Edu-gamer's Guide

## Flutter

Remembering | Understanding | Applying | Analyzing | Evaluating | Creating


## Learning objectives

- Remembering: Recognizing, recalling
- Understanding: Interpreting, classifying, summarizing, inferring, comparing, explaining
- Applying: Executing, implementing
- Analyzing: Differentiating, organizing, attributing
- Evaluating: Checking
- Creating: Generating, planning, producing

Game details


How-to-play


SCAN ME


- Counting \& Cardinality
- Operations \& Algebraic Thinking
- Measurement
- Geometry


## AHPEOSMIITI

# Flutter curriculum standards 

Common Core State Standards for Mathematics (corestandards. org)

| Grade level | Domain name | Domain code | Standards | Equivalent game mechanics |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K | Counting and Cardinality | K.CC | Know number names and the count sequence. | Petal trackers are numbered from 0 to 21 |
| K | Counting and Cardinality | K.CC | Count to tell the number of objects. | Counting matching and mismatched petals |
| K | Counting and Cardinality | K.CC | Compare numbers. | Compare how many petals you have on your tracker to how many are required to play or enclose a tile |
| K | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | K.OA | Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from. | Matching petals are added to your tracker, mismatched petals are subtracted |
| K | Number and Operations in Base Ten | K.NBT | Work with numbers 11-19 to gain foundations for place value. | Petal trackers go up to 21 |
| K | Measurement and Data | K.MD | Describe and compare measurable attributes. | Different size tiles are worth different amounts of pollen points, each mathematically based on their size |
| K | Measurement and Data | K.MD | Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category. | Counting number of petals in each of 4 types and counting the number of pollen points |
| K | Geometry | K.G | Identify and describe shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders, and spheres). | Triangles and many other geometric shapes, environmental relative positioning of tiles, shape rotation |
| K | Geometry | K.G | Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes. | Tiles of different sizes, shapes, and colors; ability to use multiple tiles to model larger shapes |
| 1 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 1.0A | Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction. | Matching petals are added to your tracker, mismatched petals are subtracted |
| 1 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 1.OA | Add and subtract within 20. | Flutter: Adding and subtracting petals / pollen through tile placement and enclosure |
| 1 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 1.OA | Work with addition and subtraction equations. | Need to have enough petals to pay for a tile placement or enclosure; need to have the highest score to win |
| 1 | Measurement and Data | 1.MD | Measure lengths indirectly and by iterating length units. | Tiles of different sizes, each created in 1.5 " segments |
| 1 | Measurement and Data | 1.MD | Represent and interpret data. | Tiles and tokens of differing shapes, sizes, and colors that can be organized, counted, and compared |
| 1 | Geometry | 1.6 | Reason with shapes and their attributes. | Tiles of different shapes, sizes, and colors; ability to assemble tiles into other shapes; triangles, trapezoids, and others |
| 2 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 2.OA | Add and subtract within 20. | Adding and subtracting petals / pollen through tile placement and enclosure |
| 2 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 2.OA | Work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication. | Placing and enclosing tiles of different sizes requires different groupings of petals |
| 2 | Measurement and Data | 2.MD | Measure and estimate lengths in standard units. | Tiles all conform to lengths in 1.5 " segments |
| 2 | Measurement and Data | 2.MD | Work with time and money. | Enclosing tiles results in increments of payouts ( 3 butter fly tiles, worth 8 points each, nets 24 points) |
| 2 | Measurement and Data | 2.MD | Represent and interpret data. | Measure tiles or groupings of tiles; graph data based on tile and petal categories |
| 2 | Geometry | 2.G | Reason with shapes and their attributes. | Tiles of varying geometric shapes (triangles, trapezoids, and others) |
| 3 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 3.0A | Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division. | Groups of pollinators that are worth a specified amoung of pollen points each |
| 3 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 3.0A | Understand properties of multiplication and the relationship between multiplication and division. | Groups of pollinators that are worth a specified amoung of pollen points each, which can then be reversed |
| 3 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 3.0A | Solve problems involving the four operations, and identify and explain patterns in arithmetic. | When a player cannot pay for an enclosed pollinator, all other players gain half that pollinator's pollen points, round up |
| 3 | Number and Operations-Fractions | 3.NF | Develop understanding of fractions as numbers. | Use groupings of meadow tiles to demonstrate fractions |
| 3 | Measurement and Data | 3.MD | Represent and interpret data. | Measure tiles or groupings of tiles; graph data based on tile and petal categories |
| 3 | Measurement and Data | 3.MD | Geometric measurement: recognize perimeter as an attribute of plane figures and distinguish between linear and area measures. | Use meadow tiles to demonstrate and calculate polygonal perimeters |
| 3 | Geometry | 3.6 | Reason with shapes and their attributes. | Tiles of varying geometric shapes and attributes (rhombuses, and others); perform area calculations |
| 4 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 4.0A | Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve problems. | Use pollinator tiles to represent problems to be solved |
| 4 | Measurement and Data | 4.MD | Solve problems involving measurement and conversion of measurements from a larger unit to a smaller unit. | Use meadow tiles to demonstrate and calculate polygonal perimeters |
| 4 | Measurement and Data | 4.MD | Geometric measurement: understand concepts of angle and measure angles. | Meadow tiles have varying angles in 60 degree increments |
| 4 | Geometry | 4.6 | Draw and identify lines and angles, and classify shapes by properties of their lines and angles. | Use meadow tiles to demonstrate geometric patterns, angle types, parallel lines, etc. |
| 5 | Geometry | 5.G | Classify two-dimensional figures into categories based on their properties. | Use meadow tiles to demonstrate that attributes belonging to a category of two-dimensional figures also belong to all subcategories of that category; classify twodimensional figures based on properties |
| 6 | Ratios and Proportional relationships | 6.RP | Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems. | Calculate ratio / average number of points per pollinator type or per color |
| 6 | Geometry | 6.G | Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume. | Use meadow tiles to calculate area of triangles, quadrilaterals, and polygons |

NGSS (Next Generation Science Standards):

- LS 1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
- LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics
- ESS2 Earth's Systems
- ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

