

Safety Data Sheet According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Date of Issue: 11/09/2022

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION	
1.1. Product Identifier	
Product Form: Mixture	
Product Name: Denago E11 12 Fat 1.0 M	Model eBike
1.2. Intended Use of the Produc	
Use of the Substance/Mixture: Bicycle	
-	one of the Responsible Party
BIKE USA, Inc dba DENAGO	one of the Responsible Farty
301 Alpha Road Suite 66-122	
Dallas, TX 75240-4355	
USA	
877-755-2453	
www.BIKE.com / www.denago.com	hau
1.4. Emergency Telephone Num	
Emergency Number	: VelocityEHS
	(800)255-3924 (North America)
	+1 (813)248-0585 (International)
SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICA	TION
2.1. Classification of the Substar	nce or Mixture
GHS-US Classification	
Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3	H301
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Cat	
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A	H314
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Categ	gory 1 H318
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317
Carcinogenicity Category 1B	H350
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment	
2.2. Label Elements	
GHS-US Labeling	
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)	
Hazaru Pictogranis (GHS-OS)	
	GH505 GH506 GH507 GH508
Signal Word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	: H301 - Toxic if swallowed.
	H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
	H330 - Fatal if inhaled.
	H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation).
	H372 - Causes damage to organs (dental/bone fluorosis, lungs) through prolonged
	or repeated exposure.
Dracoutionary Statements (CUS US)	H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P260 - Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors.
	P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
	P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P320 - Specific treatment is urgent (see section 4 on this SDS).

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide	Lithium cobalt manganese nickel oxide	(CAS-No.) 182442-95-1	≤ 80	Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation), H330 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Steel manufacture, chemicals	Steel manufacture, chemicals (This category includes the chemical substances which are manufactured as part of steel and alloy steels. The following list identifies those elements which may exist in steel or which may comprise compounds present in steel or alloy steels. Aluminum, beryllium, boron, calcium, carbon, cerium, chromium, cobalt, copper, hafnium, iron, lanthanum, lead, magnesium, manganese, molybdenum, nickel, niobium, nitrogen, oxygen, phosphorus, selenium, silicon, sulfur, tantalum, tin, titanium, tungsten, vanadium, yttrium, zinc, zirconium.)	(CAS-No.) 65997-19-5	< 76	Not classified
Carbon	Carbon, activated / Activated carbon / Carbon Black / Graphite / Active carbon	(CAS-No.) 7440-44-0	10 - 30	Comb. Dust
Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium	Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-) / Lithium phosphohexafluoride / Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (1:1) / Lithium hexafluorophosphate	(CAS-No.) 21324-40-3	10-20	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 1, H372
Copper	C.I. 77400 / C.I. Pigment Metal 2 / Copper, elemental / Copper metal / Copper, metallic	(CAS-No.) 7440-50-8	2 – 10	Comb. Dust
Aluminum	Aluminium / Aluminum, metal / Aluminum, elemental / C.I. 77000 / Pigment Metal 1	(CAS-No.) 7429-90-5	2 – 10	Comb. Dust
1,1- Difluoroethylene polymer	Ethene, 1,1-difluoro-, homopolymer / Homopolymer, ethene, 1,1-difluoro- / Polyvinylidene fluoride / Polyvinylidene fluoride resin / Poly(vinylidene fluoride) / Poly(1,1- difluoroethene) / Vinylidene fluoride homopolymer / Polymer of 1,1-difluoroethene	(CAS-No.) 24937-79-9	< 5	Comb. Dust

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Styrene- butadiene copolymer	Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 1,3-butadiene / Butadiene-styrene copolymer / Butadiene- styrene polymer / 1,3-Butadiene-styrene polymer / Butadiene-styrene resin / Styrene- 1,3-butadiene copolymer / Styrene-butadiene polymer / Styrene-butadiene rubber / Polymer of styrene and 1,3-butadiene / Styrene homopolymer and 1,3-butadiene homopolymer, block copolymer / Polymer of buta-1,3-diene/styrene	(CAS-No.) 9003-55-8	<1	Comb. Dust
Nickel	Nickel, elemental / Nickel, metallic / Nickel, metal / C.I. 77775	(CAS-No.) 7440-02-0	< 1	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 1, H372 Comb. Dust

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: The following first aid measures apply in case of exposure to the interior battery components, if the battery is damaged and exposure occurs.

