

## ELANCO US, INC.

2500 INNOVATION WAY, GREENFIELD, IN, 46140

Customer Service: 317-276-1262

Technical Service: 800-428-4441

Website: [www.elanco.us](http://www.elanco.us)

Email: [elanco@elanco.com](mailto:elanco@elanco.com)



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### Rumensin™ 90

#### Elanco US

#### Do Not Feed Undiluted

(monensin Type A medicated article)

#### For Animal Feed Only

#### Growing beef steers and heifers fed in confinement for slaughter:

- A. For improved feed efficiency.
- B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

#### Dairy Cows:

- A. For increased milk production efficiency (production of marketable solids-corrected milk per unit of feed intake).

#### Growing beef steers and heifers on pasture (stocker, feeder, and slaughter) or in a dry lot:

- A. For increased rate of weight gain.
- B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

#### Replacement beef and dairy heifers:

- A. For increased rate of weight gain.
- B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

#### Beef Cows:

- A. For improved feed efficiency when receiving supplemental feed.
- B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

#### Goats maintained in confinement except reproducing or lactating goats:

- A. For the prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria crandallis*, *Eimeria christenseni*, and *Eimeria ninakohlyakimovae*.

#### Calves (excluding veal calves):

- A. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

**CAUTION:** Do not allow horses or other equines access to feeds containing monensin. Ingestion of monensin by horses has been fatal. Monensin medicated cattle and goat feeds are safe for use in cattle and goats only.

Consumption by unapproved species may result in toxic reactions. Feeding undiluted or mixing errors resulting in high concentrations of monensin has been fatal to cattle and could be fatal to goats. Must be thoroughly mixed in feeds before use. Do not exceed the levels of monensin recommended in the feeding directions as reduced average daily gains may result. Do not feed to lactating goats. If feed refusals containing monensin are fed to other groups of cattle, the concentration of monensin in the refusals and amount of refusals fed should be taken into consideration to prevent monensin overdosing.

#### YOU MAY NOTICE:

- Reduced voluntary feed intake in dairy cows fed monensin. This reduction increases with higher doses of monensin fed. Rule out monensin as the cause of reduced feed intake before attributing to other causes such as illness, feed management, or the environment.
- Reduced milk fat percentage in dairy cows fed monensin. This reduction increases with higher doses of monensin fed.
- Increased incidence and treatment of cystic ovaries and metritis in dairy cows fed monensin.
- Reduced conception rates, increased services per animal, and extended days open and corresponding calving intervals in dairy cows fed monensin.

Have a comprehensive and ongoing nutritional, reproductive and herd health program in place when feeding monensin to dairy cows.

## Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings

No milk discard time and no withdrawal period is required when used according to labeling. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal. Do not feed to lactating goats.

## Directions for Use

Read All Directions Carefully Before Mixing and Feeding

**Active Drug Ingredients: Monensin USP, 90.7 g per pound**

### I. Growing beef steers and heifers fed in confinement for slaughter:

**A. For improved feed efficiency.** Feeding Directions: Thoroughly mix **Rumensin 90** to make one ton of complete feed that provides 5 to 40 g/ton monensin on a 90% dry matter basis (Table 1). Feed complete feed (5 to 40 g/ton) continuously to growing beef steers and heifers in confinement to provide not less than 50 nor more than 480 mg monensin per head per day. No additional improvement in feed efficiency has been shown from feeding monensin at levels greater than 30 g/ton (360 mg monensin per head per day).

**B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.** Feeding Directions: Feed continuously (10 to 40 g/ton) to provide 0.14 to 0.42 mg per pound of body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 480 mg of monensin per head per day.

### II. Dairy Cows:

**A. For increased milk production efficiency (production of marketable solids-corrected milk per unit of feed intake).** Feeding Directions:

Total Mixed Rations ("complete feed"): Feed continuously to dry and lactating dairy cows a total mixed ration ("complete feed") containing 11 to 22 g/ton monensin on a 100% dry matter basis (Table 2).

Component Feeding Systems (including top dress): Feed continuously to dry and lactating dairy cows a Type C Medicated Feed containing 11 to 400 g/ton monensin (Table 3).

The Type C Medicated Feed must be fed in a minimum of 1 pound of feed per cow per day to provide 185 to 660 mg/head/day monensin to lactating cows or 115 to 410 mg/head/day monensin to dry cows. This provides cows with similar amounts of monensin they would receive by consuming total mixed rations containing 11 to 22 g/ton monensin on a 100% dry matter basis.

