



# OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

EN

Translation of the original instructions

## ASM 1002

Leak workstation

**PFEIFFER**  **VACUUM**



## A very wide range of leak detectors

Dear customer,

You have just bought a Pfeiffer Vacuum leak detector.

We would like to thank you and we are proud to count you among our customers. This product is a result of the experience acquired over several years by Pfeiffer Vacuum in vacuum and leak detection technology.

The applications of helium leak testing are extremely diversified ranging from high-tech installation maintenance to high-speed testing of industrial products.

Each product of the Pfeiffer Vacuum detector range is designed to meet the specific needs of each application:

- portability,
- high sensitivity,
- pumping capacity,
- pumping type,
- automation and integration in an industrial process.



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## A very wide range of leak detectors

*This product complies with the requirements of European Directives, listed in the Declaration of Conformity contained in G100 of this manual. These Directives are amended by Directive 93/68/E.E.C (E.C. Marking).*

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*Specifications and information are subject to change without notice by from Pfeiffer Vacuum SAS.*

# General contents

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## ASM 1002 - Operating instructions

**Preliminary remarks** Throughout this User's Manual, you could find this type of message "Summary of screen  C 140": it refers to a specific chapter of the User's Manual. Please read it for further information.

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## ASM 1002 - Operating instructions

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#### CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

#### CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in moderate or minor injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

#### WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or severe injury.


#### DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or severe injury (extreme situations).



# Introduction

## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

**Preliminary remarks** Throughout this operating manual, you could find this type of message “**Summary of screen**  **C 140**”: it refers to a specific chapter of the operating manual. Please read it for further information.

**A 100**

*Introduction to the ASM 1002*

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- Primary roughing
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# Introduction

## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

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### A 800

### *Technical characteristics*

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## Introduction to the ASM 1002

The ASM 1002 is an helium leak detection unit designed to address high production testing needs of small packages such as open or hermetical sealed components and offer a sit or stand user friendly workstation for maximum operator comfort.

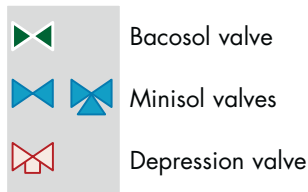
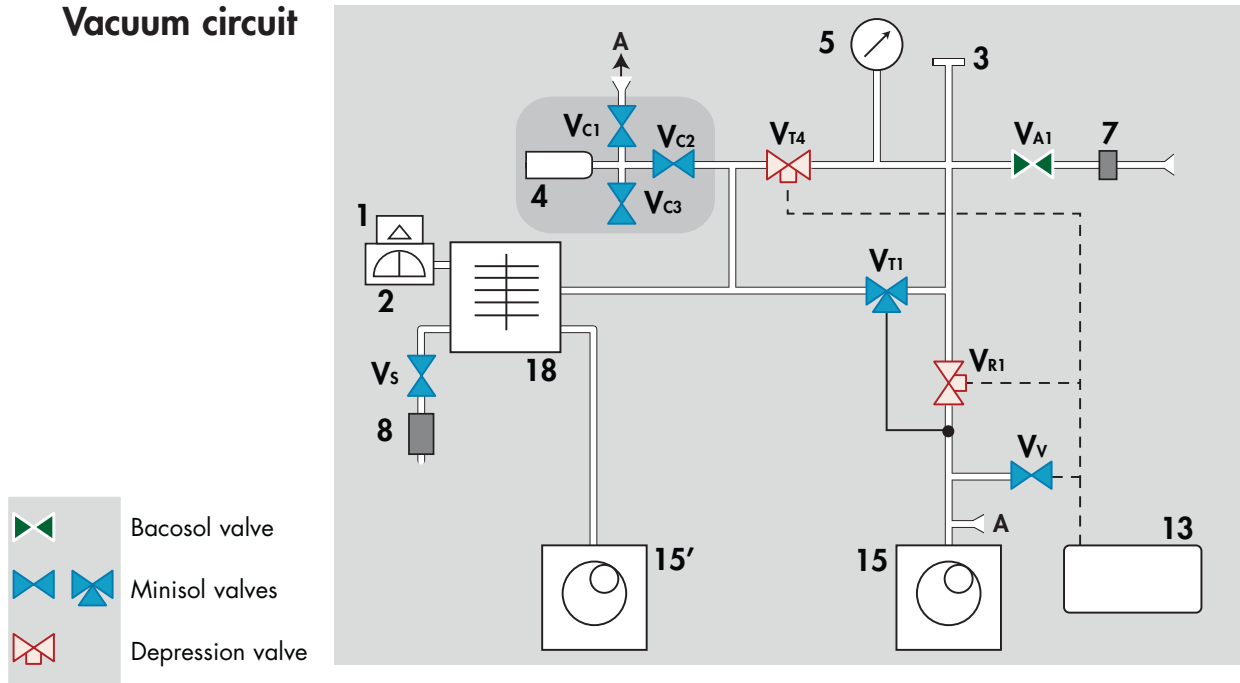
More than a high cadency test unit, the ASM 1002 comes also with 3 different sizes of fully automatic test chambers or with the standard DN 25 inlet port for more convenience when R/D tests or tests of bigger parts are required.

The ASM 1002, it is the latest evolutions of Pfeiffer Vacuum leak detectors of which thousands are in successful daily operation throughout the world in various application:

- the latest electronics technologies and vacuum concepts,
- the comprehensive control panel with two distinct areas ; one for operation and one for setting parameters,
- test parameters of up to ten parts can be memorized and recalled when needed,
- two parameters menus, one for high cadency production tests (pass/fail) and one for standard operations,
- very rugged design, based on field proven components which makes it ideal for industrial environment.

## ASM 1002 - Detector operating principle

### Vacuum circuit

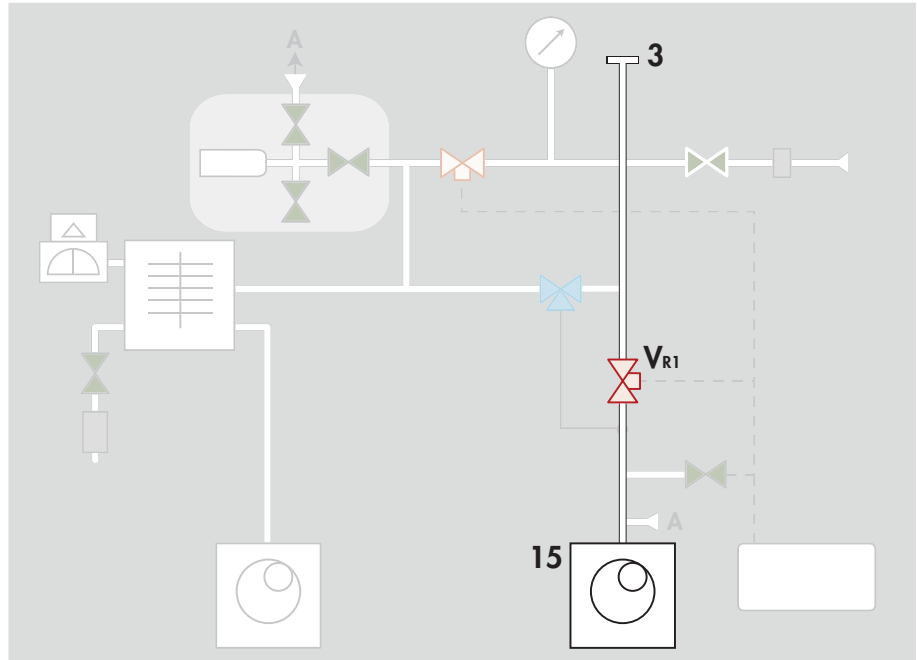


### Reference correspondence between valve/vacuum block marks E 530

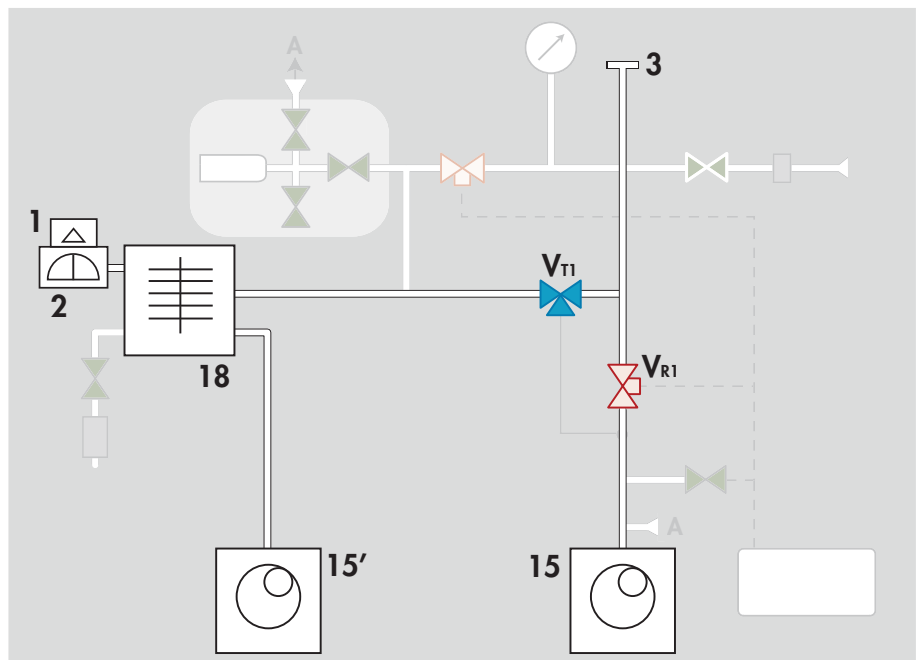
1	Preamplifier	VA1	Inlet vent valve (5 points)
2	Analyzer cell	VR1	Roughing valve (7 points)
3	Detector inlet port	VT1	Gross leak test valve (6 points)
4	Internal calibrated leak	VT4	Normal test valve (9 points)
5	Inlet pressure gauge (PTR 280)	VS	Sniffer valve (3 points)
7	Vent filter connector	VV	Buffer volume valve (8 points)
8	Connector for long distance sniffer	VC2	Calibration module: Detection valve (4 points)
13	Buffer volume for depression valves	VC1	Calibration module: Roughing valve (2 points)
15	Primary roughing pump (RVP 2021)	VC3	Calibration module: Inlet vent valve (1 point)
15'	Second primary roughing pump (RVP 2021)		
18	Hybrid turbomolecular pump (ATH 164)		

## ASM 1002 - Detector operating principle

### Primary roughing



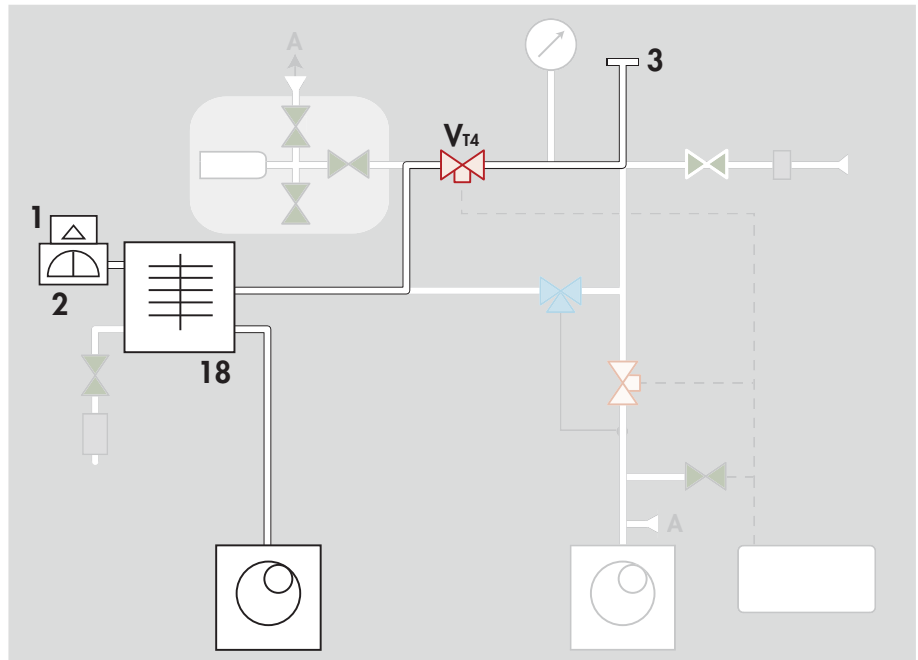
### Gross leak test mode



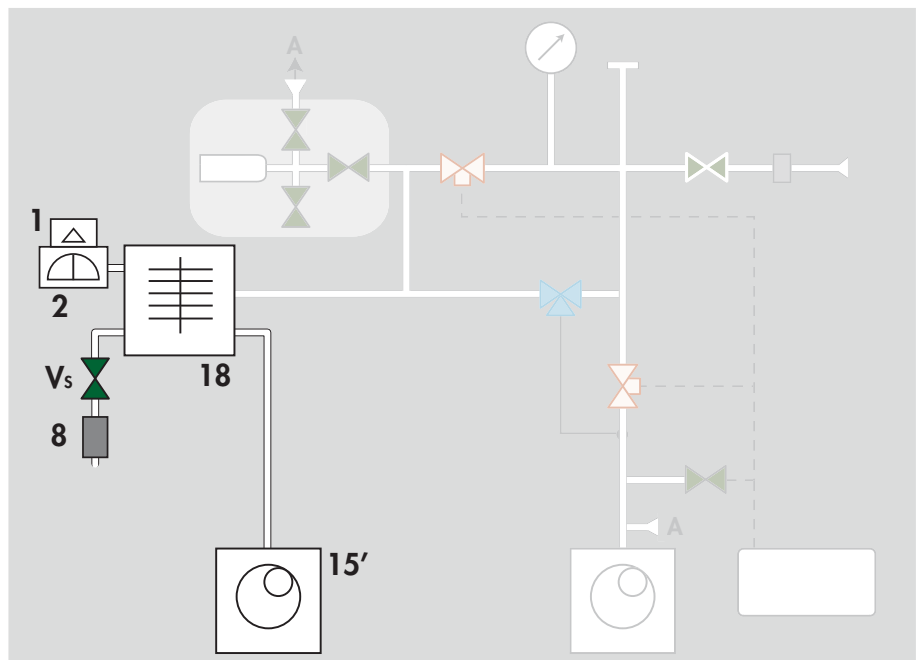
100 mbar > inlet pressure >  $10^{-1}$  mbar

## ASM 1002 - Detector operating principle

Normal test mode



Sniffing test mode  
(LDS)

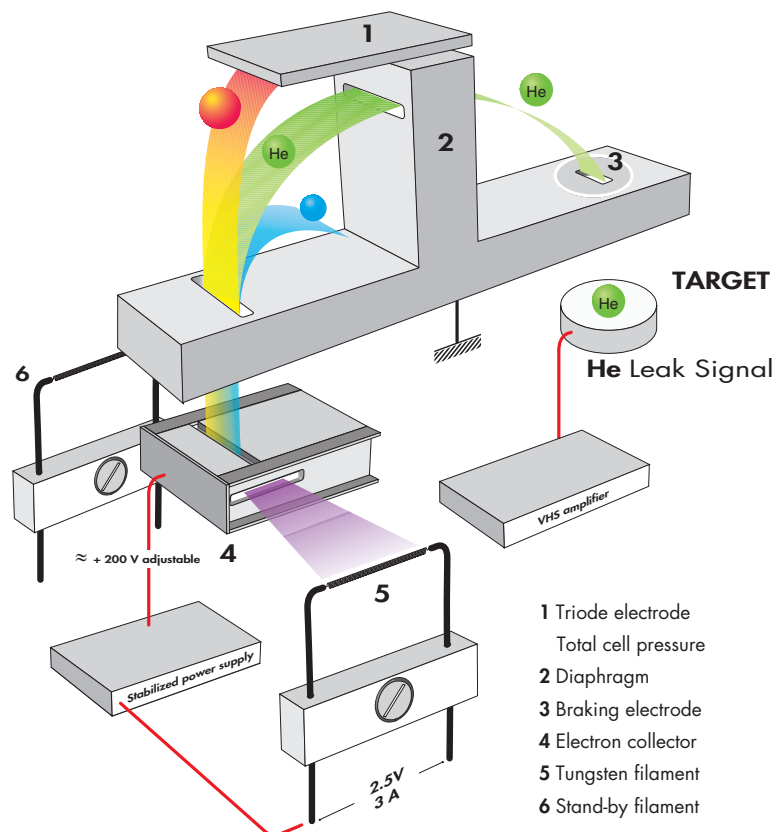


## Analyzer cell operating principle

**Description** The analyzer cell works on the principle of mass spectrometry and is set to the mass of helium ( $m/e = 4$ ).

$m/e$  = atomic mass of the particle/number of electrons lost on ionization

The principle of magnetic deflexion spectrometry is as follows. The neutral molecules of the gas being analyzed pass into an ionization chamber (or source of ions) where they are bombarded by an electron beam generated by a heated tungsten filament. A large number of the molecules are transformed into ions.



 **Electrons beam**

 **"heavy" ions**

 **Helium ions**

 **"light" ions**

Analyzer cell - functional diagram

## Analyzer cell operating principle

**Description (continued)** These ionized particles are accelerated by an electrical field.

The entire analyzer cell is subject to a magnetic field which has the property of deflecting the trajectories of the ions along different curves according to the masses of those ions (to be more precise, according to their  $m/e$  ratios). Thus the ions beam, which contained ions with different masses, is divided into several beams, each containing only ions with the same  $m/e$  ratio. The helium ions ( $m/e = 4$ ) are separated from the lighter ( $H_2^+$  or  $H_1^+$ , smaller beams) or heavier ions ( $N_2^+$  or  $O_2^+$ , small beams).

Because there is a constant magnetic field (permanent magnet), the accelerator electrical field is adjusted so that the helium ions ( $m/e = 4$ ) follow a pre-determined trajectory (passing through diaphragms) and arrive on the target at the input to a direct current amplifier.

The current of helium ions is proportional to the partial pressure of helium in the installation and by measuring it we can find the flow rate of the leak that has been detected.

It is essential that the total pressure in the analyzer cell is less than  $10^{-4}$  mbar, so that the trajectories of the electrons and the ions are not disturbed by residual molecules. Around  $10^{-3}$  mbar there is a risk of damaging the heated filament.

**In order to separate the helium ions from «noise» caused by «stray ions», an electrode located in front of the target eliminates the secondary ions with low energies. This electrode is called the «braking electrode».**

**There is an auxiliary electrode at the top of the cell, shaped like a plate, which collects the ions that are heavier than helium. This electrode thus measures the total pressure in the analyzer. This electrode serves as the plate for a triode gauge, hence its name of «triode electrode».**

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## Analyzer cell operating principle

### Design and manufacture

Great care has been taken with the design and manufacture of the cell in order to repeatedly obtain the same characteristics and to achieve excellent stability:

- the metal parts are made of stainless steel,
- the filament holder is made of machined aluminium,
- there is an integral amplifier.

The cell assembly is composed of:

- a vacuum chamber or deflection chamber,
- an optic holder flange,
- a permanent magnet,
- an amplifier.

- **The vacuum chamber:**

The analysis cell vacuum chamber is made of light alloy. It is hollow with a rectangular opening into which the electrodes, (that are installed on the «optics holder» flange) are placed.

- **The optics holder flange:**

The optics holder flange supports all the electrodes and electrical connections in the cell. They include:

- the sealed power supply socket, mounted on a metal gasket,
- the amplifier, mounted on an elastomer gasket,
- the supporting block which screens the target and on which the source of ions is mounted,
- the source of ions, which is made up of 2 parts:
  - a filament holder,
  - an ionization chamber with a stainless steel electron collector and a mass ion emitter.

The filament holder mechanically positions the tungsten filament with respect to the ionization chamber.

The electron collector and the filament have been designed and positioned so that the temperature of the electron collector stabilizes at 400°C under bombardment and radiation from the filament. The cell is thus rendered immune to contamination from the pieces being tested without the need of any special heating system.

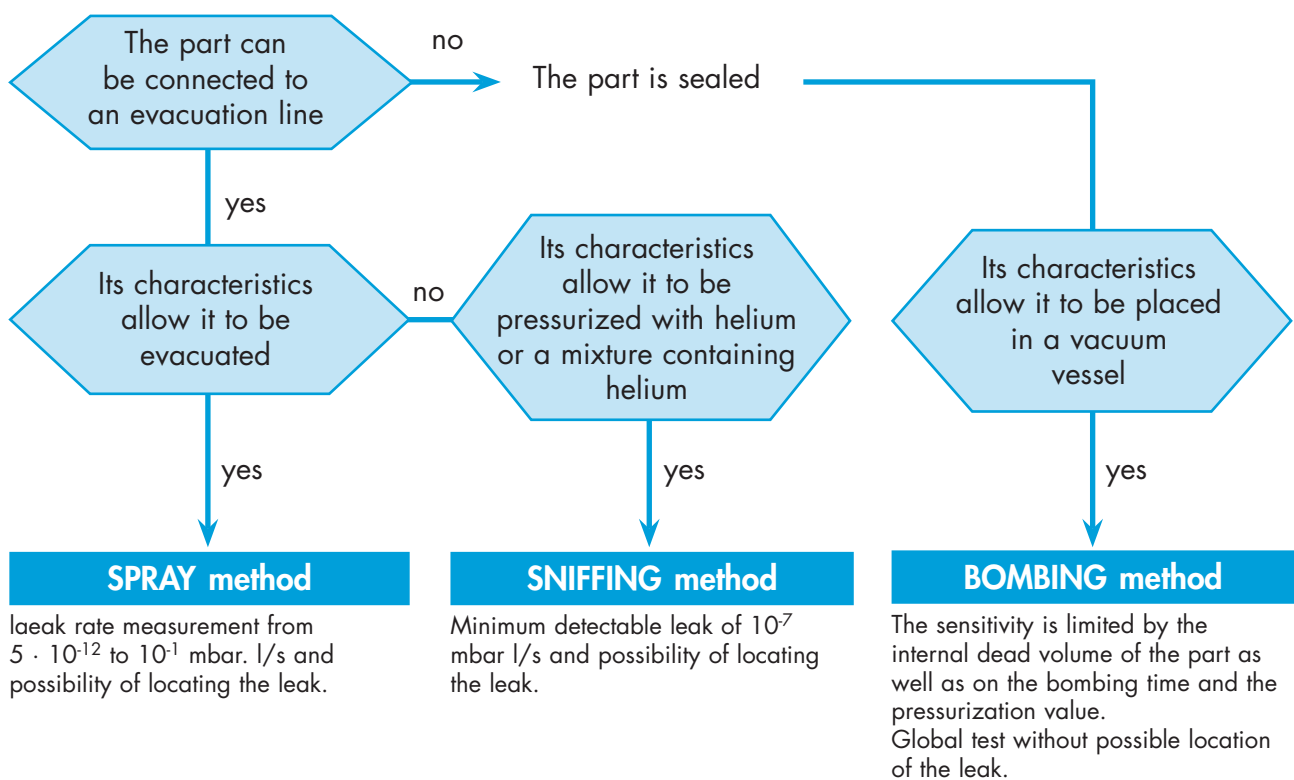


## Testing methods

**Overview** Leak detection is used to detect micro-openings, porosities, etc. in test parts. The detection of these cracks involves the use of a light tracer gas, which is capable of infiltrating the smallest leak quickly: **Helium**.

The detector samples and measures the helium flow rate entering the test part via the leak(s).

The testing method is selected according to the test part and the measurement accuracy required:



## Testing methods

### Helium concentration and signal displayed

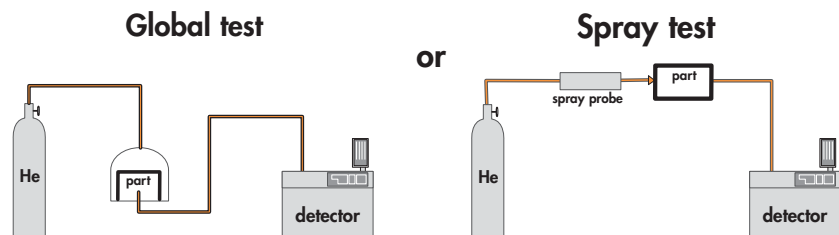
In accordance to the He concentration rate in the gas used for the leak detection, the signal displayed will change.

Example: signal displayed with a  $1 \times 10^{-7}$  mbar l/s calibrated leak (with 100 % He) connected to the detector inlet.

% He in the gas used	100 %	10 %	1 %
Signal displayed on the leak detector	$1 \times 10^{-7}$ mbar l/s	$1 \times 10^{-8}$ mbar l/s	$1 \times 10^{-9}$ mbar l/s

### Spray method (inboard testing)

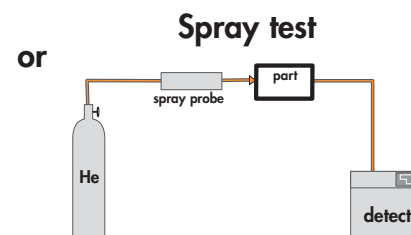
This involves removing air from the test part, connecting it to the analyzer and then spraying helium over the outer surface.



The part is placed under a cover, into which helium is injected.

The leak cannot be located.

The detector measures the flow of helium penetrating the part.



Potential leaking areas are sprayed with helium.

The leak can be located.

### Response time

When spraying starts, the leak signal is not displayed instantaneously on the analyzer:

there is a response time which depends on the volume  $V$  being tested and the helium pumping speed  $S$  of the system at the opening of the part, according to the following relation:

$$T = V/S \quad (T \text{ in seconds, } V \text{ in litres, } S \text{ in l/s})$$

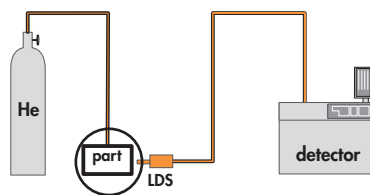
$T$  is the time required for the signal to reach 63 % of the final value.

## Testing methods

### Sniffer method (outboard testing)

The test part is pressurized with helium. The detector, via an LDS (Long Distance Sniffer) probe, samples the helium escaping from the part.

#### Global test



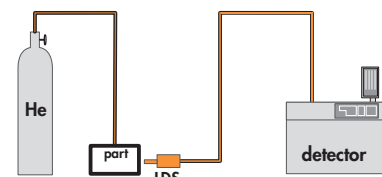
The part is placed under a cover containing a sniffer probe.

The leak cannot be located.

The helium from the leak accumulates over time inside the cover. The detector measures the concentration of helium.

#### Local sniffing test

or



The sniffer probe is moved over areas likely to contain leaks.

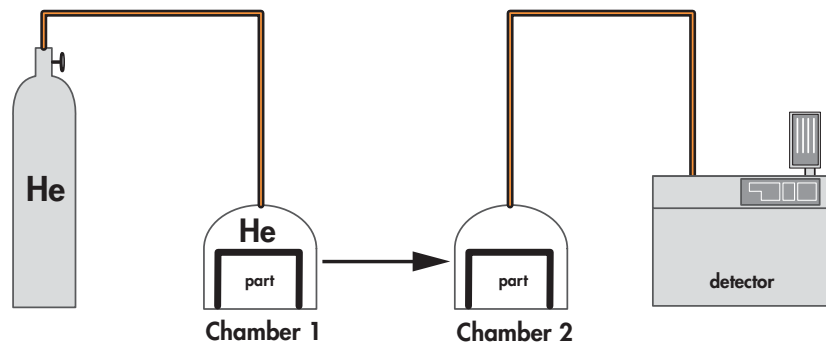
The leak can be located.

The signal supplied by the analyzer is not a direct measurement of the leak. The sniffer probe only samples part of the helium escaping from the part. The sample depends on the distance separating the leak from the tip of the probe.

## Testing methods

### Bombing method

This method is used for sealed objects that cannot be connected directly to the detector (semiconductors, waterproof watches, etc.).



The part is placed in a chamber containing pressurized helium.

The helium penetrates the part if it has a leak.

The part is then removed from the chamber and placed in another vacuum chamber which is connected to the detector. The helium escapes from the part through the leak and produces a signal.

**This signal is not a direct measurement of the leak** as the helium pressure inside the part is difficult to determine. Several parts play an important part such as: the pressurization time, the helium bombing pressure, the internal volume, the aeration time, the size of the leak.

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## About Helium and hydrogen

**Helium** Helium is the second most common element in the universe, representing about 23 % of the total matter. 76 % is Hydrogen. All other elements represent an insignificantly small fraction of the total.

Helium was discovered by spectroscopy in a solar eclipse on August 18, 1868. The discovery in the sun's chromosphere gave the new element its name: "helios" in Greek means "sun". While Helium is very common in the universe most of it is in the stars: on earth it is actually not abundant. Since it is so light all the Helium present during the formation of earth escaped to space. Helium is created, deep in the earth from the radioactive decay of Uranium and Thorium which also generates the earth its internal heat. On earth Helium was discovered in 1881 by spectroscopy of Mount Vesuvio in Italy – the volcanic gases emanated by the mountain showed the same lines in the spectrum as already known from the sun.

Helium concentration in the atmosphere is 5 times bigger than the one of Krypton and 60 times higher than Xenon. Helium comes up with the natural gas and is separated and stored. The annual world wide production is ca.  $3 \times 10^7$  m<sup>3</sup> or 4,500 tons.

Helium is constantly seeping up from the ground all around us, but it is so light that almost all of it escapes into space fairly rapidly. On the other hand there is a constant flow of Helium from space and the sun to earth. This gives a dynamic equilibrium and is the reason for the world wide constant concentration of ca. 5 ppm Helium in air.

Helium is a very light colorless element and it is one of the six noble gases; it is the most difficult gas to liquefy.

Helium is a noble gas, which means it doesn't react with anything for all practical intents and purposes. It's used as an inert shield gas to protect things from oxidation – and of course as leak detection tracer gas.

Helium is a 100 % green gas and has absolutely no environmental impact on the atmosphere.

## About Helium and hydrogen

### Helium and leak detection: which purity ?

Helium is available in many different purity levels, the highest level of purity is requested from some laboratories for fundamental activities or very accurate analyses.

The use of the Helium as a tracer gas into a mass spectrometer doesn't require such attention. A purity in the range of 97 % to 99 % is enough .

There is absolutely no risk of accuracy lost or contamination for the cell analyzer by using standard purity level of Helium gas.

### Hydrogenated nitrogen

If Hydrogen ( $H_2$ ) and Oxygen ( $O_2$ ) are mixed and heated, they react and create water vapor ( $H_2O$ ). During this process more heat is generated which may (if the concentration is high enough) ignite the surrounding gas. If this process propagates, the gas explodes.

At low concentration of Hydrogen (< 4 % in air) the generated heat is not enough to ignite the surrounding gas.

At concentrations in the range 4 to 12 % the combustion may spread only if actions are taken to prevent the generated heat from dissipating. It is a common misconception that hydrogen will explode as soon as the concentration exceeds 4 %. It may explode only if conditions are favorable for spontaneous propagation of combustion.

**⚠ DANGER**

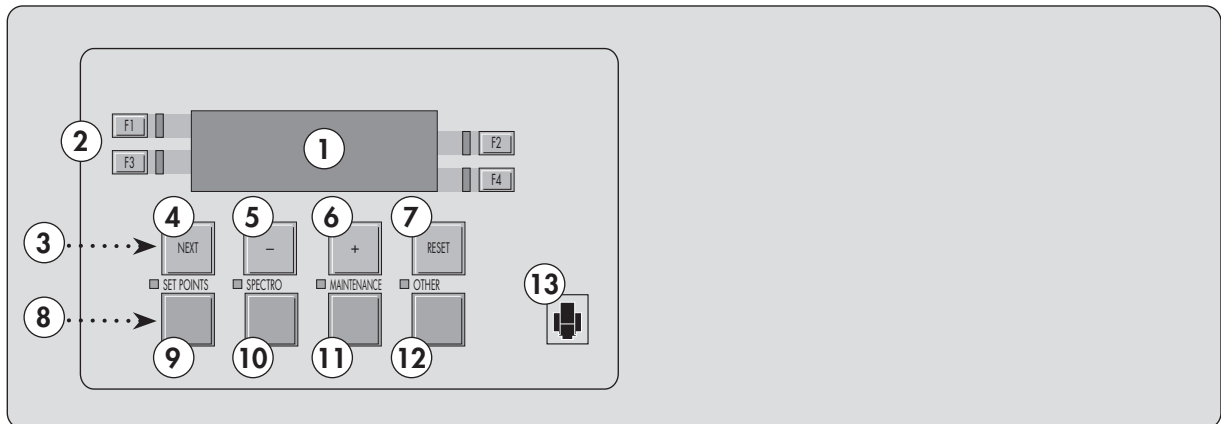
**Never use pure hydrogen or a mixture with a hydrogen concentration higher than 10 % to realize a «hydrogen» test as tracer**

If you use the recommended tracer gas of 5 %  $H_2$  / 95 %  $N_2$  and mix it with air there will either be too little hydrogen or too little oxygen to constitute a combustible gas mixture. Hence this gas mixture is classified as non flammable. The actual limit is 5.7 %.

The mixture 10 %  $H_2$  / 90 %  $N_2$  is commonly used in the industry because it is flammable only under certain conditions. This mixture is however classified according to ISO 10156 as Flammable Gas and should only be used after due safety considerations and approvals.

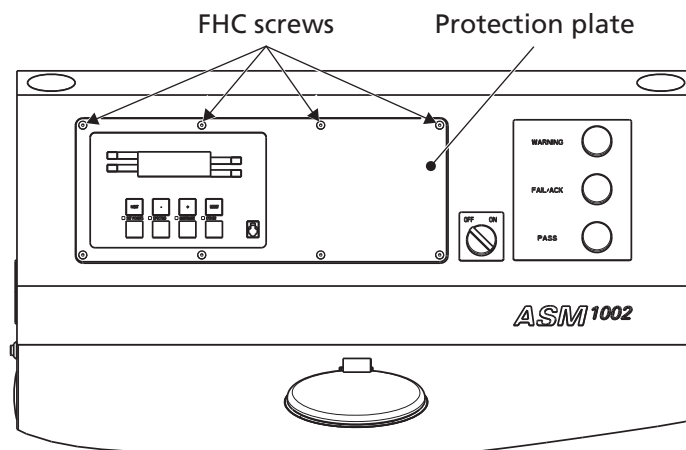
## Operator interface

### Control panel with plate



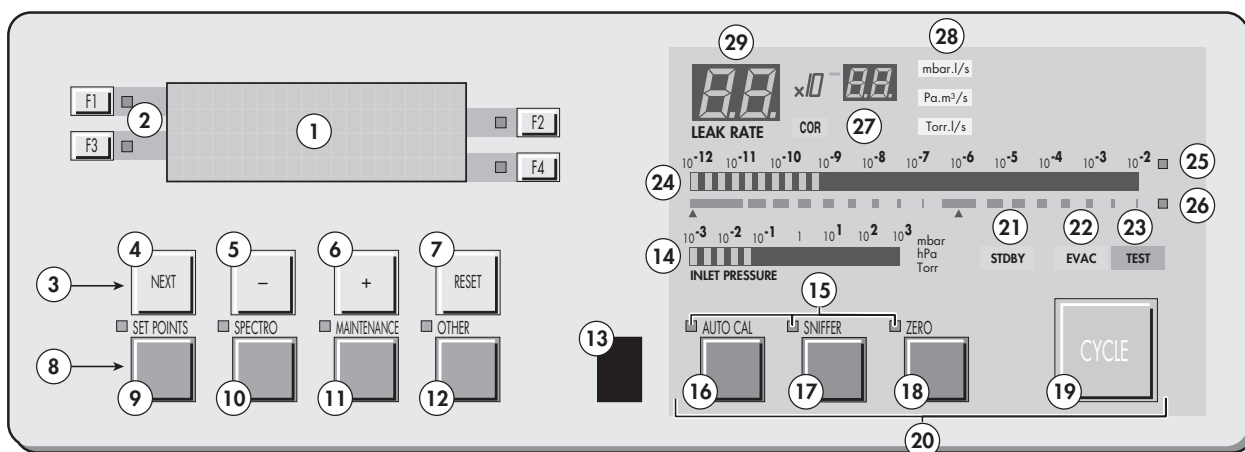
- 1** Alphanumeric display (4 lines x 20 characters)
- 2** Parameter function keys (1 key per display line)
- 3** Modification keys (4 keys)
- 4** NEXT: next display/parameter circular function
- 5/6** Plus or minus value adjustment, parameter selection, audio volume adjustment keys
- 7** RESET of previously displayed values (cancels temporary inputs)
- 8** Menu selection access keys (4 keys)
- 9** SET POINT menu selection key
- 10** SPECTRO calibration and analyzer cell configuration menu selection key
- 11** MAINTENANCE menu selection key
- 12** OTHER menus selection key (test mode selection, inlet VENT selection, date / time)
- 13** Remote control connection

To access to the "Operation" part of the control panel, remove the protection plate: unscrew the 8 FHC screws M4x8 and keep them with the plate



## Operator interface

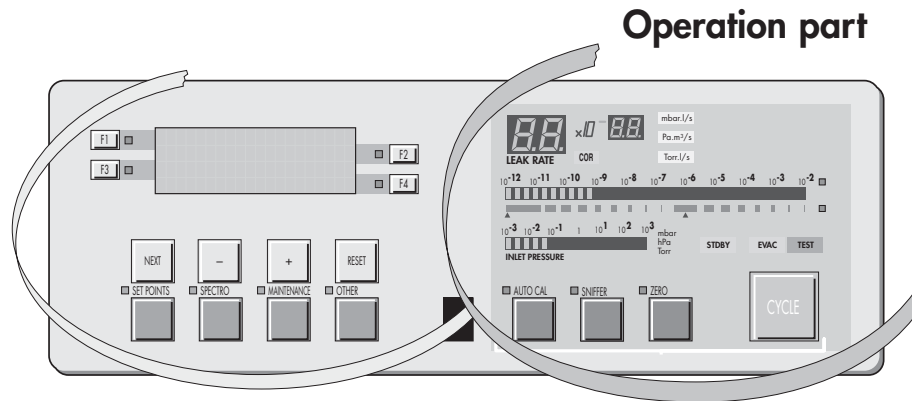
### Control panel without plate



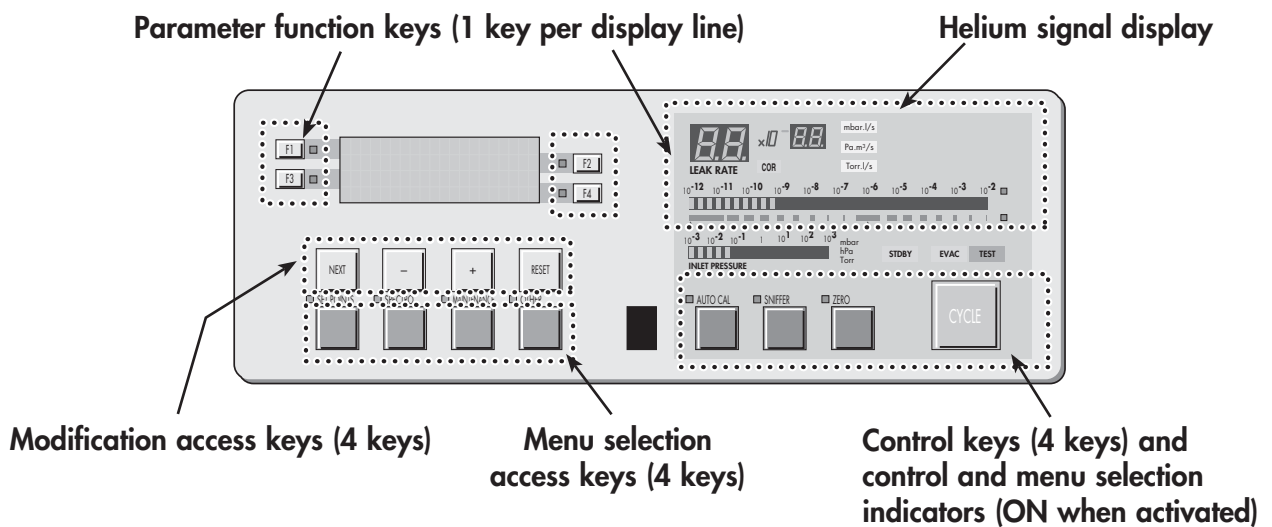
- 1 Alphanumeric display (4 lines x 20 characters)
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- 10 SPECTRO calibration and analyzer cell configuration menu selection key
- 11 MAINTENANCE menu selection key
- 12 OTHER menus selection key (test mode selection, inlet VENT selection, date/time)
- 13 Remote control connection
- 14 Inlet port pressure analog display
- 15 Control and menu selection indicators (ON when activated)
- 16 Auto-calibration START/ABORT control key
- 17 Sniffing mode ON/OFF control key
- 18 Auto-zero ON/OFF control key
- 19 Cycle START/STOP control key
- 20 Control keys (4 keys)
- 21 Standby ON/OFF indicator
- 22 Evacuation ON/OFF indicator
- 23 Test ON/OFF indicator
- 24 Helium signal analogic display
- 25 Helium signal analogic scale ON/OFF indicator
- 26 Helium signal Zero scale ON/OFF indicator
- 27 Correction factor COR indicator (applied to digital display)
- 28 Units ON/OFF indicator
- 29 Helium signal digital display



## Operator interface



### Setting and maintenance part



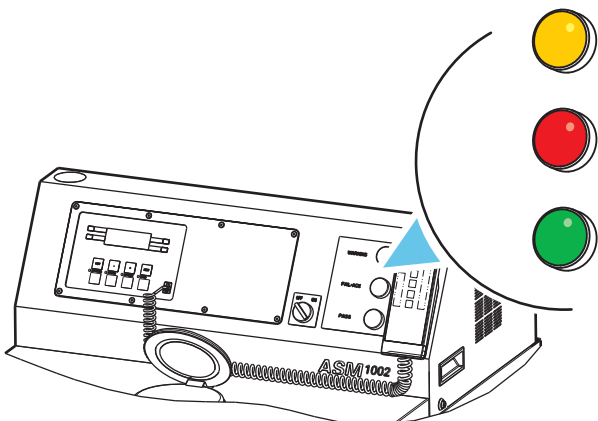
Remote control  C 400

### Pass / fail part:

**Orange:** Test default light



**Red:** Air inlet push button - Bad part light

**Green:** Good part light



## Options

Which options for which model?

		ASM 102 S	ASM 142	ASM 142 S	ASM 142 D	ASM Graph D+	ASM 182 T	ASM 192 T	ASM 192 T2	ASM 182 TD+	ASM 192 TD+	ASM 192 T2D+	ASM 1002
Metal seals	1		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Inlet port	2												•
Units	3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Languages	4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
3 masses	5	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Automatic test chambers	6		•				•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Roughing system	7							•	•		•	•	
Interface board*	8		•	•	•	•							
Remote control cable length	9	•											
Test of gas line	10									•			
Stainless steel cover (UCT)	11									•			
Control panel with graphic interface*	12		•		•	•	•			•			
Transport cart*	 A 700									•			
Voltage configuration	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Power plug	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Standard remote control*	 A 700							•	•		•	•	

\*also available in accessories

## Options

### Metal seals

1

Inlet and high vacuum manifolds and the analyzer cell are equipped with metal seals instead of elastomer seals to protect the leak detector against contamination with helium. This option is particularly useful in case of high sensitivity helium leak detection in an "helium contaminated environment".

Localisation of the metal seals  F 800

### Inlet port

2

ASM 1002: The test chamber can be replaced by a DN 25 inlet port for convenience.

### Units

3

The user can choose the unit of the software: mbar.l/s, Pa.m<sup>3</sup>/s or Torr.l/s.

### Languages

4

The user can choose the language of the software: English, French, German or Japanese.

Note: ASM 142 S: English/French/German/Spanish,  
ASM 1002: English/French.

### 3 masses

5

For use of one of the 3 following tracer gases:  
Helium 4, Helium 3 or Hydrogen 2.

### Automatic test chambers

6

This is used for the automatic bombing testing of small components. When the chamber cover is closed, the test cycle is initiated, via a contact.

3 aluminium alloy models are available:

- a hemispheric chamber, Ø 72 mm, depth 31 mm (small model),
- a cylindrical chamber, maximum Ø 85 mm and maximum depth 68 mm (medium model),
- a cylindrical chamber, maximum Ø 160 mm and maximum depth 100 mm (large model).

Note: ASM 142: large model not available.

## Options

### Roughing system

7

In order to reduce the roughing time when testing large volumes, a second roughing pump can be added to the roughing system:

- ASM 192 T / 192 T2 total capacity: 40 m<sup>3</sup>/h or 24 cfm.
- ASM 192 TD+ / 192 T2D+ total capacity: 50 m<sup>3</sup>/h or 36 cfm.

Apart from the roughing capacity, the weight and the power consumption, the characteristics and the use of the leak detector remain the same.

### Interface board

8

The helium leak detector can be equipped with a software version which will offer a complete RS 232 protocol:

- 3 operating modes: basic, advanced, printer;
- possibility to remote control the detector (start/stop, autozero, auto-cal etc...);
- possibility to obtain and adjust the settings;
- possibility to obtain all the maintenance information for preventive maintenance purposes.

This RS 232 is the most effective interface to supervise your leak test from a PC (data recording on an Excel sheet, for instance) and/or to monitor the detector from a small PLC.

### Remote control cable length

9

3 lengths are proposed: 5 m (16 Ft), 10 m (32 Ft) and 15 m (49 Ft).

### Test of gas line

10

Used to perform spray testing on long lines (typical diameter 1/4"), with a reduced response time due to the transfer of the helium by a carrier gas injected in viscous flow.

In this case, the detector is equipped with an additional 1/4" VCR connector specific to this option.

### Stainless steel cover (UCT)

11

Designed for use of the unit in clean rooms ("Ultra Clean Technology").

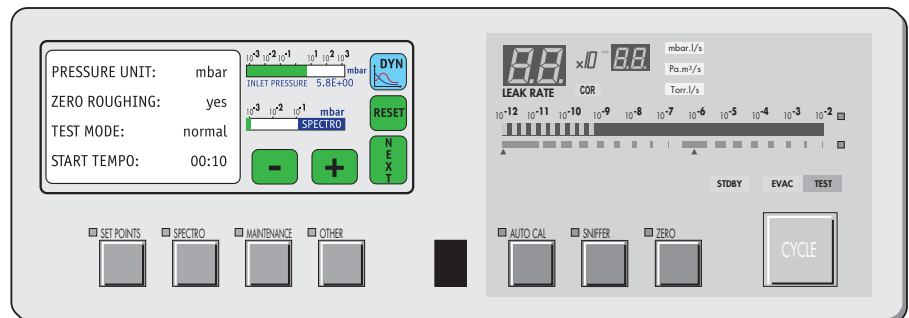
The front and rear covers and frame are made of stainless steel.

## Options

### Control panel with graphic interface



12

The control panel with graphic interface is equipped with a color touch screen. It allows it to have, as a supplement to the standard control panel functions, a graphic interface.



## Accessories

Which accessories for which model?

		ASM 102 S	ASM 142	ASM 142 S	ASM 142 D	ASM Graph D+	ASM 182 T	ASM 192 T	ASM 192 T2	ASM 182 TD+	ASM 192 TD+	ASM 192 T2D+	ASM 1002
Standard remote control and cable	<b>1a</b>			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Sniffing remote control and cable	<b>1b</b>	•		•									
Long distance sniffer (LDS) probe	<b>2</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
10 m/30 feet LDS extension	<b>3</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Headphone connector (required interface board)	<b>4</b>		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Transport cart*	<b>5</b>		•	•	•		•			•			
Foot pedal for cycle command (1.5 m/ 5 feet)	<b>6</b>						•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Calibrated helium leaks	<b>7</b>	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Calibration accessory	<b>8</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Spray probe	<b>9</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Interface board* (p/n 107657)	 <b>A 600</b>		•	•	•	•							
Inlet filter	<b>10</b>		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Short distance sniffer probe	<b>11</b>		•		•	•	•	•		•	•		•
Bombing chamber	<b>12</b>		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Test chambers	<b>13</b>		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Neutral gas vent line kit	<b>14</b>		•										
Bottle handle for 182 cart	<b>15a</b>									•			
Bottle handle for cart	<b>15b</b>					•							
Control panel with graphic interface* (p/n: 111716)	 <b>A 600</b>		•		•		•			•			

## Accessories

### Remote control

1

The remote control is equipped with a magnet allowing the operator to place it on a magnetized surface. The operator can read the helium signal and has access to control keys such as cycle command autocalibration and auto-zero.

2 models are available:

1a

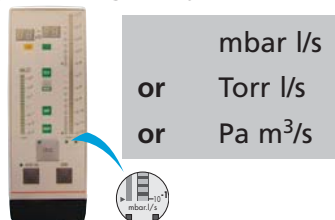
■ 1 standard for all leak detectors except ASM 102 S / ASM 142 S:  
Remote control with 5 m/15 " cable length:



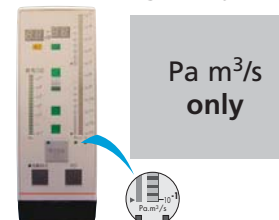
Designation	Part No
Unit: mbar l/s - Front face in English	106 688
Unit: Torr l/s - Front face in English	108 881
Unit: Pa m <sup>3</sup> /s - Front face in English	108 880
Unit: Pa m <sup>3</sup> /s - Front face in Japanese	106 690

Note: The remote control is delivered in standard with the ASM 192 series.

#### English serigraphy



#### Japanese serigraphy



1b

■ 1 specific for sniffing leak detectors (ASM 102 S / ASM 142 S):  
Remote control with 5 m/15 " feet cable length:



Designation	Part No
Front face in English. Remote control unit is the unit set in the leak detector menus.	112 747

Cable for remote control (remote control not provided):



Only Cable

Designation	Part No
Cable of 10 m/394"	110 881
Cable of 15 m/591"	110 882
Cable of 20 m/787"	802 494
Cable of 25 m/984"	802 339
Cable of 30 m/1181"	802 767
Cable of 40 m/1575"	802 769
Cable of 50 m/1969"	802 771

Other lengths: on request

## Accessories

### Long Distance Sniffer probe

2

Sniffer probe with a rigid nipple

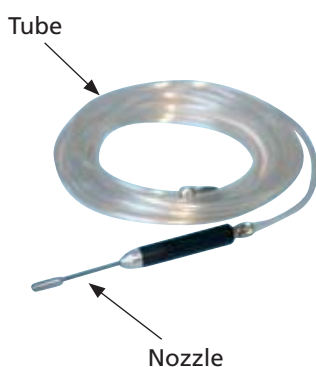


Sniffer probe with a flexible nipple



LDS probe part number	5 m/15 Ft canalisation				10 m/32 Ft canalisation			
	Rigid nipple		Flexible nipple*		Rigid nipple		Flexible nipple*	
	9 cm	30 cm	15 cm	45 cm	9 cm	30 cm	15 cm	45 cm
	SNC1E1T1	SNC1E2T1	SNC1E3T1	SNC1E4T1	SNC2E1T1	SNC2E2T1	SNC2E3T1	SNC2E4T1

(\*) Sniffer probes with flexible nozzle cannot be used with the ASM 102 S.



Long distance sniffer with short rigid nozzle (9 cm/3.5"):

Designation	Part No
Tube length 20 m/787"	802 826
Tube length 30 m/1181"	802 827
Tube length 50 m/1969"	802 829

Other lengths: on request

### 10 m/30 feet LDS extension

3

Used to extend the LDS probe by 10 m/30 feet.  
Part No: 090216





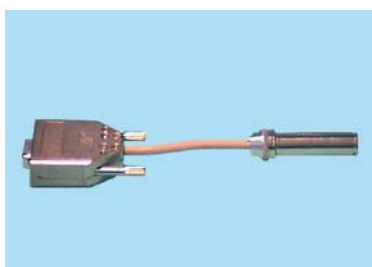
## Accessories

### Headphone connector

4

With the headphone connector, the operator can connect a headphone to its detector.

Part No: **A459818**



The headphone connector is an accessory but to use it, the detector must be equipped with the interface board option.

Which headphone used?  C 410

### Transport cart

5

ASM 182 range

Part No: 111196



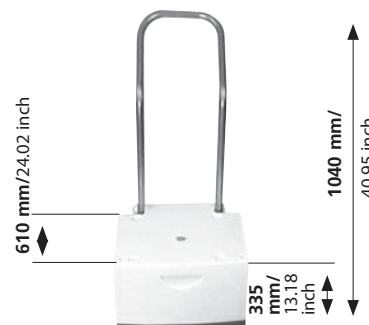
## Accessories

### Transport cart (ctd)

#### ASM 142 range

It can be fixed to the detector.

Part No: **108068**



#### ASM 142 range

In addition to the standard cart (p/n 108068), a 4 wheels stainless steel cart is proposed for 142 series.

Part No: **802862**



### Foot pedal for cycle Part No: 100913 command (1.5 m/ 5 feet)

Part No: **100913**

6



## Accessories

### Calibrated Helium leaks

7

There are several types of calibrated leaks, with or without reservoir, with or without valve, covering several leak ranges. The choice of the appropriate external calibrated leak depends on the application requirements.

For further information on the Pfeiffer Vacuum calibrated leaks, please refer to our representative product catalog or consult your Sales representative.



Most of the Pfeiffer Vacuum calibrated leaks are delivered with a calibration certificate.

### Helium 3 and Hydrogen calibrated leaks

The manufacturer does not supply the calibrated leaks in Helium 3 and Hydrogen.

#### Principle

All Pfeiffer Vacuum calibrated leaks are based on permeable membrane technology.

### External calibrated leak recalibration

Most calibrated leaks last many years even though the helium is permanently escaping (the leak rate is very small in comparison to the amount of helium contained in the reservoir: yearly loss is indicated on the calibrated leak identification label).

However, it is recommended to have every calibrated leak (with reservoir) recalibrated on regular intervals to validate its value: this is applicable for both internal and external calibrated leaks.

Recalibration period of the calibrated leak depends on its leak rate value.

Recommendation for proper Quality Control:

**THE RECALIBRATION INTERVALS SHOULD NOT EXCEED 2 YEARS.**

Please consult your local Sales representative for additional information.

## Accessories

### Calibration accessory

8

Used to connect the alibrated leak and the sniffer probe for a calibration.

Model	Part No
DN 16	110715
DN 25	110716

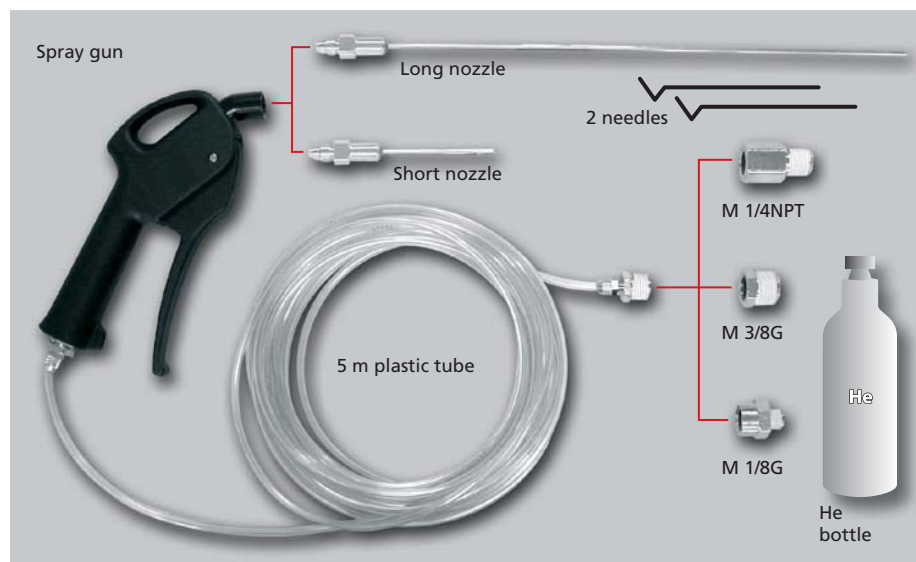


### Spray probes

9

9a

Helium spray probe model "Elite".  
Part No: 109951



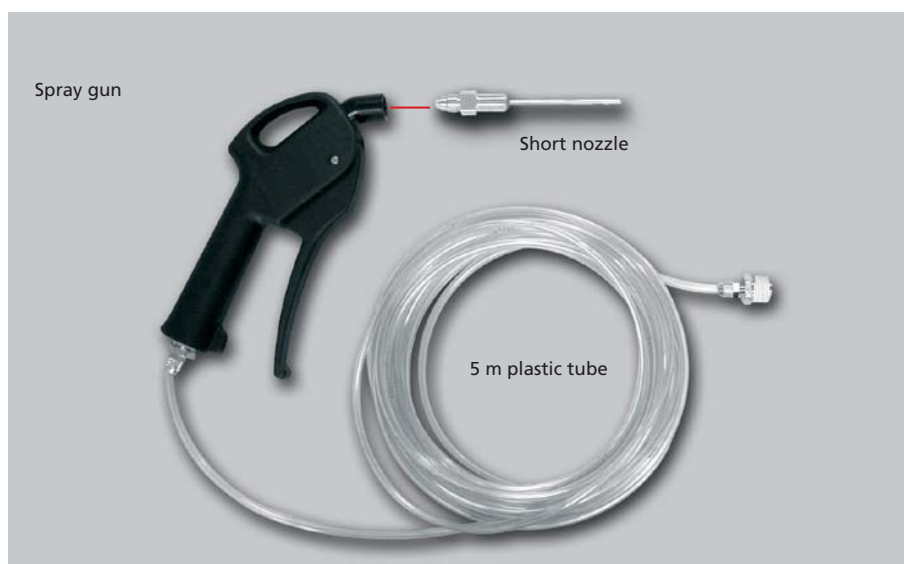
Spraying Helium in order to detect a leak is usually very easy, especially if you need fast and rough detection.

Spraying Helium could also become a technical challenge when you need to pinpoint very fine leaks, more so, when they are located in areas with difficult access.

The Helium spray gun is provided with 2 standard needles wich allow the adjustment of the Helium flow at the outlet of the nozzle.

## Accessories

- 9b** Helium spray probe model "standard".  
Part No: **112535**



Spraying Helium in order to detect a leak is usually very easy, especially if you need fast and rough detection.

Spraying Helium could also become a technical challenge when you need to pinpoint very fine leaks, more so, when they are located in areas with difficult access.

## Inlet filters

**10**




### Complete inlet filters



Model	DN Flange	Part No
20 µm inlet filter	25/25	105841
20 µm inlet filter	40/40	105842
20 µm inlet filter	40/25	105843
5 µm inlet filter	25/25	105844
5 µm inlet filter	40/40	105845
5 µm inlet filter	40/25	105846

## Accessories

### Spare parts for inlet filters

	Model	DN Flange	Part No
	Stainless steel filter 70 µm	16	072721
	Stainless steel filter 70 µm	25	072857
	Stainless steel filter 70 µm	40	067636
	20 µm inlet filter	Ø 114 mm	105847
	5 µm inlet filter	Ø 114 mm	105848
	O'ring, dia. 5 mm	Ø 114 mm	082152

### Short distance sniffer probe (to be connected to the inlet part of a leak detector):

Temperature coefficient: 7 % per °Celsius.

Standard leak rate:  $2 \times 10^{-4}$  mbar l/s

Able to measure helium concentration inside water or liquids.

11



Designation	DN Flange	Part No
Sniffer probe with membrane, DN 40 flange and a 1.5 meter tube (5 ft)	40	067 683
Sniffer probe with membrane, DN 40 flange	40	067 677
Sniffer probe with membrane, DN 25 flange	25	103 592
Sniffer probe with membrane and 14 mm O.D. smooth tube connection	Ø 14 mm	067 678

## Accessories

### Bombing chamber

12

Designation	DN Flange	Part No
Bombing chamber 10 bars (Ø 150 - L 200 - Vol.: 3.5 l)	-	786 396
Bombing chamber 25 bars (Ø 150 - L 200 - Vol.: 6.4 l)	-	786 397

### Test chambers

13

- Small test chamber: hemispherical test chamber, Ø 72 mm, depth 31 mm
- Medium test chamber: cylindrical test chamber, Ø 85 mm, depth 68 mm
- Large test chamber: cylindrical test chamber, Ø 160 mm, depth 100 mm



Designation	Part No
Small test chamber DN 25 (1)	802 452
Small test chamber DN 40 (2)	802 453
Medium test chamber DN 40 (2)	802 456
Large test chamber DN 40 for ASM 182 T/TD+	802 458

- (1) ASM 142 - ASM 142 D  
 (2) ASM 182 T/TD+ - ASM 192 T/TD+

## Accessories

### Neutral gas vent line kit

Part No: 801421

14



Neutral gas vent line kit

### Bottle handle for cart

15

15a

ASM 182



Bottle handle for cart p/n 111196

Part No: **802819**

Bottle maxi weight: 15 kg/33 lbs



## Accessories

---

**15b** ASM Graph D+



Part No: 112 532 (Ø 135-146)  
112 533 (Ø 177)

## Technical characteristics

	Measurement range* (Helium)		Crossover pressure (at inlet)	
	mbar l/s	Pa m <sup>3</sup> /s	mbar	Pa
Gross leak test mode	$> 1 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$> 1 \cdot 10^{-5}$	100	1000
Normal test mode	$1 \cdot 10^{-11}$ to $1 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $5 \cdot 10^{-12}$ function with zero	$1 \cdot 10^{-12}$ to $1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $5 \cdot 10^{-13}$ function with zero	0.1	10
Sniffing test mode	$1 \cdot 10^{-7}$ to $1 \cdot 10^{-1}$	$1 \cdot 10^{-8}$ to $1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	sniffer probe at atm. pressure	

\* Zero function not activated, in standard conditions (20 °C, 5 ppm He ambient sensor degassed detector).

Response time (Inlet port blanked off) in normal test mode	< 0.1 s
Response time in sniffing test mode	< 1 s

Technical data according to AVS 2.3 or EN 1518 or ISO 3530 standard

### Helium pumping speed

At inlet port in normal mode	4 l/s
------------------------------	-------

### Roughing (primary) pump characteristics:

Primary pump pumping speed (in air)	25 m <sup>3</sup> /h (15 cfm)
-------------------------------------	-------------------------------

### Hybrid turbomolecular pump characteristics:

Hybrid turbomolecular pump pumping speed (in air)	200 l/s
Hybrid turbomolecular pump exhaust pressure safety limit	4 mbar

### Analyzer cell (Spectro):

Analyzer cell design	self protected 180° magnetic deflection mass spectrometer
Analyzer cell filament	2 separate tungsten filaments
Analyzer cell sensitivity	$3 \cdot 10^{-4}$ A/mbar
Emission current range	0.2 to 2 mA

## Technical characteristics

### Displays and setpoints adjustments:

Inlet port pressure display range	$10^3$ to $10^{-3}$ mbar / $10^5$ to $10^{-1}$ Pa
-----------------------------------	---

### Audio alarm:

90 dB modulated and adjustable audio signal

Hard vacuum Audio signal set point	Adjustable throughout the entire measuring range
Sniffing Audio set point	Adjustable throughout the entire measuring range

### Start-up time (at 20 °C)

### Starting up time after storage C 200

Without auto-calibration	< 3 min 10 s ± 10 %
With auto-calibration	< 4 min 40 s ± 10 %

### Time to reach test mode (Hard vacuum test):

inlet port  
blanked-off

connected to  
the test chamber  
(small model)

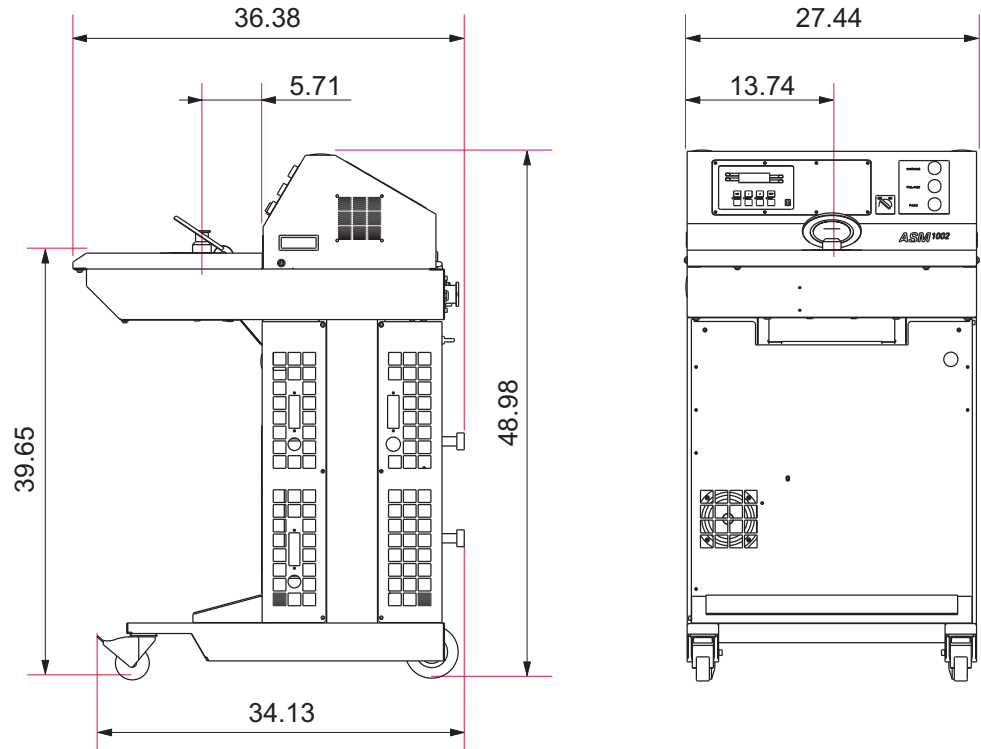
connected to  
1,6 l volume  
(large test chamber)

Normal test mode	2 s	< 2.5 s	< 4.5 s
------------------	-----	---------	---------

### Miscellaneous:

Power frequency	low voltage:	100 - 130 V ± 10%
	high voltage:	200 - 240 V ± 10%
Power frequency		50/60 Hz single phase
Power consumption (maximum)	permanent:	1,5 kVA
	start up < 10 s:	2,3 kVA
Start-up temperature		10 to 40° C
Ambient operating temperature		10 to 40° C
Storage temperature		-25° C to 70° C
Noise level (at 1 meter; audio alarm not operational, stand by mode)		55 dBA
House protection level		20 IP
Weight		190 kg
Inlet port		Test chamber or DN 25
Hygrometry max. (at 40 °C)		95 %
Part to be tested weight max. (with DN 25 inlet port)		30 kg / 66 lb


## Dimensions (inch)





# Installation

## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

**Preliminary remarks** Throughout this operating manual, you could find this type of message “**Summary of screen**  **C 140**”: it refers to a specific chapter of the operating manual. Please read it for further information.

### **B 100**

#### *Safety instructions*

- Overview
- Storage
- Unpacking
- Installation
- Operation
- Maintenance

### **B 110**

#### *Unpacking - Storage - Transport*

- Before unpacking
- Pieces supplied
- Handling the leak detector with a hoist and slings
- Precautionary measures for the leak detector installation
- Storage
- Transport

### **B 112**

#### *Product labelling*

- Detector packaging
- Detector
- Pumps

### **B 200**

#### *Neutral gas purge and inlet vent connection*

- Products concerned
- Connection to the leak detector
- Use
- Gas characteristics

### **B 210**

#### *ASM 1002: Connecting the detector to the installation via the hardware interface*

### **B 220**

#### *Connecting its own test chamber*

- Installation of the test chamber in the leak detector
- ASM 1002 modification



# Installation

## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

### **B 300**

#### *Controlling the detector with the I/O interface*

- Purpose of the I/O interface
- Location of the I/O interface
- Prepare the connector wiring
- The controls (inputs)
- The signals (outputs)

### **B 310**

#### *Controlling the detector with a PC computer through the RS 232 interface*

- Purpose of the PC computer interface
- Location of the RS 232 interface
- RS 232 interface instructions
- Commands available for your leak detector
- RS 232 interface setting
- Connection checking of RS 232 interface

### **B 320**

#### *Connecting the detector directly to a printer*

- Purpose of the printer interface
- Location of the printer interface
- Connector description
- Communication mode description
- Connection to the printer
- Tickets available

### **B 330**

#### *Lights out interface*

- Purpose of the lights out interface
- Location of the lights out interface
- Prepare the connection wiring
- The signals (outputs)

### **B 400**

#### *Before starting up the ASM 1002*

- Check the oil level of the roughing pump
- Check power voltage

## Safety instructions

### CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

### CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in moderate or minor injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

### WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or severe injury.

### DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or severe injury (extreme situations).

## Overview

Before switching on the appliance, study the user's manual and make sure you follow the safety instructions it gives. You can recognise these by the 'Caution', 'Warning' and 'Danger' symbols.

Good practice tips and manufacturer's recommendations are in a blue box.

The performance and operational safety of this product are guaranteed provided it is used normally in the operating conditions defined in this manual.

It is the customer's task to:

- train operators to use the product if they do not speak the language the manual is written in,
- ensure operators know the safe practices to apply when using the product.

We took care to provide you with a clean appliance. To keep it in this condition, unpack it only in its final place of use.

For emergencies and breakdowns, contact the manager of your local service center (see addresses at back of manual).

Make sure the equipment shows no sign of transport damage. If it has been damaged, take the necessary steps to record this with the carrier and inform the manufacturer. In all cases, we recommend keeping the packaging (reusable materials) for further transport of the equipment or for prolonged storage.

## Safety instructions

Our products are designed to comply with current EEC regulations. Users making their own modifications to the product are liable to break its compliance with these regulations, degrade its EMC (electromagnetic compatibility) rating, and make it unsafe to use. The manufacturer declines all liability for the consequences of such operations.

### CAUTION

The product's EMC rating is obtained on the understanding that it is installed in compliance with EMC rules.

Of special note: in environments that are prone to emit interference,

- use shielded cables and connections on interfaces,
- put earthed screening on the power supply line, from the power source up to 3 meters (10 ft) from the product cable entry.

### Storage

When storing the detector, please note that we guarantee the reliability of our equipment for three months in normal storage conditions (see operating manual for storage temperatures). Beyond this period, factors like temperature, humidity, or salt in the air can lead to deterioration of 'sensitive' items (elastomer, lubricant, etc.).

For storage longer than 3 months, follow the instructions in this operating manual.

### Unpacking

Heavy detector

This product needs special handling precautions due to its weight. It should be removed from its crate only by staff trained in heavy materials handling:

- make sure the detector is stripped of all excess weight (accessories, customization, etc.) and the side covers are fastened,
- use the lifting rings provided with the product. The maker can not be held liable for the consequences of using other rings.
- screw the rings firmly home into the holes, provided, facing in the right direction to accept the slings,
- never lift the detector by means of a single lifting ring,
- the sling must not form an angle of more than 45 ° from vertical.

### Installation

#### WARNING

Risk of tilting.

Although the appliance meets EEC safety regulations (normal range  $\pm 10^\circ$ ), it is advisable to guard against the risk of tilting during handling, installation, and use.

ASM 380 detector.

When the detector is placed on a gradient of more than 3 ° (6 %), it can drag the operator along due to its heavy weight:

- use castors to move it,
- locate it on flat, hard ground,
- do not push it sideways or press on its side faces,
- do not leave objects leaning on the side of it.

The detector is not designed to carry people or loads and is not for use as a seat or step.



## Safety instructions

### Installation (cont.)

In leak detectors fitted with atmospheric air purging, avoid performing detection operations in non ventilated rooms. The helium concentration may be too high.

#### CAUTION

The leak detector must be installed on a horizontal flat surface and never laid on its side. Some models cater for other positions; these are described in the operating manual.

#### CAUTION

The leak detector is Class 1 equipment and therefore must be earthed. The user must check the electrical installation to which the leak detector is connected:

- it must comply with current standards (IEC 364),
- it must have a standards compliant earth wire, properly connected to earth.

#### WARNING

Electric shock hazard on touching.  
When the main isolator is switched to the «0» position, items located between the mains connection and the isolator are still under mains voltage. Disconnect the mains cable from all power sources before commencing any maintenance work on the product.

#### WARNING

Electric shock hazard.  
Some components have capacitors charged to over 60VDC. When power is switched off, they keep their charge for a time. Residual voltages from the filter capacitors can cause electric shocks all the way back to the mains plug. Wait 5 minutes after power-off before commencing any work on the appliance.

#### WARNING

A helium leak test must be performed in environmental conditions bearing no risk to the user or equipment.  
The user and/or OEM are ultimately responsible for ensuring proper safety conditions apply to the working product. The manufacturer has no control over the type of gas the detector is used with. Parts tested, equipment used and the plan itself must show no traces of aggressive, chemical, corrosive, inflammable, reactive, toxic, explosive substances, in an form whatsoever (solid, liquid, gaseous).  
Note: any pumping of liquid water is forbidden; water steam contained naturally in the air can be pumped (see maxi concentration indicated in the environmental conditions of the operating instructions: see **A 100**  
These are hazardous substances, and the process user must take responsibility for applying all relevant safety instructions in accordance with the legislation in effect at the site.  
The detector's nitrogen purge system is not intended to dilute these gases. The manufacturer can not be held liable and the guarantee is void if the detector is used while these gases are present.

## Safety instructions

### Installation (cont.)

#### WARNING

Lock out (LO/TO) of nitrogen purging circuit.  
The user will need to provide a dedicated Nitrogen circuit, fitted with a manual valve, that can be locked out within a radius of 3 m (10 ft) of the equipment.

### Operation

#### CAUTION

ASM 380 detector  
This leak detector must not be used without its purge system. The user must make sure the purger is present and working properly.  
The manufacturer shall not be held liable for any damage to the product and the guarantee is void if the purge does not work.

#### WARNING

The products are factory tested to ensure they will not leak in normal operating conditions. It is the user's responsibility to ensure this level of leak tightness is maintained.

#### DANGER

**Explosion hazard.**  
To detect leaks using «hydrogen» tracer gas, always use hydrogenated nitrogen (95 % N<sub>2</sub> and 5 % H<sub>2</sub>) (see chapter A of operating manual).

#### CAUTION

If the appliance is used in applications where dust or solid particles are present, we advise protecting it with an inlet filter (see section A of the operating manual).  
Always use clean pipes and fittings in the pumping installation.

#### CAUTION

Make sure all parts and chambers connected to the inlet of our products can withstand a negative pressure of 1 bar below atmospheric pressure and that they are impervious to damage from vacuum (seals, etc.).

#### CAUTION

The inlet pressure must be no higher than atmospheric pressure. Too high a pressure can damage the product

#### WARNING

Remove the blanking plates on the inlet and exhaust orifices. These are to prevent foreign bodies entering the pump during transport and storage.

## Safety instructions

### Operation (cont.)

#### CAUTION

Make sure the exhaust pressure does not exceed 1200 mbar (absolute). Too high a pressure can damage the appliance.

After connecting the appliance to the pumping line, check for leaks along the whole of the line to ensure proper connections have been made (pump, pipes, valves, etc.).

#### CAUTION

Leak detectors fitted with oil seal roughing pumps. These pumps come without oil, which is delivered in separate drums. The material safety sheet for the oil is available upon request. Always wear gloves and goggles when filling the pumps with oil.

#### DANGER

The voltages and currents in use can induce electric shock. Isolate and lock out power to the appliance before maintaining it or removing the cover. Only skilled, authorized people may carry out maintenance work.

#### CAUTION

Risk of seizing  
Avoid moving or applying shock to a running detector.  
Portable detectors: avoid rotating the appliance about an axis perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the high vacuum pump.

#### CAUTION


ASM 380 detector.  
Nipping hazard:  
- keep hands away from the sides when opening the cover,  
- keep hands away from the front of the cover when closing it.  
Laceration hazard:  
Do not move the appliance by holding the bumper bar. Use the handle provided.

### Maintenance

The outside of the appliance and control box can be cleaned with a lint free wiper. Avoid using cleaning products that deteriorate printed surfaces and self adhesive labels. All other cleaning operations must be done by our service centers.

## Safety instructions

### Maintenance (cont.)

Do not eliminate maintenance waste via standard disposal channels. Have it destroyed by a qualified company if necessary: see  F 003.

#### CAUTION

Leak detectors fitted with oil seal roughing pumps.  
We advise draining the pump prior to any transport of the equipment.  
Always wear gloves and goggles when draining the pumps.  
Do not put waste oil down the drain. Have it destroyed by a qualified company if necessary.


#### WARNING

Maintenance must be performed by a skilled maintenance operator trained in the relevant health and safety aspects (EMC, electrical hazards, chemical pollution, etc.).  
Isolate the product from all energy sources (mains electricity, compressed air, etc.) before starting work.  
Major overhauls must be performed by qualified staff who have received training from the manufacturer, especially when it comes to handling the fluids inside the detector (see instructions in operating manual).

#### WARNING

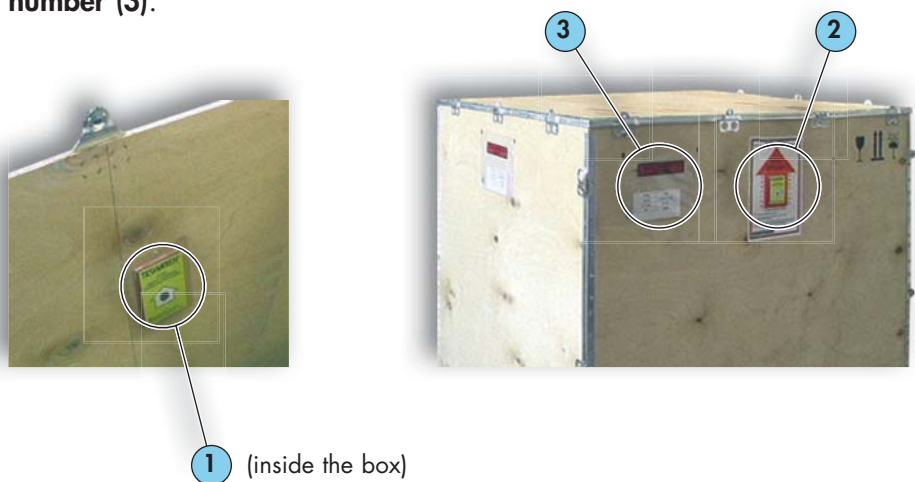
The products are designed to avoid subjecting users to heat hazards. Specific operating conditions can nevertheless exist that require extra caution from users due to the high temperatures generated (outer surfaces > 70° C):  
Wear protective gloves to work on the appliance, especially during maintenance.

## Unpacking - Storage - Transport

Before switching on the unit, the user should read the safety instructions supplied with the detector  B 100

### Before unpacking

Check the **packaging tilt indicators** of the detector (1) and (2). Before opening, check the **name of the model** and the **serial number** (3).



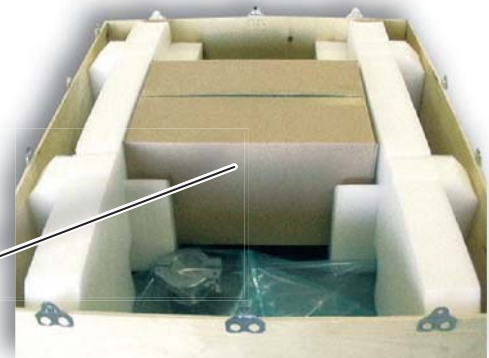
When the equipment is received, unpack it carefully. Keep the packaging box for possible return.

### Pieces supplied

The following pieces are supplied with your unit:

- 1 remote control
- a calibration certificate of the internal calibrated leak
- an operating manual
- a RS 232 operating manual
- a maintenance kit
- a funnel
- 2 A200 oil cans
- 2 plastic stoppers

Box with all the pieces supplied



- a connector for oil change

If one of these parts is missing, contact the manufacturer immediately.

## Unpacking - Storage - Transport

### Handling the leak detector with a hoist and slings

Two lifting rings are supplied with the leak detector. Plugs are also supplied to replace the rings during normal use of the leak detector.

**In the event of any damage, contact the manufacturer.**



### Precautionary measures for the leak detector installation

The leak detector is equipped with 4 pivoting wheels without brake (2 wheels with brake on the console version). So:

- if the detector is placed on a high surface, the operator should take care to lock the wheels of the detector,
- it's forbidden to place the leak detector on a sloping surface (> 1%) without taking precautions for its translation stop.

### Storage

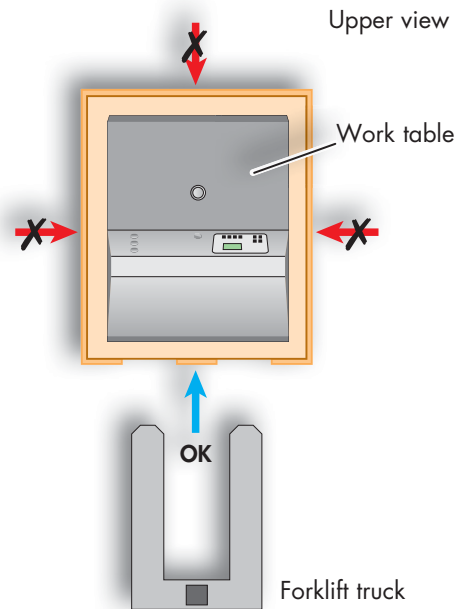
For prolonged storage, factors such as temperature, humidity, saline atmosphere etc. may damage the detector elements. Please call your local representative for further information.

Before starting up after storage for over six months, it is recommended to change all the seals (contact customer service).

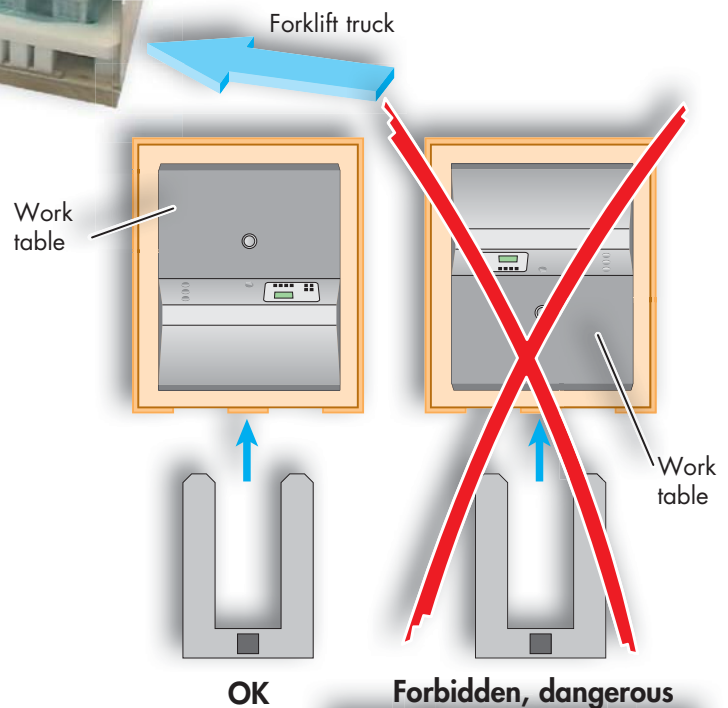
The seals kits must be kept away from heat and light (direct sunlight and ultraviolet light) in order to prevent hardening of the elastomers.

## Unpacking - Storage - Transport

**Transport** The packaging box has been designed to be forklifted only by one side.



We advise for any transport to use the original packaging box and to wedge it carefully into the box. Place the leak detector as indicated below.



**CAUTION**

# Product labelling

## Detector packaging

- Marking on the packaging used for product delivery.

