Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

No. 005

TERUFUSION SYRINGE PUMP

TE-311/312 SERVICE MANUAL

Development	Engineering	Quality	ME Services	Responsible
Sect.	Sect.	Assurance Sect.	Sect.	Engineer
F. IMBA	Y. Sano	Fr. Yamada	Y. SANO	Phench

TERUMO CORPORATION

CONTENTS

- 1. General
- 2. Specifications
- 3. Special Jigs and Measuring Instruments Needed
- 4. Various Modes
 - 4.1 Aging mode
 - 4.2 Syringe-maker setting mode
 - 4.3 Diagnosis mode
 - 4.4 Special function setting mode
 - 4.5 Adjustment mode
 - 4.6 Computer interface condition setting mode
 - 4.7 Initialization of E² PROM
 - 4.8 Flow rate max limit setting mode
- 5. Principle of Operation
 - 5.1 Block diagram
 - 5.2. Electric and software system
 - 5.2.1 Structure
 - 5.2.2 Description of operation
 - 5.2.2.1 Power supply circuit
 - 5.2.2.2 Recharging circuit
 - 5.2.2.3 Low battery detection circuit
 - 5.2.2.4 CPU peripheral circuit, reset circuit, reference voltage supply circuit, E²PROM circuit
 - 5.2.2.5 Fail-safe circuit
 - 5.2.2.6 Motor driving circuit
 - 5.2.2.7 Power switch circuit
 - 5.2.2.8 LED display circuit
 - 5.2.2.9 Buzzer driving circuit
 - 5.2.2.10 Motor rotation detection circuit
 - 5.2.2.11 Occlusion detection circuit
 - 5.2.2.12 Syringe and nearly empty detection circuit
 - 5.2.2.13 Setting dial and switch circuits
 - 5.2.2.14 Computer interface and nurse-call circuits
 - 5.2.2.15 Liquid crystal display circuit

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.16 Plunger/clutch disengagement detection circuit

- 5.3 Mechanism systems
 - 5.3.1 Structure
 - 5.3.2 Description of operation
 - 5.3.2.1 Driving unit
 - 5.3.2.2 Slider
 - 5.3.2.3 Clutch
 - 5.3.2.4 Clamp
 - 5.3.2.5 Syringe detector
- 6. Service Parts List and Development Elevation
 - 6.1 Service parts list
 - 6.2 Development elevation
- 7. Disassembly, Reassembly, and Adjustment
 - 7.1 Disassembly procedure
 - 7.2 Reassembly procedure
 - 7.3 Adjustment procedure
- 8. Troubleshooting
 - 8.1 Troubleshooting
 - 8.2 Alarms and error messages
- 9. Maintenance and Cleaning
 - 9.1 Precautions for maintenance
 - 9.2 Inspection items, methods and intervals
 - 9.3 Cleaning
- 10. Circuit Diagrams and Silk-screen Diagram
 - 10.1 Main board
 - 10.2 Power-supply board
 - 10.3 Motor rotation detection board
 - 10.4 Occlusion detection board
 - 10.5 Setting dial board
 - 10.6 Computer interface board
 - 10.7 7-segment LED board
 - 10.8 Nurse-call board

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

1. GENERAL

This Service Manual has been prepared for BME maintenance service of the TERUFUSION Syringe pump (TE-311/312).

When informed of a pump unit malfunction from a doctor/nurse, please troubleshoot according to the following procedures.

- (1) If any fault is found to be caused by improper operation by the doctor/nurse, correct the cause of the problem and instruct the user how to operate the equipment properly so that recurrence of the fault can be prevented.
- (2) Before starting of actual repair of the equipment, be sure to confirm the fault that the doctor/nurse has brought to your attention. After assessing the actual state of the fault, only then should you start any repair work.
- (3) If the equipment is found to malfunction even when it is operated properly, use the troubleshooting procedure in this manual to diagnose the faulty pump.
- (4) If you are unable to correct the fault by using this manual, please contact your local TERUMO distributor or TERUMO Corporation for corrective action and repair.
- (5) Disinfect the items contaminated by patient's body fluids before returning to TERUMO distributor or TERUMO Corporation. Please include all items that have been removed from the equipment during preliminary checks upon return of equipment. If it is necessary to send back those items that have not been disinfected, seal them completely and attach a memorandum indicating that the contents are unsanitary and to be handled with care.

(General precaution)

(1) Don't detach connectors or printed-circuit boards while the equipment is supplied with power.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

- (2) First visually check the malfunction equipment for open circuits, short circuits, loose connectors and damaged parts. Also, check for abnormal sounds or foul smells (caused by burned resistor, etc.).
- (3) After completion of repair work, check that all switches are set in the respective original settings.
 Clean the equipment and its periphery and, then, report the result of repair work to the BME manager.
- (4) When handling semiconductors, especially MOS-IC, take special care not to cause electrostatic breakage, etc.

Keep your body and your soldering iron in constant connection with a ground point through a $1M\Omega$ resistor.(A statically insulated type of soldering iron dose not required grounding, but it must be used only after being checked for completeness of insulation.)

When carrying ICs and printed-circuit boards, be sure to keep them in electrically conductive containers or wrap them in metal sheets(such as aluminum foil).

(Never use plastic containers or sheets for this purpose.)

(5) If you find that an abnormality disappears when a printed-circuit board is replaced, try to remount the original board to ascertain that the previous abnormality still recurs. If there is no recurrence, poor contact or another fault could be suspected; continue troubleshooting.

This Service Manual is expressed in the following "SI" units (Systeme International d'Unites):

Quantity		SI unit	
	Name	Symbol	Remarks
Force	Newton	N	1Kgf = 9.80665 N
Pressure	Pascal	Pa	$1 \text{Kgf/cm}^2 = 98066.5 \text{ Pa}$

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

2. SPECIFICATIONS

[Common to TE-311/312]

Name: TERUFUSION syringe pump

Model: TE-311/312

Name	TERUFUSION syringe pump TE-311			TE	RUFUSION s	yringe pump TE	-312	
Model				-	TE-312			
Code No.		Syringe used	Body weight mode function	Computer interface / Nurse call		Syringe used	Body weight mode function	Computer interface / Nurse call
	TE-311N	Specified brands	Without	Without	-	-	-	•
	TE-311C	Specified brands	Without	With	TE-312C	Specified brands	With	With

Syringe used:

10, 20, 30, 50 mL of Terumo & specified brands

Flow rate setting range:

When 10, 20 or 30 mL syringe is used: 0.1 - 300.0 mL/h (0.1 mL/h step)

When 50 mL syringe is used: 0.1 - 1200 mL/h

(0.1 - 999.9 mL/h: 0.1 mL/h step)

(1000 - 1200 mL/h: 1 mL/h step)

Display range of volume delivered: 0.1 - 999.9 mL (0.1 mL step)

Accuracy of flow rate: Mechanical accuracy: within $\pm 1\%$

(Nominal valve) accuracy incl. syringe: within ±3% (when measured over 1 hour after start of

infusion using TERUMO syringe and, thereafter, every

hour at a flow rate of 1.0 mL/h or more)

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

Occlusion detection pressure: Selective setup in three stages

Setting ranges with TERUMO syringe used

[H]: $800 \pm 200 \text{ mmHg} (106.7 \pm 26.7 \text{ kPa}, 1.09 \pm 0.27 \text{ kgf/cm}^2)$

[M]: 500 ± 100 mmHg (66.7 ± 13.3 kPa, 0.68 ± 0.14 kgf/cm²)

[L]: $300 \pm 100 \text{ mmHg} (40.0 \pm 13.3 \text{ kPa}, 0.41 \pm 0.14 \text{ kgf/cm}^2)$

Purge flow rate: Approx. 1200 mL/h (with 50 mL syringe used)

Approx. 500 mL/h (with 30 mL syringe used)

Approx. 400 mL/h (with 20 mL syringe used)

Approx. 300 mL/h (with 10 mL syringe used)

Alarming function: Occlusion, nearly empty, low battery, syringe dislocated, plunger/clutch disengaged

Special function: • Possible selective functions with internal selector switch are:

(1) Setting of delivery limit: 0.1 - 999.9 mL (0.1 mL step)

[when Delivery limit is specified.]

- Infusion completion alarm
- Keep-vein-open function (to continue infusion at rate of 0.1 mL/h after completion of infusion)
- (2) Repeat alarm function (This function will come into action if alarm is not released within 2 minutes after alarm buzzer stops sounding.)
- (3) Start reminder alarming function (This function will come into action if operable state continues 2 minutes or more.)
- (4) Flow rate max limit setting function
- (5) Remote computer-interface function
- Clear volume delivered button (Display of volume delivered counter is reset to "0" when the button is pushed for 1.5 seconds.)

Computer interface function: RS-232C or RS-485 (TE-311C, TE-312C, only)

Prepared in Dec., 1996

Nurse-call alarm:

Relay contact point for alarm output (applicable to nurse call)

Contact-point capacity 1A, 12 VDC (TE-311C, TE-312C, only)

Operating conditions: Ambient temperature: 5 - 40°C, Relative humidity: 30 - 90%

Storage conditions: Ambient temperature: -20 - 45°C, Relative humidity: 10 - 95% (no condensation)

Power supply: 110 V/120 V/220 V/230 V/240 V AC, 50/60 Hz

12 VDC (by exclusive use of power supply)

Built-in battery keeps continuous use for about 2 hours. (when computer interface

function is used: approx. 1 hour 45 minutes.)

(provided that a new battery is charged up for at least 24 hours at ambient

temperature 25°C, with power off, and is used under the condition of 5 mL/h flow

rate and occlusion-pressure set value "M")

Power consumption: 12 VA (when AC power is used) or 8.4 W (when DC power is used)

Electric shock protection class & type:

Class I and internal power-supply device CF type IPX 4

External dimensions: $322(W) \times 114(H) \times 115(D)$ mm

Weight: Approx. 2.3 kg (TE-311)

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

[TE-312 only]

Body weight mode setting range:

Dose rate:

0.00 - 50.00 µg/kg/min (0.01 µg/kg/min step)

Body weight:

0.0 - 300.0 kg (0.1 kg step)

Drug volume:

0.0 - 300.0 mg (0.1 mg step)

Solution volume: 0.0 - 300.0 mL (0.1 mL step)

Weight:

Approx. 2.4 kg

Specification and design are subject to change for improvement without notice.

Computer interface and Nurse call connectors are available on the specified

product.

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -Prepared in Dec., 1996

Units Available:

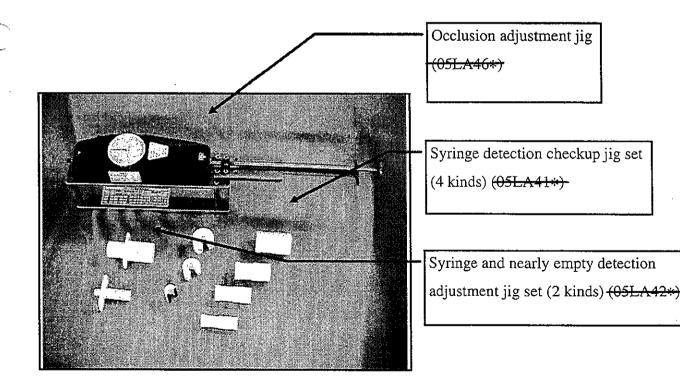
Reorder	Voltage	Plug type	Socket type	Body weight	Computer interface /
number				mode	Nurse call connector
TE*311NB1	110V	American type	ň	-	-
TE*311ND1	120V	American type	N	-	-
TE*311NG2	220V	UK type		-	ш.
TE*311NG3	220V	European type	3	-	-
TE*311NH2	230V	UK type		_	-
TE*311NH3	230V	European type	3	-	_
TE*311NH3*	230V	European type	3		-
TE*311NI3	240V	European type	3	-	-
TE*311CH2	230V	UK type	T	_	yes
TE*311CH3*	230V	European type	3	-	yes
TE*312CB1	110V	American type	T	yes	yes
TE*312CD1	120V	American type	71	yes	yes
TE*312CG2	220V	UK type	1	yes	yes
TE*312CG3	220V	European type	3	yes	yes
TE*312CH2	230V	UK type	1	yes	yes
TE*312CH3	230V	European type	3	yes	yes
TE*312CH3*	230V	European type		yes	yes
TE*312CI3	240V	European type	3	yes	yes

NOTE: Separate set - up procedures are required for products with voltage - plug combination other than listed above.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

3. SPECIAL JIGS AND MEASURING INSTRUMENTS NEEDED

No.	Special jigs and measuring instruments
1	Digital voltmeter
2	Synchroscope
3	Pressure gage (0 - 30 Kpa; 0 - 3 Kgf/cm ²)
4	Occlusion adjustment jig - (05LA46*)
5	Syringe and nearly empty detection adjustment jig set (2 kinds of jigs) — (05LA42*)—
6	Syringe detection checkup jig set (4 kinds of jigs) (05LA41*)
7	Measuring cylinder
8	Cross-point screwdriver set (large & small), plain screwdriver (small), thread lock, cable tie, nipper, tweezers, and long-nose plier
9	Plunger / Clutch disengagement detection adjusting jig (05LA47*)



Prepared in Dec., 1996

4. VARIOUS MODES

Various kinds of modes can be set up with the rotary switch inside the equipment body. Specification for internal switch is as follows:

[Internal switches specification]

Switch spec.	Mode	Description
[0]	Aging mode	For warming up the product in the early stage of production or after parts replacement during maintenance
[1 - A]	Normal mode	-
[B]	Diagnosis mode	For diagnosing switches, lamps, buzzers, and sensors individually
[C]	Special-function setting mode	For setting "Delivery limit" mode, "Repeat alarm" mode, and "Start reminder alarm" mode
[D]	Adjustment mode	For adjusting the syringe detection, nearly empty detection, and occlusion detection
[E]	Computer interface environment and ID number setting mode	For setting the computer interface speed, stop bit, etc.
[F]	E ² PROM initialization	For initializing E ² PROM in early stage of production

* The internal switch is of the rotary switch type.

When resetting the internal switch, remove the battery cover from the bottom of equipment body and take out the battery from the inside of body, and the internal switch can be reset through the window at the depth of battery housing. Take care not to unplug the battery connector.

Note: Put the rotary switch (S1) back to its original position "1", after the operation of each modes.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

4.1 Aging Mode

(1) Operating method

- 1) With the power switched off, set the rotary switch to "0".
- With "STOP" switch button kept pressed, turn "POWER" switch ON, and the states 1) to 3) of aging action (2) will occur, indicating that the aging mode comes into effect.
- * If "POWER" switch is turned ON without pressing "STOP" button, "Er96" will appear on the "Flow rate / Delivery limit / Volume delivered" display (7-segment LED).

(2) Aging action

- 1) The motor runs. (Movement of slider: approx. 9 mm/h)
- 2) All of indicative elements connected blink at 1 Hz/50% duty.
- 3) During running of motor, a minimum level of purge sound is heard.
 - During aging operation, it is possible to stop the motor with "STOP" switch and start it again with "START" switch.
 - During aging operation, the motor can be stopped by occlusion detection (approx. 4.7 kgf).
- (3) When "POWER" switch is turned OFF, aging mode ceases.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

4.2 Syringe-brand Setting Mode

(1) Set the rotary switch (S1) on the main board to "1" (original setting position), and turn [POWER] switch to ON. Now, setting of a desired one of the previously-stored syringe brands becomes possible. The display shows "11" or "12" (corresponding to TERUMO syringes) which has been preset before shipment from the factory.

[Setting - Syringe brand]

Display	Syringe Brand	Syringe accepted
11	TERUMO JAPAN made	10,20, 30, 50 mL
12	TERUMO EUROPE made	10,20, 30, 50 mL
		(30mL TERUMO JAPAN made)
13	TERUMO USA made	10,20, 30, 50 [60] mL
14	B-D A combination	10, 20 mL (SIN), 30, 50 [60] mL (PLASTIPAK®/USA)
15	B-D B combination	10, 20, 30, 50 [60] mL (PLASTIPAK®/USA)
16	Dong Bang	10,20, 30, 50 mL
17	Nipro	10,20 mL (Thailand) 30, 50 mL (Japan)
18	Boin	10, -, 30, 50 mL
19	Dae-Ah	10,20, 30, 50 mL
20	Sherwood MONOJECT®	10,20, 30, 50 [60] mL
21	B. Braun OMNIFIX®	10,20, 30, 50 [60] mL
22	JMS(Japan)	10,20, 30, 50 mL

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) Setting procedure

Note: When making setting, be sure to enter the setting number which properly represents the desired syringe brand to be used.

- The power is now turned off, and rotary switch (S1) position is "1"(initial setting). With both the [STOP] and [DISPLAY SELECT] buttons kept pushed turn [POWER] switch to ON for a few seconds, and an indication "SEt" will appear on the [RATE/D.LIMIT/Σ mL] display and the syringe-brand setting mode come into effect.
- 2) Then, an indication "nn" (n: optional number) will appear on the [RATE/D.LIMIT/Σ mL] display. Make sure that the [10 mL] lamp is lit.
- 3) The syringe brand setting number advances by one each time the [STOP] button is pushed. (Set on approriate number corresponding to the syringe brand. The number doesn't go down.)
- 4) Once a setting number is entered, push the [START] button and keep it pushed for approx. 1.5 seconds to store the entry. As this process is completed with a beep, an indication "good" will appear on the [RATE/D.LIMIT/Σ mL] display (for approx. 2 seconds.) In case of abnormality, "bAd" will be displayed.

Note: Whenever any change of setting is made, be sure to store the changed matter.

5) The syringe-brand setting mode can be terminated by turning power supply to OFF.

Note: Turn [POWER] switch to ON again, check for proper indication of a number representing the syringe brand selected, and then stick the new syringe-brand label in place of existing one.

- (3) Special mention
 - 1) Soon after indication of "good" or "bAd," the display will return to the initial indication.
 - 2) If power supply is cut off during setting procedure, a failure to store the entry will result.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

4.3 Diagnosis Mode

4.3.1 Operating method

- 1) With the power switched off, set the rotary switch to "B".
- With "STOP" switch button kept pressed, turn "POWER" switch ON, and "dIAg" will appear on the "Flow rate / Delivery limit / Volume delivered" display, indicating the start of diagnosis mode. If "POWER" switch is turned ON without pressing "STOP" button in this case, "Er91" will appear on the "Flow rate / Delivery limit / Volume delivered" display.

Also, be sure to release "STOP" switch button as soon as the power is switched on; otherwise, "Er 8" will be indicated.

- * [dIAg stands for Diagnosis.]
- 3) When "POWER" switch is turned OFF, diagnosis mode ceases.
- * Succeeding to start of diagnosis mode, execution of diagnosis actions, checking for proper action, and indication of status can be made as described below.
- * Pushing "PURGE" switch button while diagnosis item (1) being indicated causes the diagnosis item to skip.

Diagnosis item	Description
(1)	Display of software-version numbers.
(2)	Diagnosis of indicative elements
(3)	Diagnosis of "operational" switches
(4)	Diagnosis of buzzer
(5)	Diagnosis of preset dial
(6)	Diagnosis of clutch sensor
(7)	Diagnosis of motor rotation and rotation-detection sensor
(8)	Diagnosis of syringe nearly empty detection sensor
(9)	Diagnosis of syringe detection sensor
(10)	Diagnosis of occlusion detection sensor
(11)	Diagnosis of power-supply voltage and status of AC/DC power supplies
(12)	Diagnosis of nurse-call function

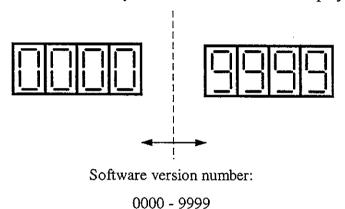
Prepared in Dec., 1996

(1) Display of software-version numbers

When "STOP" switch button is released immediately after start of diagnosis mode, the software (CPU program) version number is indicated on the "Flow rate/ Delivery limit/ Volume delivered" display.

• The 4 digits from the first indicates the software version number (0000 - 9999).

"Flow rate/ Delivery limit/ Volume delivered" display



(2) Diagnosis of indicative elements

- 1) Each time "STOP" button is pushed, the indicative elements are switched over one after another automatically in the following sequence to diagnose them:
 - "Syringe mL" lamps (4 lamps) light up simultaneously.
 - Operational indicator red lamps (4 lamps) light up simultaneously and green lamp revolves.
 - "Occlusion limit" indicator (H,M,L) light up simultaneously.
 - "Alarm indicator" lamps (3 lamps) light up simultaneously.
 - "Flow rate/ Delivery limit/ Volume delivered" display (7 segments) and a lamp light up simultaneously.
- "AC/DC" lamp and "Battery" lamps (3 lamps) light up simultaneously.

However, three "Battery" lamps are lighted up when power is switched on as far as the battery is fully charged.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

2) In the case of TE-312

• All of LCD indicator and backlight are turned on.

(3) Diagnosis of "operational" switches

- 1) Pushing "STOP" button after the indicative elements have been diagnosed causes progress to the diagnosis of "operational" switches. In this case, the "Flow rate/ Delivery limit/ Volume delivered" display indicates "H[]1.1" ([means blank).
- 2) Diagnosis of "START" switch

While "H[]1.1" being indicated, turning "START" switch ON/OFF causes indication "L[]1.1"/"H[]1.1" appear alternately on the display.

That is, "L" and "H" correspond to ON and OFF respectively as far as "START" switch is in the normal condition.

Push "STOP" switch to proceed to diagnosis of "PURGE" switch.

3) Diagnosis of "PURGE" switch

While "H\[2.1" being indicated, turning "PURGE" switch ON/OFF causes indication "L\[2.1"/"H\[2.1" appear alternately on the display.

That is, "L" and "H" correspond to ON and OFF respectively as far as "PURGE" switch is in the normal condition.

Push "STOP" switch to proceed to diagnosis of "DISPLAY SELECT" switch.

4) Diagnosis of "DISPLAY SELECT" switch

While "H\B.1" being indicated, turning "DISPLAY SELECT" switch ON/OFF causes indication "L\B.1"/"H\B.1" appear alternately on the display.

That is, "L" and "H" correspond to ON and OFF respectively as far as "DISPLAY SELECT" switch is in the normal condition.

Push "STOP" switch to proceed to diagnosis of "C'ΣmL" switch.

5) Diagnosis of "C ΣmL" switch

While "H[4.1" being indicated, turning "C ΣmL" switch ON/OFF causes indication "L[4.1"/"H[4.1" appear alternately on the display.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

That is, "L" and "H" correspond to ON and OFF respectively as far as "CLEAR (C Σ mL)" switch is in the normal condition.

In the case of TE-311, push "STOP" switch to proceed to diagnosis of the buzzer.

In the case of TE-312, perform diagnosis of "DISPLAY ON/OFF" switch.