### III. Growing beef steers and heifers on pasture (stocker, feeder, and slaughter) or in a dry lot; and Replacement beef and dairy heifers:

**A. For increased rate of weight gain.** Feeding Directions: Feed at the rate of not less than 50 nor more than 200 mg per head per day in not less than one pound of Type C Medicated Feed; or after the 5<sup>th</sup> day, feed at the rate of 400 mg per head per day every other day in not less than 2 pounds of Type C Medicated Feed. The monensin concentration in the Type C Medicated Feed must be between 15 and 400 grams per ton. During the first 5 days, cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed. Do not self feed.

**B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.** Feeding Directions: Feed at a rate to provide 0.14 to 0.42 mg per pound body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 200 mg per head per day. The monensin concentration in Type C Medicated Feed must be between 15 and 400 grams per ton. During the first 5 days, cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed.

**C. Type C free-choice medicated feeds.** All Type C free-choice medicated feeds containing Rumensin must be manufactured according to an FDA-approved formula/specification. When using a formula/specification published in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), a Medicated Feed Mill license is not required. Use of Rumensin in a proprietary formula/specification not published in the CFR requires prior FDA approval and a Medicated Feed Mill license.

### IV. Beef Cows:

**A. For improved feed efficiency when receiving supplemental feed.** Feeding Directions: Feed continuously at a rate of 50 to 200 mg per head per day. Blend into a minimum of 1 pound of Type C Medicated Feed and either hand feed or mix into the total ration. Feed (other than the Type C Medicated Feed containing **Rumensin**) can be restricted to 95% (of normal requirements) when 50 mg of monensin activity is fed, and to 90% at 200 mg. Cows on pasture or in dry lot must receive a minimum of 1 pound of Type C Medicated Feed per head per day. Additionally, a minimum of 16 pounds (air-dry basis) of roughage such as silage, haylage, ammoniated straw, hay or equivalent feedstuffs should be fed in order to meet NRC recommendations for beef cows to gain 0.25 to 0.75 pounds per head per day. Standing, dried winter range forage may not be of adequate quality to result in improved efficiency when supplemented with **Rumensin**. During the first 5 days, pastured cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed. Do not self feed.

**B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.** Feeding Directions: Feed at a rate of 0.14 to 0.42 mg per pound of body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 200 mg per head per day. During the first 5 days, pastured cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed.

**V. Goats maintained in confinement except reproducing or lactating goats:**

**A. For prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria crandallii*, *Eimeria christensenii* and *Eimeria ninakohlyakimovae*.** Feeding Directions: Feed complete feed (20 g/ton) continuously to goats as the sole ration (Table 1).

**VI. Calves (excluding veal calves):**

**A. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.** Feed at a rate of 0.14 to 1.00 mg per pound of body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 200 mg of monensin per head per day. The monensin concentration in Type C Medicated Feed must be between 10 and 200 g/ton (Table 1).

**VII. Type B or C Medicated Feed Mixing Directions (Dry and Liquid):**

**A. Dry or Liquid**

Thoroughly mix the following amounts of **Rumensin 90** to make one ton of Type B or C Medicated Feed to provide the levels shown in Table 1. Dry Only - **An Intermediate blending step should be performed to ensure an adequate mix.**

**B. Liquid Limitations**

1. The supplement pH must be between 4.3 - 7.1.

2. Stored liquid Type B Medicated Feeds containing **Rumensin**: For liquid feeds stored in recirculating tank systems: Recirculate immediately prior to use for not less than 10 minutes, moving not less than 1 percent of the tank contents per minute from the bottom of the tank to the top. Recirculate daily as described even when not used. • For liquid feeds stored in mechanical, air or other agitation-type tank systems: Agitate immediately prior to use for not less than 10 minutes creating a turbulence at the bottom of the tank that is visible at the top. Agitate daily as described even when not used.

**CAUTION:** Inadequate mixing (recirculation or agitation) of **monensin** Liquid Type B or C Medicated Feeds has resulted in increased **monensin** concentration which has been fatal to cattle and could be fatal to goats. • If feed refusals containing monensin are fed to other groups of cattle, the concentration of monensin in the refusals and amount of refusals fed should be taken into consideration to prevent monensin overdosing.

