# ASM 180 TD/TD+ ASM 181 TD+

Helium Leak Detector

**User's Manual** 



# Edition 04 - July 97

# A very wide range of helium leak detectors

You have just purchased an ALCATEL leak detector.

This product is part of a very wide range of products resulting from 30 years of experience.

The applications of helium leak testing are extremely varied ranging from high-tech installation maintenance to high-speed testing of industrial products.

Each product of the ALCATEL detector range is designed to meet the specific needs of each application:

- unit portability;
- high sensitivity;
- pumping capacity;
- pumping type;
- automation and integration in an industrial process.





# Integrable or turnkey solutions for automated leak testing



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# Chapter A

# User's Manual ASM 180 TD/TD+ - ASM 181 TD+

## Introduction

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The main characteristics of this series of products are :

- very high sensitivity  $(2x10^{-11} \text{ mbar.l/s})$ ;
- a range of pumping capacities to meet different requirements;
- sturdy design adapted to severe industrial environments;
- user-friendly.

#### The ASM 180 series

includes different models:

- compact detectors (180);
- console detectors with work surface (181);
- conventional detectors equipped with oil sealed vacuum pumps;
- oil-free ("D") dry detectors.



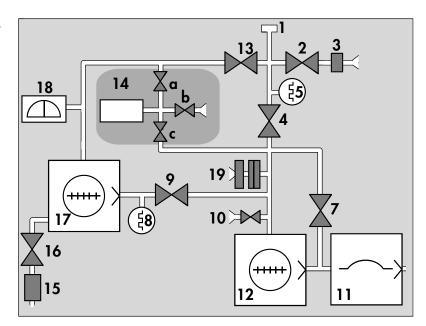
## The ASM 180 series

The versions according the detector types:

PUMPING	COMPACT VERSION	CONSOLE VERSION
Standard: 1 Rotary vane pump PPM 2021 1 Hybrid pump PTM 5154	ASM 180 T	ASM 181 T
Enhanced conventionnal roughing: 2 Rotary vane pumps PPM 2021 1 Hybrid pump PTM 5154		ASM 181 T with 40 m <sup>3</sup> /h roughing option
2 Rotary vane pumps PPM 2021 1 Turbomolecular pump ATP 100 1 Hybrid pump PTM 5154		ASM 181 T2
Dry: 1 Primary membrane pump Type MD4E 1 Molecular drag pump MDP 5011 1 Hybrid pump PTM 5154	ASM 180 TD	
Dry +: 1 Dry pump Type CP20 1 Molecular drag pump MDP 5011 1 Hybrid pump PTM 5154	ASM 180 TD+	ASM 181 TD+
Enhanced dry roughing:  2 Dry pump Type CP20  1 Molecular drag pump MDP 5011  1 Hybrid pump PTM 5154		ASM 181 TD+ with 50 m <sup>3</sup> /h roughing option
1 Dry pump Type CP20 1 Molecular drag pump MDP 5011 1 Turbomolecular pump ATP 100 1 Hybrid pump PTM 5154		ASM 181 T2 D+

# ASM 180 TD Detector operating principle

#### Vacuum circuit



- 1. Detector inlet port
- 2. Inlet vent valve
- 3. Vent filter connector
- 4. Roughing valve
- 5. Inlet pressure gauge (PI3C)
- 7. By-pass valve
- 8. Exhaust pressure gauge (PI1)
- 9. Exhaust valve
- 10. Roughing pump vent valve
- 11. Roughing membrane pump (MD4E)

- 12. Roughing molecular drag pump (MDP)
- 13. Detection valve
- 14. Calibrated leak module
- 15. Connector for long distance sniffer
- 16. Sniffer valve
- 17. Hybrid turbomolecular pump (PTM 5154)
- 18. Analyzer cell
- 19. Connector for inert gas purge

#### **Pumping capacities**

 $4 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$  roughing (membrane pump MD4E)

+ 10 l/s ( molecular drag pump MDP).

Helium pumping speed at inlet port: 4.4 l/s.

#### Test capacities

Short test cycle.

Quick response time.

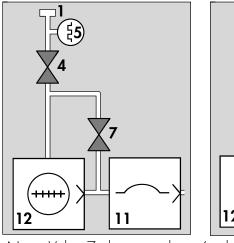
Autocalibration with integrated calibrated leak.

Note: Only operational parts are represented.

# Operation in vacuum test mode: 3 stages

1a Primary roughing

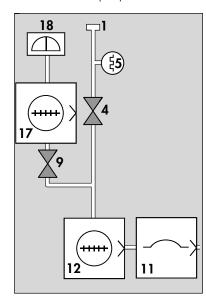


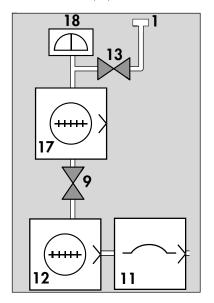


4 12 11

Note: Valve 7 closes at about 6 mbar.

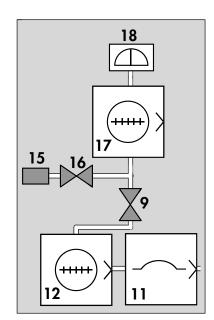
- **2** Gross leak test mode (GL)
- Fine leak test mode (FL)





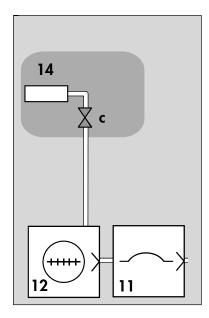
# Operation in sniffing mode (LDS)

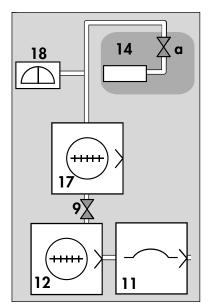
Sniffer probe



# Operation in internal calibration mode

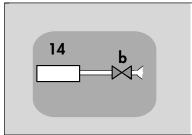
- Roughing of calibrated leak
- 2 Calibration





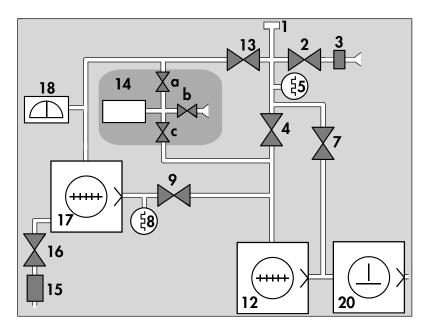
3 Venting of calibrated leak

The leak is returned to atmospheric pressure



## ASM 180 TD+ - ASM 181 TD+ **Detector operating principle**

#### Vacuum circuit



- 1. Detector inlet port
- 2. Inlet vent valve
- 3. Vent filter connector
- 4. Roughing valve
- 5. Inlet pressure gauge (PI3C)
- 7. By-pass valve
- 8. Exhaust pressure gauge (PI1)
- 9. Exhaust valve
- 12. Roughing molecular drag pump (MDP)

- 13. Detection valve
- 14. Calibrated leak module
- 15. Connector for long distance sniffer
- 16. Sniffer valve
- 17. Hybrid turbomolecular pump (PTM 5154)
- 18. Analyzer cell
- 20. Dry primary roughing pump (CP20)

#### **Pumping capacities**

25 m<sup>3</sup>/h (15 cfm) roughing (dry primary pump CP20) + 10 l/s (molecular drag pump MDP).

Helium pumping speed at inlet port: 4.4 l/s.

#### **Test capacities**

Short test cycle.

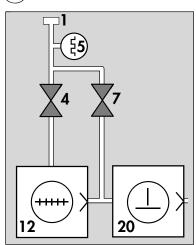
Quick response time.

Autocalibration with integrated calibrated leak.

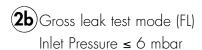
Note: Only operational parts are represented.

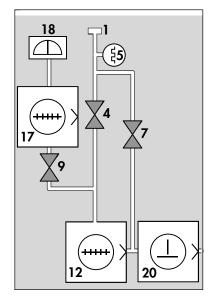
# Operation in vacuum test mode: 3 stages

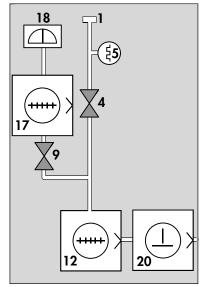
1 Primary roughing



**(2a)**Gross leak test mode (GL) 1 mbar < Inlet Pressure < 6 mbar

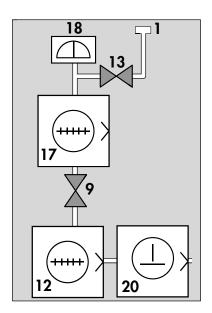






Operation in vacuum test mode:
3 stages (continued)

(3) Fine leak test mode (FL)



# Operation in sniffing mode (LDS)

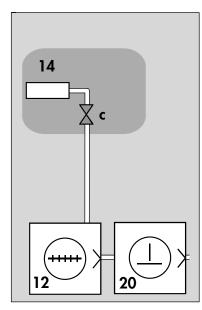
15 16

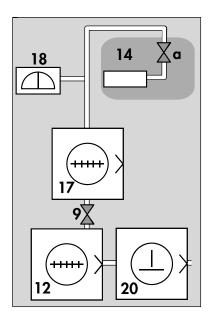
Sniffer probe

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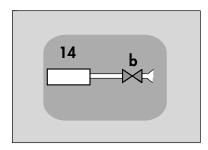
# Operation in internal calibration mode

- Roughing of calibrated leak
- 2 Calibration





- Wenting of calibrated leak
  - The leak is returned to atmospheric pressure



# Analyzer cell operating principle

Cell principle The mass spectrometry analyzer cell is used for helium partial pressure measurements.

# Magnetic deflection spectrometry

by an electron beam from a heated tungsten filament (1) in The molecules of the gas being analyzed are bombarded an ionization chamber (3).

ions. These ionized particles are accelerated by an electrical field: the acceleration voltage. A magnetic field deflects the target at the entrance of an amplifier, an electron multiplier ion beam by a radius propotional to the mass of the ions. A large proportion of the molecules are transformed into The acceleration voltage directs the Helium ions to the based system, developed and patented by ALCATEL.

# Leak flow rate

pressure of helium in the installation and its measurement is used to find the value of the flow rate of the detected leak The stream of Helium ions is proportional to the partial

# Vacuum operation

It is essential for the total pressure in the analyzer cell to be less than  $10^{-4}$  mbar so that the paths of the electrons and ions are not disturbed by residual molecules.

# Separation of He ions from "noise"

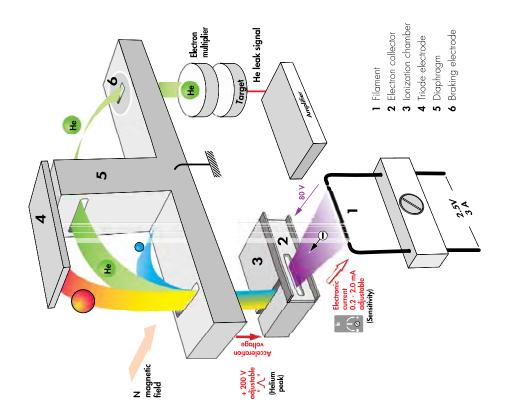
"dispersed ions", a "braking electrode" (6), placed in front In order to separate the helium ions from the "noise" due to of the target, eliminates secondary, low-energy ions.

# Total pressure

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This electrode, the triode electrode (4), is used to measure collects ions that have a higher mass than that of helium. The top of the cell contains an auxiliary electrode which the total pressure inside the analyzer.

# Analyzer cell operating principle



# Electron beam **A**

"Heavy" ions

Helium ions

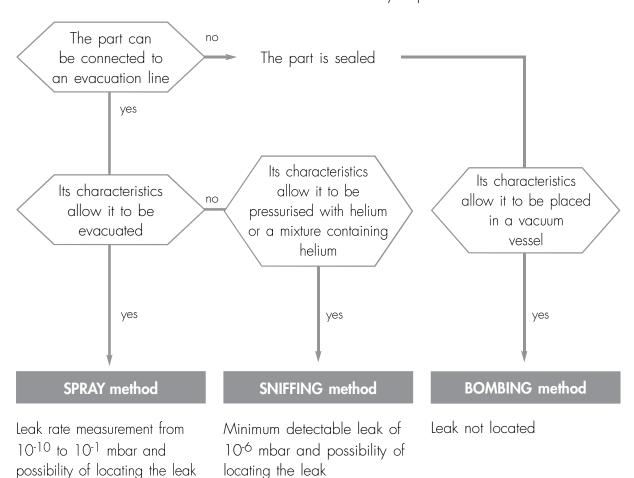
"Light" ions

## **Testing methods**

Leak detection is used to detect micro-openings, porosities, etc. in test parts. The detection of these passages involves the use of a light gas, which is capable of infiltrating the smallest passages quickly: **Helium**.

The detector samples and measures the helium flow rate entering the test part via the leak(s).

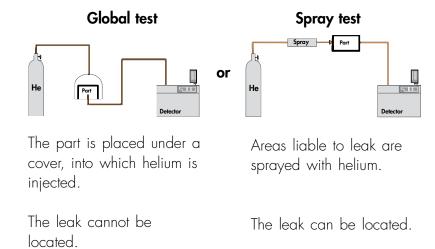
The testing method is selected according to the test part and the measurement accuracy required:



## **Testing methods**

#### Spray method

This involves removing air from the test part, connecting it to the analyzer and then spraying helium over the outer surface.



The detector measures the flow of helium penetrating the part.

#### Response time

When spraying starts, the leak signal is not displayed instantaneously on the analyzer:

there is a response time which depends on the volume V being tested and the helium pumping speed S of the system at the opening of the part, according to the following relation:

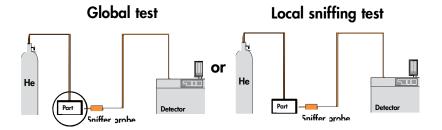
$$T = \frac{V}{S}$$
 (T in seconds, V in litres, S in I/s)

T is the time required for the signal to reach 63~% of the final value.

## Testing methods

#### Sniffer method

The test part is pressurized with helium. The detector, via an LDS (Long Distance Sniffer) probe, collects the helium escaping from the part.



The part is placed under a cover containing a sniffer probe.

The leak cannot be located.

The helium from the leak accumulates over time inside the cover. The detector measures the concentration.

The sniffer probe is moved over areas likely to contain leaks.

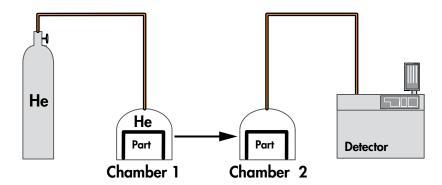
The leak can be located.

The signal supplied by the analyzer is not a direct measurement of the leak. The sniffer probe only collects part of the helium escaping from the part depending on the distance separating the leak from the tip of the probe.

#### **Bombing method**

This method is used for sealed objects that cannot be connected directly to the detector (semiconductors, waterproof watches, etc.).

Testing methods



The part is placed in a vessel containing pressurised helium.

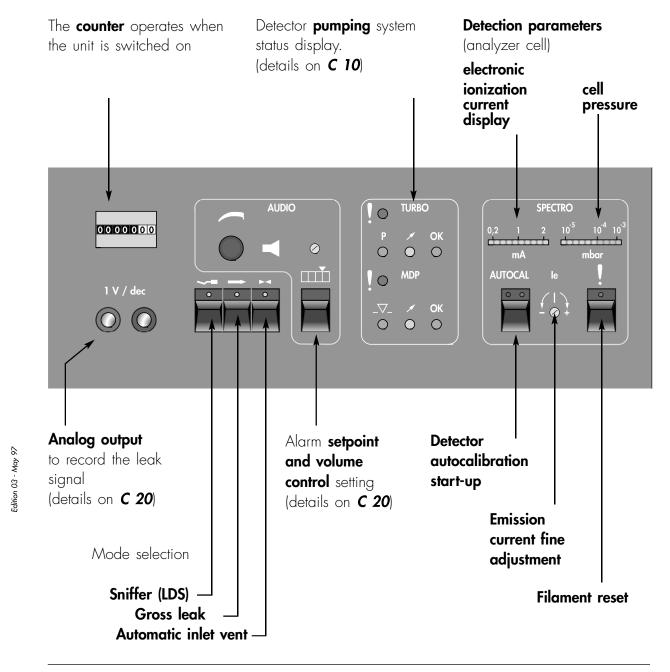
The helium penetrates the part if it has a leak.

The part is then removed from the vessel and placed in another vacuum vessel which is connected to the detector. The helium escapes from the part through the leak and produces a signal.

This signal is not a direct measurement of the leak as the helium pressure inside the part is difficult to determine. It depends on the pressurisation time, pressurisation pressure, internal volume of the part, dwell time before vacuum test and size of the leak

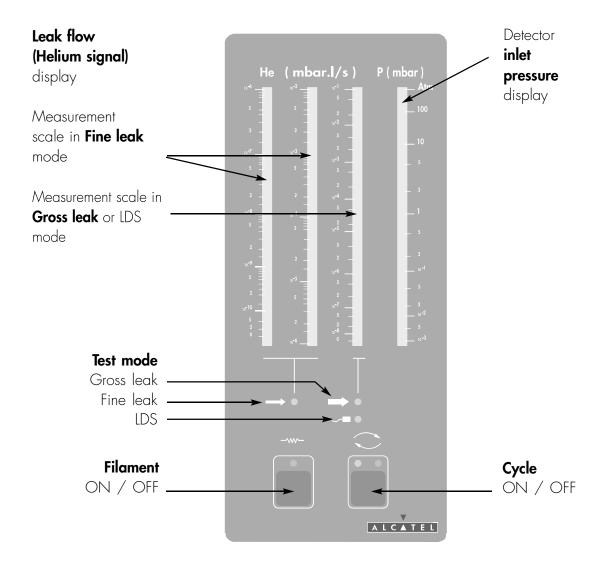
## **Operator** interface

#### **CONTROL PANEL**



# **Operator interface**

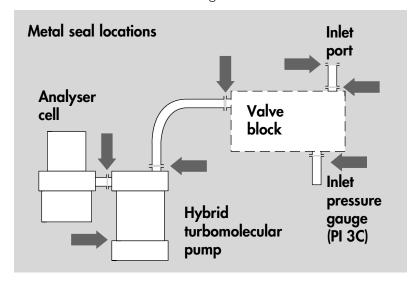
#### **REMOTE CONTROL UNIT**



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#### Metal seals

These reduce the Helium background noise.



#### Elastomer cell seal

Used for easier maintenance operations on the analysis cell (mass spectrometer).

This seal replaces the lead seal and can be reused.

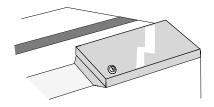
Spare elastomer seal part number: 102823.



In the event of a high helium concentration in the room in which the test is being conducted, the use of this type of seal may generate an increase in the residual signal of the unit.

#### Control panel protection

A Plexiglas cover equipped with a key is used to lock the access to the detector setting parameters for non-qualified operators.



#### 3 masses

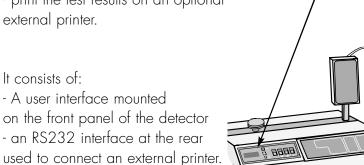
For use of one of the three following tracer gases: Helium 4, Helium 3 or Hydrogen 2.

## **Factory options**

### **Alphanumeric Control** and Display Panel (ACDP)

Designed for industrial control, it is used to:

- display the measurement in digital form,
- automate the unit test cycle,
- sort tested parts and
- print the test results on an optional external printer.



#### It consists of:

- A user interface mounted on the front panel of the detector - an RS232 interface at the rear

#### **Automatic** test chamber

This option includes the ACDP option. This is used for the automatic bombing testing of small components.

When the chamber cover is closed, the test cycle is initiated, via a contact.

Three aluminium alloy models are available:

- a hemispheric chamber, diam. 72 mm, depth 31 mm;
- a cylindrical chamber, maximum diam. 85 mm and maximum depth 68 mm;
- a cylindrical chamber, maximum diam. 160 mm and maximum depth 200 mm.

## **Factory options**

# Remote control unit with different cable lenghts

Remote control unit with

- a **7 m (21 feet)** cable instead of 3.5 m (11 feet) or,
- a **25 m (76 feet)** cable instead of 3.5 m (11 feet).

# Stainless steel cover (UCT) (for compact versions)

Designed for use of the unit in clean rooms ("Ultra Clean Technology").

The front and rear covers and frame are made of stainless steel

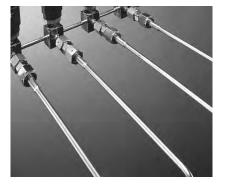
An adapter can be attached to the side of the unit for connection to an exhaust system:



diameter 100 mm (Part No.: 102867 - proposed as accessories).

# Test of gas line ("I") (for compact versions)

Used to perform spray testing on long lines (typical diameter: 1/4"), with a reduced response time due to the transfer of the helium by a carrier gas injected in viscous flow.



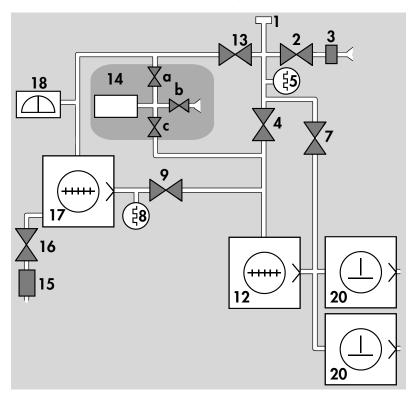
In this case, the detector is equipped with an additional 1/4" VCR connector specific to this option and a luminous button to activate the function.

## **Factory options**

# 50 m<sup>3</sup>/h roughing (for console version)

In order to reduce the roughing time when testing large volumes, a second CP 20 rotary vane pump can be added to the roughing system.

Vacuum circuit of the ASM 181 TD+ equipped with the  $50 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$  ( $2 \times 15 \text{cfm}$ ) roughing option :

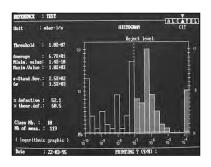


Apart from the roughing capacity and the weight (185 kg/406 lb with the option), the characteristics and the use of the leak detector remain the same.

## **Accessories**

# ALSTAT statistical software kit

To be used when the detector is connected to a PC-compatible computer.



Part No.: **785911** 

Cart (for compact versions)



Long Distance Sniffer (LDS) probe

This is used for long distance sniffing (tube length=5m).



Spray probe

Helium spray probe (less tubing).



# Exhaust line / adapter

Stainless steel cover option required.

**Accessories** 

Part No.: 102867

#### Cycle control pedal

(for compact versions)

This is connected to the I/O interface and frees the operator's hands. The test cycle is initiated by pressing on the pedal.



Part No.: 100913

#### Printer

The unit equipped with the ACDP option can issue test tickets and autocalibration reports to guarantee measurement traceability.

