

PRODUCT LISTING AND SDS REFERENCE

De Lorenzo Hair and Cosmetic Research Pty Ltd
103 Carnarvon Street Silverwater NSW 2128 Australia

Toll Free 1800 800 347
Office (During business hours) 02 9748 8900

Technical Hotline 1300 733 303

www.delorenzo.com.au

Office (During business hours) 02 9748 8900

In an emergency contact the Poison Information Centre
Australia 131 126 | New Zealand 0800 764 766

1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Name:

PERMANENT WAVE NEUTRALISERS

Supplier: De Lorenzo Hair and Cosmetic Research PTY LTD

Street Address: 103 Carnarvon Street, Silverwater NSW 2128

Telephone: Technical Hotline: 1300 733 303

Office (during business hours): (02) 9748 8900

Emergency Telephone number: In an emergency contact a Poison Information Centre

Australia: 131 126

New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Or a doctor at once.

Recommended use: Salon product used with permanent waves as a neutraliser.**Chemical nature:** Water solution of hydrogen peroxide.**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****AUSTRALIA CLASSIFICATION**

Based on available information, this material is not classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

Poisons Schedule (Aust): Not applicable**NEW ZEALAND CLASSIFICATION**

Based on available information, this material is not classified as hazardous according to criteria of EPA New Zealand.

DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO.	PROPORTION
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	<2.5%
Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous	-	Balance
		100%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Varying quantities of other non-hazardous ingredients are also present.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

Skin contact: If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

Eye contact: If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a Doctor; or for at least 15 minutes and transport to Doctor or Hospital

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Seek medical advice.

PPE for First Aiders: Wear overalls, safety glasses and impervious gloves. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

If risk of inhalation exists, wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazchem Code: Not applicable.

Suitable extinguishing media: Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific hazards: Non-combustible, but will support combustion of other materials.

Fire fighting further advice: If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On decomposing may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to products of decomposition.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Absorb onto suitable absorbent material like vermiculite, sand or kitty litter (but nothing that is combustible like sawdust, rags or paper). Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product, and dispose of promptly. After sweeping up, wash area with water. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

LARGE SPILLS

Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Dangerous Goods – Initial Emergency Response Guide No: Not applicable.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour. Refer to section 8 for personal protective equipment guidelines.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Workplace exposure standards: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia or Work Safe New Zealand.

However for:

	(WES) - TWA		(WES) - STEL		CARCINOGEN	NOTICES
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	CATEGORY	
Hydrogen peroxide	1	1.4	-	-	-	-

As published by the Safe Work Australia and Safe Work New Zealand.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

WES-TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard – Time-weighted Average). The time-weighted average exposure standard designed to protect the worker for the effects of long-term exposure.

No Exposure Standards assigned to other constituents.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept too as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

Biological Limit Values: As per the “National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)” the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

Note: It is recommended that eye protection (safety glasses or goggles) and protective gloves are worn when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

Engineering measures: Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use with local exhaust ventilation. The use of exhaust fans is strongly recommended. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Personal protective equipment (PPE): OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.

Wear overalls, safety glasses and impervious gloves. Available information suggests that gloves made from natural rubber or PVC should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

If risk of inhalation exists, wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Hygiene measures: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid contact with clothing. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form / Colour / Odour: Clear colourless or creamy white liquid, odourless.

Solubility:	Soluble in water
Specific Gravity (20 °C):	1.01 – 1.03
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	>1
Vapour Pressure (20 °C):	N Av
Flash Point (°C):	N App
Flammability Limits (%):	N Av
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	N Av
Melting Point/Range (°C):	Approx. 0
Boiling Point/Range (°C):	Approx. 100
pH:	2 – 4 (mildly acidic)
Viscosity:	N Av

(Typical values only - consult specification sheet)

N Av = Not available

N App = Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Slowly decomposes to water and oxygen gas - decomposition is faster in warm conditions or if the bottle is in direct sunlight. This product must not be mixed with alkaline perm products as a strong reaction will take place, causing the mixture to heat strongly. This may lead to burns to either the salon worker or the customer.

Chemical stability: This material is thermally unstable.

Hazardous reactions: Reacts with alkaline materials.

Conditions to avoid: This product should be kept in a cool place, preferably below 30°C. Keep containers and surrounding areas well ventilated. Keep isolated from combustible materials. Protect this product from light.

Incompatible materials: Reducing agents and combustible materials.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxygen gas. These products are likely to decompose only after heating to dryness, followed by further strong heating.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Acute Effects

Inhalation: Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

Skin contact: Contact with skin may result in irritation. Symptoms may include itchiness and bleaching of contacted skin.

Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. Symptoms may include burning sensation and reddening of skin in mouth and throat.

Eye contact: An eye irritant. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. Other symptoms may also become evident. Lengthy exposure or delayed treatment may cause permanent damage.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >20 mg/L

Skin contact: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

Ingestion: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

Corrosion/Irritancy: Eye: this material has been classified as not corrosive or irritating to eyes. Skin: this material has been classified as not corrosive or irritating to skin.

Sensitisation: Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as not a skin sensitiser.

Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Chronic Toxicity

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L

Long-term aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L

Ecotoxicity: No information available.

Persistence and degradability: The product is readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential: Risk of bioaccumulation in an aquatic species is low.

Mobility: No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see "Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" of this SDS.

If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail."

MARINE TRANSPORT

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

AIR TRANSPORT

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances)
The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants)
The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)
Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

- All the constituents of this material are listed on the *Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)* or in compliance with the Industrial Chemicals (IC) Act.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Literary reference

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Chemical Data Services Pty Ltd (chemdata.com.au) on behalf of its client.

Reason(s) For Issue: First issue.

Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

This SDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product, and in particular how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Since De Lorenzo Hair & Cosmetic Research Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for product as sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available upon request.