6) Diagnosis of "DISPLAY ON/OFF" switch

While "H_5.1" being indicated, turning "DISPLAY ON/OFF" switch ON/OFF causes indication "L_5.1"/"H_5.1" appear alternately on the display.

That is, "L" and "H" correspond to ON and OFF respectively as far as "DISPLAY ON/OFF" switch is in the normal condition.

Push "STOP" switch to proceed to diagnosis of "ITEM SELECT" switch.

7) Diagnosis of "ITEM SELECT" switch

While "H[6.1" being indicated, turning "ITEM SELECT" switch ON/OFF causes indication "L[6.1"/"H[6.1" appear alternately on the display.

That is, "L" and "H" correspond to ON and OFF respectively as far as "ITEM SELECT" switch is in the normal condition.

8) Push "STOP" switch, and it will cause indication of "[][]1.2" and proceed to the diagnosis of the buzzer.

(4) Diagnosis of buzzer

- 1) As far as "START" button is kept pressed, the buzzer sounds warning.
 - While "□□1.2" being indicated, the buzzer makes sound at low volume.
 Releasing "START" button causes proceed to the next-stage of volume.
 - While "[][2.2" being indicated, the buzzer makes sound at medium volume.

 Releasing "START" button causes proceed to the next-stage of volume.
 - While "[] [] .2" being indicated, the buzzer makes sound at high volume.
 Releasing "START" button causes proceed to the next-stage of volume.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

* Each change of sound volume is transient and no recording to E²PROM is made.

2) Press "STOP" button, and it will cause indication of "n □ □ 3"(n=0-9) and proceed to the diagnosis of the preset dial.

(5) Diagnosis of preset dial

- 1) Turn the preset dial clockwise (increase) or counterclockwise (decrease). The preset dial is regarded as functioning normally if "n" of "n □ □3" appearing on the "Flow rate/ Delivery limit/ Volume delivered" display counts up or down (0 9).
- 2) Push "STOP" button, and it will cause indication of "L\[\] 4" and proceed to the diagnosis of the clutch sensor.
- (6) Diagnosis of clutch sensor (excepting domestic specification)
 - Manually place the clutch in lock/unlock position and check for proper state of the clutch sensor port.
 - 2) Each time the display must indicate "L \square 4" for lock or "H \square 4" for unlock.
 - 3) Push "STOP" button, and it will cause indication of " 5" and proceed to the diagnosis of motor drive and rotation-detection sensor.
- (7) Diagnosis of motor drive and rotation-detection sensor.
 - 1) While "[] 5" being indicated, pushing "START" button will cause the motor to run by only one rotation and that rotation will be detected by the sensor.
 - 2) The result of diagnosis is indicated on the display as "g $\square \square 5$ " (good) or "b $\square \square 5$ " (bad).
 - 3) Push "STOP" button, and it will cause indication of "nnn.6" (n= 0 9) and proceed to the diagnosis of the nearly empty detection sensor.
- (8) Diagnosis of nearly empty detection sensor
 - 1) With the clutch disconnected, move the slider toward the extremely pushed position, and the value of A/D will vary with slider position.
 - 2) Indication is made in the form of "nnn.6" in which "nnn"represents A/D value given in decimal.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

3) Push "STOP" button, and it will cause indication of "nnn.7" and proceed to the diagnosis of the syringe detection sensor.

(9) Diagnosis of syringe detection sensor

- 1) The 10 cc syringe lamp lights and an A/D value is indicated.
- 2) Indication is made in the form of "nnn.7" in which "nnn"represents A/D value given in decimal.
- 3) Push "STOP" button, and it will cause indication of "[][][]8" and proceed to the diagnosis of the occlusion detection sensor.

(10) Diagnosis of occlusion detection sensor

- 1) Indication "[] [] 8" remains until the "START" button or "STOP" button is pushed.
- 2) Pushing "START" button will cause the motor to drive at 300 pps and indication to change to "nnn.8" in which "nnn" represents A/D value given in decimal.
- 3) A/D value is dependent on load applied to the slider.
- 4) When "STOP" button is pushed, the motor will come to stop, making a stop sound, and the state will proceed to the next diagnosis of the power-supply voltage and status of AC/DC power supplies.
- * If the slider approaches near the nearly empty limit position, the motor will automatically come to a stop, making a stop sound (to prevent the slider from reaching the extreme-end of stroke.)

(11) Diagnosis of power-supply voltage and status of AC/DC power supplies

- 1) The A/D value of the voltage detection sensor is indicated in the form of "nnn.9".
- 2) In the case of battery drive, the "AC/DC" lamp goes off and an A/D value lower than that of AC drive will be indicated.
- 3) In the case of AC drive, the "AC/DC" lamp lights and an A/D value higher than that of battery drive will be indicated.
- 4) If ripple exists in the AC/battery boundary, the indication will become unsteady (because of absence of hysteresis).

Prepared in Dec., 1996

5) Push "STOP" button, and it will cause indication of "[] []A" and proceed to the diagnosis of the nurse-call (relay) function.

(12) Diagnosis of nurse-call function

- 1) While "\[\[\] \[\] \] A" is indicated, pushing "START" button will cause a change of indication to "L\[\] \[\] \[\] A" and a trip (conduction) of the nurse-call relay.
- 2) Pushing "START" button again will cause indication to change to "H\[\]A" and the relay to be cut off.
 - Each time "START" button is pushed, the relay turns to ON and OFF alternately.
- 3) Push "STOP" button to ceases all items of diagnosis, and indication on the display will return to "dIAg" showing the state of equipment being standing by for the next keying.

4.4 Special Function Setting Mode

(1) The selective special functions are shown below:

Description
Setting of delivery limit mode
Setting of silenced repeat alarm mode
Setting of silenced start reminder alarming mode
Setting of remote computer-interface mode
Setting of flow rate max limit mode

(2) Setting method

- 1) With power supply cut OFF, set the rotary switch to "C".
- 2) With "STOP" switch kept pressed, turning "POWER" switch to ON will cause indication of "SPEC" in the "Flow rate / Delivery limit / Volume delivered" display (7-segment display), making selection of special functions possible.

Then, "10 mL" lamp will light and a binary number of four figures will appear in the numeral display zone.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

Each figure of 4-figure binary number corresponds to a related setting item. At each figure, "0" and "1" corresponding to "valid" and "invalid", respectively, alternate each time "STOP" button is pushed.

- * [SPEC stands for Special.]
- * If "POWER" switch is turned ON without pushing "STOP" button, an error indication "Er92" will appear on the 7-segment LED.
- 3) Each time "PURGE" button is pushed, a binary number of four figures will blink in the sequence of "tenth's place" → "unit place" → "tenth place" → "hundred place" one after another, allowing you to set "0" or "1" in a blinking place.
- 4) Each time "DISPLAY SELECT" button is pushed, the four lamps (10, 20, 30, 50 mL lamps) will light one after another to indicate four different set conditions of a binary number of four figures corresponding to the lamp going on.
- 5) After completion of setting, keeping "START" button pressed for about 1.5 seconds will cause the preset data to be stored in E²PROM and the buzzer to make a bleep.

 Data related to all of 16 items are stored, irrespective of going on or off of four lamps.

 At the end of processing, the buzzer makes a bleep and the 7-segment LED indicates "good" (for about 2 seconds) or "bAd".

Note: Whenever any modification to data is made, be sure to update the stored data.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

6) The Special function setting mode is terminated by switching power supply OFF.

Function	Lamp going ON	Blinking place	Setting possible
	Selected with	Selected with "PURGE"	Selected with "STOP" switch
	"DISPLAY	switch	
	SELECT"		
	switch		
Setting of delivery	10 mL		0: Standard 1: Delivery limit
limit max mode			mode mode
	10 mL		1: Standard
			mode
	10 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL		0: Standard mode
Setting of silenced repeat alarm mode	20 mL		0: Silenced 1: Standard mode mode
	20 mL		1: Standard mode
	20 mL		1: Standard mode
Setting of silenced start reminder alarming mode	20 mL		0: Silenced mode 1: Standard mode
	30 mL		1: Standard mode
	30 mL		0: Standard mode
	30 mL		1: Standard mode
Setting of computer-interface mode	30 mL		0: Standard 1: Entry enable mode

*		enclosure is initialization setting.
	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

SS09-9B002
Applicable lots:
9612 lot Prepared in Dec., 1996

Function	Lamp going ON	Blinking place	Setting possible
	Selected with	Selected with "PURGE"	Selected with "STOP" switch
	"DISPLAY	switch	Solding with Side Switch
	SELECT"	Entry enable mode	
	switch	Diffy official filled	
	50 mL		1: Standard mode
Setting of flow rate max limit mode	50 mL		0: Standard 1: Variable mode mode
	50 mL		0: Standard mode
	50 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 20 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 20 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 20 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 20 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 30 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 30 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 30 mL		0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 30 mL		0: Standard mode

		10 mL, 30 mL		0: Stand mode
*	enclosure	is initialization se	tting.	

Prepared in Dec., 1996

Note: Absolutely avoid changing any setting other than Delivery limit mode

Silenced repeat alarm mode Silenced start reminder alarming mode

Setting of computer-interface mode and Setting of flow rate max limit mode. After setting.

make sure the set mode functions normally.

(3) Special mention

- 1) After data is stored by pushing the "START" switch, the "10 mL" lamp will light and the initially set state of indication is recovered.
- If power supply is cut off before data storing action is made with the "START" switch, no storage of data will be made.
- Operation of "PURGE", "START", "STOP" or "DISPLAY SELECT" switch is made invalid
 if two or more of them are actuated together. Operation of any other switch is also made
 invalid.

4.5 Adjustment mode

For the adjustment mode, see 7.3 Adjustment procedure in section 7. Disassembly, Reassembly, and Adjustment.

4.6 Computer interface condition setting mode

(1) Items possible to set are as follows:

Item	Setting	
Baud rate:	4800, 9600, 19200 bps	
Stop bit:	1, 2 bits	
ID number:	8 digits	

^{*} To set the entry enable mode in which changing the flow rate, etc. is possible through computer interface, refer to section 4.4 "Special function setting mode."

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) Setting method

- 1) With the power switched OFF, set the rotary switch to "E".
- 2) With "STOP" switch button kept pressed, turn "POWER" switch to ON, and "bAUd" will appear on the "Flow rate / Delivery limit Volume delivered" display, indicating the start of computer interface condition setting mode.
 - * If "POWER" switch is turned ON without pressing "STOP" button in this case, error message "Er94" will appear on the 7-segment LED.
- 3) The "Flow rate" lamp among "Flow rate / Delivery limit / Volume delivered" lamps goes on and the [RATE/D.LIMIT/Σ mL] display indicates a number.
 - Each figure of the number corresponds to a related setting item. At each figure, a digit indicated corresponds to the state of setting.
 - Each time "DISPLAY SELECT" button is pushed, lighting of lamps is switched over in sequence of "Flow rate" lamp \rightarrow "Volume delivered" lamp \rightarrow Both "Flow rate" and "Volume delivered" lamps to indicate three different set conditions of the number corresponding to the lamp (or lamps) going on.
- 4) Each time "STOP" button is pushed, digit is switched over progressively at the designated figure of the number.
- 5) Each time "PURGE" button is pushed, the digits of a number indicated by 7-segment LED will blink in the sequence of "tenth's place" → "unit place" → "tenth place" → "hundred place" one after anther, allowing you to set a new digit in a blinking place.
 Functions of setting and conditions of setting possible are shown in the table below.
- After completion of setting, keeping "START" button pressed for about 1.5 seconds will cause the preset data to be stored in E²PROM and the buzzer to make a bleep.

 Data related to all of 3 items are stored, irrespective of going on or off of lamps.

 At the end of processing, the buzzer makes a bleep and the 7-segment LED indicates

At the end of processing, the buzzer makes a bleep and the 7-segment LED indicates "good" (for about 2 seconds) or "bAd".

Note: Whenever any modification to data is made, be sure to update the stored data.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7) The Computer interface condition setting mode is terminated by switching power supply OFF.

Function	Lamp going ON	Blinking place	Setting possible
	Selected with "DISPLAY	Selected with "PURGE" switch	Selected with "STOP" switch
	SELECT" switch		
Setting of baud rate	"Flow rate" lamp		0:4800bps 1:9600bps 2:19200bps
Setting of stop bit	"Flow rate" lamp		0: 1 bit 1: 2 bits
Setting of 4 figures of lower half of ID number	"Volume delivered" lamp		Each figure 0 - 9
Setting of 4 figures of upper half of ID number	"Flow rate" & "Volume delivered" lamps		Each figure 0 - 9

(3) Special mention

- 1) Operation of any switch other than "PURGE,""START,""STOP" and "DISPLAY SELECT" switches is made invalid.
- After data is stored by pushing the "START" switch, the "Flow rate" lamp will light and the initially set state of indication is recovered.
- 3) If power supply is cut off during setting operation, no storage of data will be made.

4.7 Initialization of E²PROM

(1) After data is erased, E²PROM can be refreshed by ROM data (initial data at the time of shipping).

Note: This operation causes all of set values stored to be subject to change; readjustment of them is necessary.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) Operating method

- 1) With power supply switched OFF, set the rotary switch to "F".
- 2) With "STOP" switch button kept pressed, turn "POWER" switch to ON, and the 7-segment LED will indicate "CLEA" and initialization of E²PROM becomes possible.
- * If "POWER" switch is turned to ON without pressing "STOP" button in this case, error message "Er95" will appear on the 7-segment LED.
- 3) Keep "PURGE" button depressed for about 1.5 seconds, and initialization of E²PROM will be made.
 - At the end of processing, the buzzer makes a bleep and the 7-segment LED indicates "good" (for about 2 seconds) or "bAd".
- 4) The E²PROM initialization mode is terminated by switching power supply to OFF.

(3) Special mention

- 1) Indication of "good" or "bAd" is succeeded by return to the initial display.
- Operation of "PURGE" switch is made invalid if it is actuated together with another switch.
 Operation of any other switch is also made invalid.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

4.8 Flow rate max limit setting mode

(1) Setting method

- With both the [STOP] and [DISPLAY SELECT] buttons kept pushed while power is OFF, turn [POWER] switch to ON, and an indication "SEt" will appear on the [RATE/D.LIMIT/Σ mL] display and the flow rate max limit setting mode come into effect.
- 2) Then, an indication "nn" (n: optional number) will appear on the [RATE/D.LIMIT/Σ mL] display. Push [PURGE] button and make sure that "nnnn" appears on the [RATE/D.LIMIT/Σ mL] indicator and the [20 mL] lamp is lit.
- * To make the flow rate max limit setting mode effective, refer to section 4.4 "Special function setting mode."
 - 3) Set the flow rate max limit to a desired value of 1 to 1200 mL/h with the setting dial.
 - 4) Once a setting value is entered, push the [START] button and keep it pushed for approx. 1.5 seconds to store the entry.

As this process is completed with a beep, an indication "good" will appear on the [RATE/D.LIMIT/Σ mL] display (for approx. 2 seconds.) In case of abnormality, "bAd" will be displayed.

Note: Whenever any change of settings is made, be sure to store the altered adjustments.

5) The flow rate max limit setting mode can be terminated by turning power supply to OFF.

(2) Special mention

- 1) Soon after indication of "good" or "bAd," the display will return to the initial indication.
- 2) If power supply is cut off during setting procedure, a failure to store the entry will result.
- 3) In the case where any flow rate exceeding 300 mL/h is set, the maximum flow rate of 10, 20, 30 mL syringe is limited to 300 mL/h.

Date: 10/26/98
Sender: Eugene Yeo
To: Dennis Valsamis

Priority: Normal

Subject: [Information] Silence Alarm for Purging on TE-311/312

Dear Dennis

Attached are the steps necessary to silent the purge alarm. Do test it

in-house before advising users.

Any question - feel free to call me back.

Regards Eugene

Forward Header

Subject: [Information] Silence Alarm for Purging on TE-311/312

Author: Toshiya Iwami at TERUMO-HONSHA01

Date: 10/22/98 11:21 AM

Dear Eugene-san,

Hope your Vietnam live would be successful.

By the way, I would like to inform you of the procedure as below mentioned and kindly refer it and try to confirm it before you explain it to customer.

- 1. Dip Switch: Change its position to be " C " from "1"
- 2. Holding "Stop" button and press "Power" button together. Note: Holding both buttons more than 3 seconds. Otherwise, the error message will be shown.
- Press "Rate/Limit" button till syringe size "20ml" is flashing.
- 4. Press " Purge " button till the below position is flashing and press " Stop " button to set the figure to be " O " Zero.

Display: 1 1 1 1

Flashing " Press " Stop "

Display: 1 1 0 1

5. Press "Start" button in order to memorize silence condition. And then "good" will be shown on the display. Then turn off the power.

Display: good

6. Change the dip switch to be "1". Confirm that number shown on the display is " 0" during self check. Also, confirm silence for purging.

Please try to do it yourself first and kindly contact me if you have any questions.

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dcc., 1996

The Special function setting mode is terminated by switching power supply OFF. 6)

Function	Lamp going ON	Blinking place	Setting passible
	Selected with "DISPLAY	Selected with "PURGE" switch	Selected with "STOP" switch
	SELECT"	SWIICH	
	switch		
Setting of delivery limit max mode	10 mL		0: Standard 1: Delivery limit mode mode
Nurse Call Mode Activation	10 mL		0: Not 1: Standard Activated mode
Memory Mode Activation	10 mL		0: Standard 1: Mode node 'ON'
Battery Saving Mode	10 mL		0: Standard 1: Mode node 'ON'
Setting of silenced repeat alarm mode	20 mL		0: Silenced 1: Standard mode mode
Purge Sound Activation	20 mL		0: Silenced 1: Standard mode
Key Sound Activation	20 mL		0: Silenced 1: Standard mode
Setting of silenced start reminder alarming mode	20 mL		0: Silenced 1: Standard mode mode
NOT USED	30 mL		1: Standard mode
Clutch Disengage Alarm	30 mL		0: Standard 1: Not Activated
Low Battery Alarm Timing	30 mL		0: 20 minutes 1: Standard mode 30 min
Setting of computer-interface mode	30 mL		0: Standard 1: Entry enable mode

*	enclosure is initialization setting.

SS09-9B002 Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

Function	Lamp going ON	Rlinking place	
2 41011011	Selected with	Blinking place	Setting possible
	"DISPLAY	Selected with "PURGE"	Sclected with "STOP" switch
	SELECT"	switch	_
	ľ	Entry enable mode	
	switch		
	50 mĽ.		1: Standard mode
Setting of flow rate	50 mL		0: Standard ! 1: Variable
max limit mode			mode mode
The state of the s	50 mL		0: Standard
			mode
Dial Half Turn	50 mL		0: Standard 1: Not
Beep Sound			mode Activated.
The same of the sa	10 mL, 20 mL		
			0: Standard mode
	10 mL, 20 mL		
	10 1111, 20 1111		0: Standard mode
	10 T 20 T		
	10 mL, 20 mL		0: Standard
			mode
	10 mL, 20 mL		0: Standard
	10 mL, 30 mL		0: Standard
	ĺ		mode
	10 mL, 30 mL		0: Standard
	, - +		mode mode
	10 mL, 30 mL		
	10 IIIL, 30 IIIL		0: Standard
	10 7 00 "		mode
	10 mL, 30 mL		0: Standard
			mode
		·	1
* enclosure	is initialization set	+ h.m. n.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is milianzanon set	ung.	<u>_</u>

4 - 14

Applicable lots:

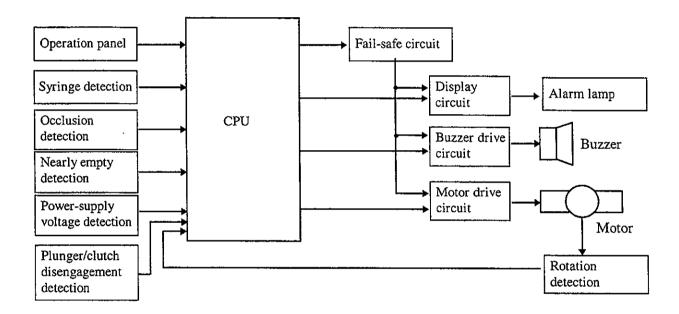
9612 lot -

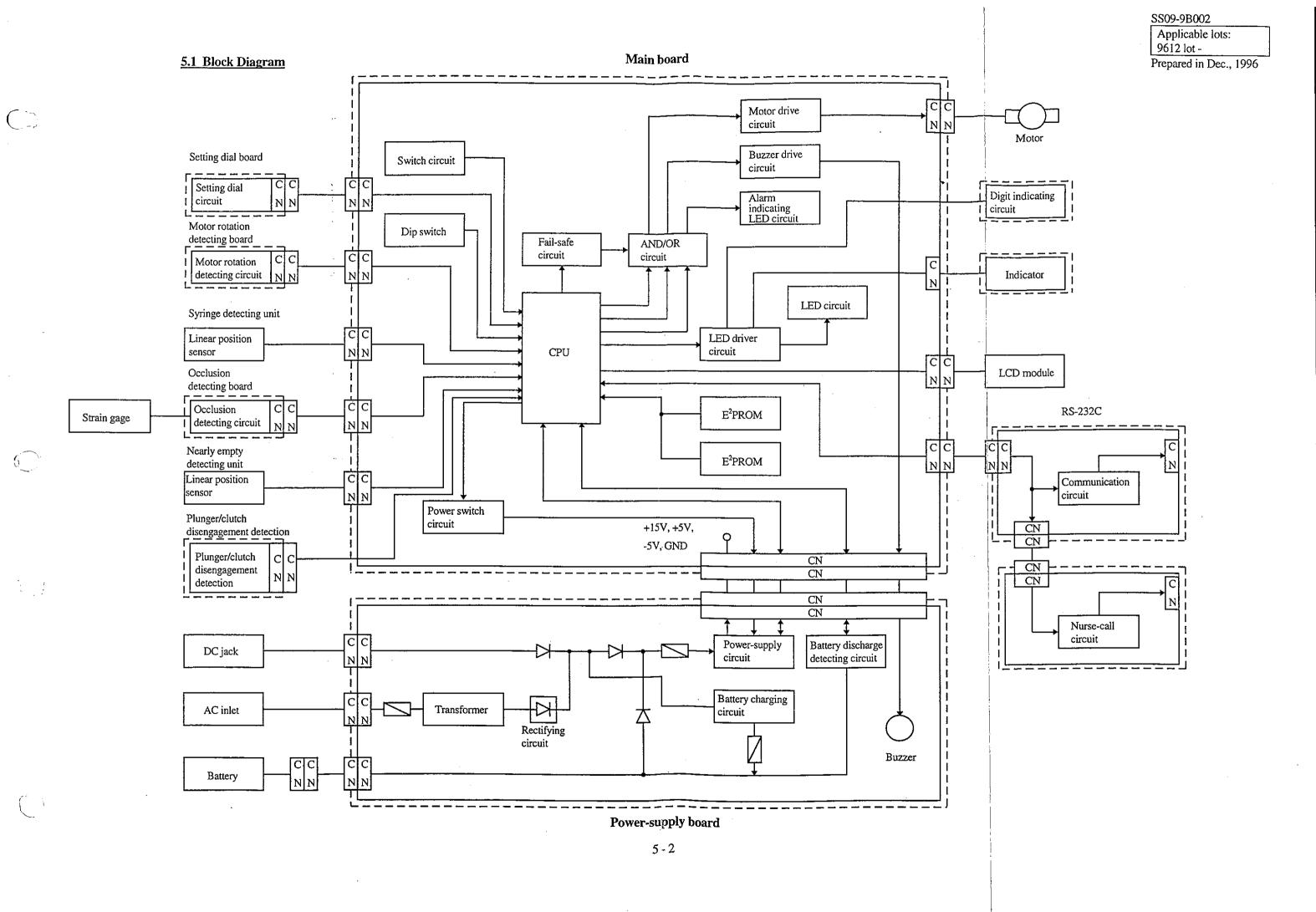
Prepared in Dec., 1996

5. PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

All functions related to operation, display, buzzer and motor control, and detections are under control of the microcomputer (CPU).

