

Inverter Control All-in-one Machine

TW-AO-MB51300-AC380V-10KW-EU TW-AO-MB51400-AC380V-10KW-EU

Long life and safety

Vertical industry integration ensures more than 6000 cycles with 80% DOD

Easy to install and use

Integrated inverter design, easy to use and quick to install.small size, minimizing installation time and cost compact and stylish design suitable for your sweet home environment

Multiple working modes

The inverter has a variety of working modes. Whether it is used for main power supply in the area without electricity or backup power supply in the area with unstable power to deal with sudden power failure, the system can respond flexibly.

Fast and flexible charging

A variety of charging methods, which can be charged with photovoltaic or commercial power, or both at the same time.

Scalability

Supports 2 output modes of 220V or 380V to meet different needs of users



Application scenario > >>







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1. Instruction

1.1 How to use this manual

- This manual contains important information guidelines operation and maintenance for the following products: TW-AO-MB51300-AC380V-10KW-EU, TW-AO-MB51400-AC380V-10KW-EU
- The manual must be followed during installation and maintenance.

1.2 Symbols in this manual

Symbol	Description
▲ DANGER	DANGER indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided will result in death or serious injury.
▲ WARNING	WARING indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided could result in death or serious injury.
A CAUTION	CAUTION indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided could result in minor or moderate injury.
• NOTICE	NOTICE provide some tips on operation of products.

1.3 Safety instructions

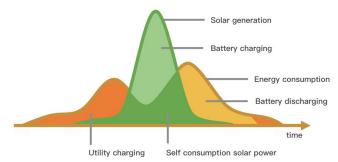
A DANGER

- This chapter contains important safety instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.
- Be sure to comply the local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- Beware of high voltage. Please turn off the switch of each power sources before and during the installation to avoid electric shock.
- For optimum operation of this product, please follow required specification to select appropriate cable size and necessary protective device.
- Do not connect or disconnect any connections when the inverter is working.
- Do not open the terminal cover when the inverter working.
- Make sure the inverter is well grounding.
- Never cause AC output and DC input short circuited.
- Do not disassembly this unit, for all repair and maintenance, please take it to the professional service center.
- Never charge a frozen battery.
- Please keep children away from touching or mishandling the inverter.
- Please make sure that this inverter is the only input power source for the load, do not use it in parallel with other input AC power sources to avoid damage.



2. Production Instructions

2.1 Instructions



2.2 Features

- Supports lead-acid battery and li-ion battery connections.
- With a dual activation function when the li-ion battery is dormant; either mains or photovoltaic power supply access can trigger the activation of the li-ion battery.
- Support three-phase pure sine wave output (350~415V).
- Supports phase voltage adjustment in the range of 200, 208, 220, 230, 240Vac.
- Supports two PV inputs, with the function of simultaneously tracking the maximum power charging or carrying capacity of two MPPT.
- Dual MPPT, efficiency up to 99.9%, single maximum current of 22A, perfectly adapted to highpower modules.
- 4 charging modes are available: solar only, mains priority, solar priority, and mixed mains and PV charging.
- With time-slot charging and discharging setting function, it helps users to take advantage of peak and valley tariffs and save electricity costs.
- Energy-saving mode function to reduce no-load energy losses.
- With two output modes of utility bypass and inverter output, with uninterrupted power supply function.
- LCD large screen dynamic flow diagram design, easy to understand the system data and operation status.
- 360° protection with complete short-circuit protection, over-current protection, over-voltage protection, under-voltage protection, over-load protection, etc.
- Support CAN, USB, and RS485 communication.

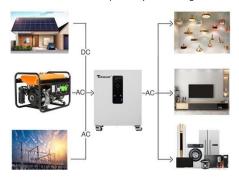


2.3 System connection diagram

The diagram below shows the system application scenario of this product. A complete system consists of the following components:

- PV modules: converts light energy into DC energy, which can be used to charge the battery via an inverter or directly inverted into AC power to supply the load.
- Utility grid or generator: connected to the AC input, it can supply the load and charge the
 battery at the same time. The system can also operate generally without the mains or
 generator when the battery and the PV module power the load.
- 3. Battery: The role of the battery is to ensure the regular power supply of the system load when the solar energy is insufficient and there is no mains power.
- Home load: Various household and office loads can be connected, including refrigerators, lamps, televisions, fans, air conditioners, and other AC loads.
- 5. Inverter: The energy conversion device of the whole system.

The actual application scenario determines the specific system wiring method.



2.4 Production Overview





3. Inspections before Installation

3.1 Inspection of outer package

Before opening outer package of the all-in-one machine, check if there is any visible damage on the outer package, such as holes, cracks or other signs of possible internal damage, and check the type of all-in-one machine. If there is any abnormality on the package or model of the all-in-one machine is inconsistent, do not open it and contact us as soon as possible.

3.2 Inspection of deliverables

After opening outer package of the all-in-one machine, check if the deliverable is complete and whether there is any visible external damage. If any items are missing or damaged, please contact us.

No.	Picture	Item	Quantity	Specification
1	Toward Control of the	All-in-one machine	1	
2		Wiring ring	2	SC70-10/cold-pressed terminal head thickened wire terminal
3		AC plug	2	Connect AC power
4		Photovoltaic connectors	2	Solar panel connecting wire terminal
5	200	Disassembly and assembly tools for solar panel connectors	1	
6		Product Manual	1	



3.3 Preparation of Tools and Meters

Types	Tools and meters			
			£	
Installation tool	3	ST.		
		4		
Personal protective	**			
equipment	E. H.			

4. Installation

4.1 Select the mount location

TW-AO series are designed for INDOOR USE ONLY (IP20). Please consider the followings before selecting the location.

- Adequate heat dissipation space must be provided for the product.
- The ambient temperature should be between-10 $^{\circ}55$ $^{\circ}$ (14 $^{\circ}131$ $^{\circ}F$) to ensure optimal operation.

A DANGER

- Do not install the inverter where highly flammable materials are near by.
- Do not install the inverter in potential explosive areas.
- Do not install the inverter with lead-acid batteries in a confined space.

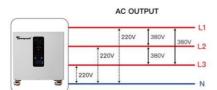
A CAUTION

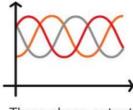
- Do not install the inverter in direct sunlight.
- Do not install or use the inverter in a humid environment.



5. Connection

5.1 Three-phase output





Three phase output

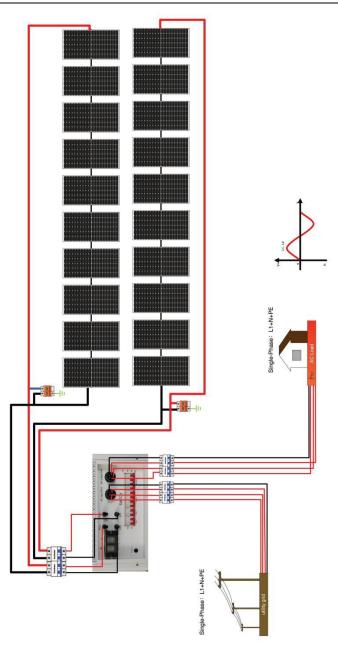
Items	Description		
Applicable Model	TW-AO-MB51400-380VAC-10KW	TW-AO-MB51300-380VAC-10KW	
Output Voltage Range (L-N)	200~240Vac,	230Vac defa	

Notice:

Users can change the output phase mode and output voltage by setup menu. Please read the chapter 6.1.2 Setting.