**WARNING**

WE RECOMMEND KEEPING THE ORIGINAL PACKAGING (REUSABLE MATERIALS) FOR FURTHER TRANSPORT OF THE EQUIPMENT.  
CONSULT THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE PRODUCT UNPACKING.

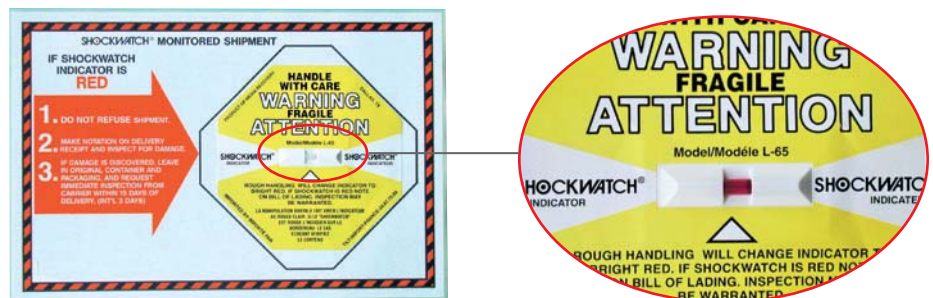
**ATTENTION**

NOUS VOUS RECOMMANDONS DE CONSERVER L'EMBALLAGE D'ORIGINE (MATERIAU RECYCLABLE) POUR TRANSPORTER L'EQUIPEMENT.  
CONSULTER DE L'UTILISATEUR AVANT DEBALLAGE DU PRODUIT.

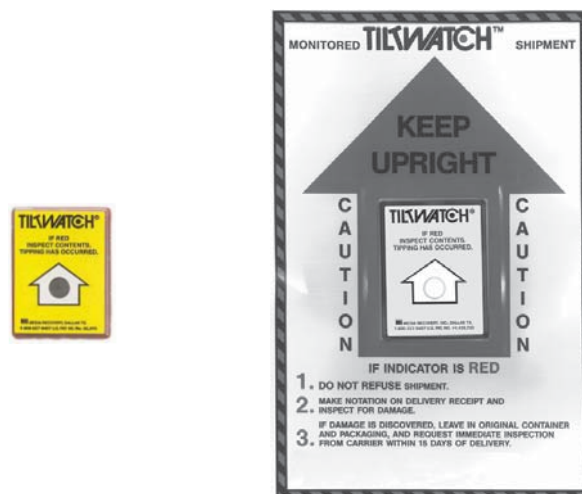
**ACHTUNG**

WIR RATEN IHNEN DIE ORIGINALVERPACKUNG (WIEDERVERWERTBARES MATERIAL) FÜR EINEN SPÄTEREN TRANSPORT AUFZUBEWAHREN.  
VOR DEM AUSPACKEN, DER BETRIEBSANLEITUNG LESEN UND BEACHTEN.

- Shock indicator: indicates if the box has been shook.



- Tilt indicator: indicates that the box has been tipped.



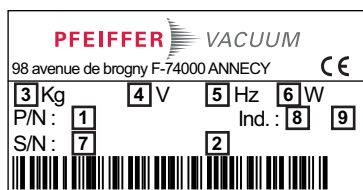
- Safety label: guarantees that nobody has opened the packaging since the manufacturing departure.





## Product labelling

- Detector**
- Located on the frame, identity label indicates:
    - General data allowing identifying the leak detector.
    - Safety data allowing using the leak detector in good conditions.



1	Part number
2	Designation
3	Net weight
4	Use voltage
5	Use frequency
6	Maxi power consumption
7	Serial number
8	Index
9	Manufacturing date

- Product customized in factory, according to customer order.

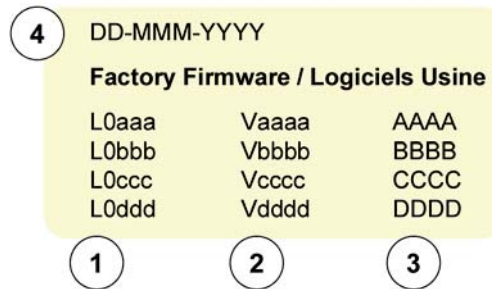
**PRODUIT PERSONNALISE  
CUSTOMIZED PRODUCT**

- Located on the frame, this label indicates if “Bluetooth”, “Input/output board with Ethernet” or “Input/output board with Wi-Fi” options are placed in the detector. If yes, their Mac addresses, required for their configuration, are indicated.



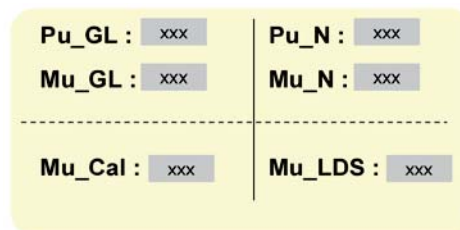
## Product labelling

- Located on the frame, under the cover, this label indicates for each firmware load in the leak detector, its version and checksum.



1	Firmware name
2	Firmware version
3	Firmware checksum
4	Label edition date

- Located on the frame, under the cover, this label indicates parameters values only necessary to Service Centers for the leak detector maintenance.



- Leak detector quality control comply at factory leaving.

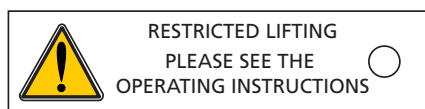


- Leak detector conformed with the R.O.H.S. directives.

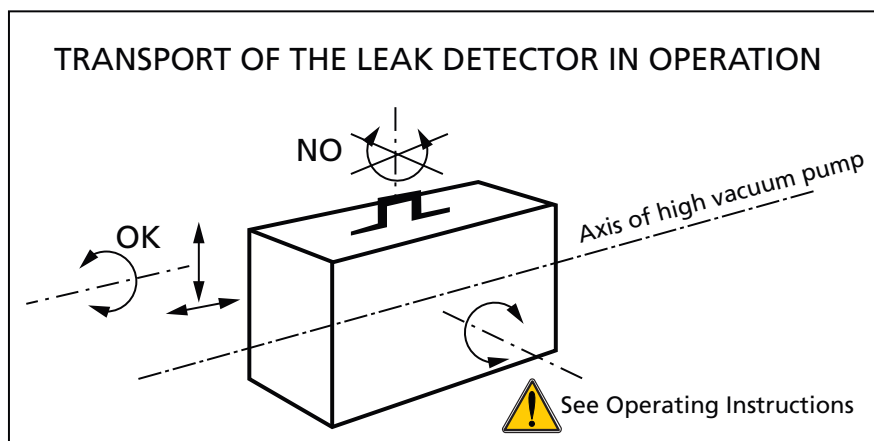


## Product labelling

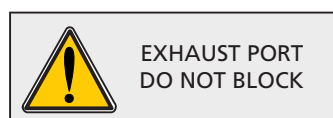
- Located on the detector, this label indicates that the product lifting must:
  - be made from the handling points identified with this label (rings, handles, ...),
  - respect the handling rules book considering its weight and dimensions.
  - See Operating Instructions for more details.



- Don't move the leak detector in operation in all positions.



- Exhaust port: not to be blocked.



- Product drained before leaving factory: fill the primary pump with oil before running.

**NOTICE**  
**PUMP IS SHIPPED WITHOUT**  
 ○ **OIL INSTALLED**  
 consult maintenance manual  
**CAUTION**

**ATTENTION**  
**POMPE LIVREE SANS HUILE**  
 ○ **A L'INTERIEUR**  
 consulter le manuel d'utilisation  
**ATTENTION**

## Product labelling

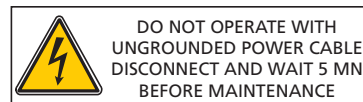
- This label indicates a detector ground point.



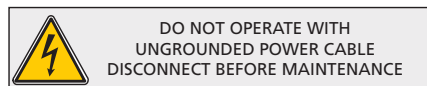
- Located on some electronic boards, this label indicates that some of the internal parts are energized and could cause electrical shocks in case of contact.



- Located on the frame, this label indicates that some of the internal parts are energized and could cause electrical shocks in case of contact. This label recommends disconnecting power supply cable and waiting 5 minutes before any maintenance operation.



- Located on some electronic boards, this label indicates that some of the internal parts are energized and could cause electrical shocks in case of contact. This label recommends:
  - Do not using the leak detector with the power supply cable not connected to the ground,
  - disconnecting electrically the leak detector before any maintenance operation.



- Located on some electronic boards, this label indicates that some of the internal parts are energized and could cause electrical shocks in case of contact. This label recommends disconnecting electrically the leak detector before removing the cover.



## Product labelling

### Pumps

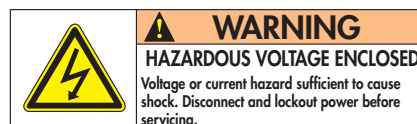
- Located on the rear of the pump, this label warns the user against possible risk of injury due to any hand contact with hot surfaces. It states that protective gloves should be used before performing any intervention.



- Located on the upper cover, this label indicates that due to its heavy weight the product should not be handled manually, but always through appropriate handling devices.



- Located on the upper cover, this label indicates that some of the internal parts are energized and could cause electrical shocks in case of contact. It advises to disconnect the pump before any intervention or to properly lock-out and tag-out the equipment breaker before any intervention on the pump.



- Located on the upper cover, this label informs the user that moving parts present inside the pump could cause personal injury, like crushing or cutting. The user must keep all body parts away from moving parts.




# Neutral gas purge and inlet vent connection

## Products concerned

	Inlet vent	Neutral gas purge
ASM 182 / 192 T ASM 192 T2	✓	
ASM 182 / 192 TD+ ASM 192 T2D+	✓	✓ <sup>(2)</sup>
ASM 142	✓ <sup>(1)</sup>	
ASM 142 D ASM Graph D+		✓ (MDP 5006 HDS) <sup>(3)</sup>
ASM 142 S ASM 102 S		
ASM 122 D	✓	✓ <sup>(2)</sup>
ASM 1002	✓	

(1) Requires a special inlet vent kit installation (  A 700).

(2) Male connector delivered with the leak detector (  F 800 - Ref. H116).

(3) Male connector not delivered with the leak detector.  
Model : Male connector R 1/4 BSPT.

## Connection to the leak detector

 B 210 / B 211

**Neutral gas purge**  
ASM 182/192 TD+  
ASM 192 T2D+  
ASM 142 D

■ If the purge is connected to an insert gas, the primary pump will be purged with this inert gas: its supply pressure must be regulated (see purge flow §).

If the male purge fitting is installed and not connected to an inert gas, the primary pump will be purged with ambient air and an air flow is maintained inside the leak detector.


### CAUTION

The manufacturer recommends that the primary pump be purged continuously whenever the leak detector is in operation. Premature failure of the primary pump may occur and the warranty may be affected if the male purge fitting is not used at all times: do not remove this purge. This can be done by connecting the purge to an insert gas with less than 5 ppm of helium or simply to ambient air with normal Helium concentration of 5 ppm.

**Neutral gas purge**  
ASM 122 D

■ Even if the leak detector does not use the neutral gas purge, the male connector delivered with the leak detector should always be connected to leak detector.


**Inlet vent**

■ The inlet vent status (open or closed) depends on the parameters set by the operator (  C 500).

■ If no inlet vent system is connected, the inlet vent is connected to the ambient air.

## Neutral gas purge and inlet vent connection

### Use Neutral gas purge

- Used to limit the leak detector internal pollution.
- Used to accelerate the cleanup of the helium background noise in the pumps after detecting a significant leak.
- Make high sensitivity testing easier due to the decreasing and stabilization of the helium background noise.
- As a supplement to the neutral gas purge, use the "Depollution" function  C 560 (except ASM 142 S/ASM 102 S).

In case of a big flow of Helium into the leak detector (very big leak detected), the recovery time (time for the display to go back to normal Helium background value) is 10 times longer when the neutral gas purge is obturated than when it is open. In usual average test conditions, there is however no major difference.

### Inlet vent

- Used to accelerate the cleanup of the helium background noise in the leak detector after detecting a significant leak.
- Make high sensitivity testing easier due to the decreasing and stabilization of the helium background noise.
- Allows to regulate the gas flow inside the leak detector, leak detector in stand-by.

## Gas characteristics

### Type

Nitrogen is typically the neutral gas used but you can use any gas on the condition that it is poor in helium (concentration  $\leq 1$  ppm).  
Take care with the ambient air: it should not be polluted with helium.

### Quality/purity

According to the installation or item to test. The gas should be clean, dry, without dust, no toxic.

### Use pressure

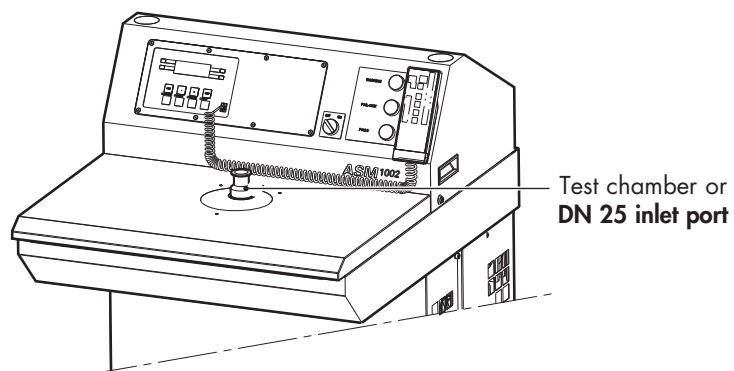
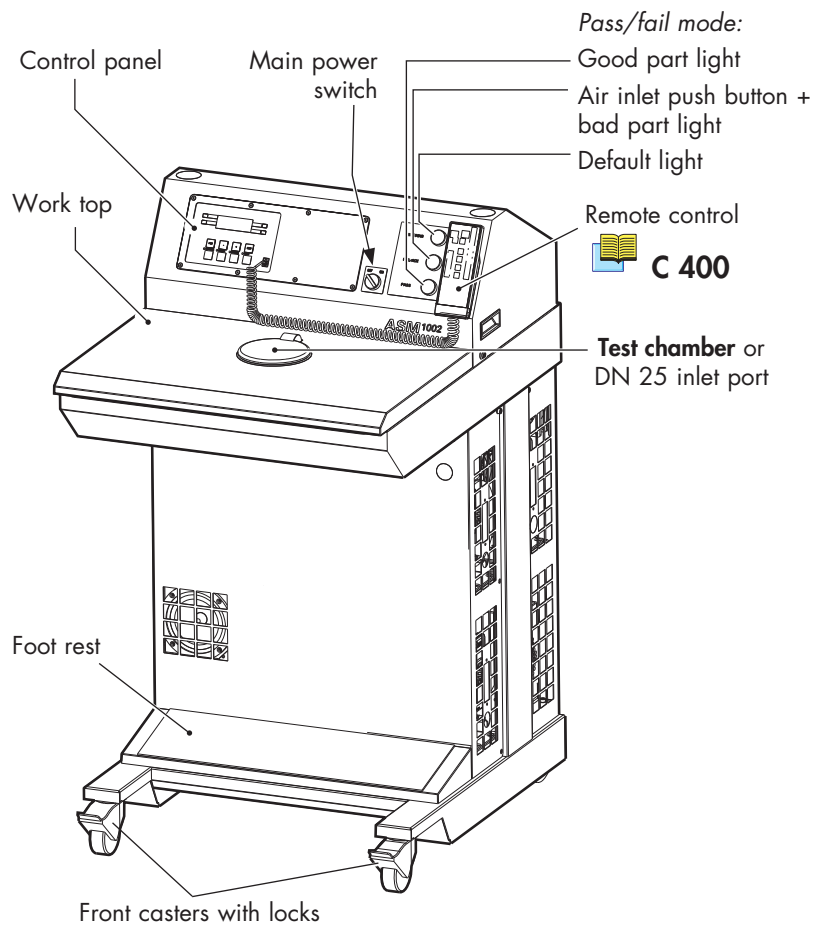
$0.3 \pm 0.1$  bar relative ( $\approx 20$  psia/5 psig).

If the inlet vent pressure is too high, the inlet valve will always stay closed, off even if the inlet valve is «ON».

### Purge flow

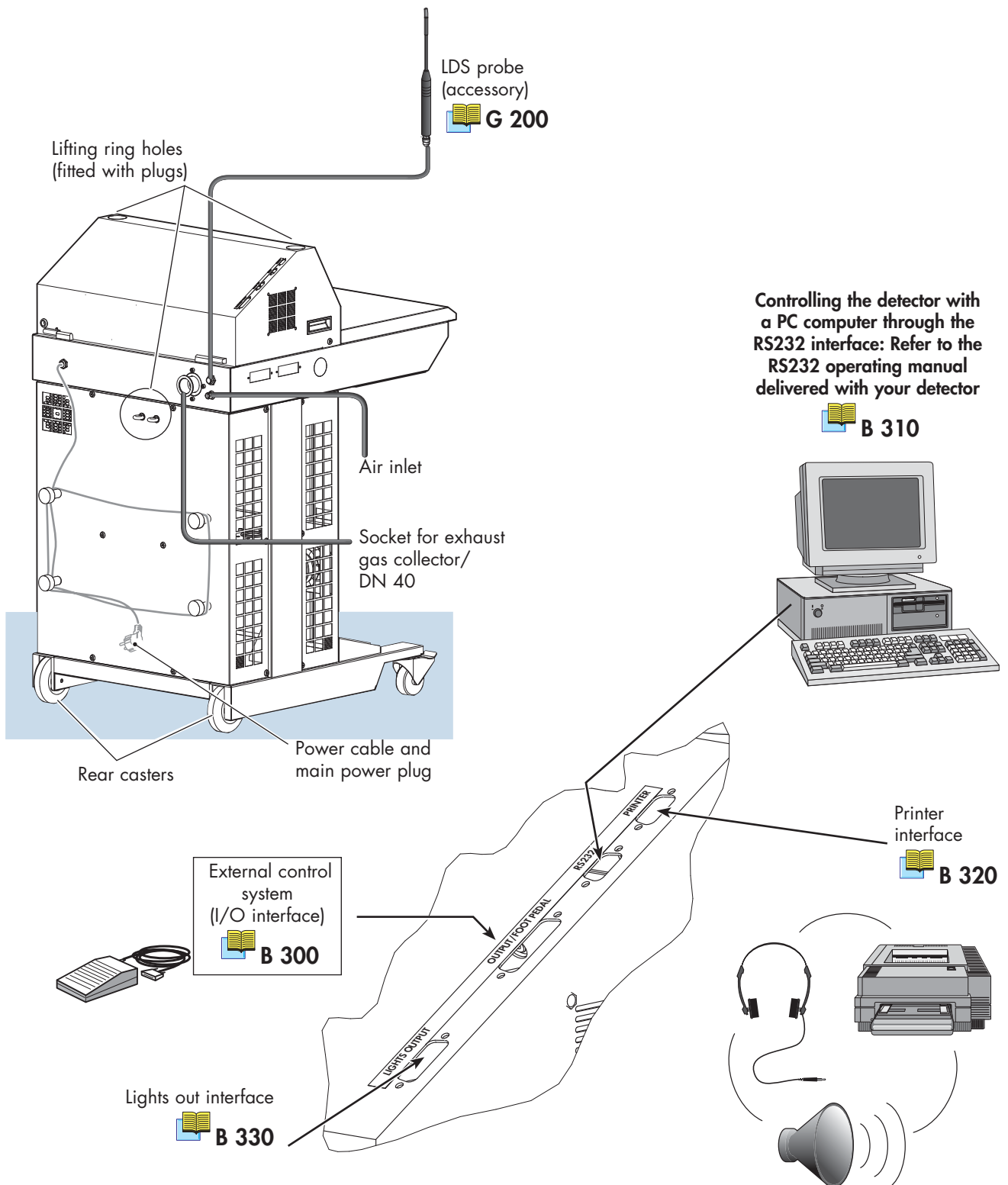
- ASM 122 D - ASM 142 D:  $\leq 5$  sccm
- ASM 182 TD+:  $\leq 50$  sccm

## ASM 1002: Connecting the detector to the installation via the hardware interface




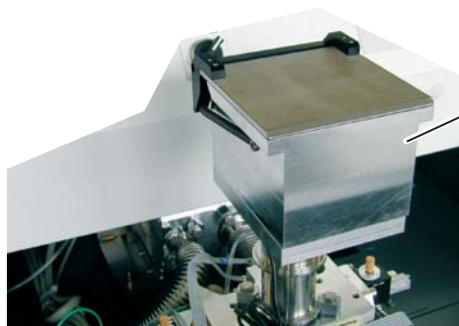


## ASM 1002: Connecting the detector to the installation via the hardware interface



## Connecting its own test chamber

3 different test chambers (refer to  **A 600**) are proposed in option. You have the possibility to connect to the DN 25 inlet port or to the vacuum block your own test chamber.



Example: customized test chamber connected to the DN 25 inlet port

### Installation of the test chamber in the leak detector

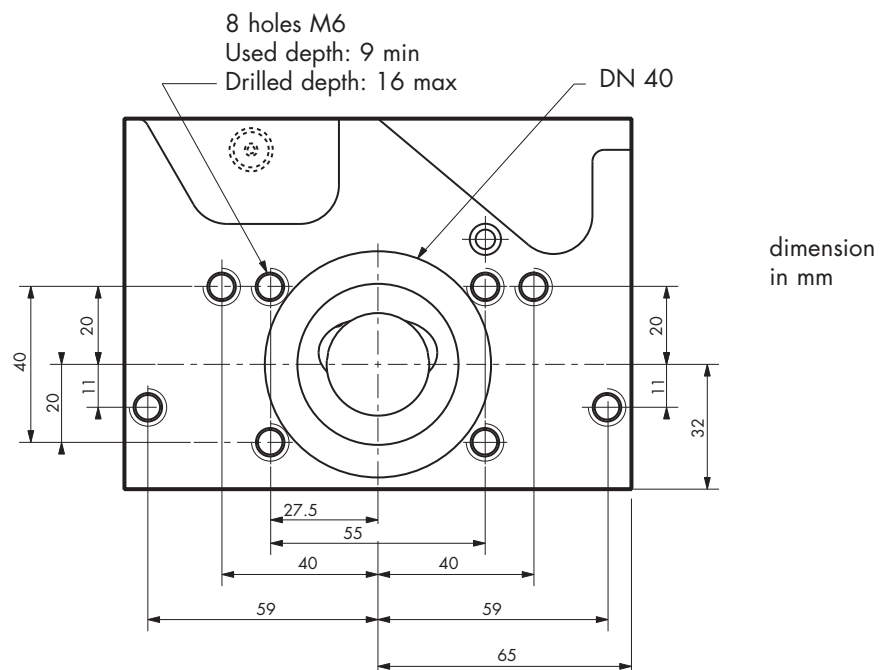
#### Test chamber connected to the DN 25 inlet port

The complete test chamber weight (with the parts to be tested) should not exceed 30 kg (66 lb). Use the DN 25 inlet port for the connection.

#### Test chamber connected to the vacuum block

Use the 8 holes already drilled for the test chamber for your own test chamber fixing.

Please refer to the drilling drawing below



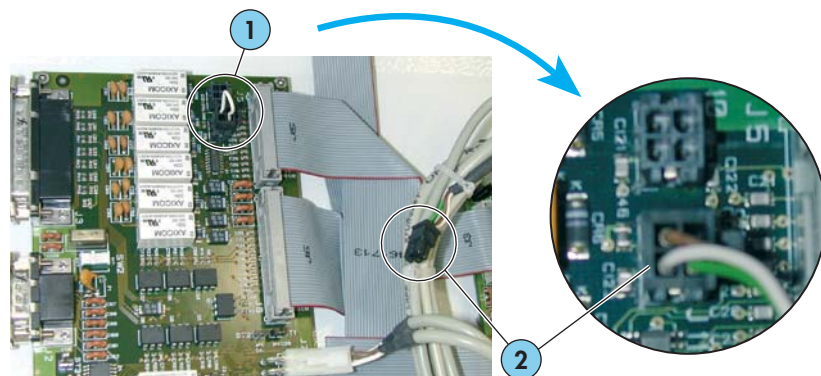
## Connecting its own test chamber

### ASM 1002 modification

All the ASM 1002 delivered with a DN 25 inlet port option could be equipped with a test chamber. The leak detector is prepared for this adaptation.

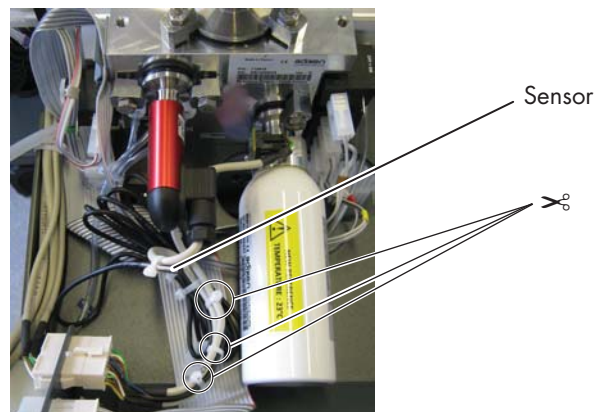
### Wiring harness

- On the interface board, remove the strap (1), free the cable (2) and connect it to the interface board in place of the strap.

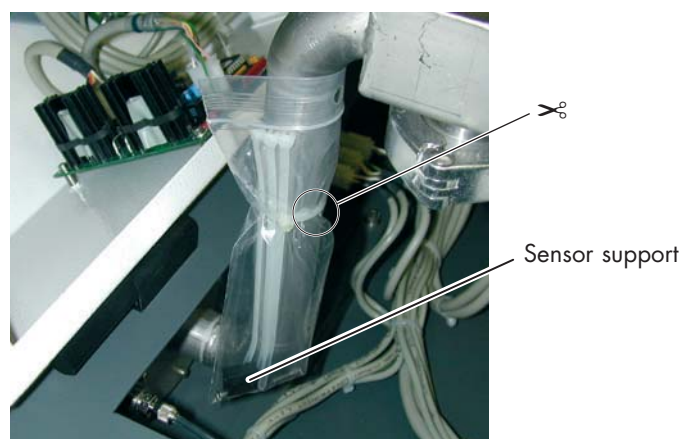


### Sensor

- Free the sensor cable.



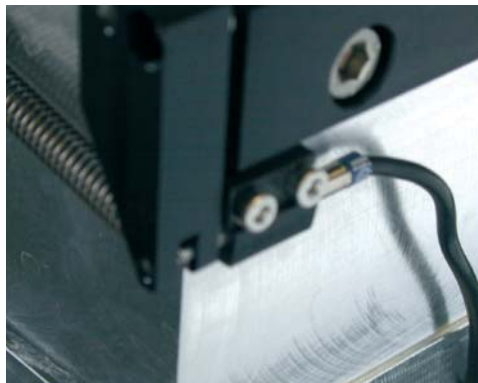
- Use the sensor support delivered with your leak detector.



## Connecting its own test chamber

### ASM 1002 modification (ctd) Sensor (ctd)

- Fix the sensor support on your test chamber and put the sensor inside.



Example of a sensor support with its sensor on a test chamber

**Time to reach test mode** It depends on the size of your test chamber.

For information, please refer to  **A 800**: the time with a small and a large test chamber are indicated.


## Controlling the detector with the I/O interface

### Purpose of the I/O interface

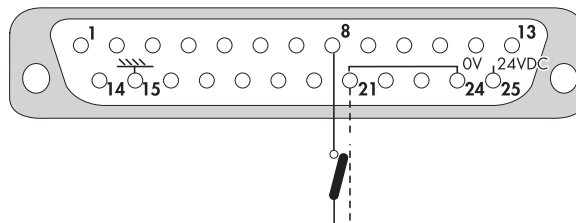
The I/O interface makes it possible to control the leak detector with a PLC or any other external control device.

### Location of the I/O interface

The I/O interface is available on a Sub. D 25 pin male connector located on the back of the leak detector.

 **B 210**

### Prepare the connector wiring (Sub. D 25 pin female connector)



It is recommended to use a shielded cable which is grounded on the connector cap.

### The controls (inputs)

**8 Pedal**

**Contact opened:** the detector is in standby

**Contact closed:** the unit is in cycle

### The signals (outputs)

Dry contacts:

Direct current: 60 V - 60 W or 2 A max

Alternative current: 40 V - 125 VA or 2 A max

**19 - 15**

Analog output 0 - 10 VDC (inlet pressure)

**14 - 15**

0 - 8 VDC analog output (Helium signal)

Note:

15 = internal ground

21 = common (external ground)

## Controlling the detector with a PC computer through the RS 232 interface

### Purpose of the PC computer interface

The RS 232 interface makes it possible to control the leak detector with a PC compatible computer.

### Location of the RS 232 interface

It is a Sub D 9 pin Male connector.

Connect the detector to the installation  B 210/211

### RS 232 interface instructions

A specific manual describes to the operator all the commands available with the RS 232 manufacturer protocol. It is delivery with your leak detector.

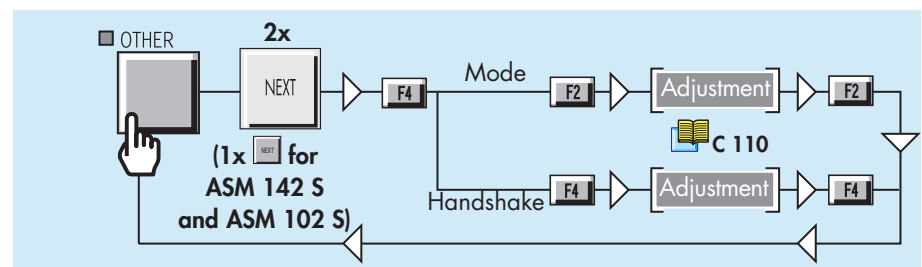
### Commands available for your leak detector

Only the commands which correspond to the fonctions of your leak detector are available.

See details in the RS 232 operating manual.



### RS 232 interface setting



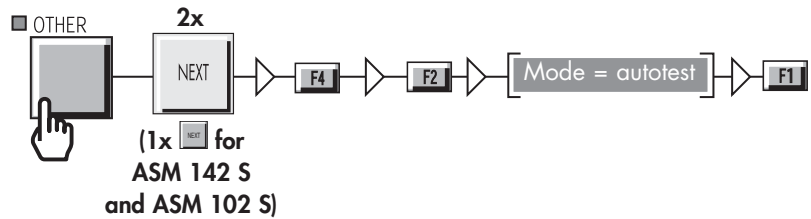
### Connection checking of RS 232 interface

You can start up an autotest in order to check the connection PC/leak detector.

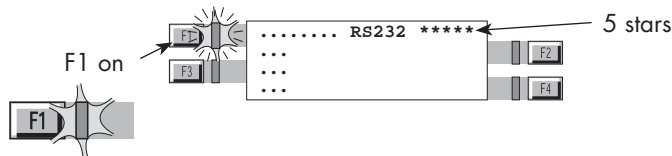
Leak detector stopped, connect the both ends of RS 232 cable (depending on wiring recommended) on each of Sub 9 pin connectors.



## Controlling the detector with a PC computer through the RS 232 interface

Procedure 1 -

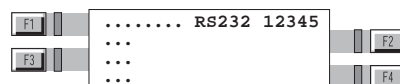


2 - The first line of LCD screen is:



3 -  the autotest is started and F1 flash on 

Following different tests, the stars are replaced by numbers.  
If the autotest is accomplished, the first line LCD screen become:



## Connecting the detector directly to a printer

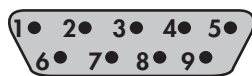
### Purpose of the printer interface

The Printer interface makes it possible to connect the leak detector to a printer.




### Location of the printer interface

It is a Sub D 9 pin Male connector.

 **B 210/211**



### Connector description

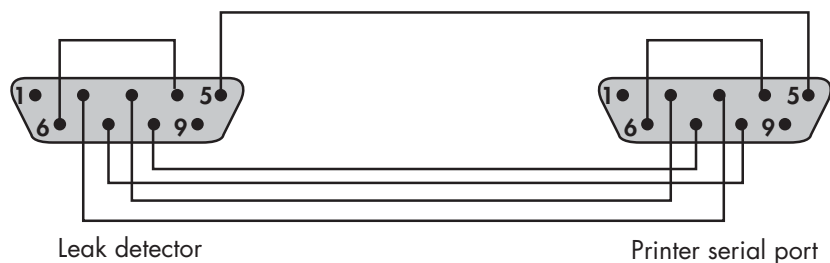
	Pin #	Function	Communication protocol	
	1	External loudspeaker	Mode	Asynchronous
	2	Rx	Bauds	9600
	3	Tx	Bits	8
	4	NA	Parity	None
	5	Ground	Stop bit	1
	6	Headphone	Parity control	None
	7	RTS		
	8	CTS		
	9 	Internal use only. Don't connect it		

**Headphone and loudspeaker**  **C 410**

### Communication mode description

Configuration tickets are sent out.











### Connection to the printer





## Connecting the detector directly to a printer

### Tickets available

Ticket	Example	Print	
		ASM mode	PASS/FAIL mode
Configuration	<a href="#">1</a> p. 3/7	Only available for Customer Service	
Internal calibration with internal leak	<a href="#">2</a> p. 4/7	Automatic print after an internal calibration with internal/external leak: refer to  <b>C 301</b>	No print or automatic print after an internal calibration with internal/external leak, in accordance with set parameters: refer to  <b>C 610</b>
Internal calibration with external leak	<a href="#">3</a> p. 4/7		
Calibration checking with internal leak	<a href="#">5</a> p. 5/7	Automatic print after a calibration checking with internal leak: refer to  <b>C 302</b>	No print or automatic print after a calibration checking with internal leak, in accordance with set parameters: refer to  <b>C 610</b>
Test	<a href="#">6</a> p. 5/7	Automatic print at the test end: refer to  <b>C 211 / 212</b>	-
Test	<a href="#">7</a> p. 6/7	-	No print or automatic print at the test end, in accordance with set parameters: refer to  <b>C 610</b>
Automatic background suppression	<a href="#">8</a> p. 7/7	-	Automatic print after a background calculation if the automatic background suppression is activated: refer to  <b>C 610</b>
Part parameters	<a href="#">9</a> p. 7/7	-	No print or automatic print at the leak detector switch on or if one parameter value or the test mode (ASM P/F) changes, in accordance with set parameters: refer to  <b>C 610</b> On request print: refer to  <b>C 620</b>
Part history	<a href="#">10</a> p. 7/7	-	On request print: refer to  <b>C 620</b>

## Connecting the detector directly to a printer

## Configuration ticket

1

```

ASM1002 CONFIGURATION TICKET
VERSION: L125v1.0 r00
DATE:Jan/01/2003 TIME:00:00:07

SET-POINTS MENU
audio level:                3
digital voice level:        3
hard vacuum alarm:          fixed
hard vacuum reject point:   1.0E-07
sniffing alarm:             fixed
sniffing reject point:      1.0E-04
sniffer probe clogged reject: 1.0E-06
bargraph zoom on reject point: no
depollution function:      off
pollution reject point:    1.0E-05
antipollution GL function: on
pollution reject point:    3.0E-04
memo. function active:      no
memo. display timer:        no
memo. timer value(min:s):   00:10
cycle end function:         operator
roughing overlap timer:     on
roughing timer value(min:s): 00:10
test timer value(min:s):    00:10
start.timer value(min:s):   00:05
background suppression
activation:                  operator
trigger:                    reject point
GL setpoint (mbar)          1.0E+02
Normal setpoint (mbar)     1.0E-01

SPECTRO MENU
automatic calibration:      off
calibration check:         operator
every:                      0050 cycles
every:                      0010 hours

filament in use:           2
electronic zero:           110
acceleration voltage(V):   217
electronic current(mA):    0.0
sensitivity coefficient:    01.00
He calibrated leak
location:                   internal
value:                      1.0E-07
unit:                       mbar.l/sec
year:                       2003
loss per year(%):          2.00
temperature(C):            20
temp.coefficient(%/C):     3.00

```

```

MAINTENANCE MENU
high vac.mnt.periodicity(hours):12000
high vac. mnt.due in(hours): 12000
filament#1 running time(hours): 0
filament#2 running time(hours): 0
customed mnt.period.(cycles): 5.0E+05
customed mnt.due in(cycles): 5.0E+05
bicolore remote:          yes
primary pump1 used:        yes
primary pump2 used:        no

OTHER MENU
test mode selection:       normal
inlet vent mode:           chamber
inlet vent delay(sec):     0
inlet vent open timer us:  no
inlet vent timer value(min/sec):00:09
hard vacuum correction:    off
hard vacuum cor.coefficient: 1.00E+00
sniffing correction:       off
sniffing cor.coefficient:  1.00E+00
unit:                      mbar.l/sec
display language:          english
user interface:            #4
password value:            5555

TYPICAL VACUUM VALUES
Pu_gf:1.00000              Mu_gf :1.0E+06
Pu_n :1.00000              Mu_n  :00001.0
                               Mu_r1d:00015.0

DATE AND TIME VALUES
last stop:                 Jan/01/2003 00:00:00
last start:                Jan/01/2003 00:00:02
last calib.ok:             Jan/01/2003 00:00:00

detector counter (h:m:s): 00000:00:50

```

## Connecting the detector directly to a printer

### Internal calibration ticket with internal leak

2

```

DATE:Jan/01/2003 TIME:00:03:17
ASM1002 CALIBRATION gas:      He
unit:                          mbar.l/sec

CALIBRATED LEAK PARAMETERS:
location:                       internal
value:                          1.0E-07
unit:                          mbar.l/sec
calibration year:              2003
loss per year (%):            2.00
calibration temperature (C):   20
temperature coefficient (%/C):  3.00
TARGET PARAMETERS:
current internal temperature (C): 25
target value:                  1.2E-07
ELECTRONIC ZERO:
done:                          yes
PEAK SEARCH :
search                          yes
SIGNAL RECORDS (no calibrated):
global:                        1.3E-07
background:                    7.1E-11
CALIBRATION INFORMATIONS:
total time(sec):              74
result:                        COMPLETED

CURRENT ASM1002 CALIBRATION:
DATE:Jan/01/2003 TIME:00:03:00
Fil:1 Ie=0.6 Vacc=232 Coef_sens:00.86

```

### Internal calibration ticket with external leak

3

```

DATE:Jan/01/2003 TIME:00:05:03
ASM1002 CALIBRATION gas:      He
Unit :                          mbar.l/sec

CALIBRATED LEAK PARAMETERS:
location:                       external
value:                          1.0E-05
unit:                          mbar.l/sec
calibration year:              2003
loss per year (%):            2.00
calibration temperature (C):   20
temperature coefficient (%/C):  3.00
TARGET PARAMETERS:
current external temperature (C): 22
target value:                  1.1E-05
ELECTRONIC ZERO:
done:                          no
PEAK SEARCH :
search                          no
SIGNAL RECORDS(no calibrated):
global:                        2.0E-05
background:                    3.0E-09
CALIBRATION INFORMATIONS:
total time(sec):              64
result:                        COMPLETED

CURRENT ASM1002 CALIBRATION:
DATE:Jan/01/2003 TIME:00:05:02
Fil:1 Ie=0.6 Vacc=232 Coef_sens:00.52

```

## Connecting the detector directly to a printer

### Calibration checking ticket with internal leak

5

```

CALIBRATION INFORMATIONS:
DATE|Jan/01/2003 TIME|01:19:23
current internal temperature(C)| 24
current coef.sens| 00.78
global rate| 1.10E-07
background rate| 5.22E-11
calibrated leak-rate| 1.10E-07
target value| 1.10E-07
percent allowance (+/-)| 15
RESULT(%)| -0
    
```

### Test ticket (asm mode)

6

```

DATE: Jan/01/2003
HOUR CASE PRESSURE LEAKRATE
00:28:26 start 3.8E+01 3.4E-11
00:28:55 GL 1.2E-02 1.4E-09
00:29:40 NR 6.3E-05 9.1E-06
00:29:45 stop 5.8E-05 1.1E-05
NR
    
```

Leak value

```

DATE: Jan/01/2003
HOUR CASE PRESSURE LEAKRATE
01:02:31 start 6.5E+01 4.8E-11
01:02:32 GL 4.6E+01 4.8E-11
01:02:33 NR 5.9E-02 1.8E+00
01:02:36 stop 9.9E-05 1.3E-05
NR FAIL
    
```

Leak value

Test result if Memo function active

Memo function  C 550

## Connecting the detector directly to a printer

### Test ticket (Pass/Fail mode)

C 610

7

#### Standard layout

```
DATE:Jan/01/2003      TIME:01:05:48
PART FILE NUMBER:    1
unit:                mbar.l/sec
reject point:        1.0E-08
alarm point:         1.0E-09
background suppression: auto level
```

Ticket headed printed only:  
- at each part change  
- at the first cycle start

DATE	HOUR	CASE	PRESSURE	LEAKRATE
Jan/01/2003	01:03:40	start	5.5E+01	4.5E-11
	01:03:43	NR	1.5E-02	5.8E-11
	01:03:48	stop	9.9E-05	4.4E-09
		NR		
SN: 00001			alarm	PASS

Test hour: 01:03:48  
Serial number: SN: 00001  
Leak value: 4.4E-09  
Test result: PASS  
Alarm threshold crossed

#### Alarm threshold C 610

DATE	HOUR	CASE	PRESSURE	LEAKRATE
Jan/01/2003	01:04:03	start	3.0E+02	4.7E-11
	01:04:06	NR	4.9E-02	5.4E-11
	01:04:11	stop	4.7E-03	1.2E-05
		NR		
SN: 00002				FAIL

Leak value: 1.2E-05  
Test result: FAIL

DATE	HOUR	CASE	PRESSURE	LEAKRATE
Jan/01/2003	01:05:41	start	4.7E+02	4.7E-11
	01:05:44	NR	2.2E-02	5.4E-11
	01:05:48	stop	4.3E-03	2.2E-09
		NR		zero
SN: 00004		alarm		PASS

Leak value with Zero function activated: zero  
Test result: PASS

#### Zero function C 540

#### Spreadsheet layout

```
DATE:Jan/01/2003      TIME:01:14:44
PART FILE NUMBER:    1
unit:                mbar.l/sec
reject point:        1.0E-08
alarm point:         1.0E-09
00005  1.3E-09  3.4E-09  5  01:14:44
00006  1.2E-05  3.2E-09  9  01:15:05
00007  8.0E-10  3.3E-09  0  01:15:34
```

Serial Number: 00007  
Leak rate: 8.0E-10  
Zero value: 3.3E-09  
part result code: 0  
Test hour: 01:15:34

## Connecting the detector directly to a printer

### Part result code :

Code	Part result	Test
0	Pass	Complete
5	Pass + alarm	Complete
9	Fail	Complete
10	Fail : exit during roughing tempo	Complete
15	Test exit : max signal value < min threshold	Aborted
20	Test exit : lost of the test mode selected	Aborted
30	Test exit : failure appearance	Aborted
40	Test exit : operator stop	Aborted

### Automatic background suppression

8

```
DATE:Jan/01/2003 TIME:01:06:46
BKG/current:1.9E-09 average: 1.9E-09
BKG/current:1.6E-09 average: 1.7E-09
BKG/current:1.5E-09 average: 1.7E-09
```

background value applied

### Background C 610

### Part parameters C 610 / 620

9

```
DATE:Jan/01/2003 TIME:01:22:36
PART FILE NUMBER:          1
part reference:             no
serial number increment:    auto

SETTINGS:
roughing timer value(min:s): 00:09
test timer value(min:s):    00:04
reject point:               1.0E-08
alarm point:                 1.0E-09
mininum point:              1.0E-13
testmode:                    normal
signal capture mode:        test end
background suppression:     auto level
background capture number:  3
background level check frequency: 10
parameters print output:    no
pass-failprint output:      tab
calibration print output:   no
```

### Part history C 620

10

```
DATE:Jan/01/2003 TIME:01:22:50
PART FILE NUMBER:          1
part reference:
MEMO:
total tested part:          00008
rejected part:              0002
defect during test:         0001
last reset date:            Jan/01/2003
last reset hour:            00:00:00
```

---

## Lights out interface

### **Purpose of the lights out interface**

The lights out interface makes it possible to recover the lights states (dry contacts).

