



# fabric

## MAINTENANCE

We recommend vacuuming regularly with a soft upholstery attachment. Dirt combined with body moisture can produce a grimy discolouration to the fabric. Vacuuming will also remove grit that can wear away the fabric.

We recommend using a professional dry cleaning service at least once a year.

Do not place fabric in direct sunlight or near heaters, as this can fade and damage the fabric. Use curtains or blinds to protect your furniture from direct sunlight through windows.

### spills

To clean spills, immediately dab with absorbent paper or a white, non-abrasive cloth, and then remove the stain. Wash only using colourless, mild soapsuds (no detergent).

### pilling

Temporary pilling can happen with some fabrics. This is not considered a fault, and can be removed with a pill removal machine. Pilling is a characteristic of many upholstered fabrics, and is a result of excess fibre coming off the surface of the material. The release of excess fibre results in small balls or 'pills' forming on the surface of the material. This condition is not covered under warranty by the fabric mills, as it is not a defect. It is simply excess material being released.

The pilling will persist until the excess fibre is gone, and then it will cease. To remove the pills, use a pill removal machine or a battery-operated shaver to lightly shave the fabric and restore the look of the surface. This may need to be done 3 to 4 times, but pilling on the surface will begin to diminish, and ultimately stop over time.