Refer to the **B 40** and **C 50** section concerning the use of the ACDP option.

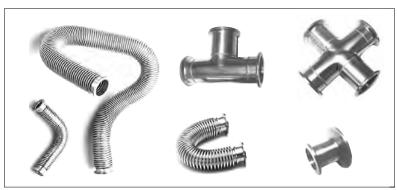


120V - 60Hz: 103593 100V - 50/60Hz : **103594** 220V - 50Hz : 102873

Part No.

#### **Connection** components

St. steel flexible hose L 250 mm - DN 40	068373
St. steel flexible hose L 500 mm - DN 40	068374
St. steel flexible hose L 1000 mm - DN 40	068375
St. steel symmetrical T - DN 40	068564
St. steel symmetrical cross - DN 40	068571
St. steel reducing nipple DN40 / DN25	068253
St. steel centering ring with viton seal DN 40	068230



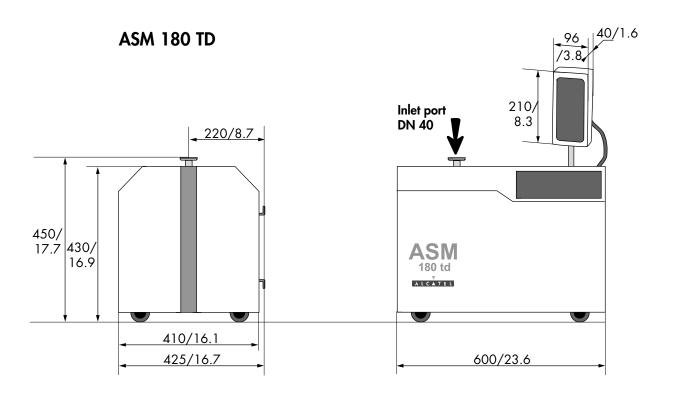
For any other accessories, contact our sales department.

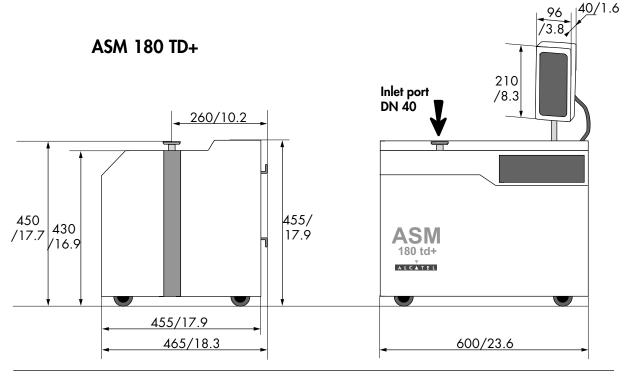
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# **Technical characteristics**

	ASM 180 TD	ASM 180 TD+	ASM 1	81 TD+
	Standard	Standard	Standard	with 50 m <sup>3</sup> /h roughing option
Roughing (primary) pump	4 m <sup>3</sup> /h (2.4 cfm) + 10 l/s	25 m <sup>3</sup> /h (15 cfm) + 10 l/s	25 m <sup>3</sup> /h (15 cfm) + 10 l/s	2 x 25 m <sup>3</sup> /h (2 x 15 cfm) + 10 l/s
Hybrid turbomolecular pump (air)		130	)  /s	
Measurement range		2.10 <sup>-11</sup> to 1	O <sup>-1</sup> mbar.l/s	
Electronic response time		< 0	.1 s	
8 decade log recording output		1 V/	′dec.	
Setpoint setting - Fine leak		10 <sup>-11</sup> to 10	D <sup>-2</sup> mbar.l/s	
Setpoint setting - Gross leak	10 <sup>-8</sup> to 10 <sup>-1</sup> mbar.l/s			
Inlet pressure display	10 <sup>3</sup> to 10 <sup>-3</sup> mbar			
Triode pressure display (Spectro)		10 <sup>-5</sup> to 1	O <sup>-3</sup> mbar	
Emission current display	0.2 to 2 mA			
Cell sensitivity		3.10-4	A/mbar	
He pumping speed at detector inlet port	4.4 l/s			
Air pumping speed at spectrometer	sir pumping speed at spectrometer 110 l/s			
He pumping speed at spectrometer	30 l/s			
TMP exhaust pressure safety limit	6 mbar			
Start-up time		3 1	min	
Cycle time, inlet port blanked off (GL - FL mode)	ff 2 - 4 s			
Power voltage	1	00, 115, 200,	220, 230, 240	٧
Power frequency	50/60 Hz single-phase			
Power consumption	1.2 kVA	1.5 kVA	1.6 kVA	2.4 kVA
Ambient operating temperature	10 to 40 °C			
Weight	73 kg (160lb)	96 kg (210lb)	155 kg (340lb)	185 kg (406lb)
Noise level (at 1 m; alarm not operational)	54 dB	65 dB	65 dB	67 dB
Inert gas purge: absolute pressure	1.4 <sup>±0.1</sup> bar abs.		No Purge	
flow rate	1.10 <sup>-2</sup> mbar.l/s		No Purge	

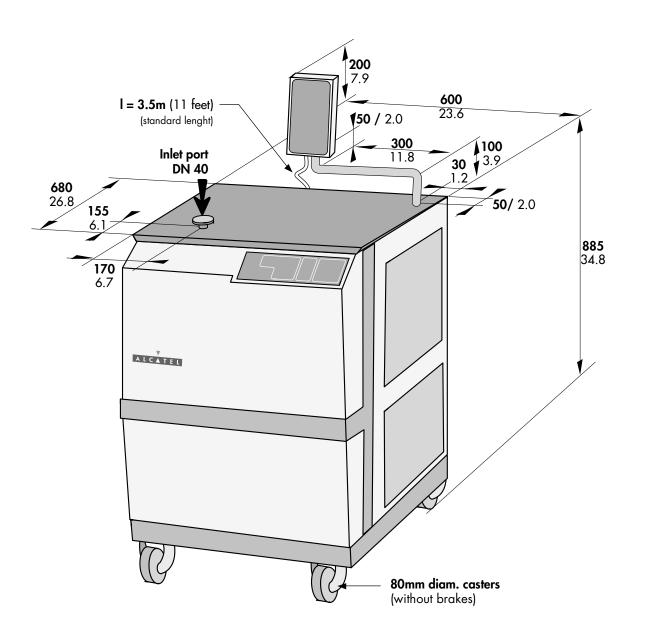
# Dimensions (mm/inch)





# Dimensions (mm/inch)

#### **ASM 181 TD+**



# Chapter B

# User's Manual ASM 180 TD/TD+ - ASM 181 TD+

## Installation

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	Controlling the detector with	
	a micro-computer (RS232)	В 30
	Connecting an external printer	B 40
	Connecting a neutral gas purge (ASM 180TD only).	B 50
	Connecting the leak detector to the installation	
	via the hardware interface	B 60
	Before starting up the detector	B 70



Before switching on the unit, the user should read the safety instructions supplied with the detector and be sure to follow them.

#### Unpacking

When the equipment is received, unpack it carefully: do not discard the packaging until you have made sure that the unit has not been damaged during transport.

The following are supplied with your unit:

- an instruction manual
- a maintenance kit
- the calibration certificate of the internal calibrated leak. (If one of these parts is missing, contact ALCATEL immediately).

Check the **packaging tilt indicator** of the detector.

Before opening, check the name of the model and the serial number.



After opening, check the colour of the **hydrating bags** packed in the detector casing. (red in the event of humidity)

## Precautions and unpacking

### Handling the leak detector with a hoist and slings

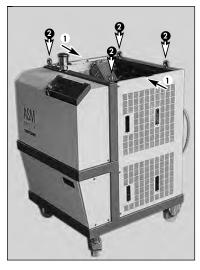
#### ASM 180 compact version

Two lifting rings are supplied with the leak detector.
Plugs are also supplied to replace the rings during normal use of leak detector.

#### ASM 181 console version

Four lifting rings are supplied with the leak detector.
They must be located on the upper part of the leak detector frame after having removed the work surface of the leak detector (fixed by one screw on each side).





- 1 Work surface fixing screws
- 2 Location of the lifting rings

In the event of any damage, contact the shipper and, if necessary, notify ALCATEL.

#### Storage

For prolonged storage, factors such as temperature, humidity, saline atmosphere, etc. may damage the detector elements. In this case, it may have operating problems.

Before starting up after storage for over six months, it is recommended to change all the seals (contact customer service).

The seal kits must be kept away from heat and light (direct sunlight and ultraviolet light) in order to prevent hardening of the elastomers.

#### Installation

The performances of the detector (pumping speed, accuracy and reliability) depend on:

- the ambient temperature;
- the vacuum connections;
- the frequency and quality of maintenance;
- the helium calibration.

Position the unit so there is no possible risk of the unit falling or tilting.

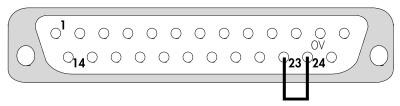
# Edition 03 - May 97

# Controlling the detector with the I/O interface

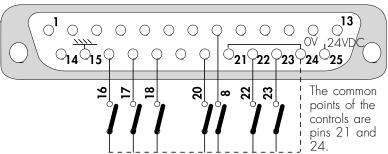
This makes it possible to control the detector using a PLC.

# Connect the jumper plug if the I/O interface is not used

In the absence of external control, the jumper plug supplied with the detector must be kept in place in order to use the operator interface (contacts 23-24 connected):



# Prepare the connector wiring



It is recommended to use a shielded cable which is grounded on the connector cap.

# The controls (inputs)

23 Interface

Contact open:
the detector is controlled by the I/O interface,
the operator can not access the keys
on the control panel or the filament key
on the remote control unit.
Contact closed:
the unit is controlled by the operator interface.

**22 Calibration** Falling edge: Autocalibration sequence start

8 Cycle Falling edge: Cycle start
20 Filament Closed: Filament on
18 GL mode Closed: Gross Leak mode selection
17 LDS mode Closed: LDS mode selection
16 Inlet vent Closed: Automatic vent mode selection

Note: if contacts 22 and 8 are kept closed to ground, the "cycle" and "autocal" keys on the operator interface are inactive.

# Controlling the detector with the I/O interface

#### The signals Contact closed

. •		
(outputs)	1 - 2	Sniffer mode (LDS)
Dry contacts:	3 - 4	Gross Leak mode
Direct current:	5 - 6	Fine Leak mode
60V - 60W or 2A max	7 - 9	Cycle in progress
Alternative current:	10 - 11	Filament on
40V - 125VA or 2A max	12 - 13	Helium signal > Reject setpoint
	19 - 15	Analog output 0 - 10 VDC (inlet pressure)
Recorder output	14 - 15	0 - 8 VDC analogue output (Helium signal)

Note:

15	Internal ground
24	Common (external ground)
21	Common (external ground)

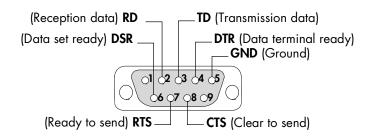
# Controlling the detector with a micro-computer (RS 232)

The RS232 interface is used to control the detector with a micro-computer.

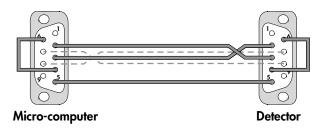
# Preparing the RS 232 link cable

Use a Sub D9 pin, female connector.

Pins used

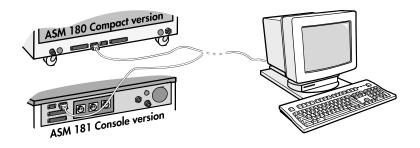


#### Connection cable



(---- 7 and 8 Connections are necessary only if RTS and LTS are used in a software created by the user)

# Connecting the detector to a micro-computer



# Controlling the detector with a micro-computer (RS 232)

# RS 232 transmission parameters

At the first start-up, the user will find the default configuration:

■ Transmission speed: **9600 baud** 

■ Data length: 8 bits■ Parity: NONE

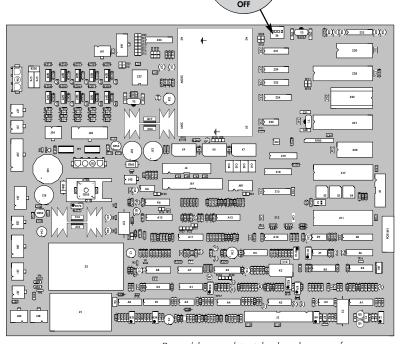
■ Stop bit: 1

The transmission speed can be modified by modifying the S6 switches of the main board in the detector.

Speed	Switch			
(Baud)	1	2	3	4
110	off	off	off	nυ
150	on	off	off	nu
300	off	on	off	nu
1200	off	off	on	nu
1800	on	off	on	nυ
2400	on	on	off	nυ
4800	off	on	on	nυ
9600	on	on	on	nυ

nu = pin not used





**S6**1 2 3 4

Board located inside the detector front cover

# dition 04 - September 97

# Controlling the detector with a micro-computer (RS 232)

Users of PC type micro-computers can communicate easily with the detector using the **Terminal** program in **Windows**.

#### Data exchange protocol

Three protocols are proposed for communications:

#### **■** Hardware (local mode)

The detector sends a continuous data stream reflecting its status in the form of a string of 50 <CR> characters.

e.g.: CYCLE OFF / FILAMENT ON <CR>
FL TEST 1.2 E-8 <CR>

#### ■ Software (remote mode)

This protocol is adapted to the use of the ALSTAT software (Optional). There is no continuous emission. The detector answers the requests sent from the terminal.

#### ■ Printer (Printer mode)\*

This protocol allows to connect a printer directly to the RS 232 interface. The detector sends test-, default-, autocalibration- and auto zero-tickets.

Note: During the detector start-up process, the RS 232 interface sends data regarding the EPROM edition (LOO40 index /).

\* Factory default configuration.

# Controlling the detector with a micro-computer (RS 232)

#### Protocol selection

The selection of the protocol is made from the microcomputer with following commands:

"L" Local Hardware protocol
"R" Remote Software protocol
"P" Printer Printer protocol

# Common protocol commands

#### Language selection

"**F**" French

"**E**" English

"**D**" German

#### List the commands

"space"

#### Commands

- "A" Cell autocalibration start
- "C" Test cycle start under vacuum
- "B" LDS test cycle start
- "S" Test cycle stop (vacuum or LDS)
- «U» GL mode selection, same as key 🖃
- «u» GL mode selection cancelled
- «V» Air vent, same as key
- «**v**» No air vent
- «T» Manual adjustment of helium peak ON
- «t» Manual adjustment of helium peak OFF
- «Q» Manual adjustment of emission current ON
- «q» Manual adjustment of emission current OFF

ASCII Code 05

09

- "ctrl E" Switches the filament on/off
- "ctrl I" Returns to the factory default configuration values of emission current and helium peak calibration
- 26 "ctrl Z" Returns to the default zero value (helium signal)
  - "+" Increase selected parameter
  - "-" Decrease selected parameter

**=DA** dd mm yy<CR> Adjustment of date

**=TI** hh mn ss<CR> Adjustment of time

=STB xx<CR>

Timer for CP 20 stand-by mode (reduced rotational speed): 01 to 60 min

(default value is 01 min)

#### Software (Remote) mode

The detector sends back the requested data:

ASCII Code 06

"ctrl F" The detector sends back its status in code form:

**A**<CR> Detector not in Cycle

**R**<CR> Detector in roughing phase or

the filament is off

**T 1.0E-7**<CR> Detector in FL test mode, it sends

back the measured helium signal

**TG 1.0E-7**<CR> Detector in GL test mode, it sends

back the measured helium signal

#### **Printer mode** The detector sends tickets:

Residual helium signal

when cycle is started

Elapsed time for

Elapsed time for FL crossover

Cycle duration

Helium signal

Helium signal before

switching to FL mode.

at the end of the cycle

GL crossover

#### Test ticket:

MANUAL CYCLE C=Elapsed time (H.M:S) S=Signal (mbar.1/s)

CYCLE START: 13 NOV. 1996 10.48:13

C=00.00:00 S=4.4E-10

GL MODE: C=00.00:06 S=4.4E-10

FL MODE: C=00.00:07 S=7.8E-07

STOP CYCLE: C=00.00:12 S=1.5E-09

ALCATEL ASM180 series LEAK RATE: 1.5E-9 UNITS: mbar.1/s 13 NOV. 1996 10.48:25

#### Sniffing test ticket:

MANUAL CYCLE C=Elapsed time (H.M:S) S=Signal (mbar.1/s)

LDS START: 13 NOV. 1996 10.48:29

C=00.00:00 S=3.6E-10

STOP LDS: C=00.00:13 S=2.3E-05

ALCATEL ASM180 series LDS LEAK RATE: 1.5E-9 UNITS: mbar.1/s 13 NOV. 1996 10.48:42

#### Autozero ticket:

ALCATEL ASM180 series ELECTRICAL ZERO O.K. 13 NOV. 1996 10.47:59

#### Autocalibration ticket:

ALCATEL ASM180 series CALIBRATION COMPLETED Calibrated leak value 7.7E-08 mbar.1/s 13 NOV. 1996 10.47:34

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# Controlling the detector with a micro-computer (RS 232)

# Printer mode (continued)

#### **Default ticket:**

DEFAULT CODE: 200 13 NOV. 1996 10.49:06

#### List of defaults

\*3 digit code = FAMILY code (1) + DEFAULT code (2)

#### \*\*O\*\* INIT DEFECTS\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

- \* 011 \*RAM test defect
- \* 012 \*Real time clock defect
- \* 013 \*EPROM Checksum defect

#### \*\*1\*\* RS232 COMMAND DEFECTS\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

- \* 100 \*Time Out Expired
- \* 101 \*Unknown command
- \* 102 \*Uncomplete command line
- \* 103 \*Invalid character

#### \*\*2\*\* SPECTRO DEFECTS\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

- \* 200 \*Spectro parameter Unit
- \* 201 \*Incompatible reference leak value
- \* 202 \*Background level too high
- \* 204 \*Helium Peak Adjustment defect
- \* 205 \*Emission current adjustment limit exceeded
- \* 206 \*Calibration Interupted
- \* 208 \*Electronic Zero Init
- \* 209 \*Filament emission defect
- \* 210 \*Triode (spectro) pressure safety activated
- \* 211 \*Amplifier Zero adjustment Init

#### \*\*3\*\* PUMPING SYSTEM DEFECTS\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

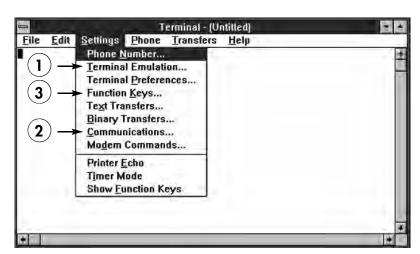
- \* 301 \*Exhaust pressure > 10 mbar
- \* 302 \*TMP in acceleration mode
- \* 303 \*TMP defect
- \* 304 \*LDS flow too high
- \* 305 \*LDS probe clugged

# Example of communication with a PC

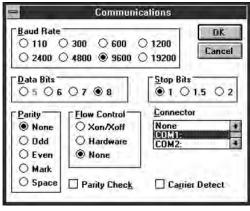
#### Terminal operation under Window 3.11.

As soon as the connections are done and the Terminal function opened under Window, the main two parameters to be configured are Emulation and communication.









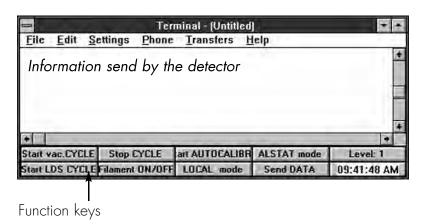
Edition 04 - September 97

# Controlling the detector with a micro-computer (RS 232)

Function keys may be programmed to allow to send commands to the detector without the use of the keyboard, as shown in the following example.

	Function	Keys
Key Na	me: Command:	ОК
F <u>1</u> : Start v	ac. CYC C	Cancel
F <u>2</u> : Start L	DS CYC B	
F <u>3</u> : Stop C	YCLE S	
F <u>4</u> : Filamer	nt ON/O ^E	●1 ○2
F <u>5</u> : Start A	UTOCA A	
F <u>6</u> : LOCAL	. mode L	
F <u>7</u> : ALSTA	T mode R	
F <u>8</u> ; Send D	ATA ^F	⊠ Keys <u>V</u> isible

Then, communication can be settled.



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# Connecting an external printer (ACDP option required)

#### **Purpose**

The ACDP option (see **A 60**) is used to connect an external printer directly to the detector and print test tickets, calibration tickets or test parameter readings stored inside the detector (see **C 50**).

This type of function guarantees the traceability of leak testing operations.

#### Type

Any printer equipped with an **RS232C type serial link** is suitable. It should have a minimum **buffer memory of 2K**.

The tickets printed using the ACDP option contain a maximum of 25 characters per line.

The external printer should get electrical power from a source external to the detector.

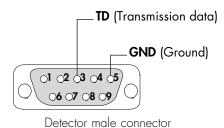
# Interface configuration

■ Transmission speed: **9600 baud** 

■ Data length: 8 bits

■ Parity: NONE■ Stop bit: 1

Pin used:

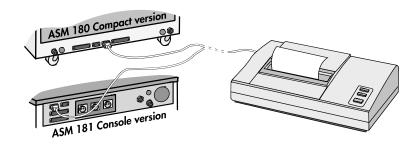


# Connecting the printer

The connection is made directly to the printer RS232 interface port.

(Interface port only valid with the ACDP option).

(ACDP option required)

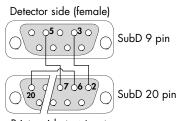


# External printer option

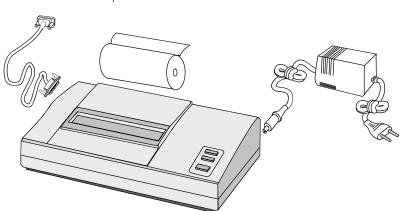
When a detector is ordered, Alcatel offers an "external printer" which includes:

- the "ACDP" option (Alphanumeric Control and Display Panel).
- a thermal printer (with 112 mm wide paper and electrical power supply adapter);
- the detector / printer connection cable.

#### Connecting configuration



Printer side (serial port)



Printer offered:

SEIKO - DPU 414 40 B printer

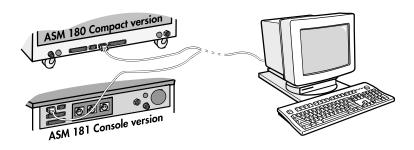
Thermal paper - SEIKO TP 411-28CL

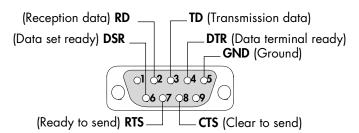
width 112mm, reel diameter 48mm.

