**KIK**CUSTOM PRODUCTS

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Page 1 of 6

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards

SDS Revision: 1.0

SDS Revision Date: 1/1/2018

1. PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION					
1.1 Prod	duct Name:	JOHN PAUL MITCHELL SYSTEMS - WORKED UP 55%VOC			
1.2 Cher	emical Name:	Aerosol			
1.3 Sync	onyms:	John Paul Mitchell Systems - Worked Up 55%VOC - B-9114			
1.4 Trad	de Names:	John Paul Mitchell Systems - Worked Up			
1.5 Prod	duct Uses & Restrictions:	Professional and Cosmetic Use			
1.6 Distr	tributor's Name:	KIK Custom Products.			
1.7 Distr	tributor's Address:	2030 Old Candler Road, Gainesville, GA 30507 USA			
1.8 Eme	ergency Phone:	CHEMTEL: +1 (813) 248-0585 / +1 (888) 255-3924 (CN - MIS0002907)			
1.9 Busi	iness Phone / Fax:	+1 (770) 534-0300 / +1 (770) 534-8954			

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Hazard Identification:

This product is classified as a HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE and as DANGEROUS GOODS according to the classification criteria of NOHSC:1008 (2004) and ADG Code (Australia).

WARNING! FLAMMABLE AEROSOL. PRESSURIZED CONTAINER: MAY BURST IF HEATED.

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION.

<u>Classification</u>: Aerosol Level 2, Category 1 Aerosol; Extremely Flammable Aerosol <u>Hazard Statements</u> (H): H223 – Flammable aerosol. H229 – Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H320 – Causes eye irritation.

<u>Precautionary Statements</u> (P): P210 – Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No Smoking. P211 – Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 – Do not pierce or burn, even after use. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 – If eye Irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 – Keep out of reach of children. P410+P412 – Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50 °C (122 °F). P501 – Dispose of contents/container to licensed and permitted disposal or recycling facility.



# 3. COMPOSITION & INGREDIENT INFORMATION

								EXPO	SURE LI	MITS IN	AIR (mg	g/m³)	
					AC	GIH		NOHSC			OSHA		
					pp	m		ppm			ppm		
CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	TLV	STEL	ES- TWA	ES- STEL	ES-	PEL	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
CHEMICAL NAME(S)													OTHER
Ethanol	64-17-5	KQ6300000	200-578-6	-30 <i>=</i> 60	1000	3000	1000	1800	NF	1000	1900	3300	
Linanoi	Flam. Liq. 2; H2:	25											
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	NA	204-065-8	2 - 30	NA	NA	400	760	NF	NA	NA	NA	
Billicary Ealer	Press. Gas 1; F	lam. Gas 1; H22	0										
Hydrofluorocarbon 152a	75-37-6	KI410000	200-866-1	8 - 55	1000	NA	1000	NA	NA	NE	NA	NA	
nydrolldorocarbori 152a	Flam. Gas 1; H	220											

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin: If irritation occurs & product is on the skin, rinse thoroughly with lukewarm water, followed by a thorough washing of the affected area with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse. If irritation, redness or swelling persists, consult a physician immediately.  Eyes: If product gets in the eyes, flush with copious amounts of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Raise and lower eyelid(s) while flushing to ensure thorough irrigation. If problems persist seek immediate medical attention.  Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	4.1	First Aid:	Ingestion:	If ingested, do not induce vomiting! If product has been swallowed, drink plenty of water or milk IMMEDIATELY. If the patient is vomiting, continue to offer water or milk. Never give water or milk to an unconscious person. Contact the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency number. Provide an estimate of the time at which the material was ingested and the amount of the substance that was swallowed.
and lower eyelid(s) while flushing to ensure thorough irrigation. If problems persist seek immediate medical attention.			<u>Skin</u> :	washing of the affected area with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash
Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.			Eyes:	and lower eyelid(s) while flushing to ensure thorough irrigation. If problems persist seek immediate
			Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.