The output voltage corresponds to item [38] of the parameter setting, and the output phase voltage can be set within the range of 200V to 240V.







5.2 Cable & circuit breaker requirement

PVINPUT

Models	Cable Diameter	Max. PV Input Current	Circuit Breaker Spec
TW-AO-MB51300/400-AC380V-10KW	5mm²/10AWG	22A	2P-25A

AC INPUT

Models	Output mode	Max. Input Current	Cable diameter	Circuit Breaker Spec
TW-AO-MB51300/400-AC380V-10KW	Three-phase	29A	7mm²/8AWG(L1/L2/L3/N)	4P-40A

BATTERY

Models	dels Cable Diameter Maximum charge current		Circuit Breaker Spec
TW-AO-MB5300/1400-AC380V-10KW	42mm²/1AWG	220A	2P-250A

AC OUTPUT

Models	Output mode	Max. Input Current	Cable diameter	Circuit Breaker
TW-AO-MB51300/400-AC380V-10KW	Three-phase	14.5A	7mm²/8AWG(L1/L2/L3/N)	2P-63A

• NOTICE

AC INPUT、AC OUTPUT

Connect the marked L1 L2 L3 N PE according to the recommended wire diameter in 5.2, and then plug the 5-hole AC plug into the AC socket on the all-in-one machine



PV INPUT、PV OUTPUT

Connect the appropriate wire according to the recommended wire diameter in 5.2



- BATTERY
- 1. Use a stripper to remove the 6~8mm insulation of the cable.
- 2. Fixing cable lugs that supply with the box at the end of the cable.



The wire diameter is for reference only. If the distance between the PV array and the inverter or between the inverter and the battery is long, using a thicker wire will reduce the voltage drop and improve the performance of the system.

5.3 AC input & output connection



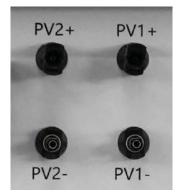
Connect the live, neutral and ground wires according to the cables' position and order shown in the diagram below.



▲ DANGER

- Before connecting AC inputs and outputs, the circuit breaker must beopened to avoid the risk
 of electric shock and must not be operated with electricity.
- Please check that the cable used is sufficient for the requirements, too thin, poor quality cables are a serious safety hazard.

5.4 PV connection



Connect the positive and negative wires of the two strings of PV according to the diagram below.

▲ DANGER

 Before connecting PV, the circuit breaker must be opened to avoid the risk of electric shock and must not be operated with electricity.

Please make sure that the open circuit voltage of the PV modules in series does not exceed the Max. Open Circuit Voltage of the product (this value is 500V), otherwise the inverter maybe damaged.

5.5 Dry contact connection

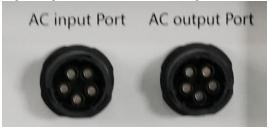
Use a small screwdriver to push back the direction indicated by the arrow, then insert the communication cable into the dry junction port. (Communication cable diameter 0.2~1.5mm²)





5.6 Grounding connection

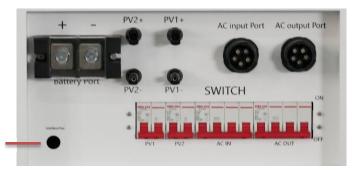
Please make sure the grounding terminal connect to the Grounding Bar.



• NOTICE

The grounding cable should have a diameter of not less than 4 mm² and be as close as possible
to the grounding point.

5.7 Active Equilibrium Function (Optional)



Active Balance Power

qualification	Data specification
Balance current	0.5~1A
Balance mode	Active equilibrium
Balance on condition	Reach the user-defined opening voltage and differential pressure Minimum voltage of single unit ≥ 3.2V (factory default) and equalizing opening differential pressure: ≥50mV (factory default)
Balance closing condition	Closing voltage and differential pressure reaching the user-defined setting Minimum voltage of single unit < 3.2V (factory default) and equalizing differential pressure: < 50mV (factory default)
Working power consumption	<11mA
Sleep current	300uA
working temperature	-20℃~60℃
Data Monitoring	Bluetooth APP



5.8 Final assembly

After ensuring that the wiring is reliable and the wire sequence is correct, install the terminal protection cover in place.

5.9 Start up the inverter

- Step 1: Press the switch on the bottom of inverter, close the circuit breaker of the battery.
- Step 2: Press the switch on the bottom of inverter, the screen and indicators light up to indicate that the inverter has been activated.
- Step 3: Sequential close of the circuit breakers for PV, AC input and AC output.
- Step 4: Start the loads one by one in order of power from small to large.

6. Operation

6.1 Operation and display panel

6.1.1 Battery display



Button Description:

MENU: enter the management system.

ENTER: enter the submenu.

DOWN: moves the cursor down or to the

next page.

ESC: returns to the previous one



Battery protection status:

Overvoltage: OV Low voltage: LV

Overtemperature: OTt Low temperature: IT Over current: OC Short circuit: SC

Note: when the battery is protected, the

corresponding protection status will be displayed; otherwise, the protection status will not be



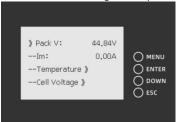
Press "MENU" to enter the main menu

Note:"» "indicates that there is a submenu. Press "enter" to enter the submenu



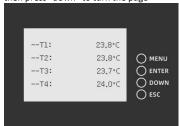
Analog Info	>>
BMS Status	>>
Para Setting	>>
Sys Setting	>>

Move the cursor to Analog info and press enter



Pack V	
Im	
Temperature	»
Cell Voltage	»
CellCapacity	»

Move the cursor to "temperature" and press "enter" to check the battery temperature information, then press "down" to turn the page



T1	xx°C
T2	xx°C
Т3	xx°C
T4	xx°C
PCB-T	xx°C
ENV-T	xx°C

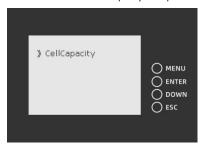
Move the cursor to "cell voltage" and press "enter" to check the battery voltage information, then press "down" to turn the page

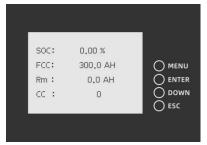


Cell 01	xxxxmV
Cell 02	xxxxmV
Cell 03	xxxxmV
Cell 04	xxxxmV



Move the cursor to "CellCapacity" and press Enter to check the battery capacity information





SOC	Х%
FCC	ХАН
Rm	ХАН
СС	0

Move the cursor to "BMS Status", press Enter to check the battery status, and press "▼" to turn the page



Status	
Record	»
BMS Status	»

Move the cursor to "Record", then press "Enter" to check the battery alarm information, then press "DOWN" to turn the page.



SCP	
0/UTP	
ОСР	
UVP	
OVP	

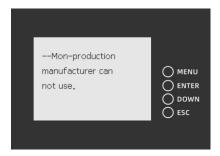


Move the cursor to "BMS Status", then press "Enter" to check the battery protection information, and then press "DOWN" to turn the page.



UV	Y/N
UVP	Y/N
ОС	Y/N
ОСР	Y/N
ОТ	Y/N
ОТР	Y/N
OV	Y/N
OVP	Y/N
SCP	Y/N
Failure	Y/N

Move the cursor to "Para Setting and press" Enter to check the gyroscope information, then press " ∇ " to turn the page.



Move the cursor to "Sys Setting", then press Enter to check the version information, and then press " ∇ " to turn the page.





6.1.2 Inverter display

The INVENTER DISPLAY

The operation and display panel is as shown below, including 1 LCD screen, 3 indicators and 4 operation buttons.



• Operation buttons introduction

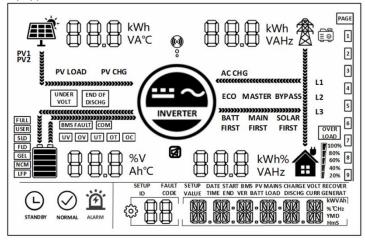
·	Duccons micro	duction	
	Function buttons	Description	
	SET	To enter/exit the setting menu	
	UP	To next selection	
	DOWN	To last selection	
	ENT	To confirm/enter the selection in setting menu	

LED Indicators

Indi	cators	Colors	Description	
۸,	C/INV Green		Continued: utility grid by-pass output	
AC/IIV Green		Green	Flash: inverter output	
CII	CHARCE Valley		Continued: charging complete	
CHARGE Yellow		renow	Flash: charging	
FA	ULT	Red	Flash: error occur	



Display panel



Icons	Icons Functions Icons		Functions	
	Indicates the PV panel	Indicates the utility grid		
Indicates the battery		Indicates the generator		
MERTER	Indicates the inverter is working		Indicates the home load	
©	Indicates the inverter is communicating with data collector		Indicates the buzzer muted	
>>	***********	Indicates the	direction of energy flow	
STANDBY	Indicates the inverter is standby	NORMAL	Indicates the inverter is working normally	
ALARM	Indicates error occur	£	Indicates setting	
V V V	Indicates load power 80%~100%		Indicates battery SOC 80%~100%	



V V	Indicates load power 60%~79%		Indicates battery SOC 60%~79%	
V V	Indicates load power 40%~59%		Indicates battery SOC 40%~59%	
1	Indicates load power 20%~39%		Indicates battery SOC 20%~39%	
	Indicates load power 5%~19%		Indicates battery SOC 5%~19%	
UNDER VOLT	Indicates battery under- voltage	END OF DISCHG	Indicates battery discharge	
OVER LOAD	Indicates over-load	BMS FAULT	Indicates BMS fault	
COM	OM Indicates system communication error		Indicates system under-voltage	
OV	Indicates system over- voltage	UT	Indicates system under- temperature	
FULL	Indicates battery is full	OC	Indicates system over-current	
SLD	Indicates sealed lead-acid battery	USER	Indicates user defined battery	
GEL	Indicates gel lead-acid battery	FLD	Indicates flooded lead-acid battery	
LFP	Indicates LFP li-ion battery	ECO	Indicates energy-saving mode	
PV LOAD	Indicates PV energy is carrying the load	PV CHG	Indicates PV energy is charging the battery	
AC CHG	Indicates ACIN energy is charging the battery	MAIN FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is mains power first	
BYPASS	Indicates the inverter output mode is bypass	SOLAR FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is solar first	
BATT FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is battery first			

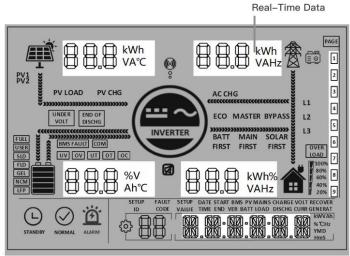


View real-time data

In the main screen, press the UP/DOWN keys to view the real-time data of the inverter during operation.



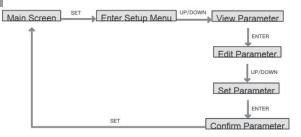


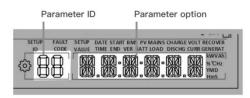


Page	PV side	BAT side	AC IN side	LOAD side	General
1	PV voltage	Batt Voltage	AC in voltage	Single phase voltage	Current Time
2	PV current	Batt Current	AC in current	Single phase Current	Current Date
3	PV power	Batt Voltage	Total AC charging power	Single phase active power	PV Total kWh
4	PV today kWh sink	Batt Current	Today AC charging kWh	Single phase apparent power	Load Total kWh
5	PV side heat temperature	INV Heat Sink Temperature	AC frequency	AC output frequency	RS485 Address
6	PV rated voltage	Batt Rated Voltage	Busbar voltage	AC output rated power	Software Version
7	Max. PV charging current	Max. Batt charging current	Max. AC charging Current	Total AC output active power	/
8			/	Total AC output apparent power	/



• Setting • NOTICE





ID	Parameter Meaning	Options	Description		
00	Exit	ESC	Exit the setup menu.		
	AC output source priority	UTI default	Utility Priority. Utility power is given priority to the loads, the battery inverts to provide power to the load only when utility power is unavailable.		
01		SBU	Prioritises the use of PV to power the load and switches back to the mains to power the load only when the battery voltage is lower than the set value in parameter item [4] (when connected to the BMS, according to item [61]). When the battery voltage is higher than the value set in parameter [5] (when connected to the BMS, according to item [62]), it switches back to the PV from the mains to supply the load.		
		SOL	PV priority. Switching to mains to power the load when PV is not effective or when the battery is below the setting of parameter item [4].		
	AC output frequency	50.0 default	In mains mode the AC output frequency will adapt to		
02		60.0	the mains frequency, otherwise the output will follow the preset values.		
04	Voltage point of battery switch to utility	43.6 default	When parameter [01]= SBU/SOL, output source will switch to utility from battery when the battery voltage below the preset value. Setting range:40~52V.		
05	Voltage point of utility switch to battery	56.8 default	When parameter [01]=SBU/SOL, output source will switch to battery from utility when the battery voltage above the preset value. Range:48~60V.		
06	Battery charging mode	SNU default	Solar and utility charging the battery at the same time, solar at the first priority, utility power as a supplement when solar power is not sufficient. When solar power		



