NATA

Our Formula. Your Success.

## Reference Material Product Information Sheet

Epichem's Quality System conforms to ISO9001:2015 as certified by ECAAS Pty Ltd - Certification number 616061.


| Name | 4-(4-hydroxy-4-phenylpiperidin-1-yl)- $N, N$-dimethyl-2,2-diphenylbutanamide |
| :--- | :--- |
| BP/EP Name | Loperamide Impurity D |
| USP Name | Not listed. |
| Epichem Item \# | EPL-AA158 Batch 1 |
| CAS \# | $37743-41-2$ |
| Molecular Formula | $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |
| Molecular Weight | $442.61 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ |
| Appearance | White powder |
| Melting Point | $81.6-100.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Combustion Analysis | Required (\%): C:78.7; H:7.7; N:6.3. Found (\%): C:78.7; H:7.8; N:6.3. |
| Purity* | $99.0 \%$ |$\quad$| Date of Manufacture | 2 December 2014 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Storage Requirements | Protect from heat, light and moisture. |
| Special Precautions | This compound is for laboratory use only. Its toxicological properties may not have <br> been fully established. It should be handled only by suitably qualified personnel. |
| Intended Use | This compound is suitable for the identification of impurities and degradants in <br> pharmaceutical materials. The purity assay is considered as relative contribution. |
| Date of Shipment | TBA |
| Retest Date | This certificate is valid for one year from the date of shipment provided the <br> substance is stored under the recommended conditions. |
|  | TBA (Proper Storage and Handling Required) |

* NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service


## I. Identity

The identity of this product was established using the following analyses:

## Ia. ${ }^{1}$ HNMR Spectrum

Conditions: $\quad 400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$
${ }^{1}$ HNMR spectrum consistent with chemical structure.


## Ib. Mass Spectrum

The mass spectrum of this material was analysed by Liquid Chromatography Mass Spectroscopy (LCMS) using in-house EM005.WI08.

Method: $\quad 5 \%$ to $100 \% \mathrm{ACN}$ in water gradient (+0.1\% formic acid)

| Retention <br> Time (MS) | MS Area | MoI . Weight <br> or Ion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.780 | 5889929 | 444.35 I |
|  |  | 443.30 I |



Theoretical value: $443.3[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$
The signal of the Mass Spectrum is consistent with the theoretical value and its interpretation is consistent with the structural formula.

## Ic. IR Spectrum

The infra-red spectrum of this material was analysed by Fourier-Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) using in-house EM005.WI09.


The interpretation of the signals of the Fourier-Transform Infrared Spectrum is consistent with the structural formula.

## II. Purity

The purity of this material was analysed by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) using inhouse EM005.WI07.

## HPLC Conditions:

| Column | Conditions |  |  |  | Detector | Injector |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agilent Poroshell 120 EC-C18 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { DAD } \\ & 220 \mathrm{~nm} \end{aligned}$ | Auto $1.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ <br> $0.75 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ in 50\% acetonitrile and $50 \%$ water (NO MODIFIERS) |
|  | Time (min) | \% Line A (Water + <br> $0.1 \%$ (v/v) TFA) | \% Line B (Acetonitrile <br> $+0.1 \%(\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}) \mathrm{TFA})$ | Flow rate ( $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) |  |  |
| $4.6 \times 50 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> 2.7 micron | 0.00 | 75 | 25 | 1.0 |  |  |
|  | 6.00 | 51 | 49 | 1.0 |  |  |
|  | 10.60 | 5 | 95 | 1.0 |  |  |
|  | 15.60 | 5 | 95 | 1.0 |  |  |
|  | 16.60 | 75 | 25 | 1.0 |  |  |
|  | 19.60 | 75 | 25 | 1.0 |  |  |

[^0]Area Percent Report - Sorted by Signal

| Peak Number | Retention Time (rounded) | Area | Area \% (rounded) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5.42 | 1200.55 | 99.93 |
| 2 | 6.33 | 0.22 | 0.02 |
| 3 | 6.67 | 0.60 | 0.05 |
| 4 | 8.83 | 0.04 | 0.00 |
| Totals |  |  | 100 (rounded) |

For the calculation the system peaks were ignored. The content of the analyte was determined as a ratio of the peak area of the analyte and the cumulative areas of the purities, added up to $100 \%$.

## Results:

Average $\quad 99.9 \%$ (average of 10 duplicate runs)

## III. Water Content

Method: Karl-Fischer titration using in-house EM005.WI04.
Results:
Average $0.9 \%$

## IV. Ash Content

Method: BP 2015 Ash (Appendix XI J) as per WS001/24163

## Result:

Contains $<0.1 \%$ ash.

## V. Residual Solvents

Method: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$

## Result:

No significant impurities detected by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR analysis.

## VI. Final Result

| Chromatographic purity (HPLC) | $99.9 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Water content | $0.9 \%$ |
| Ash content | $<0.1 \%$ |
| Residual solvents | $<0.1 \%$ |
| Purity* | $99.0 \%$ |

This purity is assessed to be $99.0 \%$.

Product Reviewed By:
Jacob Heppell, PhD
Chemist

Product Released By:
Carol Worth, PhD
Quality Manager
Release Date: 22 March 2022
*NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service.
The calculation of the purity follows the formula:
$\operatorname{Purity}(\%)=\frac{((\text { Chromatographicpurity }[\text { HPLC }]) x(100-(\text { watercontent }+ \text { ashcontent }+ \text { volatilecontents })))}{100}$


[^0]:    