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			4. FIRST AID MEASURES - cont'	d					
4.2	Effects of Exposure:	Ingestion:	If product is swallowed, may cause nausea, vomitin	g and/or diarrhea and central nervous	system				
		Even	depression.  Moderately irritating to the eyes.						
		<u>Eyes</u> : Skin:	May be irritating to skin. The product can cause allergic	skin reactions (e.g. rashes welts derm	atitie) in				
		OKIII.	some sensitive individuals upon prolonged or repeated e		auus) III				
		Inhalation:	Vapors of this product may be moderately irritating to th						
			system. Symptoms of overexposure can include coug						
			breathing. Inhalation of concentrated vapors can c drowsiness, dizziness, headaches, nausea).	ause central nervous system depression	n (e.g.				
4.3	Symptoms of Overexposure:	Ingestion:	May cause nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhea and central	nervous system depression.					
		Eyes: Overexposure in eyes may cause redness, itching and watering (risk of serious damage to eyes).							
			Contact may cause mild eye irritation including stinging,						
		Skin:	Prolonged contact with skin may result in bleaching and skin reactions (e.g., rashes, welts, dermatitis) in so						
			overexposure may include redness, itching, and irritation		OI SKI				
		<u>Inhalation</u> :	Symptoms of overexposure can include coughing, wheez						
1.4	Acute Health Effects:		ritation to eyes and skin near affected areas. Addition	nally, high concentrations of vapors car	cause				
4.5	Chronic Health Effects:		dizziness, headaches and nausea.  or chronic health effects are expected to occur from a single	e accidental indestion. These ingredients	may h				
			skin and mucous membrane of the eye and respiratory						
			some sensitive individuals. May also induce skin sensi	tization and respiratory hypersensitivity. I	Possibl				
4.6	Target Organs:	allergic derm							
1.7	Medical Conditions		espiratory system.  hazards may be delayed. Most common symptoms	HEALTH	1				
	Aggravated by Exposure:		ting properties to eyes, respiratory system and skin.	FLAMMABILITY	3				
		Existing dermatological conditions (such as eczema) and respiratory		PHYSICAL HAZARDS	0				
		exacerbated.	such as bronchial asthma and/or bronchitis) may be	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	В				
		cxaccibated.		EYES SKIN					
5.1	Fire & Explosion Hazards:	above 120 °F	5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES  psol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso  F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting	. Aerosols may be projectile					
		above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contair	osol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting n bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if lers cool by spraying them with water until the fire has bee	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire.					
5.2	Extinguishing Methods:	above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contair Water Fog, F	osol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting n bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if the second by spraying them with water until the fire has bee foam, Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub>	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire. n extinguished.					
5.2		above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contain Water Fog, F As in any demand) and spray to cool water directly control or dill Firefighters r	psol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting in bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if ters cool by spraying them with water until the fire has bee foam, Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> fire, wear MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained bread full protective gear. Keep containers cool until well after a fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight of the storage containers because of danger of boil over lution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supplimust use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved posparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire. In extinguished.  thing apparatus (pressure-ter the fire is out. Use water ire upwind. Avoid spraying er. Prevent runoff from fire y, or any natural waterway. Itive pressure self-contained	0				
5.1 5.2 5.3	Extinguishing Methods:	above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contair Water Fog, F As in any demand) and spray to coowater directly control or differefighters rupreathing apand oxygen of the state of the sta	psol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting in bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if ters cool by spraying them with water until the fire has bee foam, Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> fire, wear MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained bread full protective gear. Keep containers cool until well after a fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight of the storage containers because of danger of boil over lution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supplimust use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved posparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire. In extinguished.  thing apparatus (pressure-tire upwind. Avoid spraying iter. Prevent runoff from fire y, or any natural waterway. It it is pressure self-contained in or decomposition products	0				
5.2	Extinguishing Methods:	above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contain Water Fog, F As in any demand) and spray to cook water directle control or dill Firefighters in breathing ap and oxygen demand oxygen demands and oxygen	psol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting in bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if iters cool by spraying them with water until the fire has bee foam, Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> fire, wear MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained bread full protective gear. Keep containers cool until well after a fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight of the storage containers because of danger of boil over jution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supplement use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved posparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion deficiencies.	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire. In extinguished.  Ithing apparatus (pressure-ter the fire is out. Use water ire upwind. Avoid spraying etc. Prevent runoff from fire y, or any natural waterway. It is pressure self-contained in or decomposition products  RES  In mup must wear appropriate Personal Proton may be required for clean-up of large and protective eyewear. Use a non-combe into a container for later disposal. Do p up material using non-sparking material plastic liner within another container.	spills. bustible not use Is (e.g.				
