# Instruction Manual

# QDP Drystar® Vacuum Pumps

Description Item Number

 QDP40 Drystar Pump
 A528-40-905

 QDP80 Drystar Pump (4 kW)
 A528-79-905

 QDP80 Drystar Pump (8 kW)
 A528-80-905

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# **Declaration of Conformity**

We, BOC Edwards, Manor Royal, Crawley, West Sussex RH10 2LW, UK declare under our sole responsibility that the product(s) Standard pumping system configured using the Q-matrix modular build structure, as shown below Electrical supply Pump(s) 1. 200-208 V, 50 Hz, 3-ph 1. ODP40 2. 200-208 V, 60 Hz, 3-ph 2. QDP80 3. 230 V 60 Hz, 3-ph 3. QDP40/QMB250 4. 380-415 V, 50 Hz, 3-ph 4. QDP40/QMB500 5. QDP80/QMB250 5. 460 V, 60 Hz, 3-ph Cables 6. QDP80/QMB500 0. None 7. QDP80/QMB1200 1. 5 metres (wall mounted controller) Gas Control-2. 1 metre (frame mounted controller) 0. None 3. 7 metres cable only 1. Gas Module 4. 7 metres armoured cable only 2. Gas Module & Exhaust Pressure Module Oil Level Monitor(s) 3. Shaft Seal Purge Module 0. None 4. Gas Module and Nitrogen Flow Switch 1. Oil Level Monitor 5. Gas Module, Exhaust Pressure Module and Nitrogen Flow Switch **Electrical** control **Mechanical Booster Fram** 0. None 0. No Booster pump fitted B. Motor Control Module (End User version) 1. Direct mount (not available with QMB1200) C. Motor Control Module (OEM 24 V d.c.) 2. Booster Frame D. Motor Control Module (OEM 24 V a.c.) Enclosures E. Q Series Controller with N2 Flow/OLM alarms 0. None 1. Standard Enclosures 2. Extractable Enclosure and the following standard accessories, not configured via the Q-matrix: A531-14-000 Water Cooled Exhaust Trap A223-01-006 **Enclosure Extraction Fan Kit** A528-60-000 **Dual Enclosure Extraction Fans Kit** to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following standard(s) or other normative document(s) EN 60204-1 Electrical Safety: Machines. following the provisions of 98/37/EC Machinery Safety Directive. 89/336/EEC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive. 73/023/EEC Low Voltage Directive. 15/11/00 SHONEHAM Date and Place Dr J. D. Watson, Senior Technical Manager Vacuum Equipment and Exhaust Management and Product Divisions



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# **Associated publications**

Publication title	<b>Publication Number</b>
Vacuum Pump and Vacuum System Safety	P300-20-000
QMB Mechanical booster Pumps	A301-85-880
Q Controller	A380-00-880
CDP Accessories - Flap Valve	A504-51-880
QDP Acoustic Enclosure	A528-01-880
QDP Gas Module	A528-05-880
Q Series 3 Exhaust Pressure Module	A528-50-880
QDP Shaft-Seals Purge Module	A528-55-880
Leak-testing CDP installations	P500-10-000

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Scope and definitions

This manual provides installation, operation and maintenance instructions for the BOC Edwards QDP Drystar Vacuum Pumps, abbreviated to QDP pumps in the remainder of this manual. You must use the pumps as specified in this manual.

Read this manual before you install and operate the pump. Important safety information is highlighted as WARNING and CAUTION instructions; you must obey these instructions. The use of WARNINGS and CAUTIONS is defined below.

#### WARNING

Warnings are given where failure to observe the instruction could result in injury or death to people.

#### **CAUTION**

Cautions are given where failure to observe the instruction could result in damage to the equipment, associated equipment or process.

# 1.2 Description

#### 1.2.1 Overview

The QDP pumps operate at pressures between atmospheric and ultimate vacuum with no lubricating or sealing fluid in the pumping chamber. This ensures a clean pumping system without back-migration of oil into the system being evacuated.

QDP pumps have enclosed, water-cooled motors and are therefore suitable for applications in clean environments where fan cooling is unacceptable.

The QDP pumps are each fitted with a gas system, exhaust-silencer and check-valve. The pump is fixed to the framework by vibration isolators. The framework has castors and levelling feet.

#### 1.2.2 The QDP pump

The QDP pumps are four-stage, positive displacement rotary pumps in which pairs of intermeshing rotors (of different profiles mounted on common shafts) are held in correct phase relation by a pair of timing-gears. The timing-gears and the adjacent double-row angular contact ball-bearings, are oil lubricated.

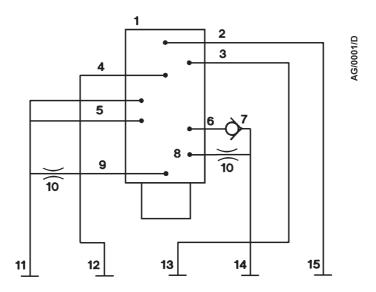
The pump shafts and rotors are made from cast-iron. The internal and external shaft-seals on the motor drive-shaft are made of polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE). Bearings are located on the high vacuum end of the shaft, near to the pump-inlet. These bearings are packed with perfluoropolyether (PFPE) grease.

# 1.2.3 Gas system

QDP pumps have a gas system of stainless steel pipelines (see Figure 1) which allows nitrogen to be delivered to the following points :

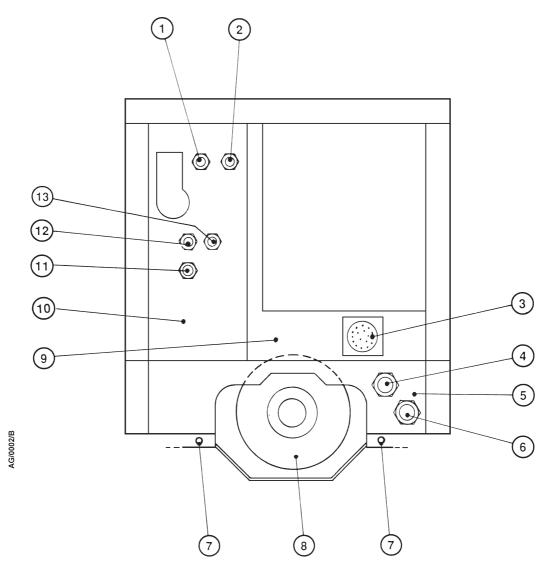
- Inlet-purge
- Shaft-seal purge
- 2/3-interstage purge
- Exhaust-purge
- 3/4-interstage purge.

You will connect your nitrogen supplies to this gas system through connectors on the gas services panel (see Figure 2).



1. QDP pump 8. Gearbox vent 2. Inlet-purge pipeline 9. Motor shaft-seals purge pipeline 3. 2/3-interstage purge pipeline 10. Restrictor 4. 3/4-interstage purge pipeline 11. Shaft-seals purge inlet connector 5. Pump shaft-seals purge pipeline 12. 3/4-interstage purge inlet connector 6. Exhaust-purge pipeline 13. 2/3-interstage purge inlet connector 7. Check-valve 14. Exhaust-purge inlet connector 15. Inlet-purge inlet connector

Figure 1 - Schematic diagram of the gas system



- 1. Exhaust-purge inlet connector
- 2. Inlet-purge inlet connector
- 3. 17-way electrical connector
- 4. Water return connector
- 5. Water services panel
- 6. Water supply connector
- 7. Exhaust support-plate retaining screw
- 8. Exhaust silencer
- 9. Electrical services panel
- 10. Gas services panel
- 11. 3/4-interstage purge inlet connector
- 12. Shaft-seals purge inlet connector
- 13. 2/3-interstage purge inlet connector

Figure 2 - Services panels

# 1.2.4 Temperature control system

The low vacuum stage of the pump has an indirect cooling system, all other stages are air-cooled by natural convection and radiation. In the secondary circuit of the indirect cooling system, coolant circulates around the pump-body by natural convection. In the primary circuit, cooling-water is circulated through copper coils to extract heat from the coolant. In operation, the pump is maintained at a constant temperature by a thermostatic control-valve (TCV) which controls the supply of cooling-water to the primary circuit in the pump.

(Continued on page 4)

The pump-motor is cooled by water flowing through a cooling jacket which surrounds the motor. The pump-motor cooling circuit is separate from the pump cooling circuit. The cooling-water supply and return pipelines are connected to the pump by connectors on the water services panel at one end of the pump (see Figure 2).

The cooling-water manifold on the pump distributes the cooling-water to the pump cooling circuit and to the pump-motor cooling circuit (and to the QMB pump-motor cooling circuit, if a QMB pump is fitted). When a QMB pump is not fitted, the flow of cooling-water to the QDP pump-motor is greater than the minimum required flow. When a QMB pump is fitted, the cooling-water flow is distributed equally between the two pump-motors and the overall flow requirement for the pumping combination increases (see Section 2.3).

Two thermal snap-switches are fitted to the pump-body. One of these snap-switches (the warning switch) opens at  $88\,^{\circ}$ C and the other snap-switch (the shut-down switch) opens at  $95\,^{\circ}$ C. Use the warning switch to provide a warning that the pump is too hot. Use the shut-down switch to shut down the pump.

Three motor-protection thermistors are fitted to the pump-motor (one on each winding). These thermistors are solid-state devices which have an electrical resistance of 100 to 500  $\Omega$  at normal pump-motor operational temperature. When the pump-motor is too hot, the electrical resistance rises quickly to 3000  $\Omega$ . The thermistors are connected in series and you can use the output of the thermistors to shut down the pump because the motor is too hot.

#### 1.2.5 Electrical system

The QDP pumps have universal voltage and frequency motors. These motors are supplied configured for 'low voltage' operation (200-208 V at 50 Hz or 200-230 V at 60 Hz). To change the motor to 'high voltage' operation, refer to Section 3.8.2.

You will connect your electrical supply cable to the pump through a cable-gland on the terminal-box on the end of the pump-motor (see Figure 11). You must use a suitably rated contactor (see Section 2.4). The electrical services panel has a connector to connect the outputs of the thermal snap-switches and the motor-protection thermistors to your control equipment.

# 1.2.6 Exhaust system

The pump outlet is connected to an exhaust-silencer, which is below the pump. The outlet also has a port which allows gearbox vent gases to join the main exhaust stream (see Figure 1). The exhaust-silencer attenuates the pulses in the exhaust pressure and reduces pump-induced resonance in your exhaust-extraction system. The outlet of the silencer has a check-valve which prevents the suck-back of exhaust vapours after the pump is shut down. The valve also provides additional attenuation of the pulses in the exhaust pressure.