			is sufficient, the utility stops charging.			
			Note: The PV and mains can only be charged at the same time when the mains bypass output is loaded.			
			7, ,			
			When the inverter is operating, only PV charging can be initiated, not utility charging.			
	CUB		Utility is the first priority in charging, PV charging the battery only when utility is not available.			
			PV is the first priority in charging, utility charging the			
		CSO	battery only when solar power is not sufficient.			
		OSO	PV charging only, no utility charging.			
07	Battery charging current	120A default	Setting range 0~220A			
		USER	User-defined, user can set all battery parameter			
		SLd	Sealed lead-acid battery.			
		FLd	Flooded lead-acid battery.			
08	Battery type	GEL default	Gel lead-acid battery.			
		L14/ L15/ L16	LFP li-ion battery, 14\15\16 corresponds battery cells			
		114/ 115/ 116	number in series.			
		N13/ N14	Ternary li-ion battery.			
00	Battery bulk charging	F7 C defends	Setting range 48V~58.4V, step 0.4V, valid when battery			
09	voltage	57.6 default	type is custom and lithium battery.			
11	Battery float charging	55 2 defeeds	Setting range 48V~58.4V, step 0.4V, this parameter can			
11	voltage	55.2 default	not be set after the BMS communication is successful.			
			When the battery voltage is lower than the judgement			
	Bathaman diadana		point, and triggers the parameter [13], the inverter			
12	Battery over- discharge voltage (delay off)	42 default	output is switched off, the setting range is 40V~48V,			
			the step is 0.4V, valid when battery type is custom and			
			lithium battery.			
			The battery voltage is lower than parameter [12], and			
	B-th-market disable and		the inverter output is switched off after triggering the			
13	Battery over- discharge	5 default	delay time set in this parameter, the setting range is			
	voltage delay time		5S~50S, the step is 5S, valid when battery type is			
			custom and lithium battery.			
			When the battery voltage is lower than this judgement			
	Dottom:d-::lt-		point, the device will under-voltage alarm, the output			
14	Battery under- voltage alarm	44 default	will not be switched off, the setting range is 40V~52V,			
			the step is 0.4V, valid when battery type is custom and			
			lithium battery.			
			When the battery voltage is lower than the value of			
1	Battery under-voltage	40 4. 6 4.	this parameter item, the output will be switched off			
15	limit voltage	40 default	immediately. Setting range 40V~52V, step 0.4V, valid			
			when battery type is custom and lithium battery.			
	Dottom convolination	DIS	Disable equalization charging.			
16	Battery equalization	ENIA defende	Enable equalization charging, parameter can be set			
1	charging	ENA default	only when battery type is FLd\SLd\USER.			
	Dattanu anualinati		Setting range: 48V~58V, increment of each click is			
17	Battery equalization	58	0.4V, parameter can be set only when battery type is			
1	charging voltage		FLd\SLd\USER.			
	D-44		Setting range: 5min~900min, increment of each click is			
18	Battery equalization	120	5min, parameter can be set only when battery type is			
	charging duration		FLd\SLd\USER.			
19	Battery equalization	120	Setting range: 5min~900min, increment of each click is			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					



	charging delay time		5min, parameter can be set only when battery type is				
	charging acidy time		FLd\SLd\USER.				
			Setting range: 0~30days, increment of each click is				
20	Battery equalization	30	1day, parameter can be set only when battery type is				
	charging interval		FLd\SLd\USER.				
	Battery equalization	DIS default	Start equalization charging immediately.				
21	charging stop-start	ENA	Stop equalization charging immediately.				
		DIS default	Disable power saving mode.				
			Enable energy-saving mode, when the load power is				
22	Power saving mode		less than 25W, the output of the inverter will switch off				
	3 2 2 3	ENA	after a 5-minute delay. When the load exceeds 25W,				
			the inverter will restart automatically.				
			Disable overload automatic restart, if an overload				
		DIS	occurs to shut down the output, the machine will not				
			be restored to power on again.				
23	Over-load restart		Enable overload automatic restart. If an overload				
		ENIA defenda	occurs that shuts down the output, the machine delays				
		ENA default	for 3 minutes before restarting the output. After				
			accumulating 5 times, it will not restart again.				
			Disable over-temperature automatic restart, if over-				
	Over-temperature restart	DIS	temperature occurs to switch off the output machine				
24			no longer switch on the output.				
24			Enable over-temperature automatic restart, if over-				
		ENA default	temperature occurs the output is switched off, it will				
			be switched on when the temperature drops.				
25	Buzzer alarm	DIS	Disable buzzer alarm.				
	Buzzei alaiiii	ENA default	Enable buzzer alarm.				
		DIS	Disable reminder when the status of the input power				
26	Power source switching reminder	DIS	source changes.				
20		ENA default	Enable alert when the status of the main input source				
		LIVA deladit	changes.				
		DIS	Disable automatic switching to mains to power the				
27	Inverter overload switch to bypass	D13	load in the event of an inverter overload.				
		ENA default	Automatic switching to mains to power the load in the				
		2.0.0000000	event of an inverter overload.				
28	Max. utility charging	120A	Setting range: 0~120A.				
	current						
30	RS485 address	ID:1	RS485 address setting range: 1~254.				
		SLA default	RS485 PC & Remote Monitoring Protocol.				
32	RS485 communication	BMS	RS485 BMS communication function.				
		CAN	CAN BMS communication function.				
			BMS, the corresponding lithium battery manufacturer				
		brand should be	selected for communication.				
33	BMS communication		PAC=PACE, RDA=RITAR, AOG=ALLGRAND,				
		WOW default	OLT=OLITER, CEF=CFE, XYD=SUNWODA, DAQ=DYNESS,				
			WOW=SRNE, PYL=PYLONTECH, POW=POWMr,				
			UOL=VILION.				
		DIS default	Disable this function.				
	Feed back & hybrid		When parameter [01]=UTI, the solar energy is				
34	output function	MIX LOD	prioritised to charge the battery and any excess energy				
	output function		will be used to power the load. With an anti-backflow				
		İ	function, the PV energy is not feed back into the grid.				



$\overline{}$			and the food arms of the state of			
			When parameter [01]=UTI, the solar energy is given			
		ON GRD	priority charging, and when the load demand is met,			
			the remaining power will be fed back to the grid.			
			When the battery is under-voltage, the battery voltage			
35	Battery under voltage	52	needs to be higher than this setting value in order to			
33	recover point	32	restore the battery inverter AC output, setting range:			
			44V~54.4V.			
	Dette w. f. II we shows		Inverter stops charging when the battery is full.			
37	Battery full recharge	52	Inverter resumes charging when the battery voltage			
	voltage point		below this value. Setting range: 44V~54V.			
38	AC output voltage	230	Setting range: 200/208/220/230/240Vac.			
	·	[SET] The maxim	um battery charging current is limited according to the			
		setting in [07].	,			
	Charging current		aximum battery charging current is limited according to			
39	limiting method (when		value of the BMS.			
	BMS is enabled)		battery charging current is limited by the machine's			
		derating logic.	outletry onarging our eners innited by the machine s			
40	1 st slot start charging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
41	1 st slot end charging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
42	2 nd slot start charging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
43	2 nd slot end charging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
44	3 rd slot start charging					
		00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
45	3 rd slot end charging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
	Time slot charging function	DIS default	Disable this function.			
			When the time slot mains charging / carrying loads			
			function is enabled, the power supply mode will			
			change to SBU and switch to mains charging only			
			during the set charging period or when the battery is			
46		ENA	over-discharged. If the time slot discharging function is			
			enabled at the same time, the system power supply			
			mode will change to UTI, and will only switch to the			
			mains for charging during the set charging period, and			
			switch to the battery inverter power supply during the			
			set discharging period or when the mains is outaged.			
47	1 st slot start discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
48	1 st slot end discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
49	2 nd slot start discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
50	2 nd slot end discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
51	3 rd slot start discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
52	3 rd slot end discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00			
		DIS default	Disable this function.			
			When the time slot battery discharging function is			
	Time slot discharging		enabled, the power supply mode will be switched to			
53	function	ENA	UTI, and the system will switch to battery inverter			
			power supply only during the set discharge period or			
			when the mains is outaged.			
_			YY/MM/DD.			
54	Local date	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:01:01-99:12:31			
55	Local time	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:59			
33	Leakage current	DIS default	Disable detecting Leakage current value.			
56	detection protection	ENA	Enable detecting Leakage current value.			
57	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2				
5/	Stop charging current		Charging stops when the charging current is less than			