In case of erroneous operation of the CPU, the fail-safe circuit outside the CPU will force the motor to stop and, at the same time, will cause the indication of an alarm and a bleep of buzzer.





Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2 Electric and software system

5.2.1 Structure

Unit name	Structure	Major function
Power unit	Power-supply board (06LA525□*)	Power-supply circuit
		Battery charging circuit
		Low battery detecting circuit
Control unit	Main board (06LA506*)	CPU peripheral circuit
	·	Fail-safe circuit
		Motor driving circuit
		Power switch circuit
		LED display circuit
		Buzzer drive circuit
Detection unit	Rotation detection board (05LA16*)	Motor rotation detecting circuit
	Occlusion detection unit (05LA17*)	Occlusion detection circuit
	Syringe detection unit (05LA05*)-	Nearly empty detection circuit
	Nearly empty detection unit	Plunger/clutch disengagement detection circuit
	(05LA18*)	detection circuit
	Plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit (05LA49*)	
Operation unit	Dial unit (05LA04*)	Setting dial circuit
	Setting dial board (05LA09*)	_
External output	Nurse-call board & RS232C board	Computer interface circuit
unit	(05LA27*)	Nurse-call circuit
LCD module unit	LCD (06LB503*)	Liquid crystal display circuit

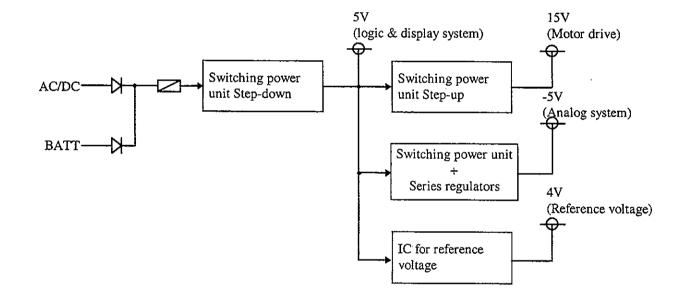
Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2 Description of operation

5.2.2.1 Power-supply circuit

To cope with a wide input-voltage range of approx. 8V to 20V, which is dependent on the use of AC, DC or battery for power supply, a step-down switching power unit (5V) is provided in the first stage.

Through this 5V power unit, power is supplied to meet the needs of 15V for the motor drive, -5V for the occlusion detection amplifier, and 4V for the A/D conversion reference voltage for CPU. Since all switching power supplies have the "short-circuit detecting" functions which cut off power supply in case of occurrence of an excessive overload current.



Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

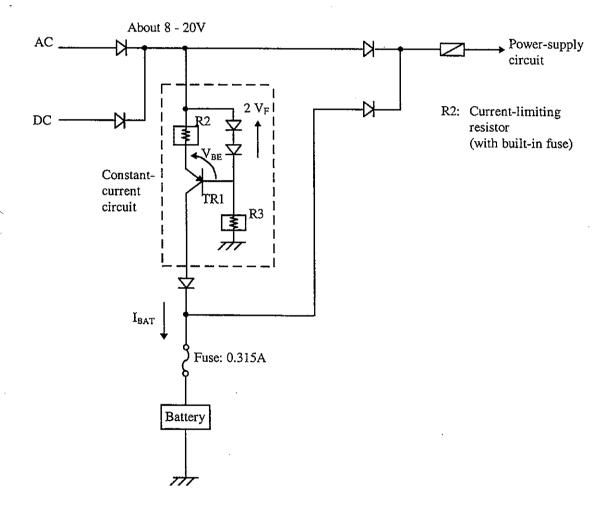
Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.2 Recharging circuit

The battery is recharged by trickle-charge of a constant-current circuit. Charging current I_{BAT} is calculated by the following equation:

$$I_{BAT} = (2V_F - V_{BE})/R_2$$

(where, V_F : Forward voltage of diode, V_{BE} : Base-emitter voltage of transistor)



Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.3 Low battery detection circuit

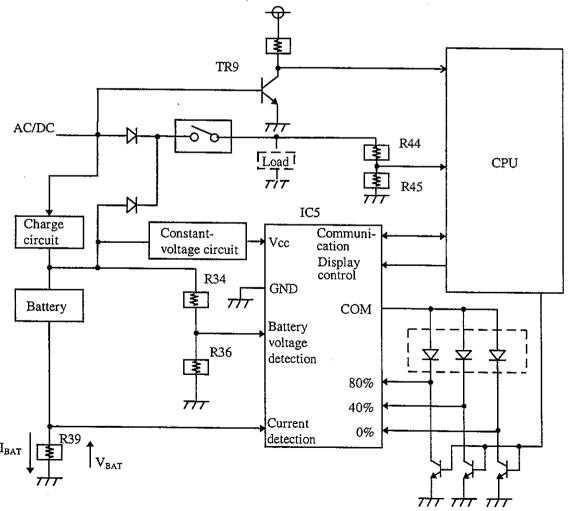
An IC5 is used for detecting the low battery and recharging current.

The internal memory of IC5 always needs supplying power and, therefore, a battery is kept connected to the IC5 even when the power switch is OFF.

Note: Data stored in the IC5 would be cleared if the battery is disconnected from IC5 for replacement of the battery or if the battery is left unattended for a long time until it loses output voltage (self-discharge).

In such a case, it is necessary to check for accurate indication of low battery by using the checking method given in the instruction manual.

The battery voltage is detected at a point at which battery output resistance is divided into two (R34 and R36). Battery discharge/recharge current (I_{BAT}) is derived from voltage being generated across resistance R39.



Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

The IC5 has a function of learning how much capacity the battery involved holds actually and, accordingly, if the battery capacity has decreased due to deterioration, three indicator lamps in the low battery detection circuit may fail to light even if the battery is charged fully. Since lighting of the indicator lamps is based on the "nominal value" of battery capacity, whenever the battery is disconnected from and reconnected to IC5 for replacement of the battery, it is necessary to check for accurate indication of low battery by using the checking method given in the instruction manual.

The CPU being in computer interface with IC5 performs the following functions:

(1) Detecting battery abnormality: If any of the following abnormal conditions is detected, the CPU will cause the three "Battery" lamps to blink simultaneously:

- •Open to circuit of battery changing line.
- •Short circuit of cells
- •Expiry of battery life

(2) Detection of low battery charge:

If low battery charge reduces to 20% (approx.) or if the CPU detects a low sustainable battery voltage of 1.05V (1.00 - 1.10V) (approx.) for each cell, the CPU will cause the battery-charge alarm to generate.

(3) Shutdown alarm:

If the CPU detect a reduction of voltage to approx. 0.95V (0.90 - 1.00V) per battery, the CPU will cause the shutdown alarm to generate. Tokk & Shut Disput $^{\circ}$

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.4 CPU peripheral circuit

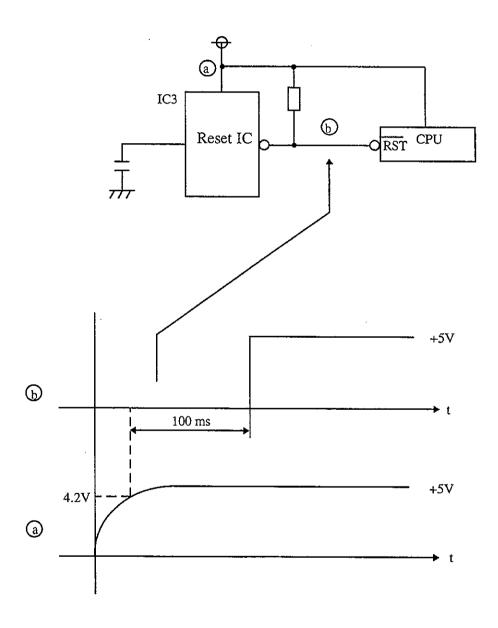
The CPU comprises the following terminals:

Terminal (Port)	Function
P00 - P03	Input of state of dip switch.
P04	Input of AC/DC/BATT select signal.
P05 - P07	Control of LCD state (with/without, back-light ON/OFF, tip select).
P10 - P12	Output of data signal to LED driver.
P13, P15	Output of data from E ² PROM and output of clock.
P20	Output of signal for lighting low battery LED.
P21	Input of data signal for setting dial (side B).
P22	Output of display-permit signal for low battery LED.
P24 - P27	Output of alarm-lamp lighting signal.
P30	Output of nurse-call alarm.
P31 - P33	Output of data signal for buzzer volume (L, M, H).
P41 - P47	Input of key data signal.
P52	Output of buzzer driving pulse.
P54	Output of motor driving signal.
P51, P55	Output of motor controlling signal.
P56	Output of shutdown signal.
P60, P61	Input of rotation detecting signal.
P62	Input of signal from external fail-safe circuit (on the software, unused).
P63	Input of data signal for setting dial (side A).
P64, P66	Input / output of serial data for low battery LED.
P65	Output of pulse to external fail-safe circuit.
P67, P40	Input of clutch disengagement detection signal.
P70	Input of occlusion detection signal.
P71	Input of nearly empty detection signal.
P72	Input of syringe detection signal.
P73	Input of analog value of power-supply voltage.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(1) Reset circuit

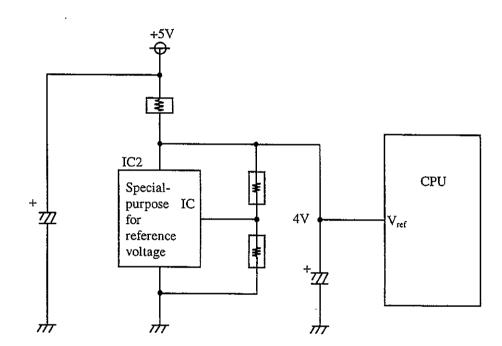
When "POWER" button of the equipment has been pushed, the reset circuit actuates the CPU approx. 100 ms after the 5V-system power supply nearly rises up.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) Reference voltage supply circuit

A special-purpose IC is prepared for generating 4V power supply which is used as a reference voltage for A/D conversion in the CPU when detecting presence of the syringe, occlusion of the syringe, nearly empty, and power-supply voltage.

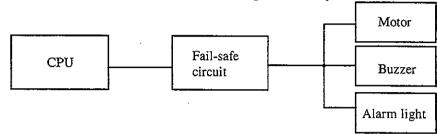


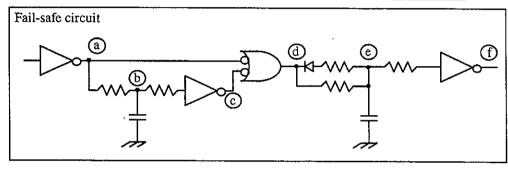
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

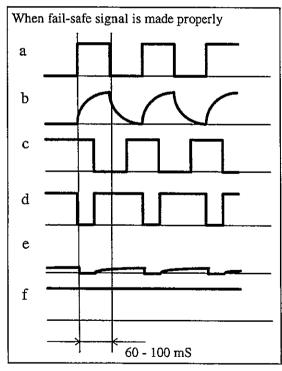
Prepared in Dec., 1996

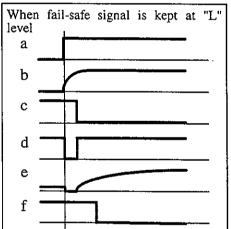
5.2.2.5 Fail-safe circuit

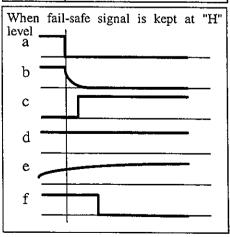
In case of erroneous operation of the CPU, a fail-safe circuit outside the CPU causes braking force to stop the motor and, at the same time, alarming is made by both the buzzer and alarm light.











Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

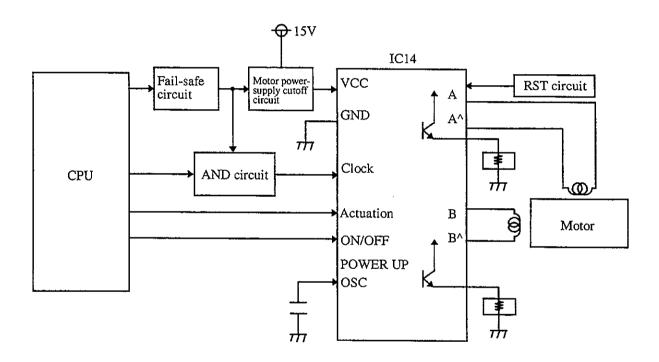
Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.6 Motor driving circuit

When a drive signal from the CPU enters the motor driver IC (IC14-7), output signals from IC output pins actuates the respective motor phases one after another to drive the motor.

Also, the motor power control signal from the CPU enters the same IC, so that an "L" level signal, for instance, acts on the motor to decrease its power.

In case of erroneous operation of the CPU, a fail-safe circuit outside the CPU causes braking force to stop the motor.



Applicable lots:

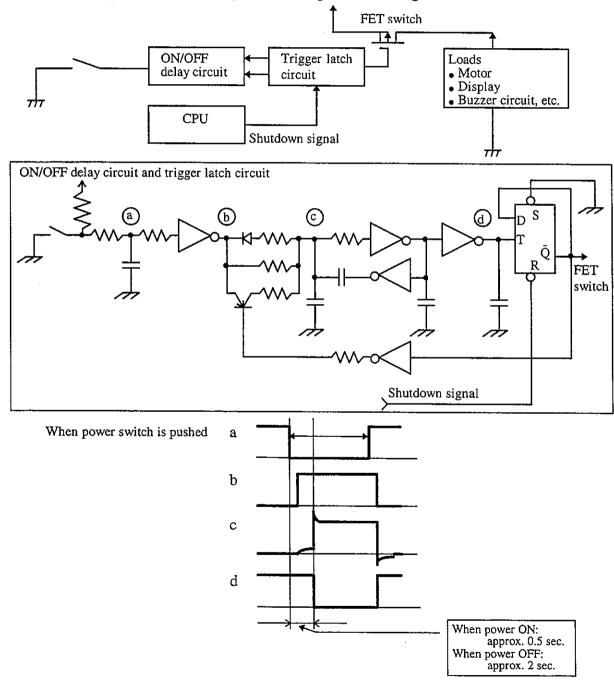
9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.7 Power switch circuit

This circuit prevents the power switch from chattering. It is also provided with an ON/OFF delay circuit giving a delay time of approx. 0.5 second when power is turned ON and approx. 2 seconds of delay when turned OFF.

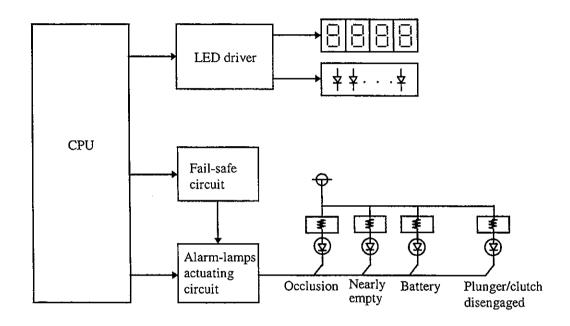
Power supply is cut off also by a low-voltage shutdown signal from the CPU.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.8 LED display circuit

Output data signal from the CPU to the LED driver causes the LED display lamps to light. In case of erroneous operation of the CPU, a fail-safe circuit outside the CPU causes the warning red lamps (occlusion, nearly empty, low battery, and plunger/clutch disengaged) to light.

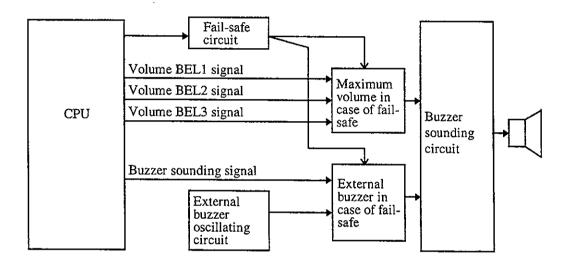


Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.9 Buzzer driving circuit

Buzzer driving signal and volume signal are sent to the buzzer from the CPU.

In case of erroneous operation of the CPU, a fail-safe circuit outside the CPU causes the buzzer to sound at the maximum volume, regardless of setting of buzzer volume.



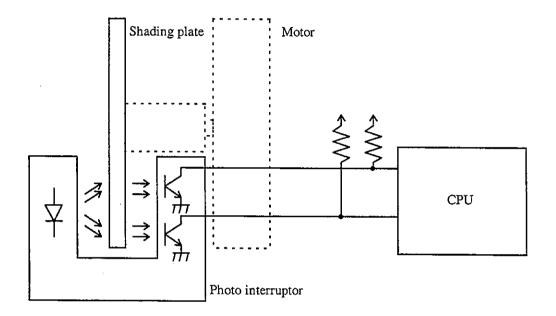
Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.10 Motor rotation detection circuit

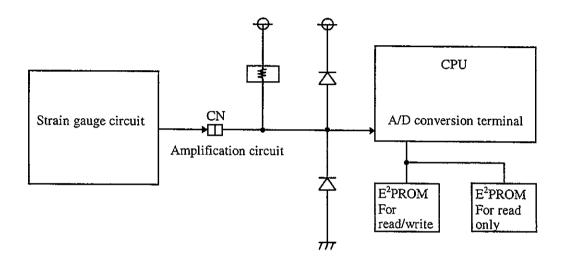
Rotation of the motor is detected by a shading plate attached to the motor and a photo interrupter on the rotation detecting board.



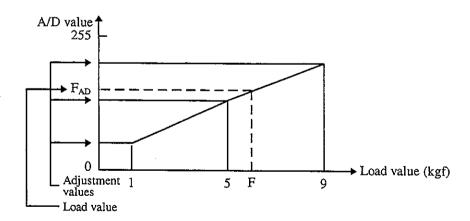
Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.11 Occlusion detection circuit

For occlusion detection, an increase in syringe inner pressure is detected as a load imposed on the slider.



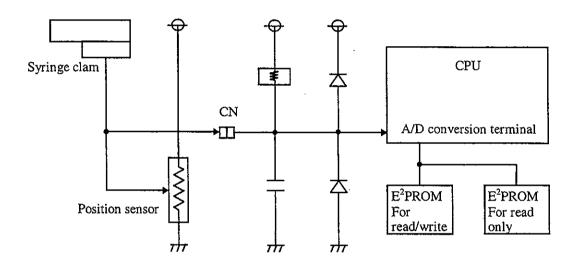
The diagram below shows the state of data found inside the CPU at four different values of load imposed on the slider: Adjustment values (1, 5, 9 kgf) and value F.



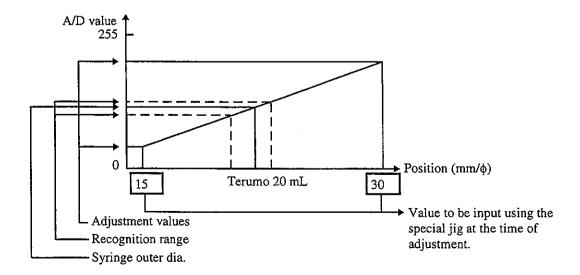
5.2.2.12 Syringe and nearly empty detection circuit

Syringe and nearly empty are detected with the voltage divider of a potentiometer and the resulting data (a ratio of voltages proportional to the ratio of resistance) enters the CPU at A/D port.

* The nearly empty alarm is made when nearly empty decreases to approx. 0.5 mL for 10 mL syringe and to approx. 1 mL for other syringes.



The diagram below shows the state of data processing at three different values: Adjustment values (15, 30 mm/φ) and Terumo 20 mL syringe recognition range.



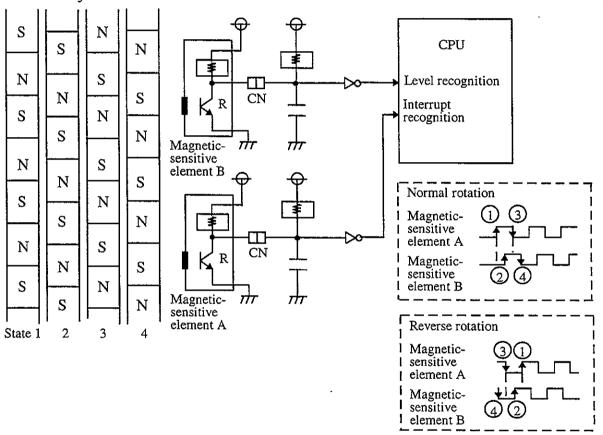
Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.13 Setting dial and switch circuits

(1) Setting dial circuit

Rotation of the setting dial is detected, and the set value is increased or decreased as necessary, by the magnets inside the setting dial and two magnetic-sensitive elements (phase difference 90°) on the setting-dial board.

To prevent erroneous operation, the set value is kept unvaried in the range of approx. 180° after start of rotation by an insensitive zone.



(2) Switch circuit

When a switch button is pushed on the main board (SS09-1EA01), switch data output enters the CPU and the switch circuit detects which button is pushed.

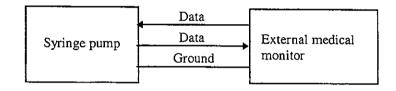
Each port of the CPU is usually at "H" level as far as the switch button corresponding to the port is not pushed. Pushing a button causes the relative port to turn to "L" level, allowing the CPU to discriminate the button pushed from others.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.14 Computer interface and nurse-call circuits

(1) Computer interface circuit

- * For details, refer to the specification for the external computer interface function.
- Using the external computer interface (RS-232C or RS-485), you are able to confirm the syringe size, acting state, various alarming state, preset dose mode, and Body weight mode.
- The pump is connected to an external medical monitor with a line composed of three wires: two
 data wires and a ground wire. No control signal is exchanged.