#### 1.3 Accessories

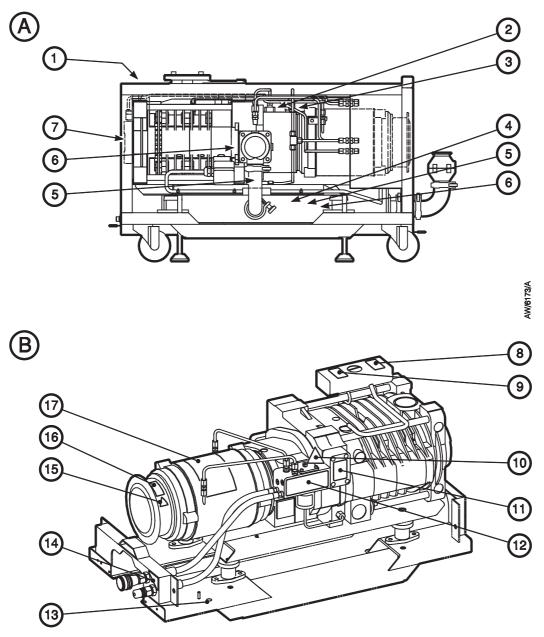
A number of accessories are available for the QDP pump; use these to configure the pumps for specific applications. These accessories are listed in Section 7.

# 1.4 Labels

Labels are fitted to the QDP pump in order to:

- Identify components.
- Define required installation/operating/maintenance procedures.
- Identify safety hazards.

Refer to Figure 3 which shows the positions of the labels on the QDP pump.



- A General view of the QDP pump
- B Detail view of the QDP pump
- 1. 'Warning Maximum lifting angle 60° label
- 2. 'Caution Do not overfill with oil' label
- 3. 'Use only Fomblin Y25 or Krytox 1525 oil' label
- 4. Direction of gas flow arrow label
- 5. Caution symbol label
- 6. 'Warning Risk of high temperature' label
- 7. QDP information/'Warning Risk of high temperature' label
- 8. 'Caution For safe operation, this equipment must be installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the instruction manual' label

- 9. 'Caution Do not overfill with coolant' label
- 10. 'Caution Valve is factory preset' label
- 11. 'Caution Read instruction manual before adjusting valve' label
- 12. 'Supply In/Out / Bleed air: lift' label
- 13. Protective earth (ground) symbol label
- 14. Water In/Out label
- 15. 'Warning Risk of electric shock' label
- 16. Direction of rotation arrow label
- 17. QDP motor rating information label

Figure 3 - Positions of the labels on the QDP pump

# 2 TECHNICAL DATA

# 2.1 General

2.2

QDP40	QDP80 (4 kW and 6 kW)
See Figure 4	See Figure 5
172 kg	202 kg
2.2  kW	4  kW / 6  kW
15 min	15 min
ISO40	ISO63
NW40	NW40
1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> mbar.ls <sup>-1</sup>	1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> mbar.ls <sup>-1</sup>
$(1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Pa.ls}^{-1})$	$(1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Pa.ls}^{-1})$
1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> mbar.ls <sup>-1</sup>	1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> mbar.ls <sup>-1</sup>
$(1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Pa.ls}^{-1})$	$(1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Pa.ls}^{-1})$
5 to 40 $^{\rm o}$ C	5 to 40 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$
90% RH	90% RH
IP44	IP44
< 70 dB(A)	< 70 dB(A)
See Figure 6	See Figure 7
See Figure 8	See Figure 9
	$80 \text{ m}^3 \text{h}^{-1}$
$55 \text{ m}^3 \text{h}^{-1}$	96 m <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup>
	91.5 m <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup>
62.4 m <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup>	$109.8 \text{ m}^3 \text{h}^{-1}$
	See Figure 4 172 kg 2.2 kW 15 min ISO40 NW40 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> mbar.ls <sup>-1</sup> (1 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> Pa.ls <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> mbar.ls <sup>-1</sup> (1 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> Pa.ls <sup>-1</sup> ) 5 to 40 °C 90% RH IP44 < 70 dB(A) See Figure 6

50 Hz

60 Hz

Typical ultimate vacuum without gas-ballast

3 x 10<sup>-2</sup> mbar

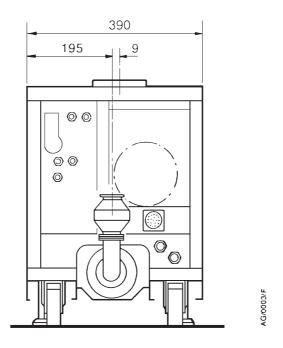
 $(3 \times 10^0 \text{ Pa})$ 

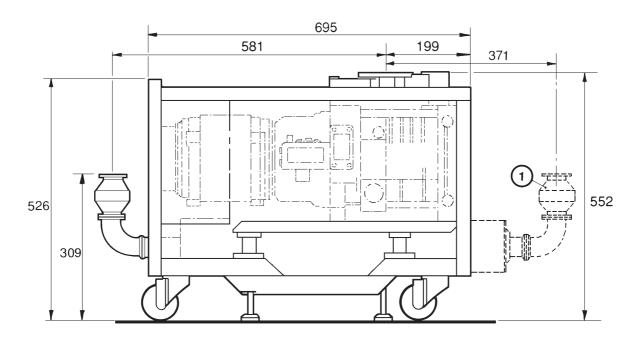
 $3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mbar}$   $(3 \times 10^{0} \text{ Pa})$ 

5 x 10<sup>-2</sup> mbar

 $(5 \times 10^0 \text{ Pa})$ 

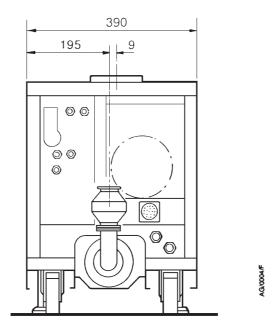
 $3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mbar}$ (3 x 10<sup>0</sup> Pa)

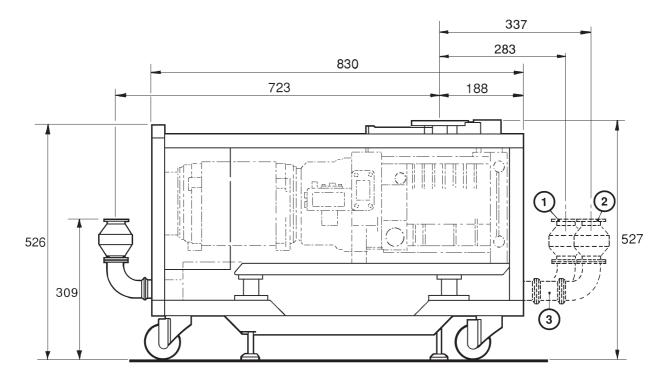




1. Alternative outlet position

Figure 4 - QDP40 Pump dimensions without enclosures (mm)





- 1. Alternative outlet position (without adaptor fitted)
- 2. Alternative outlet position (with adaptor fitted)
- 3. Adaptor

Figure 5 - QDP80 Pump dimensions without enclosures (mm)

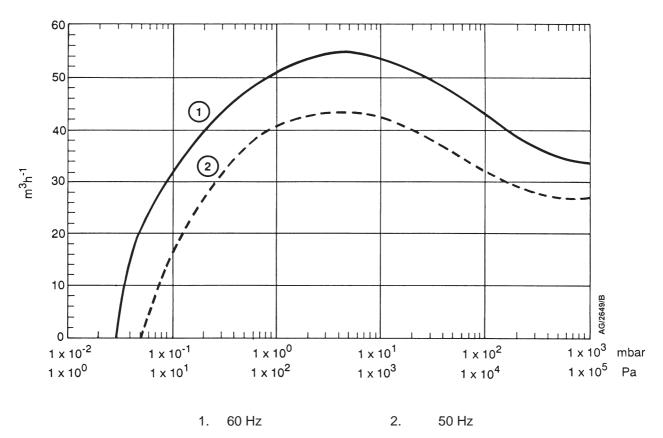


Figure 6 - Typical pumping speeds for QDP40: pumping speed against pressure

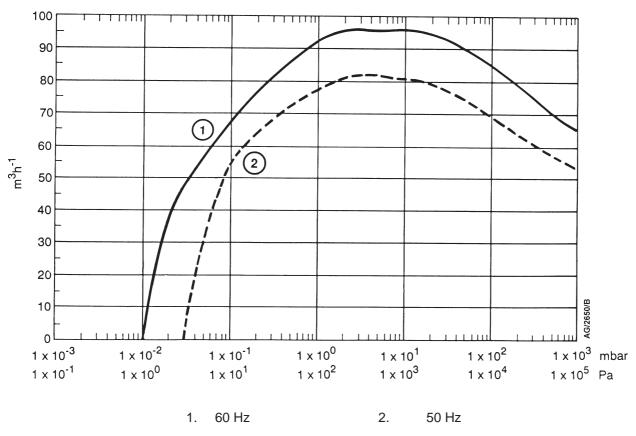
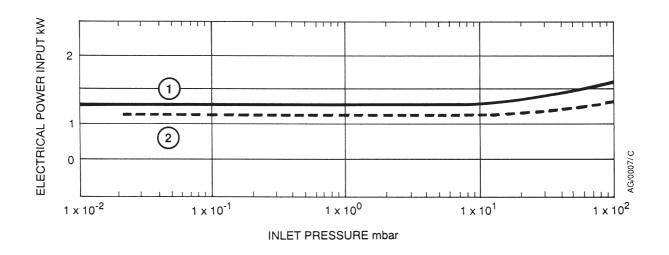
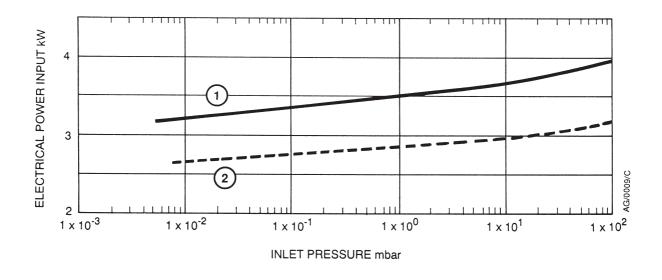


Figure 7 - Typical pumping speeds for QDP80: pumping speed against pressure



- 1. 60 Hz power curve
- 2. 50 Hz power curve

Figure 8 - QDP40 Power curves



- 1. 60 Hz power curve
- 2. 50 Hz power curve

Figure 9 - QDP80 Power curves

#### 2.3 Services

Note: The motors are supplied configured for low voltage operation (200-208 V at 50 Hz or 200-230 V at 60 Hz). To change the motor to high voltage operation (380-415 V at 50 Hz or 460 V at 60 Hz), refer to Section 3.8.2.