### **Location of the lights out interface**

The lights out interface is a Sub D 15 pin Male connector located on the back of the leak detector.

 **B 210**

### **Prepare the connector wiring**

It is recommended to use a shielded cable which is grounded on the connector cap.

### **The signals (outputs)**

Dry contacts:

Direct current: 60 V - 60 W or 2 A max

Alternative current: 40 V - 125 VA or 2 A max

Contact closed:

1 - 2 = green light

5 - 6 = yellow light

12 - 13 = red light

## Before starting up the ASM 1002

Please acquaint oneself with the safety instructions sheet (  B 100) and the installation sheet (  B 110)

The performance of the detector (pumping speed, accuracy and reliability) depends on:

- the vacuum connections,
- the frequency and quality of maintenance,
- the Helium calibration.

### Check the oil level of the roughing pump

The pump has been drained: a label affixed on the cover of the unit indicates this and the filling oil is supplied.

**NOTICE**  
**PUMP IS SHIPPED WITHOUT**  
● **OIL INSTALLED**  
consult maintenance manual  
**CAUTION**

### CAUTION

The pump will be damaged if it runs without oil.

The oil required for the first use is supplied with the detector. The pumps have been tested with A200 oil. The technical characteristics of the pump are guaranteed only with the recommended oil.

The oil replacement is under the responsibility of the user.

Check that the level is between the median and max. level.




### Check power voltage

Voltage configuration is shown on a label.





## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

**Preliminary remarks** Throughout this operating manual, you could find this type of message “**Summary of screen**  **C 140**”: it refers to a specific chapter of the operating manual. Please read it for further information.

---

### **C 100** *Factory configuration of the leak detector parameters*

- Parameters configuration

---

### **C 110** *Operating principle of the control panel*

- General
- Graphic interface option
- Control keys
- Menu selection access keys
- Parameter function keys
- Description of access key
- Values adjustment with the control panel


---

### **C 120** *Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel*

- Setting and maintenance part
- Levels
- Displays
- Parameters setting and application depending on level and display of the user interface

---

### **C 130** *Access to level - Password*

- To access to level 
- Change password

---

### **C 140** *Summary of screens*

- Other menu (asm) (Pass/Fail)
- Spectro menu
- Maintenance menu
- Set point menu (asm) (Pass/Fail)

---

### **C 200** *Starting up / Switching off the leak detector*

- Starting up after an unused/storage period
- Starting up the leak detector
- Switching off the leak detector
- Recommended procedure



## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

### C 210

#### *How to use the leak detector: 2 methods*

- How to use your leak detector?
- Hard vacuum test method
- Sniffing test method

### C 211

#### *Operation of the leak detector in asm mode*

- Hard vacuum test
- Sniffing test
- Sniffer probe clogged reject point
- Adjust vacuum/sniffing alarm reject point

### C 212

#### *Operation of the leak detector in pass/fail mode*

- Starting a test cycle
- Ending a cycle
- Leak value display
- Venting the test chamber

### C 300

#### *Calibration of the leak detector*

### C 301

#### *Basic internal calibration of the leak detector*

- Purpose of the internal calibration
- When should an internal calibration be performed?
- Internal calibrated leak
- Internal calibration with the internal He calibrated leak
- Internal calibration with an external calibrated leak

### C 302

#### *Advanced internal calibration of the leak detector*

- Introduction
- Activation/deactivation of the internal calibration
- Checking function

### C 304

#### *Correction factor*

- Definition
- Activate/Deactivate the correction factor - VACUUM/SNIF COR Adjustment
- General notes (in vacuum or sniffing test mode)

### C 305

#### *Calibrated leak values programming*

- Different types of calibrated leaks
- Programming the calibrated leak parameters



## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

### C 306

#### *Adaptor for calibrated leak in sniffing mode*

- How to use the adaptor?
- Notes

### C 400

#### *Remote control*

- Remote control interface
- Remote control connecting
- Remote control choice
- Use and display

### C 410

#### *Headphone and loudspeaker*

- Level adjustment
- Accessories
- Configuration

### C 430

#### *3 masses option*

- Purpose
- Gas selection
- Calibration in Hydrogen or Helium 3

### C 450

#### *Long distance sniffer probe and Helium spray gun*

### C 500

#### *Inlet vent*

- At the end of a cycle...
- Procedure

### C 510

#### *Bargraph zoom*

- Purpose
- Activate/deactivate the bargraph zoom
- Analog display
- Zero function & Bargraph zoom

### C 520

#### *Audio alarm / Digital voice*

- Audio alarm definition
- Digital voice definition
- General
- Sound level
- Adjustment



## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

### C 530

### *Cycle end*

- Purpose of the cycle end
- Activate/Deactivate the cycle end

### C 540

### *Zero function*

- Purpose
- Activate the zero function
- Deactivate the zero function
- Activation/Deactivation of the background
- Display

### C 550

### *Memo function*

- Purpose
- Activate/Deactivate the memo function

### C 560

### *Helium pollution prevention*

- Purpose
- Activate/Deactivate the helium pollution prevention

### C 570

### *Date - Time - Language - Unit*

- Adjustment procedure

### C 580

### *Fault / information indicator and display*

- Fault and information
- Faults
- Information
- List of messages

### C 610

### *Tested part setting*

- Increment mode
- Set reference
- Cycle end
- Thresholds adjustment
- Background suppression
- Prints

### C 620

### *Tested part history*

- Background value applied
- Part history
- Print


## Factory configuration of the leak detector parameters

### Parameters configuration


The following list indicates the factory configuration of the leak detector parameters.

When the leak detector is switched off, all set parameters are memorized and values are kept for the next start-up.


We advise you to note in the "Customer modification" column, the parameter values modified for your application.

Parameters	Configuration		
	Factory	Customer modification	
RS 232 Mode Period Handshake	Advanced 1 s No		<b>B 300 or RS 232 operating manual</b>
User interface level	2		<b>C 120</b>
User interface display	Pass/Fail		<b>C 120</b>
Password	5555		<b>C 130</b>
Test mode	Normal		<b>C 210</b>
Sniffer probe clogged threshold	$1 \cdot 10^{-6}$ mbar.l/s		<b>C 211</b>
Hard vacuum reject point (asm) Sniffing reject point (asm)	$1 \cdot 10^{-8}$ mbar.l/s $1 \cdot 10^{-4}$ mbar.l/s		<b>C 211</b>
Select part	01		<b>C 212</b>
Auto-calibration Checking Auto-checking every ... Auto-checking every ...	On Operator 50 hours 10 cycles		<b>C 302</b>
External calibrated leak in sniffing	$5 \cdot 10^{-6}$ mbar.l/s		<b>C 303</b>
GL correction GL correction value Sniffing correction Sniffing correction value	Off 1 Off 1		<b>C 304</b>
Calibrated leak parameters	See calibration certificate of the internal calibrated leak delivered with the detector.		<b>C 305</b>
Location	Internal		

## Factory configuration of the leak detector parameters

Parameters	Configuration		
	Factory	Customer modification	
Detector Inlet vent Inlet vent activation Delay Open timer use Timer	On Chamber 0 No 00:09		<b>C 500</b>
Bargraph zoom (requires the remote control accessory)	No		<b>C 510</b>
Audio alarm	3		<b>C 520</b>
Digital voice	4		<b>C 520</b>
Cycle end (asm) Roughing timer Roughing timer value Measure timer value	Operator On 00:10 00:10		<b>C 530</b>
Background suppression (asm) Trigger Value	Operator Reject point $5 \cdot 10^{-7}$ mbar.l/s		<b>C 540</b>
Memo function (asm) Display timer Display timer value	No No 00:10		<b>C 550</b>
Helium pollution prevention: Depollution Depollution reject point	Off $1 \cdot 10^{-5}$ mbar.l/s		<b>C 560</b>
Date - Time Language - Unit	Factory leaving Requested in the customer order		<b>C 570</b>
Clear reference Characters	No [a-z]		<b>C 610</b>
Increment mode Initial value	Auto 00000		<b>C 610</b>
Cycle end : roughing timer (pass/fail) Cycle end : measure timer (pass/fail)	00:09 00:05		<b>C 610</b>
Reject threshold (pass/fail) Alarm threshold (pass/fail) Minimum threshold (pass/fail)	$1 \cdot 10^{-8}$ mbar.l/s $1 \cdot 10^{-9}$ mbar.l/s $1 \cdot 10^{-14}$ mbar.l/s		<b>C 610</b>

## Factory configuration of the leak detector parameters

Parameters	Configuration		
	Factory	Customer modification	
Test method Zero background Level Capture number Capture frequency Autozero Trigger	Bombing Not used $1 \cdot 10^{-14}$ mbar.l/s 03 10 Not used $5 \cdot 10^{-8}$ mbar.l/s		<b>C 610</b>
Print parameters Print Pass/Fail Print autocalib	Yes Standard Yes		<b>C 610</b>
Reset histo	No		<b>C 620</b>
Print with parameters Print with history Print now	No No No		<b>C 620</b>
Gas for 3 masses option	He		<b>C 430</b>
Maintenance High Vac. : initial value Maintenance required : initial value	12000 h $5 \cdot 10^5$ cycles		<b>D 110</b>
Filament # 1	On		<b>E 400</b>


## Operating principle of the control panel

### General

Operator interface  A 500

If a key (sensing switch) is depressed when its function is not available or not authorized, a brief audio signal is emitted.

### Graphic interface option

If your control panel is equipped with a graphic interface, please refer to the sheet  C 440 which completed this sheet.

### Control keys



The LED indicator is **ON** when the control key is activated (ex.: Sniffer ON).



The LED indicator is **OFF** when the control key is deactivated (ex.: Sniffer OFF).



### Menu selection access keys

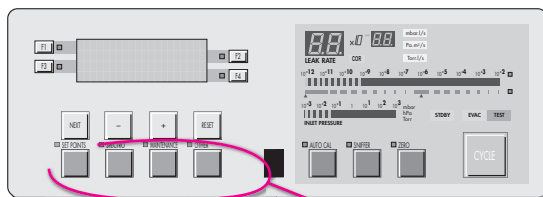
The LED indicator comes **ON** after depressing the key. It activates the menu. Then the corresponding menu is shown on the alphanumeric display.



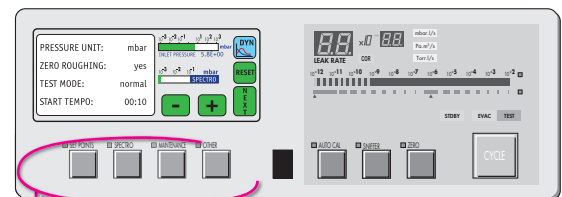
Pressing the corresponding Menu selection key a second time deactivates the menu. The LED indicator is then turned **OFF** and the previous screen is displayed again.



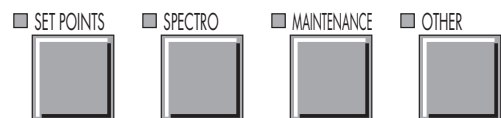
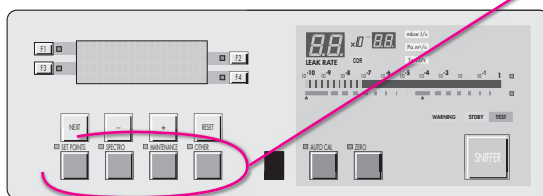
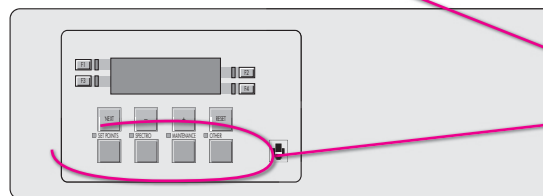
### Standard



### Option/Accessory



or  
or  
or



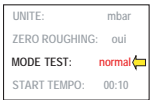


Menu selection access keys



## Operating principle of the control panel

### Parameter function keys

Standard control panel	Control panel with graphic interface (option/accessory)
	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To access to the parameter to be changed, there are up to 4 function keys available on the alphanumeric display ( <b>F1</b>, <b>F2</b>, <b>F3</b> and <b>F4</b> ). Only one parameter key can be activated at a time.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No function keys : to access to the parameter to be changed, press on the parameter value. Only one parameter value can be activated at a time.</li> </ul>
<p>Press <b>F1</b> = press on the 1st line red value</p> <p>Similarly:</p> <p><b>F2</b> → 2nd line, <b>F3</b> → 3rd line ; <b>F4</b> → 4th line</p> <p><b>Note:</b> In the operating manual, all the functions are explained with <b>F1</b> to <b>F4</b> function keys.</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The LED indicator is <b>ON</b> when the corresponding function key is available: the modification of the parameter displayed on the line is authorized.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The value parameter is <b>red</b> when the corresponding parameter is available for modification.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press the function key: the LED indicator will <b>flash</b>: the modification can be performed. It is possible to escape and reset the previous value by pressing RESET key or the active menu selection key.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press on the value: a <b>arrow appears</b>. the modification can be performed.</li> </ul>  <p>It is possible to escape and reset the previous value by pressing RESET key or the active menu selection key.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Once the parameter is modified, <b>pressing the function key again validates it</b>: the LED indicator remains <b>ON</b> and <b>stops flashing</b>.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Once the parameter is modified, <b>pressing the red value again validates it</b>: the arrow <b>disappears</b>.</li> </ul>

## Operating principle of the control panel

### Description of access keys



Next menu or next step of a function, Next PARAMETER DIGIT, WARNING/ERROR message display on the LCD when an error is detected.



Resets original parameter value (before a new parameter value is validated) and deactivates the parameter key.



YES, or ON, or OPEN, or active, or increase value, or increase audio volume, or select more sensitive test mode.



NO, or OFF, or CLOSE, or deactivate, or decrease value, or decrease audio volume, or select less sensitive test mode.

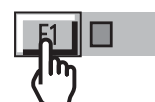
### Values adjustment with the control panel

In many menus, some values can be adjusted (reject point, password, timer, ...).

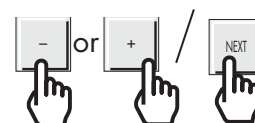
Please follow the procedure described below.

#### Procedure

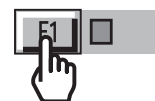
Press function key of the desired line (where the value needs to be adjusted).



For each parameter, use modification keys in order to adjust the value and go to the next parameter.



Repeat the same operation as needed.



After the last modified parameter, press again the function key to validate the changes.

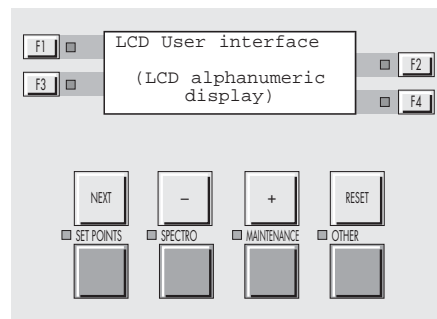
## Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

The control panel can be divided into two different sections.

- The section located on the right of the control panel is dedicated to the operator. **All users have access to this section.**
- The section located on the left of the control panel dedicated to the setting and maintenance (adjustments, functions, menu access, etc.).

Operator interface  A 500

### Setting and maintenance part



- The detector offers **4 user interface levels** for this section to accommodate any application requirements.
- The detector offers **2 user interface displays** for this section to accommodate operator's use mode.

### Levels

#### Description

Level ①

This level has very limited information on the alphanumeric display (LCD). This level is generally selected for production types of applications.

Level ②

This level allows the operator to visualize some parameters without the possibility of making any changes.  
Same as Level ①, this level is usually selected for production types of applications.

Level ③

Same as level ② but with possibility to set some parameters.  
This level is generally selected for maintenance applications.

Level ④

This level allows access to all the parameters and is generally used for settings all the parameters.

**Note:** When switching from level ④ to any other level, the switch can be performed without using the password.

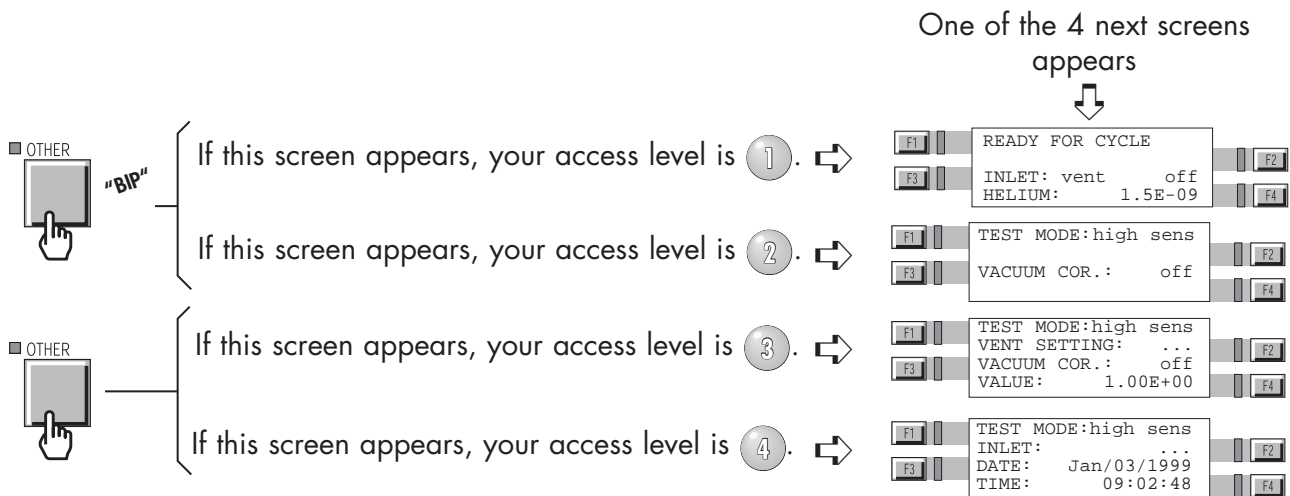
This level is generally selected for R&D applications.

## Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

Which is your user interface level?

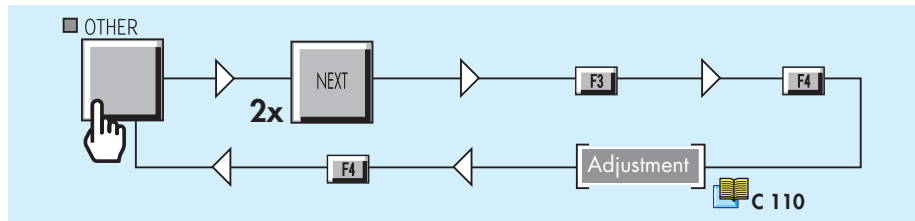
In order to find out what is the current interface level, follow the sequence described below:

Leak detector in asm display (see «Displays» below).

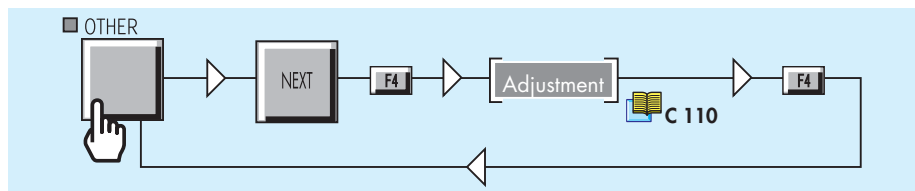


To change user interface level

- Leak detector in asm display:



- Leak detector in Pass/Fail display:



### Displays

**Description asm display:** display used when the leak detector is used in the standard mode: measure of a leak.

**Pass/Fail display:** display used when the leak detector is used in pass/fail mode: measure of a leak + selection of the part according to the test result (good/bad).

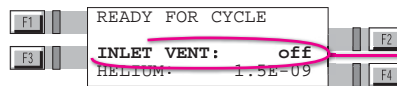
## Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

- SPECTRO and MAINTENANCE menus are common to the both displays.
- Additional menus have been added to OTHER and SET POINTS menus in asm mode in order to use the leak detector in pass/fail mode.

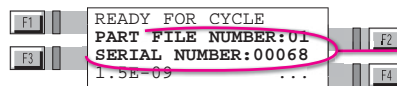
### Which display/mode used?

Parameters set in:	Display	Active parameters use	
		asm mode	Pass/Fail mode
■ Spectro menu	asm		✓
■ Maintenance menu	asm		✓
■ Other menu	asm		✓
	Pass/Fail		✓
■ Set Points menu	asm		✓
	Pass/Fail		✓

### Which is your user interface display/mode?



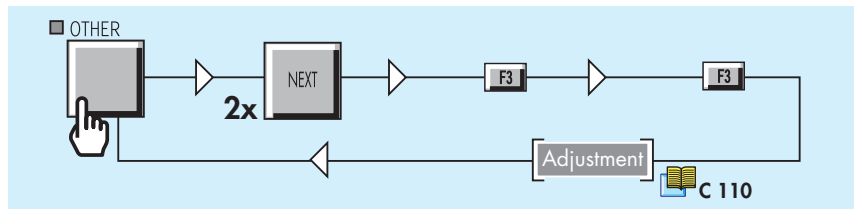
**Stand-by screen in asm display/mode:**  
inlet state information displayed.



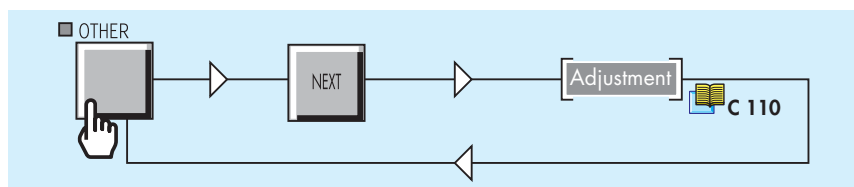
**Stand-by screen in Pass/Fail display/mode:**  
reference of the part to be tested displayed.

### To change user interface display/mode

- asm display/mode → Pass/Fail display/mode:




- Pass/Fail display/mode → asm display/mode:



## Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

### Parameters setting and application depending on level and display of the user interface

Function (with its associated parameters)		Level Interface				User Interface	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	asm mode	Pass/fail mode
RS 232	RS 232 operating manual				✓	✓	
User interface (level + display)	C 120				✓	✓	✓
Password	C 130				✓	✓	
Test mode	C 210			✓	✓	✓	
Sniffer probe clogged threshold	C 211				✓	✓	
Hard vacuum/Sniffing reject point	C 211			✓	✓	✓	
Select part	C 212				✓		✓
Auto-calibration (setting)	C 302				✓	✓	✓
External calibration in sniffing	C 303			✓	✓	✓	
Correction factor	C 304				✓	✓	
Calibrated leak	C 305				✓	✓	✓
Inlet vent	C 500		✓	✓	✓	✓	
Bargraph zoom (requires the remote control accessory)	C 510				✓	✓	
Audio alarm	C 520			✓	✓	✓	
Digital voice	C 520			✓	✓	✓	
Cycle end	C 530				✓	✓	
Zero function	C 540				✓	✓	
Memo function	C 550				✓	✓	
Helium pollution prevention (depollution)	C 560				✓	✓	
Date - Time - Language - Unit	C 570				✓	✓	
Clear/Set reference	C 610				✓		✓
Increment mode	C 610				✓		✓
Cycle end	C 610				✓		✓
Reject/Alarm/Minimum thresholds	C 610				✓		✓
Background suppression (setting)	C 610				✓		✓
Prints (parameters, Pass/Fail, autocalib)	C 610				✓		✓
Background suppression (checking)	C 620				✓		✓
History	C 620				✓		✓
Prints (parameters / history)	C 620				✓		✓
3 masses - Calibrated gas selection	C 430				✓	✓	
Pumps maintenance parameters	D 110				✓	✓	
Filament information	E 400				✓	✓	

## Access to level 4 - Password

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel

C 110

Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

C 120

Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization

Access to level 4 - Password

C 130

Summary of screens

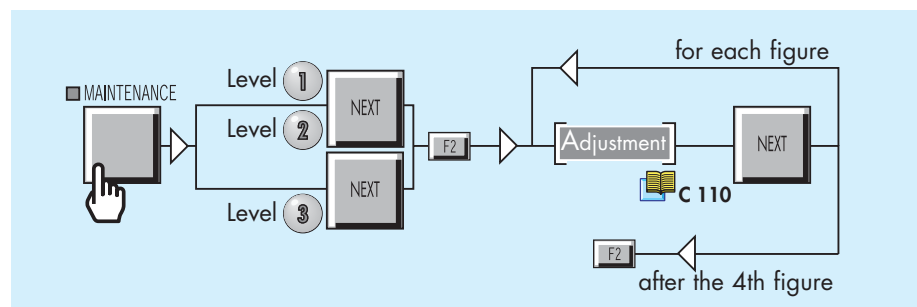
C 140

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet

### To access to level 4

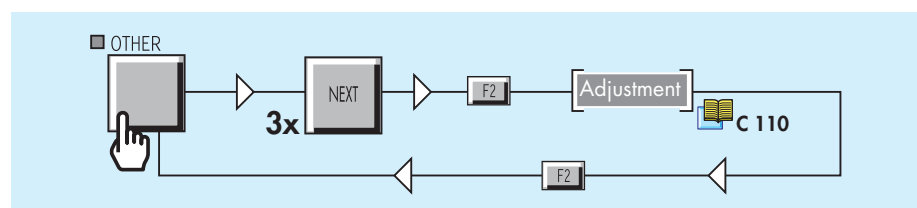
Notes:

This procedure allows the operator (with level 1, 2 or 3) to access temporary to level 4 to adjust a function but the level 4 isn't kept in memory and the unit will go back to its previous interface level afterwards. If the operator wants to maintain the level 4, he must change the user interface level (see "To change user interface level").



The operator has now reached the level 4. The software will automatically come out of level 4 and go back to the previous used level.

### Change password



# Summary of screens

## Stand-by

- asm

```

READY FOR CYCLE
INLET VENT:  off
C 500
  
```

- pass-fail

```

READY FOR CYCLE
PART TYPE NUMBER : 01
SERIAL NUMBER 00068
  
```

## Starting-up

```

PLEASE WAIT ...
adixen ASM XXX
UNIT : mbar.l/s
SOFT : Lxxx Vx.x rxx
  
```

```

PLEASE WAIT ...
Storage days : 14
Delay (min:s): 08:47
ABORT ? PRESS RESET
  
```

## Password

```

PARAMETERS MENU
ACCESS PASSWORD
*****
OR WAIT 9 SECONDS
  
```

Enter password C130

```

PRESS : SET POINTS
OR : SPECTRO
OR : MAINTENANCE
OR : OTHER
  
```

## Internal calibration with external calibrated leak

```

PLEASE OPEN He LEAK
LEAK VALUE
EXT: 0 (°C, °F)
OK => PRESS NEXT
  
```

Alternately

```

ON TEST PORT :
LEAK VALUE
EXT: 0 (°C, °F)
OK => PRESS NEXT
  
```

NEXT

```

PLEASE CLOSE He LEAK
OK => PRESS NEXT
  
```

Alternately

```

ON TEST PORT :
OK => PRESS NEXT
  
```

NEXT

## External calibration (only in sniffing)

```

EXTERNAL CALIBRATION
REQUEST
OK => PRESS NEXT
OR WAIT 9 SECONDS
  
```

NEXT

```

EXTERNAL CALIBRATION
MODE : sniffing
TARGET VALUE : 1.0E-07
OK => PRESS NEXT
  
```

NEXT

```

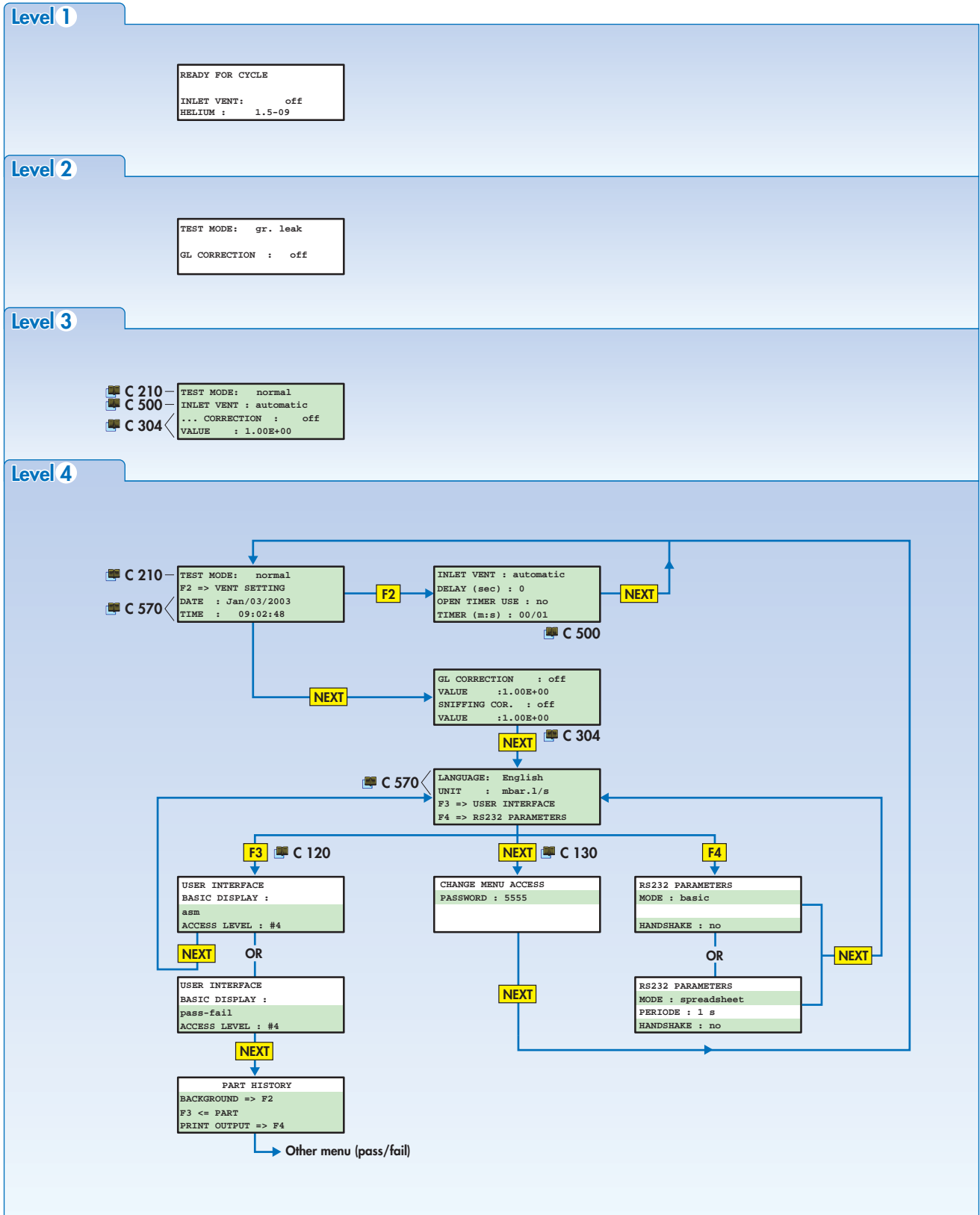
COR. : 2.08+01
MODE : sniffing
OK => PRESS AUTOCAL
ESC => PRESS RESET
  
```

NEXT



## Summary of screens

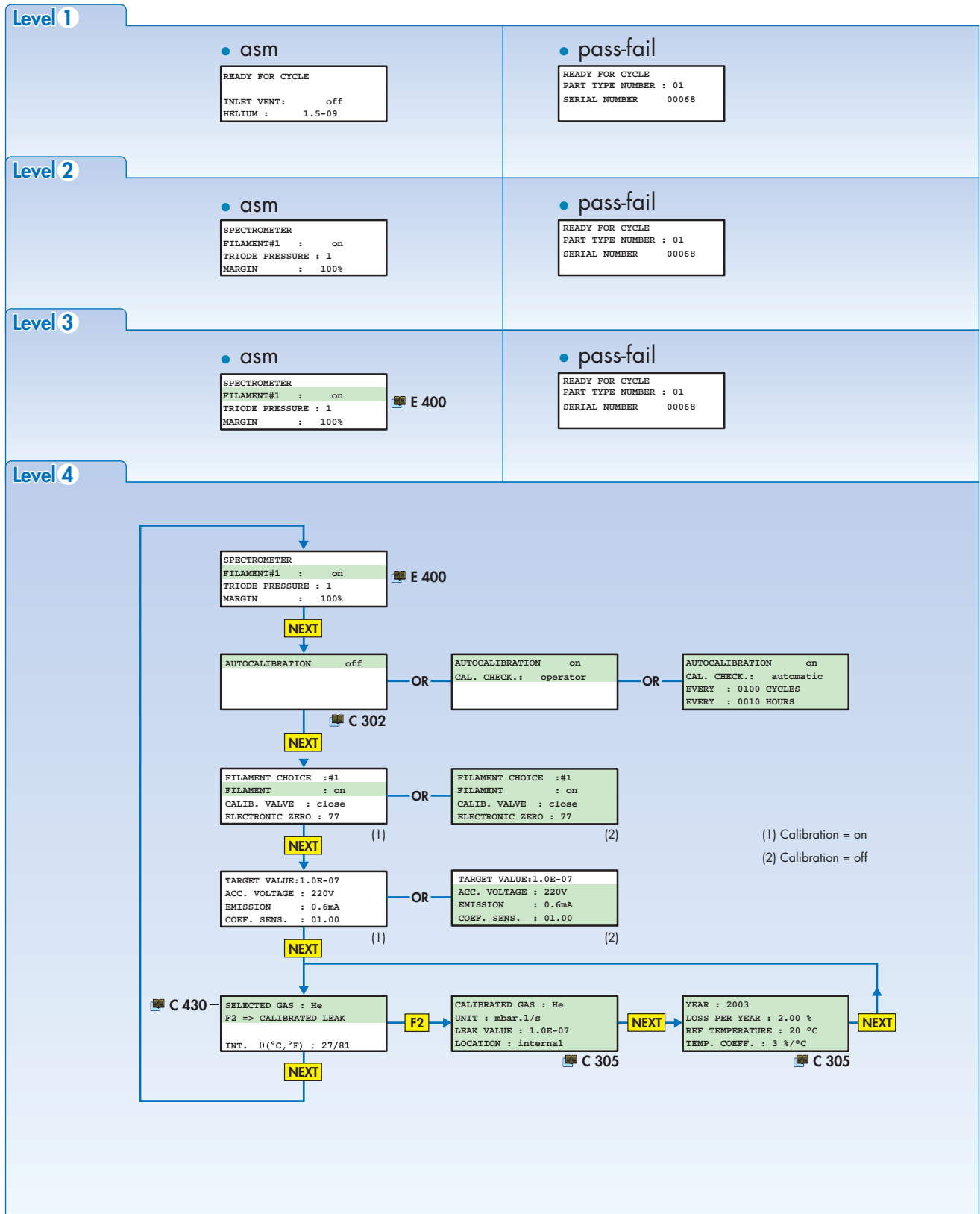
### Other menu (asm)





