SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 14-Jul-2022

Revision Number 1

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name EPO-Base SL100 Part B

Product Code(s) 000000067036

Other means of identification

UN number 2735

Safety data sheet number AR067

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Floor coating.

Uses advised against No information available.

Supplier

LuxCoat

ABN: 41 614 031 784

Street Address: 10 Cowcher Place,

Belmont WA 6104

Australia

Telephone: 1800 5892 628 Website: www.luxcoat.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Label elements

Corrosion

Exclamation mark



Hazard statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	30 - 60%
Isophorone diamine	2855-13-2	10 - 30%
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	113930-69-1	10 - 30%
m-Xylene a,a"-diamine	1477-55-0	< 10%
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-	69-72-7	< 10%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a

physician if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin contactWash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

Self-protection of the first aiderUse personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid

contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media High volume water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. Thermal

decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code 2X

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch or walk

through spilled material.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage

if safe to do so.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far

ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for

later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up

Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and

place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product and washings from entering drains,

sewers or surface water due to high toxicity to aquatic organisms.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use according to

package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container

closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Strong alkalis, acids and oxidising agents.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH TLV
m-Xylene a,a"-diamine	0.1 mg/m³ Peak	S*
1477-55-0		Ceiling: 0.018 ppm

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

Peak Limitation - a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a particular substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.

(ACGIH - Ceiling) - the concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Eyewash

stations.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.









Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protectionWear suitable protective clothing.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance No information available.

Color Yellow Odor Amine -like

Odor threshold No information available.

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH11.1None knownpH (as aqueous solution)No data availableNone known

Melting point / freezing point No data available Boiling point / boiling range 175°C

Flash point 117°C Pensky-Martens Closed Cup (PMCC)

Evaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableNone knownFlammability Limit in AirNone known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressure< 0.02 hPa</th>Vapor densityNo data available

Relative density 1.05

Water solubility Partially soluble

Solubility(ies)No data availableNone knownPartition coefficientNo data availableNone known

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature> 96°CNone knownKinematic viscosityNo data availableNone knownDynamic viscosity100 - 300 mPa sNone known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoidNone known based on information supplied.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong alkalis, acids and oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product InformationNo adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

Eye contact Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in

permanent injury.

Skin contactContact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns. May cause sensitization by skin

contact.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Symptoms May cause allergic skin reaction.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Benzyl alcohol	= 1230 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 8.8 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Isophorone diamine	= 1030 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
m-Xylene a,a"-diamine	= 660 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2 g/kg(Rabbit)	= 700 ppm (Rat) 1 h
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-	= 891 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2 g/kg (Rat)	> 900 mg/m³(Rat)1 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component

data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation

methods based on component data.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicityNo information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Benzyl alcohol	EC50: =35mg/L (3h, Anabaena variabilis)	LC50: =460mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =10mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-	EC50: =23mg/L (48h, water flea)
Isophorone diamine	EC50: =37mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =110mg/L (96h, Leuciscus idus)	-	EC50: 14.6 - 21.5mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =42mg/L (24h, Daphnia magna)
m-Xylene a,a"-diamine	-	LC50: =87.6mg/L (96h, Oryzias latipes)	•	-
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-	ErC50: > 100 mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =90mg/L (48h, Leuciscus idus) LC50: =1380 mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	EC50: =870mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =105mg/L (24h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Benzyl alcohol	1.1
Isophorone diamine	0.79
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-	0 - 2.26

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Should not be released into the

environment.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>ADG</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and

Rail; DANGEROŬS GOODS.

UN number 2735

Proper shipping name AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ISOPHORONE DIAMINE)

Hazard class 8
Packing group II
Hazchem code 2X

IATA

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 2735

UN proper shipping name AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ISOPHORONE DIAMINE)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Packing group | |

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea: DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 2735

UN proper shipping name AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ISOPHORONE DIAMINE)

 Transport hazard class(es)
 8

 Packing group
 II

 IMDG EMS Fire
 F-A

 IMDG EMS Spill
 S-B

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Benzyl alcohol - 100-51-6	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy 69-72-7	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total

1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

Legend:

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 06/2017

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 14-Jul-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Revision Number 1

Revision date: 14-Jul-2022

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)
World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since LuxCoat cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their LuxCoat representative or LuxCoat at the contact details on page 1.

LuxCoat's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet