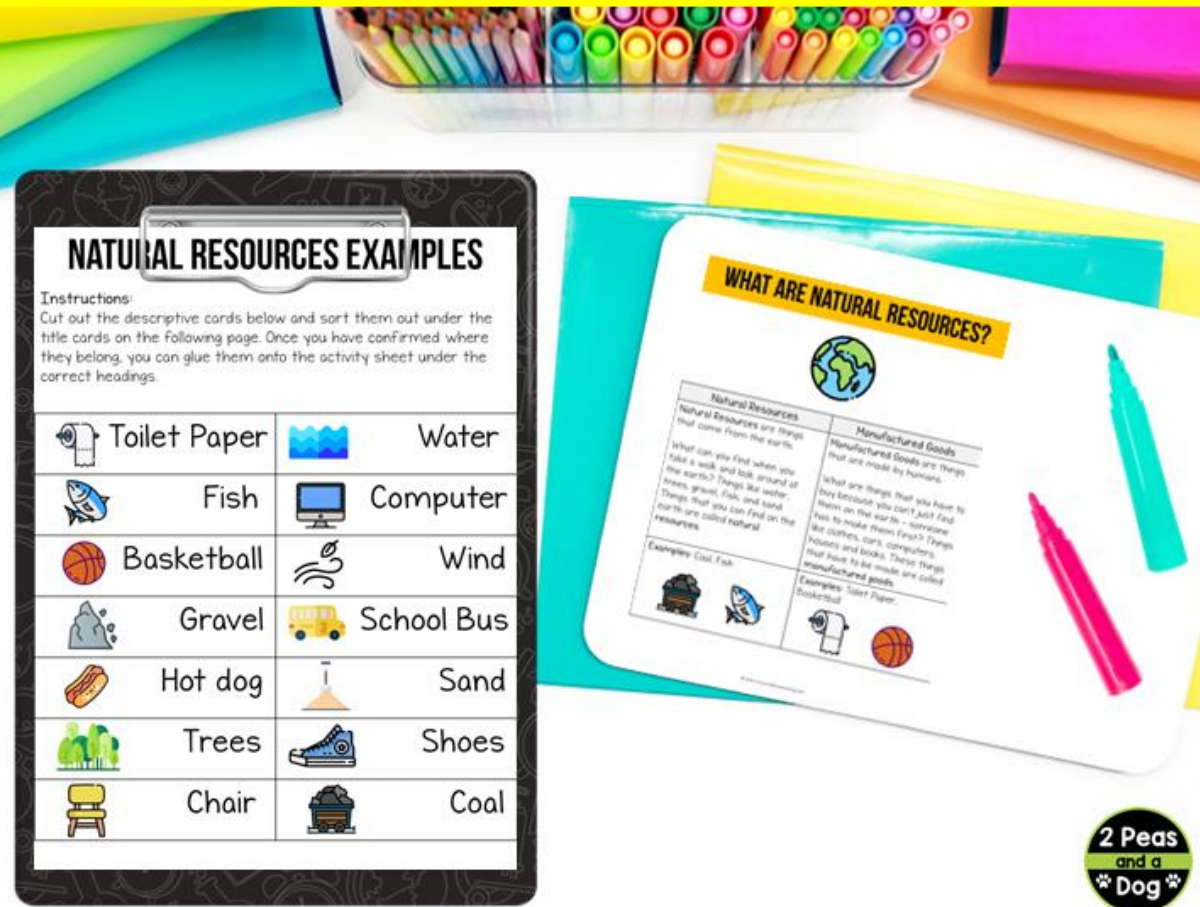


# GRADE 7 GEOGRAPHY STRAND B MODIFIED

## PDF & DIGITAL FORMATS



# RESOURCE INCLUDES



- ✓ 14 Engaging Modified Lessons
- ✓ Detailed Lesson Plans
- ✓ Answer Keys
- ✓ MP3 Audio Files of Student Readings
- ✓ Quizzes & Assessment
- ✓ PDF & Google Slides™ Formats