**Electrical supply** 

Supply voltage 200-208/380-415 V at 50 Hz, 3-phase

200-230/460 V at 60 Hz, 3-phase

Voltage tolerance  $\pm 10\%$  (except for 208 V and 415 V at

50 Hz which are +6% and -10%)

Cooling-water

Maximum supply pressure

100 psi (6.9 bar absolute, 6.9 x 10<sup>5</sup> Pa)

Minimum required pressure differential

across supply and return  $30 \text{ psi } (2.1 \text{ x } 10^5 \text{ Pa})$ 

Typical heat removed from pump 1.75 kW (QDP40), 2.75 kW (QDP80)

Maximum water consumption See Table 1
Maximum particle size in supply 0.03 mm<sup>2</sup>

Nitrogen supply

Supply pressures and flow rates For recommendations, see Table 2

Fittings type <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch compression

Pump operating temperature (measured at the thermal snap-switch position)	Maximum water consumption at ultimate vacuum with 50 Hz electrical supply, cooling-water supply temperature of 20 $^{\rm o}$ C and a pressure differential across the supply and return of 30 psi (2.1 x $10^5$ Pa)		
position)	QDP40	QDP80	
55 °C	300 lh <sup>-1</sup>	324 lh <sup>-1</sup>	
70 °C	150 lh <sup>-1</sup>	165 lh <sup>-1</sup>	
90 °C *	135 lh <sup>-1</sup>	126 lh <sup>-1</sup>	

<sup>\*</sup> The 88° thermal snap-switch must be configured to provide warning only, or you must fit the high temperature thermal snap-switch kit: see Section 7.4.

Table 1 - Maximum cooling-water consumption

		Shaft-seals purge	3/4-inter- stage purge	2/3-inter- stage purge	Inlet- purge	Exhaust- purge
Supply pressure (min)		8 psig (1.55 x 10 <sup>5</sup> Pa)	-	-	-	-
Supply pressure (max)		10 psig (1.69 x 10 <sup>5</sup> Pa)	-	-	-	-
Flow rate	QDP40	25 (max)	20 (max)	5 (max)	25 (max)	5 (typical)
(l.min <sup>-1</sup> )	QDP80	25 (max)	25 (max)	10 (max)	25 (max)	5 (typical)

Table 2 - Recommended nitrogen supply pressures and flow rates

# 2.4 Full load current ratings

Supply voltage and frequency		200-208 V 50 Hz	200-208 V 60 Hz	230 V 60 Hz	380-415 V 50 Hz	460 V 60 Hz
ODD40 Draws	Full load (A)	8.7	8.8	7.8	5.0	4.4
QDP40 Pump	Rating (kW)	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
ODDOO Dump (4 kW)	Full load (A)	16.0	16.0	14.2	8.0	8.0
QDP80 Pump (4 kW)	Rating (kW)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
ODDOO Dump (6 kW)	Full load (A)	18.9	22.2	19.7	9.5	9.9
QDP80 Pump (6 kW)	Rating (kW)	5.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	6.0

Table 3 - Full load current ratings

#### 2.5 Temperature control system

Note: A BOC Edwards Material Safety Data Sheet for the coolant used in the QDP pump is available on request.

Water-cooling system

Type Indirect water-to-coolant heat exchanger

Coolant capacity 1.7 litres

Thermostatic control-valve

Manufacturer Danfoss

Model AVTA DN15

Part number 003N2110

Working temperature range 50 to 90 °C

Maximum sensor temperature 130 °C

Thermal snap-switches

Manufacturer Fenwal Inc Model 08-02

Opening temperatures  $$88\ ^{o}C$$  (warning switch)

95 °C (shut-down switch) 78 °C (warning switch)

85 °C (shut-down switch)

Contact rating

Maximum voltage 240 V Maximum current (inductive load) 6.3 A Maximum current (resistive load) 12 A

Motor-protection thermistors

Closing temperatures

Type Positive temperature coefficient

Reference temperature 160 °C

Compliant with IEC 34-11 (BS4999 part 111)

Recommended control-unit To comply with IEC 34-11 (BS4999 part 111)
Relay contact rating Suitable for use with your contactor

#### 2.6 Electrical connectors

17-way connector

Pump half MS type, CA3100E20-29P/F80 Cable half MS type, CA3106E20-29S

# 2.7 Lubrication system

Note: BOC Edwards Material Safety Data Sheets for the oils and greases referenced below are available

on request.

#### 2.7.1 Gearbox

Oil capacity 0.4 litres
Grade of oil SAE 40
ISO viscosity grade 150

Recommended perfluoropolyether oils Fomblin Y25, Krytox 1525

# 2.7.2 High vacuum bearings

Grease type Perfluoropolyether
Recommended grease Fomblin RT15

# 2.8 Exhaust system

#### 2.8.1 Exhaust-silencer

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Gas temperature} & \mbox{5 to 150 °C} \\ \mbox{Exhaust pulsation attenuation} & \mbox{30 dB(A)} \\ \mbox{Mass} & \mbox{5.5 kg} \end{array}$ 

#### 2.8.2 Exhaust check-valve

Gas temperature 5 to 130 °C

Reverse flow leak tightness when clean

(minimum)  $0.4 \text{ mbar.ls}^{-1} (4 \times 10^{1} \text{ Pa.ls}^{-1})$ 

Mass 0.95 kg

#### 3 INSTALLATION

#### 3.1 Safety

#### WARNING

Obey the safety instructions given below and take note of appropriate precautions. If you do not, you can cause injury to people and damage to equipment

- A suitably trained and supervised technician must install the QDP pump.
- Ensure that the installation technician is familiar with the safety procedures which relate to the products pumped. Wear the appropriate safety-clothing when you come into contact with contaminated components. Dismantle and clean contaminated components inside a fume-cupboard.
- Vent and purge the process system (if the QDP Pump is replace an existing pump) with nitrogen for 15 minutes before you start installation work.
- Disconnect the other components in the pumping system from the electrical supply so that they cannot be operated accidentally.
- Do not reuse any 'O' ring or 'O' ring assembly, and do not allow debris to get into the QDP pump during installation.
- Wipe up any water or oil spilt during installation, so that people cannot slip over any spillages.
- Safely route and secure cables, hoses and pipes during installation, so that people cannot trip over them.
- Do not remove the temporary cover or the blanking-plate from the pump inlet-flange until you are ready to connect the pump to your vacuum system. Do not operate the pump unless the inlet blanking-plate is fitted, or the pump is connected to your vacuum system.
- Do not remove the temporary cover or the blanking-plate from the exhaust-silencer outlet until you are ready to connect the pump to your exhaust system. Do not operate the pump unless the pump is connected to your exhaust system.
- Obey all local and national rules and safety regulations when you install the pump.
- Consult BOC Edwards publication P300-20-000 (Vacuum Pump and Vacuum System Safety) before you pump hazardous materials. This publication is available on request: contact your supplier or BOC Edwards.

#### 3.2 Unpack and inspect

#### WARNING

Ensure that the maximum angle between paired slings used to lift the pump is 60°.

- 1. Place the pallet in a convenient position with a fork-lift truck or a pallet truck.
- 2. Remove the staples which secure the cardboard box to the pallet then remove the cardboard box; alternatively, open the top of the cardboard box. Tear open the foil bag around the pump.
- 3. Refer to Figure 10. Remove the two nuts and washers (2) which secure the front of the pump to the pallet. Dispose of the nuts and washers. Remove the two nuts and washers (2) which secure the rear of the pump to the pallet.
- 4. Use suitable lifting-equipment to remove the pump from its pallet. Do not try to lift the pump by hand (see Section 2 for the mass of the pump).
- 5. Inspect the pump. If the pump or any other item is damaged, notify your supplier and the carrier in writing within three days; state the Item Number of the pump together with your order number and your supplier's invoice number. Retain all packing materials for inspection. Do not use the pump if it is damaged.
- 6. Check that the pallet contains the items listed in Table 4. If any of these items is missing, notify your supplier in writing within three days.
- 7. If the pump is not to be used immediately, replace the packing materials. Store the pump in suitable conditions as described in Section 6.

Qty	Description	Check (✓)
1	QDP Pump	
1	General fitting-kit	

Table 4 - Checklist of components

# 3.3 Height adjustment

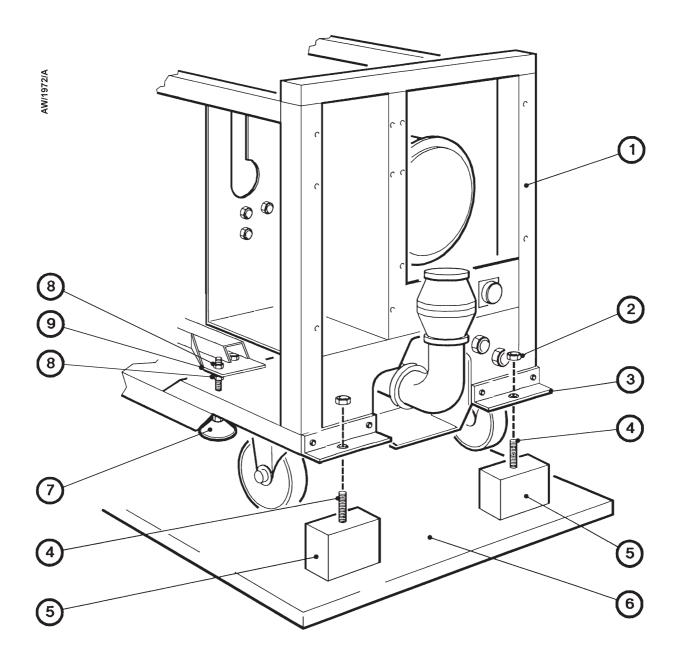
The height of the pump-inlet from the ground can be lowered by 6 mm. To lower the pump-inlet, remove each of the castors and then remove the spacer plate between each castor and the pump frame. Refit the castors with 16 mm long M8 cap-head bolts.

#### 3.4 Check the coolant-level

Refer to Figure 11.

1. Unscrew and remove the combined filler-plug/level indicator (5). Use a clean lint-free cloth to wipe the shaft of the indicator, then replace the combined filler-plug/level indicator in the coolant header-tank.

(Continued on page 18)



- 1. QDP pump frame
- 2. Nut and washer
- 3. Bracket
- 4. Stud
- 5. Block

- 6. Pallet
- 7. Levelling foot
- 8. Nut and washer
- 9. Bracket

Figure 10 - Remove the pump from the pallet

- 2. Remove the combined filler-plug/level indicator again and check the coolant-level: the coolant-level must be visible on the shaft of the indicator, but must not be above the notch mark on the indicator shaft.
- 3. If necessary, add more coolant: refer to Section 5.4.
- 4. Check that the bonded seal on the combined filler-plug/level indicator (5) is in place. Refit and tighten the combined filler-plug/level indicator.

#### 3.5 Check the gearbox oil-level

Check that the gearbox oil-level is correct; the oil-level must be between the MIN and MAX marks on the bezel of the oil-level sight-glass (see Figure 11). If necessary, drain excess oil from the pump or fill the pump with oil: refer to Section 5.3.

#### 3.6 Locate the pump

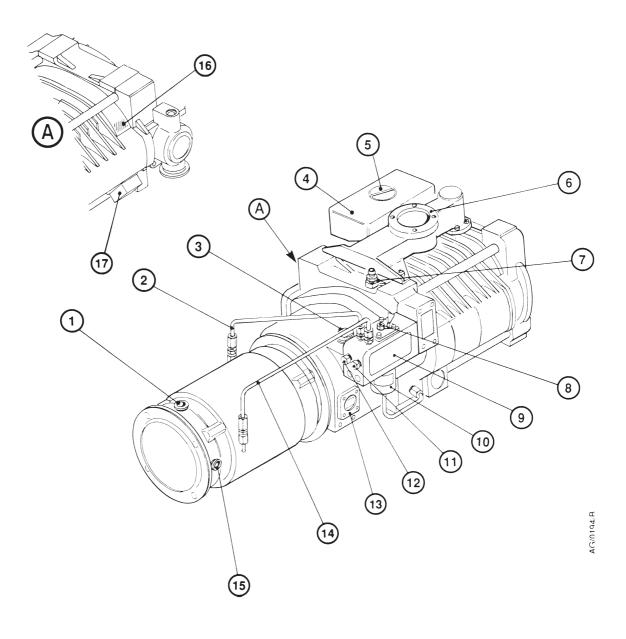
- 1. Refer to Figure 10. Remove the nuts and washers (8) fitted to the top of the four levelling feet (7), then retract the levelling feet.
- 2. Wheel the pump on its castors to move the pump into its operating position. The QDP pump must be located on a firm, level surface.
- 3. Once located in its final operating position, adjust the levelling feet to make sure that the QDP pump is level and is not supported by the castors.

### 3.7 Connect to your emergency stop system

The QDP pump must be connected to an emergency stop facility. The operation of the emergency stop function should immediately disconnect power from the pump when the emergency stop control is operated. Returning the emergency stop control to its normal position should not result in power being re-applied to the QDP pump; a separate start or reset control should be used for this.

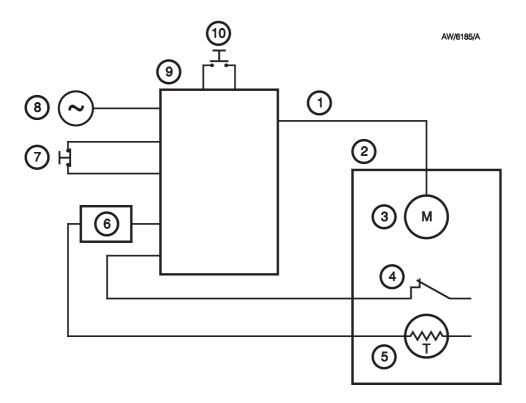
The shut-down thermal snap-switch and excess temperature detected by the motor winding thermistors should also be connected to an emergency stop facility to cause the QDP pump to stop immediately, in the same way as the emergency stop function.

Refer to Figure 12 and to Section 3.8 for more information about the electrical connections.



1.	Electrical supply cable-gland	9.	Cooling-water manifold
2.	Pump-motor cooling-water pipe	10.	Thermostatic control-valve (TCV)
3.	Oil filler-plug	11.	Cap (over QMB water return connection)
4.	Coolant header-tank	12.	Cap (over QMB water supply connection)
5.	Combiner filler-plug/	13.	Oil-level sight-glass
	level indicator	14.	Pump-motor cooling-water pipe
6.	Inlet	15.	Thermistors cable-gland
7.	Air bleed-valve	16.	Temperature measurement point
8.	TCV adjuster spindle	17.	Thermal snap-switch box

Figure 11 - Cooling system and lubrication system components



- 1. Electrical supply to QDP pump-motor
- 2. QDP pump
- 3. QDP pump-motor
- 4. Thermal snap-switch
- 5. Motor-protection thermistors
- 6. Thermistor interface
- 7. Emergency stop control
- 8. External electrical supply
- 9. Emergency stop system
- 10. Reset/start controls

Figure 12 - Schematic diagram of the emergency stop system

#### 3.8 Electrical connections

#### WARNING

If you use gas dilution as a safety feature of your system, you must fit a suitable alarm and interlock system to prevent operation of the QDP pump when the gas dilution system does not work. If you do not, the concentration of dangerous process gases in the exhaust of the pump may (without warning) exceed safe limits and may cause an explosion or injury to people.

#### **WARNING**

Use a suitable cable-gland so that the seal of the electrical cable entry into the motor terminal-box meets the requirements of IP44 in IEC 529. If you do not, condensation may form inside the terminal-box and there may be a risk of electric shock.

#### **WARNING**

Do not turn on the cooling-water supply until after you complete the electrical installation of the pump. If you do, condensation may form inside the motor terminal-box and there may be a risk of electric shock.

#### 3.8.1 17-way connector

There is a 17-way connector (Figure 2, item 3) on the electrical services panel for the outputs from the thermal snap-switches and the motor-protection thermistors. The connector may also be used to carry electrical supplies and signals to pump accessories (refer to the instruction manual supplied with your accessory). A wiring diagram for the connector is shown in Figure 13; all of the wiring shown in this figure is inside the QDP frame.

#### Note also that:

- A mating-half for the 17-way connector is not supplied with the pump: refer to Section 7.3 for the Item Number of the connector mating-half.
- A 3-way mating-half for the flow-switch link (3) is supplied fitted to the connector on the flying leads in the pump. You must remove this link if you fit a flow-switch.
- A 2-way mating-half for the QMB thermistors electrical connector (4) is supplied fitted to the connector on the flying leads in the pump. If you fit a QMB mechanical booster pump, you must remove the link from the mating-half and connect the QMB thermistors through the mating-half of this 2-way connector.

We recommend that you use the pins of the 17-way connector as shown in Table 5 (see page 19).

Pins	Wire colour	Use
A and B	Red	Enclosure interlock and/or emergency off
С	Green/Yellow	Thermal snap-switch earth (ground)
D and N	D: brown, N: Blue	Oil-level monitor control (if required)
E and F	Black	Warning (88 °C) thermal snap-switch
G and H	Black	Shut-down (95 °C) thermal snap-switch
J and K	Black	Not assigned to a specific accessory
L and M	Black	Oil-level monitor outputs
P and R	White	QMB motor-protection thermistor outputs
S and T	S: Blue, T: Brown	QDP motor-protection thermistor outputs

Table 5 - 17-way connector pins

# 3.8.2 High and low voltage operation

The universal voltage and frequency motors are supplied configured for 'low voltage' operation  $(200\text{-}208\,\mathrm{V}\,\mathrm{at}\,50\,\mathrm{Hz}\,\mathrm{or}\,200\text{-}230\,\mathrm{V}\,\mathrm{at}\,60\,\mathrm{Hz})$ . Figures 14 and 16 show the low voltage configurations for the QDP40 and QDP80 Pumps.

To change the QDP40 Pump-motor to 'high voltage' operation (380-415 V at 50 Hz or 460 V at 60 Hz), remove the pump-motor terminal-box cover, then remove the three links from the U, V and W terminals. Link the U1, V1 and W1 terminals as shown in Figure 15.

To change the QDP80 Pump-motor to 'high voltage' operation, remove the pump-motor terminal-box cover, then remove the wires from the U1, V1 and W1 terminals. Reconnect the wires to the W2, U2 and V2 terminals as shown in Figure 17.

#### 3.8.3 Connect the electrical supply

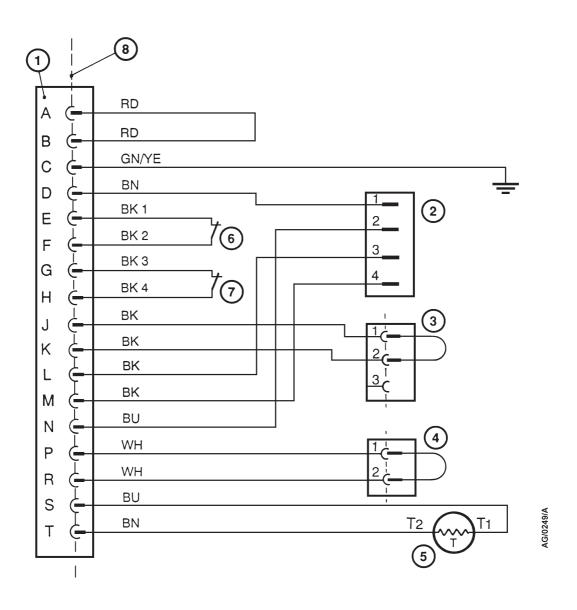
#### **CAUTION**

The motor must be correctly configured and you must make the correct electrical connections for your electrical supply. If you do not, you can damage the motor.

Connect the motor to the electrical supply as described below. Connect the supply through a contactor which has overload-protection, or use a controller which incorporates a contactor. You must use a contactor which has a manual reset control. If you do not, the pump could automatically restart after an electrical overload or an electrical supply failure.