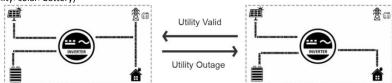
			this setting (unit: A).			
58	Discharging alarm SOC	15	Triggers an alarm when the battery SOC is less than the set value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)			
59	Discharging cutoff SOC	5	Stops discharging when the battery SOC is less than the set value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)			
60	Charging cutoff SOC	100	Stops charging when the battery SOC is higher than the set value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)			
61	Switching to utility SOC	10	Switch to utility power when the battery SOC is less than this setting value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)			
62	Switching to inverter SOC	100	Switches to inverter output mode when SOC is higher than this setting value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)			
63	N-PE bonding automatic	DIS default	Disable automatic switching of N-PE connections.			
03	switching function	ENA	Enable automatic switching of N-PE connections.			
67	On grid max power	0 default	you can set the max on-grid power(less than the inverter rated power)			
70	Insulation impedance	DIS default	Disable detecting insulation impedance value.			
/0	detection	ENA	Enable detecting insulation impedance value.			
71	PV power priority	First to load	PV energy is prioritized to supply the load; PV power supply logic: Load-Grid-battery chgarge			
,,	FV power priority	First to charge default	PV energy is prioritized to charge the battery;PV power supply logic: Battery chgarge-Load-Grid			

6.2 AC output mode

The AC output mode corresponds to parameter setting item 01 and 34, which allows the user to set the AC output power source manually.

Utility Priority Output 01 UTI (default)

Utility at first priority, utility and solar provide power to load at the same time when solar is available, battery will provide power to load only when utility power is not available.(Priority: utility>solar>battery)



Solar and Utility Hybrid Output 34 MIX LOD

In UTI mode, when not connected to the battery or when the battery is full, the solar and the utility supply power to the load at the same time.(Priority: solar>utility>battery)





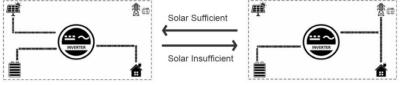


Battery disconnected

Battery Full

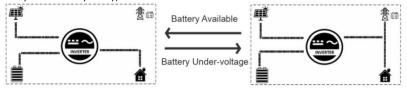
Solar Priority Output 01 SOL

Solar provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar is not available, the utility will be used as a supplement to provide power to the loads. This mode maximises solar energy while maintaining battery power and is suitable for areas with relatively stable power grids. (Priority: solar>utility>battery)



Inverter Priority Output 01 SBU

Solar provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar is not sufficient or not available, the battery will be used as a supplement to provide power to the loads. When the battery voltage reaches the value of parameter 04 (Voltage point of battery switch to utility) will switch to utility to provide power to the load, This model makes maximum use of DC energy and is used in areas where the grid is stable. (Priority: solar>battery>utility)

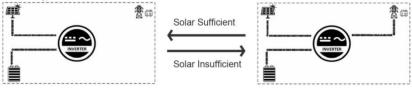


6.3 Battery charging mode

The charging mode corresponds to parameter setting item 06, which allows the user to set the charging mode manually.

Hybrid Charging SNU(default)

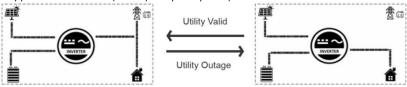
Solar and utility charging the battery at the same time, solar at the first priority, utility power as a supplement when solar power is not sufficient. This is the fastest way to charge and is suitable for areas with low power supply, providing customers with sufficient back-up power. (Source priority: solar>utility)





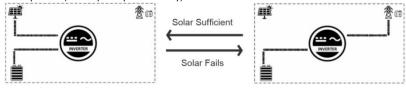
Utility Priority Charging CUB

The utility power gives priority to charging the battery, and PV charging is only activated when the utility power is not available.(Source priority: utility>solar)



Solar Priority Charging CSO

Solar priority charging, with utility charging only activated when the solar fails. By making full use of solar power during the day and switching to utility charging at night, battery power can be maintained and is suitable for applications in areas where the grid is relatively stable and electricity prices are more expensive. (Source priority: solar>utility)



Only Solar Charging OSO

Solar charging only, no mains charging is activated. This is the most energy-efficient method, with all the battery power coming from solar energy, and is usually used in areas with good radiation conditions.



6.4 Time-slot charging/discharging function

The TW-AO-MB51400-380VAC-10KW-EU/TW-AO-MB51300-380VAC-10KW-EU series is equipped with a time-slot charging and discharging function, which allows users to set different charging and discharging periods according to the local peak and valley tariffs, so that the utility power and PV energy can be used rationally.

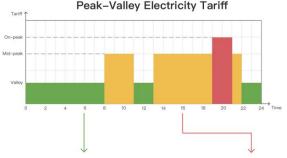
When mains electricity is expensive, the battery inverter is used to carry the load; when the mains electricity is cheap, the mains electricity is used to carry the load and charge, which can help customers to save electricity costs to the greatest extent.

The user can turn on/off the time-slot charging/discharging function in setup menu parameter 46 and 53.and set charging and discharging slot in parameter 40-45, 47-52. Below are examples for users to understand the function.



• NOTICE

Before using this function for the first time, please set the local time in parameter items 54, 55, then the user can set the corresponding time slot according to the local peak and valley tariff charges.



Time-slot Utility Charging/Carrying Function

Time-slot Battery Disacharging Function



With 3 definable periods, the user can freely set the mains charging/carrying time within the range of 00:00 to 23:59. During the time period set by the user, if PV energy is available, PV energy will be used first, and if PV energy is not available or insufficient, utility energy will be used as a supplement.



With 3 definable time periods, users can freely set the battery discharge time within the range of 00:00 to 23:59. During the time period set by the user, the inverter will give priority to the battery inverter to carry the load, and if the battery power is insufficient, the inverter will automatically switch to mains power to ensure stable operation of the load.

