

Inverter Control All-in-one Machine

TW-AO-MB51200-10KW Series TW-AO-MB51300-10KW Series TW-AO-MB51400-10KW Series

Long life and safety

Vertical industry integration ensures more than 6000 cycles with 80% DOD

B Easy to install and use

Integrated inverter design, easy to use and quick to install.small size, minimizing installation time and cost compact and stylish design suitable for your sweet home environment

Multiple working modes

The inverter has a variety of working modes. Whether it is used for main power supply in the area without electricity or backup power supply in the area with unstable power to deal with sudden power failure, the system can respond flexibly.

Fast and flexible charging

A variety of charging methods, which can be charged with photovoltaic or commercial power, or both at the same time.

Scalability

3 units can be paralleled for 3-phase output maximum support for 6 until in parallel.



Application scenario > >>







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1. Instruction

1.1 How to use this manual

- This manual contains important information guidelines operation and maintenance for the following products: TW-AO-MB51300-10KW, TW-AO-MB51400-10KW, TW-AO-MB51200-10KW
- The manual must be followed during installation and maintenance.

1.2 Symbols in this manual

Symbol	Description
▲ DANGER	DANGER indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided will result in death or serious injury.
▲ WARNING	WARING indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided could result in death or serious injury.
A CAUTION	CAUTION indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided could result in minor or moderate injury.
• NOTICE	NOTICE provide some tips on operation of products.

1.3 Safety instructions

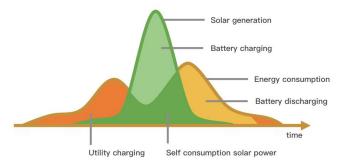
A DANGER

- This chapter contains important safety instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.
- Be sure to comply the local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- Beware of high voltage. Please turn off the switch of each power sources before and during the installation to avoid electric shock.
- For optimum operation of this product, please follow required specification to select appropriate cable size and necessary protective device.
- Do not connect or disconnect any connections when the inverter is working.
- Do not open the terminal cover when the inverter working.
- Make sure the inverter is well grounding.
- Never cause AC output and DC input short circuited.
- Do not disassembly this unit, for all repair and maintenance, please take it to the professional service center.
- Never charge a frozen battery.
- Please keep children away from touching or mishandling the inverter.
- Please make sure that this inverter is the only input power source for the load, do not use it in parallel with other input AC power sources to avoid damage.



2. Production Instructions

2.1 Instructions



2.2 Features

- Using the lithium iron phosphate battery cell technology process, with higher safety, 80% DOD charging and discharging under standard conditions, over 6000 cycles.
- Integrated serial port IC, high voltage accuracy (≤ 20mV), high current accuracy (≤ 2% @ FS).
- Short circuit protection function, adjustable overcurrent protection, multiple sleep and wake-up modes, low power consumption.
- Dual RS485 communication, adjustable parameter settings, buzzer alarm function, LED status indication function, and charging equalization function
- Wide temperature range: -20 °C~60 °C.
- With a dual activation function when the li-ion battery is dormant; either mains/photovoltaic power supply access can trigger the activation of the li-ion battery.
- Support split-phase and single-phase pure sine wave output.
- Supports four different voltage levels of 200\208\220\230\240Vac per phase.
- Supports two solar inputs and simultaneous tracking of two solar maximum power charging/carrying capacity functions.
- Dual MPPT with 99.9% efficiency and maximum 22A current in a single circuit, perfectly adapted to high power modules.
- 4charging modes are available: solar only, mains priority, solar priority, and mixed mains/PV charging.
- With the time-slot charging and discharging setting function, you can set the time period for cutting in/out of mains charging and switch the time period between battery discharging and mains bypass power supply mode.
- Energy saving mode function to reduce no-load energy losses.
- With two output modes of utility bypass and inverter output, with uninterrupted power supply function.
- LCD large screen dynamic flow diagram design, easy to understand the system data and
 operation status.
- 360° protection with complete short circuit protection, over current protection, over under voltage protection, overload protection, backfill protection, etc.
- Support CAN, USB, and RS485 communication.



2.3 System connection diagram

The diagram below shows the system application scenario of this product. A complete system consists of the following components:

- PV modules: converts light energy into DC energy, which can be used to charge the battery via an inverter or directly inverted into AC power to supply the load.
- Utility grid or generator: connected to the AC input, it can supply the load and charge the
 battery at the same time. The system can also operate generally without the mains or
 generator when the battery and the PV module power the load.
- 3. Battery: The role of the battery is to ensure the regular power supply of the system load when the solar energy is insufficient and there is no mains power.
- Home load: Various household and office loads can be connected, including refrigerators, lamps, televisions, fans, air conditioners, and other AC loads.
- 5. Inverter: The energy conversion device of the whole system.

The actual application scenario determines the specific system wiring method.



2.4 Production Overview



Add: Building A, Xinlida Industrial Park, Junzibu Village, Guanlan Street, Longhua District , Shenzhen, Guangdong



3. Inspections before Installation

3.1 Inspection of outer package

Before opening outer package of the all-in-one machine, check if there is any visible damage on the outer package, such as holes, cracks or other signs of possible internal damage, and check the type of all-in-one machine. If there is any abnormality on the package or model of the all-in-one machine is inconsistent, do not open it and contact us as soon as possible.

3.2 Inspection of deliverables

After opening outer package of the all-in-one machine, check if the deliverable is complete and whether there is any visible external damage. If any items are missing or damaged, please contact us

No.	Picture	ernal damage. If any items are missing or damaged, i		Specification
1	Tewaycell	All-in-one machine	1	Specification
2		Inverter parallel communication line	1	Current sharing detection line
3		Inverter parallel communication line	1	Parallel communication line
4		Three hole AC plug	2	Connect AC power
5		Photovoltaic connectors	2	Solar panel connecting wire terminal
6		Disassembly and assembly tools for solar panel connectors	1	
7		Product Manual	1	



3.3 Preparation of Tools and Meters

Types	Tools and meters		
			£
Installation tool		ST.	
		4	
Personal protective	**		
equipment	C. III		

4. Installation

4.1 Select the mount location

TW-AO series are designed for INDOOR USE ONLY (IP20). Please consider the followings before selecting the location.

- Adequate heat dissipation space must be provided for the product.
- The ambient temperature should be between-10 $^{\circ}55^{\circ}C$ (14 $^{\circ}131^{\circ}F$) to ensure optimal operation.

A DANGER

- Do not install the inverter where highly flammable materials are near by.
- Do not install the inverter in potential explosive areas.
- Do not install the inverter with lead-acid batteries in a confined space.

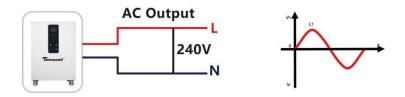
A CAUTION

- Do not install the inverter in direct sunlight.
- Do not install or use the inverter in a humid environment.