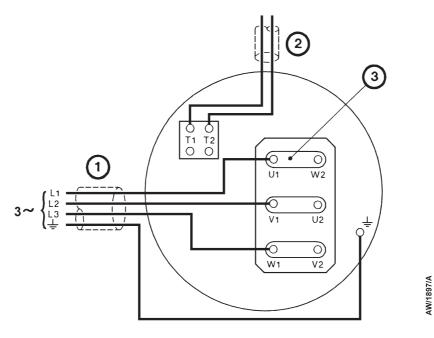
- 1. Remove the motor terminal-box cover.
- 2. Check your electrical supply voltage and frequency. If necessary, configure the motor to operate with your supply voltage (see Section 3.8.2).
- 3. Remove the plug from the cable entry-hole.

(Continued on page 26)



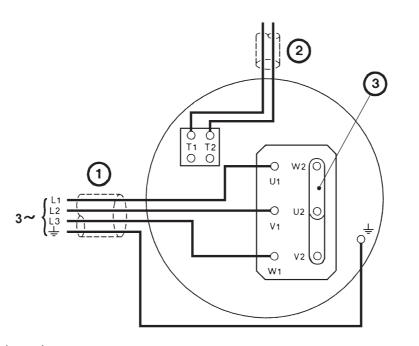
1.	17-way connector	Wire	e colour codes:
2.	Electrical connector (oil-level monitor)	BK	Black
3.	Electrical connector (flow-switch)	BN	Brown
4.	Electrical connector (QMB thermistors)	BU	Blue
5.	QDP thermistors	GN	Green
6.	Warning thermal snap-switch	RD	Red
7.	Shut-down thermal snap-switch	WH	White
8.	QDP electrical services panel	YΕ	Yellow

Figure 13 - 17-way connector wiring



- 1. To electrical supply
- 2. To 17-way connector on electrical services panel
- 3. Links

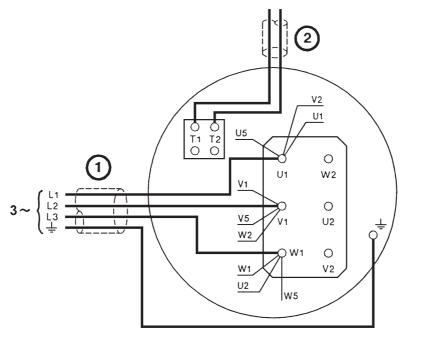
Figure 14 - QDP40 low voltage configuration



- 1. To electrical supply
- 2. To 17-way connector on electrical services panel
- 3. Links

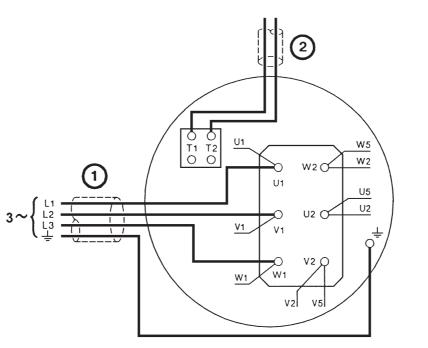
Figure 15 - QDP40 high voltage configuration

AW/1898/A



- 1. To electrical supply
- 2. To 17-way connector on electrical services panel

Figure 16 - QDP80 low voltage configuration



- 1. To electrical supply
- 2. To 17-way connector on electrical services panel

Figure 17 - QDP80 high voltage configuration

AW/1899/A

- 4. Fit a suitable 20 mm cable-gland to the hole. If your cable is too large to pass through a 20 mm cable-gland, fit a 20 mm to 25 mm female thread-adaptor to the cable entry-hole, and fit a 25 mm cable-gland to the adaptor. The cable-gland (and adaptor, if fitted) must provide a protective seal to IP44 (or higher), as defined by IEC 529.
- 5. Pass the supply cable through the cable-gland and connect the wires of the electrical supply cable to the appropriate terminals (see Figures 14 to 16).
- 6. Tighten the cable-gland and refit the terminal-box cover.

# 3.8.4 Connect the thermal snap-switches

#### WARNING

Incorporate a manual reset device in your control equipment. If you do not (and a fault which causes the shut-down thermal snap-switch to open is not corrected), the pump will switch on again when it cools down.

You can connect the warning thermal snap-switch to your control equipment to provide an indication that the pump is too hot. Connect the shut-down thermal snap-switch to your control equipment to shut down the pump. Alternatively, you can connect the shut-down thermal snap-switch to the electrical-overload control-loop of your contactor. If you do this, the contactor will automatically switch off if the pump is too hot.

The thermal snap-switches will reset (that is, close again) when the pump cools down to a preset temperature (see Section 2). We therefore recommend that your control equipment incorporates a manual reset device to prevent the pump switching on again automatically when it cools down.

You can use a 17-way connector mating-half (not supplied: refer to Section 7.4) to connect the thermal snap-switches to your control equipment; Table 5 defines the functions of the pins.

#### 3.8.5 Connect the motor-protection thermistors

Connect the output of the motor-protection thermistors to your control equipment to switch off the pump if the motor is too hot. Refer to Section 2 for the specification of a suitable control-unit. You can use a 17-way connector mating-half (not supplied: refer to Section 7.4) to connect the thermistors outputs to your control equipment; Table 5 defines the functions of the pins.

If you have a QMB mechanical booster pump in your pumping system, then:

- If you connect the QDP and QMB thermistors to a single control-unit (for example, a BOC Edwards Q Controller), you must connect the outputs in series not in parallel. The outputs must not be short-circuited by any links or jumpers.
- If you connect the QMB thermistor outputs directly to a BOC Edwards Q Controller (that is, you do not use the 17-way connector on the QDP), either make sure that pins P and R on the electrical connector on the QDP are not connected to the auxiliary socket of the Q Controller, or make sure that the mating-half of the 2-way QMB thermistors electrical connector is removed (refer to Section 3.8.1).

#### 3.8.6 Check the pump rotation

Check the direction of pump rotation as described below.

- 1. Loosen the bolts which secure the blanking-plate to the pump-inlet.
- 2. Watch the pump-inlet blanking-plate and switch on the pump for one or two seconds, then switch the pump off. If the blanking-plate lifts from the inlet, the direction of rotation is incorrect. If the direction of rotation is incorrect, isolate the electrical supply and reverse any two of the electrical supply phase-wires in the pump-motor terminal-box.
- 3. Repeat the check to ensure that the direction of rotation is correct.

# 3.9 Fit a mechanical booster pump

If you want to use a mechanical booster pump, fit it now. Details of the connection kits available from BOC Edwards are given in Section 7. Refer to the installation procedures in the instruction manual supplied with the connection kit.

# 3.10 Connect the cooling-water supply

#### WARNING

Do not turn on the cooling-water supply until after you complete the electrical installation of the pump. If you do, condensation may form inside the motor terminal-box and there may be a risk of electric shock.

#### **CAUTION**

Drain the cooling-water from the pumping system, if you will transport or store it in conditions where the cooling-water could freeze. If you do not, cooling-water may freeze in the QDP pump and damage the pump.

Note: If you will transport or store the pumping system in conditions where the cooling-water could freeze, you must ensure that all cooling-water is drained from the pumping system: refer to Section 6.1

Connect the cooling-water supply as described below. If a QMB mechanical booster pump is fitted, you must connect the QMB cooling-water supply and return to the cooling-water manifold on the QDP as described in the instruction manual supplied with the QMB Connection Kit. When you connect the hoses between the QDP cooling-water manifold and the QMB pump, remove only the  $^3/_8$  BSP caps on the manifold (Figure 11, items 11 and 12). Do not remove the  $^3/_8$  to  $^1/_4$  inch reducer fittings on the manifold.

If you need to connect more than one QDP pump to the water supply, you must connect them in parallel and not in series.

(Continued on page 28)

- 1. Take out the male and female type quick-release connectors from the general fitting-kit.
- 2. Fit these connectors to your cooling-water supply and return hoses with  $^3/_8$  inch BSP male pipe fittings (which you must supply). Fit the female quick-release connector to the water supply hose and fit the male quick-release connector to the water return hose.
- 3. Remove the dust-caps from the cooling-water connectors on the water services panel (Figure 2, items 4 and 6).
- 4. Connect your water return pipe to the water return connector on the water services panel, then connect your water supply pipe to the water supply connector on the water services panel.
- 5. Turn on the cooling-water supply.
- 6. To bleed air out of the water cooling system, use a screwdriver to lift up the spindle on the top of the TCV (Figure 11, item 8) and hold it up for 15 to 30 seconds to allow a steady flow of water to establish. Do not turn the spindle against the locking-wire.
- 7. Check the water hoses, pipelines and connections to ensure that there are no leaks.
- 8. Turn off the water supply while you complete the remainder of the installation procedures.

#### 3.11 Connect the nitrogen supply

#### **WARNING**

If your vacuum system is not suitable for pressures above atmospheric, you must install a suitable control-valve system. If you do not, your system could be pressurised up to the nitrogen supply pressure.

Connect nitrogen supplies to the pump through the five connectors on the gas services panel (see Figure 2). You must connect a nitrogen supply to the shaft-seals purge connector (Figure 2, item 12) for all QDP pump applications. Use the other gas pipelines according to your application.

The gas pipeline connections are  $^{1}/_{4}$  inch compression fittings. Use rigid metal supply pipelines (such as stainless steel) with an outside diameter of  $^{1}/_{4}$  inch. If you have an acoustic enclosure to fit, ensure that the pipelines will not obstruct the enclosure. Use the connectors in the general fitting-kit to connect your pipelines to the pump. If you have a gas module accessory, the necessary pipelines and connectors are supplied with the accessory.

Use a suitable regulator in the nitrogen supply pipeline to the shaft-seals purge to maintain a constant supply pressure of 8 psig (0.55 bar gauge,  $3.8 \times 10^3$  Pa) minimum and 10 psig (0.69 bar gauge,  $6.9 \times 10^4$  Pa) maximum.

If your vacuum system is not suitable for positive pressures, install an inlet-valve or nitrogen supply solenoid-valve, interlocked to the pump-motor electrical supply, to prevent over-pressurisation. To prevent over-pressurisation of the exhaust-line, install a facility to monitor the exhaust pressure and to cut off the nitrogen supply automatically if this pressure reaches 6 psi  $(4.1 \times 10^4 \text{ Pa})$ .

