

# PHILIP MOORE ORGAN WORKS

STEPHEN FARR ORGAN

Philip Moore (b.1943)		Sonata for Organ	
Timp Woore (b.1545)		1. Allegro agitato	[4:14]
	Organ Works	2. Andante tranquillo	[4:04]
		3. Allegro con brio	[2:27]
		4. Laudate Dominum *	[4:28]
Stephen Farr <i>organ</i>		5. Fanfare de Maris *	[4:11]
The Harrison & Harrison Organ of St Albans Cathedral		6. Pastorale	[8:32]
		7. lmpromptu *	[4:27]
		8. Variations and Fugue on 'East Acklam'	[9:46]
		Five Sketches on Helmsley	
		9. Maestoso	[3:34]
		10. Maestoso	[1:38]
		11. Allegro leggiero	[1:47]
		12. Andante espressivo	[4:51]
		13. Allegro deciso	[1:53]
		14. Soliloquy	[5:37]
		Sinfonietta *	
		15. Allegro deciso	[4:46]
		16. Allegro scherzando	[1:48]
		17. Adagio, e espressivo, con rubato	[5:58]
		18. Molto allegro	[3:50]
		Total playing time	[78:03]
		* World premiere recording	



#### Philip Moore: Organ Works

#### **Organ Sonata**

This work was written in 1982 and dedicated to Carys Hughes, who gave the first performance in 1983 at the Royal College of Organists. There are three movements: 'Allegro agitato', 'Andante tranquillo' and 'Allegro con brio'. The first movement is in sonata form, the second a simple ABA form while the third is a rondo. The opening semiquavers in the first movement, in particular the intervals of a major third, a minor second and a perfect fourth contain material on which the whole work is built

#### **Laudate Dominum**

In 2014 Robert Patterson, a former organ scholar of York Minster, was invited to give a recital at London's St Paul's Cathedral. He generously suggested a programme devoted to my organ music and asked if I would write a work for the occasion.

The organ at St Paul's Cathedral has sections in the Quire and the Dome, a diapason chorus towards the end of the Nave and a battery of trumpets attached to the west wall, so I decided to write a work that displayed the various parts of the organ. The initial musical idea came to me in Albany Station. NY. when I was waiting

for a much-delayed train. St Paul's has an abundantly resonant acoustic, so rests are also a feature of the piece. The final few bars consist of a chord of C major, played on separate sections of the instrument, until the final chord, when the whole organ is used. The work has been subjected to three revisions, of which the one on this recording is the last, and final, one.

#### **Fanfare De Maris**

In 2018 a new and very powerful trumpet was added to the organ of Portsmouth Cathedral. Dr David Price, Director of Music, suggested I should write a work to celebrate this significant addition. The new stop is called Trompette de Maris, in recognition of the Cathedral's association with the sea. This gave me the idea that I should use the opening of Vaughan Williams's Sea Symphony as a starting point; the juxtaposing chords of B-flat minor and D major are hugely dramatic and dominate the Fanfare. At the suggestion of Father Alexander, of Ampleforth Abbey, I also wove into the music some hints of Walton's overture Portsmouth Point.

#### **Pastorale**

Jonathan Ryan, currently Director of Music at the Church of St Michael and all Angels in Dallas, Texas, invited me to write a work for a recording that he was making on the organ of St Martin's, Dudelange, Luxembourg.

milestone. My offering was first performed the work, which is more anguished and in York Minster in October 2007 by Dr intense. The final section, however, subsides John Scott Whiteley. into rest and tranquility. Impromptu This work was written to celebrate Dr

The piece is based on two themes that are

developed in various ways. The peaceful

opening gives little hint of the middle of

and Fugue. Each theme is developed

To celebrate Dr Jackson's 90th birthday

Dr Jackson wrote as an alternative to Francis Jackson's 70th birthday. It was Ar hvd v nos. normally sung to 'God that directly inspired by the Impromptu that

madest earth and heaven ' he composed for his predecessor Sir Edward Bairstow's 70th birthday. I felt There are five variations, each giving the it appropriate to honour my predecessor melody a variety of treatment. In the second variation there is a direct quote from Dr in a similar manner. It was first performed at a concert given in York Minster on Jackson's Magnificat in G. The fugue subject October 1st 1987 to celebrate his birthday.