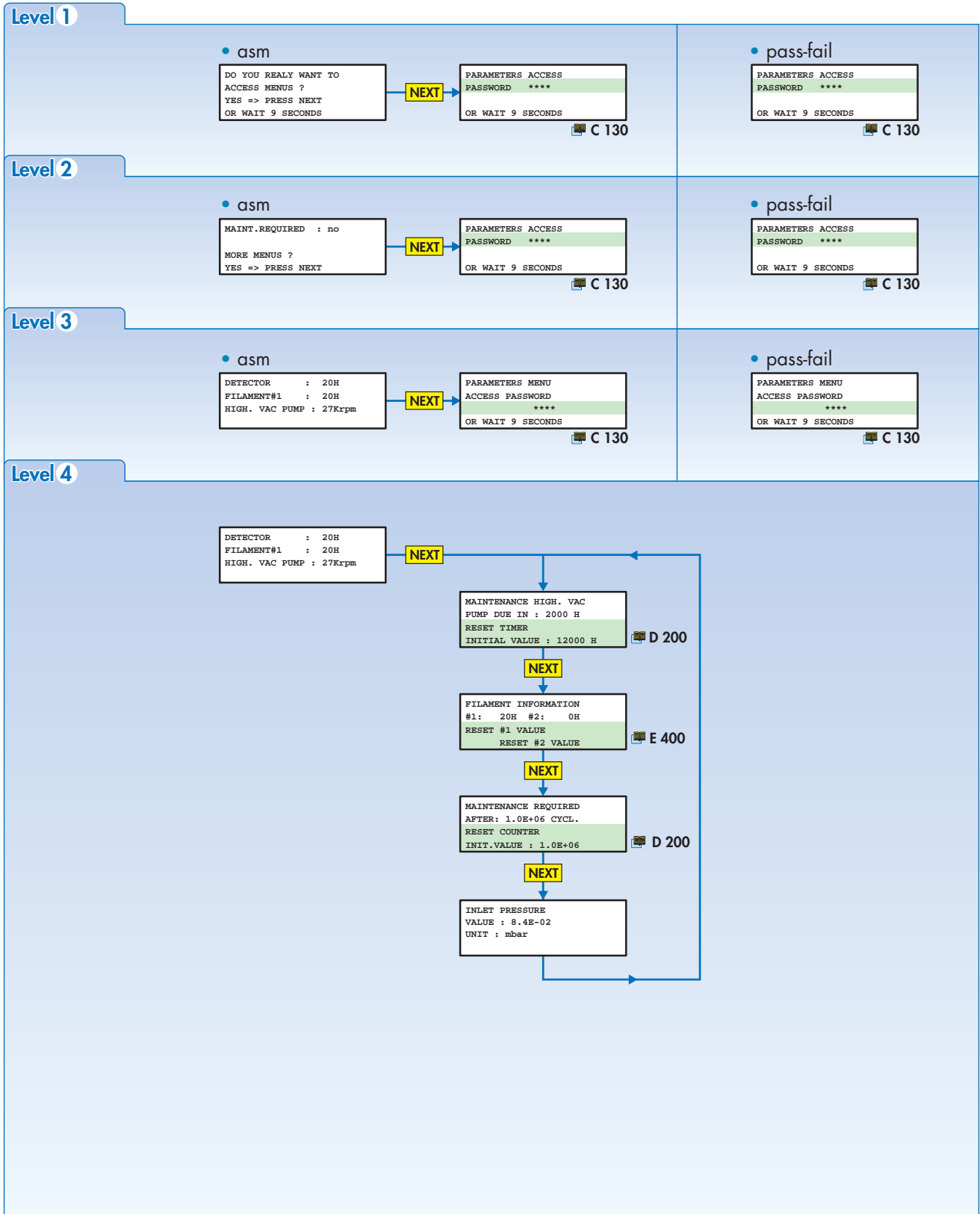
## Summary of screens

### Spectro menu



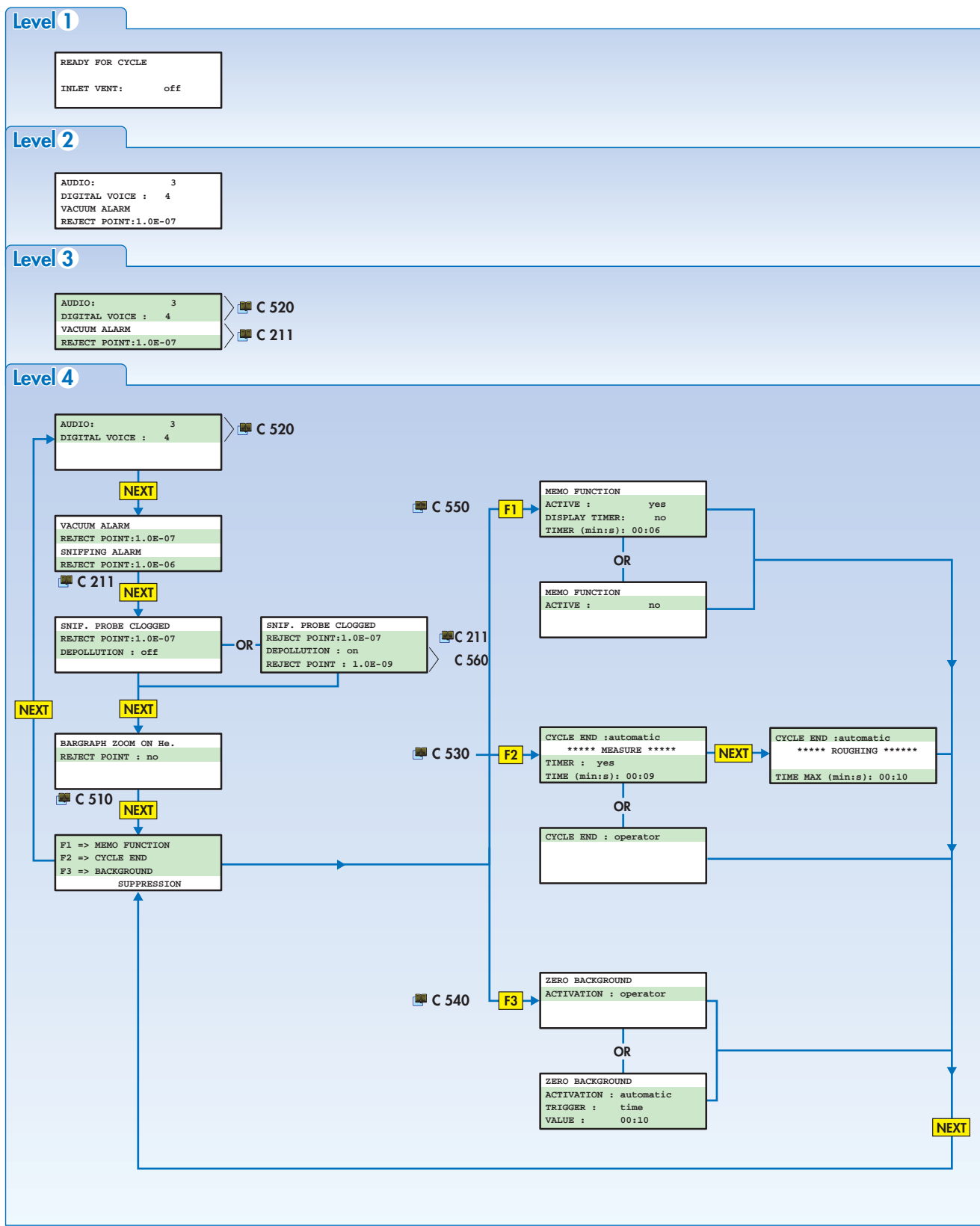
## Summary of screens

### Maintenance menu



# Summary of screens

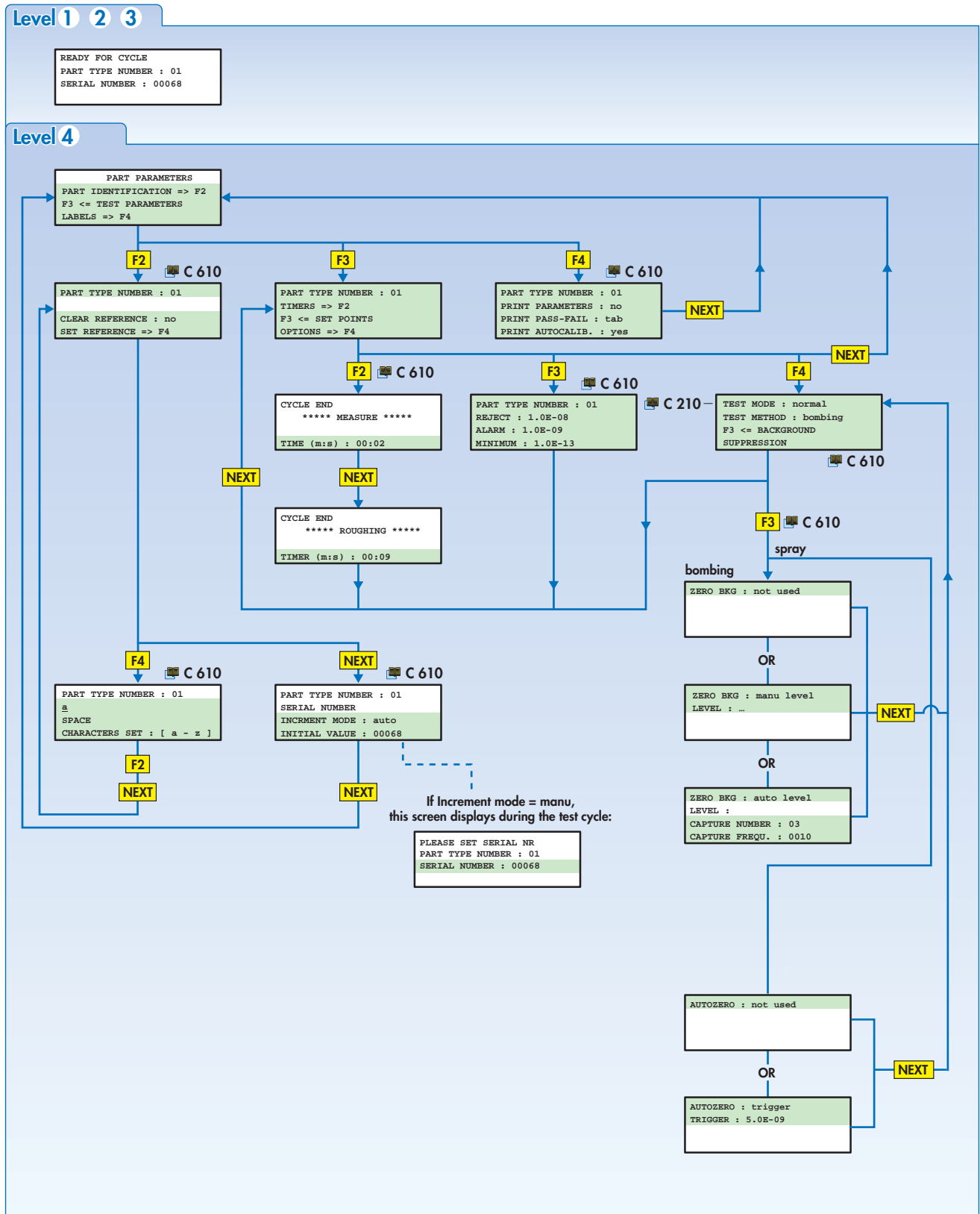
## Set point menu (asm)



CSB 04902 - Edition 01 - January 14

## Summary of screens

### Set point menu (Pass/Fail)



## Starting up / Switching off the leak detector

### Starting up after an unused/storage period

- If the operator uses the leak detector, after an unused or storage period, there is an additional time at the normal start-up time for outgassing:
  - inactivity period  $\leq 10$  days  $\Rightarrow + 5$  s maxi (ASM 182, 192, 1002).
  - 10 days  $<$  inactivity period  $\leq 23$  days  $\Rightarrow + 3$  min.
  - inactivity period  $> 23$  days  $\Rightarrow + 10$  min
  - inactivity period  $\leq 10$  days  $\Rightarrow + 10$  s maxi (ASM 142, 142 D, Graph D +, 122 D).

### Technical characteristics A 800/801

- A screen informs the operator in the start-up process:

PLEASE WAIT  
Storage days: 14  
Delay (min:s): 08:47  
ABORT? PRESS RESET

Number of days since the last leak detector switching off



Count down of the additional time

RESET

The operator can cancelled this additional time by pressing

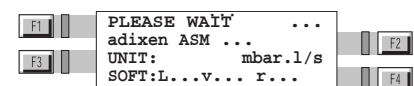
### Starting up the leak detector

#### Before starting up the detector B 400.

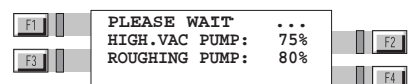
- Connect the main power cable of the detector to the proper power outlet.
- Turn main power switch in the ON position (  B 210). The indicator lights on the control panel flash.
- If your leak detector is equipped with «control panel with graphic interface» option, please refer to the sheet  C 440 for the mode choice.

The following is shown on the LCD during 2 seconds.


As soon as the power is ON, the pumps start.



Audio messages inform the operator about starting-up process during this one.



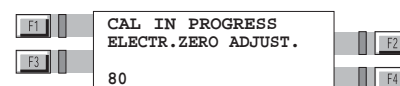
- If leak detector auto-calibration is ON  $\Rightarrow$  1
- If leak detector auto-calibration is OFF  $\Rightarrow$  2

If a printer is connected, a calibration ticket is automatically printed at the end of the calibration: examples 2 , 4  B 320.

## Starting up / Switching off the leak detector

### Starting up of the leak detector (continued)

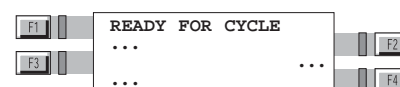
When the pumps have reached their nominal speed, the unit auto-calibrates: different screens will show.



...

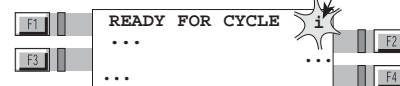
1

When calibration is completed, the unit is ready to start a cycle.



The digital voice gives to the operator the message: "detector ready for cycle".

When the filament is OK, the unit is ready to start a cycle. A « i » is flashing at the right end of the 1st line of the LCD.



2

It informs the operator that the unit is in manual calibration: it will remain in manual calibration until operator performs an auto-calibration.

Information message  C 580

Internal calibration on request  C 300

**Note:** It is possible to start a test cycle even if the detector is not calibrated.

### Switching off the leak detector

The leak detector can be switched off at any time by depressing the main power switch to O (OFF). It is necessary to wait 1 minute after the leak detector switching off before moving it. It is also recommended (especially when the leak detector may not be used for an extended period of time) to stop if following the procedure described below.

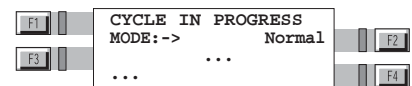


## Starting up / Switching off the leak detector

### Recommended procedure

To protect the internal vacuum components of the leak detector against dust or any kind of contamination, it is recommended to keep its inlet blanked-off and under vacuum. Please proceed as follows before stopping the leak detector:

- Place the blank-off flange or close the test chamber.
- Start the test cycle.
- Wait until the leak detector reaches the more sensitive test mode. Make sure that the inlet vent is OFF.
- Stop the test cycle.
- Stop the leak detector.



Inlet vent  C 500

## How to use the leak detector: 2 methods

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel



C 110

Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel



C 120

Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization

Access to level 4 - Password



C 130

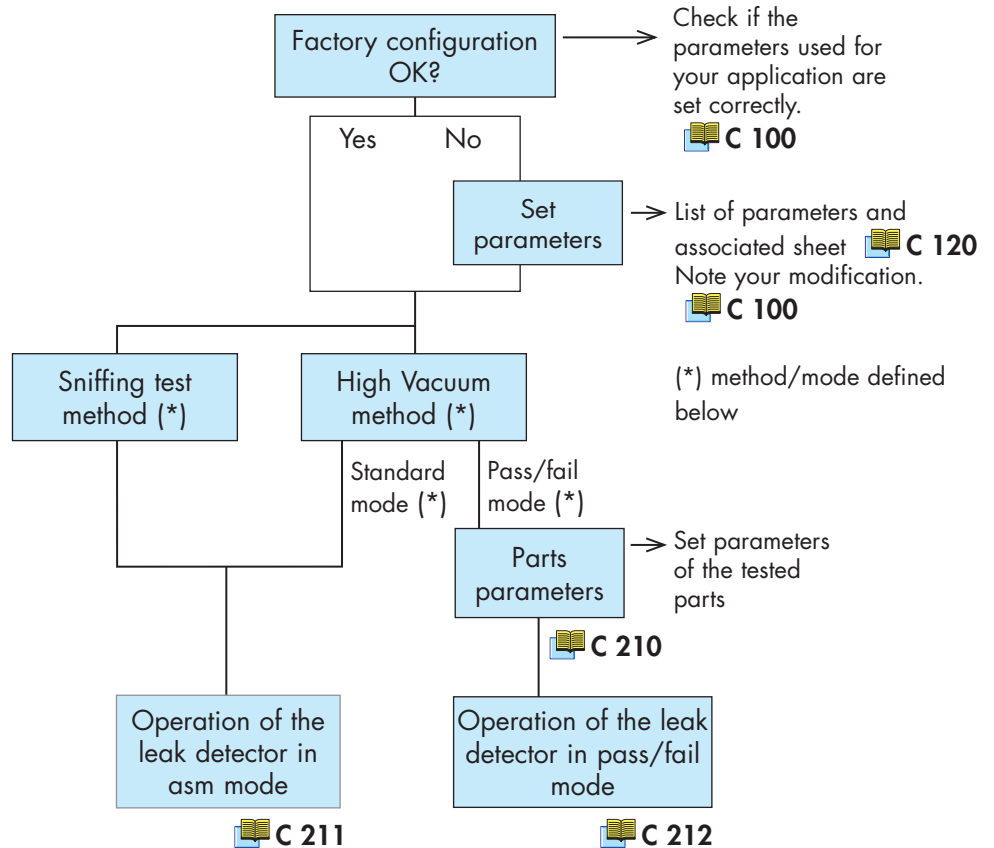
Summary of screens



C 140

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet

### How to use your leak detector ?



### 2 test methods are possible with the ASM 1002:

- Hard vacuum test mode
- Sniffing test mode.

Test methods A 400

### Hard vacuum test method

- Hard vacuum test method offers 2 test modes: the Gross Leak and the Normal test mode.

The leak detector will automatically go from the gross leak to the normal test mode as soon as the inlet pressure has crossed the thresholds.

Gross leak test mode: inlet pressure < 100 mbar

Normal test mode: inlet pressure <  $1 \times 10^{-1}$  mbar.

A hard vacuum test can be performed as soon as one of the test modes is reached.


## How to use the leak detector: 2 methods

- The test methods used are bombing and spray methods. Depending on test mode, the operator can or not choose the test method.

		Test method	
		Bombing	Spray
Test mode	Gross leak		OK
	Normal	OK	OK

Note : If «bombing» test method is selected, the «normal» test mode is automatically selected also: the operator has not the possibility to change it.

 **C 610**

- The gross leak test mode is a restricted test mode compared with the normal test mode in term of test result accuracy.  **C 211**

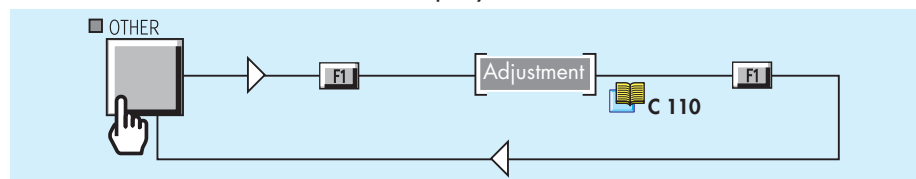
### Selecting a test mode

#### Factory configuration

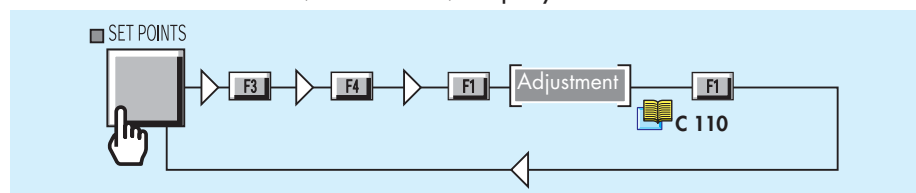
The leak detector original configuration is set in normal test mode: it means that as long as the inlet pressure is lower than  $1 \times 10^{-1}$  mbar, the leak detector will always remain in the normal test mode.

#### Procedure

- Leak detector in asm mode/display:



- Leak detector in Pass/Fail mode/display:



#### Notes

- The leak detector will switch test mode if the inlet pressure is under the normal test mode threshold.
- When the leak detector is in the selected test mode, a «->» sign is displayed on the screen.
- If the gross leak test mode is selected, the leak detector will remain in the gross leak test mode even if the inlet pressure is compatible with the normal test mode threshold.

## How to use the leak detector: 2 methods

**User modes available** With the ASM 1002, the operator has the possibility to working in 2 different user modes.

*asm mode* The leak detector measures a leak value which is displayed on the user interface.  
With the «memo function», it is possible to freeze the display showing the result of the test.  
The test method used is the spray method.


*Pass/fail mode* The leak detector measures a leak value which is displayed and freezed on the user interface. The test result is compared to a reject threshold set and the leak detector declares the part good (pass) or bad (fail).  
The test method used is the bombing method.

**Select user mode/display**  C 120

### Sniffing test method

- The leak detector measure a leak value which is displayed on the user interface.
- The test method used is the sniffer method.

## Operation of the leak detector in asm mode

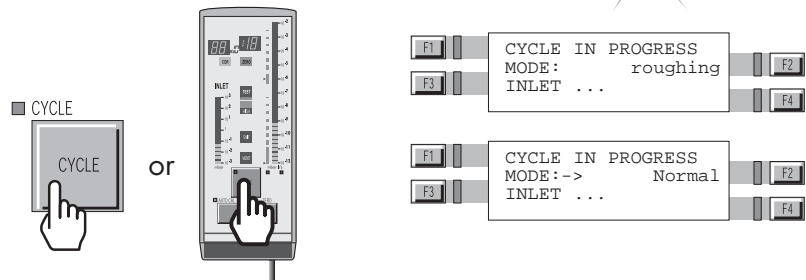
In asm mode, use the remote control or remove the control panel plate to manage the detector (  A 500).

### Hard vacuum test

Make sure that parts can withstand the difference in internal / external pressure to which they are submitted.

#### Starting a test cycle

■ Connect the part or the installation to be tested to the inlet port of the leak detector or put the part in the test chamber.



The leak detector reaches the Gross Leak test mode or the Normal test mode according to test mode selection.

**Note:**

- In Normal test mode, the leak value displayed is the exact leak value.
- In Gross leak test mode, the leak value displayed is the leak value with an accuracy of  $\pm 3.0$ .

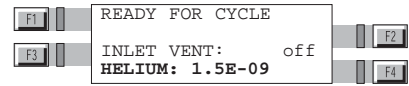
#### Examples

Leak value	Leak value displayed	
	Gross leak mode	Normal mode
$1.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$
$2.4 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$2.4 \cdot 10^{-7}$
$3.8 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$4.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$3.8 \cdot 10^{-7}$
$4.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$4.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$4.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$
$5.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$4.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$5.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$
$6.5 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$7.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$6.5 \cdot 10^{-7}$
$7.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$7.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$7.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$
$8.2 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$7.0 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$8.2 \cdot 10^{-7}$
$9.7 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$1.10^{-6}$	$9.7 \cdot 10^{-7}$

## Operation of the leak detector in asm mode

### Leak value display

- On the operator interface:
- On the remote control:



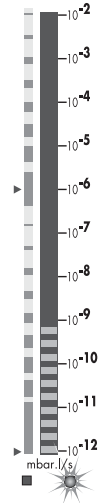
#### Digital display



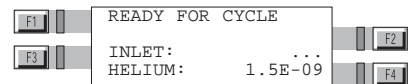
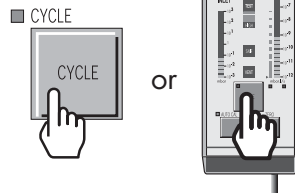
#### Analog display

When the bargraph zoom is ON, the leak value display is different. It shows 2 decades of signal as compare to the entire leak range when the bargraph zoom is off.

C 510



### Ending a test cycle



- In standby mode the user interface shows the leak detector helium background value.
- Remark: If the Cycle end function is activated, the test cycle end is different.

Cycle end function C 530

### Ticket

If memo function activated, and a printer connected to the leak detector, a result ticket is printed automatically:

example B 320.

### Venting the part or installation tested

At the end of a test cycle, 2 possibilities are available:


- venting (inlet of the leak detector is back to atmospheric pressure)
- not venting (keeping under vacuum) the part or tested installation tested remains under vacuum.

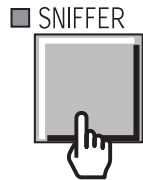
Inlet vent C 500

## Operation of the leak detector in asm mode

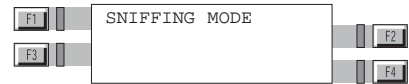
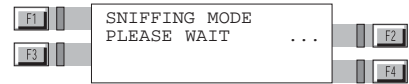
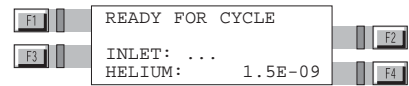
**Sniffing test** To perform a sniffing test, the control panel plate must be removed.

### Starting a sniffing test

While the leak detector is in stand-by mode, connect the sniffer probe (accessory to be purchased separately  **A 700**) to the sniffer port of the leak detector.



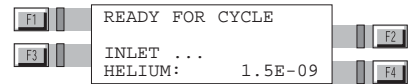
The sniffing mode message appears on the alphanumeric display.  
The sniffing test mode is operational.



### Leak value display

Displays are the same in hard vacuum and sniffing test modes. Please refer to hard vacuum test mode for the displays.

### Ending a sniffing test



### Sniffer probe clogged reject point

Accessories  **A 700**

#### Advice

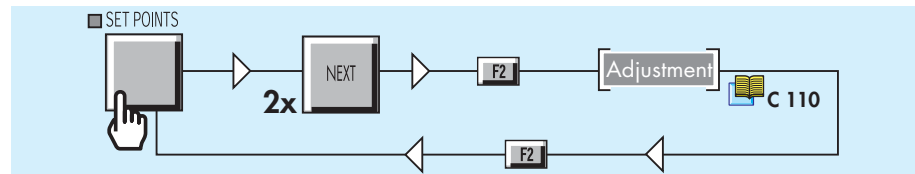
Block the sniffer probe end from time to time with a finger to check that the helium signal goes down. If not, the probe may be clogged.

Sniffer probe clogged  **G 200**

## Operation of the leak detector in asm mode

### Purpose of the sniffer probe clogged reject point

When the helium signal is lower than the set «sniffer probe clogged» reject point, an information will be activated.



### Adjust vacuum/sniffing alarm reject point

**Note:** Adjustment process is different depending on user interface level of the operator:

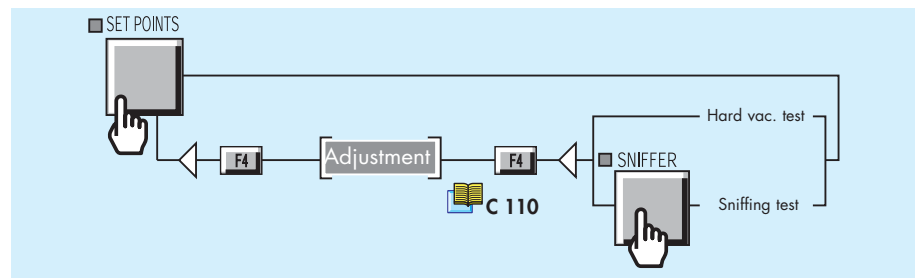
For operator with user interface **level 1** or **2**: access to level **4** with password.

To access to level **4** **C 130**

To adjust the alarm reject point, the control panel plate must be removed.

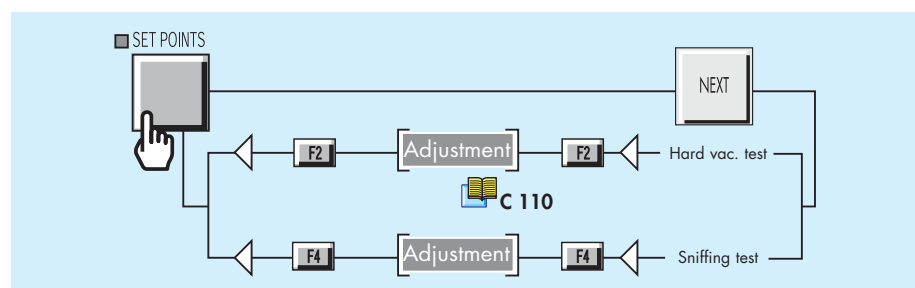
### Procedure with user level 3

3



### Procedure with user level 4

4





## Operation of the leak detector in pass/fail mode

Make sure that parts can withstand the difference in internal / external pressure to which they are submitted.

A printer is not delivered with the ASM 1002.

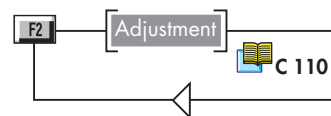
### Starting a test cycle

Note: The test cycle described below is with an automatic increment mode of the part serial number.

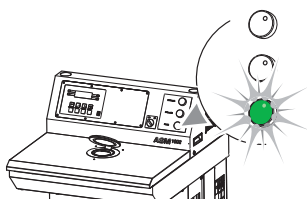
If manual increment mode is selected, the operator should valid the proposed serial number: refer to  **C 610**

- Select the reference of the part which should be tested.

### Standby screen

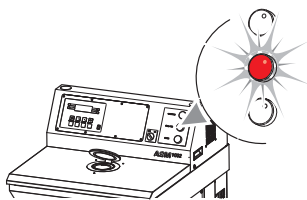


- Connect a printer (if necessary).
- Place the part to be tested in the test chamber.
- Close manually the test chamber:  
the closing of the test chamber starts the test cycle.



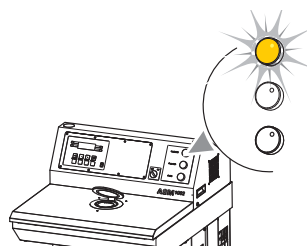
**If the part tested is good (pass)**, the green light is on.

A result ticket is printed if the print parameter is set on.  
The test chamber opens automatically after the test cycle.



**If the part tested is bad (fail)**, the red light/push button is on.

A result ticket is printed if the print parameter is set on.  
In order to open the test chamber, press the red light/push button.



**If a problem appears during the test**, the test is aborted: the tested part is neither good nor bad. The orange light is on.

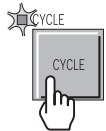
A result ticket is printed if the print parameter is set on.  
In order to open the test chamber, press the red light/push button.

Tickets  **C 610**

## Operation of the leak detector in pass/fail mode

### Ending a cycle

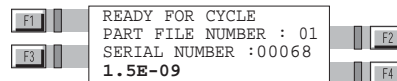
The test stops automatically according to cycle end parameters set. At any time, the operator can stop a test cycle by pressing on the remote control or on the control panel (plate removed).



Cycle end C 530

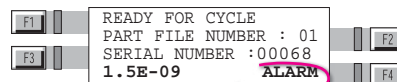
### Leak value display

- The leak value is displayed on the user interface screen.



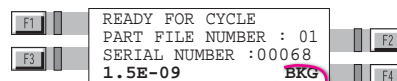
- Leak value displayed accuracy : identical to asm mode C 211

- If the alarm threshold is reached, «ALARM» is indicated in the screen.



Alarm threshold C 610

- If the zero background is set on automatic, «BKG» is indicated in the screen.



Background C 610

### Venting the test chamber

The venting of the test chamber depends on the test result (see «starting a test cycle» paragraph). However, the inlet vent parameter should be set on «chamber».

Inlet vent C 500

## Calibration of the leak detector

Basic internal calibration of the leak detector



C 301

Advanced internal calibration of the leak detector



C 302

Correction factor



C 304

Calibrated leak values programming



C 305

Adaptator for calibrated leak



C 306

## Basic internal calibration of the leak detector

### Purpose of the internal calibration

Check that the leak detector is correctly adjusted to detect the carrier gas selected and to display a correct leak value.  
To calibrate the leak detector, a calibrated leak is used as a reference: the leak detector is equipped with an internal helium calibrated leak with reservoir and temperature compensation sensor.

#### The internal calibration could be:

- fully automatic if the operator uses the calibrated leak in the detector,
- semi-automatic if the operator uses an external calibrated leak.

### When should an internal calibration be performed?

- When starting the leak detector in order to make sure that it is in proper operating condition.
- For high sensitivity test and optimized measurement accuracy: it is advised to let the internal temperature of the leak detector stabilize for about 30 min after start-up and then start a calibration.
- If in doubt regarding the proper operation of the leak detector (capability to properly detect a helium leakage). At any time, an internal calibration may be started.
- In case of intensive and continuous use: start an internal calibration at the beginning of each shift (8 hours of operation).

### Internal calibrated leak

The internal calibrated leak is specifically designed to fit the present leak detector. It is composed of:

- a helium reservoir,
- a temperature sensor (used to take into account the effect of temperature on the leak rate),
- a built in membrane (to calibrate the helium leak rate),
- a special quick connection device,
- an identification label (similar to the identification label of an external calibrated leak).

It is delivered with a calibration certificate.

Calibrated leak location  F 700

### Recalibration

It is recommended to have each calibrated leak recalibrated at regular intervals to validate its value.

Accessories  A 700

## Basic internal calibration of the leak detector

### Internal calibration with the internal He calibrated leak


The internal calibration can be:

- fully automatic:



The internal calibration is **automatically activated** during the start-up process of the leak detector. It does not require any operator action. The initial calibration during the start-up sequence allows the unit to be immediately operational.

- on operator request:

An internal calibration can be started by the operator **whenever the leak detector is not in test mode**.

**If the detector has been calibrated with an external calibrated leak, the operator should store the values of the internal calibrated leak**  **C 305.**

### Tickets

If a printer is connected to the leak detector, a ticket is automatically printed at the end of the calibration: example  **2**  **B 320.**

### Automatic internal calibration procedure

**Note:** Internal auto-calibration set ON,  **C 302.**

- Start the leak detector

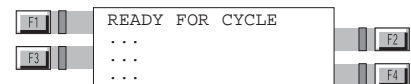
Different screens appear during the calibration giving internal parameters values.

Audio messages inform the operator about internal calibration process during this one.

When calibration is complete, the unit is ready to start a cycle.

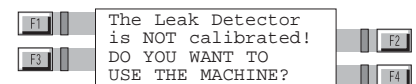
The digital voice gives to the operator the message

“Detector ready for cycle”.



### Note:

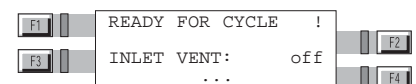
- It is possible to start a test cycle after a calibration failure: The operator should confirm the use of an uncalibrated leak detector.



- The test is still possible but **“AL”** is displayed permanently (no value displayed). The bargraph is always available for the leak value reading.

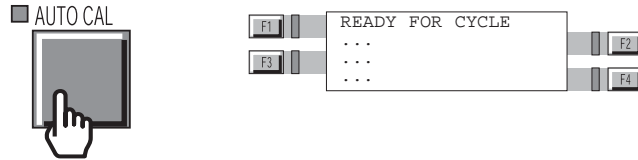


- Until the autocalibration failure is resolved, the **“!”** is maintained on the standby screen.



## Basic internal calibration of the leak detector

### On request internal calibration procedure



Then, the procedure is the same as for the automatic internal calibration.

### On request calibration checking



### Internal calibration with an external calibrated leak

It is semi-automatic because the operator must connect a calibrated leak to the inlet port of the detector.

- At the starting of the detector:  
The calibration is not start even if the autocal is ON. The operator is informed that the calibration requests a calibrated leak connected to the inlet port of the detector.
- On operator request:  
The operator can start a calibration **whenever the leak detector is not in test mode.**  
Note: Internal calibration set ON.

### Tickets

If a printer is connected to the leak detector, a ticket is automatically printed at the end of the calibration: example **3** **B 320.**

### Procedure

- 1 Gas selection** In standard the gas used is the Helium 4. With the 3 masses option, the operator can use different gases: Helium 3, Helium 4 or Hydrogen.

**3 masses option** **C 430**

- 2 Calibrated leak parameters** The operator should program all the parameters of the used calibrated leak.

**Position = external**

**Calibrated leak value** **C 305**

# Basic internal calibration of the leak detector

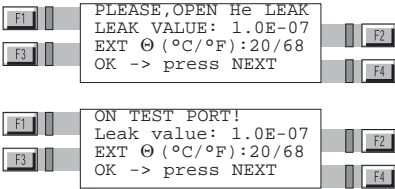
**3 Start the calibration**

- Place the external calibrated leak on the test port.
- Start the calibration.



**4 Calibration preparation**

These 2 screens appear alternately.



**Note:** If the operator press , all the parameter of the programmed calibrated leak are displayed.  C 305

Open the valve of the calibrated leak (if there is one).  
Set the ambient temperature.



**5 Validate the calibration process**



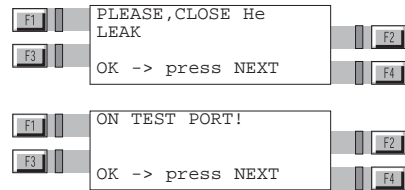
Different screens appear during the process giving internal parameters values.

## Basic internal calibration of the leak detector

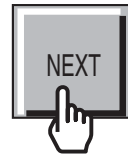
### 6 End of the process

Close the valve of the calibrated leak (if there is one).

These 2 screens appear alternately.

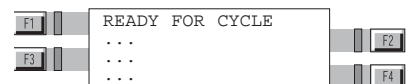


Validate the operation.



**Note:** If these operations are not done within a minute after these screens display, the calibration is automatically stopped. A message informs the operator of this stop.

When the calibration is complete, the unit is ready to start a cycle.



**Note:** it is possible to start a test cycle after a calibration failure.



## Advanced internal calibration of the leak detector

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel see C 110

Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel see C 120

Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization

Access to level 4 - Password see C 130

Summary of screens see C 140

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet

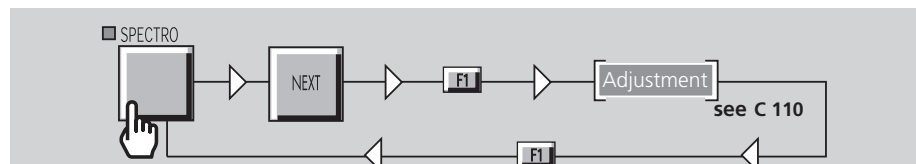
**Introduction** The operator has the possibility to control on the internal calibration process:

- activation / deactivation of the internal calibration.
- setting of the checking function.

### Activation/ deactivation of the internal calibration

For maintenance for example.

#### Procedure



#### Notes:

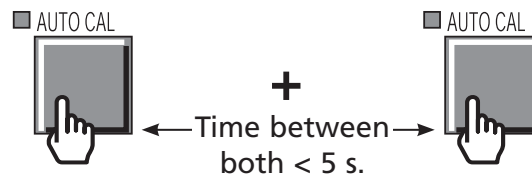
- If the internal calibration is deactivated (off), it is still possible to start a test cycle and use the leak detector.
- When internal calibration function is activated (on), user could activate or not activate the checking function.

## Advanced internal calibration of the leak detector

**Checking function** Internal calibration activated (on), checking function performs a calibration checking depending on set parameters. The calibration checking is performed with the internal calibrated leak of the leak detector (position parameter = internal) see C 305.

**On request calibration checking** At any time, the operator could perform a calibration checking with the internal calibrated leak.

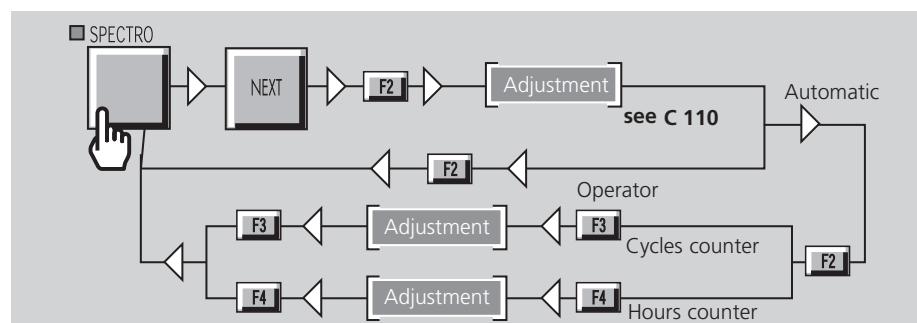
**Note:** Leak detector in Stand-by.



The leak detector compares the signal delivered by the internal calibrated leak to the internal calibrated leak parameters set:

- if the difference is lower than 15 %, the calibration of the leak detector is OK.
- if the difference is higher than 15 %, there is a warning message which requests to perform a complete calibration of the leak detector see C 301.

### Parameters setting



If checking function is automatic, operator should adjust cycles and hours counters which will trigger the automatic calibration checking.

**Note:** The first of the 2 counters reached will trigger the automatic checking.

**Tickets** If a printer is connected to the leak detector, a ticket is automatically printed at the end of the calibration:

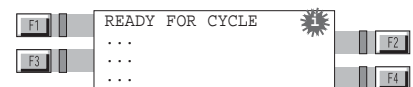
example 5 see B 320.

## Advanced internal calibration of the leak detector

### Checking function with an external calibrated leak

It is possible to perform a calibration checking with an external calibrated leak (position parameter = external). But it is not automatic and in the case, the leak detector performs a complete calibration (not only a comparison like with the internal calibrated leak).

When the first of the 2 counters is reached, a "i" will flash at the right end of the 1st line of the LCD.



The "i" flashing will stay on the LCD until operator starts an external calibration see **C 303**.  
An audio message advises the operator in the process to follow.

**Note:** It is still possible to start a test cycle even without performing an internal calibration .

On request calibration  
checking

see C 301

## External calibration of the leak detector

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

#### Operating principle of the control panel



C 110

#### Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization



C 120

#### Access to level - Password



C 130

#### Summary of screens

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet



C 140

### Purpose of the external calibration

In some instances, it may be convenient to display a helium leak value so that matches a desired target value (typically the value of an external calibrated leak connected to the installation to test or at the inlet port of the leak detector).

ASM 1002: external calibration only in sniffing test.

- **In hard vacuum test mode**

When the measurement range is very different from the value of the internal calibrated leak.

- **In sniffing test mode**


When a specific calibration is required in the sniffing test mode to certify that the measurement is validated and accurated.

- **In hard vacuum or sniffing test mode**

When the leak detector is connected to an installation having its own pumping system in operation and a small amount of the leak goes into the leak detector. The external calibration allows to get a direct readout of the current leak value.

When the helium signal needs to be displayed in a different unit for convenience or to calibrate the leak detector if the internal calibrated leak is temporarily unavailable (manual auto-calibration selected).

The external calibration is provided for the operator to easily obtain a direct readout of the target value (or current external leak) thanks to a correction factor automatically calculated and applied to the digital display of the leak detector.

**Note** : For the ASI 22, the pressure measurement kit is necessary to do an external calibration ( **A 700**).

## External calibration of the leak detector

### External calibrated leak

An external calibrated leak (defined in accordance to your own requirements) is required for the external calibration procedure.

Accessories  A 700

### Recalibration

It is recommended to have each calibrated leak recalibrated at regular intervals to validate its value.

Tables of preventive maintenance intervals  D 100

### Digital and analog display

When the external calibration is performed, the digital display will show a corrected value. Then **COR** will come on to reflect it. The analog display in the remote control is not corrected and therefore both values might be different.

### External calibration procedure

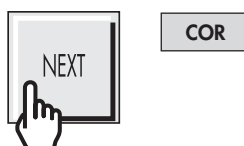
The external calibration should only be performed when the leak detector is already internally calibrated.

The external calibration procedure is performed in 2 steps:

- 1st step: selection of the test mode (hard vacuum or sniffing)
- 2nd step: adjustment of the target value: see below.

### External calibration cancellation

At any time, the operator can cancel external calibration procedure.



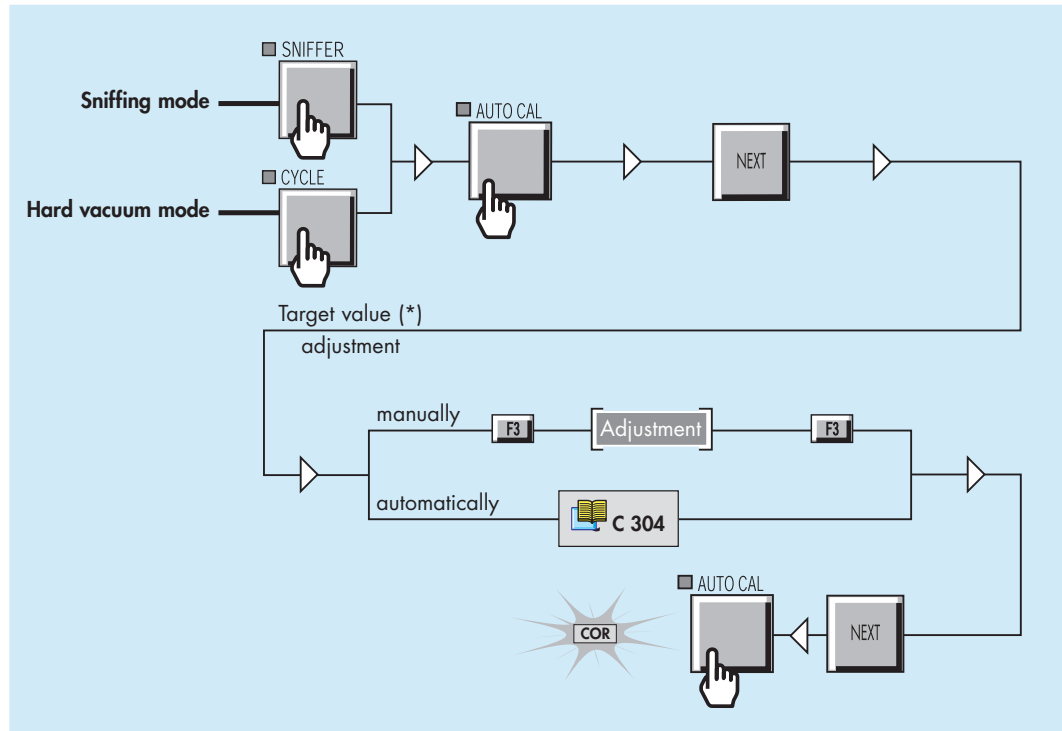
### Procedure

**Note:** The external calibration should be performed in the test mode used by the operator: if the operator uses both test modes (hard vacuum and sniffing), he should perform one external calibration when he works in each test mode.