**Directions for Use: Read All Directions Carefully Before Mixing and Feeding**

**Table 1. Mixing Directions for Cattle (excluding Dairy Cows), Goat and Calf Feeds**

Desired Monensin Concentration in Medicated Feed <sup>a</sup>		Amount of <b>Rumensin 90</b> Needed per ton	
grams/ton	mg/lb feed	lbs.	grams
5	2.5	0.06	25.00
20	10	0.22	100.02
30	15	0.33	150.03
40	20	0.44	200.04
400	200	4.41	2000.40
1200	600	13.23	6001.19

<sup>a</sup> 90% dry matter basis

**Table 2: Mixing Directions for Dairy Cow Total Mixed Rations (TMR)<sup>a</sup>**

Amount of Rumensin 90 needed per ton of Type B, lb <sup>b</sup>	Desired monensin concentration in Type B Feed, g/ton; as-fed basis <sup>c</sup>	Dry matter of TMR, %	Desired monensin concentration, g/ton in TMR <sup>d</sup>		
			11	15	22
			lb of Type B (as-fed) needed per ton of TMR		
5.51	500	50	22.00	30.00	44.00
		60	26.40	36.00	52.80
15.88	1440	50	7.64	10.42	15.28
		60	9.17	12.50	18.33
88.20	8000	50	1.38	1.88	2.75
		60	1.65	2.25	3.30

<sup>a</sup> Amount of Type B (as-fed basis) needed to produce the TMR with desired level of monensin is as follows: ((Desired level of monensin in TMR g/ton) X (% dry matter of TMR)/g/ton of monensin in Type B) X 2000

Example Diet: Desire 11 g/ton monensin in TMR (dry matter basis), TMR contains 50% dry matter, & Type B contains 500 g/ton of monensin.

Example Solution:  $((11 \text{ g/ton}) \times (0.50 \text{ dry matter of TMR}) / 500 \text{ g/ton monensin in Type B}) \times 2000 = 22 \text{ lb of Type B needed per ton of TMR}$

<sup>b</sup> (Desired concentration of monensin in Type B feed, g/ton) / 90.7 g/lb. Example:  $500 \text{ g/ton} / 90.7 \text{ g/lb} = 5.51$

lb **Rumensin 90** per ton of Type B

<sup>c</sup> It is recommended that Type B feeds containing more than 1440 g/ton be further diluted before mixing into the TMR. An example of further dilution would be a ratio of 1:10 of Type B Medicated Feed: Unmedicated Feed.

<sup>d</sup> 100% dry matter basis

**Table 3: Mixing Directions for Dairy Cows in Component Feeding Systems (Including Top Dress)<sup>a</sup>**

Amount of Rumensin 90 needed per ton of Type B, lb <sup>b</sup>	Desired monensin concentration in Type B Feed, g/ton; as-fed basis <sup>c</sup>	Desired monensin concentration, g/ton in Component Feed		
		50	200	400
		lb of Type B (as-fed) needed per ton of component feed		
5.51	500	200.00	800.00	1600.00
18.74	1700	58.82	235.29	470.59
44.10	4000	25.00	100.00	200.00
88.20	8000	12.50	50.00	100.00

<sup>a</sup> Amount of Type B (as-fed basis) needed to produce the component portion of the ration with desired level of monensin is as follows: (Desired level of monensin in component, g/ton / g/ton of monensin in Type B) X 2000

Example Top Dress: Desire 50 g/ton monensin in component, & Type B contains 500 g/ton of monensin.

Example Solution:  $(50 \text{ g/ton} / 500 \text{ g/ton monensin in Type B}) \times 2000 = 200 \text{ lb of Type B needed per ton of Top Dress}$

<sup>b</sup> (Desired concentration of monensin in Type B feed, g/ton) / 90.7 g/lb.

Example:  $500 \text{ g/ton} / 90.7 \text{ g/lb} = 5.51 \text{ lb Rumensin 90 per ton of Type B}$

<sup>c</sup> It is recommended that Type B feeds containing more than 1440 g/ton be further diluted before mixing into Top Dress. An example of further dilution would be a ratio of 1:10 of Type B Medicated Feed: Unmedicated Feed.

**User Safety Warnings:**

Not for use in humans. Keep out of reach of children. When mixing and handling Rumensin 90, use protective clothing, impervious gloves and a dust mask. Operators should wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. If accidental eye contact occurs, immediately rinse with water.

**To report adverse effects, access medical information, or obtain additional product information, call 1-800-428-4441.**

**Store at or below 25°C (77°F). Excursions permitted to 37°C (99°F). Not to be used after date printed at top of bag.**

**Restricted Drug (California) - Use Only as Directed**

**Approved by FDA under NADA # 095-735.**

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Manufactured for:

**Elanco US, Inc., Greenfield, IN 46140, USA**

Net Weight:		
<b>25 kg (55.12 lbs)</b>	AF1825	BG103077A
<b>600 kg (1322.77 lbs)</b>	AF1825	YL103078A
<b>900 kg (1984.16 lbs)</b>	AF1825	YL103340A

CPN: 1131076.1