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: For exposure to battery contents: First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: For exposure to battery contents: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: For exposure to battery contents: Immediately rinse with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: For exposure to battery contents: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Exposure to battery contents may result in the following: May be fatal if inhaled. Causes damage to organs (bone, lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Skin sensitization. Toxic if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause cancer by inhalation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Exposure to materials housed in battery: May be fatal if inhaled in significant amounts. May be corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Exposure to materials housed in battery: Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Exposure to materials housed in battery: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Exposure to materials housed in battery: This material is toxic in small amounts orally, and can cause adverse health effects or death. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: Exposure to materials housed in battery: May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause damage to organs (bone, tooth, lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder. Foam. Sand/earth. Water spray, fog (flooding amounts).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Application of water to product may generate heat and increase fire intensity.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Battery may rupture/explode when exposed to excessive heat or fire, if overcharged, short circuited, punctured, or crushed.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Reactivity: Batteries are non-reactive under normal conditions of storage and use. If the internal contents are leaked lithium ion batteries may react with incompatible materials such as water, acids, bases, oxidizers, and reducing agents and form corrosive, irritating, and harmful fumes and by-products. If the battery is damaged, the interaction of water or water vapor and exposed lithium hexafluorophosphate may result in the generation of hydrogen and hydrogen fluoride (HF) gas.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Hydrogen Fluoride (HF). Lithium oxides. Metal oxides. Phosphorus oxides.

Other Information: Batteries may explode in fire. Damaged batteries can result in rapid heating and the release of flammable vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Product itself under normal conditions of use is not considered hazardous, for materials housed within product: Do not breathe fumes. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Ventilate area.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. If battery is not damaged cleanup spills mechanically, and put into approved container for disposal. If battery is damaged and/or leaking: Using shovel or broom, cover battery or spilled substances with dry sand or vermiculite, place in approved container and dispose in accordance with local regulations. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May release corrosive vapors.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Since this product is a sealed battery, normal handling hazards are minimal unless the battery is damaged or the internal contents are exposed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust, vapors, spray from inner battery components. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Batteries should be separated from other materials and stored in a noncombustible, well ventilated, sprinkler-protected structure with sufficient clearance between walls and battery stacks. Do not store batteries in a manner that allows terminals to short circuit. Do not place batteries near heating equipment, nor expose to direct sunlight for long periods. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. **Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Bicycle transportation and recreation

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer,

supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL). Copper (7440-50-8) **USA ACGIH** ACGIH OEL TWA 0.2 mg/m^3 (fume) 1 mg/m³ (dust and mist) **USA NIOSH** NIOSH REL TWA 0.1 mg/m^3 (fume) **USA IDLH** IDLH 100 mg/m³ (dust, fume and mist) **USA OSHA OSHA PEL TWA** 0.1 mg/m^3 (fume) 1 mg/m³ (dust and mist) Aluminum (7429-90-5) USA ACGIH ACGIH OEL TWA 1 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter) Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen **USA ACGIH** ACGIH chemical category 10 mg/m³ (total dust) **USA NIOSH** NIOSH REL TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust) **OSHA PEL TWA USA OSHA** 15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) Nickel (7440-02-0) USA ACGIH ACGIH OEL TWA 1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter) **USA ACGIH** ACGIH chemical category Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen **USA ACGIH BEI BLV** 5 µg/l Parameter: Nickel - Medium: urine - Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek (background) USA NIOSH NIOSH REL TWA 0.015 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ **USA IDLH** IDLH **USA OSHA OSHA PEL TWA** 1 mg/m^3 Manganese compounds USA NIOSH NIOSH REL TWA 1 mg/m^3 USA NIOSH NIOSH REL STEL 3 mg/m³ **USA IDLH** IDLH 500 mg/m³ USA OSHA **OSHA PEL Ceiling** 5 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls : Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released. : Not required under normal conditions of use. When handling damaged batteries: **Personal Protective Equipment** Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Face shield. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. **Materials for Protective Clothing** : Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Corrosion-proof clothing. : If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory **Respiratory Protection** protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection. : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. **Other Information SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES** Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties 9.1. **Physical State** : Solid Appearance : No data available Odor : Odorless

 Odor
 : Odorless

 Odor Threshold
 : No data available

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

рН	: No data available
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: No data available
Flash Point	: No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Solubility	: Water: Insoluble
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
9.2. Other Information	

No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Batteries are non-reactive under normal conditions of storage and use. If the internal contents are leaked lithium ion batteries may react with incompatible materials such as water, acids, bases, oxidizers, and reducing agents and form corrosive, irritating, and harmful fumes and by-products. If the battery is damaged, the interaction of water or water vapor and exposed lithium hexafluorophosphate may result in the generation of hydrogen and hydrogen fluoride (HF) gas.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Do not heat, expose to fire, disassemble, short circuit, immerse in water, or abuse batteries.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may produce: Hydrogen Fluoride (HF). Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Lithium oxides. Metal oxides. Phosphorus oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Exposure to the internal contents of the battery may result in:

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Toxic if swallowed.

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Fatal if inhaled.