5.2	Extinguishing Methods: Firefighting Procedures:	above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contain Water Fog, F As in any demand) and spray to coo water directl control or dil Firefighters r breathing ap and oxygen of the second seco	psol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting in bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if lers cool by spraying them with water until the fire has bee foam, Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> fire, wear MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained bread full protective gear. Keep containers cool until well after of fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight for interesting severs, drains, drinking water supplimust use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved posparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion deficiencies.  6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASUF Plastic or rubber gloves, respirator, eye protection and application or sand to soak up the product and plactic plastic or rubber gloves, respirator, eye protection and application and plastic container or sand to soak up the product and plactic plastic or sand to soak up the product and plactic plastic such as "speedy dry" to soak up material. Sweens, shovels, dustpans) and place into a plastic container or Keep incompatible materials (e.g., organics such as oil) isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized peminimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including place into a plastic container or minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into a plastic container or sand to soak up the product and place into	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire. In extinguished.  Ithing apparatus (pressure-ter the fire is out. Use water irre upwind. Avoid spraying er. Prevent runoff from fire y, or any natural waterway. It is pressure self-contained in or decomposition products  RES  In must wear appropriate Personal Promor may be required for clean-up of large and protective eyewear. Use a non-come into a container for later disposal. Do pup material using non-sparking material plastic liner within another container. away from spill. Stay upwind and away for its proposition in the proposition is conditions within another container.	spills. bustible not use ls (e.g om spi if it ca				
5.2	Extinguishing Methods: Firefighting Procedures:	above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contain Water Fog, F As in any demand) and spray to cook water directle control or dill Firefighters in breathing ap and oxygen of the second spray to cook water directle control or dill Firefighters in breathing ap and oxygen of the second spray for a large spills: or release, be done with the second spray for the second	psol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting in bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if there cool by spraying them with water until the fire has bee foam, Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> fire, wear MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained breat of full protective gear. Keep containers cool until well after of fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight for the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage containers because of danger of boil over the storage container by the protect against potential hazardous combustion deficiencies.  6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASUF Place of the storage container	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire. In extinguished.  Ithing apparatus (pressure-per the fire is out. Use water ire upwind. Avoid spraying er. Prevent runoff from fire y, or any natural waterway. It is pressure self-contained in or decomposition products  RES  In must wear appropriate Personal Promo may be required for clean-up of large and protective eyewear. Use a non-come into a container for later disposal. Do pup material using non-sparking material plastic liner within another container. In away from spill. Stay upwind and away for sonnel out of area. Stop spill or release using respiratory protection as conditions within another pressure. Handle as to avoid pu	spills. bustibl not us ls (e.g om spi if it ca varrant				
5.2 5.3 5.3	Extinguishing Methods: Firefighting Procedures:  Spills:	above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contair Water Fog, F As in any demand) and spray to cook water directly control or dill Firefighters in breathing ap and oxygen or an experience or a material suck water or a mate	psol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting in bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if the serosol by spraying them with water until the fire has been for any Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> fire, wear MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained breat of full protective gear. Keep containers cool until well after a full protective gear. Keep containers cool until well after a fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight for any into storage containers because of danger of boil over jution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supplements use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved post paratus to protect against potential hazardous combustion deficiencies.  6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURA Plastic or rubber gloves, respirator, eye protection and applement and properties of the service equipment including gloves has vermiculite or sand to soak up the product and place has a sippeedy dry to soak up material. Sweet ins, shovels, dustpans) and place into a plastic container on the service of the product and place in the plastic container of the product in the product and place in the plastic container of the product and place in the plastic container of the product and place in the plastic container of the product and place in the plastic container of the product and place in the plastic container of the plastic plastic in the plant plant product and place in the plant	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire. In extinguished.  Thing apparatus (pressure- ire upwind. Avoid spraying iter. Prevent runoff from fire y, or any natural waterway. Itive pressure self-contained in or decomposition products  RES  Thup must wear appropriate Personal Pricon may be required for clean-up of large and protective eyewear. Use a non-composition in products in plastic liner within another container. It is away from spill. Stay upwind and away for sonnel out of area. Stop spill or release unding respiratory protection as conditions with the pressure. Handle as to avoid purement is necessary. Use chemical goggle water.	spills. bustibl not us ls (e.g om sp if it ca varran  ncturir s if ey				
5.1	Extinguishing Methods: Firefighting Procedures:  Spills:  Work & Hygiene Practices:	above 120 °F hazards whe may rupture Keep contain Water Fog, F As in any demand) and spray to cook water directle control or dill Firefighters or breathing ap and oxygen of the second state of the second st	psol NFPA 30B), (category 2 Flammable aerosol). Aeroso F. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting in bursting. If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until burst and release flammable liquids or/or exposed gasses if there cool by spraying them with water until the fire has bee foam, Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> fire, wear MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained breat of full protective gear. Keep containers cool until well after of fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight for into storage containers because of danger of boil over the protective gear including NIOSH-approved post paratus to protect against potential hazardous combustion deficiencies.  6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASUF Planting any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill clear Plastic or rubber gloves, respirator, eye protection and apply wear appropriate protective equipment including gloves has vermiculite or sand to soak up the product and plactic places and the soak up the product and places has vermiculite or sand to soak up the product and places has vermiculite or sand place into a plastic container on the Keep incompatible materials (e.g., organics such as oil) isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized perminimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including this product. Contents when used as intended, no additional protective equip	Aerosols may be projectile ing is complete. Containers exposed to the heat of fire. In extinguished.  Thing apparatus (pressure-ter the fire is out. Use water ire upwind. Avoid spraying iter. Prevent runoff from fire y, or any natural waterway, tive pressure self-contained in or decomposition products.  The property of the prevent of	spills. bustib not us ls (e.g om sp if it ca varran ncturir es if ey				