# 2 Peas and a Dog

Middle School Teaching Resources

# WHAT'S INSIDE?



## Strand B Lesson Overview

1. Introduction: Canada: A Land of Natural Resources (Cut and Match & Journal Entry)
2. Natural Resources and Manufactured Goods (Reading & Cut and Match)
3. Natural Resources in Canada (Reading & Cut and Match)
4. Natural Resources in the World (Reading & Sorting)
5. Needs vs. Wants (Reading & Sorting)
6. Natural Resource Types (Reading, Writing, Sort & Match)
7. Natural Resources Quiz
8. Natural Resource Perspectives (Modified Inquiry)
9. Current Events (Summarizing Skills)
10. Mining Techniques (Reading & Fill in the Blanks)
11. Forestry Techniques (Pictorial Sequencing Assignment)
12. Natural Resource Extraction (Modified Inquiry)
13. Eco-Friendly Energy (Reading & True or False)
14. Personal Plan of Action (Personal Monitoring Project)

# WHAT'S INSIDE?



## INTRODUCTION



### Canada: A Land of Natural Resources

#### Lesson Overview:

Students will watch a video to gain background information and insight into the importance of natural resources to the Canadian economy. After watching the video, students will complete a brief activity on the provided worksheets.

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## LESSON PLANS

#### Teacher Instructions:

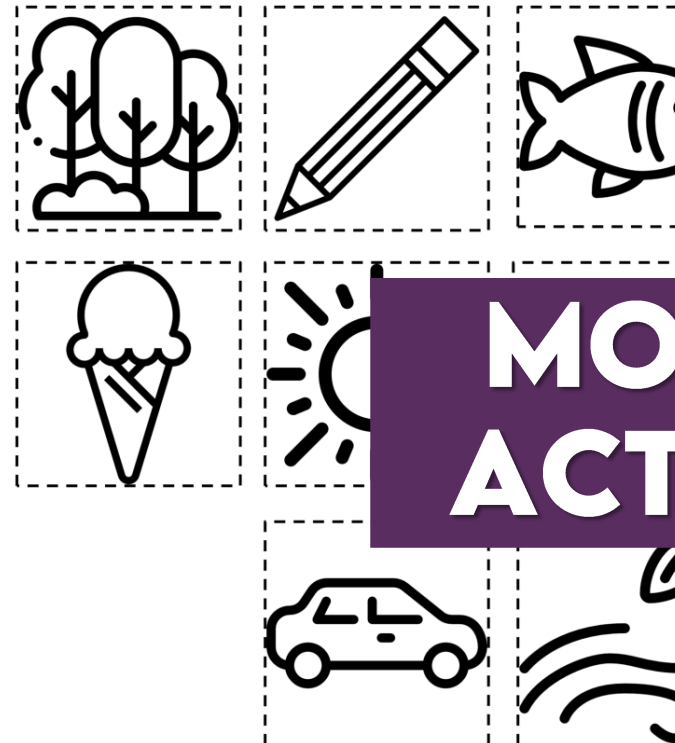
1. Watch the video - "This Land is Your Land".
2. Provide students with a few minutes to discuss the types of natural resources that they saw in the video.
3. Students can complete the graphic organizer by cutting out images of things that they saw in the video and gluing them on the page called "Canada's Natural Resources".
4. Have students reflect on the 4 natural resources shown on the journal page "Which Do I Use the Most?". Students can choose which natural resource they think they use the most in their daily lives. They can either write their ideas or explain orally why they chose the one that they did.

## GRAPHIC ORGANIZER:

### CANADA'S NATURAL RESOURCES

#### Instructions:

1. Choose the images below that are examples of natural resources that you saw in the video "This Land is Your Land".
2. Colour them, cut them out, and paste them on the graphic organizer page.