The external calibrated leak is connected to the inlet port of the leak detector or at a suitable location of the installation to test.

Réglage des paramètres de la fuite calibrée externe  C 305

## External calibration of the leak detector



(\*) The target value is the desired value to be displayed on the digital display at the end of the calibration..

The target value can be memorized following 2 methods:

- the operator enters directly the target value,
- the target value is automatically calculated by the leak detector.

### About sniffing test mode

In sniffing test mode, the calibration can be performed with:

- the ambient atmosphere,
- an external calibrated leak,
- a container or installation, at atmospheric pressure, filled with a known gas mixture including Helium.



The sniffer probe will be exposed to one of the 3 items listed above (3rd one represents the most reliable and accurate way of calibrating a leak detector in sniffing mode).

The 1st and 2nd ones are the most common and practical methods.

Before using one of the 2 items, connect the sniffer probe to the sniffer port of the leak detector.

## External calibration of the leak detector

### Target value determination

- In hard vacuum test mode, 1 possible case:
  - The target value is the value of an external calibrated leak connected to the installation to test or at the inlet port of the leak detector.
  - **Case A**
- In sniffing test mode, 2 possible cases:
  - the target value is the value of an external calibrated leak.
  - **Case A**
  - If a container or installation is filled with a known gas mixture including Helium, it is possible to enter helium concentration as a target value. → **Case B**

#### Case A

When an external calibrated leak is used, it is recommended to take into account date of calibration and temperature effect for calculating the target value from the calibrated leak value as shown on its identification label.



**HELIUM CALIBRATED LEAK**  
 Helium leak rate :  $1.0 \times 10^{-8}$  mbar.l/s at 20 °C  
 Date of calibration : 10 Dec 2001  
 % loss per year : 2 %  
 % increase per °C : 3 %

Example of calibrated leak label indications (as listed here):  
 If the date is 1st Dec 2003 (about 2 years after calibration) and calibrated leak (ambient) temperature is 25 °C:  
 Target value =  $1.0 \times 10^{-8} \times [1 + 0.03 \times (25 - 20)] \times [1 - (0.02 \times 2)]$   
 =  $1.1 \times 10^{-8}$  mbar.l/s

#### Case B

**Reminder:** 1 PPM =  $1.0 \times 10^{-6}$  (concentration)

Example : container with 100 PPM helium mixture.

2 possibilities :

- enter target value = 0 E+02 to display the test result in PPM
- enter target value = 1.0 E-04 to display the test result in helium concentration  
 (100 PPM =  $100 \times 10^{-6} = 1 \times 10^{-4}$ )

### Checking function with an external calibrated leak

## Correction factor

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel



C 110

Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel



C 120

Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization

Access to level 4 - Password



C 130

Summary of screens



C 140

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet

### Definition

The correction factor is used to display the helium signal with a ratio regardless of the pumping speed.

The correction factors applied to the digital display with respect to the external calibration are:

- VACUUM COR in gross leak test mode,
- SNIF COR in sniffing test mode.

The VACUUM/SNIF COR values are automatically adjusted according to helium signal fluctuations.

These correction factors are memorized until another external calibration is validated.

They can be activated, deactivated or modified.

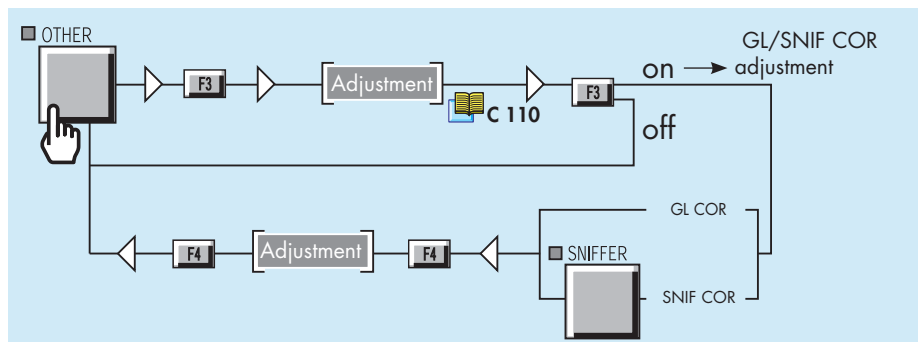
The correction factors are automatically calculated by the external calibration but it is also possible to enter them manually C 303.

### Activate/Deactivate the correction factor VACUUM/SNIF COR Adjustment

There are 2 possible procedures depending on which authorized level: level 3 and 4.

#### Procedure with user level

3

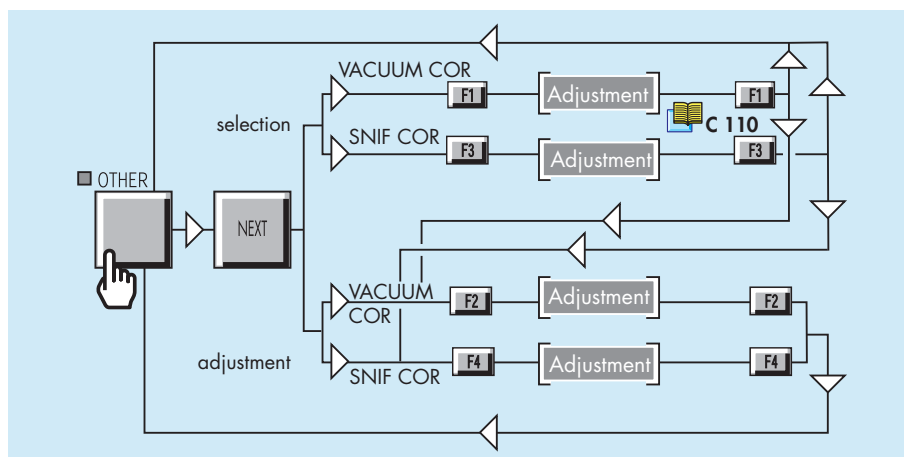




## Correction factor

### Procedure with user level

4



### General notes (in vacuum or sniffing test mode)

- During the external calibration process:

**$basic\ digital\ display \times SNIF\ COR = target\ value$**

Basic digital display is the helium signal basic display without correction ratio (as if COR indicator is OFF or VACUUM/SNIF COR equal to 1.00E-00).

- Once the external calibration correction is validated, the digital display is modified:

**$corrected\ digital\ display = basic\ digital\ display \times VACUUM/SNIF\ COR$**

The analog display (standard scale) always displays the basic value of the helium signal which is not modified by VACUUM/SNIF COR.

- During the last step of the external calibration, the VACUUM/SNIF COR is displayed and automatically calculated with respect to the fixed target value and the present basic signal value. The VACUUM/SNIF COR ratio is fixed and memorized when the AUTOCAL key is pressed to confirm the CORRECTION and stop the external calibration process.
- If RESET is pressed during or at the last step of the external calibration process, the leak detector comes back to the previous digital display status which was effective before the external calibration request.
- The COR indicator is ON as soon as the VACUUM/SNIF COR is ON and different from 1.00E-00. If the target value is the same value as the standard signal on the digital display, in other word if VACUUM/SNIF COR is equal to 1.00E+00, the COR indicator is automatically OFF: the external calibration is OFF.

## Calibrated leak values programming

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel



Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel



Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization

Access to level  - Password



Summary of screens

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet



### Different types of calibrated leaks

Before to start an internal calibration of the leak detector (with internal or external calibrated leak), the parameters of the calibrated leak used should be programmed by the operator.

The leak detector can be calibrated:

- with an internal or external calibrated leak
- with different gases (Hydrogen and Helium 3) if it is equipped with the 3 masses option.

**3 masses option**  **C 430**

Gas	Internal calibration	External calibration
Helium 4	X	X
Helium 3	-	X
Hydrogen	-	X

Whatever the type of calibrated leak used, the parameters to program are the same.

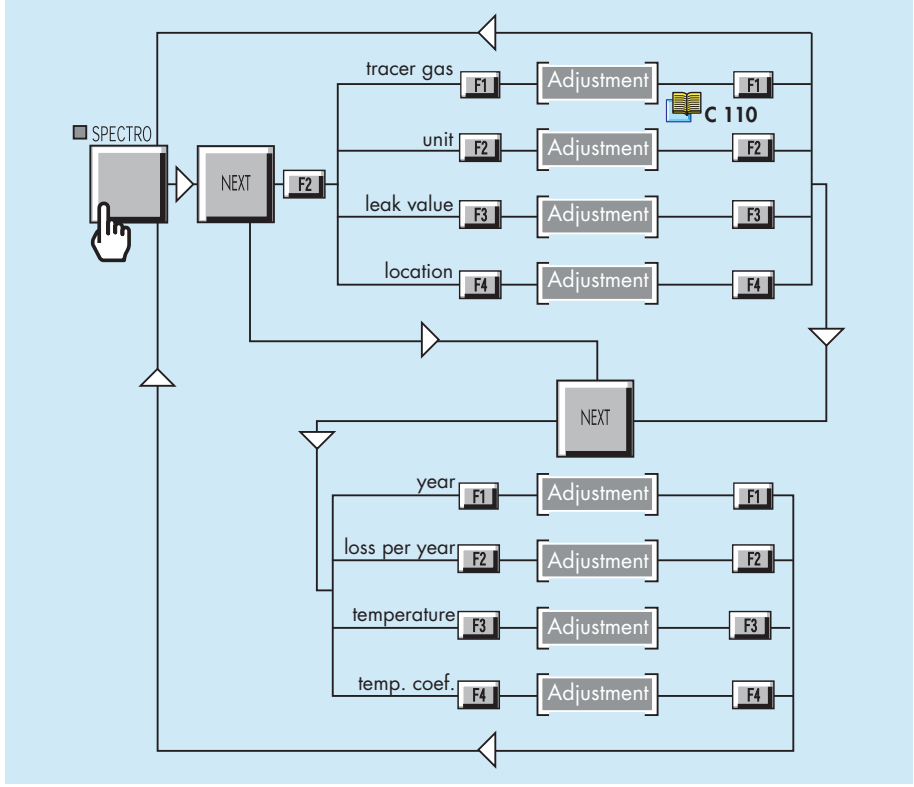
# Calibrated leak values programming

## Programming the calibrated leak parameters

This operation can be made with the data written on the calibrated leak identification label or the calibration certificate delivered with it. Example of identification label:

**HELIUM CALIBRATED LEAK**  
Helium leak rate :  $1.0 \times 10^{-8}$  mbar.l/s at 20 °C  
Date of calibration : 10 Dec 2001  
% loss per year : 2 %  
% increase per °C : 3 %

Note: At each time the operator modify the "Location" parameter, he should also re-adjust all the parameters (if necessary).



### Leak location selection

Note: The "Location" parameter (internal or external) concerned the location of the calibrated leak used for the calibration and not the type of calibration.

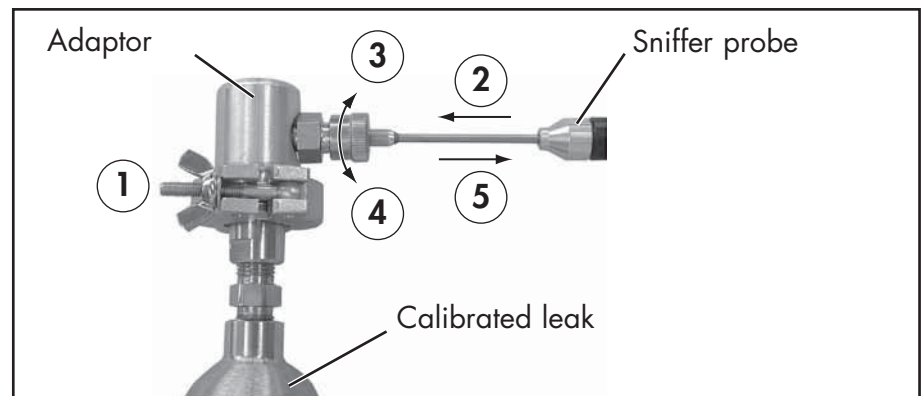
## Adaptor for calibrated leak in sniffing mode

An adaptor DN 16 or DN 25 for calibrated leak has been designed for the calibration of the detector with an external calibrated leak.

Accessories  A 700

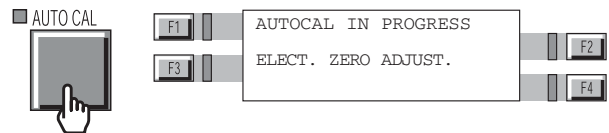


### How to use the adaptor ?



- 1 Place the adaptor to your calibrated leak used for the calibration.

Start a calibration



- 2 Place the sniffer probe in the calibration port.

- 3 Tighten the fixing screw. Follow the auto-calibration.

Calibration of the leak detector  C 300

- 4 Untighten the fixing screw.

- 5 Remove the sniffer probe of the calibration port. Follow the auto-calibration.

### Notes

- Waiting 10 s (mini) for the signal stabilization before reading of the leak value.

- The leak value displayed on the LCD consider the He of the air.

Example : calibration with a leak of  $2 \times 10^{-5}$  mbar.l/s

The value displayed is:

$$2 \times 10^{-5} + 5 \times 10^{-6} = 2.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mbar.l/s}$$

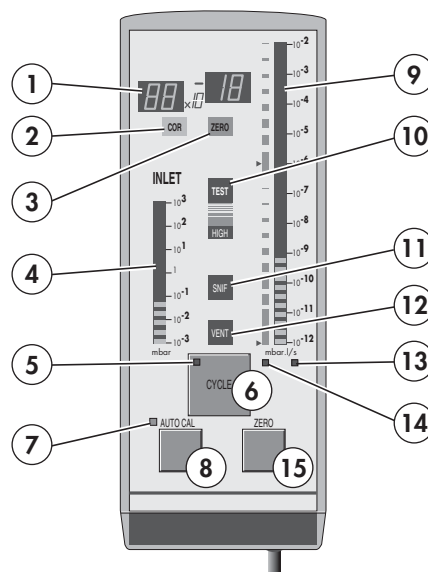
## Remote control



The remote control is an accessory, but it could be also an option depending on the helium leak detector model.

The remote control is equipped with a magnet allowing the operator to place it on a metallic surface. The operator can read the helium signal and has access to control keys such as cycle command autocalibration and auto-zero.

### Remote control interface



1	Helium Signal digital display
2	Correction factor COR indicator
3	Zero function indicator
4	Inlet port pressure analog display
5	Test cycle ON indicator ( <b>ON when activated</b> )
6	Cycle Start/Stop control key
7	Calibration in progress indicator
8	Auto-calibration start control key
9	Helium signal analogic display
10	Test ON indicator
11	Sniffing test mode ON indicator
12	Inlet VENT ON indicator
13	Helium signal standard scale ON indicator
14	Helium signal Zero scale ON indicator
15	Zero ON/OFF control key

## Remote control

### Remote control connecting

In order to use the remote control with control panel with graphic interface, it is necessary to connect the remote control before starting up the detector.

Location and connecting  B 210

### Remote control choice

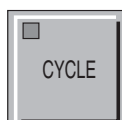
3 different units could be selected in the leak detector but only one unit is available on the remote control. So the operator should choice its remote control in accordance of the operation unit chosen.

Unit  C 570

Accessories  A 700

When the operator connects the remote control on the leak detector, the leak detector unit is automatically reprogrammed with the unit of the remote control. The remote control unit is memorized by the detector when the operator disconnects the remote control.

### Use and display



The remote control:

- allows to display leak measured value,
- allows to start/stop cycle, zero function and internal calibration,
- allows to display status of the air inlet vent, sniffing test mode and external calibration,
- doesn't allow to adjust leak detector parameters.

### Analog and digital displays

On remote control and control panel, the displayed values on the analog and digital displays are exactly the same.

Operation of the leak detector  C 211

### To start/stop a cycle

In order to start/stop a cycle, operator can use either the CYCLE control key on the control panel or remote control.

#### Display

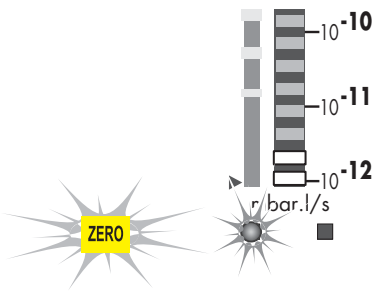
The LED indicator is ON/OFF when the control key is activated/deactivated.

As soon as the detector is in test, the TEST indicator is ON.

## Remote control

### Use and display (ctd)

#### Zero function



In order to start zero function, operator can use either the ZERO control key on the control panel or remote control.

#### Display

Two indicators are ON when the zero function is activated:

- the ZERO indicator,
- the zero scale indicator.

Zero function C 540

#### Internal calibration



In order to start an internal calibration, operator can use either the AUTOCAL control key on the control panel or remote control.

#### Display

The LED indicator is ON when the control key is activated.

The LED indicator is OFF at the end of the calibration procedure.

Calibration of the leak detector C 300

#### Inlet vent Sniffing test mode



For these 2 functions, the remote control displays only their status: use the control panel in order to activate/deactivate them..

#### Display

The LED indicator is ON/OFF when the function is activated/deactivated.

Inlet vent C 500

Sniffing test mode C 211

#### External calibration



The remote control displays only its status: use the control panel in order to start/stop it.

#### Display

The LED indicator is blinking when the external calibration is activated.

At the end of the calibration procedure, the LED indicator is OFF and the correction factor COR is ON.

External calibration C 303

## Headphone and loudspeaker

The operator can connect a headphone or an external loudspeaker to the detector through the printer sub D 9 pins, (J1).

**Location and connecting**  B 210

### Level adjustment

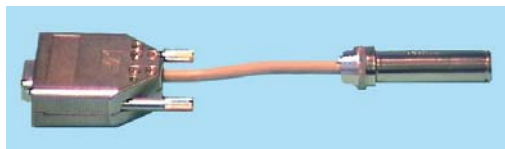
The audio levels for the headphone or the external loudspeaker are the same as for the audio alarm and digital voice functions. In order to adjust the headphone or the external loudspeaker audio levels, you must adjust the levels of the audio alarm and digital voice functions.

**Audio alarm / Digital voice**  C 520

### Accessories

#### Headphone

You should use the headphone connector accessory:



Sub D 9 pins

Jack plug 6.35 mm mono

**Accessories**  A 700

The manufacturer does not supply the headphones. The specifications are:

- Impedance: 400/500  $\Omega$
- Jack plug 6.35 mm (or other sizes with adaptor)
- Frequency band: 18 Hz to 20000 Hz

#### External loudspeaker

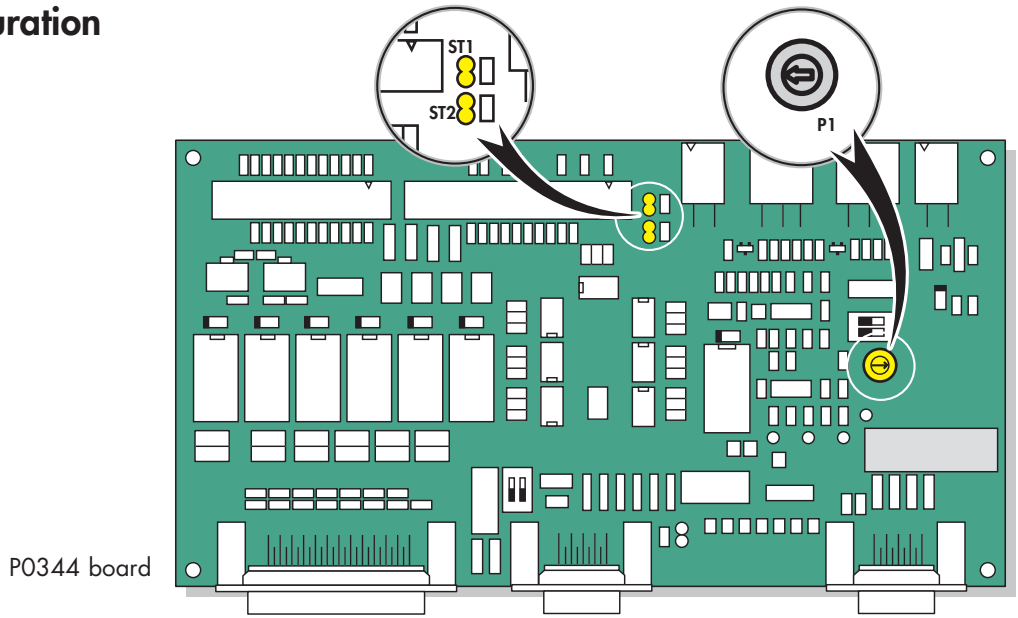
The manufacturer does not supply an external loudspeaker. The external loudspeaker has the same characteristics as the internal loudspeaker:

- Impedance: 8  $\Omega$
- Power: 8 W



## Headphone and loudspeaker

### Configuration



P0344 board

P0344 board localization F 400

- The operator can adjust the headphone audio level with P1 or with panel control (+ and -).

	P0344 board	Strap on ST1/ST2	Sub D 9 pins (printer plug)
Int	Internal loudspeaker active	<input type="checkbox"/> ST1 <input type="checkbox"/> ST2	No plug connected
Int		<input type="checkbox"/> ST1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ST2	
Int	Internal loudspeaker not active + headphone connected	<input type="checkbox"/> ST1 <input type="checkbox"/> ST2	
Int		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ST1 <input type="checkbox"/> ST2	
Int  Ext	Internal loudspeaker active + External loudspeaker connected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ST1 <input type="checkbox"/> ST2	
Int  Ext	Internal loudspeaker not active + External loudspeaker connected	<input type="checkbox"/> ST1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ST2	

GB 00975 - Edition 09 - February 14

### 3 masses option

**Purpose** Leak detection is used to detect micro-openings, porosities, etc. in test parts. The detection of these passages involves the use of a light gas, which is capable of infiltrating the smallest passages quickly. The standard gas used is the Helium 4 but the operator has the possibility with the 3 masses option to use another gases: Hydrogen or Helium 3.

**Background is much higher in H<sub>2</sub>.**

The unit equipped with the 3 masses option does not have any external differences in relation to the standard unit. The modifications are inside the unit (analysis cell magnet and electronic supervisor board).

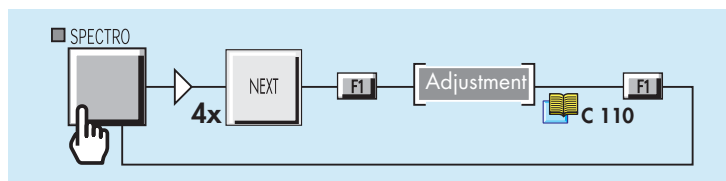
Typical background values, in cycle, detector on itself:

- At start ± low range 10<sup>-5</sup> mbar.l/s.
- After 2 or 3 hours ± low range 10<sup>-6</sup> mbar.l/s.

**The 3 masses option purpose, used with Hydrogen, is the leak research only and not the continuous analysis of the hydrogen concentration of a gas.**  
**The leak detector is not adapted for a hydrogen concentration continuous analysis. The leak detector use in such conditions, as well as the hydrogen concentration of the gas used, are under the supervision of the user.**

The functions are the same as the standard detector.

#### Gas selection



#### Calibration in Hydrogen or Helium 3

The leak detector can be calibrated in Hydrogen or Helium 3 with an external calibrated leak connected to the leak detector inlet.

#### Procedure

Connect an Hydrogen or Helium 3 calibrated leak at the inlet of the leak detector.  
 The operator should adjust the parameters of the calibrated leak used.


Calibrated leak values programming C 305

Calibration of the leak detector C 300

## Long distance sniffer probe and Helium spray gun

Please refer to the specific sheets for the instruction:



Long distance sniffer probe  
 G 400 / G 410



Helium spray gun  G 500

## Inlet vent

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel



Access to level 4 - Password



Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel



Summary of screens



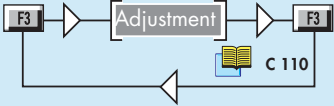
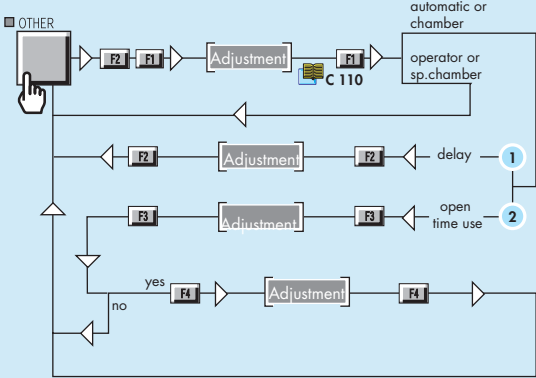
Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet

At any time, during or after test, the inlet status is displayed on the LCD and it is possible to control it (except for user level interface 1). The proposed default value is "off" (= valve closed).

	Inlet vent status	Inlet vent type	Use mode
	<pre> READY FOR CYCLE INLET AIR :      off HELIUM :      1.5E-09                     </pre> <p>Stand-by screen</p>	<pre> INLET vent :      chamber DELAY (sec):      0 OPEN TIMER USE :  no TIMER (m:s) :     00/01                     </pre> <p>Other menu</p>	
At the end of cycle..	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>ON</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● putting back to atmospheric pressure</li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Operator</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● When the inlet vent is activated by the operator and whatever is the selected inlet vent ("off" or "on"), the inlet vent will be automatically on "off" after the test and the operator should make himself the inlet vent (forced inlet vent).</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Automatic</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● When the inlet vent is activated automatically, the inlet vent will be made (if "on") or not (if "off").</li> </ul>	asm
	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>OFF</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● keeping under vacuum</li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chamber</b> (for Pfeiffer Vacuum small test chamber)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Sp. Chamber</b> (for Pfeiffer Vacuum medium or large test chamber and for customized test chamber)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The inlet vent depends on the test result.  C 212</li> </ul>	Pass/fail

# Inlet vent

	Inlet vent status	Inlet vent type	Use mode
Procedure	<p>Stand-by screen</p> 	 <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1 Delay: Time between the end of the cycle and the inlet vent valve opening. Only 3 possibilities: 0 - 1 s - 2 s</li><li>2 Open time use: The user can close again the inlet vent valve after opening (yes/no). When used (yes), set timer = time between inlet vent valve opening and inlet vent valve closing again.</li></ul>	

## Bargraph zoom

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel



Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel



Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization

Access to level 4 - Password



Summary of screens

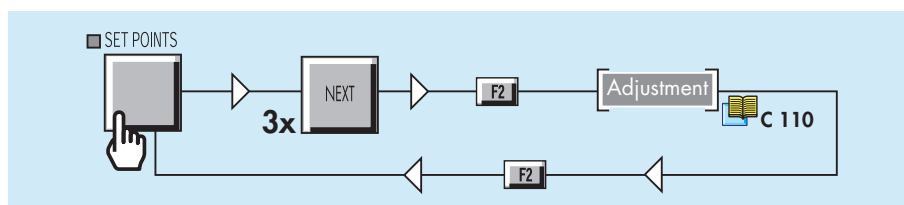


Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet

**Purpose** This function offers a better resolution of the readout as well as a better view of the helium signal behaviour around the set point.

*This function requires a remote control or a control panel with an analog display use.*

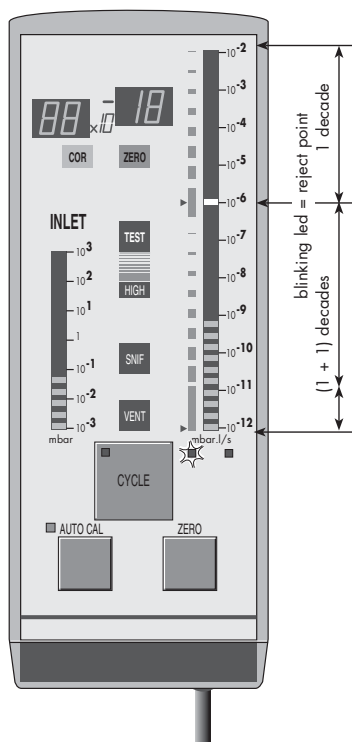
### Activate/deactivate the bargraph zoom



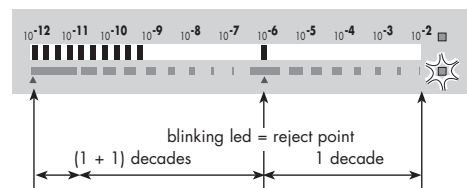
## Bargraph zoom

### Analog display

When a bargraph zoom is activated, use the helium signal zero scale: a blinking led indicates the reject point.



Remote control



Control panel (plate removed).

The helium signal zero scale displays the leak value in 2 colors following the measured leak value:

- if the measured leak value is under the reject point, the flashing leds are green,
- if the measured leak value exceeds the reject point, the flashing leds are red (and the blinking led orange).

Reject point C 211

### Zero function & Bargraph zoom

When bargraph zoom and zero functions are ON in the same time, the operator must read measured leak value in this way as follow:

- digital display

The leak value displayed is the value corrected with zero function.

Zero function C 540

- analog display

Use the helium signal zero scale.

The analog display is the actual bargraph zoom display (see above).

# Audio alarm / Digital voice

<b>A help for control panel utilization/access.</b>			
<b>Operating principle of the control panel</b>	C 110	<b>Access to level 4 - Password</b>	C 130
<b>Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel</b> Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization	C 120	<b>Summary of screens</b> Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet	C 140

## Audio alarm definition

The Audio alarm appears differently, based on the Zero function.

- Zero function is not activated:  
The Audio alarm is started when the helium signal is exceeding a set point and called reject point.
- Zero function is activated:  
The audio alarm threshold is then called "floating". It is slightly set above the zero level and will be triggered for any rise of the helium signal.

Zero function C 540

## Digital voice definition

The digital voice informs the operator by sending audio messages in the following cases:

- starting-up process and auto-calibration process
- when detector is ready
- rejected part
- fault.

## General

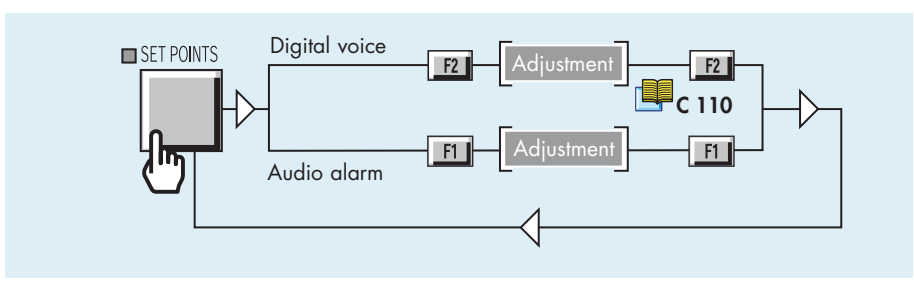
At any time it is possible to adjust the volume:  
 ■ to increase volume      ■ to decrease volume



## Sound level

The level varies from 0 to 8 (= 90 dBA).

## Adjustment





## Cycle end

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel



C 110

Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization



C 120

Access to level 4 - Password



C 130

Summary of screens


Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet



C 140

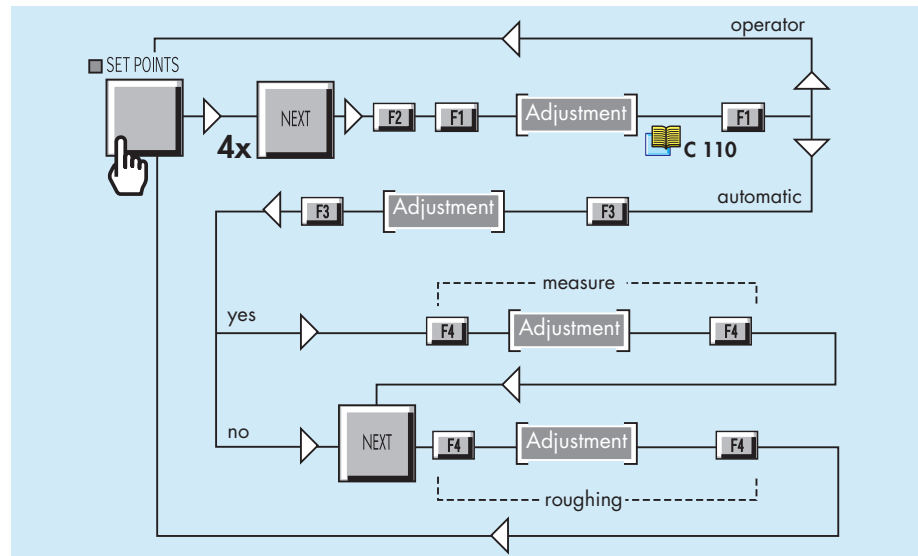
### Purpose of the cycle end

It allows an automatic control of the roughing time and measure time i. e. the end of cycle.

- Cycle end: operator - Operator stops the cycle (  )
- Cycle end: automatic - Cycle is stopped automatically.

Note: if Cycle end is automatic, the parameters of roughing and measure times are automatic.

### Activate / Deactivate the Cycle end



#### • Roughing

Roughing timer determines maximum authorized roughing time before the tested part is considered as bad.

In asm mode:

Set "time" ≤ 6s. + "inlet vent" = chamber	The set time is the roughing time.
Set "time" ≥ 7s.	The set time is the maxi time to go in test.

## Cycle end

To consider the tested part as bad, it is necessary to activate the Memo function.

Memo function  C 550

- **Measure**

If Cycle end is activated (automatic), user should adjust the measure timer i.e. the cycle end.

The measure timer corresponds to the time allowed for the leak detector to remain in test. When it is reached, the measure flashes.

## Zero function

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel

 C 110

Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

 C 120

Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization

Access to level 4 - Password

 C 130

Summary of screens

 C 140

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet

**Purpose** Zero function is provided:


- to help the operator to identify a very small fluctuation of the helium signal out of the ambient background,
- to enlarge small fluctuations of the helium signal on the analog display.

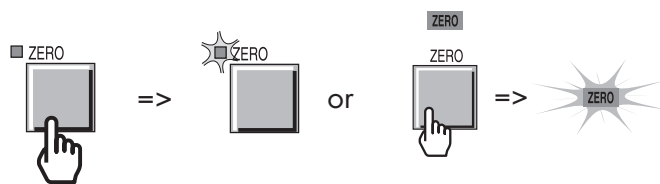
The zero function could be activated:

- by the operator,
- in automatic.

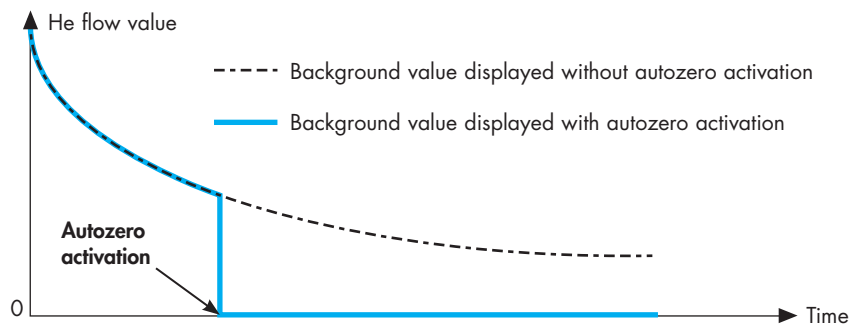
**It's advised to use this function when helium background signal is low.**

### Activate the zero function

The process of the zero function is the same whatever the activation mode (operator or automatic). The only difference is when the background suppression activation is automatic, the operator does not need to press .

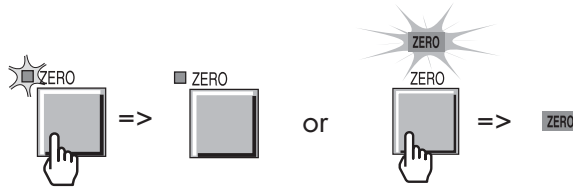


### Principle example

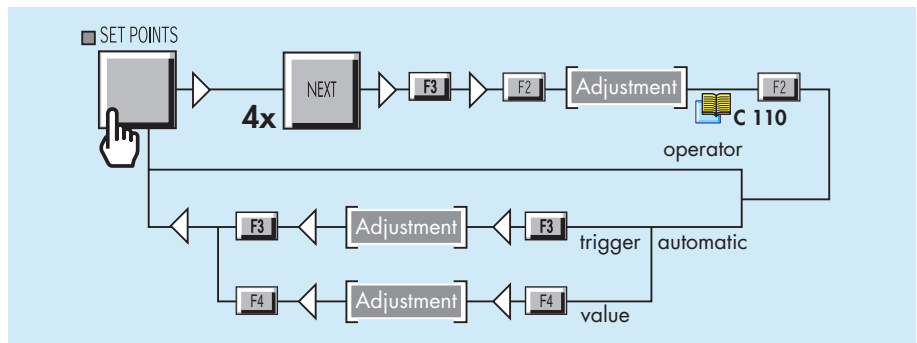



## Zero function

Deactivate the zero function




Activation/Deactivation of the background



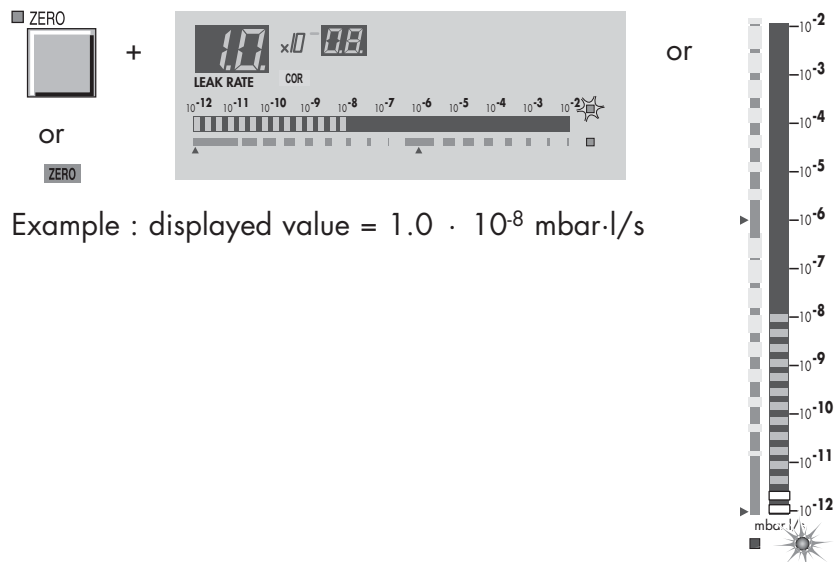
The trigger parameter corresponds to the value at which the zero function is selected. It could be a timer or set point.  
 (= press  if activation = operator)

The autozero will start:  
 - every time that the parameted set point is reached (if trigger set).  
 - regulary, depending on the defined frequency (if timer set).

### Display

- Display changes according to the activation or not of the "bargraph zoom on reject point" (  C 510) function.
- Example with a calibrated leak of  $1 \cdot 10^{-8}$  mbar·l/s

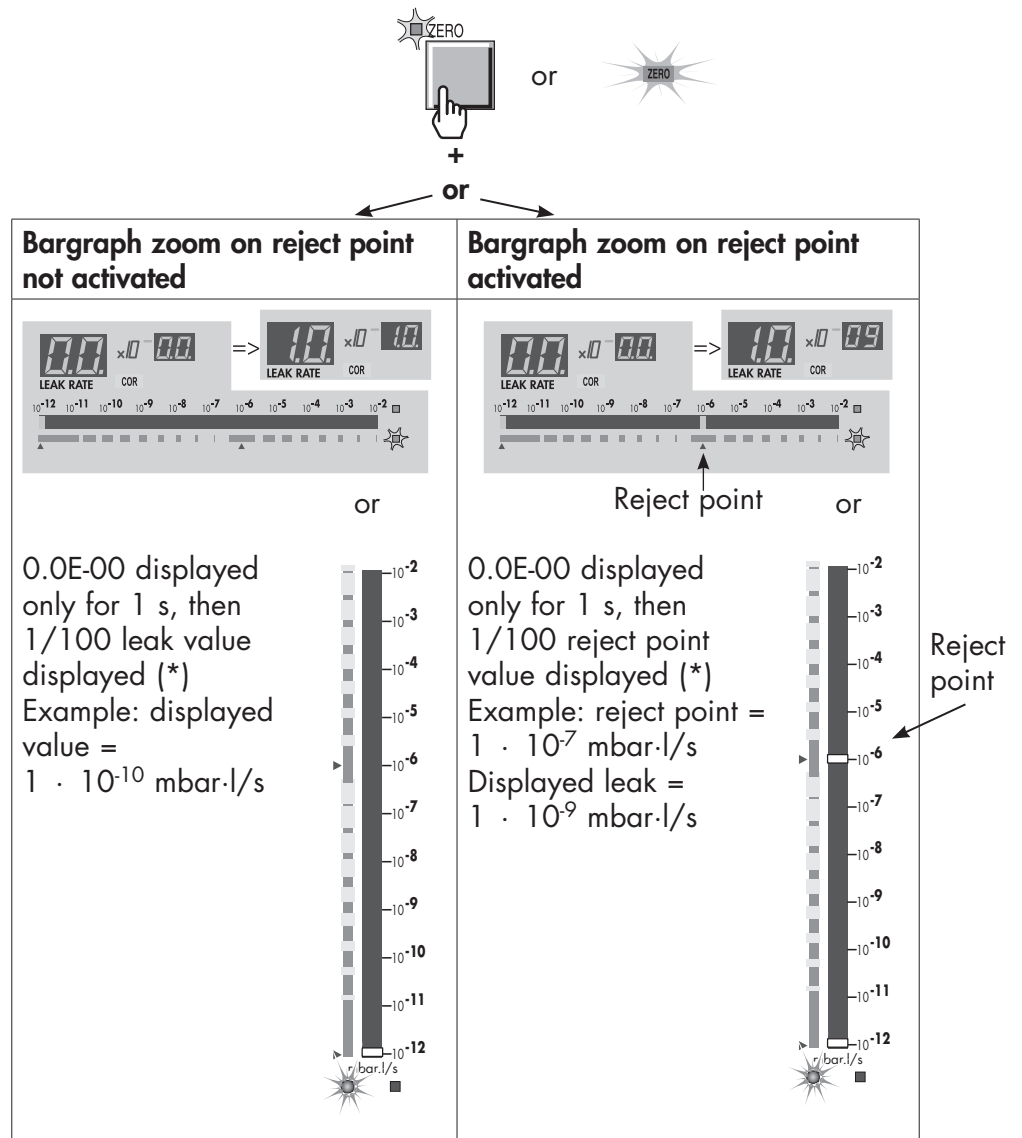
Zero not activated



Example : displayed value =  $1.0 \cdot 10^{-8}$  mbar·l/s

## Zero function

Zero activated



(\*) Note: The 1/100 reject point value or 1/100 leak value displayed is limited to the low limit of the measurement range in the selected test mode.