5. Connection

5.1 Single-phase output



Items	Description		
Applicable Model	TW-AO-MB51300- 10KW	TW-AO-MB51400- 10KW	TW-AO-MB51200- 10KW
Output Voltage Range (L-N)	200~240Vac, 230Vac default		

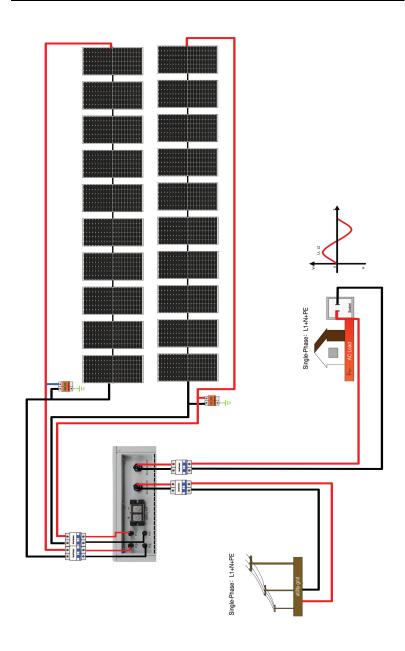
Notice:

Users can change the output phase mode and output voltage by setup menu. Please read the chapter 5.2 Setting.

Output phase mode corresponds parameter 39 , when option is 180 indicates split-phase, when option is 0 indicates single-phase.

Output voltage corresponds parameter 38, the output voltage can be set from 200V to 240V.



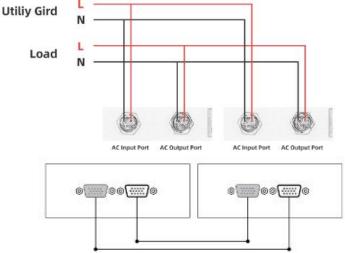




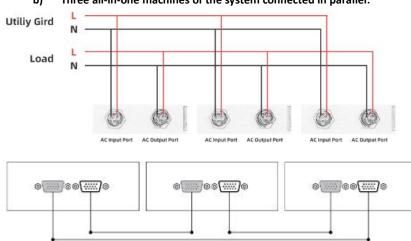
5.2 Schematic diagram of parallel connection in single phase

In case of parallel operation with multiple inverters, the schematic diagram of parallel connection is as follows:

a) Two all-in-one machines of the system connected in parallel:

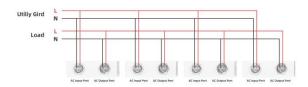


b) Three all-in-one machines of the system connected in parallel:



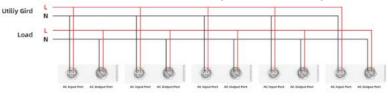


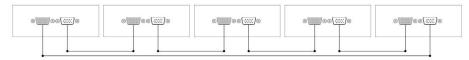
c) Four all-in-one machines of the system connected in parallel:



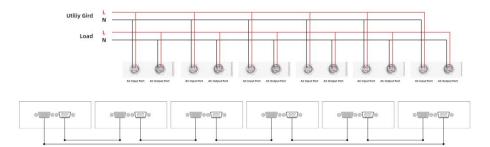


d) Five all-in-one machines of the system connected in parallel:





e) Six all-in-one machines of the system connected in parallel:





5.3 Cable & circuit breaker requirement

PVINPUT

Models	Cable Diameter	Max. PV Input Current	Circuit Breaker Spec
TW-AO-MB51300-10KW	5mm²/10AWG	22A	2P-25A
TW-AO-MB51400-10KW	5mm²/10AWG	22A	2P-25A

AC INPUT

Models	Output mode	Max. Input Current	Cable diameter	Circuit Breaker Spec
TW-AO-MB51300-10KW	Split-phase	63A(L/N)	13mm²/6AWG	2P-63A
TW-AO-MB51400-10KW	Split-phase	63A(L/N)	13mm²/6AWG	2P-63A

BATTERY

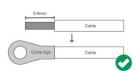
5,11.2.11					
Models	Cable Diameter	Maximum charge current	Circuit Breaker Spec		
TW-AO-MB51300-10KW	42mm²/1AWG	220A	2P-250A		
TW-AO-MB51400-10KW	42mm²/1AWG	220A	2P-250A		

AC OUTPUT

• AC OUTPUT				
Models	Output mode	Max. Input Current	Cable diameter	Circuit Breaker Spec
TW-AO-MB51300-10KW	Split-phase	63A(L/N)	13mm²/6AWG	2P-63A
TW-AO-MB51400-10KW	Split-phase	63A(L/N)	13mm²/6AWG	2P-63A

NOTICE

- PVINPUT、AC INPUT、AC OUTPUT、BATTERY
- 1. Use a stripper to remove the 6~8mm insulation of the cable.
- 2. Fixing cable lugs that supply with the box at the end of the cable.



The wire diameter is for reference only. If the distance between the PV array and the inverter or between the inverter and the battery is long, using a thicker wire will reduce the voltage drop and improve the performance of the system.



5.4 AC input & output connection



Connect the live, neutral and ground wires according to the cables' position and order shown in the diagram below.

A DANGER

- Before connecting AC inputs and outputs, the circuit breaker must be opened to avoid the risk
 of electric shock and must not be operated with electricity.
- Please check that the cable used is sufficient for the requirements, too thin, poor quality cables
 are a serious safety hazard.

5.5 PV connection



Connect the positive and negative wires of the two strings of PV according to the diagram below.

A DANGER

 Before connecting PV, the circuit breaker must be opened to avoid the risk of electric shock and must not be operated with electricity.

Please make sure that the open circuit voltage of the PV modules in series does not exceed the Max. Open Circuit Voltage of the product (this value is 500V), otherwise the inverter maybe damaged.



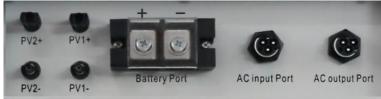
5.6 Dry contact connection

Use a small screwdriver to push back the direction indicated by the arrow, then insert the communication cable into the dry junction port. (Communication cable diameter $0.2^{-1.5}$ mm²)



5.7 Grounding connection

Please make sure the grounding terminal connect to the Grounding Bar.



• NOTICE

 The grounding cable should have a diameter of not less than 4 mm² and be as close as possible to the grounding point.



5.8 Final assembly

After ensuring that the wiring is reliable and the wire sequence is correct, install the terminal protection cover in place.

5.9 Start up the inverter

- Step 1: Press the switch on the bottom of inverter , close the circuit breaker of the battery.
- Step 2: Press the switch on the bottom of inverter, the screen and indicators light up to indicate that the inverter has been activated.
- Step 3: Sequential close of the circuit breakers for PV, AC input and AC output.
- Step 4: Start the loads one by one in order of power from small to large.

6. Operation

6.1 Operation and display panel

6.1.1 Battery display



Button Description:

MENU: enter the management system.

ENTER: enter the submenu.

DOWN: moves the cursor down or to the

next page.

ESC: returns to the previous one



Battery protection status:

Overvoltage: OV Low voltage: LV

Short circuit: SC

Overtemperature: OTt Low temperature: IT Over current: OC

Note: when the battery is protected, the

corresponding protection status will be displayed; otherwise, the protection status will not be



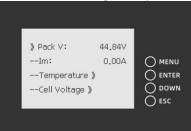
Press "MENU" to enter the main menu

Note:"» "indicates that there is a submenu. Press "enter" to enter the submenu



Analog Info	>>
BMS Status	>>
Para Setting	>>
Sys Setting	>>

Move the cursor to Analog info and press enter



Pack V	
Im	
Temperature	>>
Cell Voltage	>>
CellCapacity	»

Move the cursor to "temperature" and press "enter" to check the battery temperature information, then press "down" to turn the page

T1	xx°C
1.2	XX C
T2	xx°C
Т3	xx℃
T4	xx°C
PCB-T	XX°C
ENV-T	xx°C

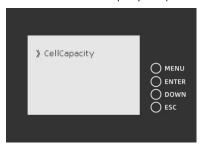
Move the cursor to "cell voltage" and press "enter" to check the battery voltage information, then press "down" to turn the page

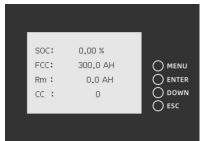


Cell 01	xxxxmV
Cell 02	xxxxmV
Cell 03	xxxxmV
Cell 04	xxxxmV
	,



Move the cursor to "CellCapacity" and press Enter to check the battery capacity information





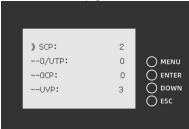
SOC	Х%
FCC	ХАН
Rm	ХАН
СС	0

Move the cursor to "BMS Status", press Enter to check the battery status, and press "▼" to turn the page



Status	
Record	»
BMS Status	»

Move the cursor to "Record", then press "Enter" to check the battery alarm information, then press "DOWN" to turn the page.



SCP	
0/UTP	
ОСР	
UVP	
OVP	

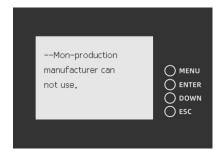


Move the cursor to "BMS Status", then press "Enter" to check the battery protection information, and then press "DOWN" to turn the page.



UV	Y/N
UVP	Y/N
ОС	Y/N
ОСР	Y/N
ОТ	Y/N
ОТР	Y/N
OV	Y/N
OVP	Y/N
SCP	Y/N
Failure	Y/N

Move the cursor to "Para Setting and press" Enter to check the gyroscope information, then press " ∇ " to turn the page.



Move the cursor to "Sys Setting", then press Enter to check the version information, and then press " ∇ " to turn the page.



6.1.2 Inverter display



The INVENTER DISPLAY

The operation and display panel is as shown below, including 1 LCD screen, 3 indicators and 4 operation buttons.



• Operation buttons introduction

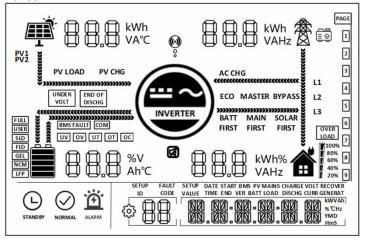
Function buttons	Description	
SET	To enter/exit the setting menu	
UP	To next selection	
DOWN	To last selection	
ENT	To confirm/enter the selection in setting menu	

LED Indicators

Indicators	Colors	Description
AC/INV	Green	Continued: utility grid by-pass output
AC/IIIV	C/IIIV Green	Flash: inverter output
CHARGE		Continued: charging complete
CHARGE Yellow	Flash: charging	
FAULT	Red	Flash: error occur



Display panel



Icons	Functions	Icons	Functions
	Indicates the PV panel		Indicates the utility grid
	Indicates the battery		Indicates the generator
MERTER	Indicates the inverter is working		Indicates the home load
©	Indicates the inverter is communicating with data collector		Indicates the buzzer muted
>>	***********	Indicates the	direction of energy flow
STANDBY	Indicates the inverter is standby	NORMAL	Indicates the inverter is working normally
ALARM	Indicates error occur	£	Indicates setting
7 7 1	Indicates load power 80%~100%		Indicates battery SOC 80%~100%



	Indicates load power 60%~79%		Indicates battery SOC 60%~79%
	Indicates load power 40%~59%		Indicates battery SOC 40%~59%
	Indicates load power 20%~39%		Indicates battery SOC 20%~39%
	Indicates load power 5%~19%		Indicates battery SOC 5%~19%
UNDER VOLT	Indicates battery under- voltage	END OF DISCHG	Indicates battery discharge
OVER LOAD	Indicates over-load	BMS FAULT	Indicates BMS fault
COM	Indicates system communication error	UV	Indicates system under-voltage
OV	Indicates system over- voltage	UT	Indicates system under- temperature
FULL	Indicates battery is full	OC	Indicates system over-current
SLD	Indicates sealed lead-acid battery	USER	Indicates user defined battery
GEL	Indicates gel lead-acid battery	FLD	Indicates flooded lead-acid battery
LFP	Indicates LFP li-ion battery	ECO	Indicates energy-saving mode
PV LOAD	Indicates PV energy is carrying the load	PV CHG	Indicates PV energy is charging the battery
AC CHG	Indicates ACIN energy is charging the battery	MAIN FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is mains power first
BYPASS	Indicates the inverter output mode is bypass	SOLAR FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is solar first
BATT FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is battery first		

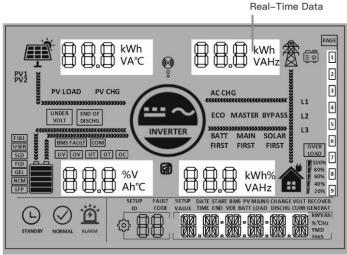


View real-time data

In the main screen, press the UP/DOWN keys to view the real-time data of the inverter during operation.

• NOTICE

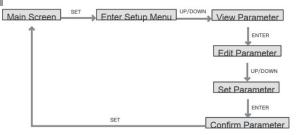


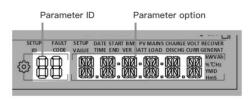


Page	PV side	BAT side	AC IN side	LOAD side	General
1	PV voltage	Batt Voltage	AC in voltage	Single phase voltage	Current Time
2	PV current	Batt Current	AC in current	Single phase Current	Current Date
3	PV power	Batt Voltage	Total AC charging power	Single phase active power	PV Total kWh
4	PV today kWh sink	Batt Current	Today AC charging kWh	Single phase apparent power	Load Total kWh
5	PV side heat temperature	INV Heat Sink Temperature	AC frequency	AC output frequency	RS485 Address
6	PV rated voltage	Batt Rated Voltage	Busbar voltage	AC output rated power	Software Version
7	Max. PV charging current	Max. Batt charging current	Max. AC charging Current	Total AC output active power	/
8			/	Total AC output apparent power	/



• Setting • NOTICE





ID	Parameter Meaning	Options	Description	
88	Exit	ESC	Exit the setup menu.	
	AC output source priority	UTI default	Utility at first priority, utility and solar provide power to load at the same time when solar is available, battery will provide power to load only when utility power is not available.	
01		560	Solar power and battery at first priority, Utility will provide power to load when solar power is not available and the battery voltage below parameter [04] value.	
		SOL	Solar power at first priority, Utility will provide power to load when solar power is not available and the battery voltage below parameter [04] value.	
02	AC output frequency	50.0	AC output frequency will adaptive utility frequency in bypass mode. Otherwise the	
UE		50.0 default	output default will follow the preset value.	
03	AC input voltage	UPS default	When output range is 120/110V, input voltage range 90~140V.	
בט	range	APL	When output range is 100/105V, input voltage range 85~140V.	
04	Voltage point of battery switch to utility	43.6	When parameter 01 = 5bLI/50L, output source will switch to utility from battery when the battery voltage below the preset value. Setting range:40~60V	
05	Voltage point of utility switch to battery	56.8	When parameter a = 5bU/5aL, output source will switch to battery from utility when the battery voltage above the preset value. Range:40~60V	
85	Battery charging	SNU default	Solar and utility charging the battery at the	