## MODIFIED ACTIVITIES

### CANADA'S NATURAL RESOURCES



# WHAT'S INSIDE?



## ANSWER KEY

Natural Resource  
Examples

Manufactured Goods

Water  
Fish  
Wind  
Gravel  
Sand  
Tree  
Coal

## SAMPLE ANSWERS

Pros Real Christmas Trees	Cons Real Christmas Trees
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Fresh smell</li> <li>▪ Family tradition</li> <li>▪ Farmers keep jobs</li> <li>▪ Can be composted</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ More expensive</li> <li>▪ Harder to set up</li> <li>▪ Need to be watered</li> <li>▪ Possible fire hazard</li> </ul>
Pros Fake Christmas Trees	Cons Fake Christmas Trees
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Less expensive</li> <li>▪ Can be used over and over</li> <li>▪ Easy to set up</li> <li>▪ Come in different sizes and colours</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Don't smell as nice</li> <li>▪ Cannot be composted when you are done with it</li> <li>▪ Chemicals can be dangerous to your health</li> </ul>

**ANSWER KEYS**

## CHRISTMAS TREES INQUIRY



Inquiry Question  
Which type of Christmas tree is best for the environment?

Watch



Watch the video that talks about the environmental impact of Christmas trees.

Read



Read the Christmas tree inquiry. Then complete each type of Christmas tree.

## PERSONAL PLAN OF ACTION 21 DAY MAKE-A-DIFFERENCE CHALLENGE

Scientists have figured out that it takes 21 days in a row to create a new habit. Your challenge is to create a new habit that will help save the earth's natural resources.



**MODIFIED ASSIGNMENTS**

ones.

- ✓ Pick up litter every day as you walk to school or around the schoolyard.
- ✓ Only charge your devices during off-peak hours.
- ✓ Set a timer during your showers and try to decrease your time every day.

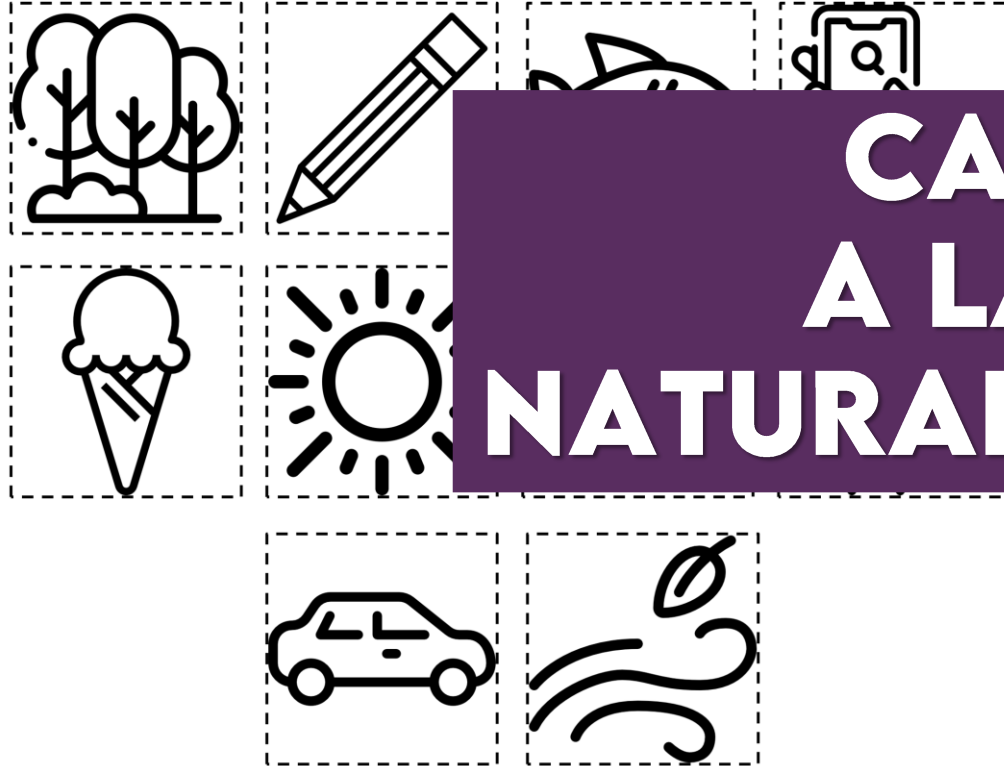
# INTRODUCTION



## GRAPHIC ORGANIZER: CANADA'S NATURAL RESOURCES

Instructions:

1. Choose the images below that are examples of the natural resources that you saw in the video "This Land is Your Land".
2. Colour them, cut them out, and paste them on the graphic organizer page.