# Connecting a PC micro-computer to the RS 232 printer interface

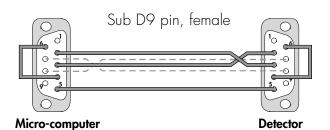
The connection of a PC micro-computer allows to customize the reference of the parts to be tested under of the control of the ACDP option (**see C50**).

Wiring and transmission are done in the same way as for standard RS 232 link (**see B30**).





#### Connecting cable



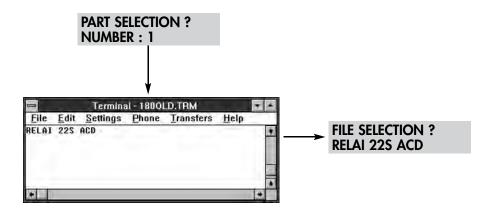
(----7 and 8 Connections are necessary only if RTS and LTS are used in a software created by user)

#### Link configuration

# Connecting an external printer (ACDP option required)

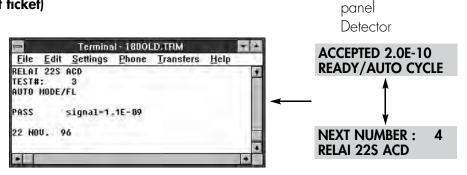
reference of the tested part via ACDP option (see procedure in C50)

- Connect the PC to RS 232 printer interface as explained above.
- Set the Terminal function under Window (see B30).
- As soon as the ACDP panel proposes the choice of a part: (Basic part modification menu **see C50, page 17**).
- Send from the PC "CTRL D" and then the 16 characters to identify the part (**see C50, page 18**).



Example of the acquisition on a PC of a test result controlled by the ACDP option (Copy of test ticket)

 $\bullet$  PC connected to RS 232 printer interface : See on  $\textbf{\textit{C50}}$  for the operating mode of ACDP option.



At the end of an automatic test

Edition 04 - September 97

ACDP Display

# Connecting a neutral gas purge (ASM 180 TD only)

#### Use

- Used to accelerate the cleanup of the helium background noise after detecting a significant leak.
- Make high sensitivity testing easier due to the reduction and stabilization of the helium background noise.

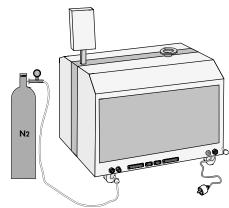
# Neutral gas supply

The neutral gas supplied must have a helium concentration less than or equal to 1 ppm.

Supply pressure: 1.4  $\pm$  0.1 bar (absolute) ( $\approx$  20 psia).

#### **Connection**

A quick connector is located to the left at the rear of the detector near the LDS connector. The corresponding male connector (to be fitted on the gas inlet tube) is supplied in a plastic bag with the detector.



#### Note

The neutral gas purge connector is different than the inlet hole connector. The latter can also be connected to a neutral gas source to purge the inlet and anything connected to it at the end of a cycle. The supply pressure of the gas for the inlet vent must be atmospheric pressure  $1,0^{+0.2}_{+0}$  atm absolute ( $\approx 14$  psia).

# the installation via the hardware interface Connecting the leak detector to

# (1) Connect the remote control unit (Sub D 25 pts plug)

I/O interface 2) Connect the

(see **B 20**)

The I/O interface connector should never be connected or disconnected with the unit on.

If the detector is not must be connected. the I/O interface. the jumper plug controlled by

by the I/O interface, install Sub D 25 pin connector on It the detector is controlled the interface cable to the the detector.

If the detector is to be connected to a micro-computer, connect the cabled **RS232**. 3 Connect the RS232

Connect the printer output using an RS232 cable. (ACDP option required see A 60)

external printer

(see **B 40**)

4) Connect an

(see **B 30**)

5) Connect the LDS probe

(quick connector)

When a neutral gas is used, the filter is unscrewed and

replaced by the connection to the selected gas supply source.

atmospheric pressure

6) Connect to

1/4" BSP connector - Pressure : 1.0 +0.2 atm absolute

(quick connector - ASM 180 TD only)

7 Connect the inert

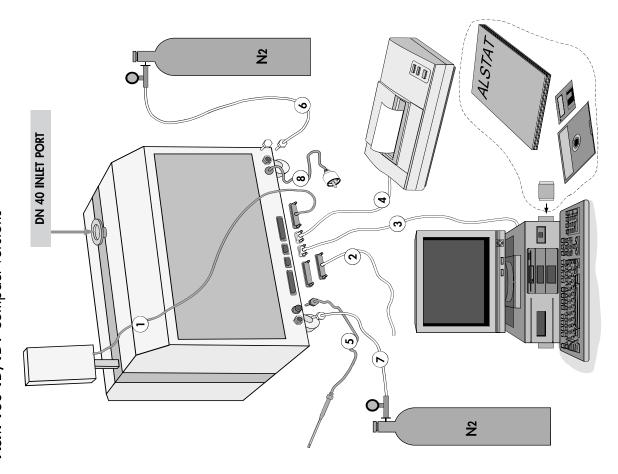
gas purge

The helium concentration of neutral gas must be  $\leq$  1 ppm. Pressure: 1,4±0,1 bar absolute (≈ 20 psia).

identification plate corresponds to that of the Check that the voltage marked on the unit electrical source. Power consumption ....... ASM 180 TD 1.2 kVA

Voltage 200-220-240 V......3.15AT Voltage 100-115 V.......6.30AT Fuse

ASM 180 TD/TD+ compact versions



8 Connect the unit to

the main power

# B 60

# the installation via the hardware interface Connecting the leak detector to

(1) Connect the remote control unit

2) Connect the I/O interface

(see **B 20**)

The I/O interface connector should never be connected or disconnected with the unit on. If the detector is not the I/O interface: the jumper plug controlled by

Sub D 25 pin connector on by the I/O interface, install It the detector is controlled the interface cable to the the detector.

must be connected.

3 Connect the RS232

(see **B 30**)

If the detector is to be connected to a micro-computer, connect the cabled RS232.

4 Connect an external

Connect the printer output using an RS232 cable. (ACDP option required see A 60)

printer (see B 40)

(quick connector) 5 Connect the LDS probe

replaced by the connection to the selected gas supply source. When a neutral gas is used, the filter is unscrewed and 1/4" BSP connector - Pressure : 1.0 +0.2 atm absolute Additional plugs: 3 power plugs allow to connect accessories such as recorders, gauges,...

7 Connect accessories

atmospheric pressure

6 Connect to

(Maximum current: 4A; Specific 4A Fuses provided).

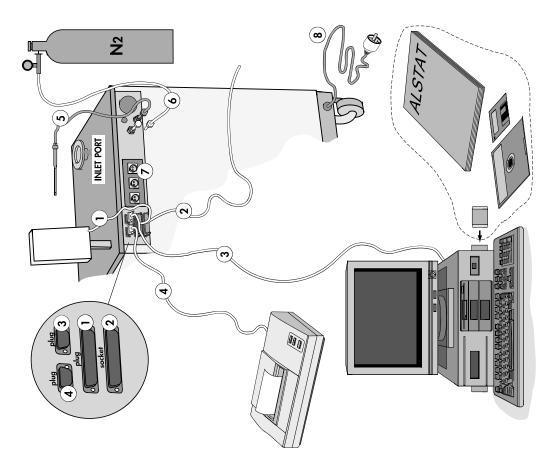
identification plate corresponds to that of the Check that the voltage marked on the unit electrical source. 8 Connect the unit to

the main power

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....6.30AT Voltage 200-220-240 V ......3.15AT Voltage 100-115 V..... -use

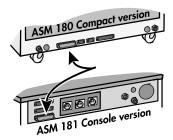
ASM 181 TD+ console version

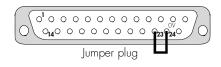


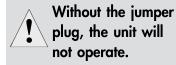
#### Before starting up the detector

# Check that the jumper plug is present

If the detector is not controlled by **the I/O interface**: the jumper plug supplied with the unit must be connected at the rear of the unit.









# Chapter C

#### User's Manual ASM 180 TD/TD+ - ASM 181 TD+

#### **Operation**

-	Starting up the detector	C 10
_	Detector operation	C 20
	Detector autocalibration	C 30
_	Switching off the detector	C 40
	Alphanumeric Control and Display Panel (ACDP)	
	operation	C 50
	Configuring the unit according to the gas to be	
	detected	C 60
	Use of the "I" gas line option	
	ASM 180 TD/TD+ only	C 70

# Edition 03 - May 97

#### Starting up the detector

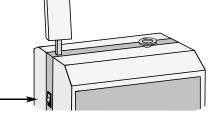
In G 10, the user will find a view of the operator interface. It can be used to identify the operational parts of the control panel and remote control unit.



Before starting up the detector, check that the I/O plug connector is present (see sheet B 70).

#### Power-up

Set the circuit breaker switch to



#### The roughing pump is started.

The cycle control button green indicator light flashes. (around 20s.)



Once the primary pressure (MD4E or CP20) threshold has been reached, the by-pass valve opens, the indicator light comes on and **the molecular roughing (MDP)** is started.



The molecular pump is in the acceleration phase.



When the by-pass pressure threshold is detected, the valve closes.



The molecular pump reaches its nominal rotational speed in 2 to 3 min.



Once the exhaust pressure threshold has been reached (after approximately 25 s), the P indicator light comes on and the **secondary pump (TMP)** is started.



The secondary pump is in the acceleration phase.



It reaches its nominal rotational speed in  $2\ \text{to}\ 3$  min.

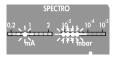


#### The filament on phase is started.

The filament key indicator light flashes for approx. 8 seconds and becomes steady once the filament is emitting.



The panel then displays the filament current and the pressure in the analyzer cell.



The detector checks the cell calibration.

The autocalibration key red indicator light flashes for a few seconds



#### (see autocalibration sheet C 30 for details).

If no problems are encountered, the unit is considered to be calibrated: the green indicator light comes on.



#### The detector is ready to be used.

The cycle control is enabled when the green indicator light on the cycle control key comes on. (the autocalibration is validated)



In G 10, the user will find a view of the operator interface. It can be used to identify the operational parts of the control panel and remote control unit.

#### The following pages contain:

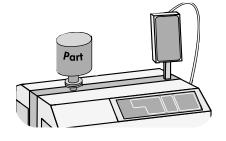
Working in vacuum test mode	Pages 1, 2
Working in Gross Leak mode	Page 2
Working in sniffer mode	Page 3
Setting the audio alarm setpoint	Page 4
Saving the filament	Page 5
Inlet port venting at the end of the test	Page 5
Recording the Helium signal	Page 5

# Working in vacuum test mode



Make sure that the parts can withstand the difference in internal/external pressure to which they are subjected.

#### Connect the test part



# Starting up evacuation of the line and the part

Start a cycle by pressing on the key

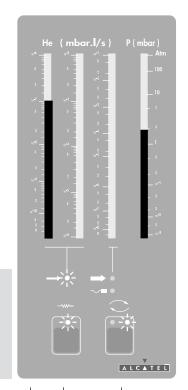


The pressure drop is shown on the display unit.

According to the characteristics of the test part and therefore the pressure reached, the unit is placed in gross leak or fine leak test mode.

Gross Leak mode: 6 mbar > P > 2.10-2 mbar

Fine Leak mode: P < 2.10<sup>-2</sup> mbar



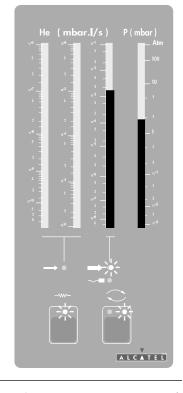
Note: The filament must be lit for a cycle to be started.

# Working in Gross Leak mode

It is possible to preset the gross leak mode by pressing the key



It is sometimes preferable to work in **Gross Leak** mode, in order to reduce cycle times.

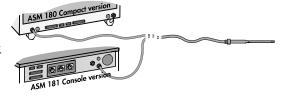


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#### Working in Sniffer mode (LDS)

Select the LDS function.

Connect the probe to the quick connector.



The filament emission goes off for a few seconds during the probe roughing phase.

The test is operational when the emission presence indicator light is lit.



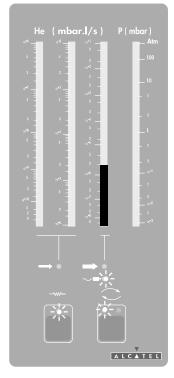
The sniffer test mode indicator light is lit on the unit.

The measured helium flow signal is shown on the gross leak measurement display.

#### Check the probe operation

When the LDS probe is placed in the ambient air, the He signal displayed is approximately  $5.10^{-6}$  to  $1.10^{-5}$  (equivalent to the natural concentration of helium in the airl.

Check that the helium signal decreases when the probe hole is blocked with your finger.



#### Measured flow = concentration

Given the detector configuration, the measured flow corresponds to the helium concentration.

e.g.: Display of 5.10<sup>-6</sup> corresponds to a measured leak of 5.10-6 mbar.l/s of He. and to a measured He concentration of 5.10<sup>-6</sup> or 5ppm.

LDS mode specificities The inlet pressure displayed on the remote control unit does not affect operation (it is an independent circuit: see A 20).

The cycle key is not used.



# Audio alarm (90 dB)

The audio alarm is triggered when the leak rate is greater than the reject setpoint.

The frequency of the audio signal depends on the leak rate measured by the unit (the higher the rate, the higher the signal frequency).



Display the alarm setpoint by pressing



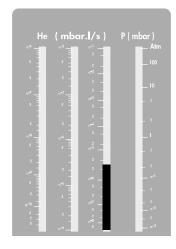
The threshold is then shown on the measurement displays (Gross leak or Fine leak depending on the test mode used)

Set the audio alarm setpoint



Adjust the setpoint using a screwdriver to turn the potentiometer.

Release the key.



Adjust the audio volume



Adjust the audio signal volume with the Audio section knob. When this knob is at the minimum position ("O" position), the audio signal is cut off.

#### Saving the filament

To save the filament, it is possible to switch it off when it is not to be used for a period of time.

Press the key on the remote control unit.



The indicator light then goes off\*.

The filament is switched on again by pressing on the key a second time. The indicator light flashes for approximately 8 s before lighting up, the filament is now operating.



\*Note: The filament can only be switched off when the detector is in test mode.

# Enable the inlet vent

When the inlet vent indicator light is lit, at the end of the cycle, the inlet vent valve is open.





It is possible to disable the opening of this valve by releasing the key. The indicator light goes out. This function is important to prevent the installation from returning to atmospheric pressure by mistake.

# Record the helium signal

This output supplies a voltage of 0 to 8V. (see recording curve in **G 20**)

The response curve is logarithmic (1 volt per decade).



#### **Detector autocalibration**

# Purpose of autocalibration

Used to ensure that:

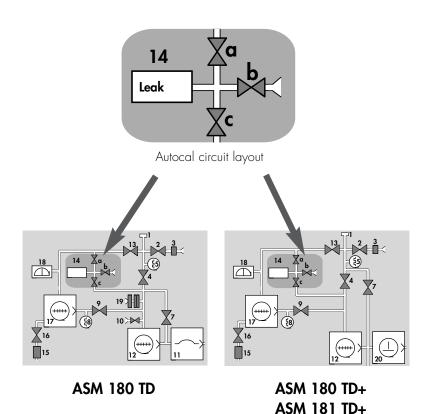
- the detector analyzer cell detects the helium properly (test of the Helium ion path so that they reach their target: see **A 30** Analyzer cell principle)
- the Helium leak value displayed corresponds to the real value.

# Autocalibration system

The detector uses an internal calibrated leak equipped with a temperature-dependent compensation system.

The value of the leak is approximately  $1 \times 10^{-7}$  mbar.l/s. Electrovalves are used to connect the calibrated leak to the analyzer cell.

The electrovalves are controlled and the two calibration parameters are set entirely automatically by pressing the AUTOCAL button.



1/5

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#### **Detector autocalibration**

# Running an autocalibration



At detector start-up, as soon as the analyzer cell (spectro) is operational, an autocalibration is performed automatically.

2 During operation

During operation, the calibration is checked as follows:

#### Electrical zero check



- Switch off the filament (indicator light off);
- check that the helium signal on the fine leak display is at "O" (3 to 4 bars of the bargraph);
- if this is not the case, perform an electrical reset by pressing the  ${\tt AUTOCAL}$  key

The red indicator light flashes for a moment. In the event of failure (the red indicator light remains lit), contact customer service.



#### **Autocalibration**





- Check that the detector is not in test mode and that the indicator light is lit; green indicator of the cycle key lit.
- Press the AUTOCAL key

The red indicator light flashes;

The Helium signal oscillates and stabilizes on the fine leak bargraph.

The green indicator light comes on to indicate that the autocalibration has ben completed.

(see details of the autocalibration cycle in para. 4).

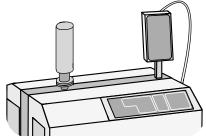


- It is recommended to run an autocalibration after 1 hour of operation and then on a regular basis (once every day).
- In the majority of applications, autocalibration is used to make sure that the detector analyzer cell is operating correctly.

# 3 Calibration range Use of an external leak

If very accurate leak measurement is required in a measurement range other than  $1.10^{-8}$  -  $1.10^{-6}$ , it is recommended to use an **external calibrated leak, the value of which is close to the required value**:

- Run an autocalibration as shown in section (2)
- Once the autocalibration has been completed and validated, connect the external calibrated leak to the detector inlet port and run a test cycle with the key,



- Wait a few minutes for the Helium signal to stabilize,



- Adjust the displayed Helium signal value manually as a function of the external calibrated leak using the filament current fine adjustment potentiometer.

Remember to take into account the effect of the temperature on the value of the external calibrated leak in accordance with the information given on the label. In the event of problems, contact customer service.

#### **Detector autocalibration**

# 4 Autocalibration procedure

Throughout the autocalibration cycle, the "autocal" key red indicator light flashes.

- Residual check.
- Autocalibration circuit roughing.
- Connection with the analyzer cell.

The Helium signal measurement is displayed.

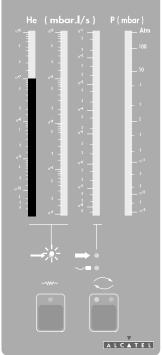
• Comparison of the measured signal with the calibrated leak value after waiting a few seconds for the signal to stabilize.

If the difference is less than 10 %, the autocalibration is stopped and validated. If the difference is greater than 10 %, the autocalibration is continued.

• Helium peak detection. The automatic control system varies the acceleration voltage in the analyzer cell (see *A 30*). This varies the path of the Helium ions until the maximum Helium signal is obtained. The Helium signal display oscillates during this stage.

#### • Sensitivity adjustment.

The filament current in the analyzer cell (see **A 30**) is automatically adjusted so that the detector displays a correct leak value (internal calibrated leak value corrected as a function of temperature).



Stages 6 and 7 can be performed several times if necessary, until the correct display is obtained.

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#### **Detector autocalibration**

#### • End of cycle.

The sequence has been performed correctly, the detector is calibrated in Fine Leak mode, the green indicator light comes on.





5 In the event of a calibration fault

If a fault is encountered, the sequence is stopped and the red indicator light comes on.

Faults which stop the autocalibration sequence are:

- zero impossible
- background signal too high
- sensitivity adjustment impossible
- voluntary stop by operator.



### If the current cycle is stopped voluntarily, this is considered as a fault.

Following a fault, the calibration parameters stored previously are restored.

The "autocal" key red indicator light remains continuously lit, a defect ticket is emitted on the RS232 interface in printer mode (**see B 30**). The "cycle" key green indicator light is lit.





The unit can still be used.

After an initial autocalibration fault signal, it is recommended to run a second autocalibration.

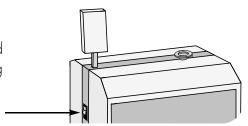
A repeated calibration fault is an indication that the cell is "polluted" and requires maintenance.

# Internal calibrated leak service life

An internal calibrated leak can deliver helium for years. In order to guarantee the reliability of measurements, in most applications, ALCATEL recommends recalibration of the internal calibrated leak at least every two years. The value of the leak decreases over time according to a ratio indicated on the internal calibrated leak label and on the calibration certificate (e.g. 2 % every year).

The calibrated leak is recalibrated in approved centers, using reference leaks: **see E 40** for the internal calibrated leak replacement procedure.

The unit can be switched off at any time by setting the circuit breaker switch to 0.



To keep the connection lines clean, it is recommended to leave them under vacuum when the detector is shut off.

To maintain vacuum, the inlet vent key must be off.



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# Alphanumeric Control and Display Panel (ACDP) operation

Contents	The present instructions only apply to units which are equipped with the ACDP option.
	Purpose of the ACDP optionpage 2 Use of the configuration keyspage 3
	Start-uppage 4
	Access to the various configuration menus page 5  - Manual mode - Automatic mode  - Main menu
	Working in manual mode - Vacuum test page 7 - Start a cycle
	- Stop a cycle  Working in manual mode - LDS test page 8 - Start a test
	- Stop the test
	Operations available during the manual test cycle page 9 - Display the elapsed time
	- Print the current measurement
	- Switch off the filament
	- Switch on the filament
	- Example of test ticket in manual mode
	Working in automatic mode (Vacuum test only) page 12
	- Start an auto test
	- Result messages at end of auto test
	<ul> <li>Error messages at end of auto test</li> <li>Examples of auto test tickets</li> </ul>
	Part modification menupage 15
	- Purpose of part modification menu
	- Automatic test parameters
	- Basic part modification menu
	- Test part selection change
	- Test part reference customization (via RS 232)
	- Automatic test parameter modification
	- Time and date modification
	Unit autocalibration
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	Summary functional diagram (A3) page 26  View of ACDP panel (A3) page 27

# Alphanumeric Control and Display Panel (ACDP) operation

# Purpose of the ACDP option

This option is intended for **industrial inspection.** 

It is used to:

- display messages concerning the status of the detector;
- display the measurement in digital form;
- configure and control the unit in two operating modes (manual or automatic);
- print inspection tickets using an external printer connected to the associated interface (see **B 40**).
- To monitor the audio signal according to the selected configuration

#### Manual operation

- The operator retains control of the test cycle start and stop using the cycle key or the **C** key on the ACDP.
- The Red and Green indicator lights (rejected part / accepted part) come on according to the value of the Helium signal in relation to the programmed manual reject level.
- The choice of test mode (gross leak, fine leak or sniffer) is up to the user.
- The detector can be used as if it did not include this option (see standard detector operation in  ${\it C}$  20).
- The audio signal is working on a FIXED or FLOATING mode, according to the selected configuration.

#### **Automatic operation**

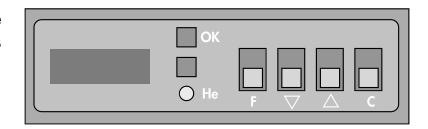
- The test cycle is automated according to the programmable test parameters.
- It is possible to program up to 10 references of different parts each with its own test parameters.
- At the end of each automatic cycle, the test result is displayed, the part is sorted as "Accepted" or "rejected" according to the programmed reject level.
- An audio signal could be activated, according to the result of the test and the selected configuration.