#### 3.12 Connect the pump to your vacuum system

When you connect your pump to the vacuum system, take note of the following:

- To get the best pumping speed, ensure that the pipeline which connects the vacuum system to the pump is the minimum length possible and has an internal diameter not less than the pump-inlet port. Use a flexible connection in the pipeline to reduce vibration and stress in the system pipelines.
- On very dusty applications, use an inlet-filter to minimise damage to the pump.
- You must be able to isolate the pump-inlet from the atmosphere and from your vacuum system if you have pumped or produced corrosive chemicals.
- Vacuum pipelines must be adequately supported to stop the transmission of stress to pipeline joints.

The QDP40 inlet-flange is ISO40 and the QDP80 inlet-flange is ISO63. Use the following procedure to connect the QDP pump to your vacuum system. This procedure assumes that a mechanical booster pump has not been fitted. If a mechanical booster pump has been fitted, use the instructions given in the appropriate instruction manual supplied with the mechanical booster pump.

- 1. Remove the four M8 x 45 mm cap-head bolts, nuts and washers. Remove the inlet blanking-plate.
- 2. Retain the nuts, bolts and washers for future use. Retain the blanking-plate for future use as a temporary cover, for uncontaminated pumps only.
- 3. Use the trapped 'O' ring supplied to connect the pump inlet-flange to your vacuum system. Secure with the bolts provided in the general fitting-kit or the bolts removed in Step 1.

#### 3.13 Exhaust system connection

#### 3.13.1 Use of the alternative outlet position

Figures 4 and 5 show the positions of the outlet on the QDP pump; as supplied, the outlet is at the motor end of the pump. If required, the outlet can be moved to the opposite end of the pump. Use the following procedure to use the alternative outlet position.

- 1. Remove the two screws (Figure 2, item 7) which secure the exhaust-silencer support-plate to the pump and remove the support-plate.
- 2. Undo and remove the NW40 clamp which secures the inlet of the exhaust-silencer to the outlet of the pump.
- 3. Remove the exhaust-silencer and turn it through 180°, so that the outlet is at the other end of the pump (as in Figures 4 and 5).

(Continued on page 30)

- 4. If required, you can remove the adaptor (Figure 5, item 3) from the exhaust-silencer on the QDP80 pump. To remove the adaptor:
  - Remove the two NW40 clamps which secure the adaptor to the outlet of the exhaust-silencer and the elbow and remove the adaptor.
  - Use one of the clamps to secure the elbow to the outlet of the exhaust-silencer.
- 5. Use the clamp removed in Step 2 to secure the inlet of the exhaust-silencer to the outlet of the pump.
- 6. Refit the exhaust-silencer support-plate and secure with the two screws removed in Step 1.

## 3.13.2 Connect the pump to your exhaust system

#### WARNING

Pipe the exhaust to a suitable treatment plant to prevent the discharge of dangerous gases or vapours to the surrounding atmosphere.

#### WARNING

Do not operate the QDP pump with the exhaust pipeline blocked. If the exhaust pipeline is blocked, the QDP pumps can generate exhaust pipeline pressures up to 7 bar  $(7 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa})$ .

#### **CAUTION**

Use a catchpot to prevent condensate draining back into the pump. Condensate which drains back into the pump could damage the pump.

When you connect the pump to the exhaust system, take note of the following:

- Ensure that all components in the exhaust pipeline have a pressure rating which is greater than the highest pressure that can be generated in your system.
- Incorporate flexible pipelines in the exhaust pipeline to reduce the transmission of vibration and to prevent loading of coupling-joints. We recommend that you use BOC Edwards flexible pipelines.
- You must be able to isolate the exhaust-silencer outlet from the atmosphere if you have pumped or produced corrosive chemicals.
- Exhaust pipelines must be adequately supported to stop the transmission of stress to pipeline joints.
- 1. Remove the plastic cover from the NW40 flange on the exhaust-silencer outlet. Retain the cover for future use as a temporary cover, for uncontaminated pumps only.
- 2. Connect the exhaust-silencer outlet to your exhaust system. The outlet has an NW40 flange.

### 3.14 Leak-test the installation

#### WARNING

Leak-test the system after installation and maintenance and seal any leaks found to prevent leakage of dangerous substances out of the system and leakage of air into the system.

Leak-test the system after installation and seal any leaks found. Dangerous substances which leak from the system will be dangerous to people and there will be a danger of explosion if air leaks into the system. We recommend that the leak rate is  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  mbar.ls<sup>-1</sup> ( $1 \times 10^{-3}$  Pa.ls<sup>-1</sup>) helium or less.

# 3.15 Commission the pump

### 3.15.1 Adjust the thermostatic control-valve (TCV)

#### WARNING

Do not adjust the TCV to a lower setting (that is, turn the adjuster spindle anticlockwise) when the pump is hot. This will increase the flow of cooling-water which may damage the pump because of the differential contraction of the pump rotor and case.

Note: The QDP pump can only be operated at pump temperatures above 88°C if you configure the pump so that the 88°C thermal snap-switch gives a warning only, (that is, does not automatically shut down the QDP pump), or if you fit the high temperature thermal snap-switch kit, which contains a warning thermal snap-switch which opens at 95°C and a shut-down thermal snap-switch which opens at 115°C.

The TCV regulates the flow of water through the water cooling system to maintain the pump at the required operating temperature.

A pump operating temperature of 70  $^{\circ}$ C is suitable for most processes and, as supplied, the TCV is factory set to maintain this temperature (measured at the thermal snap-switch position). The adjuster spindle on the TCV is held at this setting by a locking-wire.

You can adjust the TCV to vary the operating temperature of the pump (measured at the temperature measurement point - Figure 11, item 16) between approximately 55  $^{\rm o}$ C (minimum) and approximately 90  $^{\rm o}$ C (maximum). If you need to adjust the TCV to suit your operating conditions, refer to Figure 11 and use the following procedure. Note that it takes approximately 30 minutes for the pump to stabilise at its final operating temperature.

1. Cut and remove the locking-wire on the spindle on the top of the TCV (8).

(Continued on page 32)

2. Use a suitable screwdriver to turn the spindle (8) the necessary number of turns from the factory set position to select the required operating temperature (refer to Table 6 for the QDP40 and Table 7 for the QDP80). If you are not sure whether the adjuster spindle is at the factory set position, turn the spindle fully clockwise until it will turn no further, then adjust the spindle from this position.

Required pump operating	Required number of turns of TCV adjuster spindle		
temperature <sup>o</sup> C	From factory set position	From fully clockwise position	
Valve shut/pump off	10 7	-	
90 #	9 Clockwise	1 🗍	
70 *	-	10 Anti-	
55	6 Anticlockwise	16 clockwise	

<sup>#</sup> 88  $^{o}$ C thermal snap-switch must be configured to provide warning only, or you must fit the high temperature thermal snap-switch kit.

Table 6 - Adjust the TCV on the QDP40

Required pump operating	Required number of turns of TCV adjuster spindle	
temperature <sup>o</sup> C	From factory set position	From fully clockwise position
Valve shut/pump off	13	-
90 #	9Clockwise	4
70 *	-	13 – Anti-
55	8 Anticlockwise	21 clockwise

<sup>#</sup> 88  $^{o}$ C thermal snap-switch must be configured to provide warning only, or you must fit the high temperature thermal snap-switch kit.

Table 7 - Adjust the TCV on the QDP80

# 3.15.2 Commissioning procedure

- 1. Isolate the pump from your vacuum system.
- 2. Turn on the cooling-water supply, the nitrogen supply and your exhaust-extraction system (if fitted).
- 3. Check all of the water, nitrogen system, exhaust-extraction system and vacuum system connections.
- 4. Switch on the pump (and the mechanical booster pump, if fitted).
- 5. Allow the pump temperature to stabilise (approximately 30 minutes).
- 6. Turn off the pump and the services.

<sup>\*</sup> Factory set position

<sup>\*</sup> Factory set position

### 4 OPERATION

Note: The following procedures assume that you have an inlet-isolation valve fitted to your pump.

# 4.1 Start-up procedure

- 1. Check the gearbox oil-level in the sight-glass on the side of the pump (see Figure 11).
- 2. Check the coolant level with the filler-cap/level indicator.
- 3. Turn on the cooling-water supply, the nitrogen supply and the exhaust-extraction system (if fitted).
- 4. Check all of the water, nitrogen system, exhaust-extraction system (if any) and vacuum system connections.
- 5. Switch on the pump (and the mechanical booster pump, if fitted).
- 6. Refer to Section 2.3 and Section 4.2 for operation of the gas system to suit your process conditions.

# 4.2 Gas flow rates and pressures

Table 2 (see Section 2) shows the maximum flow rates for the shaft-seals purge, 3/4-interstage purge and 2/3-interstage purge gas flows.

During operation, you must set the flow rates of the 3/4-interstage purge and the 2/3-interstage purge pipelines to the required values. These values are dependent on the process in which the pump is used and you should adjust the flow rates according to your experience. If you exceed the flow rates specified in Table 2, the performance of the pump may be reduced.

You must set the pressure of the shaft-seals purge as specified in Table 2 and Section 3.11. You must not attempt to adjust the flow rate of the shaft-seals purge (which is determined by the pump itself). The nominal flow rate of the shaft-seals purge is  $12 \, \text{l.min}^{-1}$ . If the flow rate is higher than the nominal value, you may reduce the flow rate of the 3/4-interstage purge by [F-12] l.min<sup>-1</sup> (where F is the actual shaft-seals flow rate). This will reduce the amount of nitrogen exhausted from the pump.

### 4.3 Pump shutdown

Shut down the pump as described below.

- 1. Isolate the pump-inlet from your vacuum system and operate it for 15 minutes with the nitrogen supply switched on.
- 2. Turn off the nitrogen supply.
- 3. Switch off the QDP pump (and the mechanical booster pump if fitted).
- 4. Turn off the cooling-water supply.

### 5 MAINTENANCE

# 5.1 Safety

#### WARNING

Obey the safety instructions given below and take note of appropriate precautions. If you do not, you can cause injury to people and damage to equipment.