6.5 Battery parameter

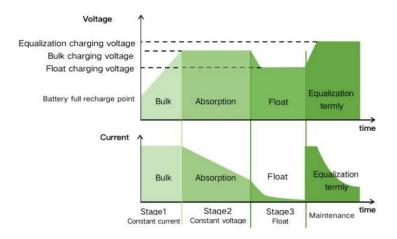
Li-ion battery

Parameter/Battery type		User- defined		
	L16	L15	L14	USER
Over-voltage cut-off voltage	60V	60V	60V	60v
Equalization charging				40~60V
voltage	-	-	-	settable
Bulk charging voltage	56.8V	53.2V	49.2V	40~60V
Bulk Charging Voltage				settable
Float charging voltage	56.8V	53.2V	49.2V	40~60V
Float charging voltage	30.67	J3.2V	49.20	settable
Under-voltage alarm	tage alarm 49.6V	46.4V	43.2V	40~60V
voltage	49.00	40.41	43.20	settable
Under-voltage cut-off	48.8V	45.6V	42V	40~60V
voltage	40.01	45.00	42 V	settable



Discharging limit voltage	46.4V	43.6V	40.8V	40~60V
Discharging little voltage	40.47	43.00	40.60	settable
Over-discharge delay time	30s	30s	30s	1~30s
Over-discharge delay time	308	308	303	settable
Equalization charging				0~600min
duration	-	-	-	settable
Equalization charging				0~250d
interval	-	-	-	settable
Bulk charging duration	120min settable	120min settable	120min settable	10~600min
Bulk charging duration	120mm Settable	120mm Settable	120mm Settable	settable

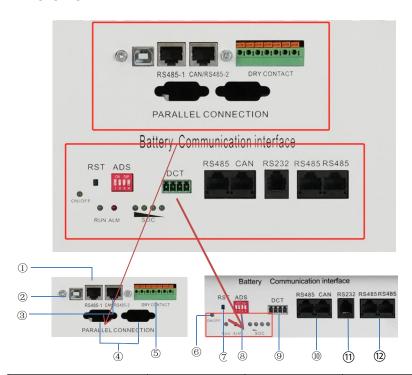
• NOTICE





7. Communication

7.1 Overview



Inverter Communication	①RS485-1 port	②USB-B port	③CAN/RS485-2 port
interface	④ Parallel cor (reserved port, this model does	⑤Dry contact port	
	⑥LED Indicator	⑦RST	®ADS
Battery Communication interface	9DCT	①RS485/CAN (connect to inventer)	①11RS232
	(2) RS485/RS485 (connect to computer)		



7.2 Inverter Communication Interface

7.2.1 RS485-1 Port

The RS485-1 port is used to connect to the Wi-Fi/GPRS data acquisition module, which allows the user to view the operating status and parameters of the inverter via the mobile phone APP.

• NOTICE

The Wi-Fi/GPRS data acquisition module need to be purchased separately. User can scan the QR code to download the mobile APP. SU













RJ45	Definition
11040	Deminion
Pin 1	5V
Pin 2	GND
Pin 3	/
Pin 4	/
Pin 5	/
Pin 6	/
Pin 7	RS485-A
Pin 8	RS485-B

7.2.2 USB-B Port





USB typeB

Users can use the host computer software to read and modify the device parameters through this port. If you need the installation package of the host computer software, you can download it from the official website of SRNE or contact us to get the installation package.



7.2.3 CAN/RS485-2 Port

The RS485-2 port is used to connect to the BMS of Li ion battery.

• NOTICE

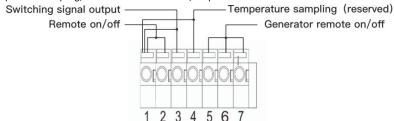
If you use a normal RJ45 network cable, please check the pin assignment, pin 1 & pin 2 usually need to be cut off for normal use.



RJ45	Definition		
Pin 1	5V		
Pin 2	GND		
Pin 3	/		
Pin 4	CANH		
Pin 5	CANL		
Pin 6	/		
Pin 7	RS485-A		
Pin 8	RS485-B		

7.2.4 Dry contact

Dry contact port with 4 functions: 1. Remote switch on/off; 2. Switching signal output; 3. Battery temperature sampling; 4. Generator remote start/stop



Function	Description				
Remote switch on/off	When pin 1 is connected with pin 2, the inverter will switched off the AC output. When pin1 is disconnected from pin2, the inverter outputs normally.				
Switching signal output	When the voltage of battery reaches the <i>under-voltage limit voltage</i> (parameter IS), pin 3 to pin 1 voltage is 0V, When the battery charging/discharging normally pin 3 to pin 1 voltage is 5V.				
Temperature sampling (reserved)	Pin 1 & Pin 4 can be used for battery temperature sampling compensation.				
Generator remote start/stop	When the voltage of battery reaches the <i>under-voltage alarm voltage</i> (parameter ^{IN}) or <i>voltage point of utility switch to battery</i> (parameter ^{IN}), pin 6 to pin 5 normal open, pin 7 to pin 5 normal close.				
Generator remote start/stop	When the voltage of battery reaches the <i>voltage point of battery switch to utility</i> (parameter 05) or battery is full. pin 6 to pin 5 normal close, pin 7 to pin 5 normal open. (Pin 5/6/7 outputs 125Vac/1A, 230Vac/1A,30Vdc/1A)				

• NOTICE

If you need to use the remote start/stop function of the generator with dry contact, ensure that the generator has ATS and supports remote start/stop.



7.3 Battery Communication Interface

7.3.1 LED Indicator



Four green capacity indicators, a red alarm indicator, a green running indicator and a switch indicator.

7.3.2 SOC capacity indicator

Con	dition	Charge			Discharge				
Capacity indicator lamp		L1	L2	L3	L4	L1	L2	L3	L4
	0~25%	Flash 2	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
power	25~50%	ON	Flash 2	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
(%)	50~75%	ON	ON	Flash 2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF
	75~100~	ON	ON	ON	Flash 2	ON	ON	ON	ON
Running indicator light			ON		Flash 3				



7.3.3 Status indicator

Status	Warning/Normal	ON/ OFF	Run	Alert	LED	Battery L	evel Indic	ator	Explain
	/Protection	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Shut down	Sleep mode	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Light off
a	Normal	ON	Flash 1	OFF	According to the electricity		Standby mode		
Standby	Warning	ON	Flash 1	Flash 3		indic	ation		Module low voltage
	Normal	ON	ON	OFF					The maximum
	Warning	ON	ON	Flash 3	indica	tor (the n	o the pow naximum cator flasi	LED of	power LED flashes (flash 2),and the ALM does not flash during the overshoot.
charge	Overcharge Protection	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	If there is no mains supply, the indicator turns to standby
	Temperature,ov er current,failure, protection	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop charging
	Normal	ON	Flash 3	OFF					
	Warning	ON	Flash 3	Flash 3					
	UVLO	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop charging
discharge	Temperature, over current, short out, reversed polarity ,FAIL- SAFE	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop discharge
Invalid	2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop charging and discharging

LED flashing description

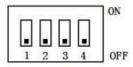
Flashing mode	ON	OFF
Flash 1	0.25s	3.75s
Flash 2	0.5s	0.5S
Flash 3	0.5s	1.5s