Example: ASM 142 in Normal test mode

Test mode	mbar.l/s
Gross leak	$1 \cdot 10^{-9}$ to 1
Normal	$1 \cdot 10^{-11}$ to $3 \cdot 10^{-4}$
Sniffing	$1 \cdot 10^{-7}$ to $1 \cdot 10^{-1}$

The 1/100 reject point value or 1/100 leak value will never be lower than  $1 \cdot 10^{-11}$  mbar.l/s.

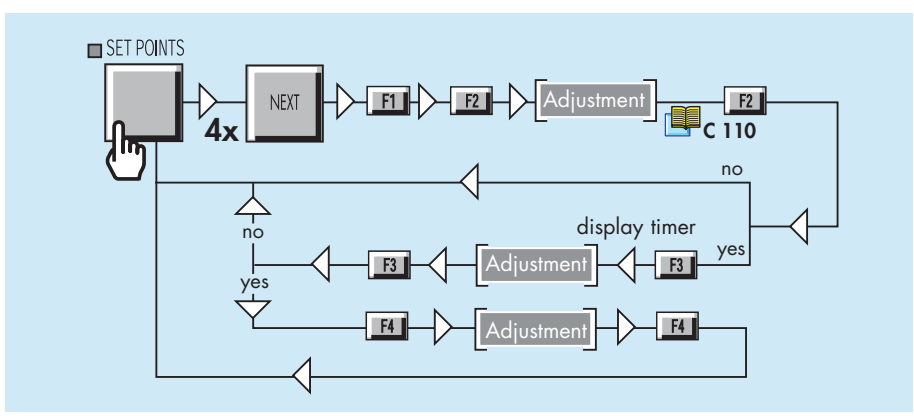
Refer to **A 800** for the limit values according to the leak detector.

# Memo function

<b>A help for control panel utilization/access.</b>	
<b>Operating principle of the control panel</b>	C 110
<b>Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel</b>	C 120
Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization	
<b>Access to level 4 - Password</b>	C 130
<b>Summary of screens</b>	C 140
Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet	

**Purpose** This function freezes the display showing the result of the previous test. The measured value flashes and blinks until a new test cycle is started (display timer deactivated).

## Activate/Deactivate the memo function



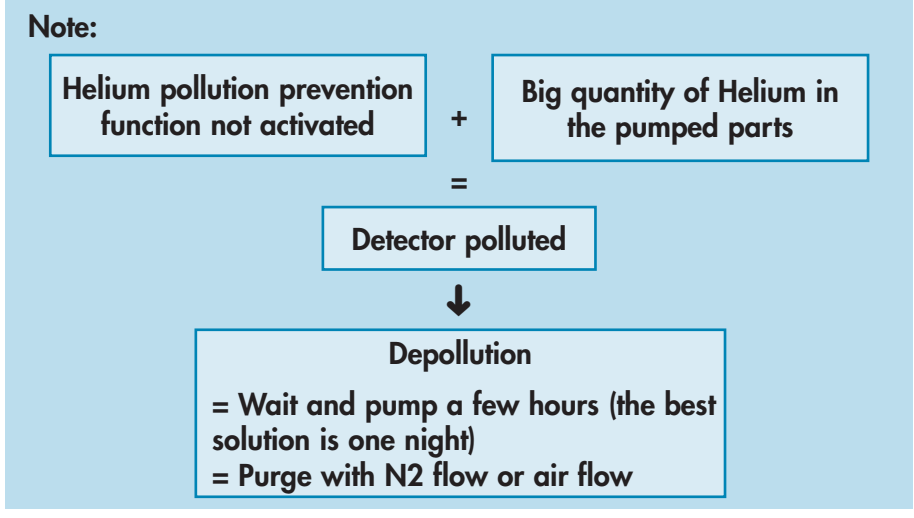
**Display timer** Once the memo function is activated, user has the possibility to activate or not the display timer. Display timer determines the time during which measured leak value is displayed.

# Helium pollution prevention

<b>A help for control panel utilization/access.</b>			
<b>Operating principle of the control panel</b>	C 110	<b>Access to level 4 - Password</b>	C 130
<b>Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel</b> Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization	C 120	<b>Summary of screens</b> Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet	C 140

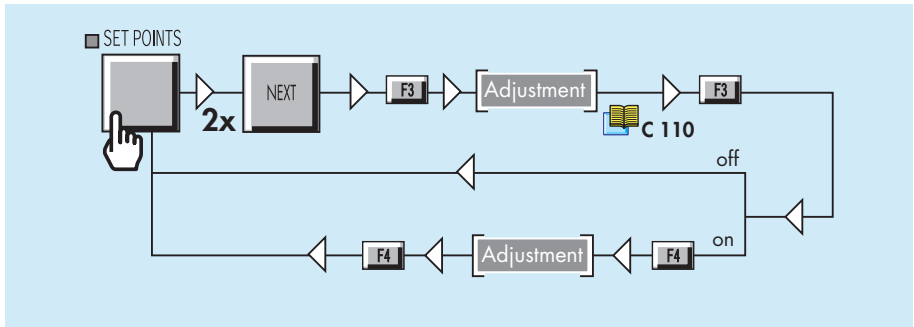
**Purpose** The helium pollution prevention function prevents the detector from being polluted by helium when the part or installation to be tested contains a lot of helium.  
Leak detector in test mode, if the signal increases quickly above depollution reject point, the cycle is automatically ended and the leak detector stays in stand-by mode until the helium has decreased.

**Note:** There is no message to inform the operator that the detector is over again ready for a new test.



**Note:** When the detector reaches the  $10^{-4}$  mbar threshold, it automatically pass in gross leak test mode.

## Activate/Deactivate the Helium pollution prevention

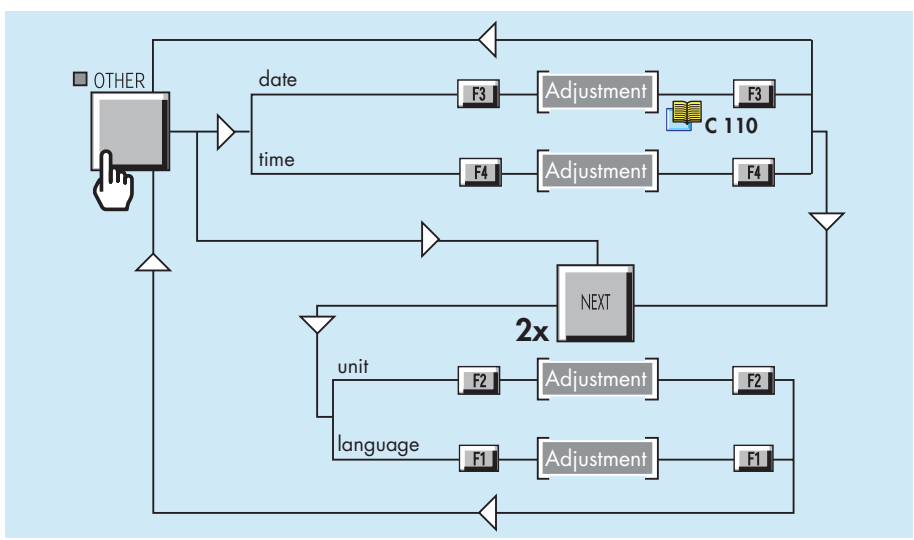


G38 00270 - Edition 06 - February 14

# Date - Time - Language - Unit

<b>A help for control panel utilization/access.</b>	
<b>Operating principle of the control panel</b> <b>Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel</b> Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization	C 110 C 120
<b>Access to level 4 - Password</b> <b>Summary of screens</b> Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet	C 130 C 140

## Adjustment procedure



**Date** The leak detector calculates its storage period since the last switching off. C 200

**Take care to set the correct date.**

**Language** The leak detector offers 2,3 or 4 languages, according to the model.

Notes: A 600  
 - All messages on the LCD are on the selected language.  
 - The selected language is the language of the digital voice.

**Digital voice** C 520

**Unit** The leak detector offers 3 units:

- mbar.l/s
- Pa.m<sup>3</sup>/s
- Torr.l/s

**When the operator connects the remote control on the leak detector, the leak detector unit is automatically reprogrammed with the unit of the remote control. The remote control unit is memorized by the detector when the operator disconnects the remote control.**



## Fault / information indicator and display

### Fault and information

At any time, the leak detector can display on the LCD clear Information or Fault messages based on the analysis of the leak detector status.

There are 3 basic types of faults: **minor fault**, **major fault** and **critical failure**.

There are 2 basic types of information: **user information** and **service information**.

The messages are displayed on a specific display by order of importance:

1. critical failure
2. major fault and minor fault
3. user information and service information

### Faults Minor fault

3 fault types: minor fault, major fault and critical failure.

- Warning:
  - on the digital display alternatively the helium signal and "Er" are shown.
  - on the LCD, a "!" flashing at the right end of the 1<sup>st</sup> line.



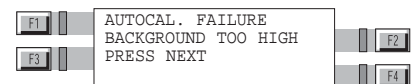
The digital voice advises the operator of the procedure to follow.

- Result:
  - This will not stop the functions of the leak detector but can affect the validity of the test result.

- Message:
  - To read the message



A clear message describes the error on line 2 and 3. The most important warning message is displayed on the 1<sup>st</sup> line.



Up to 3 messages may be displayed on the message display.

- Duration: may be temporary or permanent
  - temporary if the fault appears and then disappears without a corrective action from the user
  - permanent until the cause is erased by the user.
- Remedy:
  - Temporary: the indicator disappears and the warning message is erased.
  - Permanent: both indicator and message are memorized until the fault is eliminated.

## Fault / information indicator and display

### Faults (cont.)

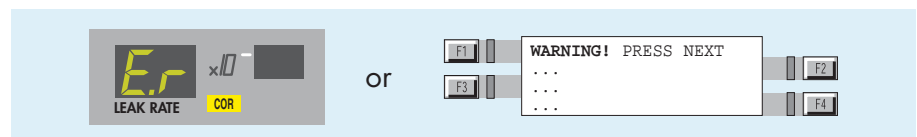
#### ASM 142 S and ASM 102 S special case:

- If after the start, the background is lower than the sniffer probe clogged point:
  - The "AL" message appears permanently on the digital display,
  - a «!» flashing at the right end of the screen.
- This default, although minor, is blocking. It is necessary to launch a calibration to make it disappear.



### Major fault


- Warning:
  - on the digital display, "Er" is permanently displayed.
  - a flashing message occurs on the LCD



The digital voice advises the operator of the procedure to follow.

- Result:
  - May prevent the leak detector from making a vacuum test or an autocalibration

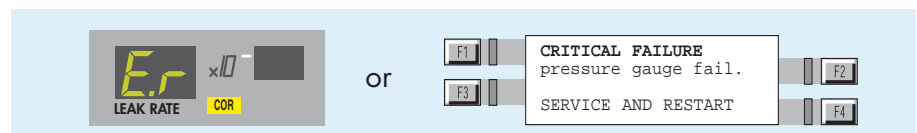
- Message:

To read the message 

Note: A major fault can behave like a temporary minor fault if the origin of the error has disappeared.

### Critical failure

- Warning:
  - on the digital display, "Er" is permanently displayed. All indicators are turned off.
  - on the LCD the clear message of a critical failure is directly displayed. Details are displayed on line 2 and 3.



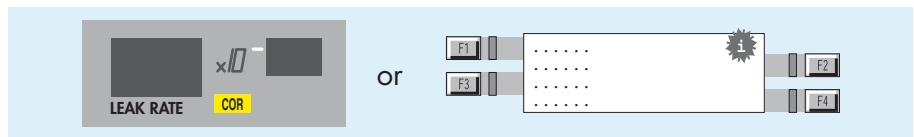
The digital voice advises the operator of the procedure to follow.

- Result:
  - Complete shut down of the leak detector is required.
- Remedy:
  - Need the servicing of the leak detector before starting it again.

## Fault / information indicator and display

**Information** 2 information types: **user** and **service information**.

- Warning:
  - no indicator on the digital display
  - on the LCD, a "i" flashing at the right end of the 1<sup>st</sup> line.



- The digital voice advises the operator of the procedure to follow.

- Result:
  - Doesn't affect the functions of the leak detector

- User information

Only an indication that the leak detector is in a particular status which may require an action from the user in order to return to a standard situation

- Service information

Only an indication that the leak detector requires a service or maintenance action.

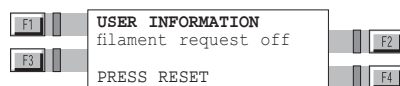
- Message:

To read the message

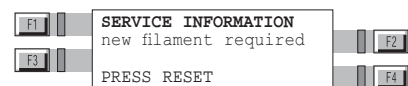


A clear message describes the fault on line 2 and 3.

### User information display



### Service information display



- Duration:

After display of the clear message, the indicator and the clear message are erased but they will be reactivated at the next start-up of the leak detector or at each unauthorized request by the user or 30 min later, if the origin of the message is still present.

- Remedy:

- User information

Can be eliminated by an action which is accessible by the user.

- Service information

Can be eliminated by a service action on the involved component and by resetting the corresponding configuration parameter. This is only accessible by the customer service.

Service instructions  E

## Fault / information indicator and display

### List of messages

For all messages, note their contents in order to identify the origin of the message and take the corresponding corrective action if necessary.

General troubleshooting guide  D 300

The RS 232 codes of these messages are described in the specific RS 232 user manual.

	User Information	Service Information	ASM 182 T	ASM 192 T	ASM 192 T2	ASM 182 TD+	ASM 192 TD+	ASM 192 T2D+	ASM 122 D	ASM 142	ASM 142 D	ASM 142 S	ASM 1002	ASM 102 S
<b>Information messages</b>														
auto. cal. required		•												
filament request off	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
manual calibration	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
auto. cal. aborted	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
drift too high (zero)	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
He too high for zero	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
He too low for zero	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
external calib. Leak	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
new fil#1 required		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
new fil#2 required		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
maintenance required		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
fil1-collector short		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
fil2-collector short		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
press zero & spray He	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
no Hy leak for calib	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
rough. MDP pump maint.		•						•(5)						
rough. ATP pump maint.		•						•(2)						•
auto. cal. required	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
external leak maint.		•											•	•
internal leak maint.		•											•	
primary pump maint.		•				•(4)	•(4)	•(4)	•(8)		•(10)			•(12)
high. vac pump maint		•	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•(7)	•(9)	•(9)	•(9)	•(11)	•(5)
roughing pump maint.		•			•(2)	•(3)	•(3)		•(6)		•(5)			

- (1) TMP 5154
- (2) ATP 100
- (3) MDP 5011
- (4) ACP 28

- (5) MDP 5006 HDS
- (6) ATH 31+
- (7) ATH 31
- (8) Dry pump

- (9) AMP 007 I
- (10) AMD 1
- (11) ATH 164
- (12) Diaphragm pump

## Fault / information indicator and display

Error message	Minor failure	Major failure	Critical failure	ASM 182 T	ASM 192 T	ASM 192 T2	ASM 182 TD+	ASM 192 TD+	ASM 192 T2D+	ASM 122 D	ASM 142	ASM 142 D	ASM 142 S	ASM 1002	ASM 102 S
autocal failure	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
temperature too low	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
temperature too high	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
cal. leak year error	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
peak search error	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
peak adjust error	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
background too high	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
emission loss	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
cell. zero off limits	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
cell. zero stability	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
calib. test mode lost	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
sensitivity too high	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
background trouble	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
lack of sensitivity	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
cell.pressure safety		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
triode safety		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
emission failure		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
snif. probe clogged		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
high. vac pump speed		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
cell pres.>0.01 mbar			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
high. vac pump fail			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
cell pres.>1e-04 mbar			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
filaments #1&#2 bad			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
no collector voltage			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
time keeper ram fail.			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
cell. gauge failure			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
rough. pump failure	•					•(2)	•(3)	•(3)	•(2)	•(6)		•(5)			
24 V DC troubles	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
mini reject point on	•													•	
check ATH connector			•							•(7)					
check AMP connector			•								•(9)	•(9)	•(9)		•(5)
check TMP connector			•	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)					•(11)	
check ATH connector			•							•(6)					
check MDP connector			•				•(3)	•(3)	•(5)			•(5)			
check ATP connector			•			•(2)			•(2)						
LDS probe problem		•											•		•

## Fault / information indicator and display

	Minor failure	Major failure	Critical failure	ASM 182 T	ASM 192 T	ASM 192 T2	ASM 182 TD+	ASM 192 TD+	ASM 192 T2D+	ASM 122 D	ASM 142	ASM 142 D	ASM 142 S	ASM 1002	ASM 102 S
<b>Error message</b>															
dynamic cal failure	•														
bad RAM integrity	•														
fil1-collector short		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
fil2-collector short		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
fil1-collector short			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
fil2-collector short			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
high. vac pump speed			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
rough. pump failure			•			•(2)	•(3)	•(3)	•(2)	•(6)		•(5)			
primary pump failure			•		•(12)	•(12)	•(4)	•(4)	•(4)					•(12)	

- (1) TMP 5154
- (2) ATP 100
- (3) MDP 5011
- (4) ACP 28

- (5) MDP 5006 HDS
- (6) ATH 31+
- (7) ATH 31
- (8) Dry pump

- (9) AMP 007 I
- (10) AMD 1
- (11) ATH 164
- (12) Diaphragm pump

# Tested part setting

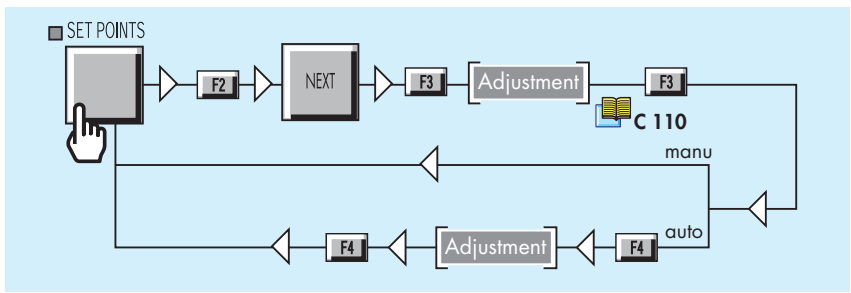
<b>A help for control panel utilization/access.</b>			
<b>Operating principle of the control panel</b>	C 110	<b>Access to level 4 - Password</b>	C 130
<b>Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel</b> Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization	C 120	<b>Summary of screens</b> Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet	C 140

The operator has the possibility to memorize the test parameters of 10 different parts (name, thresholds, print,...).

**Before each adjustment explained in this sheet, the operator should select the part file number for which he wants to set parameters.**

## Increment mode

A serial number is given to each part tested. This serial number increases incrementally starting at an initial value set by the operator.



**Note:** See procedure below if «manu» is selected.

## Automatic

For each part type, in automatic increment mode, the leak detector keeps in memory the latest serial number given to a part tested in order to give the next serial number, even if the leak detector is off or the operator tests another part type between the 2 tests of the same part type.

- The initial value is only used for the first test.
- In order to reset the serial number to "0", the initial value should be "0".

GB 02466 - Edition 02 - March 12

# Tested part setting

## Increment mode (cont.)

### Manual

If "manu" increment mode is selected, during the test, the leak detector requests to the operator to enter the serial number of the part tested.

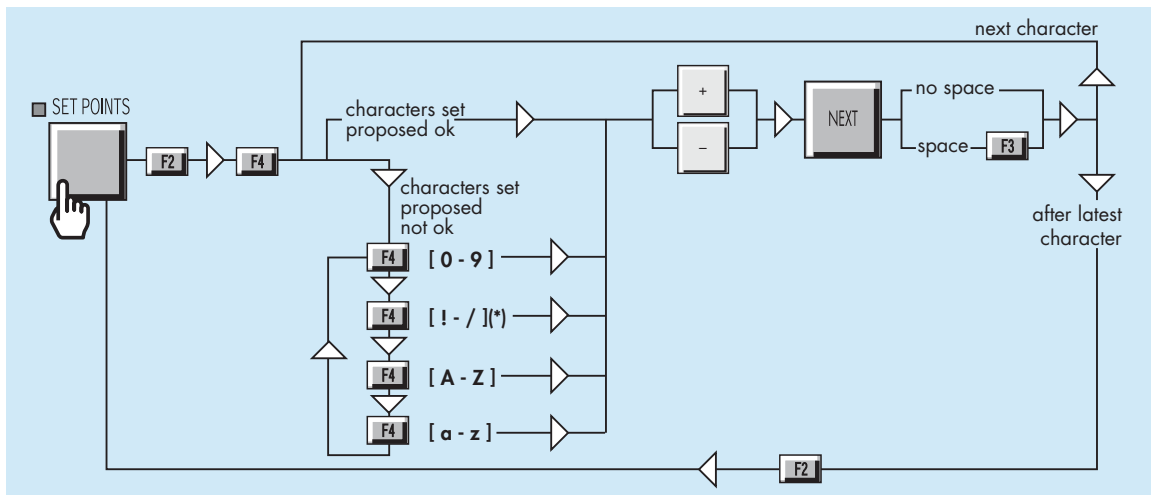
PLEASE SET SERIAL NR  
PART FILE NUMBER : 01  
SERIAL NUMBER : 00069

- by default, the serial number proposed by the leak detector is the next (like in automatic).
- If OK, the operator validates the serial number proposed by pressing **F3**.
- If not OK, the operator should enter the serial number and validate the operation by pressing **F3**.

■ There is no check with previous serial numbers given to previous parts: be careful not to attribute the same serial number to two different parts tested.

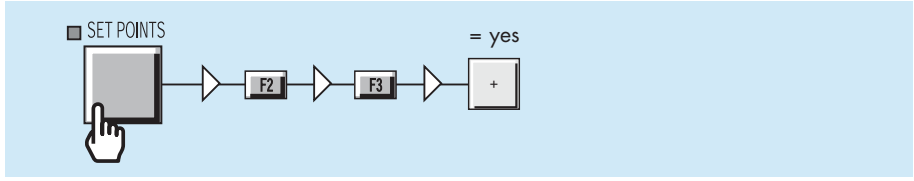
■ If the serial number is not validated, there is not a test result: the test is aborted.

## Set reference The operator could give a reference name to a part type memorized.



(\*) [! - / ] => ! " # \$ % & ' ( ) \* + , - . /

## Clear a reference

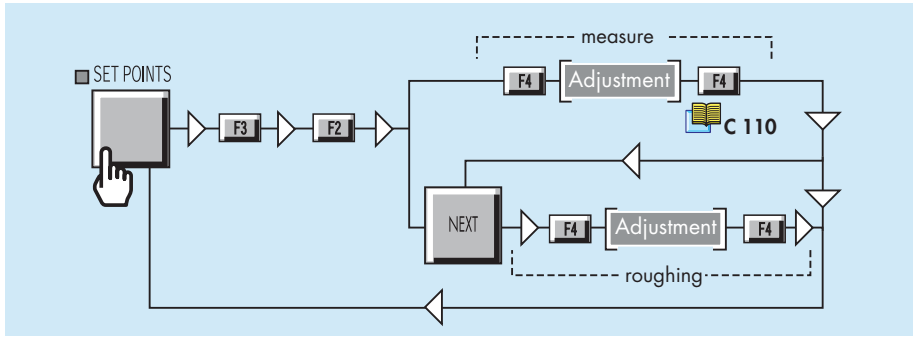


- the reference (line 2) is deleted
- "clear reference: no." comes back automatically after.



# Tested part setting

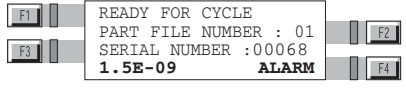
**Cycle end** The operator should set the measure and roughing times of the cycle test.



## Thresholds adjustment

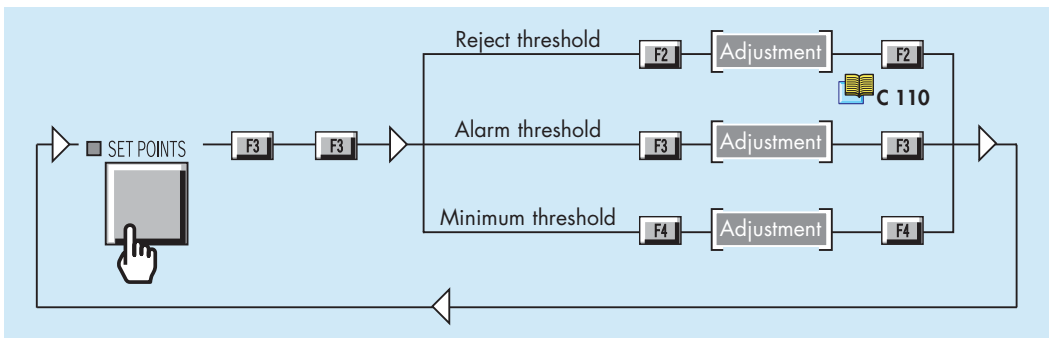
**Reject threshold** Threshold which determines if the tested part is good (pass) or bad (fail).

**Alarm threshold** Intermediate threshold which indicates to the operator a drift in the test process, but the part is nevertheless good. When this threshold is crossed, "alarm" is displayed on the user interface after the test result.



**Minimum threshold** Threshold which indicates to the operator if the test cycle is OK: it is a security test.

- if minimum threshold < leak detector residual value => not active
- if minimum threshold > leak detector residual value => active and a default message informs the operator if there is a problem.



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## Tested part setting

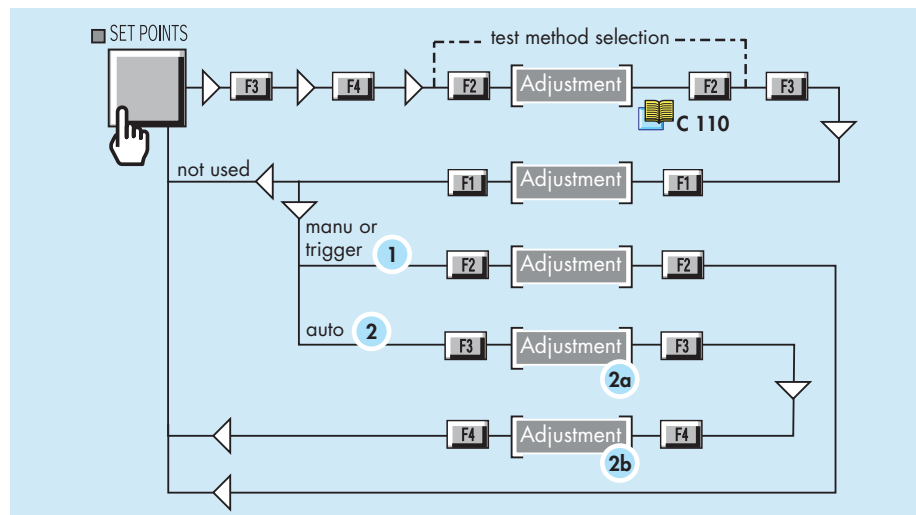
### Background suppression

- In order to calculate the background of the leak detector, the operator should first set the test mode used.

Two possibilities:

- bombing
- spray

- Then, the operator should determine the background value to implement:
  - the background value is manually set by the operator ([bombing + manu] or [spray + trigger]). **1**
  - the background value is automatically and regularly calculated. It is always calculated after an auto-calibration [bombing + auto]. **2**



## Tested part setting

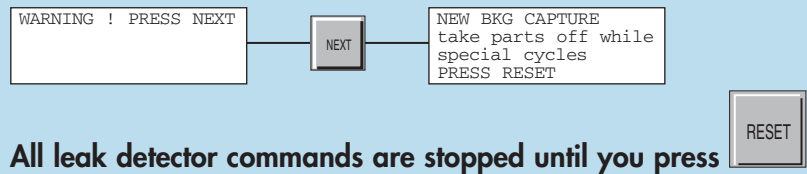
### Background value in automatic

Notes:

- At any time you could know the background value applied. It is indicated on the "Part Checking" screen. C 620 / C 140
- At each new background value applied calculation, a ticket is printed with the new value: refer to example 8 B 320.
- At any time you could calculate a new background value to apply. C 620

### Test without part in the test chamber.

Before a new capture series, a warning message displays on the LCD:

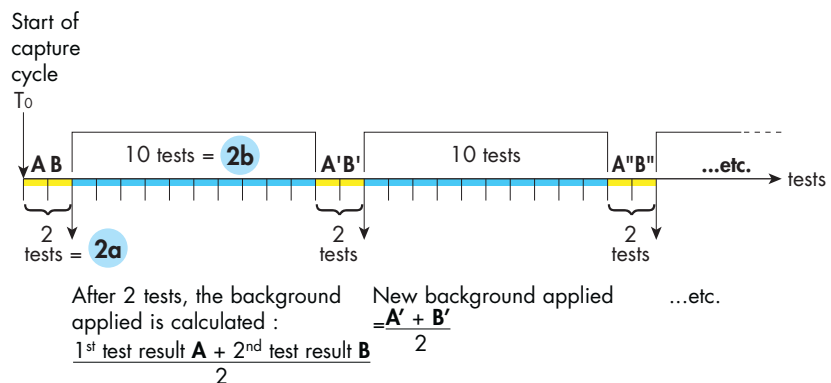


In automatic, the background value is the average of "x" test results of "x" successive captures (tests). **2a**

In order to recalculate it regularly, the operator should set the frequency of this calculation. **2b**

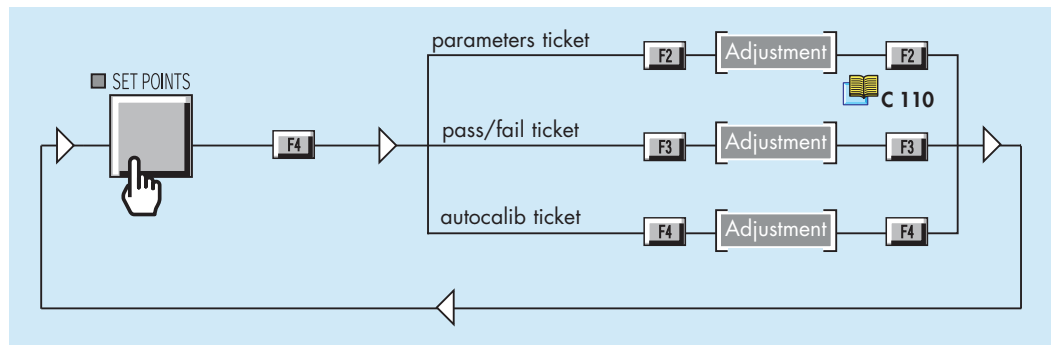
Example:

- capture number **2a** = 02 (tests)
- capture frequency **2b** = 0010 (tests)
- A, A', A'', ... B, B', B'' are the test results



## Tested part setting

### Prints



- **Print parameters:**  
When "print parameters" is "yes", a ticket will print as soon as one parameter value has been changed, if the operator changes the test mode (asm  $\leftrightarrow$  pass-fail) or at the leak detector switch on: refer to example [9](#) **B 320**.
- **Print pass/fail:**  
When "print pass/fail" is "no", any ticket will print with the test results after each test.  
Otherwise, a ticket will print and the operator should choose the ticket layout (std or tab): refer to example [7](#) **B 320**.
- **Print autocalib:**  
When "print autocalib" is "yes", a ticket will print after each:
  - internal calibration with internal leak, example [2](#)
  - internal calibration with external leak, example [3](#)
  - calibration checking with internal leak, example [5](#)**B 320**

## Tested part history

### A help for control panel utilization/access.

Operating principle of the control panel



C 110

Setting and maintenance part presentation of the control panel

Access to parameters and parameters active depending on authorization



C 120

Access to level 4 - Password



C 130

Summary of screens

Complete displays list with access way and associated sheet



C 140

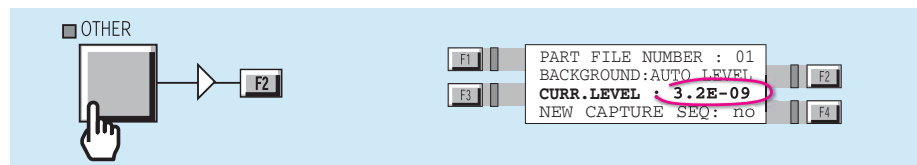
Before each adjustment explained in this sheet the operator should select the part file number for which he wants to set parameters.

## Background value applied

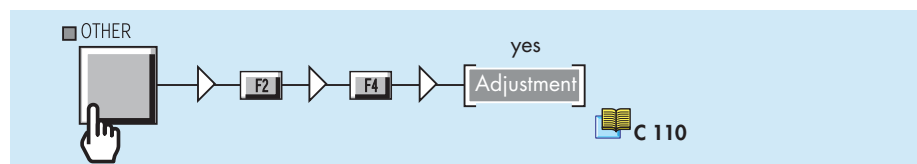
Only available if "zero bkg = auto level"

Background suppression C 610

- When the background is set on "auto level", it is recalculated regularly and a new value is applied. The operator has the possibility to check which value is applied.



- At any time, the operator can calculate the background value to apply. He requests a new capture sequence.

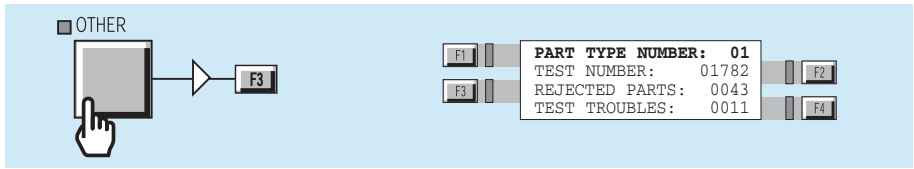


The screen comes back to the stand by screen and the "new capture sequence" parameter comes back to "no" automatically.

This request is considered as the beginning of the capture cycle  $T_0$ , C 610.

# Tested part history

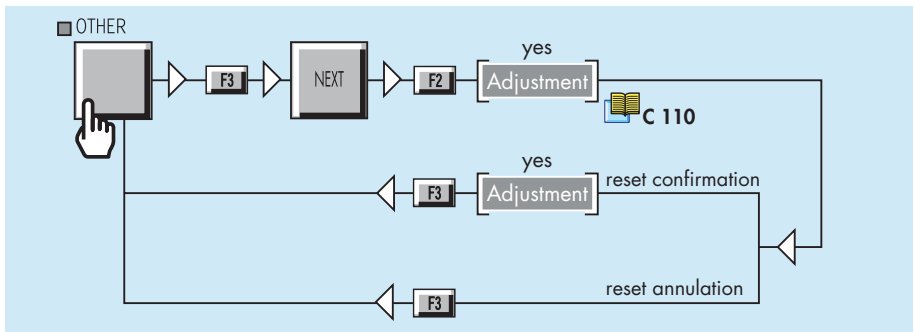
## Part history



For each part memorized, the operator can check its history:

- tests number
- rejected parts
- test troubles.

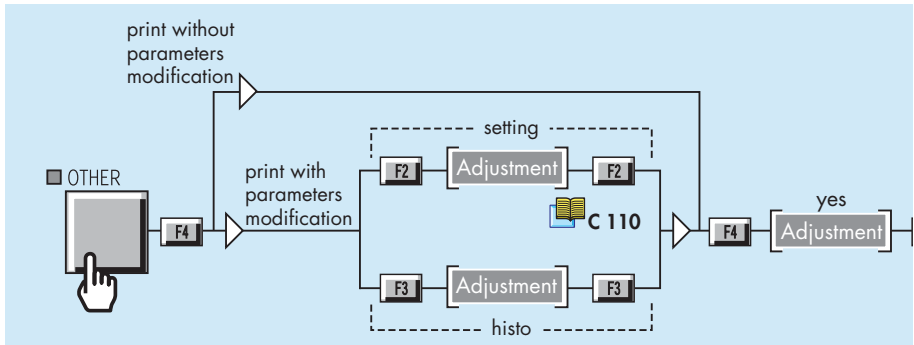
## Reset history



## Print

At any time, the operator has the possibility to print ticket with parameters and/or historical parameters.

## Procedure




Notes:

- After print, "print now = no" comes back automatically.
- The operator has the possibility to print a ticket for one part (set to number 01,... or number 10) or for 10 parts at the same time (set F1 to "all part files").
- The operator has the possibility to print automatically the setting ticket: refer C 610.
- Ticket with "with setting = yes", example 9
- Ticket with "with histo = yes", example 10
- Ticket with both, example 9 + 10

B 320



## ASM 1002 Operating instructions Detailed contents

**Preliminary remarks** Throughout this operating manual, you could find this type of message “Summary of screen  C 140”: it refers to a specific chapter of the operating manual. Please read it for further information.

**G 100**

*Declaration of conformity*

**G 200**

*Wiring diagrams*

**G 300**

*Analog outputs*

- 0 - 10 Volt
- 0 - 8 Volt

**G 400**

*Long distance sniffer probe user manual*

- Dimensions
- Technical characteristics
- Use precautions with the flexible sniffer probe
- Flow adjustment
- Available spare parts
- Filter exchange
- Needle replacement
- O’ring installation
- « Sniffer probe clogged » message
- Adaptor for calibrated leak

**G 500**

*Helium spray gun user manual*

- Description
- Technical characteristics
- Use precaution
- Spare parts

**G 600**

*Service*

**G 800**

*Tools*

- ASM View supervisory Software
- ASM Downloader software
- ADX Dialog (Detection) software
- ASM Pocket Dialogue software

# Declaration of conformity



## Declaration of conformity

We hereby declare that the product cited below satisfies all relevant provisions according to the following **EC directives** :

- Machinery 2006/42/EC (Annex II, No. 1 A)
- Electromagnetic Compatibility 2014/30/EU
- Restriction of Hazardous Substances 2011/65/EU
- Waste of Electrical and Electronical Equipments 2012/19/EU

The technical file is drawn up by Mr Gilles Baret, Pfeiffer Vacuum, Société par Actions Simplifiées [simplified joint stock company], 98, avenue de Brogny B.P. 2069, 74009 Annecy cedex, France.

### ASM 1002

Harmonised standards and national standards and specifications which have been applied :

- Standards NF EN-61000-6-2 : 2005
- Standards NF EN-61000-6-4 :2007
- Standards NF ENV-50204 : 1996
- Standards NF EN-60204-1: 2006

Signatures :

Pfeiffer Vacuum SAS  
98, avenue de Brogny  
B.P. 2069  
74009 Annecy  
France

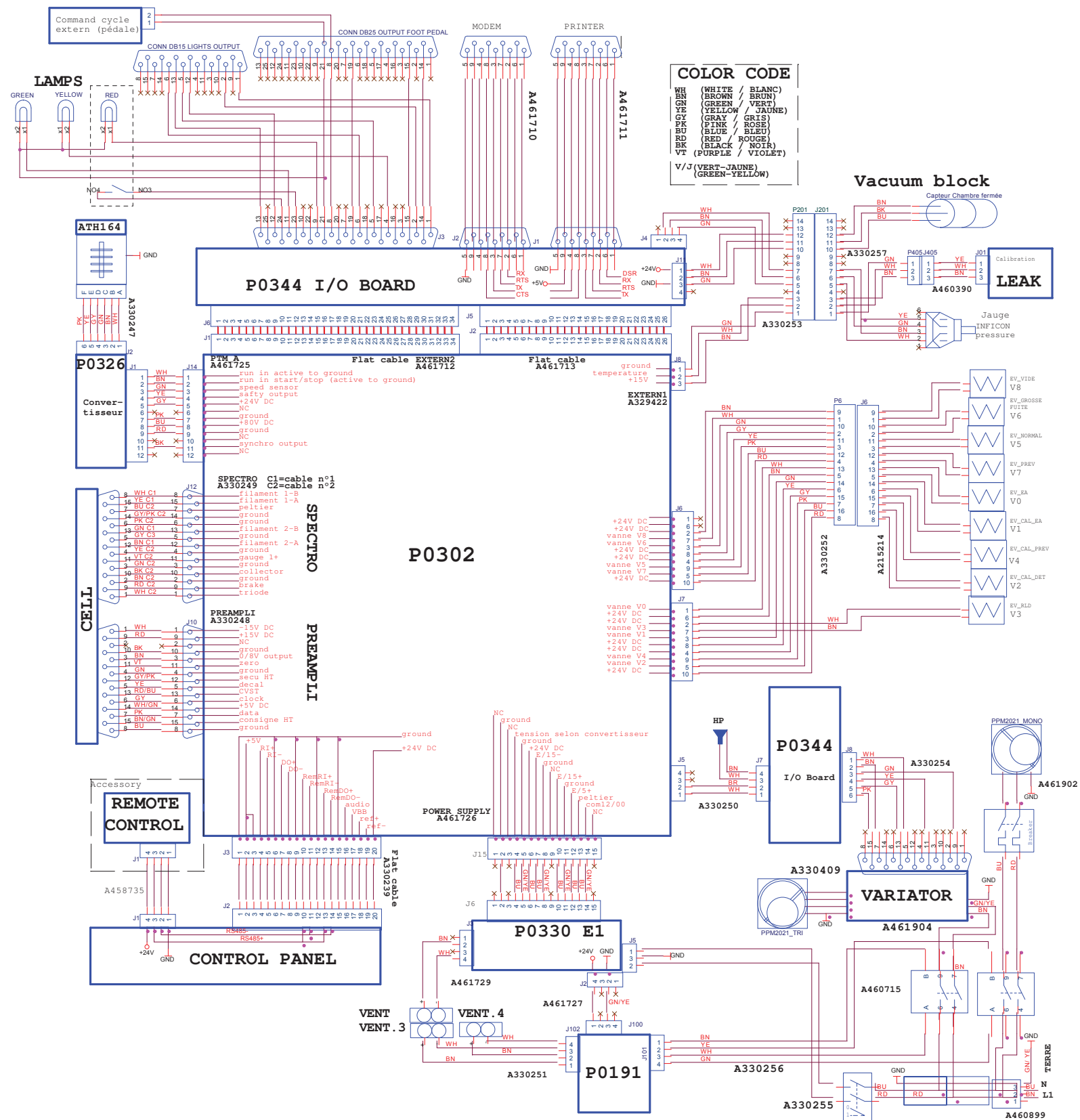
(M.Taberlet)  
Président

(M.Baret)  
Directeur Produits et Technologies

Date  
06/12/2016




## Wiring diagrams (Index -)



## Analog outputs

The purpose of the present chapter is to present the logarithmic response of this output.