- A suitably trained and supervised technician must maintain the QDP pump.
- Ensure that the maintenance technician is familiar with the safety procedures which relate to the products handled by the pumping-system. Wear the appropriate safety-clothing when you come into contact with contaminated components. Dismantle and clean contaminated components inside a fume-cupboard.
- Allow the pump to cool to a safe temperature before you start maintenance work.
- Vent and purge the pumping system with nitrogen before you start any maintenance work.
- Isolate the pump and other components in the pumping system from the electrical supply so that they can not be operated accidentally.
- Fit a suitable blanking-plate to the pump inlet-flange and to your vacuum system as soon as you have disconnected the pump from your vacuum system. Do not operate the pump unless the inlet blanking-plate is fitted, or the pump is connected to your vacuum system.
- Fit a suitable blanking-plate to the exhaust-silencer outlet-flange and to your exhaust system as soon as you have disconnected the pump from your exhaust system. Do not operate the pump unless the exhaust-silencer outlet is connected to your exhaust system.
- Recheck the pump rotation direction if the electrical supply has been disconnected.
- 'O' ring replacement intervals will vary depending on your application: contact BOC Edwards for advice.
- Do not reuse 'O' rings or 'O' ring assemblies.
- Dispose of components, grease and oil safely (see Section 6.2).
- Take care to protect sealing-faces from damage.
- Do not touch or inhale the thermal breakdown products of fluorinated materials which may be present if the pump has been overheated to 260 °C and above. These breakdown products are very dangerous. Fluorinated materials in the pump may include oils, greases and seals. The pump may have overheated if it was misused, if it malfunctioned or if it was in a fire. BOC Edwards Material Safety Data Sheets for fluorinated materials used in the pump are available on request: contact your supplier or BOC Edwards.
- Leak-test the system after maintenance work is complete if you have connected or disconnected any vacuum or exhaust joints. Seal any leaks found to prevent leakage of dangerous substances out of the system and leakage of air into the system.
- Wipe up any water, Drystar coolant or oil spilt during maintenance, so that people cannot slip over any spillages.
- Safely route and secure all cables, hoses and pipes during maintenance, so that people cannot trip over them.

## 5.2 Maintenance plan

The plan in Table 8 details the maintenance operations we recommend to maintain the pump in normal operation. Instructions for each operation are given in the section shown.

When you maintain the pump, use BOC Edwards maintenance and service kits. These contain all of the necessary seals, lubricating grease and other components necessary to complete maintenance operations successfully. The Item Numbers of the service kits are given in Section 7.3.

In practice, the frequency of maintenance is dependent on your process. In clean processes, you may be able to decrease the frequency of maintenance operations; in harsh processes you may have to increase the frequency of maintenance operations. Adjust the maintenance plan according to your experience.

Operation	Frequency	Refer to Section
Check the gearbox oil-level	6 Monthly	5.3
Check the coolant-level	6 Monthly	5.4
Inspect and clean the exhaust-silencer	3 Monthly	5.5
Inspect the pipelines and connections	6 Monthly	5.6
Inspect the exhaust check-valve	6 Monthly	5.7
Change the gearbox oil	Yearly or when con-	5.8
	taminated, whichever	
	occurs first*	
Relubricate the rotor bearings	Yearly	5.9

<sup>\*</sup> If the gearbox oil is not contaminated, you may only need to change the gearbox oil once a year. If there is contamination (indicated by a change in colour of the oil; for example, water contamination will turn the oil a white colour), you must change the oil. You may be able to remove the contaminants from the oil by filtration.

Table 8 - Maintenance plan

# 5.3 Check the gearbox oil-level

#### WARNING

Do not remove the oil filler-plug when the pump is operating. If you do, hot oil may be ejected from the pump gearbox

Refer to Figure 11 and check that the pump gearbox oil-level is between the MIN and MAX marks on the bezel of the oil-level sight-glass. If the oil-level is above the MAX mark, drain excess oil from the pump as described in Section 5.7 until the oil-level is correct. If the oil-level is below the MAX mark:

- 1. Unscrew and remove the oil filler-plug (3).
- 2. Pour oil into the gearbox until the oil-level is at the MAX mark on the bezel of the oil-level sight-glass.

(Continued on page 36)

3. Make sure that the bonded seal is in place on the oil filler-plug. Screw the filler-plug back in and tighten to finger tight. Use a spanner to tighten a further  $^{1}/_{16}$ th of a turn.

The gearbox is vented and the loss of a small amount of oil during operation is normal. If you need to pour oil into the gearbox frequently, or if there is a sudden loss of a large amount of oil, this may indicate that the pump has a fault. In these circumstances, we recommend that you shut down the pump as soon as possible and contact your supplier or BOC Edwards for advice.

### 5.4 Check the coolant-level

#### WARNING

Do not remove the combined filler-plug/level indicator when the QDP pump is hot. If you do, hot coolant may be ejected from the header-tank and could cause injury.

#### **CAUTION**

Fill the QDP pump with the correct type and amount of coolant. If you do not, the pump may overheat and it may not work correctly.

In addition to cooling the pump, the coolant acts as a corrosion inhibitor and anti-scaling agent. Check the coolant-level and fill the pump with coolant as described below; new coolant is available as a spare: refer to Section 7. The locations of the components of the cooling-water system are shown in Figure 11.

- $1. \quad Isolate the pump from the electrical supply and ensure that the cooling-water supply is off. \\$
- 2. Unscrew and remove the combined filler-plug/level indicator (5). Use a clean lint-free cloth to wipe the shaft of the indicator, then replace the combined filler-plug/level indicator in the coolant header-tank.
- 3. Remove the combined filler-plug/level indicator again and check the coolant-level: the coolant-level must be visible on the shaft of the indicator, but must not be above the notch mark on the indicator shaft. If the coolant-level is acceptable, continue at Step 12, otherwise continue at Step 4.
- 4. Remove the cap from a container of pump coolant and pour in de-ionised water until the 2.1 litre fill line on the container is reached.
- 5. Refit the cap firmly on the container. Shake the container gently to fully mix the fluids.
- 6. Check that the coolant drain-plug on the underside of the pump is securely fitted.
- 7. Fit a length of transparent flexible hose to the air bleed-valve, then unscrew the air bleed-valve (7).
- 8. Use a clean funnel to slowly fill the pump with the coolant mixture until the coolant fluid starts to flow through the hose fitted to the air bleed-valve.
- 9. Tighten the air bleed-valve (7), then remove the flexible hose.

- 10. Continue to fill the system slowly until you see the fluid in the bottom of the coolant header-tank (4).
- 11. Refit the combined filler-plug/level indicator (5) and then remove it to check the fluid-level on the shaft of the indicator: refer to Step 3.
- 12. Check that the bonded seal on the combined filler-plug/level indicator (5) is in place. Refit and tighten the combined filler-plug/level indicator.

# 5.5 Inspect and clean the exhaust-silencer

#### WARNING

Substances which accumulate in the exhaust-silencer may be dangerous. Do not allow these substances to come into contact with your skin or eyes. Do not inhale vapours from these substances. Fit blanking caps to the inlet and outlet flanges when you move the silencer around your workplace.

Refer to Figure 18 and dismantle, inspect and clean the silencer as described below.

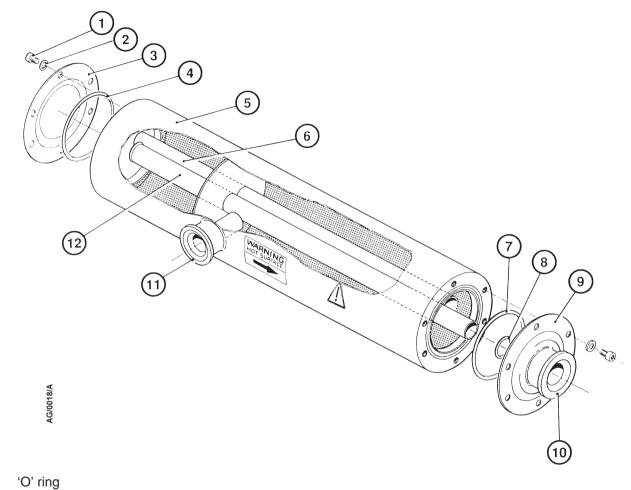
- 1. Release the NW40 clamps at the silencer inlet and outlet flanges to disconnect the silencer from the check-valve and the pump.
- 2. Slide the silencer out towards the high-vacuum end of the pump to remove the silencer from the pump. Alternatively, undo the two support-plate retaining screws (see Figure 2) and slide the silencer complete with the support-plate towards the motor end of the pump.
- 3. Weigh the silencer. If the mass of the silencer is greater than 7.5 kg, dismantle, clean and reassemble the silencer as in Steps 4 to 9 below. If you do not need to clean the silencer, refit the silencer as in Step 12.
- 4. Remove and retain the six bolts and washers which secure each end-cover plate to the silencer body. Pull the end-cover plates squarely from the outlet pipe to remove them.
- 5. Remove the three 'O' rings from the silencer and discard.
- 6. Empty all loose deposits from the silencer body; take care not to damage the end-cover plate sealing surfaces.
- 7. Use a suitable tool to dislodge remaining deposits, then wash the silencer body with steam or water. Finally, glass-bead blast the silencer body. If required, use a cleaning solution suitable for the nature of the deposits.
- 8. Inspect the silencer for internal corrosion and check that the wall of the silencer body is not excessively eroded. Inspect the end-cover plate and inlet and outlet flange sealing-faces for damage and refinish if necessary. If silencer damage is excessive, it should be replaced.
- 9. Check that the 'O' ring grooves are clean. Apply a light wipe of vacuum grease and place the new 'O' rings in position.

(Continued on page 38)

- 10. Refit the end-cover plates and secure with the bolts and washers removed in Step 3. Tighten the bolts progressively; alternate between bolts on opposite sides of the end-cover plate. Tighten to a torque of 10 Nm.
- 11. Leak-test the silencer.
- 12. Slide the silencer in from the high-vacuum end of the pump. Alternatively, slide the silencer complete with the support-plate in from the motor end of the pump and tighten the support-plate retaining screws (see Figure 2).
- 13. Reconnect the silencer to the pump and the check-valve with the new NW40 clamps and trapped 'O' rings supplied in the servicing kit.