## CANADA'S NATURAL RESOURCES



Canada is a country that is very rich in natural resource. Trees, water, fish, and rocks are four examples of resources that you saw in the video. Describe which one of these resources you think you use the most out of all of the and what things you use it for.

## CANADA: A LAND OF NATURAL RESOURCES

\_\_\_\_\_ the mo

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

This unit is for classroom teachers who are required to teach the Grade 7 Geography Ontario Curriculum but have students working significantly below grade level in reading, writing, and comprehension.



# LESSON 3 & 4





## NATURAL RESOURCES IN THE WORLD SYMBOLS ACTIVITY

Instructions:

On the activity page, under the name of each of these countries, draw the symbols that show which natural resources the country has.

1. The United States
2. France
3. China

## NATURAL RESOURCES IN THE WORLD

Forestry	
Hydroelectricity	

## NEEDS VS. WANTS



It is human nature to want things. We often want to have the newest video games or the nicest clothes. But we do not need these things to stay alive. It is important to understand the difference between a need and a want.

Needs are things that we cannot live

## NEEDS VS. WANTS



things that make our lives easier. Examples: cell phones, cars, computers.

When people want things or need them, it makes them **more valuable**. When they don't want them or need them, they are **less valuable**.

- ✓ People like to have diamonds, and they will pay a lot of money for them. That makes them a valuable resource.
- X Not as many people want the algae that grows at the bottom of the ocean. This means that it is not a valuable resource.

# LESSON 5 & 6



## NATURAL RESOURCE TYPES



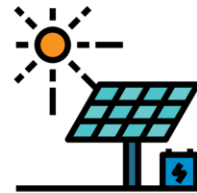
There are three types of natural resources:



### Renewable Resources

When you use them, they can grow back again. e.g., When you cut down a tree, you can grow

## NATURAL RESOURCE TYPES



### Flow Resources

These resources are always available. e.g., Solar power (made from the sun)

## NATURAL RESOURCES QUIZ

Part A - What are natural resources? (5 marks)

In front of each of the following, put a ✓ if it is a natural resource, or an ✗ if it is NOT a natural resource.

- \_\_\_\_\_ a basketball
- \_\_\_\_\_ a tree
- \_\_\_\_\_ water
- \_\_\_\_\_ a hamburger
- \_\_\_\_\_ oil

Part B - Needs and Wants (4 marks)

## NATURAL RESOURCES QUIZ

Part C - Types of Resources (6 marks)

Place each of the words from the word bank under the correct type of resource.

wind coal animals gas water trees

Renewable		
Non Renewable		
Flow		



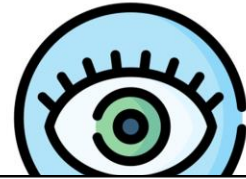
# LESSON 7 & 8



## NATURAL RESOURCES PERSPECTIVES

What is perspective?

Your perspective is the way that you see something. Because we are not all the same, we don't always see things the same way or have the same opinion about things.



### CHRISTMAS TREE CHOICES

Find two pros and two cons for each type of Christmas tree.

Pros	Cons
Real Christmas Trees	Real Christmas Trees
Fake Christmas Trees	Fake Christmas Trees

For example, you can have a real Christmas tree at home or a fake Christmas tree at home.



## NATURAL RESOURCE PERSPECTIVES

Try this!

- Watch the video Perspective –
1. What colours did you see?
  2. Why do you think that people have different perspectives?

## THINKING QUESTION

Assessment	Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Above Expectations
	✓-	✓	✓+

What was the most interesting thing you learned from this article? Explain.