is based on several elements of the original melody. At the first episode the hymn-tune The work is in sonata form and both appears complete, first in the left hand, then themes are inspired by motifs from two in the right hand and finally in the pedals. of his compositions. The first subject The fugue subject also appears in inversion. comes from the first four notes of his After a brief stretto there is a fortissimo well-known and well-loved Magnificat in G. statement of the tune in the left hand. The second subject is similar in outline to with the fugue subject superimposed. A the fugue subject of his Toccata, Chorale brief coda, related to the tune, brings the

separately and, after the recapitulation, there is short coda that refers briefly Five Sketches on Helmslev and simultaneously to the two ideas, Helmsley is the name of the tune sung to using the Minster's famous Tuba Mirabilis. 'Lo! He comes with clouds descending'. These sketches were written for the

Variations and Fugue on 'East Acklam'

East Acklam is known and loved all over the world and is the name of the tune

the Percy Whitlock Trust commissioned

a group of composers to celebrate this

work to a triumphant conclusion.

1983 Helmsley Festival, now known as the Ryedale Festival, and first performed after he retired from the Minster and just before I succeeded him. It is dedicated to him and to his late wife, Priscilla.

so forth. Its rather wistful quality is perhaps

a reflection of the weight on my shoulders

at the thought of succeeding so great a

which he was editing. I composed it shortly

on 4 August in the Abbey Church, Ampleforth,

by the then Abbey Organist, Simon Wright.

The first movement, 'Maestoso', presents

and develops the melody in block harmony

and in 5/4 time, with the middle section

cantus firmus on pedal 8' and 4' reeds, in

is propelled initially by a retrograde version

the manner of an 18th century French

'Scherzo', is based on sections of the melody in inversion. The fourth, 'Adagio',

of the first five bars of the melody. The

last movement presents the complete

In 1982 Dr Francis Jackson asked me to

write a work for inclusion in the York

Organ Album, a Novello publication,

melody, with some rhythmic twists,

in 12/8.

Soliloguy

Organ Mass. The third movement.

developing the Alleluias. The second

movement displays the melody as a

The opening melody is based on the letters JACKSON. This is worked out by substituting H with A, I with B, J with C and

A middle section, partly in octaves, builds

musician. The melody first appears in the

manuals only, but is repeated with the

addition of the pedals.

to a climax, after which the opening melody appears again, but this time in canon, with the pedals playing the melody on a 4' stop. A brief coda brings the music to a hushed conclusion

Sinfonietta This work was composed in 2001 in response to a commission from the American concert organist Stephen Tharp. Serial technique

(each note of the chromatic scale is employed once in what is known as a note-row) is used throughout the work, although there

are times when this is applied only loosely. The row can be played upside down (inverted), backwards (retrograde), and upside down and backwards (retrograde inverted). To the uninitiated this may sound alarmingly mechanical, but structure is

as important in music as in any other art. and the restrictions that are imposed by a clear and logical form can act as an inspiration rather than a limitation.

There are four movements: 'Allegro deciso'.

'Allegro scherzando', 'Adagio e espressivo

con rubato', and 'Molto Allegro'. They are

all built around the sequence of notes

that appear in the first two bars of the first movement. The second movement is a trio with one voice only appearing in the right hand, left hand and pedals. In the third movement the twelve notes of the chromatic scale appear in the first four bars in chords. The last movement is in rondo form. Towards the end of this movement the first bar of the first movement appears in combination with the opening theme of the last movement, and the two ideas bring the work to an energetic close.

\* \*

To bring this CD to fruition has involved a huge amount of work by many people and I would like to register my profound thanks to all who have helped this recording come to life. In particular Stephen Farr who has spent hours absorbing a great deal of music and who has interpreted it in ways that I couldn't have imagined possible; Adam Binks, whose skills as a recording engineer have captured the music and the organ so faithfully; and to the Dean and Chapter of St Albans, as well as to the staff of the Cathedral, who gave us every possible assistance despite the restrictions of Covid.