### 0 - 10 Volt

To get directly the corrected helium signal as it is displayed on the Digital display, use the 0 - 10 Volt linear output (refer to  B 300) on the same I/O interface connector.

**Note:** the pressure analog output is not the same as the helium output.

$$\begin{matrix} \text{Pressure P (mbar)} \\ \text{Voltage V (volt)} \end{matrix} \left| \begin{matrix} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{matrix} \right. P = 10^{(U-5,5)} \text{ mbar}$$

### 0 - 8 Volt

**Reminder:**

- The 0 - 8 Volt logarithmic output is located on the I/O interface connector:


	Ground	0 / 8 V
ASM 182/192 family - ASM 1002	Pin 15	Pin 14
ASM 142 family - ASM 122 D - ASM 102 S - ASI 22	Pin 1	Pin 14

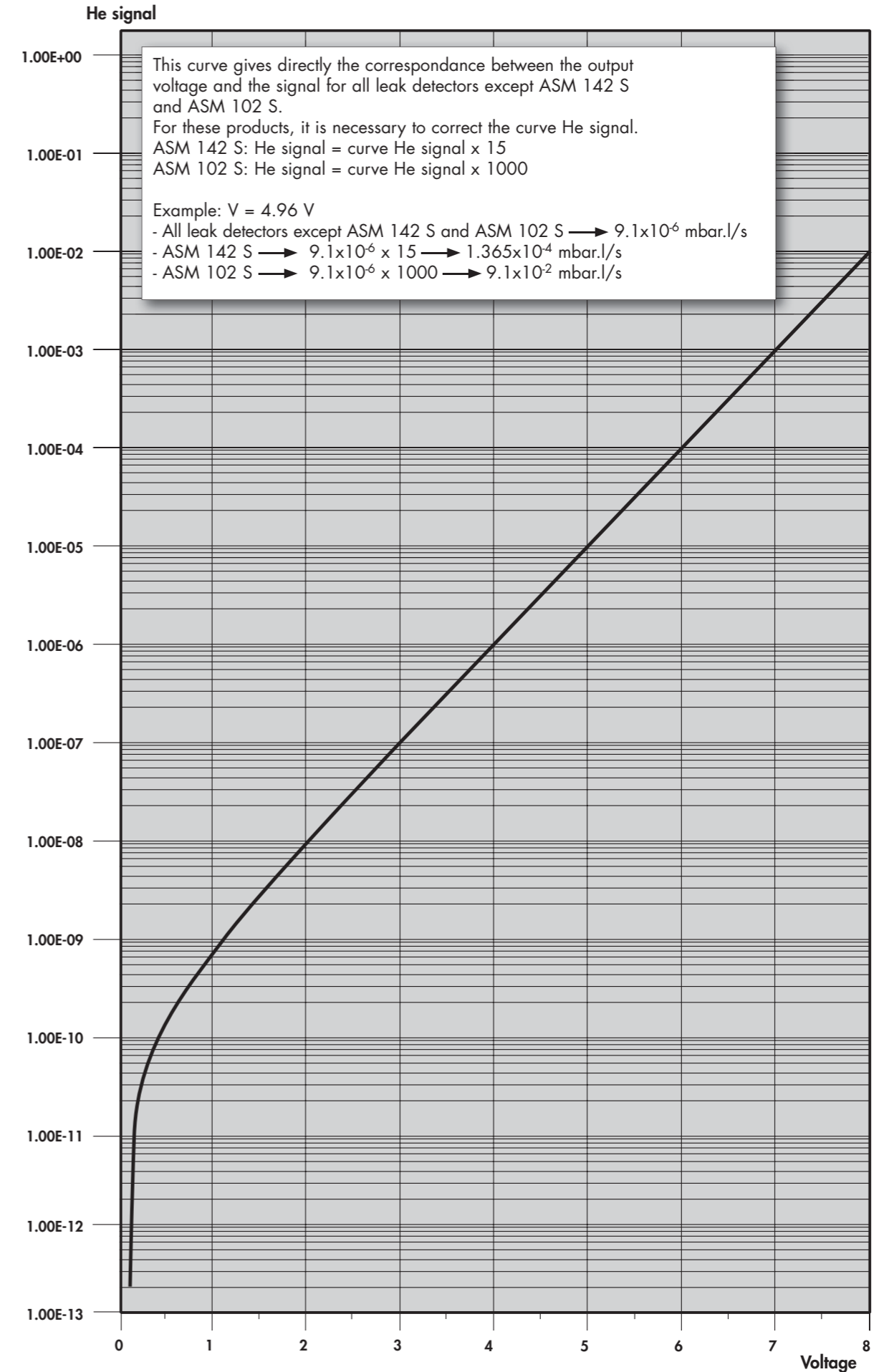
- ASM 182/192 family, ASM 1002: signal connected (COEF.SENS and COEF.MODE applied)
- ASM 142 family, ASM 122 D, ASM 102 S, ASI 22: signal not corrected.

- This output corresponds to the electronic signal obtained with the best sensitivity mode of the leak detector.

- This output corresponds to the electronic signal obtained at the level of the analyzer cell (VHS amplification system) and does not include the correction factors generated by the internal and external calibration.

- The chart and curve shows the correspondance between output voltage and helium signal. **The helium signal given by the present chart needs to be multiplied by COEF.SENS which is adjusted during the internal (auto)calibration:** refer to Calibration or Configuration menus (see Chapter C) in order to get access to COEF SENS value. This COEF.SENS value is modified at each autocalibration: its takes into account the fact that the characteristics of the leak detector (analyzer cell and pumps status) and evaluates as it is used.

- If an external correction ratio like VAC COR, SNIF COR or GL COR is activated, the helium signal given by the present chart also needs to be multiplied by this ratio: refer  C 300.





## Long distance sniffer probe user manual

This sheet concerns the p/n SNCxExTx long distance sniffer probes.

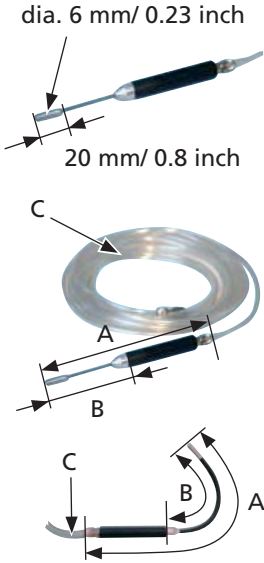


For all service operations, the long distance sniffer probe should be disconnected from the helium leak detector.

The parts involved are small: be careful not to loose them.

### Dimensions

Dimensions of the sniffer probe end, for all sniffer probe models.



To calculate the complete size of the sniffer probe, add (A) and (C) depending on the sniffer probe model.

Example: sniffer probe p/n SNC1E1T1

$$= \text{gun (A) 19 cm} + \text{tubing (C) 5 m}$$


$$\text{gun (A) 7.5 inch} + \text{tubing (C) 197 inch}$$

End ( B )		Sniffer probe part number	Gun ( A )
Rigid	9 cm/3.5 inch	SNCxE1Tx	19 cm/7.5 inch
	30 cm/11.8 inch	SNCxE2Tx	40 cm/15.7 inch
Flexible	15 cm/5.9 inch	SNCxE3Tx	25 cm/9.8 inch
	45 cm/17.7 inch	SNCxE4Tx	55 cm/21.6 inch

	Sniffer probe part number	Tubing ( C )
PVC flexible (external dia. : 6 mm/0.23 inch)	SNC1ExTx	5 m/197 inch
	SNC2ExTx	10 m/394 inch

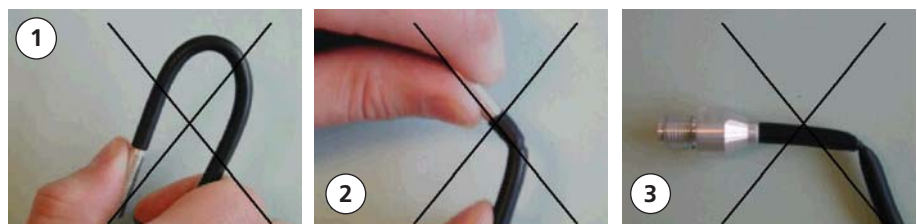
## Long distance sniffer probe user manual

### Technical characteristics

	Sniffer probe with rigid nipple (part number SNCxE1Tx and SNCxE2Tx)	Sniffer probe with flexible nipple (part number SNCxE3Tx and SNCxE4Tx)
Compatibility with leak detectors	All models	All models except ASM 310 and ASM 102 S
Helium concentration in the air	5 ppm	
Maximum flow taken by the probe	60 ± 10 sccm (1 mbar l/s)	≈ 100 sccm
	Note: A flow variation in the sniffer probe does not modify the sensitivity but only the response time. ↗ Flow = ↘ Response time	
Leak flow (Q) read on the leak detector during a measurement of the He in the air without correction factor	$Q = 5 \cdot 10^{-6}$ mbar l/s	$5 \cdot 10^{-6}$ mbar l/s ≤ Q ≤ $10^{-5}$ mbar l/s
Correction factor (Cor) to apply in order to read a leak flow in the leak detector of $5 \cdot 10^{-6}$ mbar l/s	1	$0.5 \leq \text{Cor} \leq 1$
Note		 Sniffer probe not designed for precise measurements
Working pressure maxi recommended	Atmospheric pressure + 0.5 bar	

### Use precautions with the flexible sniffer probe

- Do not step on the probe or flatten it.
- The nipple should not be curved (ref. ①) without respect the instructions below.
- The nipples should not be bent as shown below (ref. ② and ③).



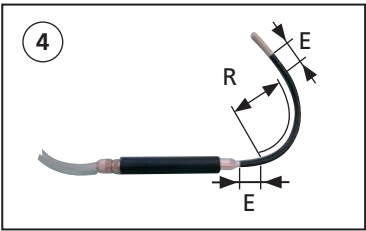
- In case of use with an ASM 142 S, it is necessary to realize a leak detector calibration in sniffing mode before using the leak detector.

# Long distance sniffer probe user manual

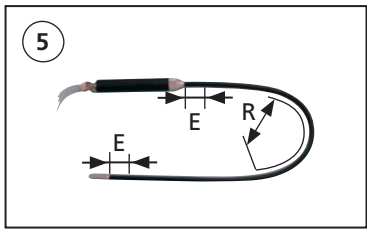
## Use precautions with the flexible sniffer probe (continued)

- The sniffer probe nipple can be bent if necessary but you should respect a **minimum radius of curvature** (ref. ④ and ⑤).

Sniffer probe with a flexible nipple of 15 cm / 5.9 inch (part number SNCxE3Tx)



Sniffer probe with a flexible nipple of 45 cm / 17.7 inch (part number SNCxE4Tx)



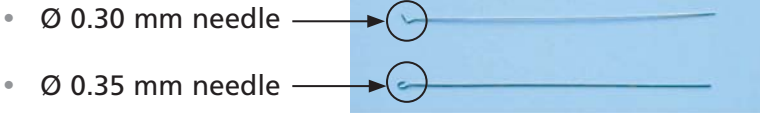
$R > 5 \text{ cm (2 inch)}$     $E > 2 \text{ cm (1 inch)}$ : do not twist/bend the E section

## Flow adjustment

In order to adjust the flow inside the sniffer probe, it comes equipped with 2 needle types: dia. 0.30 mm (0.11 inch) or 0.35 mm (0.14 inch). This choice is done in factory and it is permanent.

How to identify the needle set in your sniffer probe?

- The needle shape is different:



- The sniffer probe nozzle is marked:



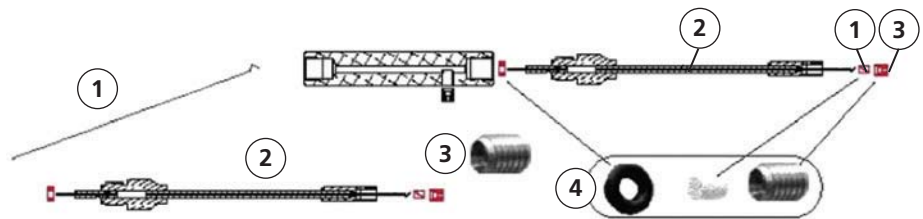
Sniffer probe equipped with a dia. 0.30 mm needle has no mark or is marked "0".



Sniffer probe equipped with a dia. 0.35 mm needle is marked "5".

## Long distance sniffer probe user manual

### Available spare parts

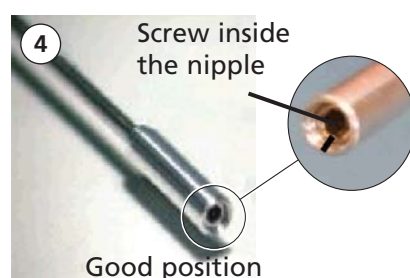
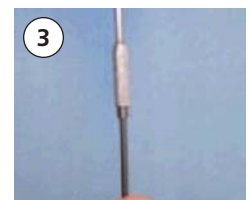
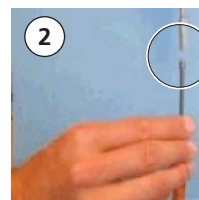
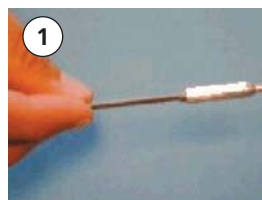


Designation	Reference	
dia. 0.30 mm needle	J 001	1
dia. 0.35 mm needle	J 002	1
Rigid nozzle of 9 cm/3.54 inch (*)	J 003	2
Rigid nozzle of 30 cm/11.81 inch (*)	J 004	
Flexible nozzle of 15 cm/5.90 inch (*)	J 005	
Flexible nozzle of 45 cm/17.71 inch (*)	J 006	
(*) (delivered with the suitable needle not cut)		
Screw alone	J 007	3
Kit for sniffer probe with 5 filters, 2 O'rings and 2 screws	J 008	4

Reference part number F 1000

### Filter exchange

- With the 2.5 hexagonal key, remove the screw at the end of the sniffer probe (ref. ①).
- Take out the old filter. Put the new filter in the port (ref. ②).
- Hold this assembly straight up and screw on the nipple of the sniffer probe (ref. ② and ③): torque < 1 N.m
- Install the screw so that it is totally inside the nipple : you should see a few threads (ref. ④ and ⑤).



## Long distance sniffer probe user manual

### Filter exchange (continued)

When you change the filter, we recommend cleaning the needle and the nipple (sniffer probe with rigid nipple only):

- Take out the needle with needlenose pliers.
- Clean delicately the needle with alcohol and a lint-free cloth.
- Clean the rigid nipple with alcohol and compressed dry air.
- Put back the needle.
- Put back the filter with its screw: torque < 1 N.m.

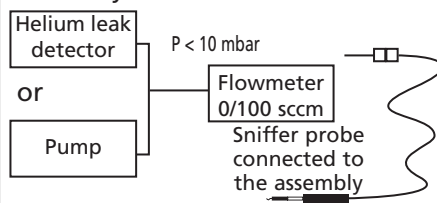
### Needle replacement

With this kind of sniffer probe, it is normally not necessary to change the needle.

For every needle replacement in a sniffer probe, put a new needle with the same diameter as the old needle.

3 methods can be used for the new needle adjustment :

- |   |   |                     |
|---|---|---------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① flowmeter use</li> <li>② standard sniffer probe use</li> <li>③ old needle use</li> </ul> | } | Recommended methods |
|---|---|---------------------|

① Flowmeter use in order to measure the flow in the sniffer probe	② Standard sniffer probe use as reference
<p>Assembly to do:</p> 	<p>This method requires keeping a new sniffer probe as a standard probe. Do an auto-calibration in sniffing mode with the standard sniffer probe. Do a measure of the He in the air with the standard sniffer probe.</p>
<p>Cut the new needle to 85 mm/3.35 inch. Prepare it (see below "③ Use of the old needle as a reference", picture ③) and put it correctly in the nozzle (see "Needle exchange" §).</p>	



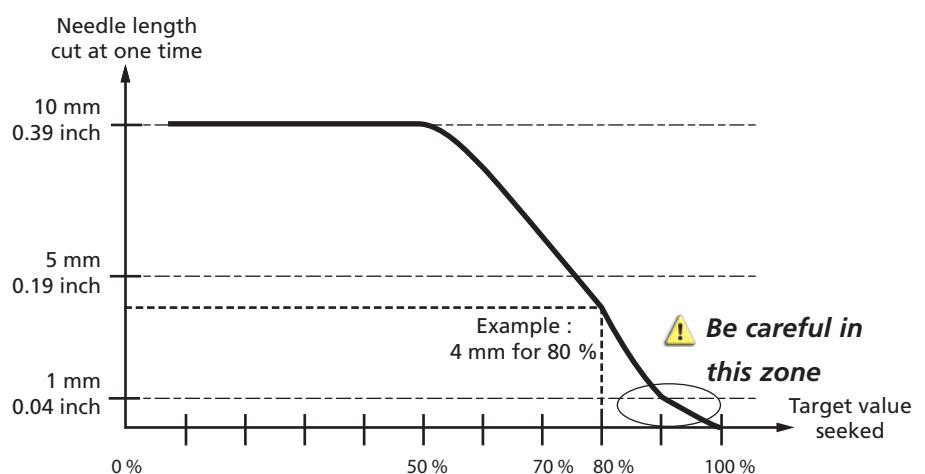
## Long distance sniffer probe user manual

### Needle replacement (continued)

① Flowmeter use (cont.)	② Standard sniffer probe use (cont.)
	In a no helium polluted environment, do a measure of the helium in the air with the sniffer probe to adjust.
Depending on the measurement result, cut the needle according to the precautions indicated below. Put back correctly the needle in the nozzle.	
Repeat these operations until the flowmeter displays the value of the maximum flow taken by the sniffer probe ( $60 \pm 2$ sccm).	Repeat these operations until the display corresponds to the display with the standard sniffer probe in the helium of the air.
If the message "sniffer probe clogged" appears in the control panel display during these adjustments, please refer to "'Sniffer probe clogged" message" §.	

Precautions to cut the needle.

It is necessary to cut small amounts of the needle, especially when we are near the target value: refer to the figure below.



Example: • target value = 60 sccm

- value displayed on the flowmeter : 48 sccm (= 80 % of the target value)

➔ remove the needle from the nozzle and cut 4 mm from the straight end.

### ③ Use of the old needle as a reference

With this method, the uncertainty about the maximum flow taken by the sniffer probe is more important :

- Maximum flow taken:  $60 \pm 10$  SCCM
- Leak flow (Q):  $4 \cdot 10^{-6}$  mbar l/s < Q <  $6 \cdot 10^{-6}$  mbar l/s.

Take out the filter (see "Filter exchange" §).

## Long distance sniffer probe user manual

### Needle replacement (continued)

With needlenose pliers, take out the original needle.

Put the new needle (ref. ①) and cut to **the same length** as the original needle.

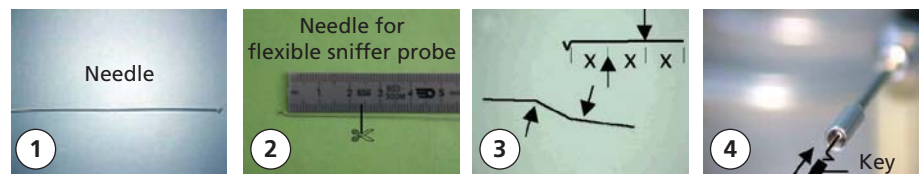
Note:

For the flexible sniffer probe (SNCxE3Tx and SNCxE4Tx), the needle length should be 2.5 cm/0.98 inch (ref. ②).

Bend the needle as shown in the picture ③.

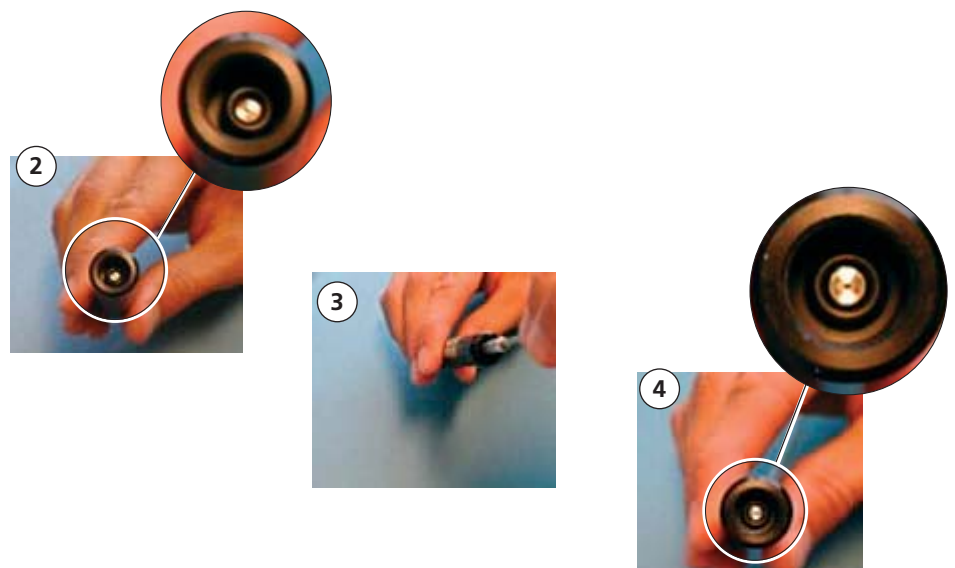
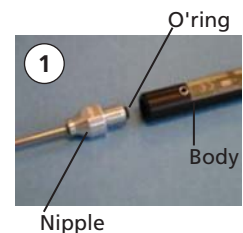
Put the needle in the nipple, the crooked end to outside (ref. ④) and push it in with a 2.5 hexagonal key to stop.

Put back the filter.



### O'ring installation

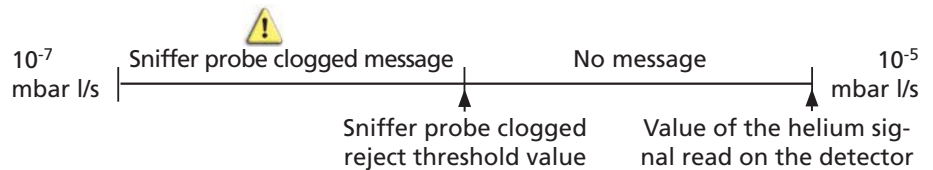
- When you unscrew the nipple from the probe, it is possible for the o'ring to come out with the nipple : you should put it back (ref. ①).
- Place the o'ring on the nipple of the aspiration tube in the sniffer body (ref. ②).
- Push the o'ring with the nipple of the sniffer probe (ref. ③).
- The o'ring is correctly placed on the nipple (ref. ④).
- Screw on the nipple of the sniffer probe.



## Long distance sniffer probe user manual

### "Sniffer probe clogged" message

A "Sniffer probe clogged" message could appear on the control panel LCD display or be announced by the digital voice: the leak detector compares the helium signal read on the detector to the sniffer probe clogged reject threshold.



During the needle adjustment, this message could appear without the sniffer probe necessarily being clogged: this is why the needle length is so important.

For more details, please consult the operating manual delivered with your leak detector.

**Advice:**

Block the sniffer probe end from time to time with a finger to check that the helium signal goes down. If not, the sniffer probe may be clogged.

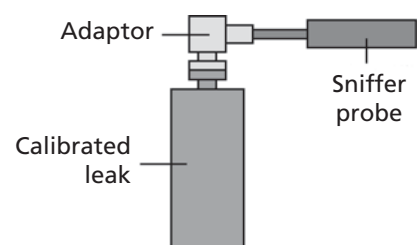
### Adaptor for calibrated leak

Description	P/N
Adaptor for DN 16 calibrated leak	A 006
Adaptor for DN 25 calibrated leak	A 007

Reference part number F 1000



Special adaptors for calibrated leaks Pfeiffer Vacuum have been designed to ensure a good connection and repetitive and reliable calibration with a sniffer probe.

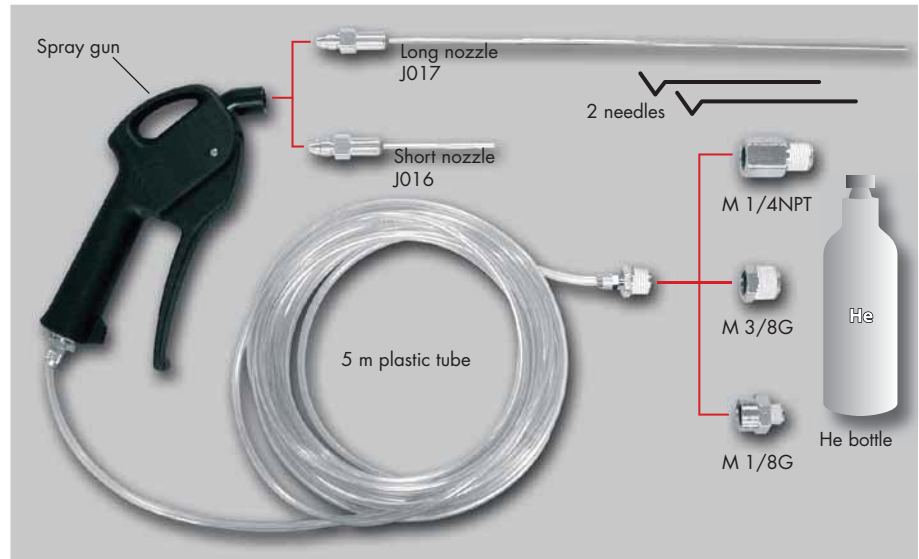


*With the adaptor for calibrated leaks use:*

$$\text{Value read on the leak detector} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{calibrated leak value} \\ + \\ \text{value of the helium in the air} \end{array} \right.$$

## Helium spray gun user manual

### Description



Kit part number  **A**

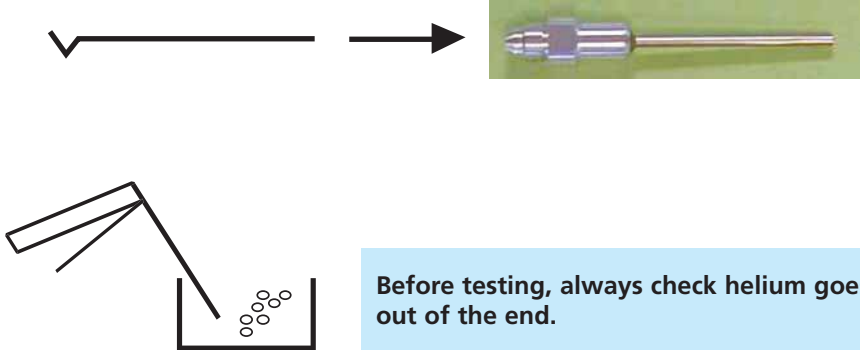
### Technical characteristics

Maximum pressure at the outlet of the helium bottle regulator	<b>3 Bars relative / 42 PSI</b>
Recommended pressure at the outlet of the helium bottle regulator	<b>1.5 Bar relative / 7 PSI</b>

	short end				long end			
	needle		regulator pressure	flow	needle		regulator pressure	flow
	used	length			used	length		
rough and fast detection	no		0.5 / 1 bar	> 1000 ml/mn	no		0.5 / 1 bar	> 500 ml/mn
highly specialized detection	yes	80 mm	0.5 bar	60 ml/min	yes	175 mm	0.5 bar	60 ml/min

# Helium spray gun user manual

**Use precaution** It is possible to reduce the flow: put the needle as show on the picture and cut if necessary.



**Spare parts**

Description	Reference
Long end	J 017
Short end	J 016
Needle	J 001

Reference part number  F 1000

## Service

### **Pfeiffer Vacuum offers first-class customer service!**

- On-Site maintenance for many products)
- Overhaul / repair in the nearby Service Location
- Fast replacement with refurbished exchange products in mint condition
- Advice on the most cost-efficient and quickest solution

Detailed information, addresses and forms at: [www.pfeiffer-vacuum.com](http://www.pfeiffer-vacuum.com) (Service).

### **Overhaul and repair in the Pfeiffer Vacuum Service Center**

The following general recommendations will ensure a fast, smooth servicing process:

- ➔ Fill out the «Service Request/Product return» form and send it to your local Pfeiffer Vacuum Service contact.
- ➔ Include the confirmation on the service request from Pfeiffer Vacuum with your shipment.
- ➔ Fill out the declaration of contamination and include it in the shipment (mandatory!). The Declaration of contamination is valid for any product/device including a part exposed to vacuum.
- ➔ Dismantle all accessories and keep them.
- ➔ Close all the ports flange openings by using the original protective covers or metallic airtight blank flanges for contaminated devices.
- ➔ If possible, send pump or unit in its original packaging.

### **Sending of contaminated pumps or devices**

No devices will be accepted if they are contaminated with micro-biological, explosive or radioactive substances. "Hazardous substances" are substances and compounds in accordance with the hazardous goods regulations (current version).

- ➔ Neutralize the pump by flushing it with nitrogen or dry air.
- ➔ Close all openings airtight.
- ➔ Seal the pump or device in suitable protective film.
- ➔ Return the pump/device only in a suitable and sturdy transport container and send it in while following applicable transport conditions.

Pump or device returned without declaration of contamination form fully completed and/or non-secured in a suitable packaging, will be decontaminated and/or returned at the shipper's expense.

### **Exchange or repaired devices**

The factory operating parameters are always preset with exchange or repaired devices. If you use specific parameters for your application, you have to set these again.

### **Service orders**

All service orders are carried out exclusively according to our general terms and conditions for the repair and maintenance, available in our website.

## Tools

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***ASM View supervisory Software*** **2/7**

Presentation

---

***ASM Downloader software*** **3/7**

Presentation  
Detectors concerned

---

***ADX Dialog (Detection) software*** **6/7**

Presentation  
Interface (main functions)  
Use

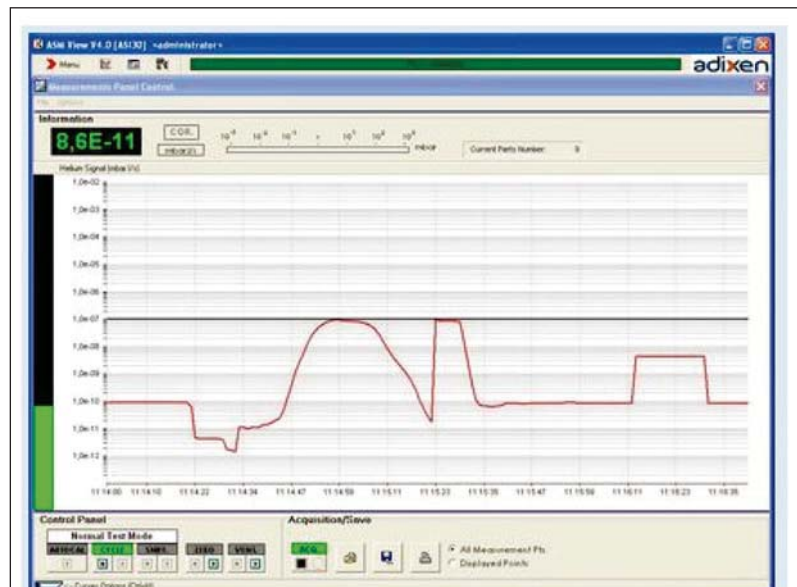
Software are free. To load the latest software version, go on our website [www.pfeiffer-vacuum.com](http://www.pfeiffer-vacuum.com)

[Info center](#) → [Download Center](#) → [Category "Software"](#)

## Tools

ASM View supervisory  
software

## Presentation



### Software for data acquisition, storage and graphical display to be used with all Helium Leak Detectors

The **ASM View** software allows you to control, display and save data through a PC from any Adixen Helium Leak detector. Whatever your application ASM View provides a wide range of possibilities, several windows are available. The Measurement window is designed to collect the leak detector information in real time: helium signal, inlet pressure and detector status.

The Part Test window is designed to display on the graphic the information of the leak detector when the cycle is stopped (transition Cycle -> Stand by). The Detector Parameters window allows the adjustments of the leak detector parameters. You have the possibility of modifying them, then applying them to the leak detector with the corresponding button. You can also save these parameters in a file and then download the saved parameters in the leak detector. You can also access all the software events, the detector faults and its status changes thanks to the Archive window.

#### Requirements:

PC : 500 MHz, 128 Mb RAM, 50 Mb hard drive, Graphic card 1024x768x256 colors  
Operating system: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista

#### Download tool :

ASM View v4.0.5


Download



## Tools

### ASM Downloader software

#### Presentation



**Software to download inboard recorded data from Adixen Helium Leak Detectors equipped with the color graph display.**

Your Adixen Helium leak Detector is equipped with a touch screen graphic color display. With the ASM Downloader software, you can visualize and record the evolution of the helium signal, the inlet pressure and set points via color graphs. Further, you can enjoy the touch panel for quicker parameter settings, check the pressure inside the mass spectrometer or follow the status of the leak detector main components by enjoying the dynamic vacuum diagram.

Simply connect your computer to the leak detector using the specific interface (RJ9/9pin Sub-D) cable delivered with the detector and thanks to ASM Downloader, download up to 900 hours of memorized leak detection data.

**Requirements:**

- Helium leak detector equipped with a Graph interface
- PC : 500 MHz, 128 Mb RAM, 50 Mb hard drive, Graphic card 800x600x256 colors. Operating system: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista

**Download tool :**

ASM Downloader v2.0.0 [Download](#)

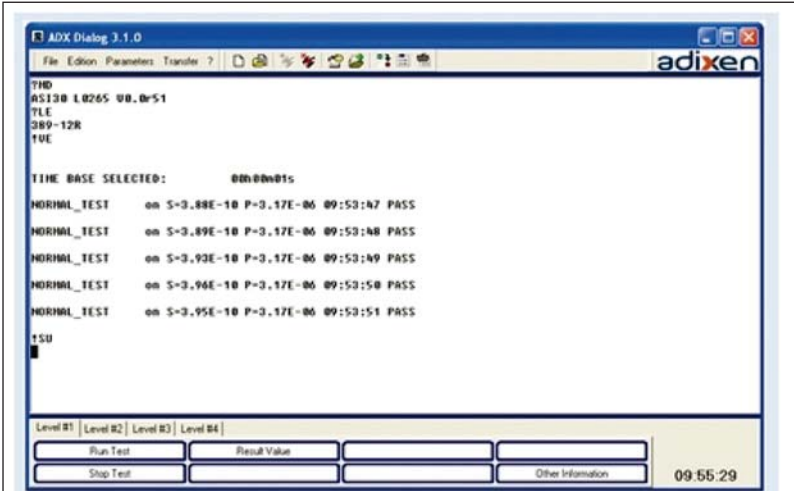
#### Detectors concerned

- ASM Graph - ASM Graph D - ASM Graph D+
- ASM 182 T and ASM 182 TD+ equipped with "Tactil interface operator" option.

# Tools

## ADX Dialog software (Detection)

### Presentation



### Communication with products having a serial communication interface

**ADX Dialog** is an easy to use terminal program for your Windows® PC to communicate with all products having an RS232 serial interface: the ideal little tool to test a new vacuum pressure measurement installation or a leak test bench. It runs without installation.

The ADX Dialog software comes along with a set of configuration files for use with Adixen helium leak detectors (and Adixen Series 2000 gauge controllers). These files can be modified to your needs and stored on your PC.

Just open the appropriate file, connect the RS232 interface of your ACS2000 or ACM2000 controllers to your computer by a standard 9pin Sub-D cable (transmitting and receiving wires crossed) and send your commands and requests by pushing the pre-programmed function keys. If your computer has no RS232 interface please use a RS232-to-USB adapter, available from your local computer shop (e.g. ATEN UC-232A). Commands can also be keyed in as text. The complete communication can be stored for further use.

ADX Dialog works also with RS485 gauges (appropriate RS232/RS485 or USB/RS485 adapter necessary).

**Requirements:**

PC 500 MHz, 128 MB RAM, 50 MB hard drive, Graphic card 1024x768x256 colors  
Operating system: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista

**Download tool :**

ADX Dialog v3.1.0 [Download](#)

# Tools

## Interface (main functions)

Port closing  
Port opening  
Terminal parameters setting  
Function keys setting  
Communication parameters setting

4 levels available  
(1 level = 1 function keys package)  
Function keys set in the selected level

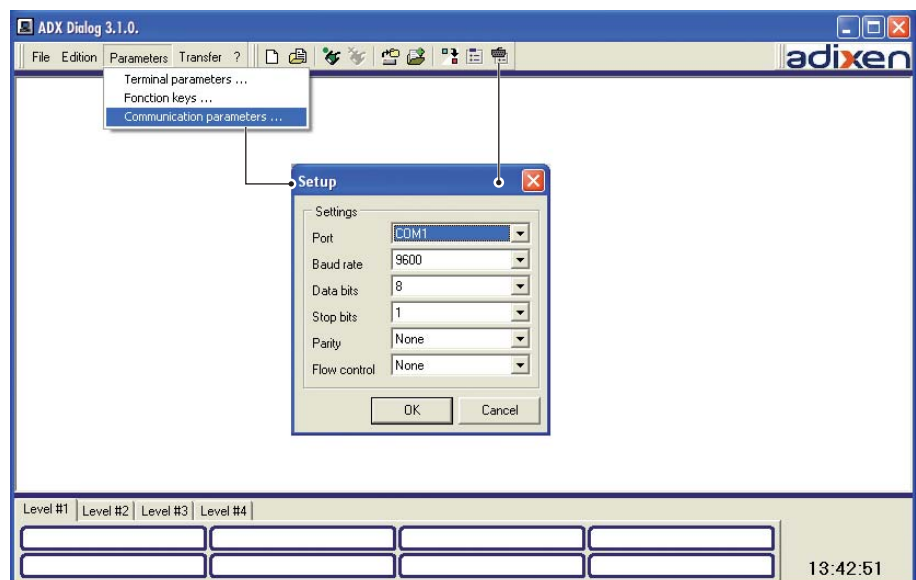
## Tools

### ADX Dialog software (Detection) (ctd)

#### Use 1 - Set the communication parameters

ASM Dialogue communication parameters set are the same as the leak detector communication parameters defined in the RS 232 operating manual (chapter C).

If you change leak detector values ("Baud rate" for example), you must change also the ASM Dialogue values

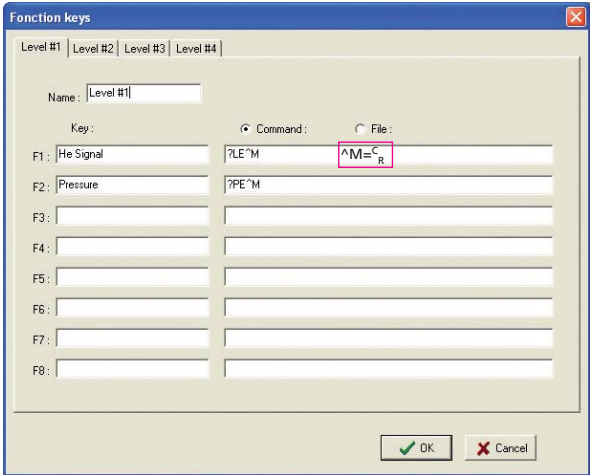


#### 2 - Set the Terminal parameters

Optional.

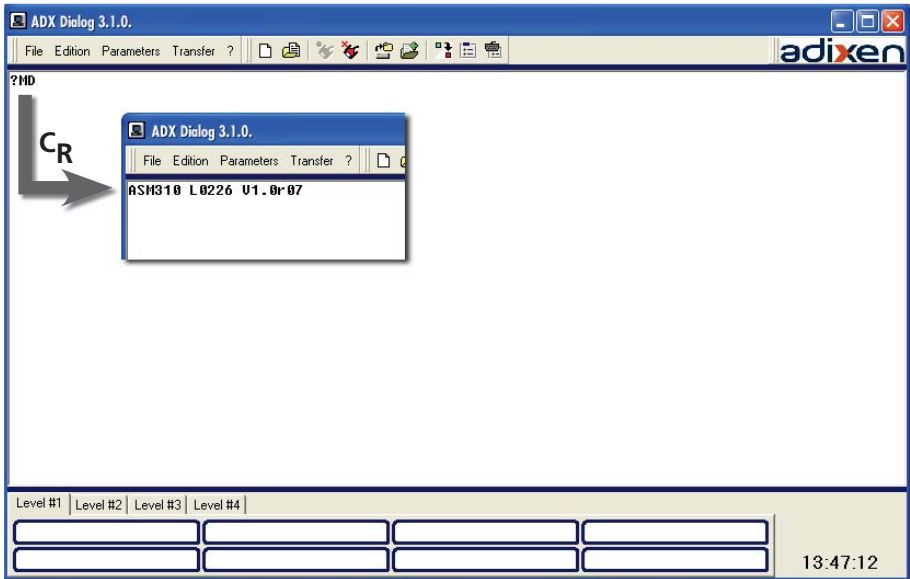
# Tools

Use (ctd) 3 - Define Function keys  
Optional.



4 - Open the port

5 - Write the command and press a carriage return for the answer (or select a function key).



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