [ppm]	0		co	0
CH4 internal (% LEL)	0.0	,	<u>(apm)</u> CH4 internal 1% LEL1	0.0
change phase sto	rage extras		change phase storage	extras

The operator can change the dilution settings, from every measurement phase setting, from "automatically" to "ON". ON means, the dilution is permanent activate for this measurement phase. Other measurement phases are not affected. For example: If the SWG-100 has a sample gas junction, with three sample gas inlets and the dilution-setting from sample gas-inlet 1 is permanently activated (ON), the two other sample gas-inlets are further set to automatically. To change the dilution setting follow steps must be done:

• Open the path: Extras/Measurement cycle config.

- Open the measurement phase, from the sample-point, which should be set.
- Press the OK key, to turn into the detail menu of the measurement phase.
- Change the dilution from "automatically" to "ON".

Heasurement cycle config	15:00	Cycle phase details	Q	Cycle phase details	٩
* Zeroing	5:00	Measurement		Measurement	
Measurement SP1	5:00	The phase is activated.		The phase is activated.	
Measurement SP2	5:00	Phase duration	2:00	Phase duration	2:00
		Suction/response time	0:30	Suction/response time	0:30
		Live meas, time	1:30	Live meas. time	1:30
		H2S dilution automo	atically	H2S dilution	ON
			_		
avto-config	insert	deactivate	OK	deactivate	

14. Declaration of conformity



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Pro	odukt/Product		
Bezeichnung / designation:	Gasanalysator		
	Gas analyser		
Produktname / name:	SWG100		
Funktion I function:	Gasanalyse / g <i>as analysis</i>		

Hiermit erklären wir, dass das oben beschriebene Produkt allen einschlägigen Bestimmungen entspricht, es erfüllt die Anforderungen der nachfolgend genannten Richtlinien und Normen: We declare the conformity of the product with the applicable regulations listed below:

- EMV-Richtlinie / EMV-directive 2014/30/EU
- Niederspannungsrichtlinie / *low voltage directive* 2014/35/EU
- RoHS-Richtlinie / RoHS directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS II))

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Unei h

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