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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 1.0 SDS Revision Date: 1/1/2018 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION Exposure Limits: ACGIH OTHER ppm (mg/m<sup>3</sup>) STEL CHEMICAL NAME(S) TLV ES-STEL ES-PEAK STEL **I**DLH Hydrofluorocarbon 152a 1000 NA 1000 NA ΝE NA Dimethyl Ether NA 400 NA 8.2 Ventilation & Engineering General mechanical (e.g., fans) or natural ventilation is sufficient when this product is in use. Use local or general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of vapors or mist generated from the handling of this Respiratory Protection: No special respiratory protection is required under typical circumstances of use or handling. In instances where dusts of this product are generated, and respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized by 29 CFR §1910.134, applicable U.S. State regulations, or the Canadian CAS Standard Z94.4-93 and applicable standards of Canadian Provinces, EC member States, or 8.4 Eye Protection: Avoid eye contact. None required under normal conditions of use. Safety glasses could be used



when handling or using large quantities of this product.

8.5 Hand Protection:

None required under normal conditions of use. However, may cause skin irritation in some sensitive individuals. When handling large quantities (e.g., ≥ 1 gallon (3.8 L)), wear rubber, nitrile or impervious plastic gloves.



8.6 Body Protection:

No apron required when handling small quantities. When handling large quantities (e.g., ≥ 5 lbs), eye wash stations and deluge showers should be available. Upon completion of work activities involving large quantities of this product, wash any exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

# 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1	Appearance:	Aerosol, Misty spray
9.2	Odor:	Floral odor
9.3	Odor Threshold:	NA .
9.4	pH:	NA NA
9.5	Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA NA
9.6	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:	NA NA
9.7	Flashpoint:	-30 °F (-34 °C )TCC for propellant only: 36 °F (2.22 °C) EPA method 1010 Concentrate only
9.8	Upper/Lower Flammability Limits:	UEL 115% V; LEL 1.2% V
9.9	Vapor Pressure:	@ 20°C (68°F) - Can pressure not to exceed 180 psig @ 55°C (131°F) 12.4 bar
9.10	Vapor Density:	> 1
9.11	Relative Density:	0.81 - 0.85
9.12	Solubility:	Soluble
9.13	Partition Coefficient (log Pow):	NA NA
9.14	Autoignition Temperature:	NA NA
9.15	Decomposition Temperature:	NA NA
9.16	Viscosity:	Aerosol at ambient temperature
9.17	Other Information:	Evaporation rate >1: Percent Volatile 55%VOC

### 10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY

10.1	Stable at normal temperatures.	
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Oxides of carbon (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ) and sulfur (SO <sub>2</sub> ).
10.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Excessive heat, direct sunlight, flames, heat sources and incompatible substances.
10.5	Incompatible Substances:	Mixture with strong acids, alkalis or oxidizers.

KIK
CUSTOM PRODUCTS

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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 1.0 SDS Revision Date: 1/1/2018 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Absorption: YES 11.1 Routes of Entry: Ingestion: YES Toxicity Data: This product was not tested on animals. Toxicology data, found in scientific literature, is available for some of the components of the product. Toxicology data, found in scientific literature, is available and not presented in this 11.3 Acute Toxicity: See Section 4.4 See Section 4.5 Chronic Toxicity 11.4 Suspected Carcinogen 11.5 This product is not reported to cause reproductive toxicity in humans. 11.6 Reproductive Toxicity: Mutagenicity: This product is not reported to produce mutagenic effects in humans. This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans. Embryotoxicity: Teratogenicity: This product is not reported to cause teratogenic effects in humans. Reproductive Toxicity: This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans. See Section 4.3 11.7 Irritancy of Product: Biological Exposure Indices: 11.8 NF Treat symptomatically. 119 Physician Recommendations: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.1 Environmental Stability: There is no specific data available for this product. 122 Effects on Plants & Animals: There is no specific data available for this product. The product itself has not been tested as a whole. There is no specific data available for this product. 12.3 Effects on Aquatic Life: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Waste Disposal: Review current local, state and federal laws, codes, statutes and regulations to determine current status and appropriate disposal method for the ingredients listed in Section 2. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with local, state, and federal laws and regulations. Contact the appropriate agency for specific information. A licensed facility or waste hauler must provide treatment, transport, storage and disposal of hazardous waste. 13.2 Special Considerations: U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste - Characteristic - Ignitable (D001), Reactive (D003) 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION The basic description (ID Number, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional descriptive information may be required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR. UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1 (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L); or 49 CFR (GND): CONSUMER COMMODITY, ORM-D (IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L) - until 12/31/2020 14.2 IATA (AIR): UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1 (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 0.5 L); or ID8000, CONSUMER COMMODITY, ORM-D (IP VOL ≤ 0.5 L) IMDG (OCN): 14.3 UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1 (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L) 14.4 TDGR (Canadian GND) UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1 (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L); or MARK PACKAGE "LIMITED QUANTITY," "LTD QTY," or "QUANT LTÉE" or "QUANTITÉ LIMITÉE" 14.5 ADR/RID (EU): UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1 (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L) SCT (MEXICO): 14.6 UN1950, AEROSOLES, 2.1 (CANTIDAD LIMITADA, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L) 14.7 ADGR (AUS): UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1 (LTD QTY, IP VOL ≤ 1.0 L) 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION 15.1 SARA Reporting This product does not contain any substances subject to SARA Title III, section 313 reporting requirements. Requirements: 15.2 SARA Threshold Planning There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for the components of this product. Quantity: 15.3 TSCA Inventory Status: The components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. 15.4 CERCLA Reportable Quantity NA (RQ): 15.5 Other Federal Requirements: This product complies with the appropriate sections of the Food and Drug Administration's 21 CFR Subchapter G, (Cosmetics). 15.6 Other Canadian Regulations: This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. None of the components of this product are listed on the Priorities Substances List. WHMIS Class B5 (Flammable Aerosol)



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SDS Revision: 1.0 Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards

SDS Revision Date: 1/1/2018

Пере	ared to OSTIA, ACC, ANSI, I	IORSC, WHINIS, 2001/36 & 1272/2006/EC Standards SDS Revision: 1,0 SDS Revision Date: 1/1/2016
		15. REGULATORY INFORMATION – cont'd
15.7	State Regulatory Information:	Dimethyl ether is found on the following state criteria lists: Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), and New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ).  Hydrofluorocarbon 152a on the following state criteria list: MA, MN, NJ,PA and WA.  No other ingredients in this product, present in a concentration of 1.0% or greater, are listed on any of the following state criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA65), Delaware Air Quality Management List (DE), Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA), Wisconsin Hazardous Substances List (WI).
15.8	Other Requirements:	The primary components of this product are listed in Annex I of EU Directive 67/548/EEC.  Dimethyl Ether_Flammable (F+). Risk Phrases (R): 12 – Highly flammable. Safety Phrases (S): 2-9-16 – Keep out of reach of children. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking.  Hydrofluorocarbon 152a Risk Phrases (R): 12 – Highly flammable. Safety Phrases (S): 2-9-16 – Keep out of reach of children. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking. Flammable (F+)
		16. OTHER INFORMATION
16.1	Other Information:	WARNING! FLAMMABLE AEROSOL. PRESSURIZED CONTAINER: MAY BURST IF HEATED. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No Smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing vapor/spray. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50 °C (122 °F). IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye Irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. KEEP LOCKED UP AND OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
16.2	Terms & Definitions:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.
16.3	Disclaimer:	This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of KIK Custom Products' knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.
16.4	Prepared ·	KIK Custom Products 2030 Old Candler Road Gainesville, GA 30507 USA Tel: +1 (770) 534-0300 Fax: +1 (770) 534-8954 http://www.kikcorp.com

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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards

SDS Revision Date: 1/1/2018

## **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION:**

CAS No. | Chemical Abstract Service Number

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:					
ACGIH	American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists				
С	Ceiling Limit				
ES	Exposure Standard (Australia)				
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health				
OSHA	U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration				
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit				
STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit				
TLV	TLV Threshold Limit Value				
TWA	Time Weighted Average				

#### FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has
	stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood
	and provide oxygen to the hody

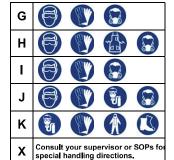
#### HMIS-III HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard			
1	Slight Hazard			
2	Moderate Hazard			
3 Severe Hazard				
4	Extreme Hazard			

**HEALTH FLAMMABILITY** PHYSICAL HAZARDS PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:

Α		
В	(EL)	
С	(EV)	
D	(E)	
Е	(EY)	
F	(ET)	



























#### OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

ML	Maximum Limit
mg/m3	milligrams per cubic meter
NA	Not Available
ND	Not Determined
NE	Not Established
NF	Not Found
NR	No Results
ppm	parts per million
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

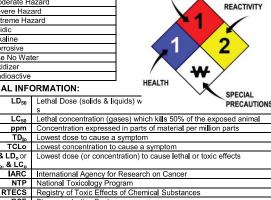
#### NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

NATIONAL TIME TROTEOTION ACCOUNTION. NIT A						
FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:						
Autoignition	Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other					
Temperature	source of ignition					
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will					
	explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source					
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will					
	explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source					

#### HAZARD RATINGS:

0	Minimal Haz	zard	
1	Slight Hazar	rd	FLAMMABILI
2	Moderate H	azard	1
3	Severe Haz	ard	/
4	Extreme Ha	zard	
ACD	Acidic		
ALK	Alkaline		1
COR	Corrosive		
₩	Use No Wat	ter	
ОХ	Oxidizer		
TREFOIL	Radioactive		
TOXICOLO	GICAL INFO	ORMATION:	HEALTH
	LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) w	- V
		s	
	1.0	- 441   4441 ()	siele bille EOO/

BCF Bioconcentration Factor TL<sub>m</sub> Median threshold limit log K<sub>OW</sub> or log K<sub>OC</sub> Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution



#### REGULATORY INFORMATION:

IARC

TD<sub>lo</sub>, LD<sub>lo</sub>, & LD<sub>o</sub> or TC, TC<sub>o</sub>, LC<sub>lo</sub>, & LC<sub>o</sub>

WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation
TC	Transport Canada
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
DSL	Canadian Domestic Substance List
NOHSC	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (Australia)
NDSL	Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List
PSL	Canadian Priority Substances List
TSCA	U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act
EU	European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)
HMIS-III	National Paint & Coatings Association Hazardous Materials Identification System

## WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION (WHMIS) SYSTEM:

WORLD EAST INTERCED MATERIALS INTERCED (WILLIAMS) STOTEM.									
0	<b>(4)</b>	<b>(2)</b>		$\odot$	(18)				
Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D1	Class D2	Class D3	Class E	Class F		
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive		

### EC (67/548/EEC) INFORMATION:

			*		<b>9</b>	X	X
С	E	F	z	0	Т	Xi	Xn
Corrosive	Explosive	Flammable	Harmful	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritant	Harmful

### CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:

	<b>(\$)</b>		$\Diamond$			<b>\limits</b>		¥2>
GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Hea <b>l</b> th Hazard	Environment