- The pump does not transmit data unless it receives an order from the external. (There is no possibility of so called "spontaneous effluence.")
- For reliability and safety of data, data check per bit is made by nibble reverse method." (nibble = 4 bits.)
- Even if two or more pumps are used or if there is mixing with other devices, each pump can be discriminated from others by setting ID numbers (2-digit unit number and 8-digit product number).
- In case where proper connecting cables are not available in the market, it is necessary to have them made to order by the cable maker or the medical monitor maker.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

When it is necessary to change the flow rate, etc. externally for purposes of pump inspection and so on, make enable the entry of computer-interface mode setting by referring to section 4.4 "Special function setting mode." For necessary commands, see the table below.

Communication Protocol

For details, refer to "Computer interface protocol" packed in the unit box.

- 1) Change the variables of the main unit.
 - * No change is allowed after starting.

◆ Command	02H	
♦ Auxiliary commands	H00	Change of flow rate
	01H	Change of dose rate
	02H	Change of body weight
	03H	Change of drug volume
	04H	Change of solution volume
	05H	Change of delivery limit
♦Data	0000H	2 bytes
		Dose rate: 100 times as large as the specified value
		Others: 10 times as large as the specified value
		Transmission should occur from lower to upper bytes

2) Change the status of the main unit.

◆ Command	02H	
◆ Auxiliary commands	20H	Status is changed
◆ Data	00H	1 byte
		01H: START, 05H: STOP/SILENCE

If the request is accepted in either case of (1) and (2), the response "0" will be returned, and if not accepted, the response "1" will be returned.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) Nurse-call circuit

In case of alarm, the contact point of the relay inside the pump will close for about 5 seconds to generate a nurse-call.

Note: Use a capacity not exceeding 1A (12VDC).

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

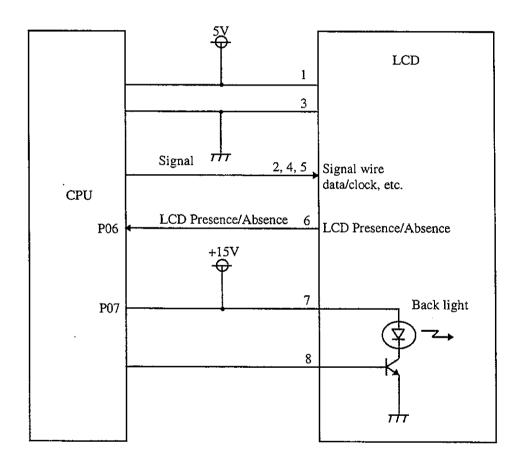
Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.15 Liquid crystal display (LCD) circuit

Presence or absence of LCD is detected at CPU port: P06.

When the connector is coupled, since this terminal is connected to the ground inside the LCD module, the level is turned to "L" and the LCD (presence) is detected.

At port: P07, ON/OFF signal is output to the back light of LCD.



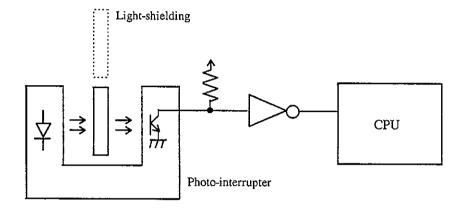
Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.2.2.16 Plunger/clutch disengagement detection circuit

A light-shielding plate next to the feed nut, which is actuated by clutch operation, and photo interrupter on plunger / clutch disengagement board, detects the plunger / clutch disengagement.



Applicable lots: 9612 lot -Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.3 Mechanism systems

5.3.1 Structure

Name	Components	Typical function
Driving unit	Driving system unit (06LA543*) <other included="" parts=""> • Driver (06LA514*) • Motor unit (05LA15*) • Rotation detection board (05LA16*) • Occlusion detection unit (05LA17*) • Nearly empty detection unit (05LA18*) • Plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit (05LA49*)</other>	 Power transmission Motor Motor rotation detection Occlusion pressure detection Nearly empty position detection
Slider/ Clutch	Slider unit (06LA510*) Slider cover (06LA511*)	Syringe plunger Holding/Pushing Feed screw & feed nut Connection/Release
Clamp	Clamp unit-(06LA503*)-	Syringe holding
Syringe detector	Syringe detection unit (05LA05*)	Syringe size detection

Prepared in Dec., 1996

5.3.2 Description of operation

5.3.2.1 Driving system unit

The driving unit is composed of the motor unit, gearing, feed screw, feed nut, pipe shaft, rotation detection board, occlusion detection unit, and nearly empty detection unit.

(1) Driver and motor unit

Rotation of the motor causes the motor-attached gearing and feed screw to turn. The feed nut in mesh with the feed screw causes linear movement of the slider.

(2) Rotation detection board

Rotation of the motor is detected by the combination of a shading plate attached to the motor and a photo interrupter for rotation detection.

Since the shading plate is perforated, light beam to the photo interrupter passes the shading plate intermittently with turning of the shading plate as far as the motor is in normal rotation.

In case where an error occurs in rotation of the motor, however, light beam fails to pass the shading plate at regular intervals, making an alarm and causing a the pump to stop.

(3) Occlusion detection unit

If the Infusion line is occluded, a pressure will be transmitted to the feed screw which delivers that pressure as a load to the strain gauge attached to the screw end.

The strain gauge usually keeps an equilibrium. Once a occlusion state occurs, however, the equilibrium is lost and the occlusion is detected.

(4) Nearly empty detection unit

A projection locating close to the feed nut moves the linear position sensor of the nearly empty detection unit to detect the nearly empty in the syringe.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(5) Plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit

A light-shielding plate next to the feed nut, which is actuated by the photo-interrupter for plunger/clutch disengagement detection, detects the plunger/clutch disengaged.

5.3.2.2 Slider and clutch

• Slider

With the plunger set in the syringe pump, solution is infused by operating the plunger.

• Clutch

With the clutch held, the feed screw and nut can be disengaged from each other to move the slider freely. Releasing the clutch causes the feed screw to mesh with the nut.

5.3.2.3 Clamp

The clamp holds the syringe plunger set in the syringe pump.

5.3.2.4 Syringe size detector

The detector in the clamp, moves the linear position sensor of the syringe detecting unit to detect the syringe size.

(Rev.3) SS09-9B002

Applicable lots: 9612 lot-

Prepared in Jun.,2001

6.2 Service parts List

A list of service parts comprising TE-311/312 is shown below. This list and the development elevation in paragraph 6.1 will be useful for *The numbers in the list correspond to those in 6.1.

•	 Parts for TE-311 (including a part of TE-312) 	ing a part	of TE-312)				
No.	o. Name		Service parts revision history	evision history	Other parts included	Q'ty(@)	Remarks
	•	Revision	Order No.	Applicable lot			
1	1 Unner case unit TE-311	3	06LA501□	9612-0103(A)	Panel sheet. (06LA502)	-	□=A: TE*311N
•				9702-9712(E)	Syringe size label. (06LA538)		B: TE*311C
			06LA5011□	0104- (A)	Upper case setting dial sheet. (05LA40)		MDD(2800324)
				9801- (E)	-		MDD(28001/8)
2	2 Panel sheet TE-311	-	06LA502	9612-		-	
100	3 Clamp unit	1	06LA503	9612-		1	
14	_	1	05LA04	9612-		1	-
	5 Syringe detection unit	1	05LA051	9612-		1	
10		3	06LA5062	9612-0103(A)	E^2 PROM(06LA536)		(B No.2579)
	(TE-311*/312*)			9702-9712(E)			(
			06LAS064	0104- (A)	E ² PROM(06LA5361)		MDD(2800324)
-2			•	9801- (E)			MDD
							(B No.2579,A No.2655)
900	8 Indicator unit	1	05LA08	9612-		н	
10	_	,	05LA09	9612-			
1=	10 Slider unit	1	06LA510	9612-		_	
<u> </u>	11 Slider cover	ì	06LA511	9612-			
Ľ	12 Boot	-	05LA121	9612-		-	(A No.2507)
-	13 Boot holder plate		05LA13	9612-		-	
1-	14 Driver	ı	06LA514	9612-		1	
1	15 Motor unit	-	05LA15	9612-		-	
	16 Rotation detection board	ı	05LA16	9612-		_	
<u> </u>	17 Occlusion detection unit	1	05LA17	9612-		-	

@:Q'ty in one unit(pouch). NOTE: Segment (E) in the Applicable lot are applicable to TE*311NH*,TE*311CH*,TE*312CH*, and segment (A) are

NOTE: (*) is included in the concerned spare parts. applicable to the others.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot-

Prepared in Jun.,2001

in the Applicable lot are applicable to TE*311NH*, TE*311CH*, TE*312CH*, and segment (A) are @:Q'ty in one unit(pouch).

NOTE: Segment (E) in the Ar applicable to the others.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot-

Prepared in Jun.,2001

ſ				4	Other species	(@)	Remarks
Š	Name		Service parts revision history	vision history	Office parts increase		
		Revision	Order No.	Applicable lot			
24	DC jack unit	1	1	9612-0103(A)		-	
			1	9702-9712(E)			
			06LA524E	0104- (A)			MDD(2800324)
				9801- (E)			MDD(28001/8)
25	Power-cumbly board	ı	06LA525□		Fuse: Glass tube. (05LA26)		□=B:110V. H:230V.
3	name fidding ratio I				Fuse: Actual board package (05LA35)		D:120V. I:240V.
	ŕ				Buzzer unit: (05LA50)	-	G:220V.
26	Fuse	-	05LA26	9612-			10 Pieces
27	27 Nurse-call board and	ļ	05LA271	9612-		_	
i ,	RS232C board					<u> </u> ,	
28	Case seal rubber	1	05LA28	9612-		- ,	
62	29 Packing for screw	!	05LA29	9612-			100 Pieces
30	30 Packing for AC inlet	3	130	9612-0103(A)		- -	
	0			9702-9712(E)			
			06LA530E	 			MDD(2800324) MDD(2800178)
				9801- (E)		<u> </u> ,	(C. CORRECTION
15	Pole clamp with tray	1	05LA31	9612-		-	
: :	23 Domer cord	1	V532□	9612-		-	U=A: American type
4	70467 7010						B: U.K. type
			-	,			C: European type
33	33 AC inlet	3	05LA331	9612-0103(A)		-	
			:	9702-9712(E)			
			06LA5331E	0104- (A)			MDD(2800324)
				9801- (E)		-	(B No.2630)
5	2.4 W/U	-	06T.A5341	9612-		-	10 Pieces
<u> </u>	1117 TT/AA	l 	!				MDD(2800178)
3.5	Tour (for heard colder)		051,A35	9612-		1	10 Pieces
ဒါ	35 Fuse (10) Doal a soluci)		222				

in the Applicable lot are applicable to TE*311NH*, TE*311CH*, TE*312CH*, and segment (A) are @:Q'ty in one unit(pouch).

NOTE: Segment (E) in the Applicable lot are a applicable to the others.

NOTE: (*) is included in the concerned spare parts.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot-

Prepared in Jun.,2001

Š	Name	:	Service parts revision history	vision history	Other parts included	Q'ty(@)	Remarks
		Revision	Order No.	Applicable lot			
36	E'PROM	3	1	9612-0103(A)	E2PROM(Ver3.1)	τ	
			1	9702-9712(E)			
			06LA5361		E ² PROM(Ver3.2)		MDD(2800324) MDD(2800178)
				9801- (E)		-	10 Pieces
38	Syringe size label	İ		9612-		,	AU LIECES CONTRACTOR
39	39 Cord No. label	1	06LA539A	9612-	•	- -	TE*31INB, TE*31IND
			(Label for Asia)				TE SIING TE SIIN
							•TE*311NI,•TE*311CH
							•TE*312CB,•1E*312CD
							•TE*312CG,•TE*312CH
							•TE*312CI °
		1	06LA539E	9702-			•TE*311NH*,
			(Label for				•TE*311CH*
			Europe)				-TE*312CH*
						,	
8	40 Upper case setting dial sheet.	ı	05LA40	9612-		-	10 Fieces
41	Plunger/clutch	!	06LA549 ·	9612-		-	
42	42 Ruzzer unit		0SLA50	9612-		-	
<u> </u>	Driving system unit	1	06LA543	9612-	Driver. (06LA514)	-	
					Motor unit. (05LA15)		
					Rotation detection board. (05LA16)		
					Occlusion detection unit. (05LAI7)		
			•		Nearly empty detection unit, (05LA181)		
					Plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit. (05LA549)		
	MEMO.		05LA44	9612-		-	
<u> </u>	Nurse call cable		06LA548	9612-		7	
'			0SLN51	9612-		-	
Ŀ	Slider hook unit		05LA51	9612.		-	4 Pieces E

@:Q'ty in one unit(pouch).

NOTE: Segment (E) in the Applicable lot are applicable to TE*311NH*,TE*311CH*,TE*312CH*, and segment (A) are applicable to the others.

NOTE: (*) is included in the concerned spare parts.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot-

Prepared in Jun.,2001

<u>ب</u>	Taris exclusive for a real and	Tr mac					\$
ź	Name		Service parts revision history	evision history	Other parts included	(g) (c) (d)	Kemarks
		Revision	<u> </u>	Applicable lot			
-	1 Upper case unit.	£0.	06LB501	9612-0103(A) 9702-9712(E)	Panel sheet. (06LB502) Syringe size label. (06LA538)	H	
			06LB5011	0104- (A) 9801- (E)	Upper-case setting dial sheet. (05LA40)	- 6	MDD(2800324) MDD(2800178)
7	2 Panel sheet.	-	06LB502	9612-		.	
3B	3B LCD. TE-312		06LB503	9612-	٠	1	
5							
<i>(</i>)	 Special Jigs 				1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	(6)44(0)	Bemarks
ž	Name		Service parts r	ce parts revision history	Other parts included		
•				4-1-1-1			

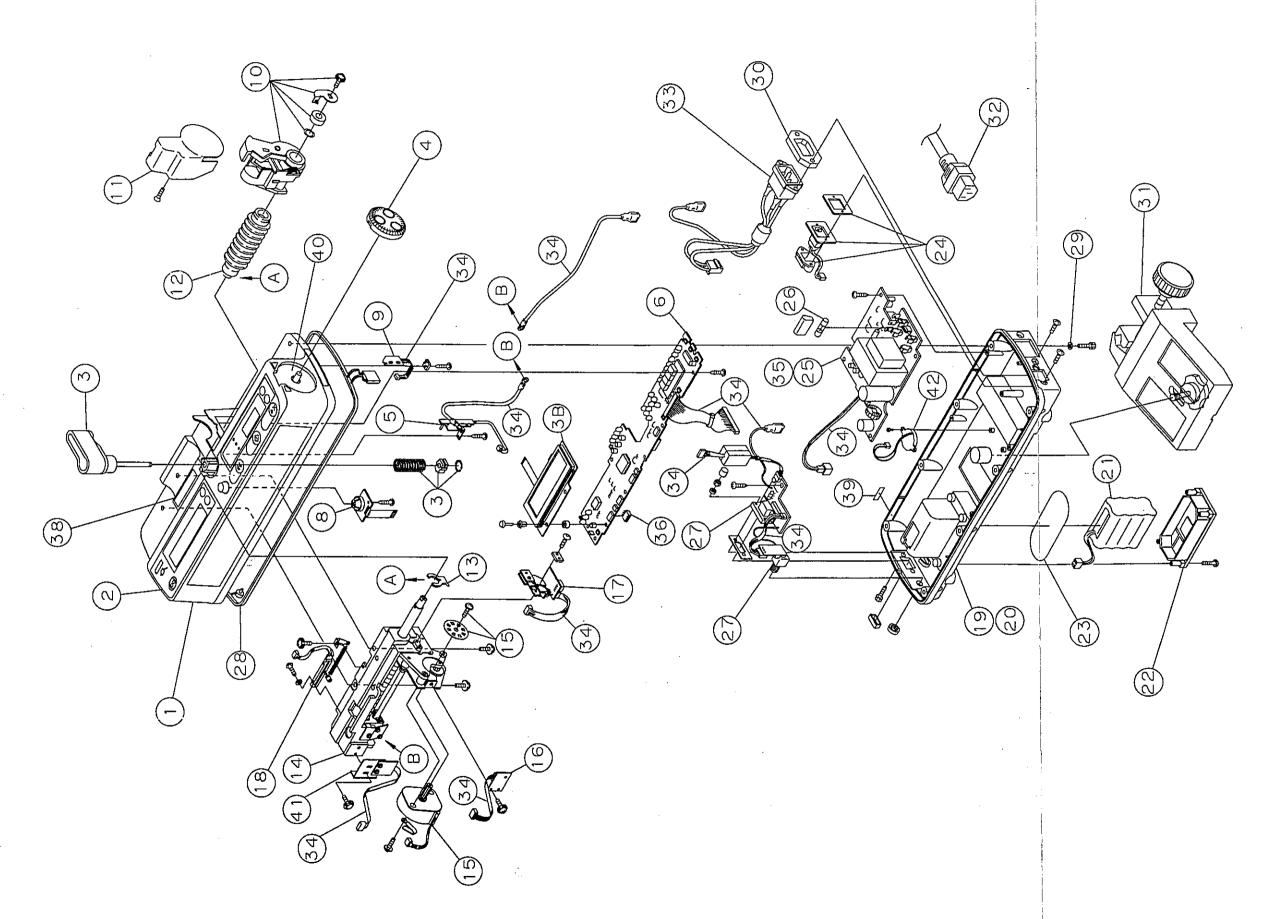
n	Special ligs					10, 10	
ź	Name		Service parts re	ce parts revision history	Other parts included	Q ty(@)	Keniarks
		Revision	ð	Applicable lot			
.	- Syringe detection checking	1	0	9612-		-	
	<u>g</u>					,-	
	Syringe and Nearly empty	1	05LA42	9612-		-	
	detection adjustment jig					,,	(E890 ON B)
١.	Occlusion adjustment jig	2	05LA461	9612-		-	(2000,000)
١.	- Plunger/clutch	1	05LA47	9612-		⊣	
	disengagement detection						-
	adjusting jig						
	2 2 2						

@:Q'ty in one unit(pouch). NOTE: Segment (E) in the Applicable lot are applicable to TE*311NH*TE*311CH*TE*312CH*.

NOTE: (*) is included in the concerned spare par

6.2 Development elevation

13



Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7. DISASSEMBLY, REASSEMBLY, AND ADJUSTMENT

[List of checks and adjustments accompanying disassembly, assembly and replacement]

* Whenever disassembly, assembly, or replacement is made, perform checks and adjustments shown in the table below. Also, be sure to perform periodic inspection after working. (See Para. 9. Maintenance and Cleaning.)

	Check & adjust	Syringe detection See Para.	Nearly empty detection See Para.	Occlusion detection See Para.	Others:
Working		1		7.3.3 & 7.3.4.	
Dial unit	Remove Replace				
Battery	Remove Replace				+
Upper/lower case unit	Remove Replace (upper) Replace (lower)	Adjust	Adjust	Adjust	
Power-supply board	Remove Replace				Aging
AC inlet	Remove Replace				
DC jack unit	Remove Replace				
Fuse	Remove Replace				Aging
Nurse-call board/ RS232C board	Remove Replace				Aging
Main board	Remove Replace	Check Adjust	Check Adjust	Check Adjust	Aging
Indicator unit	Remove Replace				

SS09-9B002
Applicable lots:
9612 lot Prepared in Dec., 1996

Working	Check & adjust	Syringe detection See Para. 7.3.1 & 7.3.4.	Nearly empty detection See Para. 7.3.1 & 7.3.4.	Occlusion detection See Para. 7.3.3 & 7.3.4.	Others:
LCD	Remove Replace				Aging
Slider unit	Remove Replace		Check Check	Check Check	
Boot	Remove Replace				
Drive unit	Remove Replace		Adjust Adjust	Check Adjust	Aging
Rotation detection board	Remove Replace				Aging
Nearly empty detection unit	Remove Replace		Adjust Adjust		Aging
Motor unit	Remove Replace				Aging
Occlusion detecting unit	Remove Replace			Adjust Adjust	Aging
Plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit	Remove Replace				Aging
Syringe detection unit	Remove Replace	Adjust Adjust			Aging
Clamp unit	Remove Replace	Adjust Adjust			
Setting dial board	Remove Replace				Aging

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1 Disassembly Procedure

The procedure for disassembling the TE-311/312 is described below. When performing disassembly, follow the sequence flow chart.

When handling the parts of appearance-important, such as the upper and lower cases, lay them on soft material such as rags and perform disassembly work carefully not to deteriorate the quality of surface by scratching, etc.

[Disassembling flow chart]

Pump body	
Take off dial unit	7.1.1
— Dismount the battery	7.1.2
Detaching the upper and lower case units	7.1.3
(Disassembling the lower case unit)	7.1.4
Removing the power-supply board	7.1.4.1
Removing the AC inlet	7.1.4.2
Removing the DC jack unit	7.1.4.3
Removing the fuse	7.1.4.4
Removing the buzzer	7.1.4.5
Removing the nurse-call board and RS232C board	7.1.4.6
(Disassembling the upper case unit)	7.1.5
Removing the main board	7.1.5.1
Removing the indicator unit	7.1.5.2
Removing the LCD	7.1.5.3
Removing the boot and slider unit	7.1.5.4
Removing the drive unit	7.1.5.5
- Removing the rotation detection board	7.1.5.6
Removing the nearly empty detection unit	7.1.5.7
Removing the motor unit	7.1.5.8
Removing the occlusion detection unit	7.1.5.9
Removing the plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit	7.1.5.10
Removing the syringe detection unit	7.1.5.11
Removing the clamp unit	7.1.5.12
Removing the setting dial board	7.1.5.13

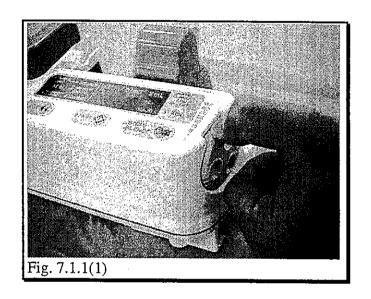
For identification and location of parts, refer to Section 6. Service Parts List and Development Elevation. In the elevation, the number succeeding part name represents service part code.

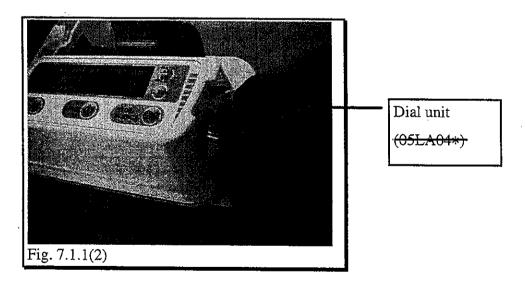
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.1 Taking off the dial unit

The dial unit (1) is attached to the pump body with magnet. To take it off, position the dial unit with its groove up, put the thumb at the groove and pull the dial with fingers, shaking it right and left.