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#### Philip Moore

Philip Moore studied at the Royal College of Music. Here he won the Walford Davies Prize for Organ Playing and the Limpus, Turpin and Read Prizes in the Royal College of Organists' examinations. He has a Bachelor in Music degree from Durham University.

He has honorary fellowships from the Royal School of Church Music, the Guild of Church Musicians and the Academy of St Cecilia. In 2014 he was awarded an honorary doctorate from the University of York and in 2016 he was awarded the Cranmer Award for Church Music, an award in the gift of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

He was Organist and Master of the Music at York Minster for twenty five years. Before moving to York he held posts at Guildford Cathedral, Canterbury Cathedral and Eton College. He retired from the Minster in 2008 and was appointed Organist Emeritus. The Archbishop of York awarded him the Order of St William, an honour entirely in his gift.

He has been composing since early childhood, although the pressures of work made it impossible for him to do so on a regular basis. Since his retirement from York Minster, however, he now spends

much of his time composing as well as enjoying life as an itinerant organist. In addition to writing for choirs and organs, he has also written music for other instruments. There are also three cantatas and a concerto for organ and orchestra. His most recent large scale work is his Requiem, for chorus, soprano solo and organ, or small orchestra, which has been performed both in the UK and in the USA.



#### Stephen Farr (organ)

Stephen Farr's career as a soloist and ensemble and continuo player has taken him throughout Europe, to North and South America, and to Australia. He has performed with some of the world's leading ensembles and conductors, and has appeared in venues including the Berlin Philharmonie (where he performed with the Berlin Philharmonic in the world premiere of Jonathan Harvey's Weltethos under Sir Simon Rattle), the Royal Festival Hall, the Concertgebouw Amsterdam, Symphony Hall Birmingham, Westminster Abbey, St Paul's Cathedral, Notre Dame de Paris, and the Royal Albert Hall. He appears frequently at the BBC Proms: he gave a solo recital in the 2011 season, including the world premiere of Judith Bingham's The Everlastina Crown, and made a concerto appearance with the BBC Symphony Orchestra under Sakari Oramo in the 2015 season. He is Director of Music at All Saints Margaret Street, and teaches organ at both Oxford and Cambridge Universities In 2017 he succeeded Patrick Russill as Chief Examiner of the Royal College of Organists.

Stephen Farr was Organ Scholar of Clare College, Cambridge, graduating

with a double first in Music and an MPhil in musicology as a postgraduate student of John Butt's. He then held a number of cathedral appointments before embarking on a freelance career. In 2014 he completed a PhD on the organ works of Judith Bingham.

A prize-winner at international competition level, he has an established reputation as one of the leading recitalists of his generation, with an impressive stylistic grasp of a broad range of repertoire and a particular commitment to contemporary music. His extensive and wide-ranging discography for Resonus encompasses music from the sixteenth to the twenty-first century – recent releases include the complete organ works of Kenneth Leighton and works by J.S. Bach and Judith Bingham – and has received unanimous critical acclaim.

www.stephenfarr.co.uk



## The Harrison & Harrison Organ of

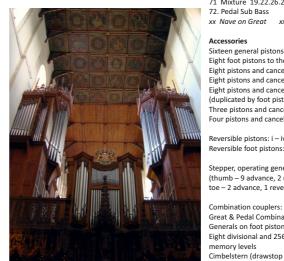
St Albans Cathedral (1962/2009)		29. Principal	16
, , ,		30. Bourdon	16
Pedal		31. Principal	8
1. Sub Bass	32	32. Diapason	8
2. Principal	16	33. Spitzflute	8
3. Major Bass	16	34. Stopped Diapason	8
4. Bourdon	16	35. Octave	4
5. Quint	10 2/3	36. Stopped Flute	4
6. Octave	8	37. Quint	2 2/3
7. Gedackt	8	38. Super Octave	2
8. Nazard	5 1/3	39. Blockflute	2
9. Choral Bass	3 1/3 4	40. Mixture 19.22.26.29	IV-VI
10. Open Flute	2	41. Bass Trumpet	16
11. Mixture 19.22.26.29	IV	42. Trumpet	8
12. Fagotto	32	43. Clarion	4
13. Bombardon	16	44. Grand Cornet 1.8.12.15.17. (tenor g)	V
14. Bass Trumpet (from 41)	16	x Choir to Great	
15. Fagotto (from 12)	16	xi Swell to Great xii Solo to Great	
16. Tromba	8		
17. Shawm	4	Swell	
i Choir to Pedal ii Great to Pedal	-	45. Open Diapason	8
iii Swell to Pedal iv Solo to Pedal		46. Rohr Flute	8
m swemts read in solo to read		47. Viola	8
Choir		48. Celeste (tenor c)	8
18. Quintaton	16	49. Principal	4
19. Open Diapason	8	50. Open Flute	4
20. Gedacktpommer	8	51. Nazard	2 2/3
21. Flauto Traverso	8	52. Octave	2
22. Octave	4	53. Gemshorn	2
23. Rohr Flute	4	54. Tierce	1 3/5
24. Wald Flute	2	55. Mixture 22.26.29	III
25. Larigot	1 1/3	56. Cimbel 29.33.36	III
26. Sesquialtera 19.24/12.17	, - II	57. Corno di Bassetto	16
27. Mixture 22.26.29.33	IV	58. Hautboy	8
28. Cromorne	8	59. Vox Humana	8
v Tremulant vi Octave vii Unison off		60. Trumpet	8
viii Swell to Choir ix Solo to Choir		61. Clarion	4
		xiii Tremulant xiv Octave	

xv Sub Octave xvi Unison Off

Great

#### Solo

62. Fanfare Trumpet	8
63. Grand Cornet (from Great)	V
64. Corno di Bassetto (from Swell)	16
xvii Octave xviii Unison off	
xix Great Reeds on Solo	



### NAVE ORGAN (prepared)

65. Bourdon (bass from 72)	1
66. Principal	
67. Rohr Flute	
68. Octave	
69. Spitzflute	
70. Super Octave	
71 Mixture 19.22.26.29	ľ
72. Pedal Sub Bass	1
xx Nave on Great xxi Nave on Solo	

#### Accessories

Sixteen general pistons and general cancel Eight foot pistons to the Pedal Organ Eight pistons and cancel to the Choir Organ Eight pistons and cancel to the Great Organ Eight pistons and cancel to the Swell Organ (duplicated by foot pistons) Three pistons and cancel to the Solo Organ Four pistons and cancel to the Nave Organ

Reversible pistons: i – iv, viii, x – xii, xix – xxi Reversible foot pistons: ii; xx

Stepper, operating general pistons in sequence (thumb - 9 advance, 2 reverse: toe - 2 advance, 1 reverse)

Great & Pedal Combinations Coupled, Generals on foot pistons Eight divisional and 256 general piston

memory levels Cimbelstern (drawstop and foot pedal) Balanced expression pedal to the Swell Organ Rotary switch for Choir Organ west shutters



Harrison & Harrison, 2009

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J.S. Bach: Orgelbüchlein, BWV 599–644 Stephen Farr Trost Organ, Stadtkirche, Waltershausen RES10259

'[...] Farr is a serious, musicianly organist with an imagination for colour that ensures each of these gems gets its due [...] In short, here is the full spirit of Bach, both the musician and the man of faith' BBC Music Magazine (5 stars)



J.S. Bach: Chorale Partitas, BWV 766–768 & 770 Stephen Farr RES10234

'Thanks to the effortless virtuosity of Stephen Farr's magnificent playing, Bach's music is conveyed to the listener with eloquent clarity' Gramophone

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Recorded at St Albans Cathedral, Hertfordshire on 29–30 October 2020
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Engineer, editor & producer: Adam Binks
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