ISO i.color Powder Lightener for On/Off Scalp Use

1. Identification of the material and supplier

<u>Names</u>	
Product name	ISO i.color Powder Lightener for On/Off Scalp Use
Distributor	: SALON SUPPORT PTY. LTD. 16 Cavendish Road COORPAROO QLD 4151AU AUSTRALIA Phone: 07-3397-3933
Manufacturer	: Zotos International, INC 100 Tokeneke Road, Darien, CT 06820 www.zotos.com
Emergency telephone number	: 131126

2. Hazards identification

Classification	: Xn; R22 Xi; R36/37/38 R42/43 N; R50
Risk phrases	 R22- Harmful if swallowed. R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R42/43- May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. R50- Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
Safety phrases	 S2- Keep out of the reach of children. S22- Do not breathe dust. S24- Avoid contact with skin. S29- Do not empty into drains. S37- Wear suitable gloves. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. S63- In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest.
Hazard statements	: CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : Yes.		
Ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
Potassium persulphate	7727-21-1	49.00
Sodium persulphate	7775-27-1	12.00
Silicic acid, sodium salt	1344-09-8	9.15
urea	57-13-6	4.60
magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	4.60
sodium stearate	822-16-2	3.20

Other ingredients, determined not to be hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria, and not dangerous according to the ADG Code, make up the product concentration to 100%.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

First aid measures	
Inhalation	: Move affected person to fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. If on clothes, remove clothes. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
Eye contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention immediately.
 Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an app or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the personal to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing with water before removing it, or wear gloves. 	
Advice to doctor	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
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5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	1	Use water spray or fog.
Special exposure hazards		Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. This material is very toxic to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
		Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	:	1Y

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods for cleaning up	:	If emergency personnel are not present, sweep up small spillages, avoiding making dust and place in a suitable container for disposal. Do not mix with other wastes.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

7. Handling and storage

Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible
material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting
should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with
hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against
electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during
transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring
material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not
reuse container.

Storage

: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid shock and impact.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name			Exposure limits	
Potassium persulphate			Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Sodium persulphate			Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
magnesium carbonate			Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
sodium stearate			Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	atmosphere or biologica of the ventilation or othe protective equipment. If standards. Reference to	ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace al monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness er control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring to national guidance documents for methods for the dous substances will also be required.	
Exposure controls				
Engineering measures	:	Use with adequate vent	ilation.	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eyes	:	None.		
Hands	:	Wear suitable gloves.		
Respiratory	:	Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.		
Skin	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Environmental exposure controls	:	they comply with the rec cases, fume scrubbers,	ion or work process equipment should be checked to ensure quirements of environmental protection legislation. In some filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment luce emissions to acceptable levels.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]
Color	: White.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Flame duration	: Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: Unstable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: heat moisture reducing agents shocks and mechanical impacts friction
Materials to avoid	: Do not mix in metal bowl combustible materials acids alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products	: Ammonia.

11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	decompo	Irritating to respiratory system. May cause sensitization by inhalation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.			
Ingestion	: Harmful	if swallowed. Irritating to r	nouth, throat and stomach.		
Skin contact	: Irritating	Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.			
Eye contact	: Irritating	to eyes.			
Acute toxicity					
Product/ingredient name		Result	Dose	Exposure	

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose	Exposure
Potassium persulphate	LD50 Oral	802 mg/kg	-
Silicic acid, sodium salt	LD50 Oral	1960 mg/kg	-
urea	LD50 Oral	8471 mg/kg	-
magnesium carbonate	LD50 Oral	8000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Score	Exposure	Observation
Silicic acid, sodium salt	Eyes - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
urea	Skin - Mild irritant	-	72 hours 22 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	Intermittent 24 hours 20 Percent	-

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<u>Sensitizer</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Chronic effects	 Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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11. Toxicological information

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Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Target organs	: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

12. Ecological information

THE FOLLOWING DATA IN THIS SECTION IS SOURCED FROM PUBLICLY AVAILABLE DATABASES AND NOT THE REPRESENTATION OF ANY DATA COLLECTED BY ZOTOS INTERNATIONAL OR ITS AFFILIATES.

Ecotoxicity

: Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Aquatic ecotoxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Potassium persulphate	Acute EC50 2.88 mg/dm3 Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	
	Acute LC50 1175000 µg/l	Crustaceans - Cyclops strenuus	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 92000 µg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
Sodium persulphate	Acute LC50 649000 µg/l	Crustaceans - Cyclops strenuus	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 64600 µg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
Silicic acid, sodium salt	Acute EC50 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 494000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
urea	Acute EC50 6573.1 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 3910000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 22.5 ppt Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus - Young	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 2 g/L Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	30 days	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other ecological information Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
urea	<-1.73	-	low

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal

: Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

14. Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADG	UN1479	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	5.1	III	OXIDIZING AGENT 5.1	Hazchem code 1Y
					•	Special provisions 223, 274
ADR	UN1479	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	5.1	III		The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Hazard identification
					\bigcirc	<u>number</u> 50
						<u>Limited quantity</u> LQ12
						Special provisions 274
						Tunnel code (E)
IMDG	UN1479	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S Marine pollutant (dipotassium peroxodisulphate, Silicic acid, sodium salt)	5.1	111		The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules
						(EmS) F-A, S-Q
						<u>Special provisions</u> 223, 274, 900
ΙΑΤΑ	UN1479	Oxidizing solid, n.o.s.	5.1	III	Ŷ	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 25 kg Packaging instructions: 516 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 100 kg Packaging instructions: 518 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 10 kg Packaging instructions: Y516
						Special provisions A3

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14. Transport information

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

Not regulated.

Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances

Australia inventory (AICS)

: All ingredients that are not contained in the AICS database are below registration thresholds.

16. Other information

Date of issue : 5/18/2015.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.