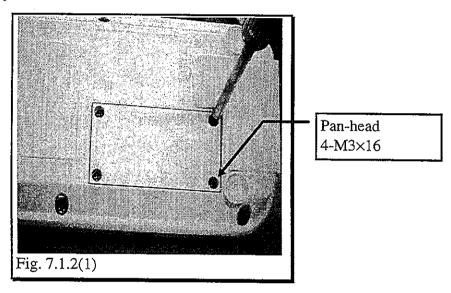


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

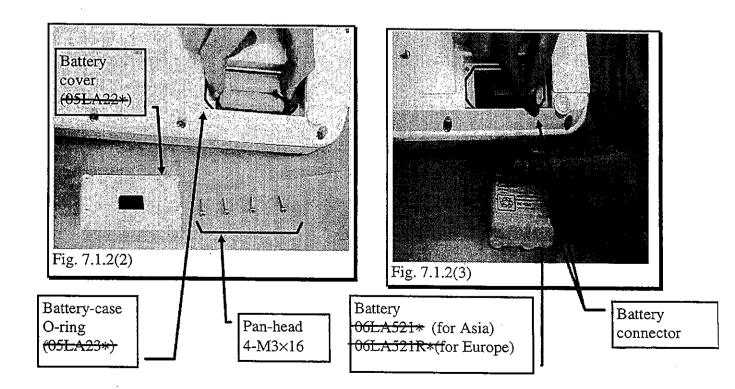
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.2 Dismounting the battery

(1) Withdraw 4 screws (pan-head, M3×16) fastening the battery cover to the bottom of pump body, and remove the battery cover.



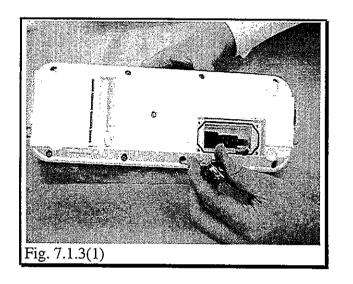
(2) Dismount the battery and disconnect the battery connector.
If the battery-case O-ring has been deteriorated, remove also the O-ring from the groove.

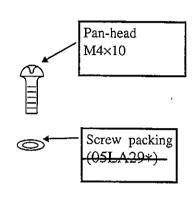


Prepared in Dec., 1996

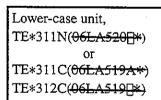
7.1.3 Detaching the upper and lower case units

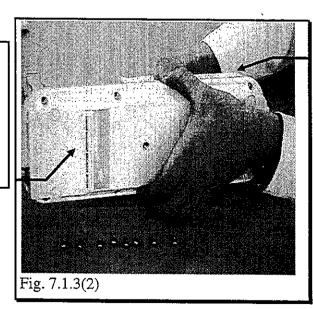
(1) Withdraw 8 screws (pan-head, M4×10) together with packings.





- (2) Detaching the upper and lower case units together by pulling the lower case unit so that it makes an arc of swing.
- * During removal, take care not to apply excessive tension to the cables inside the pump body.





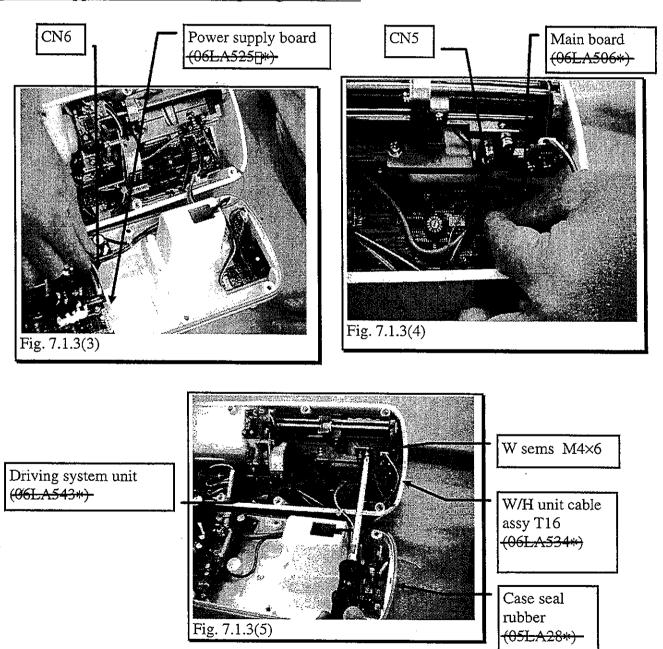
Upper-case unit, exclusive for TE*311N(06LA501A*) TE*311C(06LA501B*) or TE*312C(06LB501*)

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) Remove the ground-wire attaching screws (W sems M4×6) from CN6 on the power supply board and CN5 on the main board, and from the driving unit. Separate the upper-case and lower-case units from each other and remove the case-seal rubber.

Note: An occlusion detection unit is in the opening of the upper-case unit. Absolutely avoid to place the upper-case unit with its opening side down.

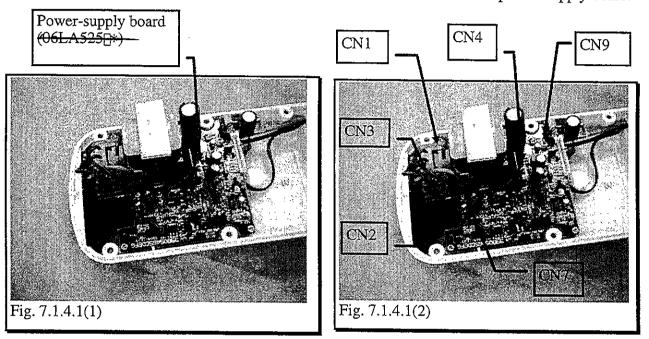


Prepared in Dec., 1996

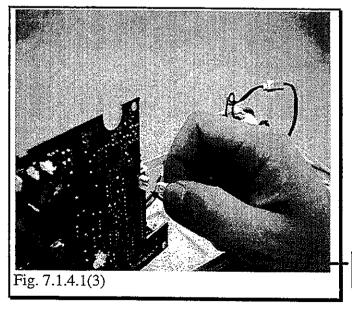
7.1.4 Disassembling the lower case unit

7.1.4.1 Removing the power-supply board

(1) Disconnect the connectors CN1, CN2, CN3, CN4 and CN7 CN9 from the power-supply board.



(2) Remove 6 screws (tapping screw, M3×10) fastening the power-supply board, cut the tie, and disconnect the connector CN5. Detach the power-supply board from the lower case.



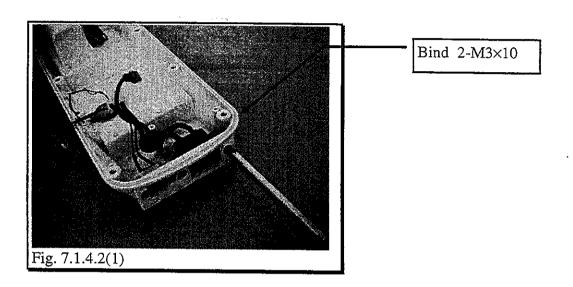
Note: Capacitor C3 on the power-supply board may be left charged with electricity: discharge C3 for 2 to 5 seconds by short-circuiting it through a resistor of approx. 2 $k\Omega$ put across C3. Using a circuit tester, check for completion of discharge.

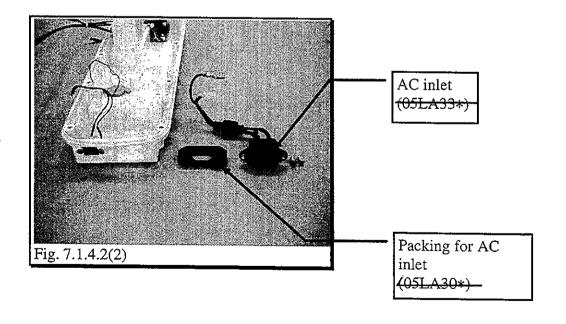
CN5

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.4.2 Removing the AC inlet

(1) Remove 2 screws (Bind screw, M3×10) fastening the AC inlet and push the AC inlet into the case inside. Separate the AC inlet from its packing.

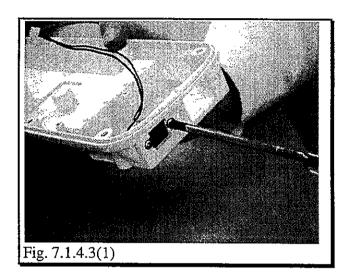


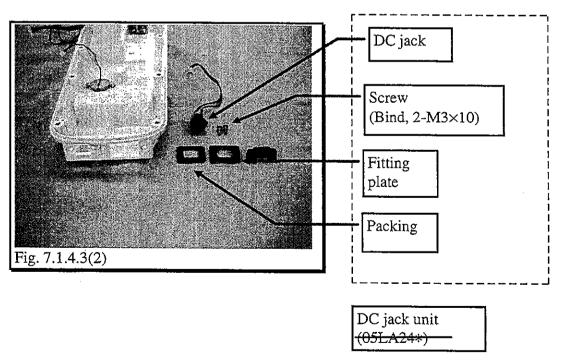


Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.4.3 Removing the DC jack unit

(1) Remove 2 screws (Bind screw, M3×10) fastening the DC jack unit and push the unit upward. Separate the DC jack unit from its packing.

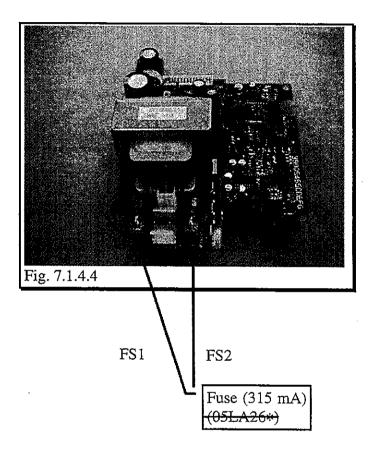




Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.4.4 Removing the fuse

(1) Take off the fuse cover and remove the fuses (FS1, FS2).

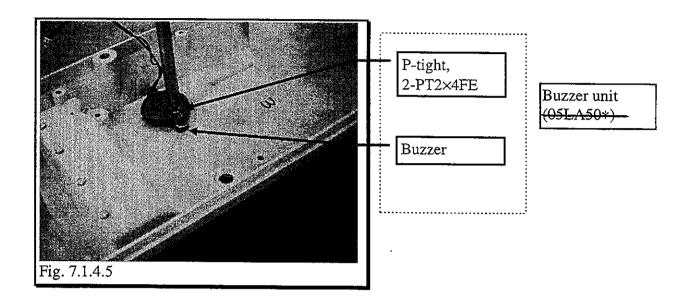


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

9612 lot -Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.4.5 Removing the buzzer

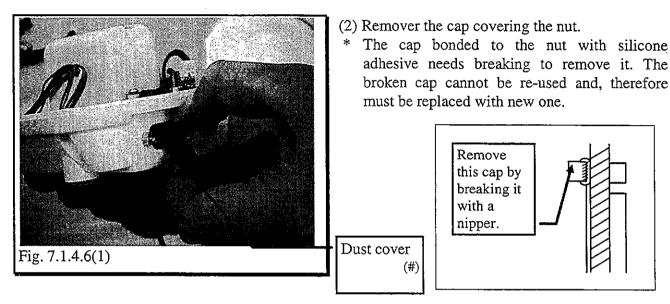
(1) Remove mounting screws (P-tight, 2-PT2×4FE) and detach the buzzer unit from the lower case.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

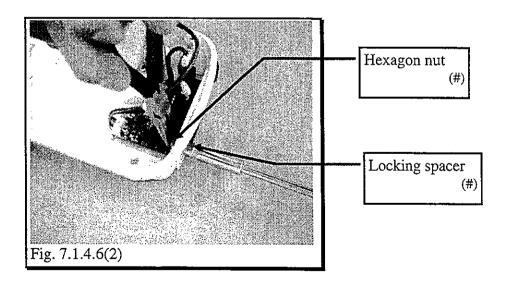
7.1.4.6 Removing the nurse-call board and RS232C board

(1) Take off the computer interface connector dust cover.



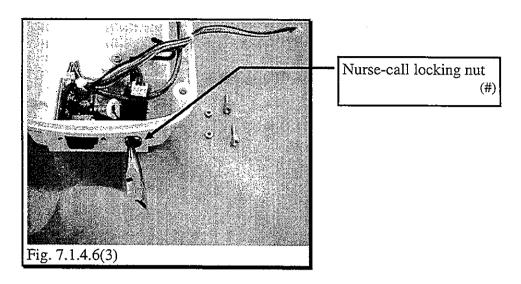
(3) Remove 2 hexagon nuts and 2 locking spacers.

Note: Locking spacers are liable to break off. Be sure to remove them only after loosening the nuts.

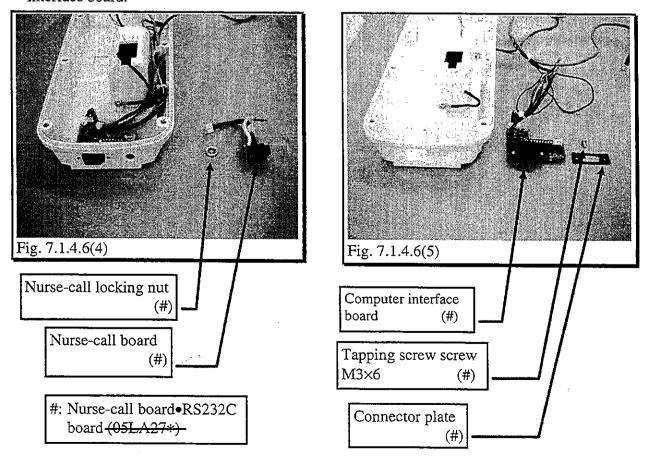


Prepared in Dec., 1996

(4) Unscrew the nurse-call locking nut, disconnect the connector CN15 and CN21 on the computer interface board, and detach the nurse-call board.



(5) Remove tapping screw M3×6 fastening the computer interface board, and detach the computer interface board.



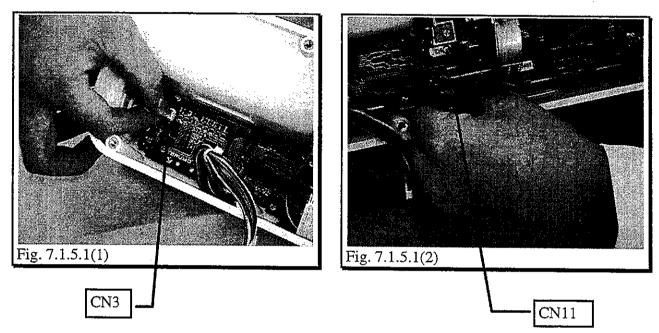
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

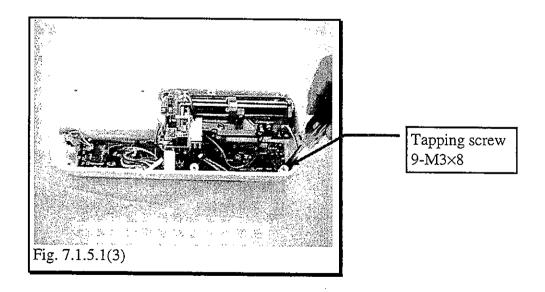
7.1.5 Disassembling the upper case unit

7.1.5.1 Removing the main board

(1) Disconnect the connectors CN3 and CN11 from the main board.

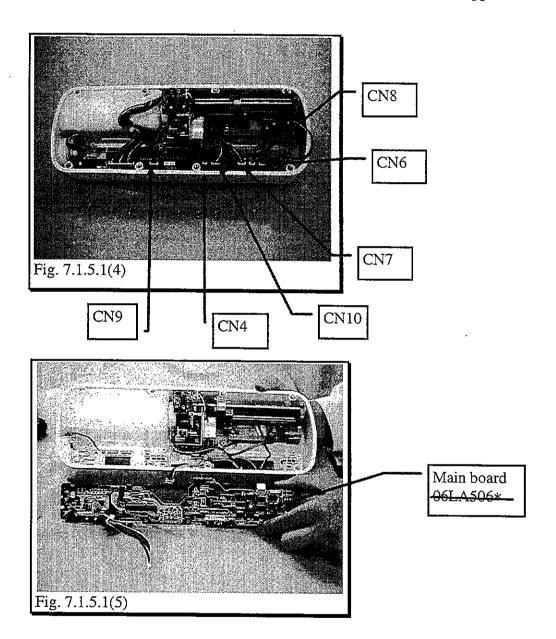


(2) Remove 9 screws (tapping screw, M3×8) fastening the main board.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) Tilting the main board toward you and gradually raising it, disconnect the connector, CN4, CN6, CN7, CN8, CN9, and CN10, and detach the main board from the upper case.

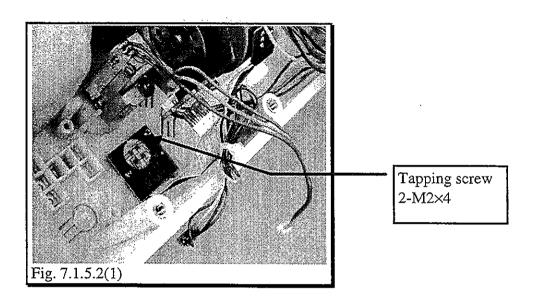


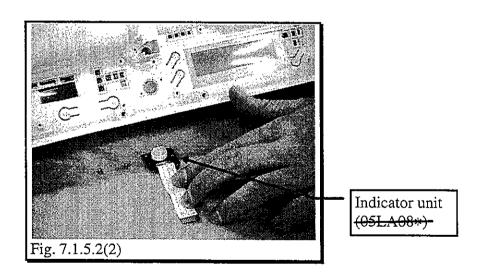
Applicable lots:

9612 lot -Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.2 Removing the indicator unit

(1) Remove 2 screws (tapping screw, M2×4) and detach the indicator unit from the upper case.



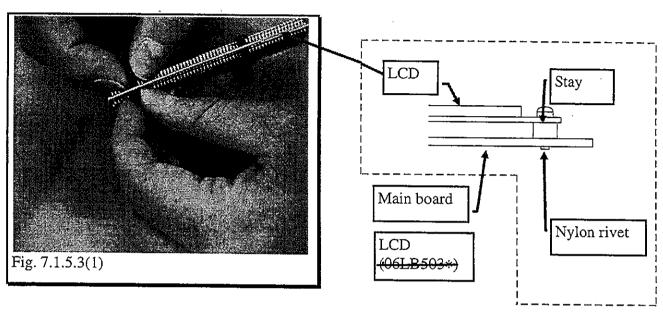


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

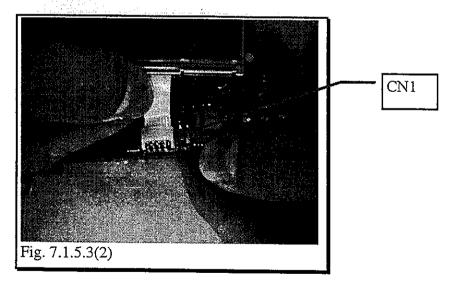
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.3 Removing the LCD (TE-312 only)

(1) Disconnect the flexible cable from connector CN1 on the main board.



(2) Push the nylon rivet (inside) from the reverse side of main board to separate the LCD from the main board.

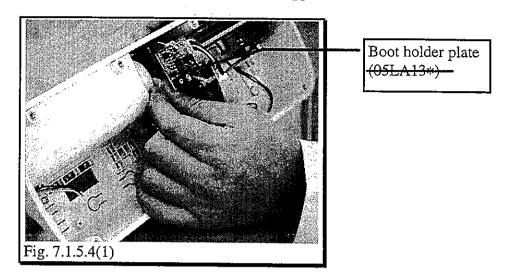


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

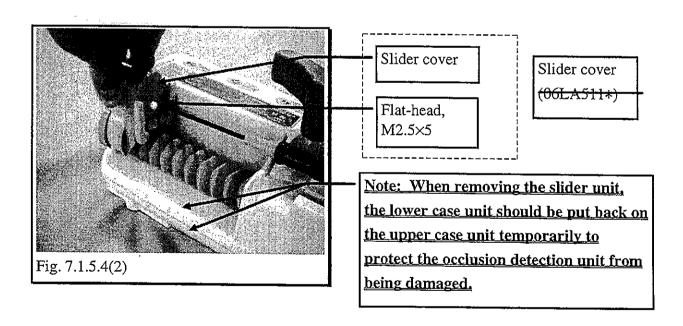
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.4 Removing the boot and slider unit

(1) Take off the boot holder plate from the upper case inside.



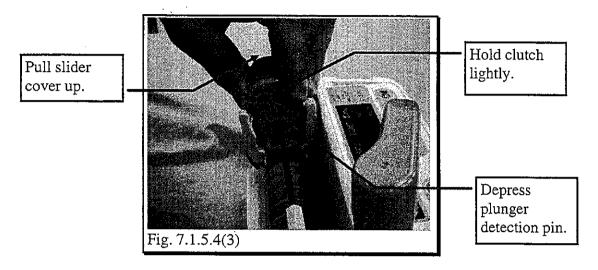
(2) Before removing the slider cover, put back the lower case unit (which has been separated from the upper one in <u>Para. 7.1.3</u>) onto the upper case unit. Grasp and press the clutch to open the clamp lever, and remove the slider cover fixing screws (flat-head, M2.5×5).



9612 lot -

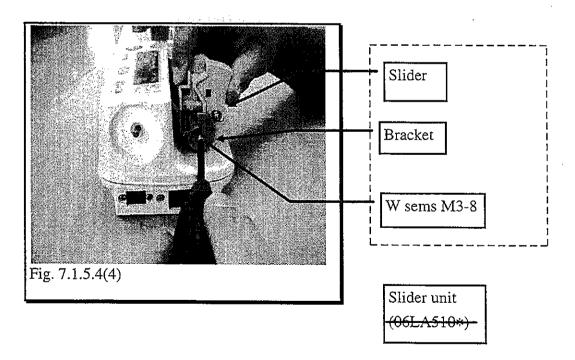
Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) With the clutch hold lightly and the plunger detection pin depressed, pull the slider cover up to remove it.



(4) Remove the screw (W sems, M3×8) and bracket. Push the slider unit out with thumb.

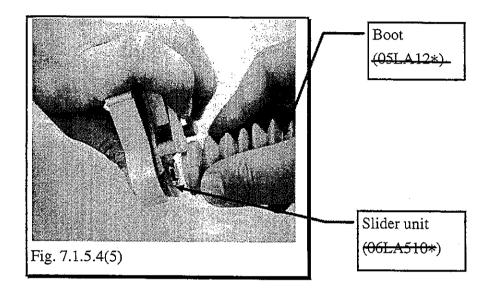
Note: Take special care not to scratch the boot when removing the slider.



