

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: Hand Sanitizer

Other Name(s):

Recommended Use: Gel for hand sanitization

Supplier: Dresslier & Co (Australia) Pty Ltd

Address: 42 Stradbroke Road,

Newton,

South Australia,

5074

Telephone: +61 8 8337 6177 Emergency Telephone: 61 8 8337 6177

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification: Classified as **Hazardous** according to the Approved

Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:

1008] 3rd Edition.

Classified as **Dangerous Goods** according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail.

Risk Phrases: R11 – Highly Flammable

R20/22 - Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed

R36/38 – Irritating to eyes and skin

R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and

cracking

Safety Phrases: S9 – Keep container tightly closed and in a well-

ventilated place

S16 – Keep away from sources of ignition – no smoking

S23 – Do not breathe vapour

S25 – Avoid contact with eyes and skin

S36/37 – Wear suitable protective clothing/gloves and

eye/face protection

ADG Classification: Class 3 (ETHANOL SOLUTION)

UN Number: 1170

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Alcohol Denat., Aqua, Glycerine, Polyquaternium-37, Propylene Glycol Dicaprylate / Dicaprate, PPG-1 Trideceth-6, Coceth-7, PPG-1-PEG-9 Lauryl Glycol Ether, PEG-40 Hydrogenated Castor Oil, Parfum, Linalool



4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If there are signs of drunkenness (intoxication or inebriation) then serious health effects may follow (depending on the amount swallowed or inhaled). Immediate medical attention should be sought and the affected person transferred and accompanied to the care of a doctor or hospital. Treat unconsciousness by placing the person in the coma position. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stops

Ingestion: See above. If a minor amount has been accidentally

swallowed, then, if conscious, dilute stomach contents by giving large amounts of water. Do not attempt to induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention.

Eye: Flush eye with water for a minimum of 15 minutes.

Seek medical attention promptly if irritation persists or

any loss of vision occurs.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin

with water. Launder contaminated clothing

before re-use.

Inhalation: Remove promptly to fresh air. If there are signs

of drunkenness (intoxication or inebriation) or respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea or headache occurs, seek immediate medical

attention

First Aid Facilities: Workcover recommends first aid facilities appropriate

to the size of the workplace.

Advice to Doctor: Treat symptomatically and as for a narcotic

substance.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability: Highly flammable liquid. May form flammable

mixtures with air. Burns with a colourless flame. The vapour is heavier than air and may travel along the ground; distant ignition and flash back

are possible.

Extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam is the preferred

firefighting medium but, if it is not available, fine water spray can be used can be used. Water fog, fine water spray, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide may also be used

Hazards from combustion

products: Burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon

dioxide

Precautions for fire

fighters: Highly flammable liquid. Contain spill. Full fire kit and

breathing apparatus is required.

Use water to cool exposed containers. Heating can cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent



rupture of containers. If safe to do so, remove

containers from path of fire.

Spills and leaks may be washed away with copious volumes of water, fog or spray. Prevent run-off from

entering drains and watercourses.

Hazchem code: ·2YE

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures: In the event of a spill eliminate all sources of ignition

and take measures to prevent static discharge. No smoking. Use water spray to disperse vapour. Clear area of all personnel not directly involved in

the clean up.

All personnel involved in the containment and disposal procedures to wear protective equipment as described in Section 8 to prevent skin and eye

contamination and inhalation of vapours.

Ventilate area well and ensure the atmosphere is safe before personnel return to the work area. Contain spill to prevent contamination of drains.

Methods for containment

and clean up:

Use absorbent material. Collect and seal in properly labeled containers for disposal. Wash area down with water to remove residual material. Spills can be converted to non-flammable mixtures by dilution with

water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for handling: Avoid eye contact. Repeated or prolonged skin

contact should be avoided.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in original containers in a cool, dry, well

ventilated area and out of direct sunlight. Store away

from foodstuff containers.

Storage incompatibility: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

SWA exposure limits

SWA Exposure limits	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)

Biological limit values: No special equipment is usually needed when

occasionally handling small quantities

Engineering controls: No special equipment is usually needed when

occasionally handling small quantities

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PPE: No special equipment is usually needed when

> occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without

proper containment systems.

Ventilation: This product should only be used where there is ventilation that is adequate to keep exposure below the TWA levels. The use of exhaust

fans is strongly recommended.

Eye Protection: Eye protection is recommended when these products are being used. You are strongly encouraged to wear protective glasses or

goggles.

Skin Protection: We suggest that routine unprotected and long term contact with these products should be avoided and that suitable gloves

should be worn during use.

Protective Material Types: We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following

materials: rubber, PVC.

Respirator: Usually, no respirator is necessary

when using this product

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Colourless opaque gel

Odour: Ethanolic

Not applicable pH (5 % solution):

Boiling Point: Approximately 80°C

Melting Point: Not applicable

Solubility in water: Miscible

 $0.7 - 0.9 \text{ g/cm}^3$ Density:

Flash Point: 22°C

Flammability Limits: LEL: 3.3% UEL: 19%

Ignition temperature: 363°C VOC content: 60 - 70%

Viscosity: 3,500 - 6,500 mPa.s

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions. Conditions to avoid: Excessive heat and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials: Oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

5074



Potential health effects if:

Ingested: Cause irritation and is harmful if directly introduced to

the mouth, throat, or stomach. Symptoms may include

vomiting, abdominal pain, and nausea.

Eye: May cause moderate to severe irritation to eyes,

including redness and stinging.

Skin: Repeated or prolonged skin contact will lead to skin

dryness and cracking.

Inhaled: Cause irritation and is harmful if directly introduced to

the mouth, throat, or stomach. Symptoms may include

vomiting, abdominal pain, and nausea.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

It is not likely to accumulate in the soil or water or cause long term problems.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal: In accordance with local authorities.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number: 1170

ADG Code: Class 3; Ethanol Solution

Dangerous Goods Class: Flammable liquids

Hazchem Code: •2YE

Classified as **Dangerous Goods** according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poisons Schedule: None

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of MSDS revision: 20th February, 2023

This MSDS summarises to our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and offers general guidance on how to safely handle the product in the workplace. Each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the product in the home or workplace, including in conjunction with other products.

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