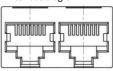
7.3.4 Communication area



- 1. RS232: BMS can communicate with upper computer through RS232 interface, so as to monitor various information of battery, including battery voltage, current, temperature, status and battery production information, etc. the default baud rate is 9600bps.
- 2. RS485: with dual RS485 interface, you can view the information of pack. The default baud rate is 9600bps. If it is necessary to communicate with the monitoring equipment through RS485, the monitoring equipment is used as the host, polling data according to the address, and the address setting range is $1 \sim 15$.
- 3. CAN: CAN communication, baud rate 9600bps.
- 4. DCT: dry contact interface.
- 5. Rst: reset button.
- 6. ADS: dial switch



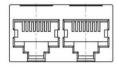
7. Interface diagram



CAN and RS485 interface



Dry contact



Parallel communication port



communication interface

8. Definition of electrical interface

RS232 6P6C vertical RJ11 plug			
RJ11 pin	Definition Description		
2	NC		
3	TX(Single board)		
4	RX(Single board)		
5	GND		



RS485 - 8P8C vertical RJ45 socket		CAN - 8P80	C vertical RJ45 socket
RJ45 pin	Definition Description	RJ45 pin	Definition Description
1、8	RS485-B1	9、10、11、14、 16	NC
2、7	RS485-A1	12	CANL
3、6	GND	13	CANH
4、5	NC	15	GND

Table 1RS485 and CAN Interface

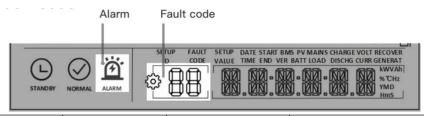
RS485 - 8	BP8C vertical RJ45 socket	RS485 - 8P	BC vertical RJ45 socket
RJ45 pin	Definition Description	RJ45 pin	Definition Description
1、8	RS485-B	9、16	RS485-B
2、7	RS485-A	10、15	RS485-A
3、6	GND	11、14	GND
4、5	NC	12、13	NC

Table 2 Parallel communication port



8. Fault and Remedy

8.1 Fault code



Fault Code	Meaning	Does it Affect the outputs	Instructions
01	BatVoltLow	Yes	Battery under-voltage alarm
02	BatOverCurrSw	Yes	Battery discharge over- current, software protection
03	BatOpen	Yes	Battery disconnected alarm
04	BatLowEod	Yes	Battery under-voltage stop discharging alarm
05	BatOverCurrHw	Yes	Battery over-current hardware protection
06	BatOverVolt	Yes	Battery over-voltage protection
07	BusOverVoltHw	Yes	Busbar over-voltage hardware protection
08	BusOverVoltSw	Yes	Busbar over-voltage software protection
09	PvVoltHigh	Yes	PV input over-voltage protection
10	PvBoostOCSw	No	Boost circuit over-current software protection
11	PvBoostOCHw	No	Boost circuit over-current hardware protection
12	SpiCommErr	Yes	Master-slave chip SPI communication failure
13	OverloadBypass	Yes	Bypass overload protection
14	OverloadInverter	Yes	Inverter overload protection
15	AcOverCurrHw	Yes	Inverter over-current hardware protection
16	AuxDSpReqOffPWM	Yes	Slave chip request switch off failure
17	InvShort	Yes	Inverter short-circuit protection
18	Bussoftfailed	Yes	Inverter busbar soft start failed
19	OverTemperMppt	No	MPPT heat sink over- temperature protection



20	OverTemperInv	Yes	Inverter heat sink over- temperature protection
21	FanFail	Yes	Fan failure
22	EEPROM	Yes	Reservoir failure
23	ModelNumErr	Yes	Wrong model
24	Busdif	Yes	Busbar voltage imbalance
25	BusShort	Yes	Busbar short circuit
26	Rlyshort	Yes	Inverter output back flow to bypass
28	LinePhaseErr	Yes	Utility input phase fault
29	BusVoltLow	Yes	Busbar under-voltage protection
30	BatCapacityLow1	No	Battery SOC below 10% alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
31	BatCapacityLow2	No	Battery SOC below 5% alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
32	BatCapacityLowStop	Yes	Battery dead (Only enable BMS take effect)
56	Low insulation resistance fault	No	PV abnormally low impedance to ground.
57	Leakage current overload fault	Yes	System leakage current exceeds limit.
58	BMSComErr	No	BMS communication failure
59	BMSErr	No	BMS failures occur
60	BMSUnderTem	No	BMS under-temperature alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
61	BMSOverTem	No	BMS over-temperature alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
62	BMSOverCur	No	BMS over-current alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
63	BMSUnderVolt	No	BMS under-voltage alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
64	BMSOverVolt	No	BMS over-voltage alarm(Only enable BMS take effect)

8.2 Troubleshooting

Fault Code	Meaning	Causality	Remedy
/	Screen no display	No power input, or in sleep mode.	Closing the circuit breaker. Ensure the rocker switch is ON. Push any button on the panel to exit sleep mode
01	Battery under- voltage	The battery voltage is lower than the value set in parameter [14].	Charge the battery and wait until the battery voltage is higher than the value set in the parameter item [14].
03	Battery not connected	The battery is not connected, or the BMS in discharge protection	Check whether the battery is reliably connected; check whether the circuit breaker of the battery is not closed; ensure that the BMS of the Li-ion battery can communicate properly.
04	Battery over- discharge	The battery voltage is lower than the value	Manual reset: Power off and restart. Automatic reset: charge the battery so



		set in the parameter	that the battery voltage is higher than the
		[12].	value set in the parameter item [35].
06	Battery over-voltage when charging	Battery is in over- voltage condition.	Manually power off and restart. Check to see if the battery voltage exceeds the limit. If it exceeds, the battery needs to be discharged until the voltage is below the battery's over-voltage recovery point.
13	Bypass over-load (software detection)	Bypass output power or output current overload for a certain period of time.	Reduce the load power and restart the
14	Inverter over- load (software detection)	Inverter output power or output current overload for a certain period of time.	device. Please refer to item 11 of the protection features for more details.
19	Heat sink of PV input over-temperature (software detection)	Heat sink of PV input temperature exceeds 90℃ for 3s.	Resume normal charge and discharge when the temperature of the heat sink
20	Heat sink of inversion over-temperature (software detection)	Heat sink of inversion temperature exceeds 90°C for 3s.	has cooled to below the over-temperature recovery temperature.
21	Fan failure	Fan failure detects by hardware for 3s.	Manually toggle the fan after switching off to check for blockage by foreign objects.
26	AC Input relay short- circuit	Relay for AC input sticking	Manually power off and restart; if the fault reappears after restarting, You need to contact the after-sales service to repair the machine.
28	Utility input phase fault	AC input phase does not coincide with AC output phase	Ensure that the phase of the AC input is the same as the phase of the AC output, e.g. if the output is in split-phase mode, the input must also be in split-phase.

• NOTICE

If you encounter a fault with the product that cannot be solved by the methods in the table above, please contact our after-sales service for technical support and do not disassemble the equipment yourself.

