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DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

TD 1015





BS7971-6:2016 PUBLIC ORDER GLOVE

Stockcode	Description	Size
2509600060	AJAX™ PRO-FIT G	6
2509600070	AJAX™ PRO-FIT G	7
2509600080	AJAX™ PRO-FIT G	8
2509600090	AJAX™ PRO-FIT G	9
2509600100	AJAX™ PRO-FIT G	10
2509600110	AJAX™ PRO-FIT G	11
2509600120	AJAX™ PRO-FIT G	12
2509600130	AJAX™ PRO-FIT G	13

2	BS EN 388:2016 +A1:2018			
9				

BS FN 407:2020



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New gloves can be used up to five years after the date of manufacture if stored correctly. Store in original packaging. Store away from direct sunlight to maintain the optimum properties.

This series satisfies the basic requirements of the PPE Directive/Regulation in being innocuous/free from nuisance factors, ergonomic. Conditions of use are not simulated by the test results and as such service life cannot be specified. Results should be used for guidance in initial selection.

Packaging/Labels: The gloves shall be packed polymeric bags and each bag will be labelled with the Appropriate marking with regards to amount, type, size, manufacturer and performance level, UKCA and CE mark. Each garment will contain labels containing similar details. Store out of direct sunlight

Performance Level		Туре	Std	
Abrasion Resistance:	4	Blade Cut Resistance:	Χ	EN 388:2016 + A1:2018
Tear Resistance:	4	Puncture Resistance:	3	EN 388:2016 + A1:2018
Blade Cut Resistance:	F	Impact Protection	Р	EN 388:2016 + A1:2018
Burning Behaviour:	4	Contact Heat:	2	EN 407:2020
Convective Heat:	4	Radiant Heat:	3	EN 407:2020
Small Drop Molten Metal:	Χ	Large Drops Molten Metal:	Χ	EN 407:2020
Lining:	Pass	Impact test:	Pass	BS7971-6:2016
Chemical:	Pass	Ergonomics:	Pass	BS7971-6:2016
Chromium(VI):	Pass	pH:	Pass	BSENISO21420:2020
Dexterity		'	5	BSENISO21420:2020
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^{*} Gloves should not be expected to provide protection against prolonged contact with hot surfaces

Informative:

SELECTION OF PUBLIC ORDER GLOVES

Selecting the correct size glove. It is important to select the correct fitting glove. To determine your hand size measures the circumference of your hand about 2.5 cm below the knuckle not including your thumb. See Bennett Safetywear Glove Sizes Guide

Your hand size is the circumference measured in inches. Once you have measured you hand size you can select the correct size glove. If you hand circumference measures 9 inches your EN 420 hand size is size 9. If your hand circumference is bigger than 9" but less than 10 " choose the size 10 glove, e.g., If you have a 91/2" hand circumference choose a size 10 glove and so on.

DONNING OF PUBLIC ORDER GLOVES

Now that the correct glove has been selected the glove should placed on the hand. Note all rings should be removed before wearing gloves. Occasionally during transportation, the glove linings may become slightly bunched inside glove. To re-align the glove lining, don the glove correctly, locate your digits into the fingers of the gloves and pull on the fingertips and glove cuff. This stretches out the glove and allows the glove to go on more easily.

DOFFING OF GLOVES.

When you need to doff your glove: Gloves should be visually inspected before wearing for signs of damage which may impair the performance of the garment. Damaged gloves will not provide the protection stated in the user information sheet and should not be used.

The glove fingertips should be held whilst removing your hand. This helps the glove retain its shape and will minimise the liner movement.

Remove the gloves and thoroughly rinse in several changes of clear lukewarm water. It is essential that the gloves are rinsed in water after cleaning to remove all traces of mild detergent if used. They can then be hung up to dry in a current of air but away from a direct heat source or sunlight. Do not dry on a hot surface.

DISPOSAL OF GLOVES

Gloves should be disposed of responsibly. Currently gloves are not recyclable.

These gloves are not intended to protect against slash injuries from edged weapons and glass. These gloves are intended to enable operatives to use all the other protective clothing and equipment designed for use in violent situations and in training (e.g., personal defence shields) without removing their gloves. The provision of such dexterity necessitates limitation of the stiffness and thickness of the gloves and thus limits the protection that can be provided.

WARNINGS:

Users should ensure that the gloves are compatible with their chosen defence equipment such as batons, incapacitant sprays and handcuffs.

The gloves cannot be expected necessarily to protect against stabs and perforations inflicted in direct blows from for example, sharp knives, spikes, or needles, or against injury by chainsaw or It is essential that the gloves are rinsed in water after washing to remove all traces of the detergent. samurai swords.