Denago E11 12 Fat 1.0 Model eBike			
ATE (Oral)	250 mg/kg body weight		
ATE (Dust/Mist)	0.06 mg/l/4h		
Copper (7440-50-8)			
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.11 mg/l/4h		
Aluminum (7429-90-5)			
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 0.888 mg/L/4h (No deaths)		
Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (182442-95	Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (182442-95-1)		
ATE (Dust/Mist)	0.05 mg/l/4h		
Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (21324-40-3)			
LD50 Oral Rat	50 – 300 mg/kg		
Carbon (7440-44-0)			
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg		
Nickel (7440-02-0)			

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

LD50 Oral Rat	> 9000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 10.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer (Inhalation).

Nickel (7440-02-0)

IARC group	2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs (dental/bone fluorosis, lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Exposure to materials housed in battery: May be fatal if inhaled in significant amounts. May be corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Exposure to materials housed in battery: Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Exposure to materials housed in battery: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Exposure to materials housed in battery: This material is toxic in small amounts orally, and can cause adverse health effects or death. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: Exposure to materials housed in battery: May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause damage to organs (bone, tooth, lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity			
Ecology - General	: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Nickel (7440-02-0)			
LC50 Fish 1	100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)		
EC50 Crustacea 1	100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
LC50 Fish 2	15.3 mg/l		
EC50 Crustacea 2	1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
12.2. Persistence and Degradability	1		
Denago E11 12 Fat 1.0 Model eBike			
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.		
Copper (7440-50-8)			
Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegradable.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential			
Denago E11 12 Fat 1.0 Model eBike			
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.		
12.4. Mobility in Soil			
No additional information available			
12.5. Other Adverse Effects			
Other Information	: Avoid release to the environment.		

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Material should be recycled if possible. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Batteries should be completely discharged prior to disposal and/or the terminals taped or capped to prevent short circuit.

Ecology - Waste Materials: This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways. Avoid release to the environment.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

authored, and can vary base	a on a number of variables that may of h	nay not nave be
14.1. In Accordance w	ith DOT	
Proper Shipping Name	: BATTERY-POWERED VEHICLE	
Hazard Class	: 9	
Identification Number	: UN3171	
Label Codes	: 9	3
ERG Number	: 154	·
14.2. In Accordance w	ith IMDG	
Proper Shipping Name	: BATTERY-POWERED VEHICLE	
Hazard Class	: 9	
Identification Number	: UN3171	
Label Codes	: 9A	
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-A	
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-I	
14.3. In Accordance w	ith IATA	
Proper Shipping Name	: BATTERY-POWERED VEHICLE	
Identification Number	: UN3171	
Hazard Class	: 9	
Label Codes	: 9	
		V

ERG Code (IATA) SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

: 9L

15.1. US Federal Regulations			
Denago E11 12 Fat 1.0 Model eBike			
ARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Health hazard - Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)			
	Health hazard - Carcinogenicity		
	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization		
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation		
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation		
	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)		
Copper (7440-50-8)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic S	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
Subject to reporting requirements of Uni	ted States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter		
	of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μ m		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1%		
Aluminum (7429-90-5)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic S	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
Subject to reporting requirements of Uni	ted States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (dust or fume only)		
1,1-Difluoroethylene polymer (24937-79	9-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic S	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data		
	Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).		
Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (182442-95-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic S	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	PMN - PMN - indicates a commenced PMN substance.		
	S - S - indicates a substance that is identified in a final Significant New Use Rule.		
	5E - 5E - indicates a substance that is the subject of a TSCA section 5E order.		
Styrene-butadiene copolymer (9003-55-	8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic S	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data		
	Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).		

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium (213	24-40-3)		
	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag			
Carbon (7440-44-0)			
· · ·	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
Nickel (7440-02-0)			
· · ·	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
Subject to reporting requirements of Unit			
CERCLA RQ	100 lb (only applicable if particles are < 100 μm)		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %		
Manganese compounds			
Subject to reporting requirements of Uni	ted States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (includes any unique chemical substance that contains		
	Manganese as part of that chemical's infrastructure)		
Steel manufacture, chemicals (65997-19			
	ubstances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
15.2. US State Regulations			
Copper (7440-50-8)			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazard	ous Substance List		
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)	List		
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)	- Environmental Hazard List		
Aluminum (7429-90-5)			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazard	ous Substance List		
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)			
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)	- Environmental Hazard List		
Manganese compounds			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazard			
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)			
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)	- Environmental Hazard List		
Nickel (7440-02-0)			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazard			
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)			
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances			
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)	- Environmental Hazard List		
California Proposition 65			
	ose you to Nickel, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more		
information go to www.P65Warr	ings.ca.gov.		

information go to www.	P65Warnings.ca.gov.			
Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Nickel (7440-02-0)	Х			

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision

: 11/09/2022

Other Information

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS : requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H301	Toxic if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

H330	Fatal if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)