Applicable lots: 9612 lot Prepared in Dec., 1996

(5) Remove the boot from the slider.

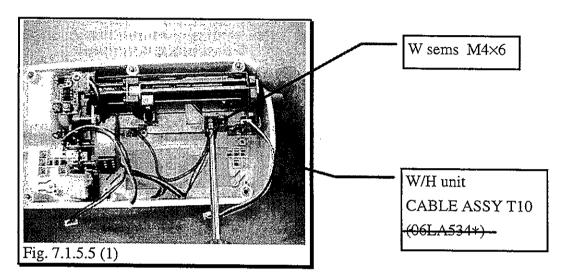
Note: Take special care not to scratch the boot when removing it.



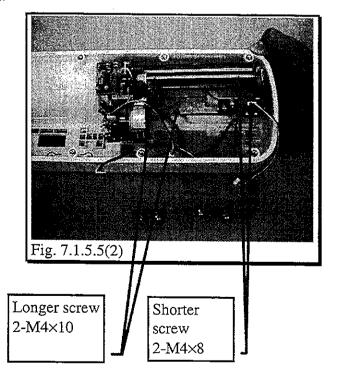
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.5 Removing the drive unit

(1) From the drive unit, disconnect the grounding wire (cable assy T10) leading to the syringe detecting unit.

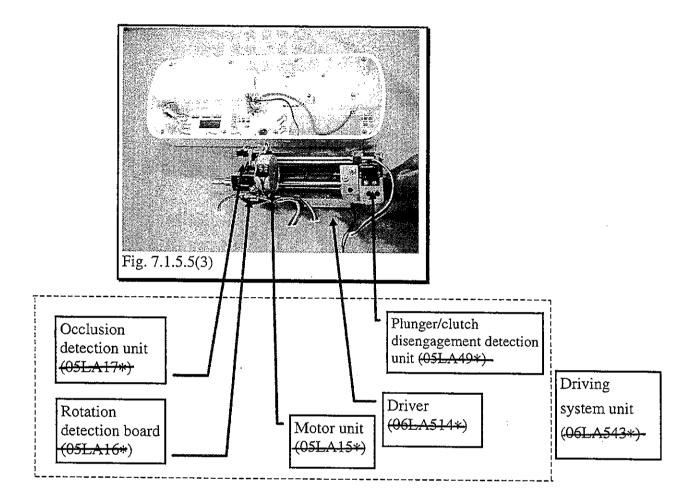


(2) Remove 4 screws fastening the drive unit to the upper case (W sems, 2-M4×8, 2-M4×10) and detach the unit.



Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

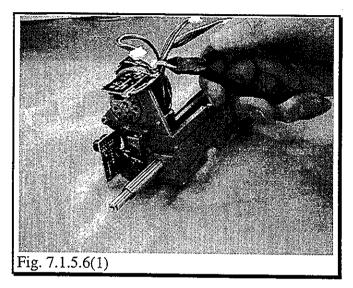


Note: When placing the drive unit on the workbench, be careful not to let the occlusion detect unit and rotation detect board face down.

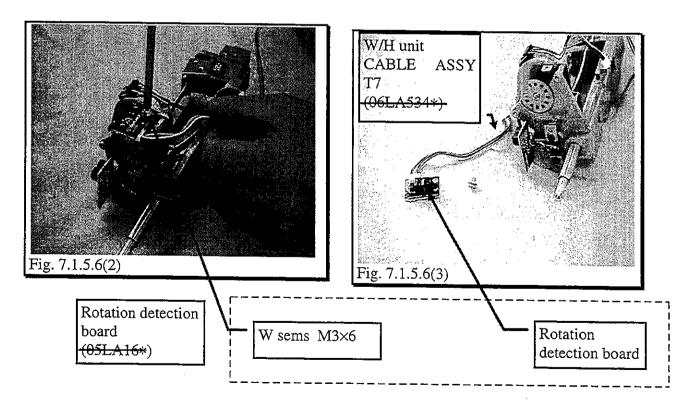
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.6 Removing the rotation detection board

(1) Cut the cable tie to loosen the cables.(Please take care when carrying out this procedure.)



(2) Remove screw (W sems, M3×6) fastening the rotation detection board to the driver and detach the board.

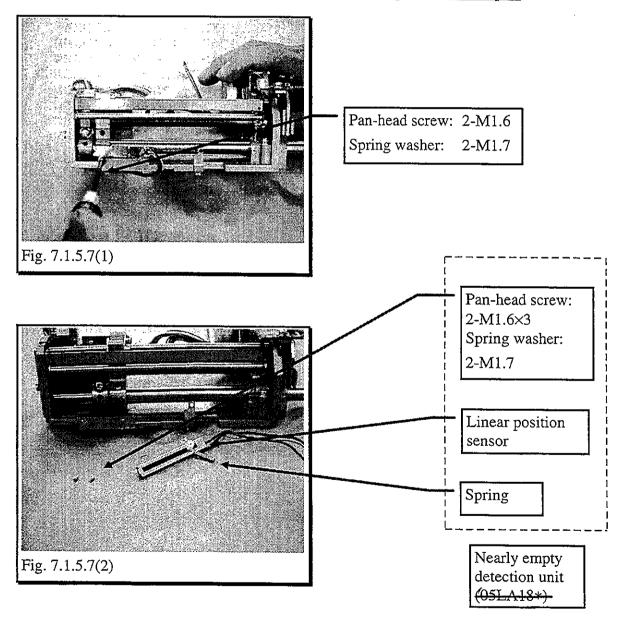


Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.7 Removing the nearly empty detection unit

(1) Remove screws (Pan-head, 2-M1.6×3) and spring washers (2-M1.7) fastening the nearly empty detection unit to the driver and detach the unit.

Note: When taking off the linear position sensor, be careful neither to apply excessive tension to the spring nor to apply undue stress to the cable soldered part and slide pin.

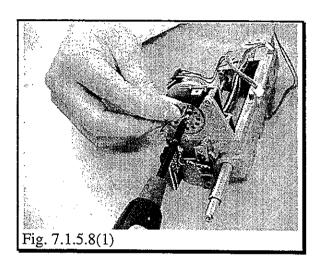


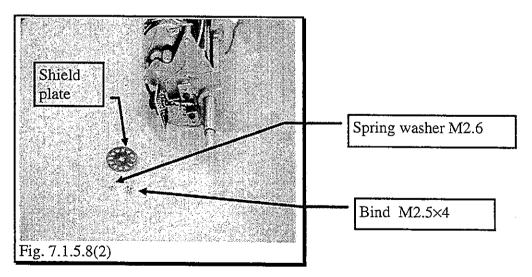
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.8 Removing the motor unit

Note: The disassembly work described in this paragraph should be performed only by a person qualified by a special training.

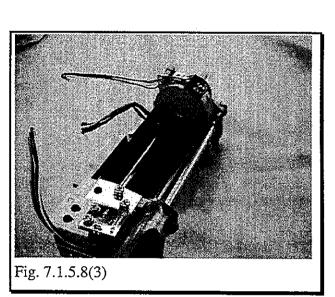
(1) Secure shield plate with fingers, remove the screw (bind, M2.5×4 and spring washer M2.6), taking care not to bend the shield plate. Detach the shield plate from the motor.

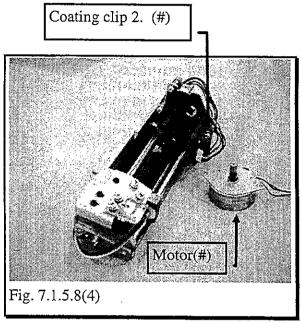




Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) Remove the screws (Sems, 2-M3×18) fastening the motor and detach the motor from the driver.

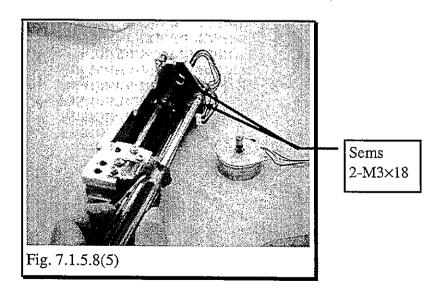




#: Motor unit (05LA15**)

Note: If the motor attaching screws (Sems 2-M3×18) are left removed, the gear head would fall apart.

After the motor has been removed, be sure to put back the screws to the driver.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

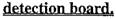
7.1.5.9 Removing the occlusion detection unit

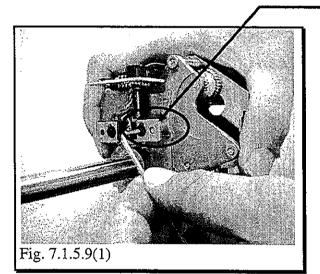
Note: The disassembly work described in this paragraph should be performed only by a person that has been qualified competent by special training.

Important: Never tamper with the volume on the occlusion detection board which has been properly adjusted in the factory. The service parts are also adjusted before shipment.

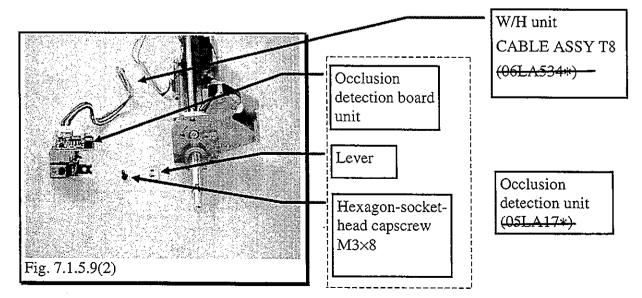
(1) Remove the screws (hexagon-socket-head capscrew, M3×8) fastening the occlusion detection unit and detach the unit from the driver.

Note: Take special care not to apply stress to any cable between the strain gauge and occlusion





Removing this screw (one side only) makes it possible to separate the occlusion detection unit from the driver.

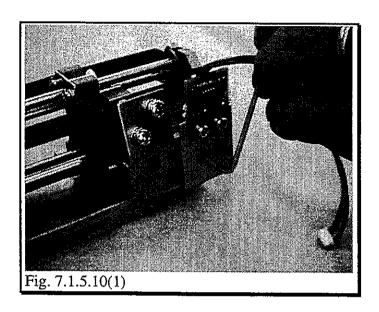


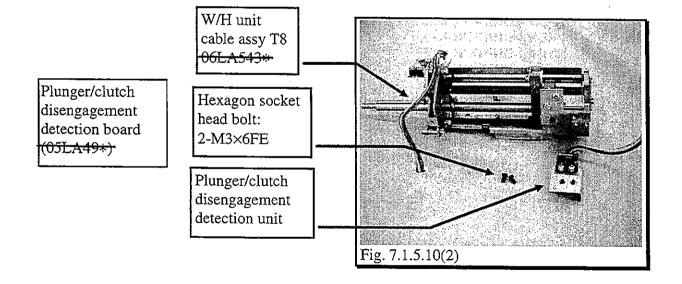
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.10 Removing the plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit

(1) Remove screws (hexagon socket head bolt: 2-M3×6FE) fastening the plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit and detach the unit from the driving system unit.

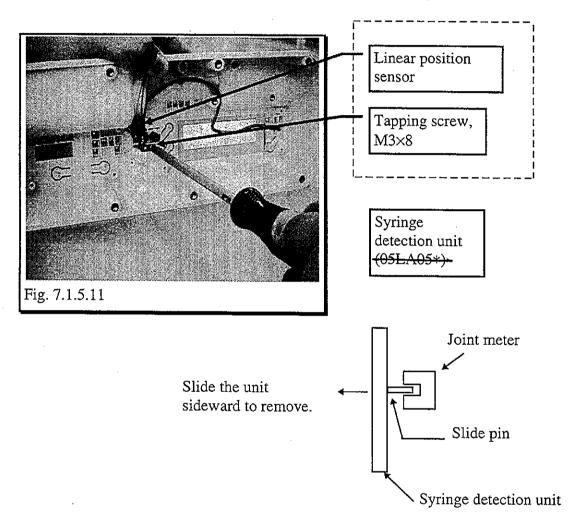




Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.11 Removing the syringe detection unit

(1) Remove the screws (tapping screw, M3×8) fastening the syringe detection unit. Sliding the syringe detection unit sideward, draw the slide pin out of the joint meter.



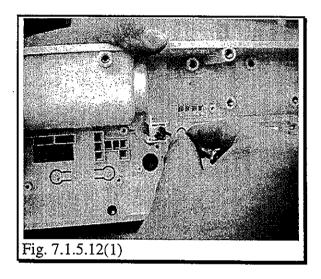
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

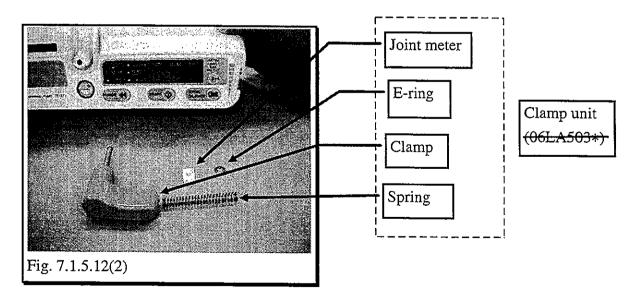
7.1.5.12 Removing the clamp unit

(1) Remove the E-ring and detach the joint meter and spring.

Note: When removing the E-ring, please hold down joint meter with fingers, so as to prevent parts from being scattered by strong spring force.



(2) Draw off the clamp from the upper case.

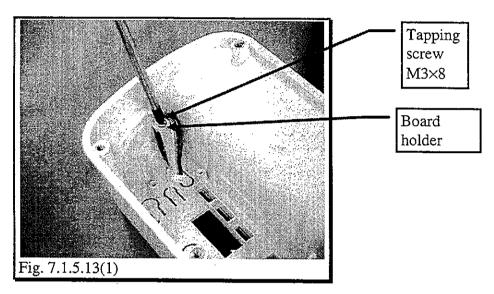


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

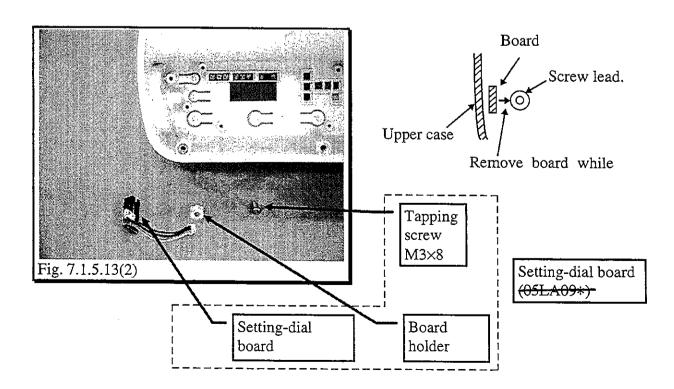
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.1.5.13 Removing the setting dial board

- (1) Remove the setting dial board mounting screw* (tapping screw, M3×8) and the board holder.
- * In the case of a setting dial board bonded to the upper case with adhesive (e.g. KE-45), first remove the adhesive.



(2) Remove the setting-dial board while pushing it against the board mounting screw lead on the upper case.



SS09-9B002
Applicable lots:
9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2 Reassembling procedure

The procedure for reassembling the TE-311/312 is described below. When performing reassembly, follow the sequence of the reassembling flow chart.

When handling the parts of appearance-important, such as the upper and lower cases, lay them on soft material such as polishing cloth and perform reassembly work carefully not to deteriorate the quality of surface caused by scratching, etc.

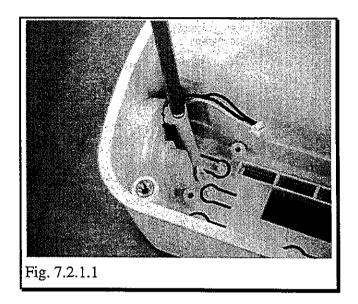
[Reassembling flow chart]

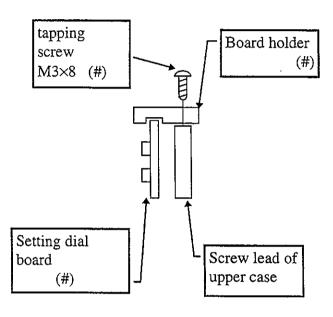
(Reassembling of upper case unit)	7.2.1
— Installing the setting dial board	7.2.1.1
Installing the clamp unit	7.2.1.2
Installing the syringe detection unit	7.2.1.3
Installing the plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit	7.2.1.4
Installing the occlusion detection unit	7.2.1.5
Installing the motor unit	7.2.1.6
Installing the nearly empty detection unit	7.2.1.7
Installing the rotation detection board	7.2.1.8
Installing the drive unit	7.2.1.9
Installing the boot and slider unit	7.2.1.10
Installing the LCD	7.2.1.11
Installing the indicator unit	7.2.1.12
Installing the main board	7.2.1.13
(Reassembling the lower case unit)	7.2.2
Installing the nurse-call board and RS232C board	7.2.2.1
— Installing the buzzer	7.2.2.2
Installing or replacing the fuse	7.2.2.3
Installing the DC jack unit	7.2.2.4
— Installing the AC inlet	7.2.2.5
Installing the power-supply board	7.2.2.6
<u></u>	
Uniting the upper and lower cases	7.2.3
Adjusting the plunger disengagement position	7.2.4
Mounting the battery	7.2.5
Fitting the dial unit	7.2.6
Sump body	

7.2.1 Reassembling of upper case unit

7.2.1.1 Installing the setting dial board

(1) Install the setting dial board with its connector side up. With the board pushed against the upper case, fasten the board holder with screw (tapping screw, M3×8).



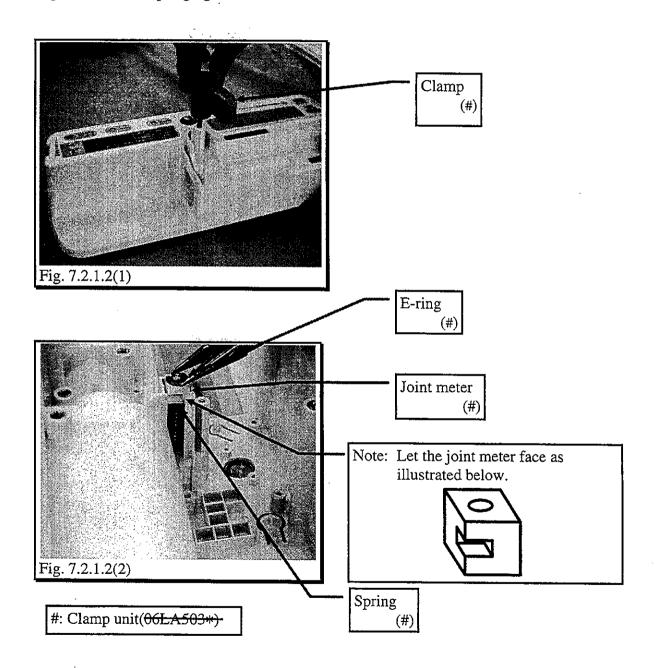


#: Setting dial board (05LA09*)

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.2 Installing the clamp unit

- (1) Put the clamp into the upper case.
- (2) Put in the spring and joint meter. Fix them with an E-ring, taking care to hold down joint meter to prevent it from springing out.



Applicable lots:

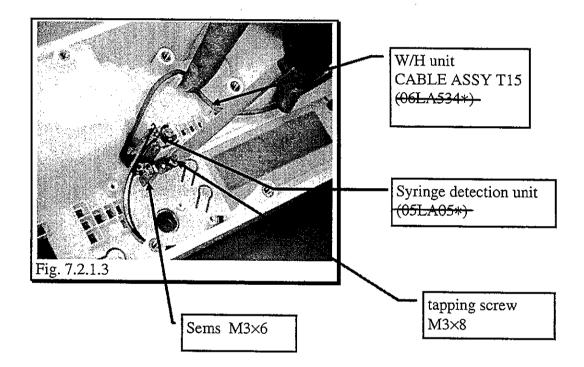
9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.3 Installing the syringe detection unit

(1) Attach the grounding wire (CABLE ASSY T15) to the syringe detection unit mounting bracket with screw (Sems, M3×6). Put the linear position sensor slide pin into the groove in the joint meter and fit the syringe detection unit to the upper case with screw (tapping screw, M3×8). After installation, fix the screw with thread lock cement / loctite adhesive.

Note: There is a possibility of damage to the linear position sensor if the joint meter is oriented wrong or fitted improperly. Perform installation work with special care.



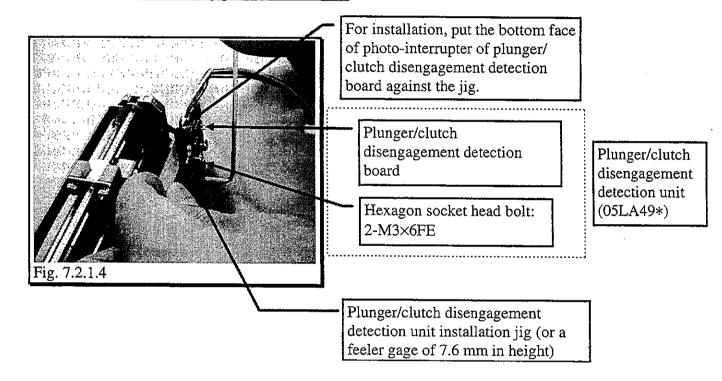
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.4 Installing the plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit

(1) Install the plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit to the driving system unit with screws (hexagon socket head bolt: 2-M3×6FE) as illustrated below, with the help of the detection unit mounting jig. Then, fix the screws with thread lock cement / loctite adhesive.

Note: Be sure to remove the jig after installation.



Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

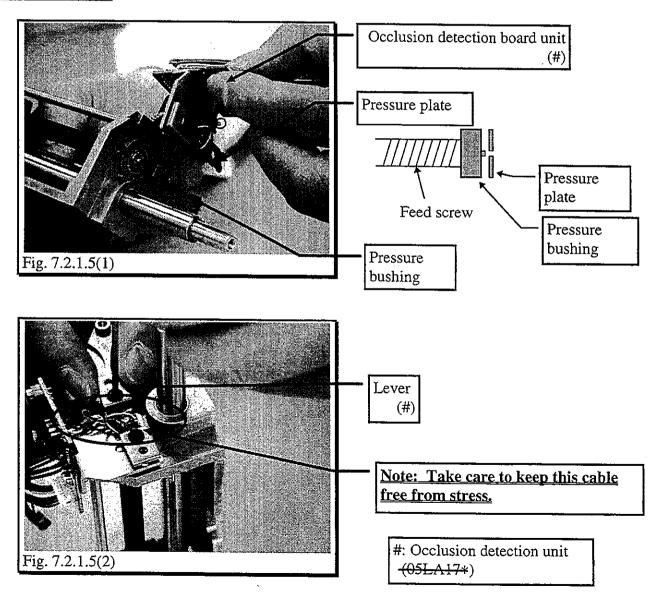
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.5 Installing the occlusion detection unit

Note: The reassembly work described in this paragraph should be performed only by a person that has been qualified competent by spacial training.