The gloves cannot be expected to protect against direct blows by for example, bricks, bottles, bars, slates or handheld weapons such as metal wooden bars, bats or poles. The gloves might not protect against burns by burning liquids, flames, or hot objects. The gloves cannot be expected to protect against injury from contact with chemicals or biological agents

Gloves should not be worn when there is a risk of entanglement by moving parts of machines.

Further copies of this information and information on other products are available from: Further copies of this information and information on other products are available from:

Bennett Safetywear Ltd: **+44 (0)151 924 3996**

WEB: http://www.bennettsafetywear.co.uk.

BENNETT SAFETYWEAR LIMITED 7-11 MERSEY ROAD, CROSBY, LIVERPOOL, L23 3AF declares that the PPE supplied is are in conformity with provisions of EU Regulations (EU) 2016/425 on personal protective equipment as amended to apply in GB provisions of Council Regulations (EU) 2016/425 and with the national standard transposing harmonised standard No : BS EN 407:2020, BS EN 388:2016 +A1:2018. BS ENISO 21420:2020, BS7971 part VI:2106, and is identical to the PPE which is subject of UKCA certificate LECFI00??????

issued by: ITS TESTING SERVICES, CENTRE COURT, MERIDAN BUSINESS PARK, LEICESTER, U.K., LE19 1 WD, Approved Body Number: AB0362 who performed the type-examination and is subject to the procedure set out in the legislation EU Regulations (EU) 2016/425 on personal protective equipment as amended to apply in GB Module D under the supervision of the approved body SGS United Kingdom, Rossmore Business Park, Ellesmere Port, South Wirral, Cheshire, CH65 3EN, United Kingdom. Their approved body number is 0120 and is also the subject of the EU certificate. No: ???????? and also the subject of the EU certificate. OZO296- issued by: Mirta KONTROL d.o.o. Gradiška 3, 10040 Zagreb, Dubrava, Hrvatska (Croatia) Their notified body number is 2474 and identical to the PPE which is the subject of the EU certificate, and is subject to the procedures under the supervision of the notified body SGS Fimko Oy, P.O. Box 30 (Särkiniementie 3), 00211 HELSINKI, Finland 0598. Their notified body number is 0598.

General Care Instructions:

Care instructions. Gloves should be visually inspected before wearing for signs of damage which may impair the performance Dirty contaminated gloves may lead to a reduction in protection. Gloves may be brushed with a soft brush to remove dirt.

Avoid Bleaching agents X. Further information on decontaminating the gloves is available upon

Squeeze out the surplus water from the fingertips downwards. Never wring the gloves. Pull the gloves gently into shape. This should be whilst alternating your hands to minimise your contact with the used gloves which may have become contaminated during use

LEATHER gloves

Using sufficient mild detergent washing up liquid in lukewarm water create a good lather. Wet the gloves completely and slip them on. They can now be washed as one would wash one's hands. Any badly soiled parts should be treated by rubbing with a pad of cotton wool which has been dipped into lather. Remove the gloves and thoroughly rinse in several changes of clear lukewarm water. Gloves may release a little dye into the water and should therefore be washed on their own.

Drying of Leather Gloves

Squeeze out the surplus water from the fingertips downwards. Never wring the gloves. Pull the gloves gently into shape and blow into them to separate the surfaces. They can then be hung up to dry in a current of air but away from a direct heat source or sunlight.

When nearly dry ease them carefully onto the hands so that the softness, shape, and size can be restored and when quite dry polish with a soft cloth

Warning: 🛎

ADVICE: Note gloves with trigger fingers do not offer the same level of protection in the region of the trigger finger. Results listed do not necessarily reflect the performance classification of the outermost layer of the product. Users should ensure that the gloves are compatible with their chosen defence equipment such as batons, incapacitant sprays and handcuffs.

The gloves cannot be expected necessarily to protect against stabs and perforations inflicted in direct blows from for example, sharp knives, spikes, or needles, or against injury by chainsaw or samurai

The gloves cannot be expected to protect against direct blows by for example, bricks, bottles, bars, slates or handheld weapons such as metal wooden bars, bats or poles. The gloves might not protect against burns by burning liquids, flames, or hot objects. The gloves cannot be expected to protect against injury from contact with chemicals or biological agents

Gloves should not be worn when there is a risk of entanglement by moving parts of machines.

The gloves might not fully protect against cuts and perforations in direct blows from, for example, sharp knives, spikes, needles, machetes, felling axes, chain saws, samurai swords and skimmed glass.

The gloves might not protect against burns if the operative enters a burning building, vehicle etc. The gloves cannot be expected to protect against injury from immersion in all chemicals.

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^{**}Gloves should not be expected to provide protection against all chemicals

^{***}Gloves should have a full ergonomics assessment by specifiers /users to ensure compatibility with other items of PPE.

^{****} Gloves should not be expected to provide protection against Electrical or Biological hazards.