	mode		same time, solar at the first priority, utility power as a supplement when solar power is not sufficient. Notice: Solar and utility charging the battery at the same time only in bypass mode, only solar charging can be used when the invert circuit is in operation.
		СИЬ	Utility is the first priority in charging, Solar charging the battery only when utility is not available.
		CS0	Solar is the first priority in charging, Utility charging the battery only when solar is not available.
		050	Only solar charging the battery.
87	Battery charging current	60	Current setting range: 0~200A.
		USER	User-defined, user can set all battery parameter
		SLd	Sealed lead-acid battery.
00	D-th-m-t-m-	FLd	Flooded lead-acid battery.
80	Battery type	GEL default	Gel lead-acid battery.
		L14/L15/L16	LFP li-ion battery, 14\15\16 corresponds battery
		NI3/NI4	cells number in series. Ternary li-ion battery.
09	Battery bulk charging voltage	Setting range: 48V~58 4V, increment	
10	Battery bulk charging delay time	120	Indicates the duration when battery voltage reached parameter 09 value in bulk charging procession, Setting range: 5min~900min, increment of each click is 5min, parameter can be set only when battery type is USER and L14/15/16, N13/14.
#	Battery float charging voltage	55.2	Setting range: 48V~58.4V, parameters cannot be set only after successful BMS communication.
12	Battery over- discharge voltage (delay off)	42	When the battery voltage falls below this voltage point and parameter 13 value is reached, the inverter output will be switched off. Setting range: 40V~48V, increment of each click is 0.4V, parameter can be set only when battery type is USER and L14/15/16, N13/14.
13	Battery over- discharge voltage delay time	5	Indicates the duration when battery voltage reached parameter 12 value in over-voltage procession. Setting range: 5s~50s, increment of each click is 5s, parameter can be set only when battery type is USER and LFP14/15/16, NCM13/14.
14	Battery under- voltage alarm	냭넥	When the battery voltage falls below this voltage point, alarm will be displayed on the screen and indicator. Setting range: 40V~52V, increment of each click is 0.4V, parameter can be set only when battery type is USER and



			L14/15/16, N13/14.	
15	Battery under-voltage limit voltage	40	When the battery voltage falls below this voltage point, the inverter output is switched off immediately. Setting range is 40V~52V, increment of each click is 0.4V, parameter can be set only when battery type is USER and L14/15/16, N13/14.	
10-	Battery equalization	35	Disable equalization charging.	
15	charging	ENR default	Enable equalization charging, parameter can be set only when battery type is FLd\SLd\USER.	
17	Battery equalization charging voltage	58	Setting range: 48V~58V, increment of each click is 0.4V, parameter can be set only when battery type is FLd\SLd\USER.	
18	Battery equalization charging duration	120	Setting range: 5min~900min, increment of each click is 5min, parameter can be set only when battery type is FLd\SLd\USER.	
19	Battery equalization charging delay time	150	Setting range: 5min~900min, increment of each click is 5min, parameter can be set only when battery type is FLd\SLd\USER.	
20	Battery equalization charging interval	type is FLd\SLd\USER.		
21	Battery equalization	Ol default	Stop equalization charging immediately.	
L	charging stop-start	F7;7	Start equalization charging immediately.	
		Ol I default	Disable power saving mode.	
22	Power saving mode	ENA	Enable power saving mode, When the load power below 50W, the inverter output will switch off after a 5min delay. When the load is more than 50W, the inverter automatic restart.	
		d15	When overload occurs and the output is switched off, the machine will not restart.	
23	Over-load restart	ENR default	When overload occurs and the output is switched off, the machine will restart after a delay of 3minutes. After it reaches 5 cumulative time, the machine will not restart automatically.	
	Over-temperature restart	d15	When over temperature occurs and the output is switched off, the machine will not restart.	
24		ENR default	When overload occurs and the output is switched off, the machine will restart when the temperature drops.	
25	Buzzer alarm	<u>d</u> 15	Disable buzzer alarm.	
	Duzzer diariii	END LIN default	Enable buzzer alarm.	
26	Power source switching reminder	415	Disable reminder when the status of the input power source changes.	
		END default	Enable reminder when the status of the input power source changes.	
27	Inverter overload	415	Disable switch to the bypass when the inverter is overload.	
	switch to bypass	ENE default	Enable switch to the bypass when the inverter is overload.	



28	Max. utility charging current	Setting range: 0~120A.			
30	RS485 address	14: 1	RS485addresssettingrange:1~254.		
		SLR default	Enabling PC and remote monitoring protocols		
32	RS485 communication	485	Enabling BMS communication based on RS485		
	Communication	CRN	Enabling BMS communication based on CAN.		
			t to 485 or CAN, the corresponding		
רה	DAACiti	communication protocol must be selected in item 33.			
33	BMS communication	· '	tar, AOG=ALLGRANDBATTERY, OLT=OLITER, DAQ=DAKING, WOW=SRNE, PYL=PYLONTECH,		
		UOL=WEILAN	Sing-Briting, Wew Sinte, FTE FTEOMEEN,		
		default	Disable this function.		
			Hybrid output mode When parameter 01=UTI,		
		MIX LOd	the solar energy is prioritized to charge the batteries and any excess energy will be used to		
34	Feed back & hybrid	LUV FOO	power the load. With an anti-backflow function,		
~ '	output function		the PV energy is not feed back into the grid.		
		ON CO.	On-grid function When parameter 01=UTI, solar		
		ON GRA	energy will feed back into the grid when battery is full or disconnected.		
			Battery recover discharge from under voltage		
35	Battery under voltage	52	protection when voltage above this value.		
	recover point		Setting range: 44V~54V.		
	Battery full recharge		Inverter stops charging when the battery is full. Inverter resumes charging when the battery		
37	voltage point	52	voltage below this value. Setting range:		
			44V~54V.		
38	AC output voltage	120	Setting range: 200/208/220/230/240Vac.		
40	1 st slot start charging	88:88:88	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
L	1st slot end charging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
45	2 nd slot start charging	88:88:88	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
43	2 nd slot end charging	88:88:88	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
44	3 rd slot start charging	88:88:88	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
45	3 rd slot end charging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
		□I⊒ default	Disable this function.		
45	Time slot charging		Enable this function, AC output source mode		
100	function	ENA	will switch to SbU, utility charging the battery and carry load only in charging time slot which		
			user set or the battery is under voltage.		
47	1 st slot start discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
48	1 st slot end discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
49	2 nd slot start discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		
50	2 nd slot end discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00		



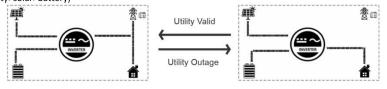
51	3 rd slot start discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00	
52	3 rd slot end discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00	
		default	Disable this function.	
53	function ENR w		Enable this function, AC output source mode will switch to UTI, battery discharging only in discharging time slot which user set or utility is not available.	
54	Local date	00:00:00	YY/MM/DD. Setting range: 00:01:01-99:12:31	
55	Local time	88:88:88	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:59	
57	Stop charging current	2	Charging stops when the charging current is less than the set value (unit: amp)	
58	Discharging alarm SOC	15	Triggers an alarm when the battery SOC is less than the set value (unit: %)	
59	Discharging cutoff SOC	5	Stops discharging when the battery SOC is less than the set value (unit: %)	
60	Charging cutoff SOC	100	Stops charging when the battery SOC is touch the set value(unit: %)	
51	Switching to utility SOC	10	Switch to utility power when the battery SOC is less than this setting (unit: %)	
52	Switching to inverter SOC	100	Switches to inverter output mode when SOC is greater than this setting (unit: %)	
	N-PE bonding	default	Allow automatic switching of N-PE bonding	
bj	automatic switching function	ENA	Prohibit automatic switching of N-PE bonding	

6.2 AC output mode

The AC output mode corresponds to parameter setting item 01 and 34, which allows the user to set the AC output power source manually.