The ACDP panel operating instructions are given in the following pages. We advise you to read them carefully in order to become familiar with its operation.

At the end of C 50 (pages 26 and 27), the user will find a view of the front panel of the option and a flow chart showing all the available functions.

# Use of the configuration keys



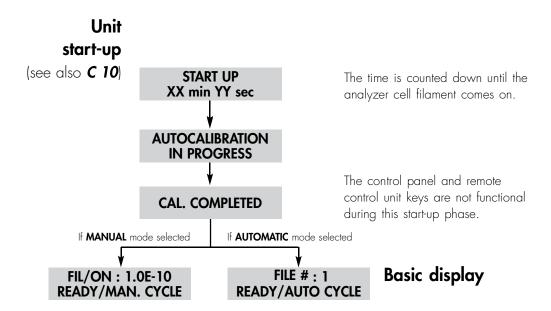
- This key is used to validate the selections made and to access the various configuration menus.

  It is activated in the basic display (see *page 4*).
- These keys are used to select a response or adjust values. They are activated whenever the display shows a "?".

  To adjust values such as reject level, hold down the or keys to scroll through the figures more quickly.
  - This key allows to start a test cycle in manual or automatic mode.

It also allows to stop the test cycle in manual mode. It is activated when the display shows READY/AUTO CYCLE or READY/MAN CYCLE.

Note: The cycle key of the remote control unit has priority over the control panel keys. This key remains activated whatever the display. This note is valid for all the commands of the standard detector (control panel and remote control).



#### **Basic display**

The basic display gives information which depends on the operating mode (automatic or manual) in which the detector was previously configured.

#### Using the basic display, the user can:

- start a test cycle ( or C key);
- access the various configuration menus;

Pressing only the **F** key makes it possible to return to the basic display without modifying any configuration parameters.)

• perform an autocalibration.

See the following pages for further details.

### Access to the various configuration menus

Automatic mode (Main menu) **MANUAL Mode** overleaf FIL/ON: 1.0E-10 Basic display **READY/MAN CYCLE** Auto 4 **CYCLE MODE?** ▲ ▼ are used to change MANUAL operating mode. Manual V Yes 🔺 ▲ Yes: is used to access to FILE #:1 **CHANGE? NO** part modification basic menu No ▼ (see **page 15**) Floating **A** The manual reject setpoint monitors: **MANU REJECT SETP** - the switching of the Red light Fixed ▼ FIXED? indicator of ACDP panel (in relation to the fixed reject setpoint only), - the emission of an audio signal (when controlled by ADCP), - The closing of the reject setpoint contact on I/O interface (see B 20) when the helium signal value is greater than the setpoint (for further details on Fixed/Floating, see page 22). Yes 🔺 Enable or disable the printer **PRINTER?** interface in Manual mode. No ▼ NO ppm 🛦 LDS TEST UNITS? Selection of the measurement unit mbar.l/s ▼ mbar.l/s in sniffer mode.

Return to the basic display

(Manual mode).

FIL/ON: 1.0E-10

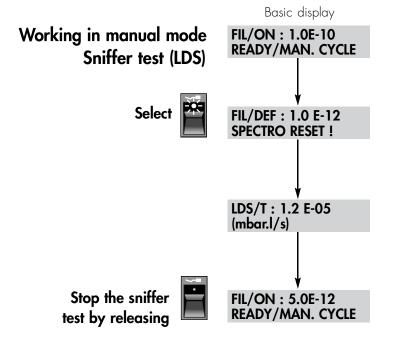
**READY/MAN. CYCLE** 

Main menu (continued)

Manual mode **AUTOMATIC** mode overleaf FILE #:1 Basic display READY/AUTO. CYCLE **CYCLE MODE?** Auto 🔺 ▲ ▼ are used to change **AUTO** Manual ▼ operating mode Yes 🔺 FILE #:1 ▲ Yes: is used to access the **CHANGE? NO** No ▼ basic part modification menu (see **page 15**) FILE #:1 Return to the basic display **READY/AUTO. CYCLE** (automatic mode).

Note: in manual mode, the normal detector controls are entirely available (see C 20).

See **page 9** for the available operations during a Manual cycle test.



The filament is off temporarily while the LDS probe is being roughed down.

The corresponding fault is displayed.

After a few seconds, the sniffer test is operational.

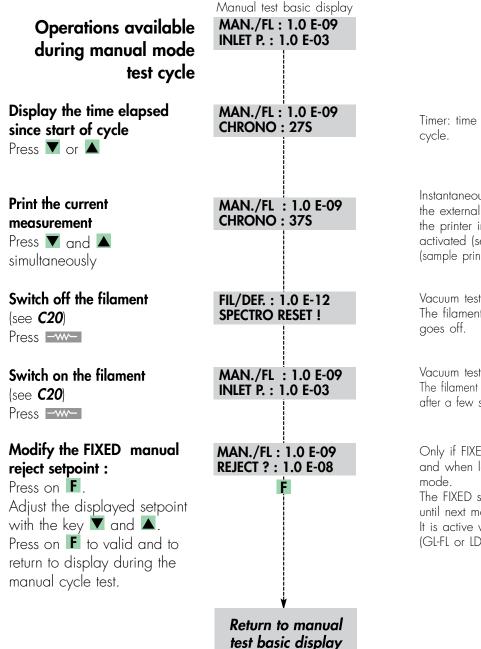
The measurement is displayed according to the selected unit (see *page 5*).

Return to the basic display

See **page 9** for the available operations during a Manual cycle test.

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# Alphanumeric Control and Display Panel (ACDP) operation



Timer: time elapsed since start of cycle

Instantaneous print-out of ticket if the external printer is connected to the printer interface (see **B40**) and activated (see **page 5**) (sample print-out see **page 10**)

Vacuum test only. The filament indicator light goes off.



Vacuum test only The filament indicator light is lit after a few seconds.



Only if FIXED reject is selected and when leak detector is in test mode.

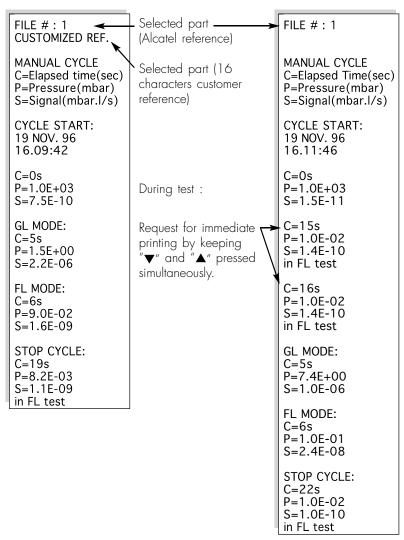
The FIXED setpoint is memorised until next modification.

It is active whichever the test status (GL-FL or LDS).

### Alphanumeric Control and Display

### Ticket printing examples (manual mode)

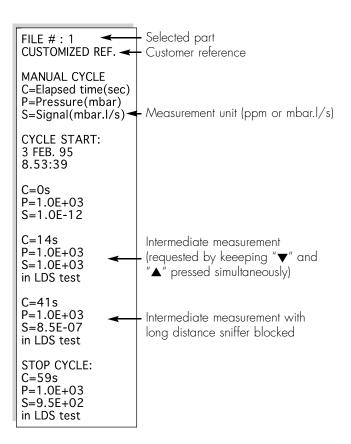
#### Vacuum test ticket



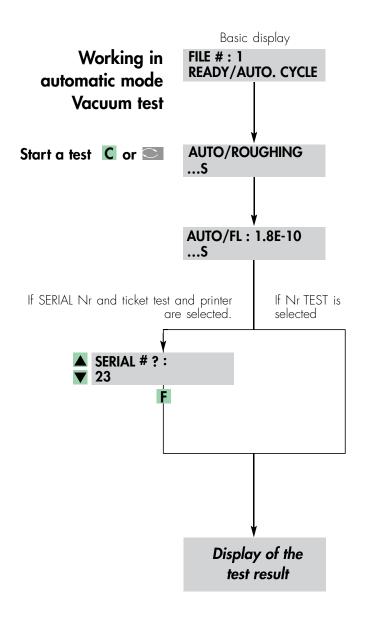
Panel (ACDP) operation

**N.B.**: A minimum of 1 second is required between two immediate printings.

#### **Sniffer ticket**



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Indicates alternately:

- Previous test result (see **page 13**),
- Auto cycle standby message,
- Next test No.,
- Selected part reference.

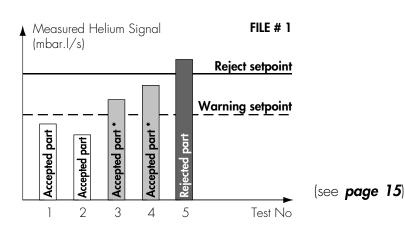
Roughing time count down

Test time count down

Selection of Serial Nr or Test Nr in part modification menu: page 19. At the end of each validated test, a serial number for the tested part, incremented by one over the previous one, is proposed. Possibility to manually modify it with the and key. Systematic validation by key F. Note: if a cycle is started using the key before validation, this cycle is stopped and is not taken in account.

Return to the basic display.
The test number (TEST Nr) or
Serial number (SERIAL Nr) is
incremented for the next test. The
display of the result, the possible
emission of an audio signal and the
printing of a test ticket depend on
the programmed test parameters for
the selected part (see part
modification menu: page 15).

### Result message and audio signals at end of automatic test



Audio signal

Test result display

None

PASS: 2.0E-10

The measured Helium signal is less than the Reject level and the Warning level.

None

PASS\*: 3.0E-9

The measured Helium signal is less than the Reject level but greater than the Warning level. (WL < Measured S < RL)

Fixed signal

**FAIL: 1.0E-06** 

The measured Helium signal is greater than the Reject level.

Fixed signal

**FAIL ROUGHING** 

Switching to test mode is not possible within the roughing time (part refused for very gross leak)

Error message at end of unvalidated automatic test

RETEST! DEF. # 11
READY/AUTO CYCLE

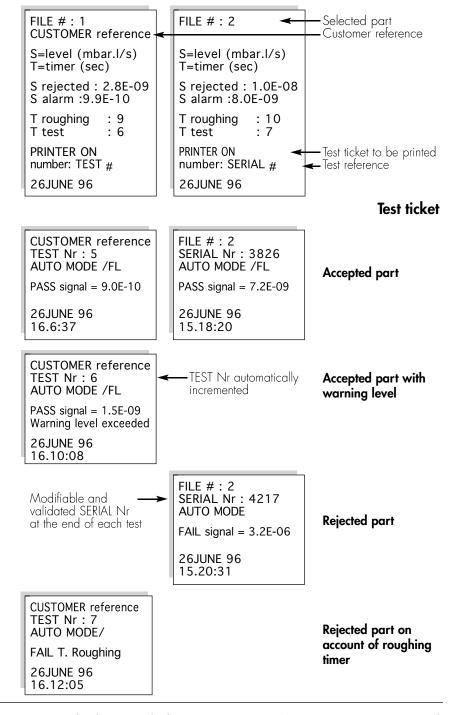
The test has not been validated; the cycle is interrupted.
The test is not counted.

Two fixed audio signals

DEF. code X	Explanation
6	FIL OFF in roughing
7	FIL OFF in test
9	CYCLE OFF in roughing
10	CYCLE OFF in test
11	Pressure RISE in test

### Ticket printing examples (AUTO mode)

#### Parameters ticket



### Purpose of the part modification menu

This menu is used to:

- set up the automatic test parameters for 10 part references memorized as file # 1 to 10,
- select the part to be tested among the 10 memorized,
- modify and check the date and time which are displayed and printed on the control tickets.

#### File #

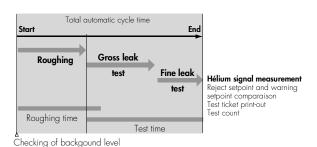
As indicated above, 10 part references can be memorized with their associated automatic test parameters.

Access to these files is allowed whichever test mode of the detector (AUTO or MANUAL) has been selected.

An eleventh reference called FILE BYPASS, available in the MANUAL mode only, allows to reduce the number of menus displayed because it has no automatic test parameter.

16 alphanumerical characters introduced by connecting the detector to a (PC) microcomputer allow to customize the 10 part references (see **page 18**).

### Automatic test parameters



#### **Background setpoint**

If the Helium signal, when not in a cycle and at the time the cycle start is activated, is greater than the "background setpoint", the test cycle is cancelled and an empty cycle is requested to "clean" the detector (optional, selected with a switch inside the detector; see page **24**).

The background setpoint can be useful for high sensitivity tests (reject setpoint in the  $10^{-9}$  to  $10^{-10}$  mbar.l/s range).

### Roughing time

If the detector has not changed to test mode after the "roughing time", the cycle is stopped and the part rejected for Gross Leak.

#### Test time

When the detector is changed to test mode, the "test time" is counted down. After the test time, the Helium signal is measured (instantaneously) and the result analysed according to the next parameters.

#### Test ticket

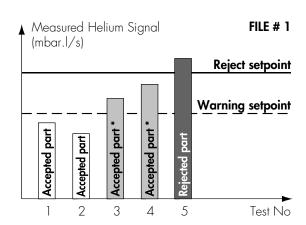
A test ticket is printed if a printer is connected (see **B 40**) and if this parameter is activated.

#### Test reference

When automatic tests are performed for a selected part reference, each individual test is identified by a number called TEST REFERENCE. Two kinds of test references are available:

TEST Nr: test number automatically incremented after each cycle. SERIAL Nr: serial number incremented after each cycle but manually modifiable and validated at the end of each test (see *page 12*).

### Helium signal measurement



#### Reject setpoint

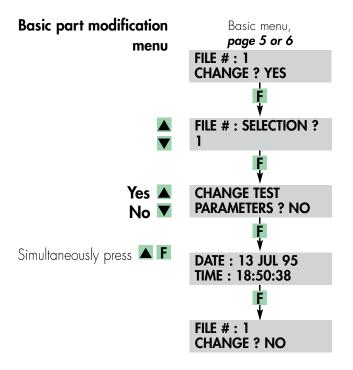
If the "measured Helium signal" is  $\geq$  Reject setpoint, the part is rejected.

#### Warning setpoint

If the "measured Helium signal" is ≥ Warning setpoint and < Reject setpoint, the part is accepted but a warning\* signals that the measurement is approaching the Reject level.

If the "measured Helium signal" is < Warning setpoint, the part is accepted.

Note: The test parameters can be programmed independently for the 10 different file # available.

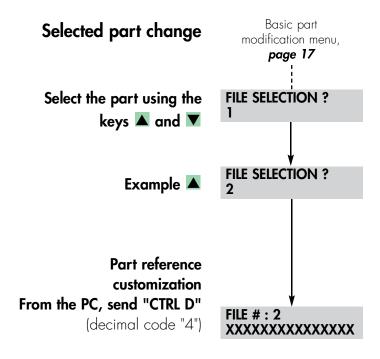


10 parts in automatic and 10 parts + 1 "file by-pass" in manual mode can be defined (page 18)

Yes: used to modify the part parameters (page 19)

Is used to modify the date and time (page 20)

Return to the main menu



It is possible to select 10 different test parts each with its own test parameters.

When the manual test mode is activated, it is possible to select an 11th imaginary "file by-pass" part, without any parameters, specifically for the manual test: only the manual reject setpoint is taken into account (see page 5).

Function only possible if the detector is connected to a microcomputer (PC) in terminal emulation through the RS ACDP interface (**B** 40).

E.g.: Relai 22S ACD In the event of an error, repeat CTRL D.

Send 16 characters defining the reference assigned to the part

FILE #:2 **RELAI 22S ACD** 

**Delete** the customized reference, send "CTRL N" (decimal code "14")

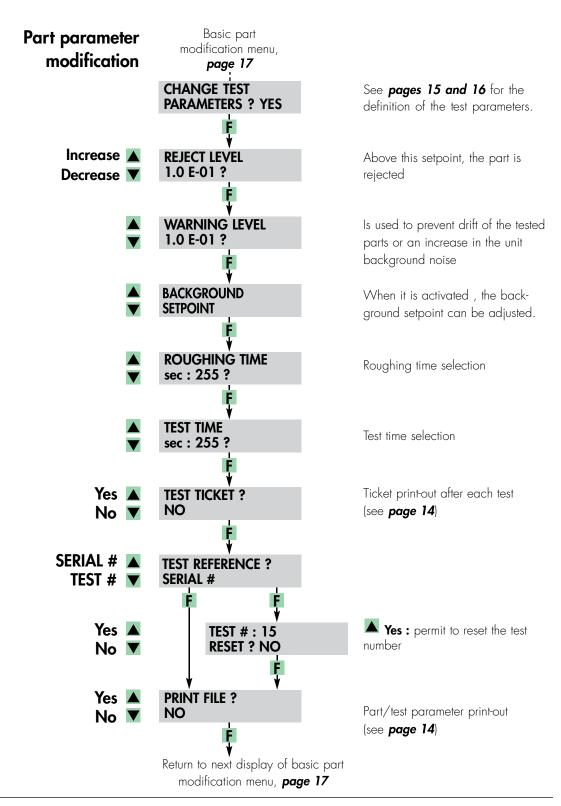
FILE SELECTION? **RELAI 22S ACD** 

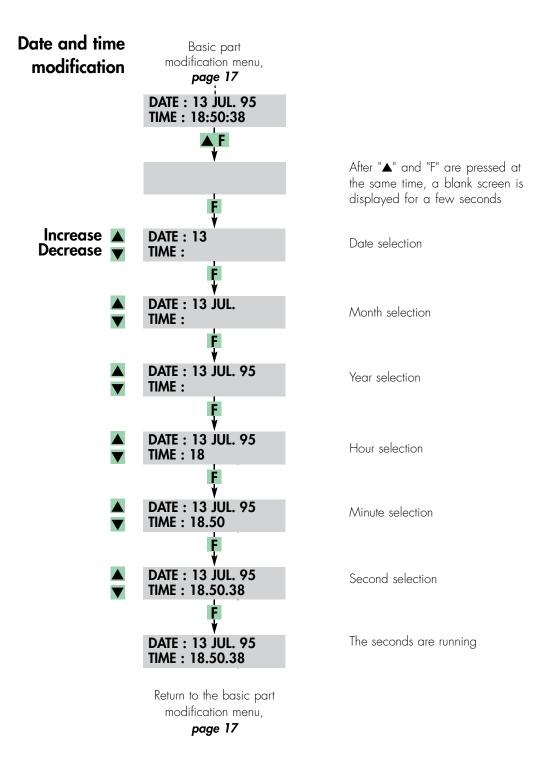
Delete all the customized references, send "CTRL O"

(decimal code "15")

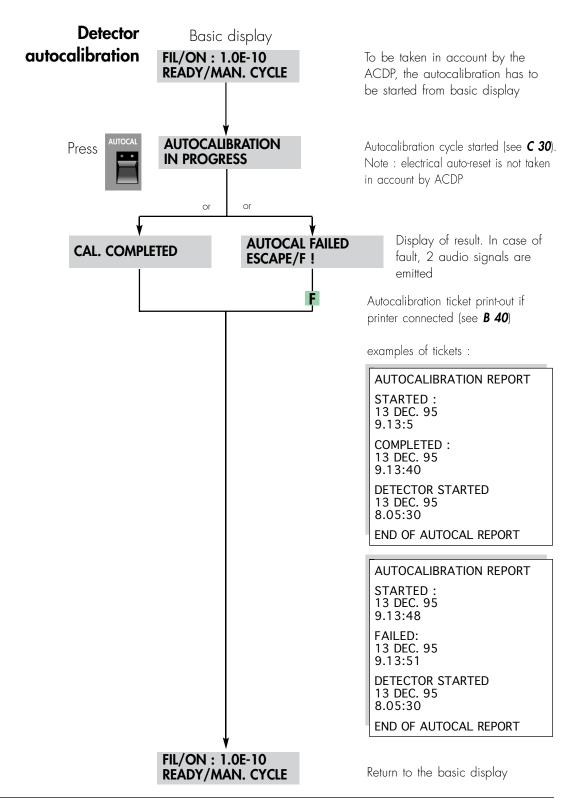
FILE SELECTION?

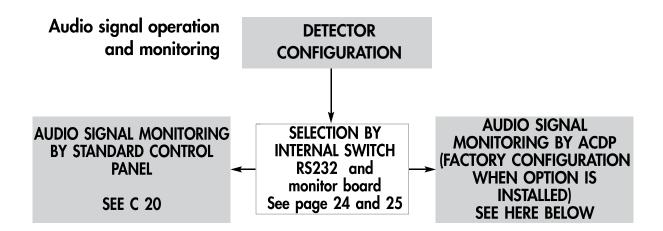
Return to next display of basic part modification menu, page 17





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#### Adjust the audio volume



• The audio signal volume is adjusted with the knob located in the AUDIO section of the standard control panel. When this knob is at the minimum position ("O"), the audio signal is cut off. This button is the only one to be activated in the AUDIO section of the standard control panel.

#### **End of AUTOMATIC test**

- An audio signal is emitted for a short time, with a fixed frequency, when the tested part is REFUSED.
- Two audio signals are emitted for a short time, with a fixed high frequency, when the part has to be restested because of a fault.

#### **End of AUTOCALIBRATION**

• Two audio signals are emitted for a short time, with a fixed high frequency, when autocalibration failed.

#### **During MANUAL test**

• Two operation modes are available according to the type of MANUAL REJECT SETPOINT selected in the main menu (see *page 5*): FIXED or FLOATING reject setpoint.

#### **FIXED** reject setpoint

• An audio signal is emitted when the Helium signal is higher than the setpoint. The frequency of the audio signal depends on the value of the Helium signal (the higher the helium signal, the higher the audio signal frequency).

The fixed reject setpoint can be modified while the leak detector is in manual test mode using key F (**see page** 9). This operation mode allows an accurate audio leak detection based on the fixed reject setpoint.

#### FLOATING reject setpoint

• A modulated audio signal is AUTOMATICALLY emitted according to the Helium signal fluctuations.

When the Helium signal increases, the audio signal switches

There is no manual setting in this operation mode. This operation mode provides a usefull audio assistance for pin pointing leaks when using the sniffing or spray method.

Note: To quickly shut down an audio signal which is hindering (in case of increasing background level), the choice can be:

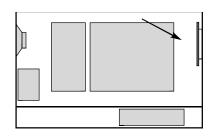
- set the volume to "O".
- switch off and then on the filament (see page 9),
- briefly expose the detector to a helium source in order to higher up the audio signal frequency and then let it lower down until it stops.