(1) Attach the occlusion detection unit with screw (hexagon-socket-head capscrew, M3×8) so that the projection on the feed screw side pressure plate aligns with the recession in the occlusion detection unit.

Note: Take special care not to exert stress on the cable between the strain gauge and occlusion detection board.

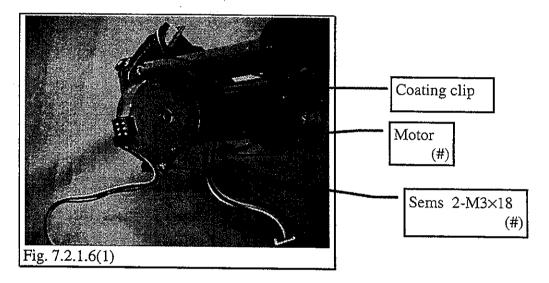


Prepared in Dec., 1996

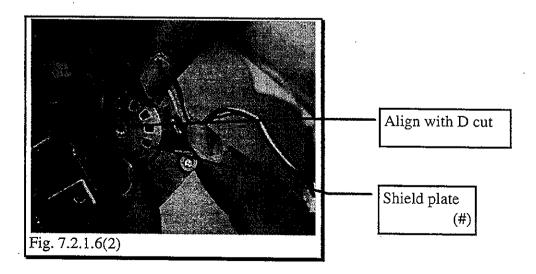
7.2.1.6 Installing the motor unit

Note: The resassembly work described in this paragraph should be performed only by a person that has been qualified competent by spacial training.

- (1) Mount the motor unit with screws (Sems, 2-M3×18) so that the cable is located to the left side of the motor.
- * Be sure to install the coating clip without fail.

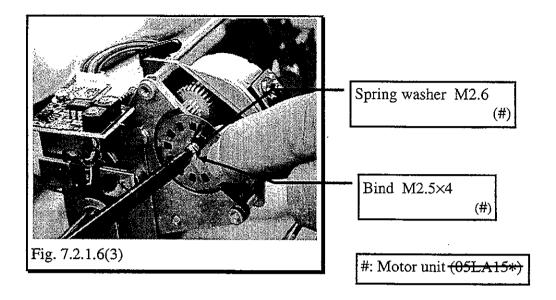


(2) Align the D cut of the gear head with the shield plate and set the shield plate with screw (Bind, M2.5×4 and spring washer M2.6). After installation, fix the the screw with thread lock cement / loctite adhesive.



SS09-9B002 Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996



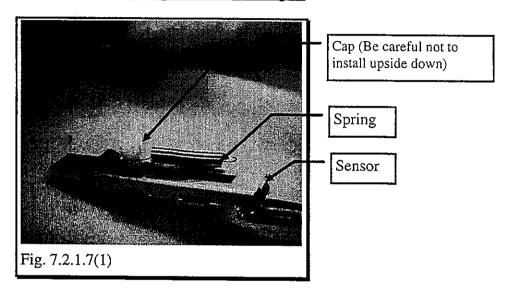
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.7 Installing the nearly empty detection unit

(1) Put on the cap to the linear position sensor slide pin and then install the spring.

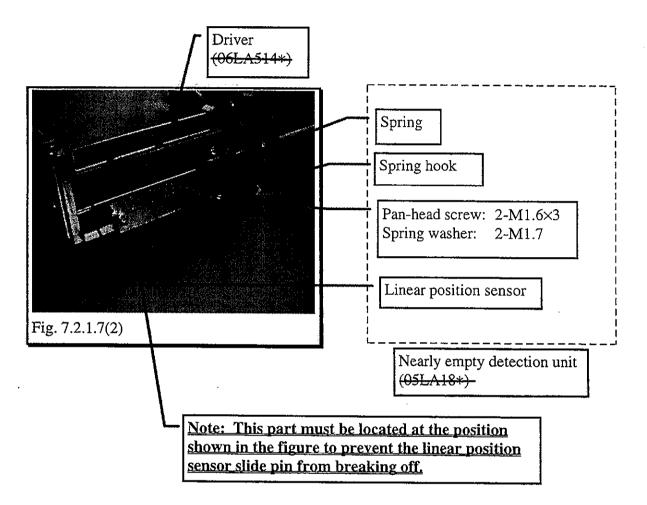
Note: When fixing the linear position sensor, take care not to over stretch the spring, and not to over stress on the soldered cable part and/or slide pin.



Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

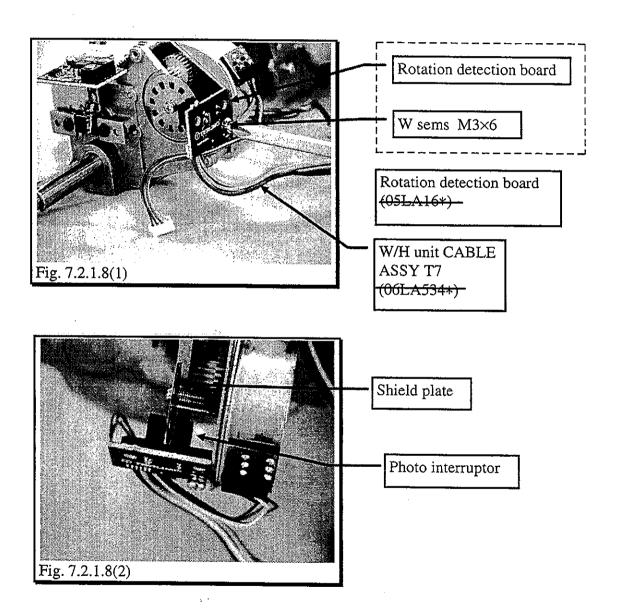
(2) Set the spring at the spring hook on the driver. Gradually pulling the linear position sensor against spring force, locate the linear position sensor in place with screws (pan-head, 2-M1.6×3) and spring washers (2-M1.7). After installation, fix the screws with thread lock cement.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.8 Installing the rotation detection board

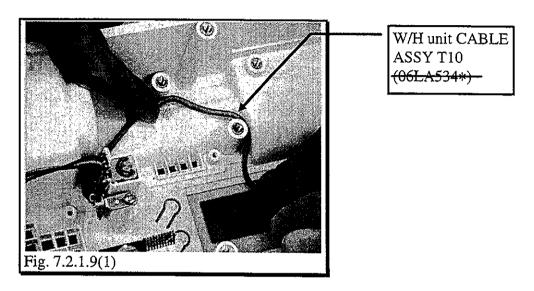
(1) Install the rotation detection board with screw (W sems, M3×8) so that the shield plate is centered with the photo interruptor. After installation, fix the screws with thread lock cement / loctite adhesive.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

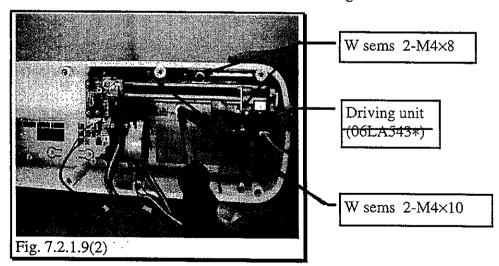
7.2.1.9 Installing the drive unit

(1) Extend the grounding wire (CABLE ASSY T10), from the syringe detection unit, on the upper case as shown in 7.2.1.9(1).



(2) Then, extend the cable coming from the nearly empty detection unit, taking care not to jam it between the upper case and driving unit.

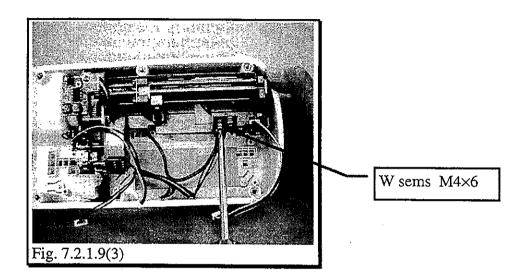
Install the driving unit in the upper case with screws (W sems, 2-M4×8, 2-M4×10) and fix the screws with thread lock cement / loctite adhesing.



Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

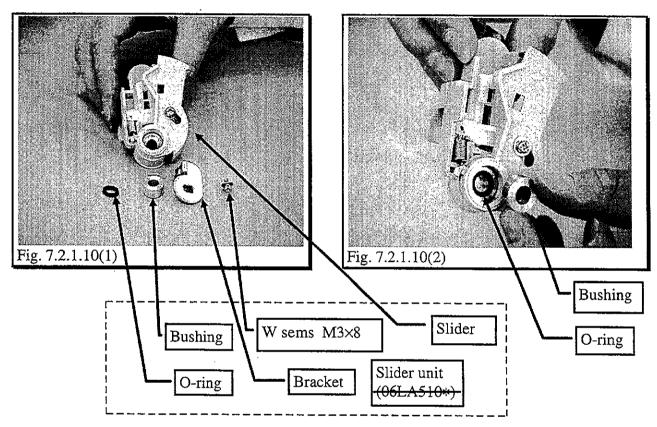
(3) Connect the grounding wire coming from the syringe detection unit to the driving unit with screw (W sems, M4×6) and fix the screws with thread lock cement / loctite adhesing.



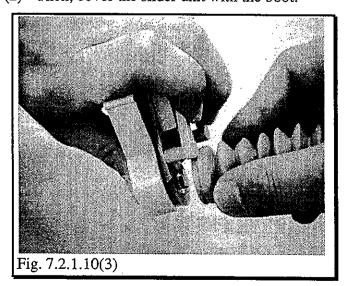
Prepared in Dec., 1996

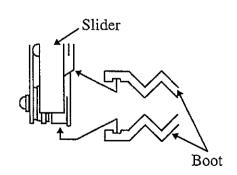
7.2.1.10 Installing the boot and slider unit

(1) Set the O-ring and bushing in the slider unit.



(2) Then, cover the slider unit with the boot.





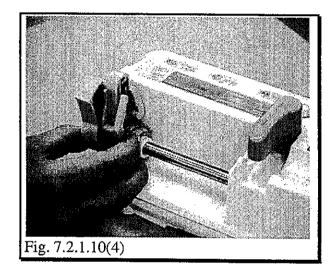
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

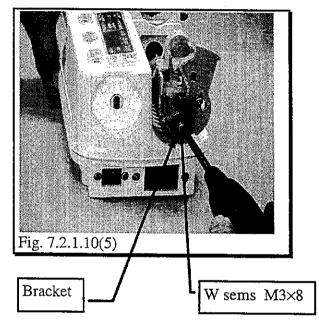
Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) With the boot shrunk, put the slider unit onto the pipe shaft and fit the bracket with screw (W sems, M3×8).

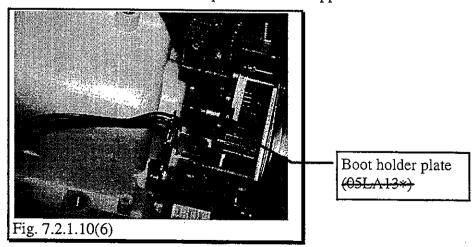
Note: Be careful not to place the upper case with its opening down on the workbench to prevent damage to the occlusion detection unit and rotation detection unit.

* When installing the slider, keep the upper and lower cases put together as shown in the figure below.





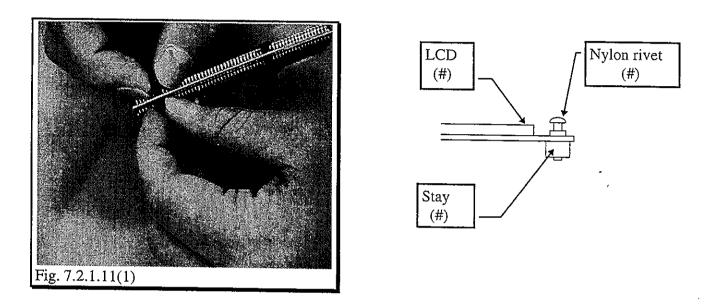
(4) Fix the boot to the boot holder plate inside the upper case.



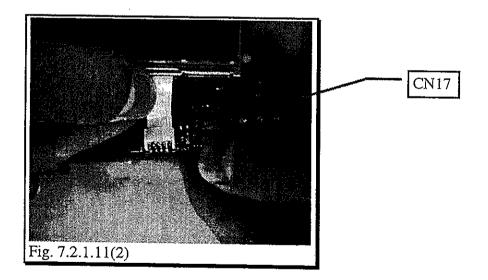
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.11 Installing the LCD(Only for TE-312)

(1) Put in the nylon rivets into three rivet holes from the LCD side. Leave the stays (4 mm×3) set temporarily.

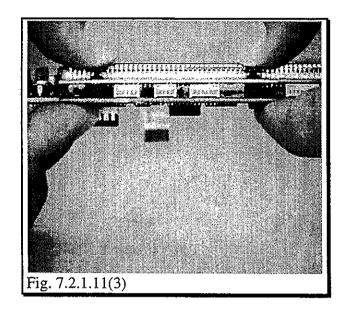


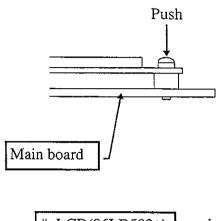
(2) Plug in the flexible cable coming from the LCD to the connector CN17 on the main board.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) Then, push the LCD onto the head of each nylon rivet to mount the LCD to the main board.

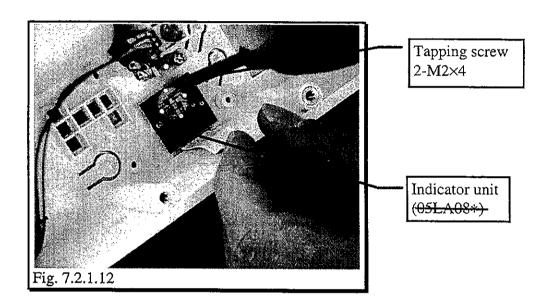




Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.12 Installing the indicator unit

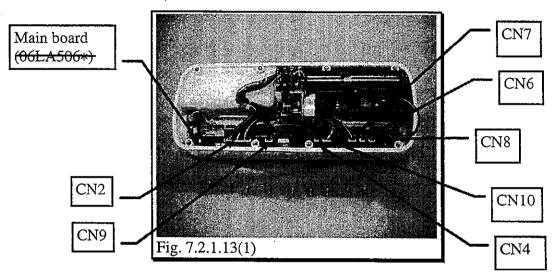
(1) Install the indicator unit to the inside of the upper case with screws (tapping screw, 2-M2×4). After installation, fix the screws with thread lock cement / loctite adhesing.



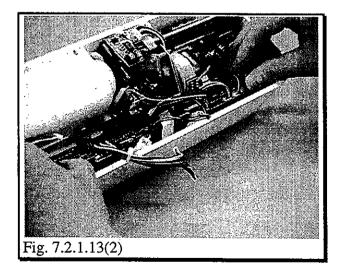
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.1.13 Installing the main board

(1) Place the main board against the upper case inside such as illustrated below connect the cables to connectors CN2, CN4, CN6, CN7, CN8, CN9, and CN10.

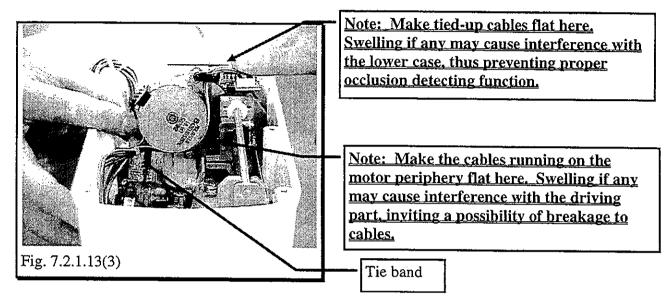


(2) Set the main board in place, taking care to prevent the 7-segment LED, etc. from getting out of place, and install it with screw (tapping screw, 9-M3×8). After installation, fix the screws with thread lock cement.

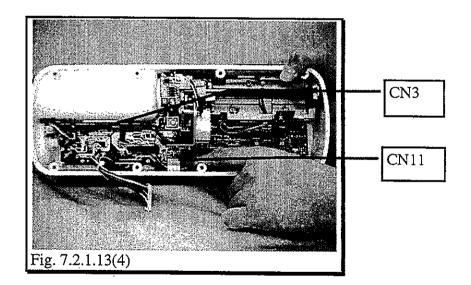


Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) Tie the cables leading to the syringe detecting unit, motor unit, occlusion detecting unit, and nearly empty detecting unit together with tie bands.



(4) Connect the connectors CN3 and CN11 to each other.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

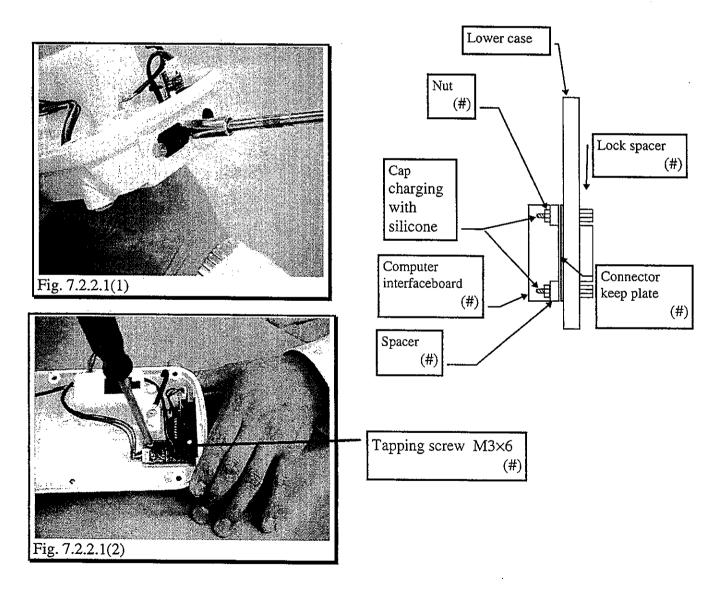
7.2.2 Reassembling the lower case unit

7.2.2.1 Installing the nurse-call board and RS232C board

- (1) Connect the cables to the connectors CN15 on the RS232C board and CN15 on the nurse-call board. Also, connect the grounding wire from the nurse-call board to CN21 on the communication board. For the RS232C board, attach the connector and connector keep plate with lock spacers, insert the spacers, and fasten the nuts.
- (2) Charge the caps with silicone (KE-348) and put each cap onto the nut and lock spacer thoroughly.

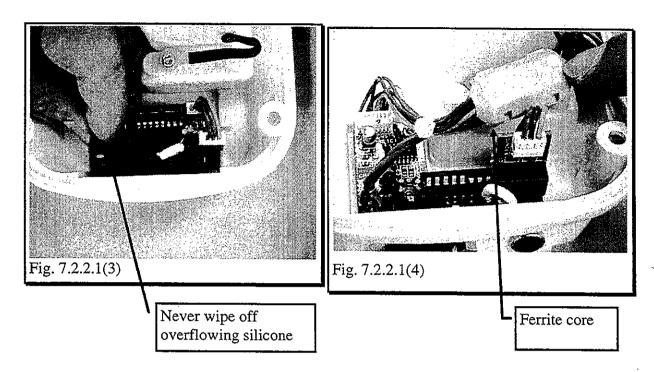
Note: Never wipe off silicone overflowing the caps.

Then, install the RS232C board with screw (P-tight, M3×6) and fix the screw with thread lock cement.

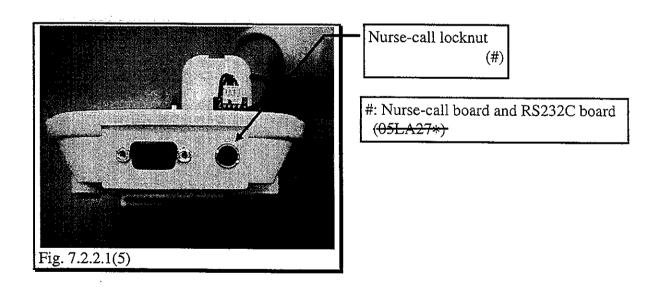


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996



(2) Install the nurse-call board with the nurse-call locknut.

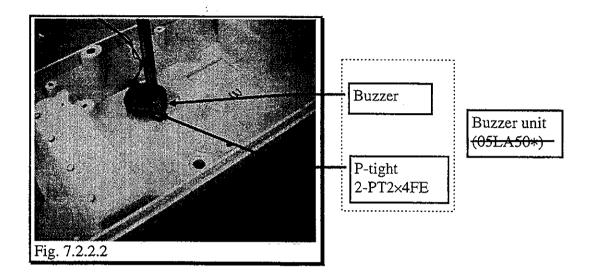


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.2.2 Installing the buzzer

(1) Install the buzzer unit (05LA50*) to the lower case as illustrated below with screws (P-tight 2-PT2×4FE). Fix the screws with thread lock cement.

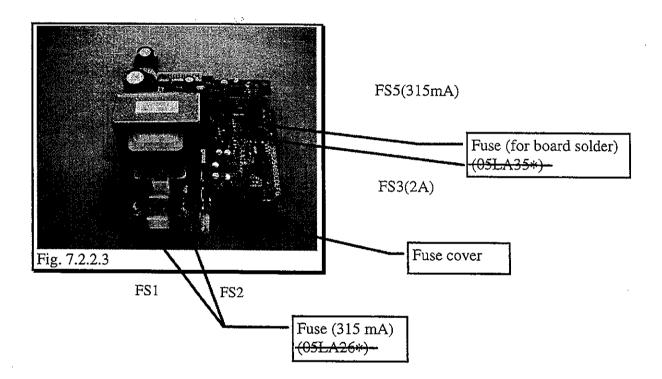


Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.2.3 Installing or replacing the fuse

(1) Check the fuse for blowing out before installation (FS1 and FS2: visual inspection; FS3 and FS5: continuity test). If not blown out, install the fuse and then the fuse cover.

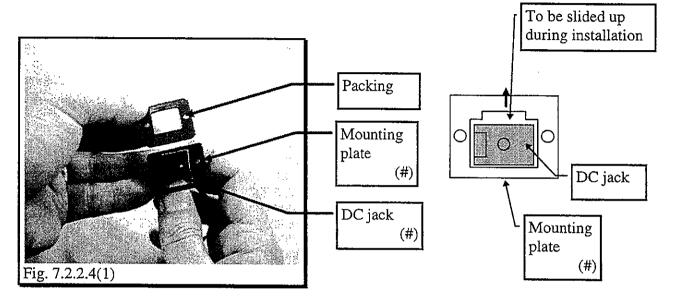
* FS3 and FS5 melt down easily by heat. Take care not to heat them excessively during soldering.