Utility Priority Output 01 UTI (default)

Utility at first priority, utility and solar provide power to load at the same time when solar is available, battery will provide power to load only when utility power is not available.(Priority: utility>solar>battery)





Solar and Utility Hybrid Output 34 MIX LOD

In UTI mode, when not connected to the battery or when the battery is full, the solar and the utility supply power to the load at the same time.(Priority: solar>utility>battery)



Battery disconnected



Battery Full

Solar Priority Output 01 SOL

Solar provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar is not available, the utility will be used as a supplement to provide power to the loads. This mode maximises solar energy while maintaining battery power and is suitable for areas with relatively stable power grids. (Priority: solar>utility>battery)







Inverter Priority Output 01 SBU

Solar provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar is not sufficient or not available, the battery will be used as a supplement to provide power to the loads. When the battery voltage reaches the value of parameter 04 (Voltage point of battery switch to utility) will switch to utility to provide power to the load, This model makes maximum use of DC energy and is used in areas where the grid is stable. (Priority: solar>battery>utility)







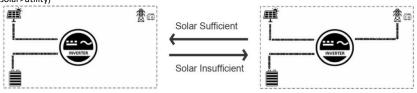


6.3 Battery charging mode

The charging mode corresponds to parameter setting item 06, which allows the user to set the charging mode manually.

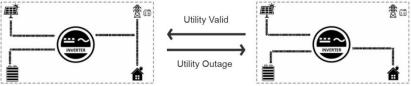
Hybrid Charging SNU(default)

Solar and utility charging the battery at the same time, solar at the first priority, utility power as a supplement when solar power is not sufficient. This is the fastest way to charge and is suitable for areas with low power supply, providing customers with sufficient back-up power. (Source priority: solar>utility)



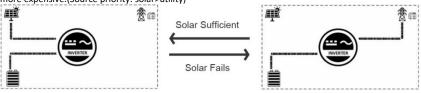
Utility Priority Charging CUB

The utility power gives priority to charging the battery, and PV charging is only activated when the utility power is not available.(Source priority: utility>solar)



Solar Priority Charging CSO

Solar priority charging, with utility charging only activated when the solar fails. By making full use of solar power during the day and switching to utility charging at night, battery power can be maintained and is suitable for applications in areas where the grid is relatively stable and electricity prices are more expensive. (Source priority: solar>utility)





Only Solar Charging OSO

Solar charging only, no mains charging is activated. This is the most energy-efficient method, with all the battery power coming from solar energy, and is usually used in areas with good radiation conditions.



Divide grid mold settings

	riue gi	iu illolu	settings		
Model	Item	Option	Meaning	Electric energy use priority	Characteristic
		UTI	Municipal Power Priority Output Mode	Municipal Electric- Photovoltaic- Battery	This mode is maximized and available, while maintaining it at the same time Holding the battery power as an emergency energy storage, it is suitable for power supply Stable area
Output mode	01	SOL	Photovoltaic priority output mode	Photovoltaic- Municipal Electric- Battery	This uses photovoltaic energy to the greatest extent, while maintaining battery power as emergency energy storage
		SBU	Reverse priority output mode	Photovoltaic- Battery-City Electricity	This model uses DC electricity to the greatest extent to reduce the cost of electricity consumption. It is suitable for areas with expensive electricity but stable power supply.
		SNU	Municipal Electric Phrase Mixed Charging Mode	Photovoltaic- Mixed Charging- Municipal Electricity	The fastest charging speed
Charging mode	06	CUB	Municipal Power Priority Charging Mode	Municipal Electric- Photovoltaic	Starting photovoltaic charging when the municipal power is not available
mode		CSO	Photovoltaic priority charging mode	Photovoltaic- Municipal Electric	When photovoltaic failure, start the city power charging, suitable for the grid Stable and more expensive areas
		oso	Only photovoltaic charge mode	Photovoltaic	Only photovoltaic charging, not using city power charging



Hybrid energy storage application

			ge application	Florida	Characterist's	
Model	Item	Option	Meaning	Electric energy use priority	Characteristic	
		DIS		osing of hybrid energy storage ap		
Output mode	34	ON GRD	Grid mode	, , ,	You can feed the excess power or battery energy storage to the power grid to help users obtain power generation income	
		MIX LOD	Hybrid output mode	Can be used by 46, 53, and 71 items	Anti -countercurrents can realize mixed - loading of municipal electricity and photovoltaic, support the use of battery -free, help users reduce the cost of electricity consumption,	
		DIS	Turn off this func	tion, the city power does not char	ge the battery	
Power charging and loading functions during the time period	charging and loading functions during the Charging and load function of the time period of the charging and load function of the time period of the charging and load function of the time period of the charging; When the photovoltaic energy is the charging and load function of the time period of the charging and load function of the charging and load function of the charging and loading power charging and loading photovoltaic energy for charging; When the photovoltaic energy is the charging and loading photovoltaic energy for charging photovoltaic energy for		Utilize peak and valley electricity prices to store photovoltaic energy and valley price electricity in energy storage batteries			
		DIS	Turn off this function, the battery power cannot be fed back to the power			
Time division battery discharge function	53	ENA	Enable phased battery discharge function	After enabling this function, users can set a time period between 47 and 52 items. During the set time period, if the photovoltaic energy is insufficient to load or connect to the grid at full power, it is allowed to use battery energy for load or grid connection	Peak and valley electricity prices can be utilized to reduce the use of electricity during peak periods, or to feed battery energy storage back into the grid, thereby obtaining higher grid connection benefits	
Priority of	tovoltaic 71 nergy Priority grid	charging of photovoltaic	If this option is selected, photovoltaic energy will be charged first. After the battery is fully charged, residual electricity can be connected to the grid	It is possible to maintain the battery level as emergency energy storage and connect the remaining photovoltaic energy to the grid or load it		
photovoltaic energy		LOD	connection of photovoltaic	If this option is selected, photovoltaic energy will give priority to feeding back energy to the grid. If the energy is sufficient, the excess energy will charge the battery	Not storing battery energy to help users gain more power generation benefits	



6.4 Time-slot charging/discharging function

The TW-AO-10KW series is equipped with a time-slot

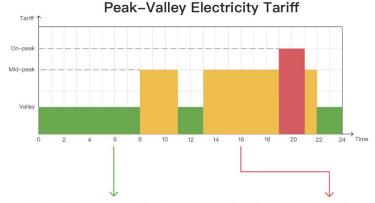
charging and discharging function, which allows users to set different charging and discharging periods according to the local peak and valley tariffs, so that the utility power and PV energy can be used rationally.

When mains electricity is expensive, the battery inverter is used to carry the load; when the mains electricity is cheap, the mains electricity is used to carry the load and charge, which can help customers to save electricity costs to the greatest extent.

The user can turn on/off the time-slot charging/discharging function in setup menu parameter 46 and 53.and set charging and discharging slot in parameter 40-45, 47-52. Below are examples for users to understand the function.

• NOTICE

Before using this function for the first time, please set the local time in parameter items 54, 55, then the user can set the corresponding time slot according to the local peak and valley tariff charges.



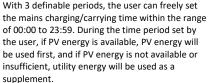
Time-slot Utility Charging/Carrying Function

Time-slot Battery Disacharging Function











With 3 definable time periods, users can freely set the battery discharge time within the range of 00:00 to 23:59. During the time period set by the user, the inverter will give priority to the battery inverter to carry the load, and if the battery power is insufficient, the inverter will automatically switch to mains power to ensure stable operation of the load.