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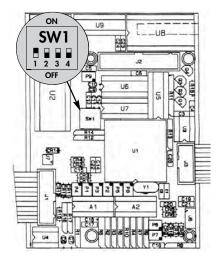
# Alphanumeric Control and Display Panel (ACDP) operation

# Default ACDP configuration - Setting ranges

A board (P0192), specific to the ACDP option, is located on the right-hand side, inside the front cover of the unit. This board controls the ACDP panel and the associated printer output (see **B 40**).



ACDP RS232 board (PO192) It contains switches which are used to configure the ACDP operator interface.



Switch	Function	Position	Action
1	Display and printing language	<b>ON</b> Off	English acc. * French destination
2	Not used		none *
3	Audio signal monitoring	<b>ON</b> OFF	by ACDP (*2) by standard (*1) control panel (AUDIO zone)
4	Background setpoint	ON OFF	enabled * disabled

- \* Factory configuration:
  - (1) without ACDP option
  - (2) with ACDP option

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# Alphanumeric Control and Display Panel (ACDP) operation

#### **Test parameters**

Parameters	Setting range	Default configuration
Reject setpoint	1.0.10 <sup>-10</sup> to 1.0.10 <sup>-1</sup>	5.10 <sup>-8</sup>
Alarm setpoint	1.0.10 <sup>-10</sup> to 1.0.10 <sup>-1</sup>	1.10-8
Background setpoint	1.0.10 <sup>-11</sup> to 1.0.10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.10-8
Roughing time	1 to 255 s	9 s
Test time	1 to 255 s	6 s
Test ticket	YES - NO	YES
Test reference	SERIAL Nr - TEST Nr	TEST Nr
TEST Nr	0 - 65535	0
SERIAL Nr	0 - 65535	0
MAN. Reject setpoint	FIXED - FLOATTING	FIXED
FIXED manual setpoint	1.0.10 <sup>-11</sup> to 1.0.10 <sup>-1</sup>	5.10 <sup>-8</sup>
	FL:2.0.10 <sup>-10</sup> to 1.0.10 <sup>-2</sup>	(Automatic)
FLOAT. manual setpoint		(Automatic)
MANUAL test Ticket	YES - NO	NO
LDS measurement	mbar.l/s or ppm	mbar.l/s

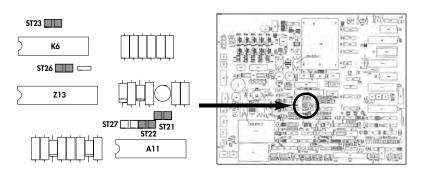
Note: The default parameters are valid for part reference 1, the values of the parameters are at random for parts 2 to 10.

### Supervisor board

The four following straps allow to configure the audio signal monitoring

	ST 21	ST 22	ST 23	ST 26
Standard audio signal control (1*)	OZ	OFF	ON	20
ACDP audio signal control (2*)	OFF	OZ	OFF	OFF

<sup>\*</sup> Factory configuration for detectors without ACDP option (1) and (2) with ACDP option.



MAIN MENU

General screen flow chart

The purpose of this sheet is to give a guide for the use of the option's menus.

WORKING CONFIGURATION FILE #: 1 READY/AUTO CYCLE If auto cycle Cycle mode selection

Manual Auto Change file # Start up FIL/ON: 1.0E-10

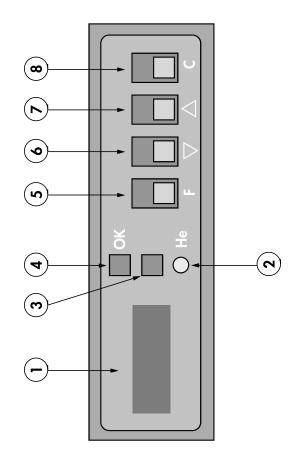
READY/MANUAL CYCLE PPM mbar.I/s ▼ Manual reject setpoint ▲ Floating Fixed £ LDS test units Printer Yes ▲ F → Change time + date Test # reset 오 Print Basic display PART MODIFICATION MENU r If ref=11o10 Date + time display Change test parameters Yes ▲ Serial # Test # F. ■ NO Yes Background level Yes File # selection Warning level Roughing time Test reference Reject level Test time (Option) Print file f ref=prototype 9

Return to the main menu 🖡

Edition 03 - May 97

View of the ACDP panel The purpose of this sheet is to show the key or the part of the display in action during use of the option.

# ACDP PANEL



1 LCD display  $2 \times 16$  character lines

2 Yellow indicator light signalling the activation of the autocalibration process

3 Red indicator light (part rejected)

4 Green indicator light (part accepted)

**5 F key** used to access the various functions

used to modify parameters 6 Shift down key ▼ ) 7 Shift up key ▲

8 C key: cycle control

# Edition 03 - May 97

# Configuring the unit according to the gas to be detected

The following instructions only apply to units which are equipped with the "3 Mass" option and for a change of tracer gas.

### Introduction to the unit

The unit equipped with the "3 Mass" option does not have any external differences in relation to the standard unit. The modifications are inside the unit (analysis cell magnet and electronic supervisor board).

The functions are the same as the standard detector.

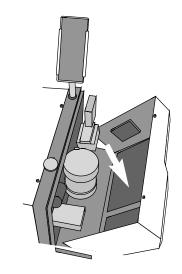
### The tracer gases which can be used

Gas	Atomic mass
Helium 4 Helium 3	4 3 2
Hydrogen	Z

Alcatel does not supply a calibrated internal leak in Helium 3 and Hydrogen. The calibration is made with an external calibrated leak.

Initialize the acceleration voltage as a function of the mass to be detected

While the unit is switched off, open the front cover of the unit and tilt it forwards to access the supervisor board.

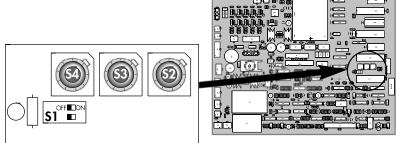


# Configuring the unit according to the gas to be detected

#### Configure the switch S1

If the detection can be performed on Helium 3 or Hydrogen, set the **switch S1 to ON** (external autocalibration).

If the detection must be performed on Helium 4, the **switch S1** can, if required, be set to **OFF** (autocalibration with an internal calibrated leak) **or ON** (external autocalibration).



Supervisor board

### Switch on the detector while resetting the autocalibration parameters

Set the circuit breaker switch to 1.

While the green cycle key indicator light is flashing (first seconds of the commissioning cycle), press the autocal key

If the cycle key indicator light stops flashing before you press the autocal key AUTOCAL, switch off the unit and repeat the operation.



The red autocal key indicator light comes on.

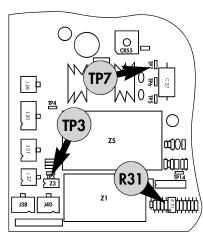
# Configuring the unit according to the gas to be detected

### Initialize the acceleration voltage

Place a voltmeter between terminal **TP7** (ground) and terminal **TP3** (acceleration voltage).

(Voltmeter rating  $\geq$  400 V=.)

Using a screwdriver, adjust the potentiometer **R31** to adjust the voltage as a function of the tracer gas used:



Right side of the supervisor board

Tracer gas	Mass	Acceleration voltage
Helium 4	4	150 ± 2 V
Helium 3	3	198 ± 2 V
Hydrogen	2	290 ± 2 V

#### Switch off the detector

Set the circuit breaker switch to **0**.

### Autocalibrate the detector

#### For mass 2 or 3 detection:

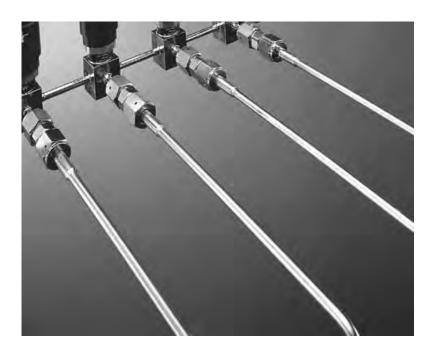
autocalibration is performed only with an external calibrated leak: refer to section *E 50* Autocalibration with external calibrated leak.

#### For helium 4 detection (standard):

- to perform autocalibration with a calibrated leak inside the detector, it is necessary to proceed as for a newly installed leak: refer to section *E 40* Replacement/recalibration of the detector internal calibrated leak;
- to perform autocalibration with an external calibrated leak: refer to section *E 50* Autocalibration with external calibrated leak.

# Edition 03 - May 97

### Use of the "I" gas line option For ASM 180 TD and ASM 180 TD+



#### **Contents**

Purpose of the "I" option	page 1
Operating principle	page 2
Choice of carrier gas	page 4
Installation preparation	page 5
Installation connection	page 6
Test procedure	page 8
In the event of a problem	page 11

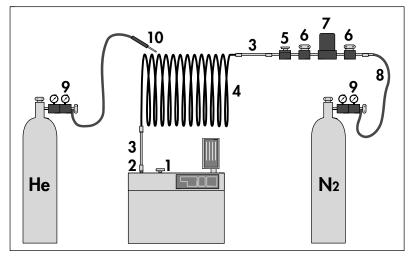
### Purpose of the option

Used to perform spray testing on long lines (typical diameter: 1/4"), with a reduced response time due to the transfer of the helium by a carrier gas injected in the viscous state.

This option allows the unit to detect leaks of the order of  $10^{-9}$  mbar.1/s in a considerably reduced time in relation to the conventional vacuum test.

The test is thus quicker and more reliable.

### Operating principle



- 1. Detector inlet port
- 2. Gas line inlet port (VCR connector)
- 3. St. steel flexible connector
- 4. Rigid line under test
- 5. Reference leak

- 6. Manual valve
- 7. Mass flow controller (N2)
- 8. Flexible connector
- 9. Pressure controller
- 10. Helium spray

### Test principle

The detector is connected at the 1/4 VRC connection to one end of the line under test.

The carrier gas is injected at the other end of the line. The line is pumped by the detector and the carrier gas is injected to obtain a laminar flow (a few mbar absolute pressure).

Helium is sprayed around the line.

In the event of a leak, the helium which enters the line is "transported" to the detector by the carrier gas.

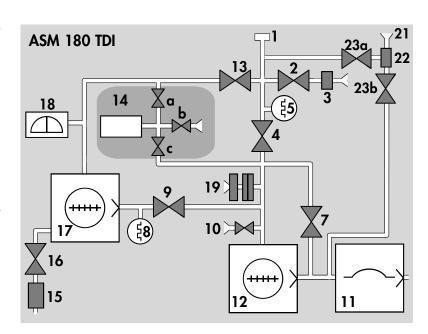
The sensitivity of the test depends on the helium content of the carrier gas (which must be as low as possible).

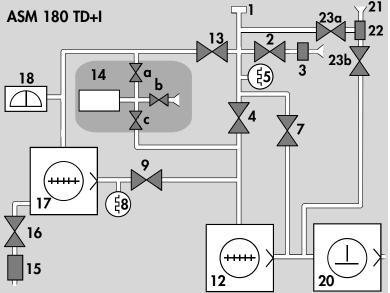
### Detector operation

The gas line test option is an addition to the basic detector functions.

The ASM 180TD+1 is optimized for the 1/4" gas line test (in terms of response time and sensitivity).

The ASM 180TD+1 provides reduced response time for gas lines diameters higher than 1/4".





- 1. Detector inlet port
- 4. Roughing valve
- 13.Detection valve
- 11.Roughing membrane pump (MD4E)
- 12.Roughing molecular pump (MDP)
- 17. Hybrid turbomolecular pump
- 18.Analyzer cell
- 20.Dry roughing pump (CP20)
- 21."I" gas line inlet port
- 22."I" gas line membrane
- 23."I" gas line valves

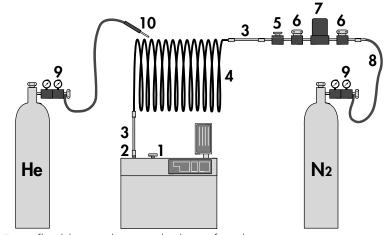
### Choice of carrier gas

- the most commonly used carrier gas is **nitrogen**.
- In order to be able to identify leaks of approximately  $10^{-9}$  mbar.l/s, the carrier gas must have a helium content which is less than a few ppb ( $10^{-9}$ ).
- If "0.999 999 999 concentration" nitrogen is considered too expensive, nitrogen obtained from a tank or a source of liquid nitrogen can be used.
- Any gas free of helium can be used as a carrier gas (e.g. l'Argon).

However, for safety reasons, the method is not applicable to process gases which are toxic, reactive, explosive or flammable. In addition, the detector is not designed to pump chemically reactive gases.

### Installation preparation

Equipment required (in addition to the detector)



### Flexible connection components (3)

E.g.: flexible stainless steel tubes of a diameter not greater than 10 mm so as not to increase the response time and connection accessories compatible with the installation under test.

### Helium spray equipment (10)

E.g.: helium cylinder with pressure relief valve, tube and spray gun.

### Carrier gas source (8)

E.g.: helium-"free" nitrogen cylinder and pressure relief valve. This source must be compatible with the cleanliness or purity requirements within the installation at the time of the test.

### A carrier gas flow adjustment device (7)

The quickest method to adjust the gas flow is the mass flow controller (Mass Flow Controler).

As an alternative, a manual micro-flow valve (DN16) can be used.

According to usual connection procedures, stop valves (6) and filters may be inserted.

#### A reference leak (5)

used to "calibrate" the installation (response time for the furthest point from the detector, ratio of actual leak / helium signal read on the detector). ALCATEL offers reference leaks specially designed for this application (without reservoir, with 1/4" VCR connectors).

Different values of leaks are available (mbar.l/s):

1x10<sup>-9</sup> (Part No. **103371**), 1x10<sup>-8</sup> (Part No. **103372**), 1x10<sup>-7</sup> (Part No. **103373**), 1x10<sup>-5</sup> (Part No. **103374**).

### Installation connection

#### Principle

- The detector DN40 inlet port (1) must be blocked.
- Connect the gas line under test (4) to the detector's 1/4" VCR connector (2) via flexible connection components (3).
- Connect the reference leak (5).
- Connect the carrier gas flow control accessories composed of a mass flow controller (7) or manual micro-flow rate valve and stop valves (6) if necessary.
- Connect the carrier gas source via a flexible tube (8).

#### **Precautions**

- A laminar flow must be maintained in the entire line under test to obtain the expected result: the response time is increased if a significant volume is between the carrier gas supply and the detector.
- It is advisable to place the detector as close to the zone liable to leak as possible.
- Purge the injection system with the carrier gas in order to eliminate the air.
- It is better to stop the "gas line test" function in case of autocalibration

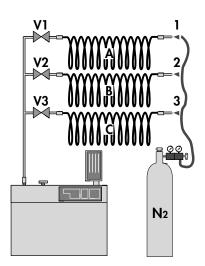
**Note:** It is not necessary to connect a neutral gas purge to the detector: the carrier gas acts in the same way as the purge.

### Multiple line test

Shut off the line under test as much as possible with the valves and fittings available.

The zone under test is limited to the line through which the carried gas flows to the detector.

It is therefore necessary to prevent the flow of carrier gas through the lines not under test, using the valves V1, V2, and V3.



To test the line,	open,	close,	connect
Α	V1	V2 and V3	1
В	V2	V1 and V3	2
C.	V3	V2 and V1	3

### Test procedure

The connections are made according to the recommendations on page 7.

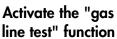
### Close the carrier gas supply

Close the valves (6 and 9).

Start up the detector



Make sure that the DN40 inlet port is blocked. Activate the atmospheric pressure key ......



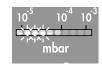


Press the yellow button above the ON switch.

Run a cycle



Wait until the detector enters "Fine Leak" mode and the analyzer cell pressure is sufficiently low (for example, no more than 3 green indicator lights on).



Initially, the helium background noise increases briefly and then decreases and becomes stable.

Note: The inlet pressure displayed on the remote control unit is not the pressure at the gas line (circuit separated by a membrane inside the detector: see detector mimic diagram). It is the pressure at the level of the DN40 inlet port. However, this pressure varies as a function of the pressure in the gas line.

### Inject the carrier gas

Gradually open the carrier gas supply until the maximum flow allowed is obtained.

#### The detector must remain in Fine Leak test mode.

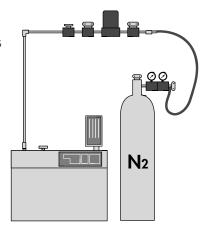
The inlet pressure and the cell pressure increase as the carrier gas flow increases.

If the detector switches to Gross Leak mode, reduce the carrier gas flow.

The length of time it takes for the pressure to stabilize in the gas line depends on the length of the gas line.

If a mass flow controller (7) is used, the maximum carrier gas flow can be defined quickly before connection to the installation, by connecting the injection system directly to the detector.

The maximum flow is of the order of 40 to 60 SCCM or 0.6 to 1 atm.cm<sup>3</sup>/s for the ASM 180TDI.



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#### Calibrate the installation

Spray the reference leak (5) for a defined period (e.g. 5 seconds).

#### Note:

- the time required to obtain a signal on the detector (any leak on the gas line will give a response  $\leq$  this reference time).
- the ratio read on the detector

Reference leak value
Helium signal value

(this ratio depends on the detector and the carrier gas flow. Value: between 10 and 20).

#### Test the installation

Spray the various test points and according to the reference time defined above, wait to go to the next point. It is recommended to start on the detector side and to test progressively by moving further away (increasing response times).

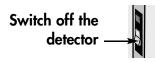
#### Stop the test

Close the carrier gas injection. Stop the test cycle by pressing



### 

Deactivate the "gas line test" mode by pressing the yellow button.



Set the circuit breaker switch to 0.

#### **S**YMPTOM

### The detector does not switch to Fine Leak mode

for example, after 5 min for a 1/4" line, length ≤ 100 m

#### CAUSE

## Gross Leak on installation

#### REMEDY

Inject the carrier gas (40 SCCM) and test the installation (*page 10*). The leaks at the connections or the line are displayed on the GL measurement scale if the detector is in GL mode, or Inlet Pressure display if the detector is in roughing mode.

# The helium background noise does not decrease

for example, the helium signal remains at the 10-7 scale (The minimum detectable leak is limited to the value of the helium background noise.)

#### The carrier gas

contains a significant helium concentration

NO

- Vary the carrier gas flow while remaining in FL mode. If the helium signal rises with the
- It the helium signal rises with the carrier gas flow, the carrier gas contains helium.
- Purge the carrier gas injection system again to remove any possible trace of residual air. If the problem persists, the test can be performed in the background noise limit or change the carrier gas.

Gross Leak on installation

Vary the carrier gas flow while remaining in FL mode.

If the helium signal rises or remains practically constant when the carrier gas flow falls, there is a gross leak on the installation..

Test the installation (page 10).

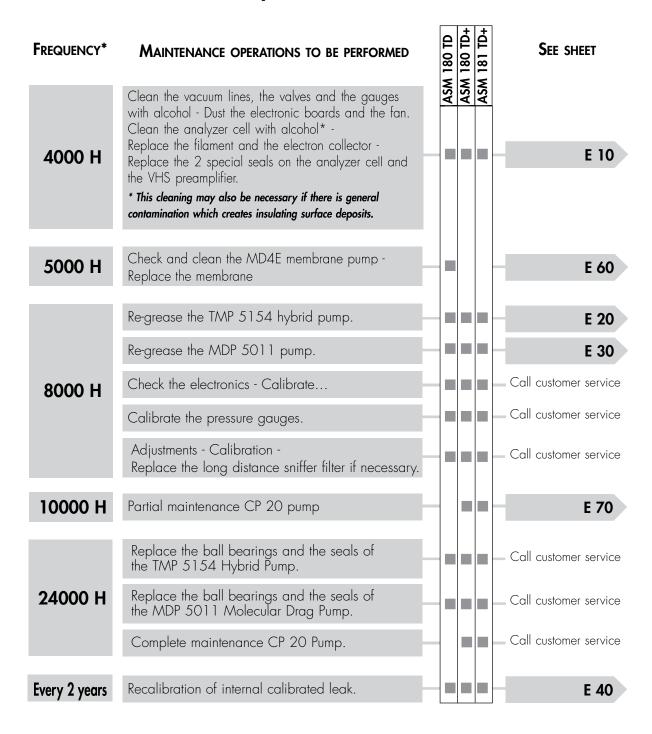
## Chapter D

## User's Manual ASM 180 TD/TD+ - ASM 181 TD+

### Maintenance

_	Table of preventive maintenance intervals	) 10
	General troubleshooting guide	20
	Problem with the roughing pump	30
_	No display	<b>)</b> 40
_	Problem with the secondary pump	) <i>50</i>
_	Spectro fault	) 60
_	Inlet pressure problem	) <i>70</i>
_	Cycle start faults	) <i>80</i>
	Faults at end of autocalibration	90
	Faults in sniffer mode	7 100
_	Helium measurement problem	) 110
	I/O interface problem	) 120

# Table of preventive maintenance intervals



<sup>\*</sup>Service intervals : The service intervals given are for applications and work rates which conform to the normal operating conditions. If the machine is operating under more difficult conditions they can be shortened.

These checks must be performed with the detector isolated from all installations and supplied with the correct electrical power.



It is assumed that the connection and the electrical continuities have been checked beforehand.

Note: the troubleshooting guide follows a chronological order and a methodology which is the result of the experience of Alcatel CIT Customer Service. It is therefore recommended to follow this order so as to locate faults effectively.

### Symptoms (detector inlet port blanked off)

### Problems at start-up

The roughing pump does not start (no noise)	D - 30
The by-pass indicator light does not come on	D - 30
The MDP fault indicator light is on	D - 30
No display on the control panel MDP part	D - 30
No display on the remote control and the control panel	D - 40
The TURBO "P" indicator light does not come on after 2 min	D - 50
The TURBO $^{\text{M}}$ " acceleration indicator light does not come on	D - 50
The TURBO "!" fault indicator light is on	D - 50
The filament on indicator light does not come on	D - 60
The filament on indicator light is flashing	D - 60
The "!" "spectro" alarm indicator light comes on	D - 60
No inlet pressure display (P(mbar) display)	D - 70
Autocalibration failed	D - 90

## General troubleshooting guide

### Symptoms (detector inlet port blanked off)

symptoms (accessed mass per accessed only	
Problems during vacuum test cycle	
The cycle key is disabled	D - 80
No pressure drop at start of cycle (P(mbar) display)	D - 70
Inlet pressure > 1 mbar	D - 70
No change to FL mode (P $<$ 2 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> mbar)	D - 110
Low sensitivity	D - 110
High background noise	D - 110
CP 20 pump has stopped during cycle (ASM 180 TD+/181 TD+)	D - 30
Problems during LDS test cycle	
The LDS indicator light does not come on	D - 100
The LDS helium signal < 5x10 <sup>-6</sup> mbar.l/s	D - 100
"Spectro" indicator lights off, filament off	D - 100
Autocalibration problems	
Electrical zero check failed (filament off)	D - 90
Autocalibration failed (filament on)	D - 90

No 24V on the jumper plug......

