Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 06-Jun-2006 Revision Date: 28-Mar-2014 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name 8455/8655 Inter-Foam 10 sec Rigid Foam Side A

Other means of identification

SDS # IES-FO8455A

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Expandable Foam.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

International Epoxies & Sealers 30241 Commerce Drive San Antonio, FL 33576

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 1-800-451-7206

Emergency Telephone (24 hr) INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

AppearanceLight yellow to brownPhysical StateViscous liquidOdorPungent

viscous liquid

Classification

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Respiratory sensitization	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Harmful if inhaled

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause respiratory irritation

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

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Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Precautionary Statements - Response

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Get medical attention

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Diphenylmethane, Diissocynate, isomers, and	9016-87-9	50-60
homologues		
4,4'Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8	30-35
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutyrate	6846-50-0	10-15
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	26447-40-5	1-10

^{**}If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.**

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

General Advice

Provide this SDS to medical personnel for treatment.

Eve Contact

Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Materials containing MDI may react with the moisture of the eye forming a thick material which may be difficult to wash from the

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eyes. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off in flowing warm water or shower with soap. Remove and wash contaminated

clothing and discard contaminated shoes. If redness, itching or a burning sensation

develops or persists after the area is washed, consult a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult,

oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a

medical facility immediately.

Ingestion If swallowed, drink 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to

do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek

medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms Coughing, dryness of throat, headache, nausea, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness

in the chest. Skin contact may result in allergic skin reactions or respiratory sensitization. Watering or discomfort of the eyes. Irritation and corrosive burns to mouth, throat, and stomach. See Section 11: Toxicological Information of this SDS for more detailed

symptoms.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician EYES: Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid

preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial

edema impairing vision.

SKIN: This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact

dermatitis or thermal burns. If burned, treat as a thermal burn.

INGESTION: Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is

contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound.

INHALATION: Isocyanates are known pulmonary sensitizers. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a skin or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material

should be removed from exposure to any isocyanate compound.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or halogenated agents. If water is used, use very large quantities. The reaction between water and hot isocyanate may be vigorous. If possible, contain fire run-off water.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Toxic fumes may be given off when material is exposed to fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products Toxic gases may be formed by fire. Isocyanate vapor and mist, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides and traces of hydrogen cyanide.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. At temperatures greater than 400°F, polymeric MDI can polymerize and decompose, which will cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Water contamination will produce carbon dioxide. Do not reseal contaminated containers as pressure build-up may rupture the containers. Downwind personnel must be evacuated.

A ACCIDENTAL DELEACE MEACURES

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as

described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Contain and absorb spill immediately.

Absorb with appropriate inert material such as sand, clay, etc.

Methods for Clean-Up Sweep up absorbed material and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Discard any

product, residue, disposable container or liner in full compliance with federal, state, and

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local regulations. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Clean Up: The area should then be flushed with a decontamination solution. The decontamination solution is a 5-10% mixture of sodium carbonate and 0.5% liquid detergent in water solution or a 3-8% concentrated ammonium hydroxide and 0.5% liquid detergent in water. Use 10 parts decontamination solution to 1 part spilled material. If the ammonium hydroxide solution is used, ammonia will be evolved as a vapor. Use caution to avoid exposure to high concentrations of ammonia. Allow to stand for 48 hours letting evolved

carbon dioxide to escape.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed

out of the workplace. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions When stored between 15° and 30°C (60° and 85°F) in sealed containers, typical shelf life is

6 months or more from the date of manufacture. Consult technical data sheet for shelf life requirements affecting performance quality. Should freezing occur, the material must be thawed thoroughly and mixed until uniform. Opened containers must be handled properly to

prevent moisture pickup. Store locked up.

Incompatible MaterialsNone known based on information supplied.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
4,4'Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	TWA: 0.005 ppm	(vacated) Ceiling: 0.02 ppm	IDLH: 75 mg/m ³
101-68-8		regulated under Methylene	Ceiling: 0.020 ppm 10 min
		bisphenyl isocyanate	Ceiling: 0.2 mg/m ³ 10 min
		(vacated) Ceiling: 0.2 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.005 ppm
		regulated under Methylene	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³
		bisphenyl isocyanate	_
		Ceiling: 0.02 ppm	
		Ceiling: 0.2 mg/m ³	
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	Ceiling: 0.02 ppm	-
26447-40-5		Ceiling: 0.2 mg/m ³	

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Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Ventilation must be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the

exposure limit(s) outlined in the SDS. MDI has a very low vapor pressure at room temperature. General/local ventilation typically control exposure levels very adequate. Uses requiring heating and/or spraying may require more aggressive engineering controls or personal proactive equipment. Monitoring is required to determine engineering controls. An eyewash station shower or other drenching facilities is recommended in the work area.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Chemical splash goggles or safety glasses or full face mask must be used consistent with

splash hazard present. If vapor exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full face-piece

respirator or supplied air hood.

Wear clothing and gloves impervious to MDI under conditions of use. Materials may include **Skin and Body Protection**

butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene and Saranax" coated Tyvek".

Respiratory Protection A supplied air, full face mask, positive pressure or continuous flow respirator or a supplied

> air hood is required when airborne concentrations are unknown or exceed threshold values. A positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus can be used in emergencies or other unusual situations. All equipment must be NIOSH/MSHA approved and maintained. Air purifying (cartridge type) respirators are not approved for protection against isocyanates.