6.5 Battery parameter

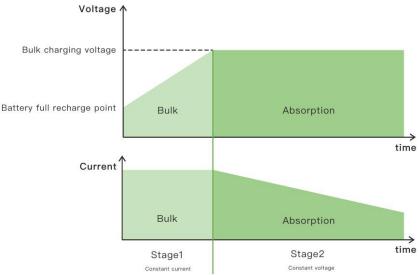
Li-ion battery

Parameter/Battery type		LFP		User- defined
	L16	L15	L14	USER
Over-voltage cut-off voltage	60V	60V	60V	60v
Equalization charging voltage	-	-	-	40~60V settable
Bulk charging voltage	56.8V	53.2V	49.2V	40~60V settable
Float charging voltage	56.8V	53.2V	49.2V	40~60V settable
Under-voltage alarm voltage	49.6V	46.4V	43.2V	40~60V settable
Under-voltage cut-off voltage	48.8V	45.6V	42V	40~60V settable
Discharging limit voltage	46.4V	43.6V	40.8V	40~60V settable
Over-discharge delay time	30s	30s	30s	1~30s settable
Equalization charging duration	-	-	-	0~600min settable
Equalization charging interval	-	-	-	0~250d settable
Bulk charging duration	120min settable	120min settable	120min settable	10~600min settable

• NOTICE

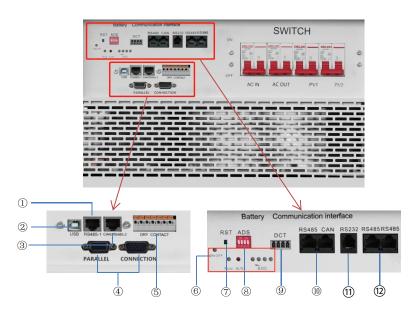
If no BMS is connected, the inverter will charge according to the battery voltage with a preset charging curve. When the inverter communicates with the BMS, it will follow the BMS instructions to perform a more complex stage charging process.





7. Communication

7.1 Overview





Inverter Communication	①RS485-1 port	②USB-B port	③CAN/RS485-2 port
interface		nnection port not support parallel connection)	⑤Dry contact port
	©LED Indicator	⑦RST	®ADS
Battery Communication interface	9DCT	①RS485/CAN (connect to inventer)	①11RS232
	(2) RS485/RS485 (connect to computer)		

7.2 Inverter Communication Interface

7.2.1 RS485-1 Port

The RS485-1 port is used to connect to the Wi-Fi/GPRS data acquisition module, which allows the user to view the operating status and parameters of the inverter via the mobile phone APP.



The Wi-Fi/GPRS data acquisition module need to be purchased separately. User can scan the QR code to download the mobile APP.











RJ45	Definition
Pin 1	5V
Pin 2	GND
Pin 3	/
Pin 4	/
Pin 5	/
Pin 6	/
Pin 7	RS485-A
Pin 8	RS485-B



7.2.2 USB-B Port



The user can read and modify device parameters through this port by using the host software. Please contact us for the host software installation package if you require one.

7.2.3 CAN/RS485-2 Port

The RS485-2 port is used to connect to the BMS of Li ion battery.



If you use a normal RJ45 network cable, please check the pin assignment, pin 1 & pin 2 usually need to be cut off for normal use.

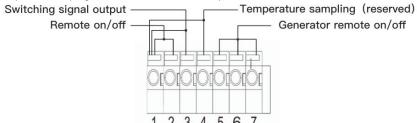


RJ45	Definition
Pin 1	5V
Pin 2	GND
Pin 3	/
Pin 4	CANH
Pin 5	CANL
Pin 6	/
Pin 7	RS485-A
Pin 8	RS485-B
Pin 7	



7.2.4 Dry contact

Dry contact port with 4 functions: 1. Remote switch on/off; 2. Switching signal output; 3. Battery temperature sampling; 4. Generator remote start/stop



Function	Description				
Remote switch on/off	When pin 1 is connected with pin 2, the inverter will switched off the AC output. When pin1 is disconnected from pin2, the inverter outputs normally.				
Switching signal output	When the voltage of battery reaches the <i>under-voltage limit voltage</i> (parameter I5), pin 3 to pin 1 voltage is 0V, When the battery charging/discharging normally pin 3 to pin 1 voltage is 5V.				
Temperature sampling (reserved)	Pin 1 & Pin 4 can be used for battery temperature sampling compensation.				
Consenter remote start laten	When the voltage of battery reaches the <i>under-voltage alarm voltage</i> (parameter ¹⁴) or <i>voltage point of utility switch to battery</i> (parameter ⁰⁴), pin 6 to pin 5 normal open, pin 7 to pin 5 normal close.				
Generator remote start/stop	When the voltage of battery reaches the voltage point of battery switch to utility (parameter 05) or battery is full. pin 6 to pin 5 normal close, pin 7 to pin 5 normal open. (Pin 5/6/7 outputs 125Vac/1A, 230Vac/1A,30Vdc/1A)				

• NOTICE

If you need to use the remote start/stop function of the generator with dry contact, ensure that the generator has ATS and supports remote start/stop.

7.2.5 Parallel connection port

Introduction:

1. Maximum six all-in-one solar charger inverters can be used for parallel operation.

When using the parallel operation function, the following connecting lines (package accessories) shall be firmly and reliably connected:

Parallel communication line*1:

Current sharing detection line*1:







7.3 Battery Communication Interface

7.3.1 LED Indicator



Four green capacity indicators, a red alarm indicator, a green running indicator and a switch indicator.

7.3.2 SOC capacity indicator

Con	dition	Charge			Discharge				
Capacity indicator lamp		L1	L2	L3	L4	L1	L2	L3	L4
	0~25%	Flash 2	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
power	25~50%	ON	Flash 2	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
(%)	50~75%	ON	ON	Flash 2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF
	75~100~	ON	ON	ON	Flash 2	ON	ON	ON	ON
-	indicator ght		ON				Flas	sh 3	

7.3.3 Status indicator

Status	Warning/Normal	ON/ OFF	Run	Alert	LED	LED Battery Level Indicator		Explain	
	/Protection	Protection		•	•	•	•	•	
Shut down	Sleep mode	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Light off
Standby	Normal	ON	Flash 1	OFF	According to the electricity		icity	Standby mode	
Standby	Warning	ON	Flash 1	Flash 3		indication		Module low voltage	
	Normal	ON	ON	OFF					The maximum
charge	Warning	ON	ON	Flash 3	According to the power fla indicator (the maximum LED of the power indicator flashes 2) ALI fla			power LED flashes (flash 2),and the ALM does not flash during the overshoot.	
	Overcharge Protection	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	If there is no mains supply, the indicator turns to standby

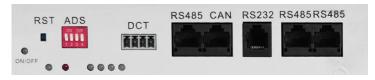


	Temperature,ov er current,failure, protection	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop charging
	Normal	ON	Flash 3	OFF					
	14/	ON	Flash	Flash					
	Warning	ON	3	3					
	UVLO	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop charging
discharge	Temperature, over current, short out, reversed polarity ,FAIL- SAFE	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop discharge
Invalid		OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop charging and discharging