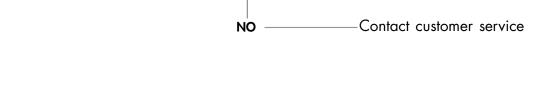
D - 120

Problems on I/O interface board

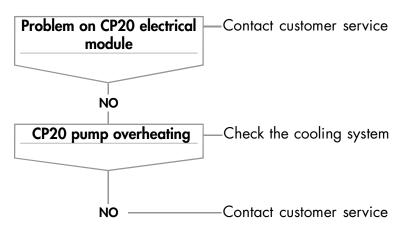
Contact customer service

**Pump motor** 

does not rotate



No noise from the CP20 (ASM 180 TD+) (ASM 181 TD+)



## Problem with the roughing pump

CP20 pump has stopped during cycle (ASM 180 TD+)
(ASM 181 TD+)

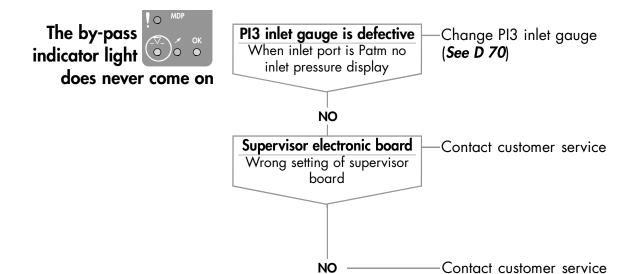
NO

CAUSE

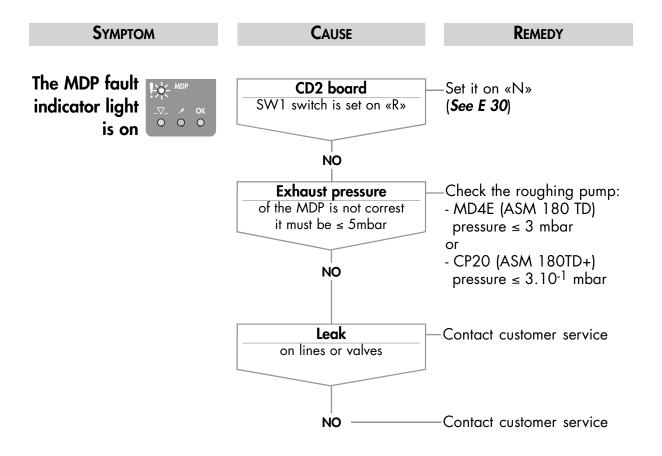
REMEDY

Check the power supply voltage voltage, stop the detector and restart the CP20 pump

Contact customer service

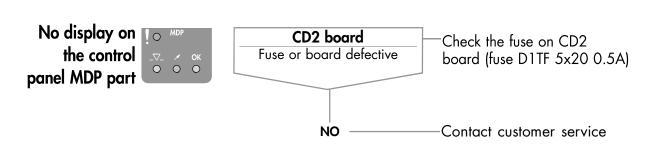


## Problem with the roughing pump





At cycle start, it is normal for the MDP 5011 rotational speed to slow temporarily.

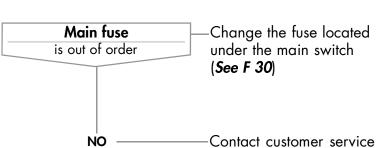


**R**EMEDY

**C**AUSE

No display on the remote control and the front control panel (but the primary pump

starts on)

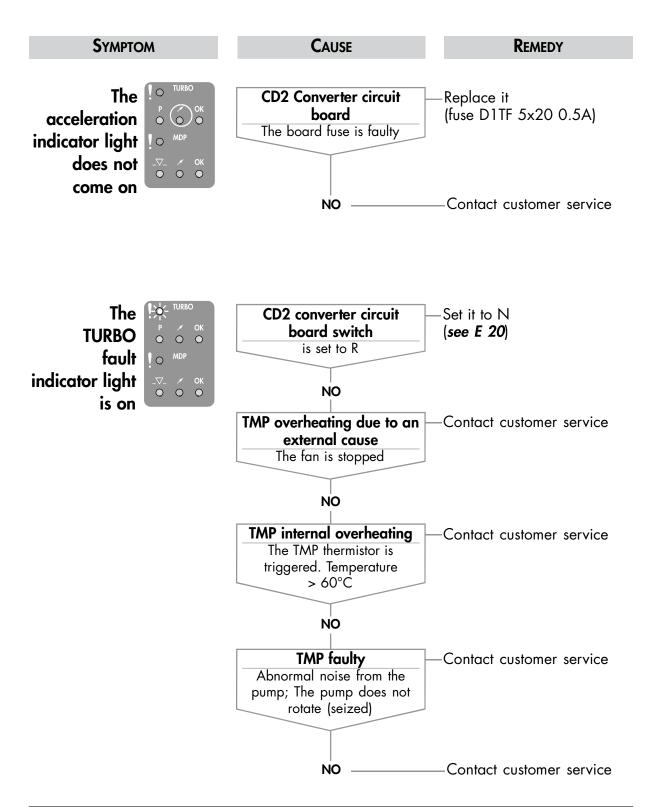


### **S**YMPTOM CAUSE REMEDY The P PI1 gauge Replace the gauge. indicator light defective does not come NO on after more than 2 min TMP exhaut valve Contact customer service The valve does not open. The coil is defective or the plunger is stuck NO Roughing pump Contact customer service limit pressure MD4E (ASM 180 TD) pressure ≤ 3 mbar or CP20 (ASM 180TD+) pressure $\leq 3x10^{-1}$ mbar (pump rotating with its inlet blanked off) NO Eliminate the cause of the Leak in the line leak Gross leak visible with the alcohol test

NO

Contact customer service

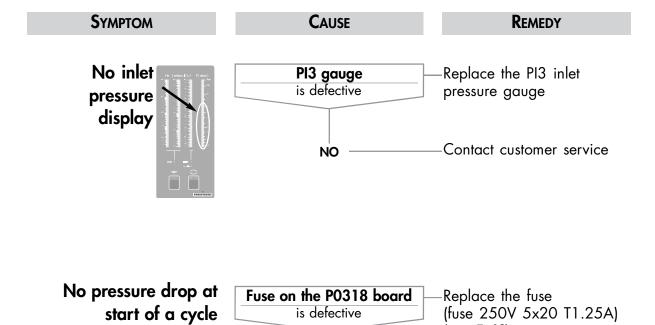
## Problem with the secondary pump



### Spectro fault

**C**AUSE SYMPTOM REMEDY The filament Filament key Press filament key ---indicator light in OFF position once to ON position does not come on NO Switch off the detector and I/O jumper plug This is not connected to the connect the I/O jumper plug. Start up again rear of the detector (see B 70) Contact customer service NO The filament **Filament** Replace the filament indicator light is On the cell JAEGER connector, (see E 10) open circuit between flashing pins 1 and 5 NO Short-circuit in the cell Eliminate the short-circuit; On the cell JAEGER connector, check conductivity between conductivity between 6 and the pins 1 and 5 of the Jaeger other pins of the connector connector (see E 10) Contact customer service NO The "spectro" Wait for a few seconds until Spectro pressure alarm indicator > 10<sup>-4</sup> mbar the vacuum improves in the cell and reset the filament light comes on NO Analyzer cell Eliminate the leak (check Gross leak visible with particulary the seal of the the alcohol test analyzer cell) Contact customer service NO

## Inlet pressure problem

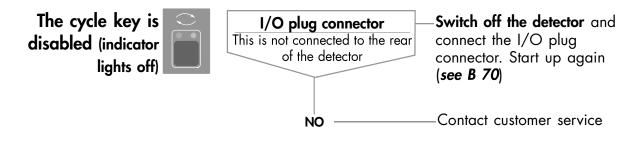


NO

(see F 40)

Contact customer service

#### **C**AUSE SYMPTOM REMEDY The cycle key is Filament off Press the filament key, filament key indicator the indicator light comes disabled (green light is off on. Otherwise, see D 60. indicator light on) NO LDS mode selected Release the LDS key to switch to vacuum test LDS key indicator is ON mode Contact customer service NO

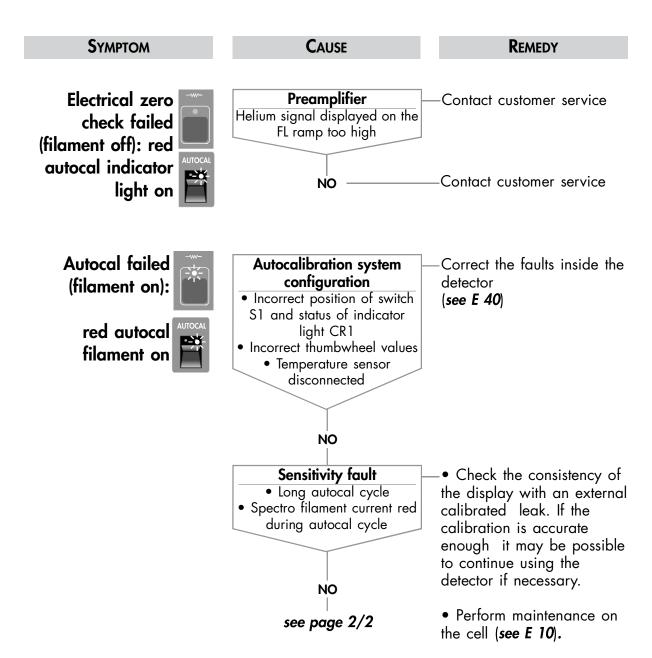


#### Note:

The cycle key green indicator light only indicates that autocalibration is valided. The fact that the indicator light is off does not inhibit the use of the cycle key.

### Faults at end of autocalibration

Note: if a printer or a micro-computer is connected to the RS232 interface (configured in printer mode), a default ticket is emitted which provides diagnostic assistance (**see B 30**).



### Faults at end of autocalibration

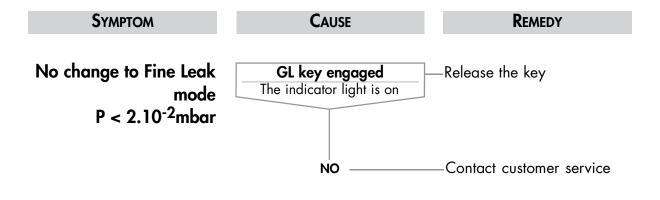
**C**AUSE REMEDY Helium background fault Check the consistency of Autocal cycle interrupted the display with an external High background out of test calibrated leak. If the (relative to internal calibrated calibration is accurate leak). enough it may be possible to continue using the detector if necessary. NO • Perform maintenance on the cell (see E 10). Peak fault Check the consistency of the display with an external • weak or non-existent calibrated leak. If the "oscillations" of the helium calibration is accurate signal during the autocal cycle enough it may be possible to continue using the detector if necessary. • Perform maintenance on the cell (see E 10) Contact customer service NO

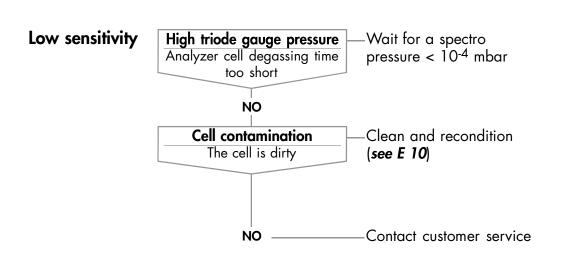
SYMPTOME

### Faults in sniffer mode

SYMPTOM CAUSE REMEDY The indicator light Circuit breaker switch Press the key to stop on the remote control The cycle key yellow the current cycle. unit does not come on. indicator light is on or the FL The LDS is started up in a LDS key engaged ramp is on. few seconds. Contact customer service The LDS helium signal LDS probe filter blocked Change the LDS probe filter. is less than Blocking the end of the LDS (see F 110) 5x10<sup>-6</sup> mbar l/s probe with your finger has litt-(LDS probe in ambient le effect on the helium signal. Changing complete probe corrects problem, NO Contact customer service LDS tube pinched or blocked • Blocking the end of the LDS probe with your finger has little effect on the helium signal. Changing complete probe corrects problem, Contact customer service NO Spectro indicator lights Recondition Hole in LDS tube Normal operation can be No He display Filament off restored when the probe is disconnected. Changing complete probe corrects problem, Contact customer service NO

## Helium measurement problem





### Helium measurement problem

**C**AUSE SYMPTOM REMEDY High background noise Leak inside the detector Eliminate the leak Leak visible during a Helium leak check. NO Vacuum line contamination Clean with alcohol or The lines are dirty or greasy replace them if necessary NO High triode gauge pressure Wait for a spectro pressure < 10-4 mbar Analyzer cell degassing time too short NO Cell contamination Clean and recondition The cell is dirty and polluted (see E 10) NO Ultimate pressure of Contact customer service MD4E or CP20 The dry roughing pump is defective Contact customer service NO

## Chapter E

## User's Manual ASM 180 TD/TD+ - ASM 181 TD+

# Maintenance sheets

	Analyzer cell maintenance	E 10
	Greasing the hybrid turbomolecular pump	E 20
	Greasing the molecular drag pump	E 30
_	Replacement / Recalibration of the detector	
	internal calibrated leak	E 40
	Autocalibration of the detector with an external	
	calibrated leak	E 50
_	MD4E membrane pump maintenance	E 60
-	CP20 Partial maintenance	E 70
	I/O interface board fuse replacement	E 80

The frequency of preventive maintenance is listed in D 10.

Components: P/N

Filament	053146
<b>Electron collector</b> (pack of 5)	068842
<b>Special seal wire</b> (10 meter roll)	083478

Tools: ..... Maintenance kit (see F 10)

### **Special precautions**



Disconnect the detector from the main power.



The VHS amplifier and the analyzer cell are very sensitive to any form of contamination and particularly to dust.

When assembling, to avoid gettering due to dust or finger prints, you are advised to work :

- in a clean room,
- on lent free paper,
- with unpowdered vinyl gloves (clean room gloves),
- to dust each part with filtered dry air,
- to block all the openings in the vacuum lines and the VHS preamplifier.

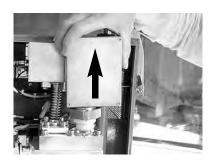


Every time the VHS preamplifier and the analyzer cell are disassembled, their special seals must be replaced.

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# Dismantle the VHS amplifier

- Disconnect electrically the VHS amplifier and the spectro cell (2 connectors).
- ullet Remove VHS amplifier from the cell by unscrewing the 2 cHc screws using the  $\varnothing$  6 allen wrench supplied in the maintenance case.



- Position carefully (head down) the VHS amplifier on a clean support (dust free).
- It is advisable to keep the electron miltiplier of the VHS lying down during all the removal in order to protect it from the dust

# Prepare the new special metal seal

Prepare special metal seal for the analyzer cell using the seal former (see **F 10 item 8**) or use an elastomer seal (optional) (see **F 110**).

The ends of the seal must only cross once (no twist).



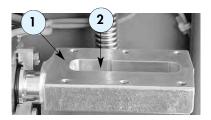
Check that the ends cross near one of the six screws holes, one end on either side of hole. Place the prepared seal on a flat surface protected from contamination.

## Cleaning the base of the cell

Unscrew the 6 screws and carefully extract the flange from the body (pull directly upwards).



There may be traces of metallic deposits in the internal duct in the cell base (2) to the right of the filament, in which case clean off with abrasive paper (180)



grade). Vacuum out any residue and complete the cleaning with alcohol.

Clean the special metal seal channel with alcohol (1).

Block the opening immediately with the seal former.



### Removing the filament

Remove the filament by unscrewing the retaining screw and loosening the 2 connection screws.

Retaining screw

Connection screws

## Removing the electron collector

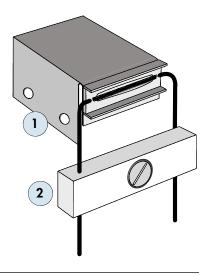
Remove the retaining screws.



# Replacing the filament and the electron collector

Install the electron collector (1) on the ionization chamber by partially tightening the two screws.

Install a new filament (2) by inserting the two wires into the connectors (do not tighten the latter)



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The correct condition and adjustment of these components are determining factors in maintaining the specifications of the detector.

# Adjusting the components

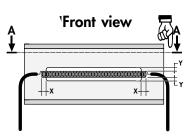
The insulator is perfectly seated on the two faces of the support.

The filament is centered in the electron collector (the same number of turns on each side of the collector opening - the **X** dimension in the front view diagram). Continue to adjust the collector so that the filament is vertically centered in the collector opening and is parallel to the opening (the **Y** dimension in the front view diagram).



Tighten the 2 collector retaining screws completely.

If necessary, fine adjust the parallelism between the axis of the filament and the axis of the collector oblong opening by adjusting the squareness of the collector (Work on the area marked is in the diagram).



Check that the filament is correctly aligned on the axis indicated by the section **AA** in the diagram. If necessary,



adjust one of the branches of the filament's two conductors located above the insulator to correct this alignment.

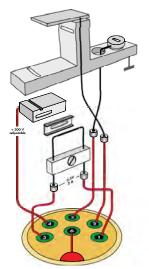
Tighten the filament electrical connections.

## Installing the analyzer cell metal seal

Place the metal seal in the cell body seal seat.

Check that the point where the 2 ends of the seal cross is located near a retaining screw, whith one end on either side (or use an elastomer seal)





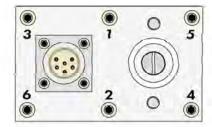
Electrical connections
JAEGER connector

- 1 Filament
- 2 Triode electrode
- 3 Braking electrode
- 4 Ionisation chamber
- 5 Filament
- 6 Ground

Check that no electrical conductor is located outside the area delimited by the guide piece. Install the cell, taking care to lower it into the duct without touching the sides. Install the 6 screws with their respective washers.



Tighten the 6 screws, in the sequence shown at right to a torque of **0.8 m.daN**.



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# Re-installing the VHS preamplifier

Prepare the metal seal for the preamplifier using the seal former. Install the seal and center it in the cell flange seal seat placing the point where the two ends cross near a retaining screw, one on either side.

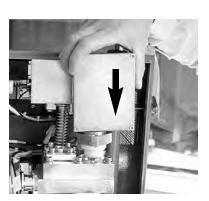


Position the VHS preamplifier carrefully on the cell..

Tighten the 2 screws progressively and alternately.

Torque: 1 m. daN.

Connect the VHS preamplifier to the cell electrically (2 connectors).

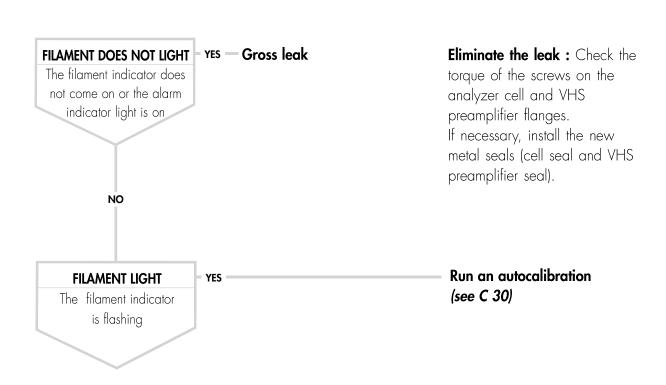


## Check the flanges for leaks

The detector must be on for a few minutes before leak

#### SYMPTOM AND CAUSE

#### **R**EMEDY



Spray helium to leak check the flanges of the analyzer cell and preamplifier. Eliminate any leaks as describe above.



The frequency of preventive maintenance is listed in D 10.

Components: P/N

### Accessing the bearings

Remove the rear cap from the pump (4 allen head screws).

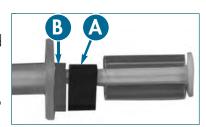
This cap is directly accessible from underneath the leak detector.



# Using the grease syringe

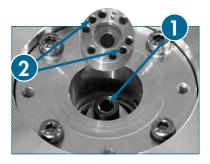
The grease syringe is equipped with a black clip **(A)** and a red clip **(B)**.

These clips are used as stops to control the amount of grease injected into the bearing.



# Greasing the front bearing

Remove black clip (A).
Push the grease syringe in through the screw hole (1) until it comes up against a stop. Inject grease pushing in the plunger until it stops at clip B.



# Greasing the rear bearing

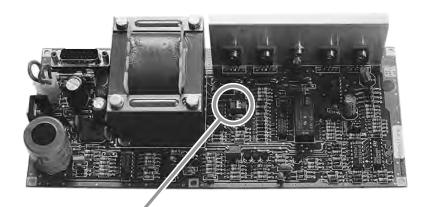
Remove the red clip **B** and distribute the grease between the injection points (smooth holes directly opposite each other: 2).

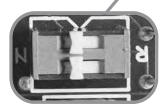
# Greasing the hybrid turbomolecular pump PTM 5154



# Distributing the grease in the bearings

Set the SW1 switch on the CD2 board to the break-in **(R)** position and run the detector for 10 minutes with it in this position. Then reset SW1 to its normal **(N)** position.





SW1 switch:R: Running-inN: Normal



The frequencies of preventive maintenance are listed in D 10.

Components: P/N

### Accessing the bearings

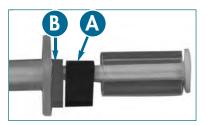
Remove the clips and use the extractor to take out the plug (see **F10 item 3**). Once the extractor is in place, pull it vertically.



# Using the grease syringe

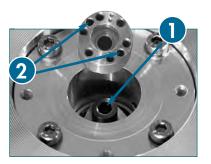
The grease syringe is equipped with a black clip **(A)** and a red clip **(B)**.

These clips are used as stops to control the amount of grease injected into the bearing.



# Greasing the front bearing

Remove black clip (A)
Push the grease syringe in
through the screw hole (1)
until it comes up against a
stop. Inject grease pushing in
the plunger until it stops at
clip B.



## Greasing the rear bearing

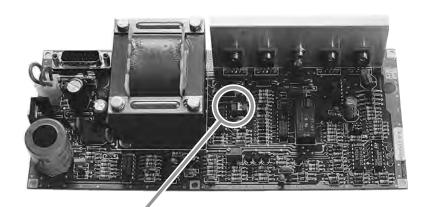
Remove the red clip **B** and distribute the grease between the injection points (smooth holes directly opposite each other : 2).

# Greasing the molecular drag pump MDP 5011



# Distributing the grease in the bearings

Set the SW1 switch on the CD2 board located in the rear cover to the break-in **(R)** position and run the detector for 10 minutes with it in this position. Then reset SW1 to its normal **(N)** position.





