

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers:

Product Name Isopropyl Alcohol

CASNumber 67-63-0

**1.2 Identified uses:** Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Company: UFC Biotechnology Inc.

435 Creekside Drive, Suite 5

Amherst NY 14228 UNITED STATES

Telephone: +1-716-777-3776 Fax: +1-716-240-2713

1.4 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Emergency Phone #: +1-800-535-5053 INFOTRAC (USA) – 24h, 7 Days/week

+1-352-323-3500 INFOTRAC (International) – 24h, 7 Days/week

### **SECTION 2: Hazards Identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200.

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Eye irritation	Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity - single	Category 3
Central nervous system	

### 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram:





Signal word: Danger

#### **Hazard statements:**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Precautionary Statements**

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep the container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form explosive peroxides.

### **Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms: sec-Propyl alcohol

Isopropyl alcohol

Isopropanol

Formula:  $C_3H_8O$  Molecular weight: 60.10 g/mol CAS-No.: 67-63-0 EC-No.: 200-661-7 Index-No.: 603-117-00-0

Chemical name	Common names and	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
2-Propanol		67-63-0	67-63-0	≤100%

If CAS number is "proprietary", the specific chemical identity and percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### **Section 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

*In case of skin contact* Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

In case of eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed Immediately make the person drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labeling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.

# 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

No data available

### **Section 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

## 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Carbon oxides

Combustible

Pay attention to flashback

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

#### 5.3 Advise for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus..

#### 5.4 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

#### Section 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, or aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, and consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 **Environmental precautions**

Do not let the product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of it properly. Clean up the affected area.

# **Section 7: Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling: Avoid the generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion: Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures: Change contaminated clothing. Wash hands after working with substances. For precautions see section 2.2..

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.2

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Handle and store under inert gas. Hygroscopic.

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Strong acids. OXIDIZERS. Metals. Aluminum.

# **Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis	
2-Propanol	67-63-0	TWA	200 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
	Remarks	Not classifi	able as a human	carcinogen	
		STEL	400 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
		Not classifi	able as a human	carcinogen	
		ST	500 ppm 1,225 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits	
		TWA	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits	
		TWA	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants	
		PEL	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)	
		STEL	500 ppm 1,225 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)	

Riological occupational exposure limits

biological occupational exposure mints					
Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
2-Propanol	67-63-0	Acetone	40 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	End of shift at end of workweek			

### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Use local exhaust ventilation.

Prevent vapor buildup by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

# 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards

such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique Skin protection

(without touching the glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of

contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

#### **Full contact**

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

## Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested :Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail

sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions that differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE-approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering approval for any specific

use scenario.

Body protection Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous

substances, and to the specific workplace. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection is not required. For rescue and maintenance work use respirators and

components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or

CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let the product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid Color colorless

Odor slightly alcohol like pH not applicable
Melting point/ freezing point -88 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range 83.2 °C

Flammability no data available Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit 2% (v) / 12% (v)

Flashpoint 12 °C (54 F), closed cup

Vapor pressure44 hPa at 20 °CDensity and/or relative density0.785 g/cc at 20 °CVapor density2.1 (air 1.0)Auto-ignition temperature399 °C

Dynamic viscosity 2.1 mPa.s at 25 °C

Solubility in water soluble Molecular weight 60.11

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames, and sparks.

Keep away from direct sunlight

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

Keep away from metals.

Acetaldehyde

Aluminum

Chlorine

Ethylene oxide

Isocyanates

Oxygen

May attack many plastics, rubbers and coatings.

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Carbon monoxide

# **Section 11: Toxicological information**

Acute toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
2-propanol (67-63-0)	5,045 mg/kg (Rat)	12,800 mg/kg (Rabbit)-	1,600 ppm (Rat) 8 h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Slight (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/irritation

Severe (Rabbit)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

**Aspiration hazard** 

no data available

# **Section 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Fish	Algae/Aquaticplants	Crustacea	Bacteria	
LC50: > 5 g/l	LC50: > 2,000 mg/l	EC50: > 100 mg/l	EC50: 35,390 mg/l	
Exposure time: 24 h	Exposure time: 72 h	Exposure time: 48 h	Exposure time: 5 min	
Species: Carassius auratus (goldfish)	Species: Desmodesmus	Species Daphnia magna	Species: Photobacterium	
LC50: 8,970 mg/l	subspicatus (green algae)	(Water flea)	phosphoreum	
Exposure time: 48 h				
Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)				
LC50: 10,400 mg/l				
Exposure time: 96 h				
Species: Pimephales promelas				
(fathead minnow)				

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) within 5 days Value: 58 %

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Accumulation in aquatic organisms is unlikely

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

# **Section 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Disposal methods

Product

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

## **Section 14: Transport information**

DOT (US)

UN number: 1219 Class: 3 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Isopropanol

Reportable quantity (RQ):

**IATA** 

UN number: 1219 Class: 3 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Isopropanol

IMDG/IMO

UN number: 1219 Class: 3 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Isopropanol

# **Section 15: Regulatory information**

### **Inventories**

On US TSCA inventory

### **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

# **SARA 313 Components**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313 Isopropanol 67-63-0

### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard

Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

### **Massachusetts Right To-Know Components**

Isopropanol 67-63-0.

### WHMIS Classification

B2: Flammable liquid

D2B: Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

## **Section 16: Other information**

	HMIS III	NFPA
Health hazard	2 (chronic)	1
Flammability	3	3
Physical hazard	0	
Instability		0

Hazard rating and rating systems (e.g. HMIS® III, NFPA): This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular system.

Created: 01/15/2021 Last Updated: 01/15/2021

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall UFC Biotechnology be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if UFC Biotechnology has been advised of the possibility of such damages