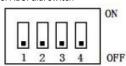
LED flashing description

Flashing mode	ON	OFF
Flash 1	0.25s	3.75s
Flash 2	0.5s	0.5\$
Flash 3	0.5s	1.5s

7.3.4 Communication area

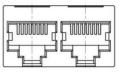


- 1. RS232: BMS can communicate with upper computer through RS232 interface, so as to monitor various information of battery, including battery voltage, current, temperature, status and battery production information, etc. the default baud rate is 9600bps.
- 2. RS485: with dual RS485 interface, you can view the information of pack. The default baud rate is 9600bps. If it is necessary to communicate with the monitoring equipment through RS485, the monitoring equipment is used as the host, polling data according to the address, and the address setting range is $1 \sim 15$.
- 3. CAN: CAN communication, baud rate 9600bps.
- 4. DCT: dry contact interface.
- 5. Rst: reset button.
- 6. ADS: dial switch



7. Interface diagram

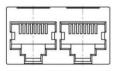






CAN and RS485 interface

Dry contact





Parallel communication port

communication interface

8. Definition of electrical interface

RS232 6P6C vertical RJ11 plug				
RJ11 pin	Definition Description			
2	NC			
3	TX(Single board)			
4	RX(Single board)			
5	GND			

RS485 -	8P8C vertical RJ45 socket	CAN - 8P8C vertical RJ45 socket		
RJ45 pin	Definition Description	RJ45 pin	Definition Description	
1、8	RS485-B1	9、10、11、14、 16	NC	
2、7	RS485-A1	12	CANL	
3、6	GND	13	CANH	
4、5	NC	15	GND	

Table 1RS485 and CAN Interface

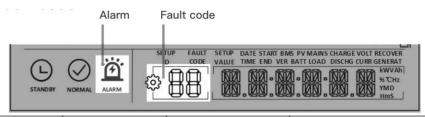
RS485 - 8	BP8C vertical RJ45 socket	RS485 - 8P	8C vertical RJ45 socket
RJ45 pin	Definition Description	RJ45 pin	Definition Description
1、8	RS485-B	9、16	RS485-B
2、7	RS485-A	10、15	RS485-A
3、6	GND	11、14	GND
4、5	NC	12、13	NC

Table 2 Parallel communication port



8. Fault and Remedy

8.1 Fault code



Fault Code	Meaning	Does it Affect the outputs	Instructions
01	BatVoltLow	Yes	Battery under-voltage alarm
02	BatOverCurrSw	Yes	Battery discharge over-
02	Datovercurisw	163	current, software protection
03	BatOpen	Yes	Battery disconnected alarm
04	BatLowEod	Yes	Battery under-voltage stop
04	Dattowtou	163	discharging alarm
05	BatOverCurrHw	Yes	Battery over-current hardware
05	Batovercurriw	163	protection
06	BatOverVolt	Yes	Battery over-voltage
	Batovervoit	163	protection
07	BusOverVoltHw	Yes	Busbar over-voltage hardware
07	Bu30Ver Voiti1W	163	protection
08	BusOverVoltSw	Yes	Busbar over-voltage software
08	Dusovei voitsw	163	protection
09	PvVoltHigh	Yes	PV input over-voltage
03	rvvoitingii		protection
10	PvBoostOCSw	No	Boost circuit over-current
10	FVDOOStOCSW	NO	software protection
11	PvBoostOCHw	No	Boost circuit over-current
	PVDOOSLOCITW	NO	hardware protection
12	SpiCommErr	Yes	Master-slave chip SPI
12	эрісоппісп	163	communication failure
13	OverloadBypass	Yes	Bypass overload protection
14	OverloadInverter	Yes	Inverter overload protection
15	AcOverCurrHw	Yes	Inverter over-current
13	Acovercuithw	165	hardware protection
16	AuxDSpReqOffPWM	Yes	Slave chip request switch off
10	AuxD3pReqOTFWW	165	failure
17	InvShort	Yes	Inverter short-circuit
17	IIIVSHOLL	165	protection
18	Bussoftfailed	Voc	Inverter busbar soft start
10	Bussoftfailed	Yes	failed
19	OverTemperMppt	No	MPPT heat sink over-
19	Over rempenvippt	INU	temperature protection
20	OverTemperInv	Yes	Inverter heat sink over-



			temperature protection
21	FanFail	Yes	Fan failure
22	EEPROM	Yes	Reservoir failure
23	ModelNumErr	Yes	Wrong model
24	Busdif	Yes	Busbar voltage imbalance
25	BusShort	Yes	Busbar short circuit
26	Rlyshort	Yes	Inverter output back flow to bypass
28	LinePhaseErr	Yes	Utility input phase fault
29	BusVoltLow	Yes	Busbar under-voltage protection
30	BatCapacityLow1	No	Battery SOC below 10% alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
31	BatCapacityLow2	No	Battery SOC below 5% alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
32	BatCapacityLowStop	Yes	Battery dead (Only enable
32	DatcapacityLowstop	163	BMS take effect)
58	BMSComErr	No	BMS communication failure
59	BMSErr	No	BMS failures occur
60	BMSUnderTem	No	BMS under-temperature alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
61	BMSOverTem	No	BMS over-temperature alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
62	BMSOverCur	No	BMS over-current alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
63	BMSUnderVolt	No	BMS under-voltage alarm (Only enable BMS take effect)
64	BMSOverVolt	No	BMS over-voltage alarm(Only enable BMS take effect)

8.2 Troubleshooting

Fault Code	Meaning	Causality	Remedy
/	Screen no display	No power input, or in sleep mode.	Closing the circuit breaker. Ensure the rocker switch is ON. Push any button on the panel to exit sleep mode
01	Battery under- voltage	The battery voltage is lower than the value set in parameter [14].	Charge the battery and wait until the battery voltage is higher than the value set in the parameter item [14].
03	Battery not connected	The battery is not connected, or the BMS in discharge protection	Check whether the battery is reliably connected; check whether the circuit breaker of the battery is not closed; ensure that the BMS of the Li-ion battery can communicate properly.
04	Battery over- discharge	The battery voltage is lower than the value set in the parameter [12].	Manual reset: Power off and restart. Automatic reset: charge the battery so that the battery voltage is higher than the value set in the parameter item [35].
06	Battery over-voltage when charging	Battery is in over- voltage condition.	Manually power off and restart. Check to see if the battery voltage exceeds the limit. If it exceeds, the battery needs



			to be discharged until the voltage is below	
			the battery's over-voltage recovery point.	
13	Bypass over-load (software detection)	Bypass output power or output current overload for a certain period of time.	Reduce the load power and restart the	
14	Inverter over- load (software detection)	Inverter output power or output current overload for a certain period of time.	device. Please refer to item 11 of the protection features for more details.	
19	Heat sink of PV input over-temperature (software detection)	Heat sink of PV input temperature exceeds 90°C for 3s.	Resume normal charge and discharge when the temperature of the heat sink	
20	Heat sink of inversion over-temperature (software detection)	Heat sink of inversion temperature exceeds 90℃ for 3s.	has cooled to below the over-temperature recovery temperature.	
21	Fan failure	Fan failure detects by hardware for 3s.	Manually toggle the fan after switching off to check for blockage by foreign objects.	
26	AC Input relay short- circuit	Relay for AC input sticking	Manually power off and restart; if the fault reappears after restarting, You need to contact the after-sales service to repair the machine.	
28	Utility input phase fault	AC input phase does not coincide with AC output phase	Ensure that the phase of the AC input is the same as the phase of the AC output, e.g. if the output is in split-phase mode, the input must also be in split-phase.	