9. Protection and Maintenance

9.1 Protection features

No	Protection Feature	Instruction
1	PV input current/power limiting protection	When the charging current or power of the PV array configured exceeds the PV input rated value, the inverter will limit the input power and charge at the rated.
2	PV input over-voltage	If the PV voltage exceeds the maximum value allowed by the hardware, the machine will report a fault and stop the PV boost to output a sinusoidal AC wave.
3	PV night reverse current protection	At night, the battery is prevented from discharging through the PV module because the battery voltage is greater than the



		voltage of PV module.
4	AC input over-voltage protection	When the AC input voltage of each phase exceeds 140V, the mains charging will be stopped and switched to the inverter mode.
5	AC input under-voltage protection	When the AC input voltage of each phase below 90V, the utility charging will be stopped and switched to the inverter mode.
6	Battery over-voltage protection	When the battery voltage reaches the over-voltage cut-off point, the PV and the utility will automatically stop charging to prevent the battery from being overcharged and damaged.
7	Battery under-voltage protection	When the battery voltage reaches the under-voltage cut-off point, the inverter will automatically stop the battery discharge to prevent damage from over-discharging the battery.
8	Battery over-current protection	After a period when the battery current exceeds that allowed by the hardware, the machine will switch off the output and stop discharging the battery.
9	AC output short-circuit protection	When a short-circuit fault occurs at the load output terminal, the AC output is immediately turned off and turned on after 1 second. If the output load terminal is still short-circuited after 3 attempts, the inverter must be manually restarted after first removing the short-circuit fault from the load before the normal output can be restored.
10	Heat sink over- temperature protection	When the internal temperature of the inverter is too high, the inverter will stop charging and discharging; when the temperature returns to normal, the inverter will resume charging and discharging.
11	Inverter over-load protection	After triggering the overload protection the inverter will resume output after 3 minutes, 5 consecutive overloads will switch off the output until the inverter is restarted. (102% <load< 10s.="" 125%)="" <="" after="" and="" error="" load="" output="" shutdown="" ±10%:=""> 125% ±10%: error reported and output switched off after 5s.</load<>
12	AC output reverse	Prevents AC back flow from the battery inverter to the bypass AC input.
13	Bypass over-current protection	Built-in AC input over-current protection circuit breaker.
14	Bypass phase inconsistency protection	When the phase of the bypass input and the phase of the inverter split do not match, the inverter disables switching to the bypass output to prevent the load from dropping out or short-circuiting when switching to the bypass.

9.2 Maintenance

To maintain optimum and long-lasting working performance, we recommend that the following items are checked twice a year.

- 1. Ensure that the airflow around the product is not blocked and remove any dirt or debris from the radiator.
- 2. Check that all exposed conductors are not damaged by sunlight, friction with other surrounding objects, dry rot, insect or rodent damage, etc. The conductors need to be repaired or replaced if necessary.
- 3. Verify that the indications and displays are consistent with the operation of the equipment, note Add: Building A, Xinlida Industrial Park, Junzibu Village, Guanlan Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong



any faults or incorrect displays and take corrective action if necessary.

- 4. Check all terminals for signs of corrosion, insulation damage, high temperatures or burning/discolouration and tighten terminal screws.
- 5. Check for dirt, nesting insects and corrosion, clean anti insects net as required. 6. If the lightning arrester has failed, replace the failed arrester in time to prevent lightning damage to the inverter or other equipment of the user.

A DANGER

Make sure that the product is disconnected from all power sources and that the capacitors are fully discharged before carrying out any checks or operations to avoid the risk of electric shock.

The Company shall not be liable for damage caused by:

- 1. Damage caused by improper use or use in a wrong location.
- 2. Photovoltaic modules with an open circuit voltage exceeding the maximum permissible voltage.
- 3. Damage caused by the operating temperature exceeding the restricted operating temperature range
- 4. Dismantling and repair of the inverter by unauthorised persons.
- 5. Damage caused by force majeure: damage during transport or handling of the product.

10. Datasheet

MODEL	TW-AO-MB51400-AC380V- 10KW	TW-AO-MB51300-AC380V- 10KW		
BATTERY TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION				
Battery model	TW-MB51400-200A-HWB	TW-MB51300-200A-HWB		
Number of batteries		1		
Battery Energy	20.48kWh	15.36kWh		
Battery Capacity	400AH	300AH		
Weight				
Dimension L× D× H (mm)				
Battery Type	LiFe	PO4		
Battery Rated Voltage	51	.2V		
Battery Working Voltage Range	44.8 ~	~ 57.6V		
Maximum Charging Current	200A			
Maximum Discharging Current	200A			
DOD	80%			
Designed Life-span	>6000 Cycles @ 0.2C/25°C Charging/Discharging at 80%DOD, Until			
	80% Ca	apacity.		
INVERTER TECHNICAL SPECIFIC	ATION			
Inverter model	ASF48	100SH3		
PV CHARGE				
Solar Charge Type	MI	PPT		
Maximum lutput Power	7500W	/7500W		
PV Charging Current Range	22A	+22A		
PV Operating Voltage Range	800Vdc/800Vdc			
MPPT Voltage Range	200-650Vdc			
AC CHARGE				
Frequency Range	50/60Hz			
Input Voltage Range	phase voltage 170~280V, line voltage 305~485V			
Bypass Overload Current	29A			



AC OUTPUT		
Rated Output Power	10000W	
Max. Peak Power	20000W	
Rated Output Voltage	230/400Vac (three-phase)	
Load Capacity of Motors	6HP	
Rated AC Frequency	50/60Hz	
Waveform	Pure Sine Wave	
Switch Time	10ms (typical)	
BATTERY INVERTER OUTPUT		
Rated Output Power	10000W	
Maximum Peak Power	20000W	
Power Factor	1	
Rated Output Voltage (Vac)	230/400Vac (three-phase)	
Frequency	50Hz ± 0.3Hz/60Hz ± 0.3Hz	
Auto Switch Period	<15ms	
THD	<3%	
GENERAL DATA		
Protection Degree	IP20, Indoor Only	
Operating Temperature Range	-15~55℃,>45℃ derated	
Noise	<60dB	
Cooling Method	Internal Fan	
Warranty	2 Years	
COMMUNICATION		
Embedded Interfaces	Rs485 / CAN / USB / Dry contact	
External Modules (Optional)	Wi-Fi / GPRS	
CERTIFICATION	UN38.3,MSDS	



11. Optional function

1. Active equilibrium module

Qualification	Data specification
Balance current	≤5A
Balance mode	Active equilibrium
Balance on condition	Reach the user-defined opening voltage and differential pressure Minimum voltage of single unit ≥ 3.2V (factory default) and equalizing opening differential pressure: ≥50mV (factory default)
Balance closing condition	Closing voltage and differential pressure reaching the user-defined setting Minimum voltage of single unit < 3.2V (factory default) and equalizing differential pressure: < 50mV (factory default)
Working power consumption	<1mA
Sleep current	100uA
working temperature	-20℃~60℃

2. Fire extinguishing equipment



Add: Building A, Xinida Industrial Park, Junzibu Village, Guanlan Stree, Longhua District , Shenzhen, Guangdong

TEL:0755-23225527