General Hygiene Considerations Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. After handling this product, wash hands before

eating, drinking, or smoking. If contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing. If needed, take first aid action shown on section 4 of this SDS. Launder contaminated clothing before

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Viscous liquid

Appearance Light yellow to brown viscous liquid Odor Pungent Color Light yellow to brown **Odor Threshold** Not determined

Property Values Remarks • Method

Not determined На **Melting Point/Freezing Point** Not determined

Boiling Point/Boiling Range > 204.44 °C / > 400 °F

127.22 / > 261 °F **Flash Point** COC

Evaporation Rate Not determined Flammability (Solid, Gas) Not determined **Upper Flammability Limits** Not determined **Lower Flammability Limit** Not determined **Vapor Pressure** Not determined Vapor Density Not determined **Specific Gravity** > 1.0

@ 25 °C (77 °F)

Water Solubility Not soluble Solubility in other solvents Not determined **Partition Coefficient** Not determined **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not determined **Decomposition Temperature** Not determined **Kinematic Viscosity** Not determined **Dynamic Viscosity** 145-155 cps **Explosive Properties** Not determined **Oxidizing Properties** Not determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions; Product will react with water.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions. Polyisocyanates are highly reactive chemicals.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep out of reach of children.

Incompatible Materials

None known based on information supplied.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known based on information supplied.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Diphenylmethane, Diissocynate, isomers, and homologues 9016-87-9	= 49 g/kg (Rat)	> 9400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 490 mg/m ³ (Rat)4 h
4,4'Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) 101-68-8	= 9200 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	> 3200 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate 26447-40-5	> 7400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 6200 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 0.369 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms

INHALATION: At room temperature, MDI vapors are minimal due to low vapor pressure. However, heating, spraying, foaming or otherwise mechanically dispersing (drumming, venting or pumping) operations may generate vapor or aerosol concentrations sufficient to cause irritation or other adverse effects. Excessive exposure may cause irritation of the eyes, upper respiratory tract and lungs. Severe overexposure may lead to pulmonary edema. May cause respiratory sensitization with asthma-like symptoms in susceptible individuals. MDI concentrations below the exposure guidelines may cause allergic respiratory reactions in individuals already sensitized. Symptoms may include coughing, dryness of throat, headache, nausea, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness in the chest. Effects may be delayed. Impaired lung function (decreased ventilator capacity) has been associated with overexposure to isocyanates. Persons with known respiratory or allergy problems must not be exposed to this product.

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Skin Contact: No irritation is likely to develop following short contact periods with skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause skin irritation, reddening, dermatitis, and in some individuals, sensitization. Skin contact may result in allergic skin reactions or respiratory sensitization, but it is not expected to result in absorption amounts sufficient to cause other adverse effects. May stain skin.

Eye Contact: As a liquid or dust, may cause irritation, inflammation and/or damage to sensitive eye tissue. Symptoms include watering or discomfort of the eyes. Corneal injury is unlikely.

Single dose oral toxicity is considered to be extremely low. Can result in irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. However, the product as a whole has not been tested.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Diphenylmethane,		Group 3		
Diissocynate, isomers, and				
homologues				
9016-87-9				
4,4'Diphenylmethane		Group 3		
Diisocyanate (MDI)				
101-68-8				
Methylenediphenyl		Group 3		
diisocyanate				
26447-40-5				

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Chronic toxicity

As a result of repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) or tissue injury in the upper respiratory tract. Animal tests indicate skin contact alone may also lead to allergic respiratory reaction. These effects may be permanent. Any person developing asthmatic reaction or other sensitization should be removed from further exposure.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentane iol diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	ed	1.55: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static		1.46: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate 26447-40-5	3230: 96 h Skeletonema costatum mg/L EC50			1000: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4.5
26447-40-5	

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Drums/containers must be thoroughly drained to process or storage vessels before removal

to an appropriate area for subsequent decontamination. Drums/ containers must be decontaminated in properly ventilated areas by personnel protected from the inhalation of isocyanate vapors. Spray or pour 1 to 5 gallons of decontaminating solution into a drum, making sure the walls are well rinsed. Let the drum/container soak unsealed for 48 hours. Pour out the decontaminating solution and triple rinse the empty container. Puncture or otherwise destroy the rinsed container before disposal. DO NOT heat or cut empty

containers with electric or gas torch.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG

Marine Pollutant

This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
4,4'Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
(MDI)			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
101-68-8			_

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health HazardYesChronic Health HazardYesReactive HazardYes

SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Diphenylmethane, Diissocynate, isomers, and homologues - 9016-87-9	9016-87-9	50-60	1.0
4,4'Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) - 101-68-8	101-68-8	30-35	1.0
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate - 26447-40-5	26447-40-5	1-10	1.0

US State Regulations

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Diphenylmethane, Diissocynate, isomers, and homologues 9016-87-9	Χ		
4,4'Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) 101-68-8	Χ		Х
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate 26447-40-5	Х	X	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPAHealth HazardsFlammabilityInstabilitySpecial Hazards211Not determinedHMISHealth HazardsFlammabilityPhysical HazardsPersonal Protection

Not determined

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet