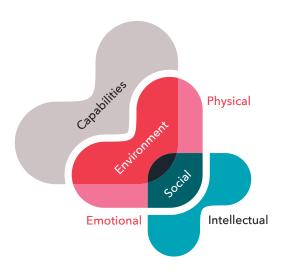
Pieces Canada

PIECES™ 3-Question Template

Guiding Collaborative Engagement, Shared Assessment and Supportive Care

PIECES is a holistic, relationship focused approach to collaborative engagement and supportive care with older Persons at risk or living with complex chronic conditions.

Using the PIECES 3-Question Template guides an evidence informed Team approach to collaborative assessment and shared care, building on the Person's unique strengths, promoting optimum health, and preventing unnecessary disability; always considering the Person's: Physical, Intellectual and Emotional health, strategies to support their Capabilities, their social and physical Environment and Social self (life story, social network, cultural, spiritual, sexuality, gender identity).



PIECES 3-Question Template

- Q1 What are the **priority** concerns; is it a **change** for the Person?
- Q2 What are the RISKS and possible contributing factors?
 Think PIECES

Avoid Assumptions! Think Atypical!

- Q3 What are the actions?
 - Investigations
 - Interactions
 - Interventions

The PIECES 3-Q Template is very practical and versatile, focusing Team collaboration:

- In-the-moment
- During Team huddles
- In urgent situations, especially to guide the assessment/care planning over the next several, 24, 48 hours, etc.
- To guide ongoing shared assessment/care planning
- To guide care conferences
- Across the continuum of care
- Using a framework into which other best practices/assessment protocols can easily be integrated

The **Team** always begins with the Person and Care Partner, and includes all Team members working in collaboration to achieve shared goals, within and across settings.

Q1 What are the priority concerns; is it a change for the Person?

Priority concerns could be related to the Person's behavioural, emotional, cognitive, or physical health.

For each priority concern(s), ask; is it a **change** for the Person?

- Is it new and, if so, in what way?
- If previously existing, is it different and, if so, how?
- Whether new or different, when did the change(s) emerge?

Avoid making assumptions and moving too quickly to actions before the Team has a shared understanding of the priority concerns.

Remember!

When a Person is living with complexity, the priority concerns will vary over time; What are we seeking to understand now?

Q2 What are the RISKS and possible contributing factors? Think PIECES

To prioritize RISKS (related to the priority

- Use the RISKS acronym to identify the areas of RISKS.
- For each RISKS identified, use the Impact/Probability tool for Assessing Degree of RISKS.

What are the possible contributing factors? Think PIECES

Avoid assumptions! Think Atypical! To help **prioritize** the exploration:

- Use RISKS assessment information.
- Screen for delirium if there has been an acute change (Q1), which may require immediate attention.

Investigations

Investigations

 Interactions Interventions

• What priorities has the Team identified in Q2 for investigation of RISKS and possible contributing factors (PIECES)?

Based on what has surfaced in Q1 and Q2:

Q3 What are the actions?

• What is the plan for implementation and sharing findings?

Interactions

- What communication strategies will be most supportive?
- How will Team members interact to continue learning and sharing information?

Interventions

- What are the **priority** care strategies that will;
 - Minimize RISKS
 - Build on the Person's strengths
 - Prevent unnecessary decline and/or reoccurrence, especially during transitions?

Remember!

How will the Person, Care Partner and all other Team members act together to monitor and evaluate the priority plan

Are we continuing to engage the Person; honouring their values, preferences, and right to autonomy?

RISKS Acronym

Roaming

(e.g. searching, seeking exit)

Imminent harm

Frailty, Falls, Fire, Firearms

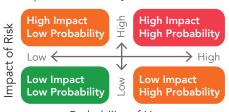
Suicide Ideation

Kinship relationships (risk of harm by the Person or to the Person by others; includes avoidance of the Person)

Substance use Self-neglect, Safe driving, Security (e.g. finances, housing, food)

Assessing Degree of RISKS

Impact - Probability Tool



Probability of Harm

- Requires immediate attention
- Not imminent; but if understood and addressed will contribute to best possible care and prevention
- No significant concern at this time

What do we currently know (including strengths) and what do we need to find out?

Physical: Delirium, Disease,

Discomfort, Drugs,

Disability

Intellectual: Neurocognitive changes;

Emotional: Mood, Adjustment, Suicidality,

Substance Use, Psychosis,

Trauma

Capabilities: Abilities overwhelmed/

strengths underused

Environment: Enabling/disabling factors,

transitions

Social: Life story, social network,

cultural, spiritual, sexuality,

gender identity

What screening or assessment tools would contribute to the clinical evidence?

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