### 5.6 Inspect the pipelines and connections

- 1. Inspect all cooling-water connections and check that they are secure; tighten any loose connection. Inspect all cooling-water pipelines and connections for corrosion, leaks and damage. Repair or replace any corroded or damaged components and seal any leaks found.
- 2. Inspect all nitrogen supply connections and check that they are secure; tighten any loose connection. Inspect all nitrogen supply pipelines and connections for leaks and damage. Repair or replace any corroded or damaged components and seal any leaks found.
- 3. Inspect all electrical connections and check that they are secure; tighten any loose connection. Inspect all electrical cables and check thay they are not damaged and have not overheated. Repair or replace any cable that is damaged or has overheated.
- 4. Inspect all vacuum connections and check that they are secure; tighten any loose connection. Inspect all vacuum pipelines for corrosion and damage and check that they do not leak. Repair or replace any corroded or damaged components and seal any leaks found.



- Cap-head bolt
   Washer
  - 8. 'O' ring
- Z. Washer
- o. O mig
- 3. End-cover plate
- 9. End-cover plate

- 4. 'O' ring
- 10. Outlet flange
- 5. Silencer body
- 11. Inlet flange
- 6. Transfer tube
- 12. Outlet tube

Figure 18 - Exhaust silencer

# 5.7 Inspect the exhaust check-valve

#### WARNING

Substances which accumulate in the check-valve may be dangerous. Do not allow these substances to come into contact with your skin or eyes. Do not inhale vapours from these substances. Fit blanking caps to the inlet and outlet flanges when you move the check-valve around your workplace.

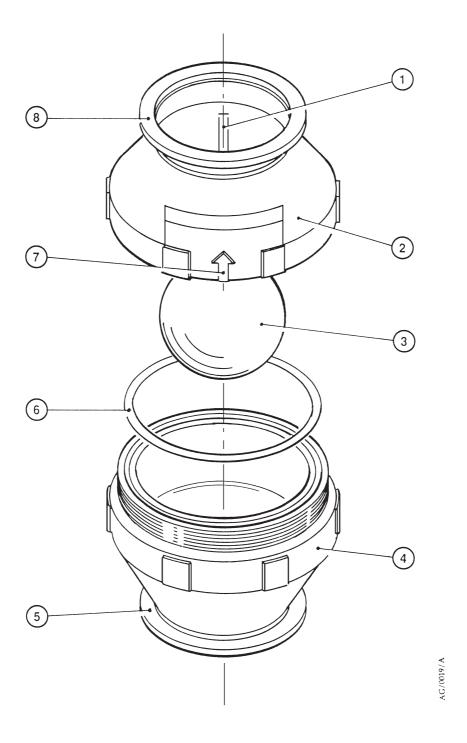
You must remove the exhaust check-valve from the silencer and your exhaust-extraction system before you can inspect it. It is convenient, therefore, to inspect the exhaust check-valve at the same time as you inspect the exhaust-silencer (see Section 5.5).

Use the procedure below to remove and inspect the valve. This procedure assumes that the exhaust-silencer has already been disconnected from the pump and the exhaust check-valve has been removed. Figure 19 shows the component parts of the exhaust check-valve.

- 1. Release the NW40 clamp at the exhaust check-valve outlet flange and remove the check-valve from the system pipeline.
- 2. Unscrew the two halves of the check-valve body; use a strap wrench if necessary.
- 3. Remove the fluoroelastomer ball and the 'O' ring.
- 4. Use a cleaning solution suitable for the process products pumped to clean the valve body and the fluoroelastomer ball. If necessary, replace the fluoroelastomer ball with a new one.
- 5. Inspect the 'O' ring groove and the KF40 flange sealing-faces for damage and refinish if necessary.
- 6. Apply a light wipe of vacuum grease and position the 'O' ring in its groove in the valve body.
- 7. Ensure that the fluoroelastomer ball is positioned correctly and screw the two halves of the valve body together.
- 8. Refit the valve to the system pipeline with the NW40 clamp and trapped 'O' ring. Ensure that the flow direction arrow points away from the silencer (towards your exhaust-extraction system).

# 5.8 Change the gearbox oil

- 1. Remove the oil filler-plug (see Figure 11).
- 2. Use a suitable pump or syringe to suck the oil out of the gearbox.
- 3. Discard the old bonded seal on the oil filler-plug and replace with a new one from the pump maintenance kit.
- 4. Fill the gearbox through the filler hole, with the correct grade and quantity of oil. Allow the oil to drain into the gearbox and then check the level on the oil sight-glass (refer to Section 3.5).
- 5. Ensure that the new bonded seal is positioned correctly and refit the oil filler-plug.



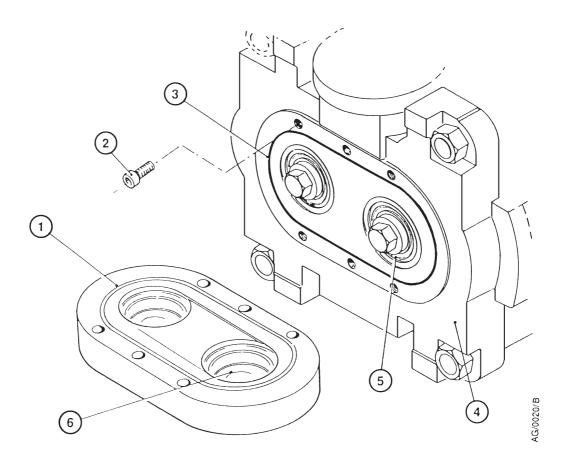
- 1. Spider leg
- 2. Valve body (female)
- 3. Fluoroelastomer ball
- 4. Valve body (male)
- 5. Inlet-flange
- 6. 'O' ring
- 7. Mounting direction arrow
- 8. Outlet-flange

Figure 19 - Exhaust check-valve

## 5.9 Relubricate the rotor bearings

Relubricate the rotor bearings as described below. Figure 20 shows the location of the rotor bearings components.

- 1. Remove the six screws (2) which secure the bearing end-cover (1) to the high vacuum head-plate (4).
- 2. Lift away the end-cover and remove the sealing 'O' ring (3). Dispose of the 'O' ring (see Section 6.2).
- 3. Use a clean lint-free cloth or a plastic or wooden spatula to remove as much old grease as possible from the end-cover and bearings. Do not use your fingers for this operation.
- 4. Inspect the bearings for obvious signs of wear or the presence of debris. If the bearings are worn, return the pump to a BOC Edwards Service Centre for repair.
- 5. If the bearings are in a satisfactory condition, force new PFPE grease (supplied in the maintenance kit) into the bearings so that a smooth layer of grease covers the case and bearings. Do not over-pack the bearings or the pump will run hot.
- 6. Apply a light wipe of PFPE grease to the new 'O' ring seal and position it in its groove in the head-plate. Refit the end-cover to the high vacuum head-plate.



- 1. Bearing end-cover
- 2. End-cover securing screw
- 3. 'O' ring

- 4. High vacuum head-plate
- 5. Bearing
- 6. End-cover cavity

Figure 20 - Rotor bearing relubrication

### **6** STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

## 6.1 Storage

#### **CAUTION**

Drain the cooling-water from the pumping system, if you will transport or store it in conditions where the cooling-water could freeze. If you do not, cooling-water may freeze in the QDP pump and damage the pump.

If you will transport or store the pumping system in conditions where the cooling-water could freeze (for example, if you transport the pump as air freight), you must ensure that all cooling-water is drained from the pumping system.

Use the following procedure:

- 1. Remove the cooling-water connectors from the pump, or attach an open pair of quick-connector halves to the connectors on the pump.
- 2. Blow compressed air through the cooling-water inlet, to force any water out of the cooling system.

Store the pump as follows:

- 1. If applicable, ensure that the pump has been shut down as described in Section 4.3 and disconnect all services, process and exhaust connections.
- 2. Fit blanking-plates to all vacuum inlets and outlets. Place protective covers over the pump services connection points.
- 3. Store the pump in clean dry conditions until required.
- 4. When required for use, prepare and install the pump as described in Section 3 of this manual.

## 6.2 Disposal

Dispose of the QDP pump and any components safely in accordance with all local and national safety and environmental requirements.

Take particular care with the following:

- Fluoroelastomers which may have decomposed as the result of being subjected to high temperatures
- Components which have been contaminated with dangerous process substances.

# 7 SERVICE, SPARES AND ACCESSORIES

### 7.1 Introduction

BOC Edwards products, spares and accessories are available from BOC Edwards companies in Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea, Singapore, United Kingdom, U.S.A and a world-wide network of distributors. The majority of these centres employ Service Engineers who have undergone comprehensive BOC Edwards training courses.

Order spare parts and accessories from your nearest BOC Edwards company or distributor. When you order, please state for each part required:

- Model and Item Number of your equipment
- Serial number (if any)
- Item Number and description of the part.

### 7.2 Service

BOC Edwards products are supported by a world-wide network of BOC Edwards Service Centres. Each Service centre offers a wide range of options including: equipment decontamination; service exchange; repair; rebuild and testing to factory specifications. Equipment which has been serviced, repaired or rebuilt is returned with a full warranty.

Your local Service Centre can also provide BOC Edwards engineers to support on-site maintenance, service or repair of your equipment.

For more information about service options, contact your nearest Service Centre or other BOC Edwards company.

## 7.3 Spares

The spare parts listed below are available for the QDP pumps:

Product	Item Number
Pump routine maintenance kit	A526-40-820
Exhaust-silencer servicing kit	A386-11-820
Exhaust check-valve servicing kit	A440-03-820
Coolant	H128-10-002
Krytox 1525 oil (1 kg)	H113-09-018
Fomblin RT15 grease (100 g)	H113-50-003
Exhaust-silencer	A528-19-000
Exhaust check-valve	A440-03-000

## 7.4 Accessories

The accessories listed below are available for the QDP pumps. Each accessory contains all the necessary components for assembly and installation of the accessory. Full functional descriptions and installation details are included in the instruction manual supplied.

Accessory	Item Number
QDP High Temperature Thermal Snap-Switch Kit	A505-27-000
QDP Gas Module	A528-05-000
QDP Acoustic Enclosure for QDP40 with inlet manifold	A528-01-000
QDP Acoustic Enclosure for QDP80 with inlet manifold	A528-03-000
Q Series 3 Exhaust Pressure Module	A528-50-000
QMB Booster Connection Kit for QDP40/QMB250F	A528-31-000
QMB Booster Connection Kit for QDP40/QMB500F	A528-32-000
QMB Booster Connection Kit for QDP80/QMB250F	A528-33-000
QMB Booster Connection Kit for QDP80/QMB500F	A528-34-000
QDP Shaft-Seals Purge Module	A528-55-000
CDP Flap Valve	A504-51-000
17-way connector mating-half	A528-40-067