## CURRENT EVENTS

# LESSON 9 & 10



## MINING TECHNIQUES IN CANADA



Instructions:

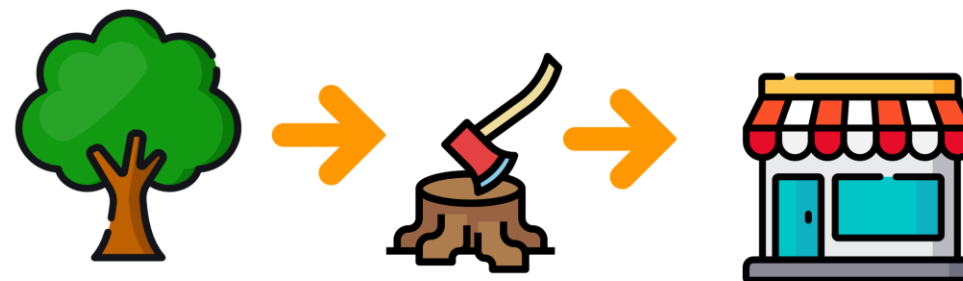
Using the words in the word bank, fill in the blanks to show understanding of the two main types of mining in Canada.

habitats      restore      minerals      elevator

## MINING TECHNIQUES

When \_\_\_\_\_ are found close to the \_\_\_\_\_ of the earth, an open pit mine is created. A giant \_\_\_\_\_ is dug into the ground, and often trees are knocked down and even some animal \_\_\_\_\_ might be damaged. When they are finished, the miners are told to try to \_\_\_\_\_ the land back to how it was before they started.

## PICTORIAL TIMELINE ASSIGNMENT FROM TREE TO STORE



Instructions:

## FORESTRY TECHNIQUES

Choose one item that you have found in your school that was made from wood, and create a slideshow using images that show what had to happen to the tree before it became that item that you chose. Hint: Search for "how is \_\_\_\_\_ made".

Example:

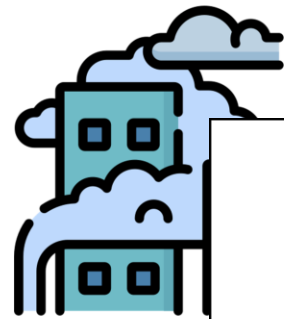
1. Tree is planted in a forest
2. Tree is cut down
3. Logs are made and loaded onto trucks
4. Logs are cut into boards in the processing plant

Find pictures of these steps and create a slideshow that you can show to your classmates.

# LESSON 11 & 12



## EFFECTS OF NATURAL RESOURCE EXTRACTION



### SMOG INQUIRY



**Inquiry Question**  
What is smog? Why is it bad for people and the environment?

**Watch**

Watch the different videos about Smog. After each video, fill in a part of the

## NATURAL RESOURCE EXTRACTION

**Explain**



Explain your thoughts on this issue. What can you do to help reduce air pollution in the environment? Explain.

## ECO-FRIENDLY ENERGY



Read each statement and explain if the statement is true or false by writing true or false in the space next to the statement.

Statement	True or False
It is important to find energy sources that are renewable.	
Wind energy uses roof panels to	
Wind energy comes from the sun.	
Solar energy is renewable.	
Solar energy comes from the ocean.	
Solar energy comes from the sun.	
Solar panels help change energy from the sun into energy that can be used to power home electronics.	

## ECO-FRIENDLY ENERGY

# LESSON 13



## PERSONAL PLAN OF ACTION

### 21 DAY MAKE-A-DIFFERENCE CHALLENGE

Scientists have figured out that it takes 21 days in a row to create a new habit. Your challenge is to create a new habit that will help save the earth's natural resources.



Possible "New Habit" Ideas:

- ✓ Pack a litter bag and carry it with you every day.
- ✓ Walk, bike, or roller skate to school every day.
- ✓ Use only reusable water bottles - no plastic ones.
- ✓ Pick up litter every day as you walk to school around the schoolyard.
- ✓ Only charge your devices during off-peak hours.
- ✓ Set a timer during your showers and try to decrease your time every day.

## PERSONAL PLAN OF ACTION TRACKING SHEET



Circle a thumbs up or down each day to show if you met your goal for that day

Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7
Day 8	Day 9	Day 10	Day 11	Day 12	Day 13	Day 14
Day 15	Day 16	Day 17	Day 18	Day 19	Day 20	Day 21

# PERSONAL PLAN OF ACTION

# LESSON FORMATS



**PDF**

✓ Individual & Whole Unit



**DIGITAL**

✓ Google Slides

**RESOURCE CAN BE USED IN-PERSON OR ONLINE**