• NOTICE

If you encounter a fault with the product that cannot be solved by the methods in the table above, please contact our after-sales service for technical support and do not disassemble the equipment yourself.

9. Protection and Maintenance

9.1 Protection features

No	Protection Feature	Instruction
1	PV input current/power limiting protection	When the charging current or power of the PV array configured exceeds the PV input rated value, the inverter will limit the input power and charge at the rated.
2	PV input over-voltage	If the PV voltage exceeds the maximum value allowed by the hardware, the machine will report a fault and stop the PV boost to output a sinusoidal AC wave.
3	PV night reverse current protection	At night, the battery is prevented from discharging through the PV module because the battery voltage is greater than the voltage of PV module.
4	AC input over-voltage protection	When the AC input voltage of each phase exceeds 140V, the mains charging will be stopped and switched to the inverter mode.



5	AC input under-voltage	When the AC input voltage of each phase below 90V, the utility
٥	protection	charging will be stopped and switched to the inverter mode.
6	Battery over-voltage protection	When the battery voltage reaches the over-voltage cut-off point,
		the PV and the utility will automatically stop charging to prevent
	protection	the battery from being overcharged and damaged.
7	Battery under-voltage protection	When the battery voltage reaches the under-voltage cut-off
		point, the inverter will automatically stop the battery discharge to
		prevent damage from over-discharging the battery.
	Battery over-current protection	After a period when the battery current exceeds that allowed by
8		the hardware, the machine will switch off the output and stop
		discharging the battery.
		When a short-circuit fault occurs at the load output terminal, the
		AC output is immediately turned off and turned on after 1
9	AC output short-circuit protection	second. If the output load terminal is still short-circuited after 3
9		attempts, the inverter must be manually restarted after first
		removing the short- circuit fault from the load before the normal
		output can be restored.
		When the internal temperature of the inverter is too high, the
10	Heat sink over-	inverter will stop charging and discharging; when the
10	temperature protection	temperature returns to normal, the inverter will resume charging
		and discharging.
		After triggering the overload protection the inverter will resume
		output after 3 minutes, 5 consecutive overloads will switch off
11	Inverter over-load	the output until the inverter is restarted.
1 11	protection	(102% <load< 125%)="" <="" and="" error="" load="" output="" shutdown<="" td="" ±10%:=""></load<>
		after 10s. Load > 125% ±10%: error reported and output switched
		off after 5s.
12	AC output reverse	Prevents AC back flow from the battery inverter to the bypass AC
12	Ac output reverse	input.
13	Bypass over-current protection	Built-in AC input over-current protection circuit breaker.
		·
14	Bypass phase	When the phase of the bypass input and the phase of the inverter
	inconsistency	split do not match, the inverter disables switching to the bypass
	protection	output to prevent the load from dropping out or short-circuiting
	p. 5.5561011	when switching to the bypass.

9.2 Maintenance

To maintain optimum and long-lasting working performance, we recommend that the following items are checked twice a year.

- 1. Ensure that the airflow around the product is not blocked and remove any dirt or debris from the radiator.
- Check that all exposed conductors are not damaged by sunlight, friction with other surrounding objects, dry rot, insect or rodent damage, etc. The conductors need to be repaired or replaced if necessary.
- 3. Verify that the indications and displays are consistent with the operation of the equipment, note any faults or incorrect displays and take corrective action if necessary.
- 4. Check all terminals for signs of corrosion, insulation damage, high temperatures or burning/discolouration and tighten terminal screws.
- 5. Check for dirt, nesting insects and corrosion, clean anti insects net as required. 6. If the lightning



arrester has failed, replace the failed arrester in time to prevent lightning damage to the inverter or other equipment of the user.

▲ DANGER

Make sure that the product is disconnected from all power sources and that the capacitors are fully discharged before carrying out any checks or operations to avoid the risk of electric shock.

The Company shall not be liable for damage caused by:

- 1. Damage caused by improper use or use in a wrong location.
- 2. Photovoltaic modules with an open circuit voltage exceeding the maximum permissible voltage.
- 3. Damage caused by the operating temperature exceeding the restricted operating temperature range
- 4. Dismantling and repair of the inverter by unauthorised persons.
- 5. Damage caused by force majeure: damage during transport or handling of the product.

10. Datasheet

	TM 40 MARE4300	TIM AC NADEA ACC	TIAL AC NADEACCO		
	TW-AO-MB51300-	TW-AO-MB51400-	TW-AO-MB51200-		
	10KW	10KW	10KW		
	BATTERY TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION				
Battery model	TW-MB51300-	TW-MB51400-	TW-MB51200-		
	200A-HWB	200A-HWB	200A-HWB		
Number of batteries	1	1	1		
Battery Energy	15.36kWh	20.48kWh	10.24kWh		
Battery Capacity	300AH	400AH	200AH		
Weight	161.5kg	233kg	131kg		
Dimension L× D× H (mm)	700×660×470	900×600×470	600×660×470		
Battery Type		LiFePO4			
Battery Rated Voltage		51.2V			
Battery Working Voltage Range	44.8 ∼ 57.6V				
Maximum Charging Current	200A				
Maximum Discharging Current	200A				
DOD	80%				
Designed Life-span	>6000 Cycles @ 0.2C/25 [°] C Charging/Discharging at 80%DOD, Until				
	80% Capacity.				
INVERTER TECHNICAL SPECIFICA	ATION				
Inverter model	TW-ASF48100S200-H				
PV CHARGE					
Solar Charge Type	MPPT				
Maximum Output Power	5500W+5500W				
PV Charging Current Range	22A+22A				
PV Operating Voltage Range	500Vdc+500Vdc				
MPPT Voltage Range	125~425Vdc				
AC CHARGE					
AC Charging Current Range	0~120A				
Frequency Range		50/60Hz			
Input Voltage Range	90~270Vac				
Bypass Overload Current	32A				
AC OUTPUT					
Rated Output Power		10000W			



Max. Peak Power	20000W
Rated Output Voltage	230Vac(single-phase L/N/PE)
Load Capacity of Motors	6HP
Rated AC Frequency	50/60Hz
Waveform	Pure Sine Wave
Switch Time	10ms (typical)
Parallel capacity	
BATTERY INVERTER OUTPUT	
Rated Output Power	10000W
Maximum Peak Power	20KVA
Power Factor	1
Rated Output Voltage (Vac)	230Vac
Frequency	50Hz ± 0.3Hz/60Hz ± 0.3Hz
Auto Switch Period	<15ms
THD	<3%
GENERAL DATA	
Protection Degree	IP20, Indoor Only
Operating Temperature Range	-15~55℃,>45℃ derated
Noise	<60dB
Cooling Method	Internal Fan
Warranty	2 Years
COMMUNICATION	
Embedded Interfaces	Rs485 / CAN / USB / Dry contact
External Modules (Optional)	Wi-Fi / GPRS
CERTIFICATION	UN38.3,MSDS



11. Optional function

1. Active equilibrium module

Qualification	Data specification
Balance current	≤5A
Balance mode	Active equilibrium
Balance on condition	Reach the user-defined opening voltage and differential pressure Minimum voltage of single unit ≥ 3.2V (factory default) and equalizing opening differential pressure: ≥50mV (factory default)
Balance closing condition	Closing voltage and differential pressure reaching the user-defined setting Minimum voltage of single unit < 3.2V (factory default) and equalizing differential pressure: < 50mV (factory default)
Working power consumption	<1mA
Sleep current	100uA
working temperature	-20℃~60℃

2. Fire extinguishing equipment