SW1 switch:R: Running-inN: Normal

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# Replacement / Recalibration of the detector internal calibrated leak

## The frequency of preventive maintenance is listed in D 10.

Components:

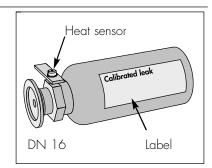
P/N

### Internal calibrated leak ......

101302

### Purpose of the calibrated internal leak

It enables the auto-calibration of the detector.
Autocalibration is triggered at start-up or when the AUTOCAL button is pressed on the control panel (see *C 30*).



### Frequency of internal leak "recalibration"

In order to ensure the reliability of the helium test, ALCATEL recommends to "recalibrating" the internal calibrated leak at least every 2 years (from the calibration date marked on the leak label and its calibration certificate).

# How to recalibrate the internal leak

Recalibration is generally performed using a comparative method with a reference standard. This work can only be performed in ALCATEL or other approved service centers. For this, therefore it is necessary to remove the internal calibrated leak from the detector.

# Removal of the internal calibrated leak

- Switch off the detector and disconnect it from the main power.
- Open the front cover of the detector (attached with 4 screws).
- Disconnect the heat sensor connector (3-pin connector).
- Disconnect the DN 16 flange and remove the calibrated leak.

Caution: Do not separate the heat sensor from the calibrated leak.

# Replacement / Recalibration of the detector internal calibrated leak

### Installation of a new internal calibrated leak

A "recalibrated" leak is returned to you with:

- a new value,
- a calibration certificate.

To install this new calibrated internal leak:

- Switch off the detector and unplug it from the main power.
- Install the leak:
- DN 16 connector,
- heat sensor.

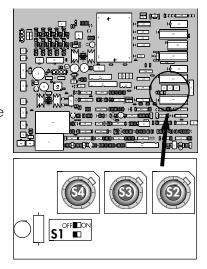
Before the front cover is closed, the new value of the leak must be entered.

# Entering the new internal calibrated leak value

This is carried out using the three thumbwheels located on the **supervisor board** placed in the front cover.

• Set, on the thumbwheels, the helium value of the calibrated leak at 20°C (marked on the leak label) as in the following example:

 $1.5.10^{-7}$  mbar.l/s or  $1.5 \times 10^{-7}$  atm.cm<sup>3</sup>/s



Set:

S4 to 1;

S3 to 5;

S<sub>2</sub> to<sub>7</sub>

The internal calibrated leak value must be between 1.0E-8 and 8.0E-6 mbar.l/s.

• Check that the switch S1 is set to OFF (adjacent red indicator light off, internal autocalibration enabled).

- Close the front cover (4 screws).
- Connect the detector to the main power.
- Switch it on: an autocalibration is performed automatically at the end of the start-up sequence.

It is recommended to repeat an autocalibration after 1 hour of operation when the temperature has stabilized inside the unit.

## Intensive use of the detector

In the case of intensive use of the detector, it is recommended to have a spare internal calibrated leak.

If this is not possible, the detector can still be used and auto-calibrated using an external calibrated leak (**see E 50**).

## Disconnecting the detector

Turn off the detector and unplug it from the main power. Open the front cover.

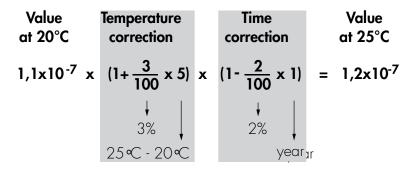
## Correcting the value of the external calibrated leak

It is recommended to correct this value as a function of the ambient temperature (the leak is assumed to have a stable temperature) and the time elapsed since its calibration date (marked on the leak label).

E.g.:

External calibrated leak of 1.1 x 10<sup>-7</sup> mbar.l/s helium at 20°C - calibrated 1st February 1994 - Ambient temperature 25°C - Temperature coefficient + 3 % per °C. - Annual loss 2 %

The leak value to be entered on 1st February 1995 is:



The value of the external calibrated leak entered must be between  $1.0x10^{-8}$  and  $8.0x10^{-6}$  inclusive.

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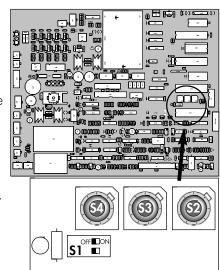
## Autocalibration of the detector with an external calibrated leak

## Entering the external calibrated leak value

This value is entered on the thumbwheels

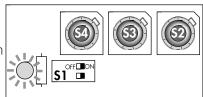
**\$2, \$3, \$4** located on the **supervisor board**.

• Set, on the thumbwheels, the helium value of the corrected calibrated leak



Set as example: S4 to 1; S3 to 2; S2 to 7 for a value of 1.2 x 10-7 mbar.l/s

Set the switch S1 on the main board to ON. The adjacent red indicator light comes on, in the external autocalibration position.



#### In this position:

- the internal autocalibration (in particular the control of the internal autocalibration system valves) is disabled.
- the automatic internal autocalibration is no longer performed at detector start-up.
- -Only the external autocalibration is authorized: it is started by pressing the AUTOCAL key, with the detector in test mode (see next pages).

## Switching on the detector again

Close the detector cover.

Connect the detector to the main power.

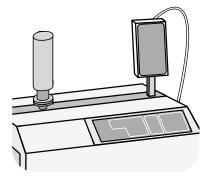
Switch on the detector.

#### Running a test

Connect the external calibrated leak directly to the detector inlet (if it is equipped with a valve, the valve should be open).



Start a test cycle. Allow the signal to stabilize for a few minutes.



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Note: external autocalibration can be performed either in GL or FL mode provided that the residual helium signal of the detector (background noise) is at least one decade less than the corrected value of the external calibrated leak. Internal autocalibration is performed systematically in FL mode (internal calibrated leak of approximately  $1\times10^{-7}$  mbar.l/s maximum).

## external calibrated leak

## Running the calibration



When the helium signal has stabilized in test mode, press the AUTOCAL key on the control panel.

The red indicator light comes on and flashes:

the external autocalibration is performed.

The result appears on the key indicator lights in the same way as for an internal autocalibration (**see C 30**). If the autocalibration fails, the red indicator light of the AUTOCAL key comes on, the previously saved settings are retained and the use of the detector is not disabled.

When the external autocalibration is completed, the test cycle can be interrupted and the external leak removed. The detector is ready for use.

If the internal calibrated leak will be removed for a long period of time, it is recommended to replace it with a DN 16 blank off to prevent dust from entering the lines.

Note: To return to the internal autocalibration, simply set Switch S1 on the monitor board to OFF and enter the value of the interna calibrated leak (at 20°C) on the thumbwheels S2, S3 and S4 (**see E 40**)



The frequency of the preventive maintenance tasks is listed in section D 10.

Components: P/N

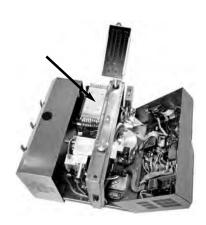
A membrane kit is included in the maintenance kit supplied with the detector (see F 10).

Tools required:

10 ,17 and 20mm thin spanner,
Phillips screwdriver ,
5mm allen wrench .

## Remove the membrane pump from the detector

- Switch off the detector and disconnect from the main power.
- Open the rear cover.
- Disconnect the membrane pump inlet port.
- Disconnect the power supply cable.
- D Unfasten the 3 nuts (2 fixing feet and 1 angle bracket) which secure it on the frame and remove the pump.

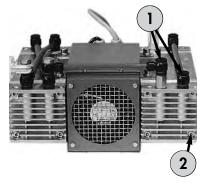


## Open the intake chamber

Unfasten the connectors (1) between the pumping stages.

Position the pump vertically.

Remove the 4 CHC screws (2) and remove the cover from the casing.

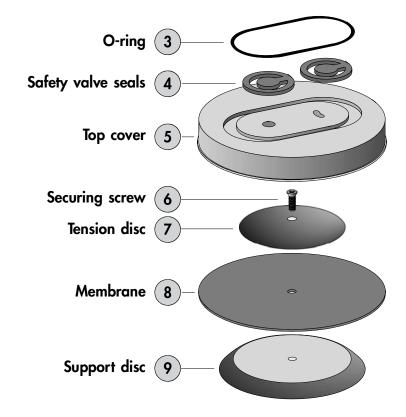


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## MD4E membrane pump maintenance



## The intake chamber components



## Dismantle the intake chamber

Remove the O-ring (3). Mark the position of the safety valve seals (4) and remove them.

Remove the top cover (5): if necessary, use the hole on the edge of the part.

Clean the soiled parts with alcohol or a solvent.





## Reassemble the intake chamber

Put the top cover in place. Position the safety valve seals as shown above. Close the chamber.

If the membrane is damaged, replace it (page 3).

## MD4E membrane pump maintenance



#### Change the membrane

Access the membrane

Remove the securing screw (6) (attached screw).
Remove the tension disc (7) using, if necessary, a tool (screwdriver, allen wrench) to detech the disc from the membrane.



Remove the membrane (8)

using a seal plate if necessary.

Clean

the bearing surfaces and the support disc (9).

Install a new membrane

Put a new membrane in place.

On top of it, position the tension disc.

Pour a drop of low thread braking fluid (loctite) on the screw

threads and secure the disc.

Reassemble the intake chamber

see page 2.

Repeat the operation on the other 3 intake chambers

Check that the pump is operating correctly

The pump itself must reach a limit pressure ≤ 3mbar.

If necessary, plan a gross leak test (with alcohol).

#### Partial maintenance of the CP 20 pump

The frequency of the preventive maintenance tasks is listed in section D 10.

Components: P/N

- Ball bearing 6001 CP (per 2)
- O'ring 200 02700 G2 T47501 FPM72 (inlet side ball bearing) (per 2)
- O'ring 300 09600 G2 T47501 FPM72 (stator)
- Grease tube D101 ultrathermique 200
- Plastic box "caubere" 6532 (rectangular)

Tools required:

Allen wrench Ø 3mm 3, 4mm 4 and 5mm 5, Open end wrench or ring spanner Ø 10 0, Phillips screwdriver 4.

#### Partial maintenance of the CP 20 pump

## Access to the CP 20 pump

On the ASM 180 TD+, the dismantling of the pump from the frame is not necessary to perform a partial maintenance.

Disconnect the detector power supply from mains (safety precaution).

#### ASM 180 TD+:

ASM 181 TD+:

Open the rear cover unscrewing the 4 fixing screws (hinge system provided).

Remove the side cover unscrewing the fixing screws.

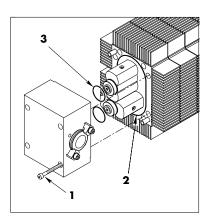




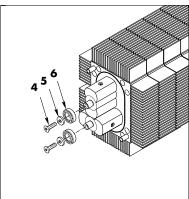
Disconnect the DN 25 pumping line near the CP 20 pump.



- **Disassembly** Disassemble the intake stator by removing its 4 attachment screws (1).
  - Remove the O-ring (2) and the 2 bearing O-rings (3) on the intake stator.

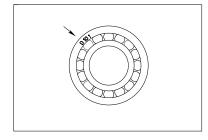


- $\blacksquare$  Remove the 2 screws (4) at the end of the shafts followed by the 2 washers (5) and extract the 2 bearings (6).









- Check the D101 mark on the new bearings. Fit them with the mark facing outwards, secure using the washers (5) and M5-12 FHc (allen head) screws (4).
- Clean and lightly grease the new O-rings and the bearing housings on the intake stator, fit 2 seals (3).



- Clean the groove of the O-ring on the pump body and fit a new seal (2).
- Position the intake stator on the pump body and secure it using 4 M6-70 CHc (allen head) screws (1).

## I/O interface board fuse replacement

Fuse specifications:

#### T 1.25A - 250V 5 x 20 mm

## Purpose of the interface board

It controls the I/O interface which is used to link the detector to an external control system.

On ASM 180 TD and ASM 180 TD+, it is located in the bottom part of the detector, protected by a stainless steel cover. On ASM 181 TD+, it is located on the rear inside the frame.

## Accessing the interface board

#### ASM 180 TD and ASM 180 TD+:

- Switch off the detector and disconnect all the connectors at the rear.
- Remove the rear cover and unfasten the 3 attachment screws of the stainless steel bottom cover located at the same level as the interface connectors on the frame.
- Open the front cover and unfasten the 4th screw located near the hybrid turbomolecular pump (oblong hole on the frame).
- At the bottom part of the detector, release the I/O interface board and the stainless steel protective cover on which it is attached.

#### ASM 181 TD+:

- Remove the rear and side cover.
- The I/O board is accessible at the rear inside of the frame near the Sub-D connectors.

#### 24 V output

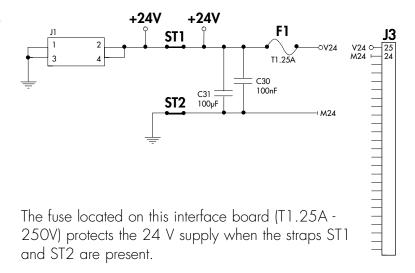
- A 24 V DC ouput is provided on this board (pins 24 and 25 of the I/O interface)
- This output can or cannot be selected using straps located on this board (ST1 and ST2).
- If these straps are present, the  $24~\rm V$  output is available on the pins  $24~\rm and~25~\rm of~J3$ .
- If there are no straps, an external power supply (coming from an automatic control system for example) should be provided (see B 20).

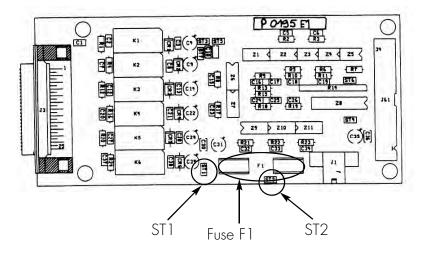
## I/O interface board fuse replacement



In case of the use of the detector with the jumper plug, ST1 and ST2 have to be present

#### Change the fuse





### Chapter F

#### User's Manual ASM 180 TD/TD+ - ASM 181 TD+

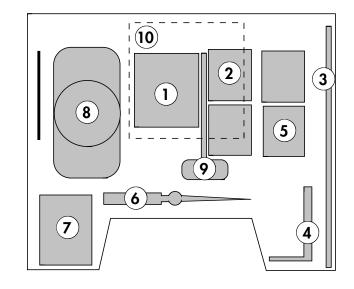
## Maintenance components

	Preventive maintenance components delivered	
	with the detector	F 10
	Monitoring and display	F 20
	Power and electrical supply	F 30
	Automatism and electronic circuits	F 40
	Measurement	F 50
	Pumping	F 60
	Valves	F 70
	Pipes	F 80
	Connections and seals	F 90
	Cover	F 100
_	Options and accessories	F 110
	Components summary	F 120

Maintenance kit delivered with the detector

**ASM 180 TD** ASM 180 TDi

P/N: 090201



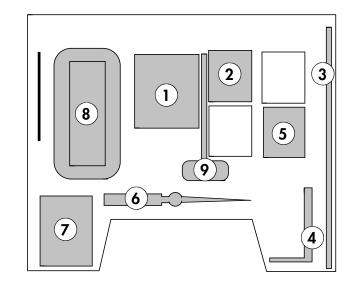
Item	Description	Quantity
1	Filament assembly	1
2	Tube including:	1
	Collector	5
	Stainless steel screw CS M2x4	1
3	Screw CHC M4x80	1
4	Allen wrench 5 mm	1
5	PI1 spare gauge	1
6	Screwdriver	1
7	Tube including:	1
	Aluminium gasket	1
	Lead gasket (L=1 m)	1
	Fuse slow/blow 5x20 0.5A	1
	Fuse slow/blow D1TD 5x20 1.25A	2
	Fuse slow/blow D1TD 5x20 3.15A	1
	Fuse slow/blow D1TD 5x20 6.3A	1
	Fuse slow/blow D1TD 5x20 10A	1
8	Block - Seal former	1
9	Straight FACOM 5 & 6 mm Allen keys	2
10	Membrane kit	1

## Preventive maintenance components delivered with the detector

Maintenance kit delivered with the detector

**ASM 180 TD+** ASM 180 TD+i **ASM 181 TD+** 

P/N: 104434



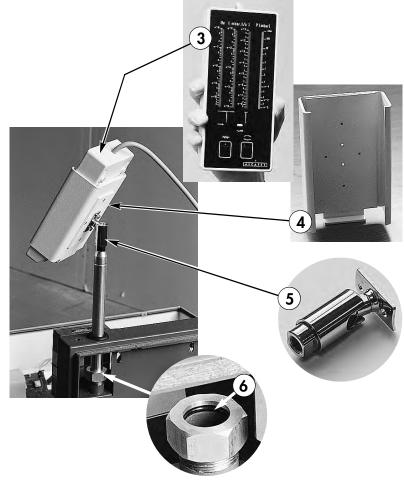
Item	Description	Quantity
1	Filament assembly	1
2	Tube including:	1
	Collector	5
	Stainless steel screw CS M2x4	1
3	Screw CHC M4x80	1
4	Allen wrench 5 mm	1
5	PII spare gauge	1
6	Screwdriver	1
7	Tube including:	1
	Aluminium gasket	1
	Lead gasket (L = 1 m)	1
	Fuse slow/blow 5x20 0.5A	2
	Fuse slow/blow 5x20 1.25A	2
	Fuse slow/blow 5x20 3.15A	1
	Fuse slow/blow 5x20 5x20 6.3A	1
	Fuse slow/blow 5x20 5x20 10A	1
8	Block - Seal former	1
9	Straight FACOM 5 & 6 mm Allen keys	2

### Monitoring and display\*





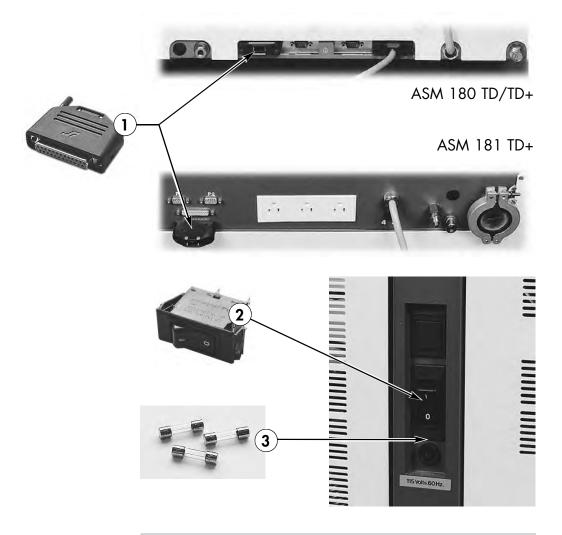
Edition 04 - September 97



Item	Description	P/N
1	Remote control unit	101299
2	Elapsed time counter	037861
3	Remote control unit 3.5 m	101496
	or remote control unit 7 m	104286
	or remote control unit 25 m	104287
4	Holder	090211
5	Ball and socket joint	090172
6	Clamping O-ring	082116

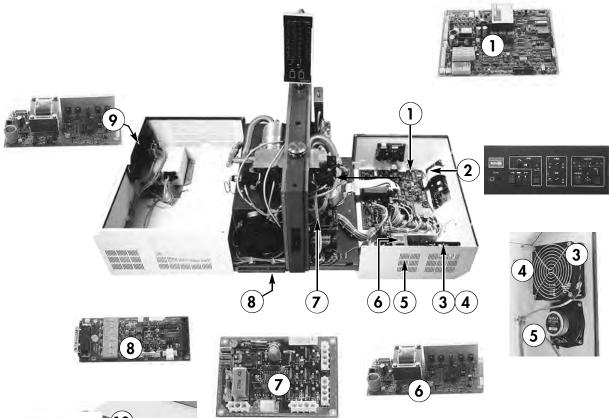
\* Applies to ASM 180 TD and ASM 180 TD+

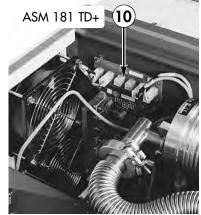
#### Power and electrical supply



Item	Description	P/N
1	Jumper plug (Sub D 25 pins)	101824
2	Breaker switch:	
	100/115V : 8A (180TD)	101779
	200/220/240V : 4A (180TD)	101781
	100/115V: 16A (180TD+ - 181TD+)	101780
	200/220/240V : 8A (180TD+ - 181TD+)	101779
3	Fuse:	
	100/115V : T6.3A (180TD/TD+ 181TD+)	060855
	200/220/115V : T3.15A (180TD/TD+ 181TD+)	060860

#### Automatism and electronic circuits

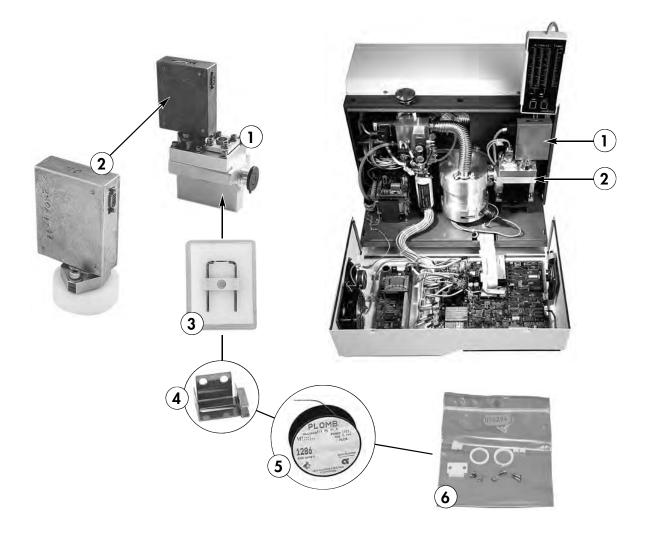




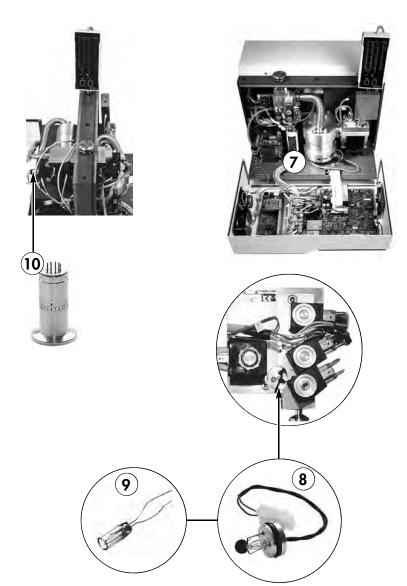
Item	Description	P/N
1	PO316E1 - Supervisor board	*
2	Control panel assembly	101299
3	Fan	101094
4	Fan protective grid	*
5	8 $\Omega$ loud speaker	060097
6	POO90 - CD2/TMP5154 power supply board	072402
7	PO318 - Booster board	104153
8	P0195 - I/O Interface board	101404
9	POO90 - CD2/MDP5011 power supply board	072402
10	PO191E1 - Distribution board (ASM 181 TD+)	100436

<sup>\*</sup> Contact customer service

#### Measurement



Item	Description	P/N
1	Complete VHS analyser cell	072493
	with lead seal (without magnet)	
2	Electron multiplier amplifier (VHS)	072494
3	Filament	053146
4	Electron collector (set of 5)	068842
5	Lead gasket (10 meter)	083478
6	Accessories kit (analyzer cell)	090294



Measurement

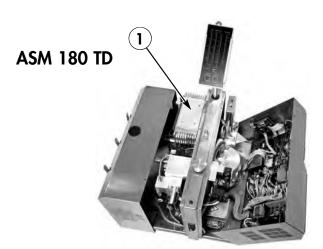


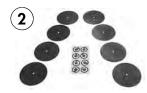
Item	Description	P/N
8 9	Calibrated leak Fe 1407 with thermal probe Aluminium PI1 gauge Spare filament for PI1 (set of 5) Aluminium PI3C gauge	101302 795706 068835 786434

#### **Pumping**

#### MD4E membrane pump











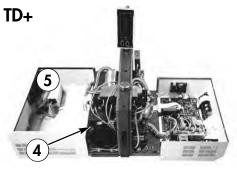
Item	Description	P/N
1	MD4E membrane pump:	
	100 V - 50/60 HZ	062980
	220/240 V - 50/60 HZ	062981
	120 V - 50/60 HZ	062982
	200 V - 50/60 HZ	062984
2	Seals kit for MD4E	062968
	membrane pump	
3	a: MD4E Shock absorber (per unit)	101554
	b: MD4E Shock absorber (per unit)	101555

#### **Pumping**

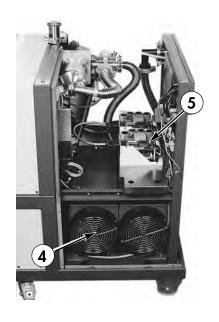
CP20 pump



**ASM 180 TD+** 



**ASM 181 TD+** 

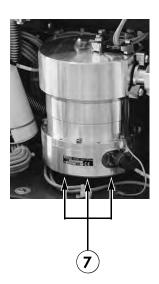


Item	Description	P/N
4	CP 20 pump	*
	CP 20 pump controller	*
-	Partial maintenance kit CP 20 including:	103499
	2 ball bearings 6001 CP	
	2 O-rings 2 x Ø 27	
	1 O-ring 3 x Ø 96	
	1 grease tube 10 g	
	1 plastic box	

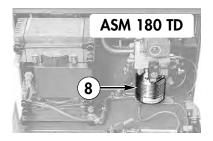
#### **Pumping**

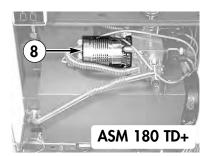












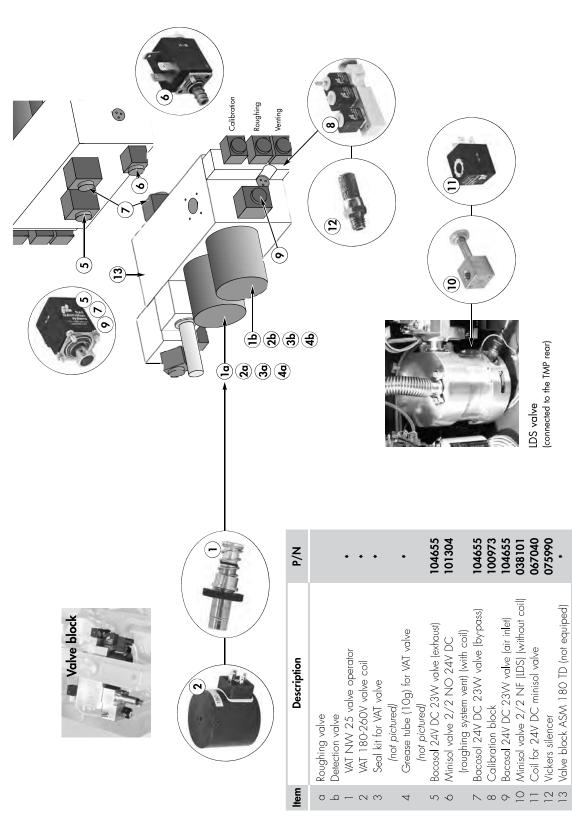




Item	Description	P/N
6	TMP 5154 - Standard seal	798023
7	TMP 5154 - Shock absorber	055232
8	MDP 5011	795600
9	Greasing syringe for	056993
	TMP 5154 and MDP 5011	

## Valves

## **ASM 180 TD**



Contact customer service

(connected to the TMP rear)

LDS valve

Alcatel Vacuum Technology France - ASM 180 TD/TD+ - ASM 181 TD+ User's Manual

## Valves

## ASM 180 TD+ ASM 181 TD+





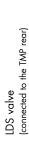
A/N
Description

1b 2b 3b 4b

P/N			*	*	*		*		104655	100973	104655	038101	067040	104426	*	075990
Description	Roughing valve Detection valve	By-pass valve	VAT NW 25 valve operator	VAT 180-260V valve coil	Seal kit for VAT valve	(not pictured)	Grease tube (10g) for VAT valve	(not pictured)	Bacosol 24V DC 23VV valve (exhaust)	Calibration block	Bacosol 24V DC 23W valve (air inlet)	Minisol valve 2/2 NF (LDS) (without coil)	Coil for 24V DC minisol valve	Non injection TD+ plug	Valve block ASM 180 TD+ (not equiped)	Vickers silencer
ltem	۵ ۵	U	_	7	m		4		2	9	_	$\infty$	0	9	=	12

5%%**4** 

\* Contact customer service



#### **Pipes**



Item	Description	P/N
1	Inlet filter NW 25 (without seal)	072857
2	Diaphragm NW 25 (without seal)	*
3	Silencer 1/4	101552
4	Inlet adaptor NW 25-NW40 - 180 TD+	*
	Inlet adaptor NW 25-NW40 - 180 TD	*
5	Rilsan tube Ø 6	*
6	PVC tube 4 x 2	*
7	Flexible tube NW 16 (lenght 250 mm)	068369
8	Stainless steel tube NW 25/NW 40	101539
9	CP 20 pipe	*
10	CP 20 pipe plug	*

<sup>\*</sup> Contact customer service

#### **Connections and Seals**

#### Seals



Item	Description	P/N
1	O-ring NW 16 O-ring NW 25 O-ring (block valve blank off) (16.9 x Ø2.7)	079237 079238 082113
	O-ring NW 40 O-ring NW 63 Calibration block O-ring (8 x Ø1.9)	082129 082140 082195

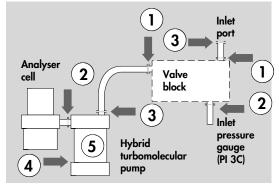
#### Cover



Item	Description	P/N
1	Lifting ring (per unit)	076192
2	Stopper for frame (per unit)	075940
3	Heyco stopper (per unit)	082922
4	ASM 180 Compact version wheel	101816
	(per unit) (pivoting)	
	ASM 181 Consol version wheel (per unit):	
5	Rear wheel (fixed)	101528
6	Front wheel (pivoting with brake)	101529

#### Metal seals

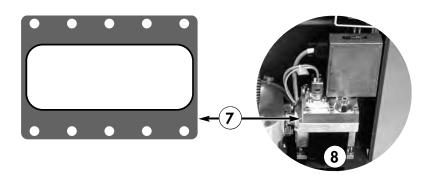








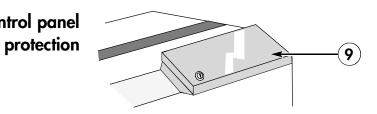
#### Cell elastomer seal



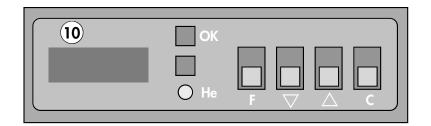
Item	Description	P/N
1	Seal NW 25 helicoflex	100745
2	Seal NW 25 helicoflex (with colaret)	079934
3	Seal NW 40 helicoflex	101492
4	Seal DI 128.7 helicoflex (for TMP 5154)	079089
5	TMP 5154 NW 40 metal	798024
6	Seals kit for TMP 5154 metal	*
7	Cell elastomer seal	102823
8	Complete analyzer cell VHS with	
	elestomer seal (without magnet)	*

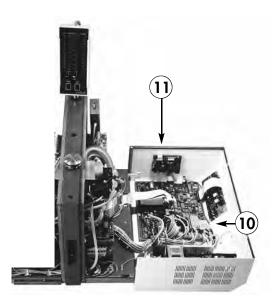
<sup>\*</sup> Contact customer service

## **Control panel**



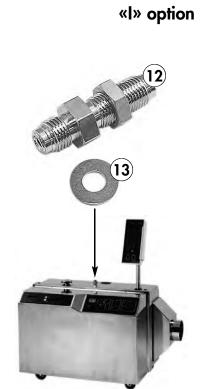
### **Alphanumeric Control** and Display Panel (ACDP)

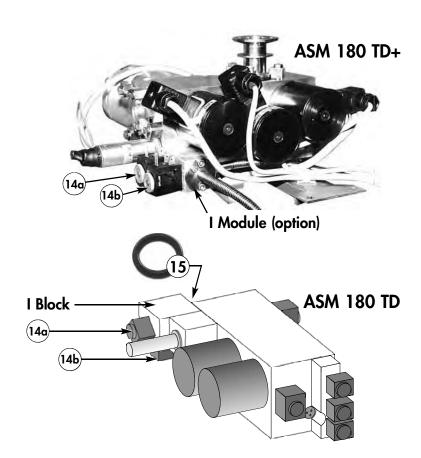




Item	Description	P/N
	Protective cover of control panel ACDP control assembly	100348
11	RS 232 board for ACDP	*

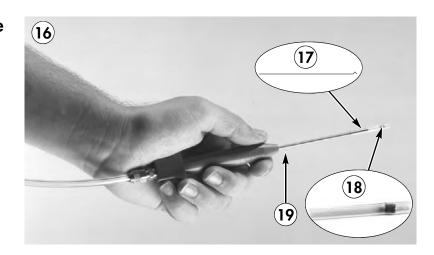
<sup>\*</sup> Contact customer service



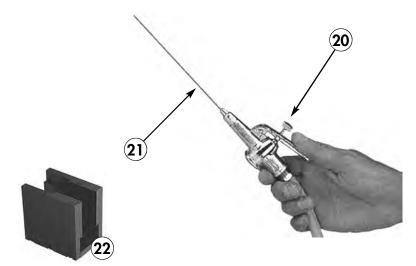


Item	Description	P/N
13 a	VCR Cajon connector Metal seal Cajon for «I» option Injection valve	101583 101584
b 14	Roughing valve Minisol valve 2/2 NF for «I» option (with coil)	101303
15	TDI, TD+I Block O-ring «I» option switch (not pictured) 529C 24V bulb for «I» option switch (not pictured)	082111 102826 102827

#### LDS probe



#### Spray gun



#### 3 masses magnet

Item	Description	P/N
16	LDS probe (5 meter tube)	072301
17	LDS spare needle	072606
18	LDS spare filter (set of 5)	068843
19	LDS spare metal tube	067838
20	Spray gun	083465
21	Spray gun spare nozzle	083446
22	3 Masses magnet	*

<sup>\*</sup> Contact customer service

#### **Components summary**

	Description	P/N
Maintenance kit delivered with the detector (F10)	Maintenance kit ASM 180 TD Maintenance kit ASM 180 TD+	090201 104434
Monitoring and display (F20)	Ball and socket joint Clamping O-ring Elapsed time counter Holder Remote control unit Remote control unit 3.5 m or remote control unit 7 m or remote control unit 25 m	090172 082116 037861 090211 101298 101496 104286 104287
Power and electrical supply (F30)	Breaker switch: 100/115V: 8A (180TD) 200/220/240V: 4A (180TD) 100/115V: 16A (180TD+-181TD+) 200/220/240V: 8A (180TD+-181TD+) Fuse: 100/115V: T3,15A (180TD/TD+-181TD+) 200/220/115V: T6,3A (180TD/TD+-181TD+) Jumper plug (Sub D 25 pins)	101779 101781 101780 101779 060855 060860 101824
Automatism and electronic circuits (F40)	8 Ω loud speaker Control panel assembly Fan Fan protective grid P0090 - CD2/MDP 5011 power supply board P0090 - CD2/TMP 5154 power supply board P0191E1 - Distribution board (ASM 181TD+) P0195 - I/O Interface board P0316E1 - Supervisor board P0318 - Booster board	060097 101299 101094 056067 072402 072402 100436 101404 *

<sup>\*</sup> Contact customer service

#### **Components summary**

	Description	P/N
Measurement (F50)	Accessories kit (analyzer cell) Aluminium P11 gauge Aluminium P13C gauge Calibrated leak Fe1407 with thermal probe Complete VHS analyzer cell with lead seal (without magnet) Electron collector (set of 5) Electron multiplier amplifier (VHS) Filament Lead gasket (10 meter)	090294 795706 786434 101302 072493 068842 072494 053146 083478
	Spare filament for PI1 (set of 5)	068835
Pumping (F60)	CP 20 pump controller Greasing syringe for TMP 5154 and MDP 5011 MD4E membrane pump: 100 V - 50/60 HZ 220/240 V - 50/60 HZ 120 V - 50/60 HZ 200 V - 50/60 HZ MDP 5011 MD4E Shock absorber (type a per unit) MD4E Shock absorber (type b per unit) Partial maintenance kit CP 20 including: 2 ball bearings 6001 CP 1 grease tube 10 g 2 0-rings 2 x Ø 27 1 0-ring 3 x Ø 96 1 plastic box	* 056993  062980 062981 062982 062984 795600 101554 101555 103499
	Seals kit for MD4E	062968
	membrane pump TMP 5154 - Standard seal TMP 5154 - Shock absorber	798023 055232

<sup>\*</sup> Contact customer service

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	Description	P/N
Valves (F70)	Bacosol 24V DC 23W valve (air inlet) Bacosol 24V DC 23W valve (by-pass) Bacosol 24V DC 23W valve (exhaust) Calibration block Coil for 24V DC minisol valve Minisol valve 2/2 NC (LDS) (without coil) Minisol valve 2/2 NO 24V DC (roughing system vent) (with coil) Non injection TD+ plug Roughing valve (a) Detection valve (b) By-pass valve (c) Grease tube (10g) for WAT valve (not pictured) Seal kit for VAT valve (not pictured) VAT 180/260V valve coil VAT NWV 25 valve operator Valve block ASM 180 TD (not equiped) Vickers silencer	104655 104655 104655 100973 067040 038101 101304 104426
Pipes (F80)	CP 20 pipe CP 20 pipe plug Diaphragm NW 25 (without seal) Flexible tube NW 16 (lenght 250 mm) Inlet adaptor NW 25-NW40 - 180 TD Inlet adaptor NW 25-NW40 - 180 TD+ Inlet filter NW 25 (without seal) PVC tube 4 x 2 Rilsan tube Ø 6 Silencer 1/4 Stainless steel tube NW 25/NW 40	* 068369  * 072857  * 101552 101539
Connections and Seals (F90)	Calibration block 0-ring (8 x Ø1.9) O-ring (block valve blank off) (16.9 x Ø2.7) O-ring NW 16 O-ring NW 25 O-ring NW 40 O-ring NW 63	082195 082113 079237 079238 082129 082140

	Description	P/N
Cover (F100)	Heyco stopper (per unit) Lifting ring (per unit) Stopper for frame (per unit) ASM 180 TD/TD+ wheel (per unit) (pivoting) ASM 181 TD+ wheel (per unit): Rear wheel (fixed) Front wheel (pivoting with brake)	082922 076192 075940 101816 101528 101529
Options and accessories (F110)	ACDP control assembly 529C 24V bulb for «I» option switch (not pictured)	* 102827
	Cell elastomer seal Complete analyzer cell VHS with elastomer seal (without magnet)	102823
	«I» Option switch (not pictured)	102826
	LDS spare filter (set of 5)	068843
	LDS spare needle LDS probe (5 meter tube)	072606 072301
	LDS spare metal tube 3 Masses magnet	067838
	Metal seal cajon for «I» option	101584
	Minisol valve 2/2 NF (with coil) for Injection valve for «I» option (a) Roughing valve for «I» option (b)	101303
	Protective cover of control panel RS 232 board for ACDP	100348
	Seal NW 25 helicoflex	100745
	Seal NW 25 helicoflex (with colaret) Seal NW 40 helicoflex	079934 101492
	Seal DI 128.7 helicoflex (for TMP 5154)	079089
	Seals kit for TMP 5154 metal	*
	Spray gun	083465
	Spray gun spare nozzle TDI, TD+I Block O-ring	083446 082111
	TAAD 5154 NIA/ 40	700004

**Components summary** 

TMP 5154 NW 40 metal

VCR Cajon connector

798024

101583

<sup>\*</sup> Contact customer service

### Chapter G

#### User's Manual ASM 180 TD/TD+ - ASM 181 TD+

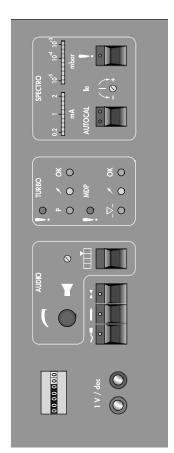
#### **Appendix**

View of the operator interface	<b>G</b> 10
Recording curve	G 20

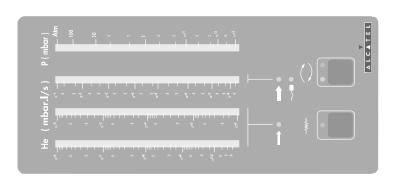
View of the operator interface

# The purpose of this sheet is to identify the activated keys or parts of the operator interface while the detector is in operation.

## CONTROL PANEL



# REMOTE CONTROL UNIT



# Recording curve

The purpose of this sheet is to show the logarithmic respor curve of the analogue output located on the control panel

# Analog output chart

:		:	ָּ ֖֡				:	- 1
Volts	Signal He FL	Signal He GL	S S	Signal He FL	Signal He GL	Volts	Signal He FL	5
0,10	3,07E-12	3,07E-10	2,25	1,64E-08	1,64E-06	4,40	2,50E-06	
0,15	1,12E-11	1,12E-09	2,30	1,85E-08	1,85E-06	4,45	2,81E-06	
0,20	2,08E-11	2,08E-09	2,35	2,08E-08	2,08E-06	4,50	3,15E-06	
0,25	3,20E-11	3,20E-09	2,40	2,35E-08	2,35E-06	4,55	3,53E-06	
0,30	4,51E-11	4,51E-09	2,45	2,64E-08	2,64E-06	4,60	3,97E-06	
0,35	6,03E-11	6,03E-09	2,50	2,98E-08	2,98E-06	4,65	4,45E-06	Ĺ
0,40	7,80E-11	7,80E-09	2,55	80-35E'E	3,35E-06	4,70	5,00E-06	·
0,45	9,84E-11	9,84E-09	2,60	3,77E-08	3,77E-06	4,75	5,61E-06	
0,50	1,22E-10	1,22E-08	2,65	4,25E-08	4,25E-06	4,80	6,29E-06	
0,55	1,49E-10	1,49E-08	2,70	4,78E-08	4,78E-06	4,85	7,06E-06	
09'0	1,80E-10	1,80E-08	2,75	2,38E-08	5,38E-06	4,90	7,93E-06	
0,65		2,16E-08	2,80	80-350'9	6,05E-06	4,95	8,89E-06	
0,70	2,57E-10	2,57E-08	2,85	80-318'9	6,81E-06	2,00	90-386'6	
0,75	3,04E-10	3,04E-08	2,90	80-399' <i>L</i>	7,66E-06	5,10	1,26E-05	
0,80	3,57E-10	3,57E-08	2,95	8,61E-08	8,61E-06	5,20	1,58E-05	
0,85	4,18E-10	4,18E-08	3,00	80-389'6	9,68E-06	5,30	1,99E-05	
06'0	4,88E-10	4,88E-08	3,05	1,09E-07	1,09E-05	5,40	2,51E-05	
96'0	5,67E-10	5,67E-08	3,10	1,22E-07	1,22E-05	2,50	3,16E-05	
1,00	6,56E-10	6,56E-08	3,15	1,38E-07	1,38E-05	2,60	3,98E-05	
1,05	7,58E-10	7,58E-08	3,20	1,55E-07	1,55E-05	2,70	5,01E-05	
1,10	8,74E-10	8,74E-08	3,25	1,74E-07	1,74E-05	2,80	6,31E-05	
1,15	1,00E-09	1,00E-07	3,30	1,95E-07	1,95E-05	2,90	7,94E-05	
1,20	1,15E-09	1,15E-07	3,35	2,19E-07	2,19E-05	6,00 6	1,00E-04	
1,25	1,32E-09	1,32E-07	3,40		2,46E-05	6,10	1,26E-04	
1,30	1,51E-09	1,51E-07	3,45			6,20	1,58E-04	
1,35	1,73E-09	1,73E-07	3,50		3,11E-05	6,30	2,00E-04	
1,40	1,97E-09	1,97E-07	3,55	3,49E-07	3,49E-05	6,40	2,51E-04	
1,45		2,25E-07	3,60	3,92E-07	3,92E-05	6,50	3,16E-04	$\perp$
1,50	2,56E-09	2,56E-07	3,65	4,40E-07	4,40E-05	0,60	3,98E-04	
رر <del>ا</del>	2,91E-09	2,91E-07	2/0	4,93E-07	4,93E-03	0 0	3,01E-04	
20/1	3,30E-09	3,30E-07	0 0	7,33E-07	2,33E-03	00,4	7 0 A E O A	
1,5	4.25F-09	4 25F-07	3,85	7.00F-07	7.00F-05	200	1,74E-04	
1.75		4,82E-07	3,00	7.86E-07	7,86E-05	7.10	1,26E-03	
1,80		5,46E-07	3,95	8,83E-07	8,83E-05	7,20	1,58E-03	
1,85	6,18E-09	6,18E-07	4,00	9,91E-07	9,91E-05	7,30	2,00E-03	
1,90	6,99E-09	6,99E-07	4,05	1,11E-06	1,11E-04	7,40	2,51E-03	
1,95	7,91E-09	7,91E-07	4,10	1,25E-06	1,25E-04	7,50	3,16E-03	
2,00	8,93E-09	8,93E-07	4,15	1,40E-06	1,40E-04	7,60	3,98E-03	
2,05	1,01E-08	1,01E-06	4,20	1,57E-06	1,57E-04	2,70	5,01E-03	
2,10	1,14E-08	1,14E-06	4,25	1,77E-06	1,77E-04	7,80	6,31E-03	
2,15	1,29E-08	1,29E-06	4,30	1,98E-06	1,98E-04	2,90	7,94E-03	
2,20	1,45E-08	1,45E-06	4,35	2,23E-06	2,23E-04	8 00 8	1,00E-02	

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