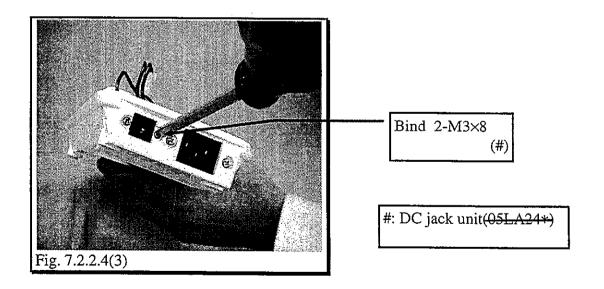
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.2.4 Installing the DC jack unit

(1) Attach the DC jack to the mounting plate.



(2) Fit the mounting plate and packing together to the lower case with screws (bind, 2-M3×8). After installation, fix the screws with thread lock cement (inside).

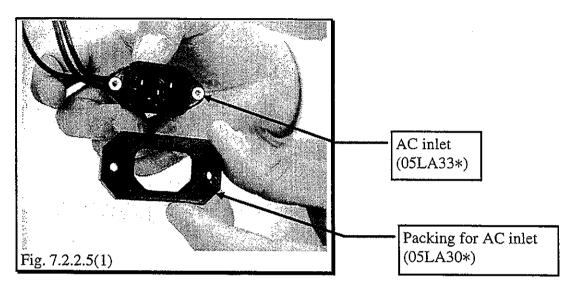


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

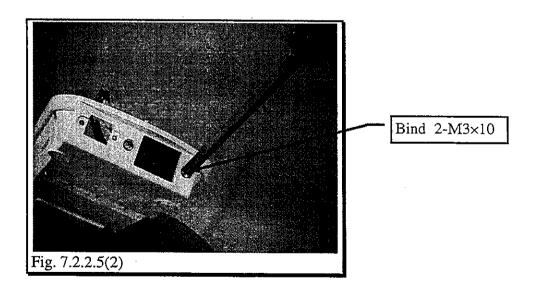
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.2.5 Installing the AC inlet

(1) Put the packing on the AC inlet.



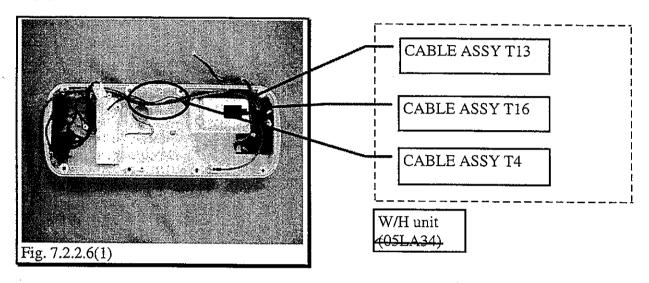
(2) Fit the AC inlet with its ground terminal down to the inside of lower case and fix it with screws (bind, 2-M3×10) from the outside. After installation, fix the screws with thread lock cement (inside).



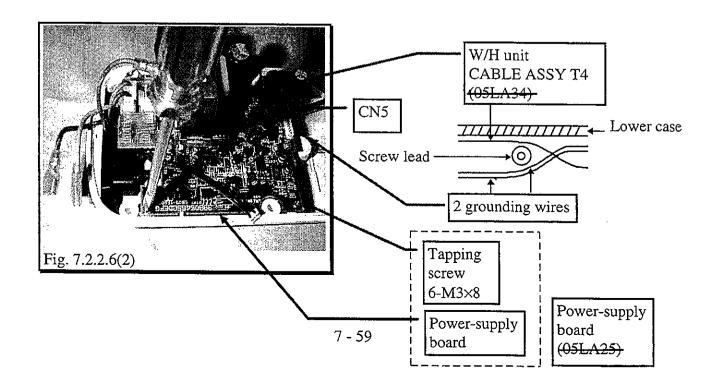
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.2.6 Installing the power-supply board

(1) Extend the battery cable and grounding wires (from the RS232C board and the driving part) (L=520 mm) neatly on the lower case and leave the end of them put together as shown in figure below.

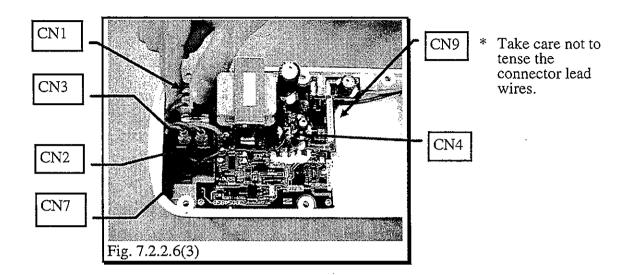


(2) Pass two grounding wires through in front of and the battery cable at the back of the power-supply board fastening screw lead. After connecting the battery cable to connector CN5, install the power-supply board with screws (tapping screw, 6-M3×8), taking care not to jam the cables. After installation, fix the screws with thread lock cement.

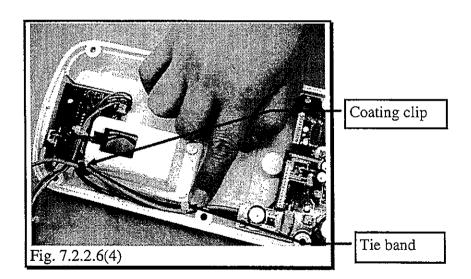


Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) Connect the connectors CN1, CN2, CN3, CN4 and CN7, CN9.



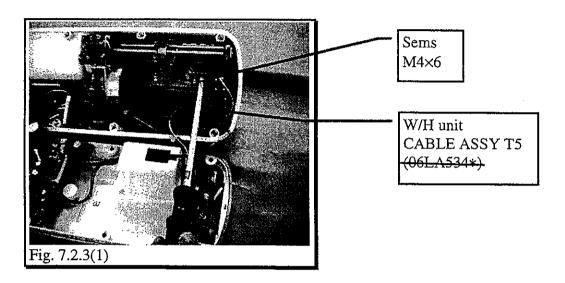
(4) After fixing the power-supply board, tie two grounding wires and the battery cable together with tie band and fix the tied-up cables with coating clip. As to the battery cable connector, leave it put into the battery housing until it is connected to the battery later on.



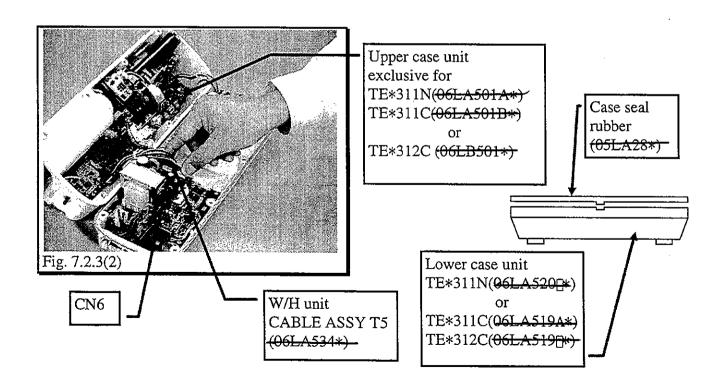
SS09-9B002
Applicable lots:
9612 lot Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.3 Uniting the upper and lower cases

(1) Connect the grounding wire from the lower case unit to the drive unit with screw (Sems, M4×6).

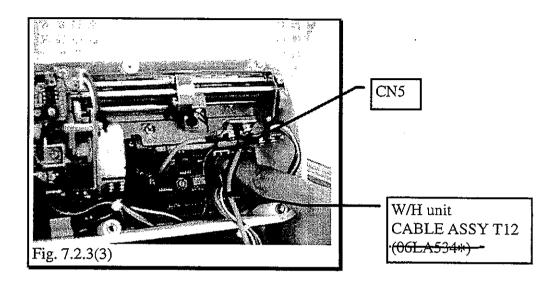


(2) Placing the upper-case unit and lower-case unit as shown in figure below, engage the projection of case seal rubber with the recess of lower case on both right and left sides, and connect the main board cable connector (CN2) to the power-supply board connector (CN6).

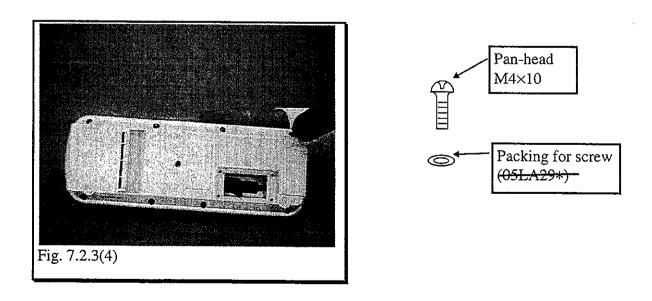


Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) Connect the RS232C board cable to the connector CN5.



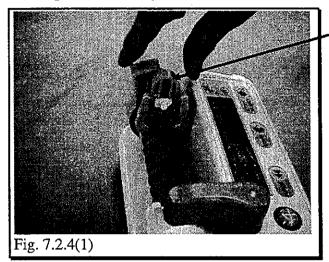
- (3) Join the upper and lower cases together, taking care to prevent cables from being jammed between the upper and lower case units or in the mounted parts, and fasten the case unit with screws (panhead, 8-M4×10) and screw packings.
- * First tighten 4 inside screws in the diagonal order and, then, tighten 4 remaining screws in the diagonal order.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

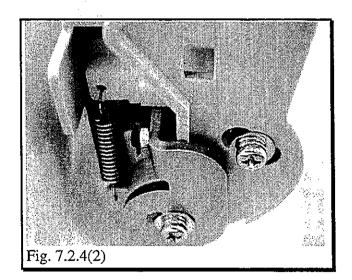
7.2.4 Adjusting the plunger disengagement position

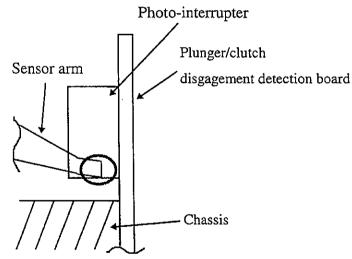
(1) Remove the slider cover, and grasp the clutch to project the plunger / clutch disengagement detection pin as below figure.



Pinch the clutch to project the plunger disengagement detection pin.

(2) By adjusting the set screw, align the lowest part of the sensor arm and the lowest end of the photo-interrupter of the plunger / clutch disgagement detection.



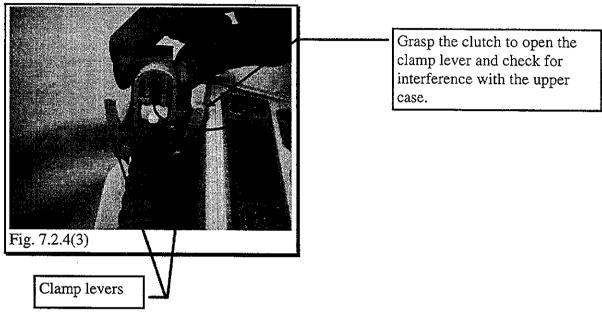


(3) Turn on the power switch and check that the plunger/clutch disengagement lamp blinks under the state mentioned above and that the lamp goes off when the plunger disengagement detection pin is pushed back.

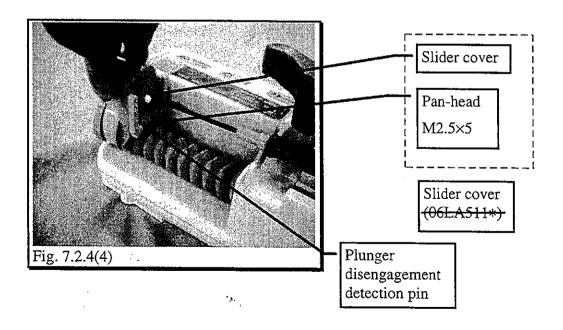
If any abnormality is found, readjust the installed condition referring to the section "Installing the plunger/clutch disengagement detection unit."

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(4) Grasp the clutch to open the clamp lever. Make sure that the clamp lever does not interfere with the upper case



(5) Put the slider cover onto the slider while opening the clamp lever. Fix the slide cover with screw (pan-head, M2.5×5).

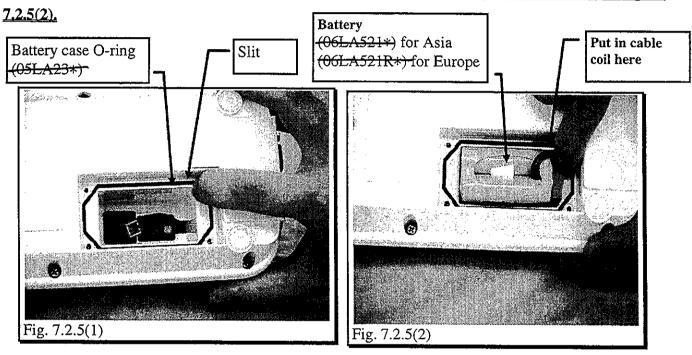


Prepared in Dec., 1996

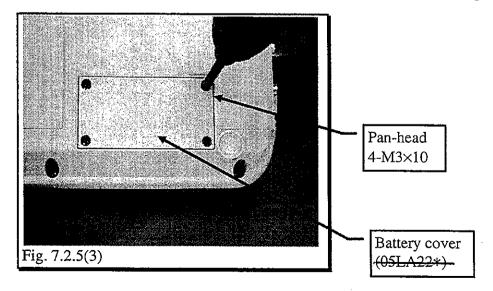
7.2.5 Mounting the battery

- (1) Set the battery-case O-ring in the battery case at the bottom of the pump body.
- (2) Connect the battery connector and mount the battery in place as shown in figure 7.2.5(2).

Note: Coil the rest of cable and put it into space left in the battery case as shown in figure



(3) After confirming that the battery-case O-ring is placed in the slit, install the battery cover, taking care not to jam any cable in the cover. Fasten the cover with screws (pan-head, 4-M3×16).

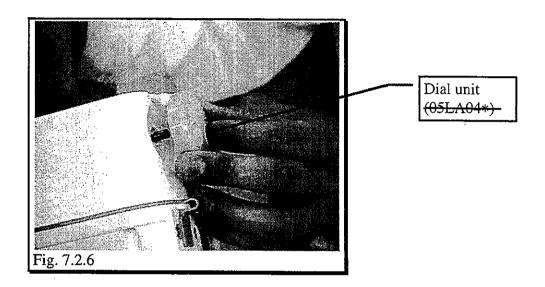


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.2.6 Fitting the dial unit

(1) Fit the dial unit to the pump body. After installation, check for smooth rotation of the dial unit.



Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.3 Adjustment Procedure

Whenever the syringe pump TE-311/312 has been disassembled or reassembled, be sure to perform adjustment according to the procedure shown in the List of checks and adjustments accompanying disassembly, assembly and replacement of 7. Disassembly, reassembly, and adjustment.

If the necessary adjustments are neglected, it will be hard to ensure normal operation of various kinds of alarming functions and the battery charge monitor.

Note: Once the "START" button is pushed, all data stored are lost. When skipping the adjustment items from one to another, push the "STOP" button several times repeatedly.

Applicable lots:

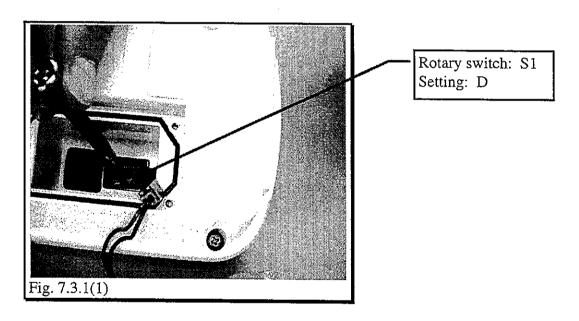
9612 lot -Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.3.1 Adjusting the syringe detection function

(1) Remove the battery cover from the syringe-pump body bottom. Without disconnecting the connector, take out the battery. Now, the rotary switch (S1) on the main board becomes accessible through the window at the depth of vacancy from which the battery removed. Turn the rotary switch to set it to "D".

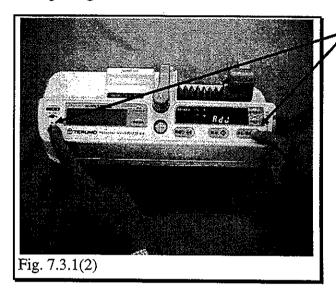
Note: When turning the rotary switch, keep the current pump setting condition in record and be sure to restore the original set condition after adjustment.

Also, whenever the battery connector is disconnected, be sure to take the necessary measures, referring to "Periodical inspection and replacement of battery" given in the instruction manual.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

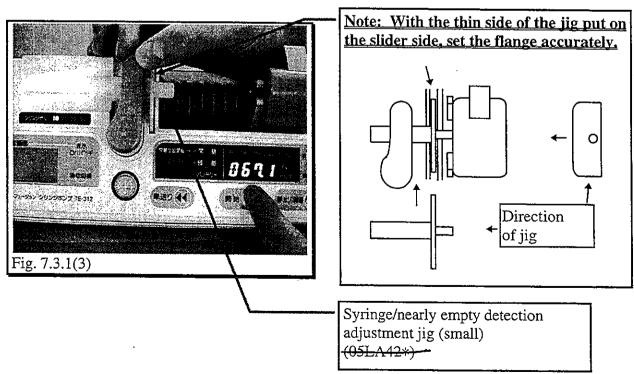
(2) With the "STOP/SILENCE" button kept pressed, turning the power switch ON, will cause the "Flow rate/ delivery limit/ Volume delivered" display to indicate "Adj. " and the "Syringe mL" lamp to light at "10".



With "STOP" button pressed, switch on the power. After confirming that "Adj" appears on the display, release the switch buttons.

(3) Pull the clamp up, set the smaller one of a set of jigs for syringe-position & nearly empty detection adjustment (05LA42*), and gradually lower the clamp. Push "START" button to write the adjustment value obtained.

Note: Lower the clamp gradually; lowering in haste would cause an error of adjustment.

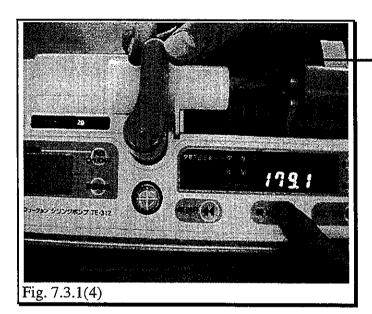


Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(4) Push "START" button, write adjustment value obtained, and indication of the "Syringe mL" lamp will automatically change to "20".

After the indication is changed, similarly write the adjustment value obtained by using the larger one of the jig set (05LA42*). As the adjustment value is written by pushing the "START" button, adjustment is complete.



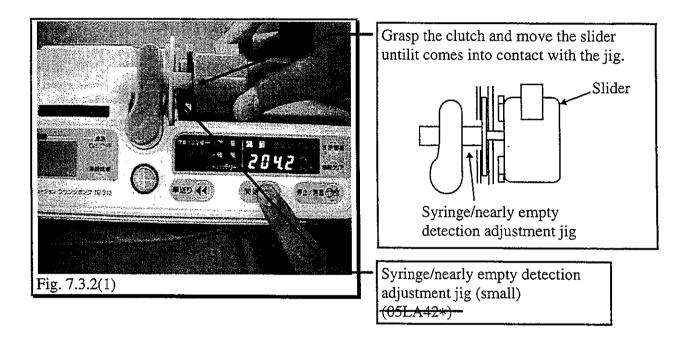
Syringe/nearly empty detection adjustment jig (large)

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.3.2 Adjusting the nearly empty detection function

(1) As syringe detection has been adjusted, the nearly empty detection adjustment mode comes into effect.

Check that the "Flow rate" lamp is lit.



(2) Pull the clamp up to set the smaller one of a set of jigs for syringe position & nearly empty detection adjustment (05LA42*). Then, grasp the clutch and move the slider until it comes into contact with the jig.

Push "START" button to write the adjustment value obtained.

Applicable lots:

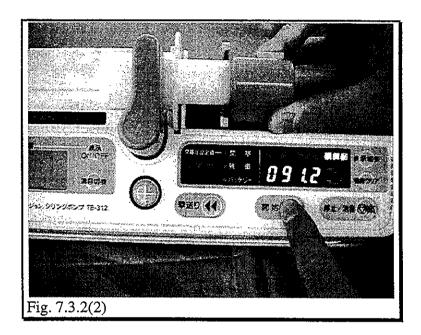
9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(3) As the adjustment value is written, "Volume delivered" lamp is lit.

Making sure that the "Volume delivered" lamp is going on, similarly write the adjustment value obtained by using the larger one of the jig set (05LA42*).

As the adjustment value is written by pushing the "START" button, adjustment is complete.

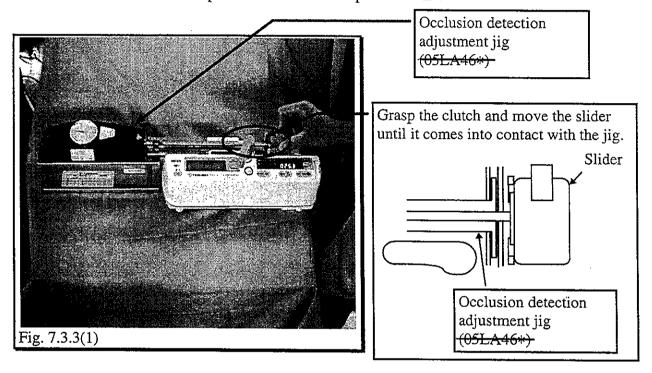


Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.3.3 Adjusting the occlusion detection function

(1) As nearly empty detection has been adjusted, the occlusion detection adjustment mode comes into effect.

Check that the "Occlusion pressure set value" lamp is lit in "L".



(2) After making sure of lighting of the mode lamp, pull the clamp up to set the occlusion adjust jig (05LA46*). Grasp the clutch and move the slider until it comes into contact with the jig.

Important: Never tamper with the volume on the occlusion detection board which has been properly adjusted in the factory. The service parts are also adjusted before shipment.

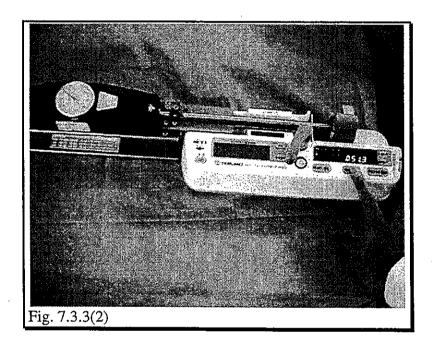
Important: Align the push-pull shaft with the pump shaft.

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

- (3) Push "PURGE" button one time to move the slider. As the value of 9.81N (1 Kgf) is obtained with the jig, push the "PURGE" button again to stop the slider. Then, push "START" button to write the adjustment value obtained.
- * The "PURGE" button serves as the motor start/stop switch in this mode.



(4) After the adjustment value is written, lighting of the "Occlusion pressure set value" lamp automatically changes to "M".

In the same manner as before, push "PURGE" button one time to move the slider.

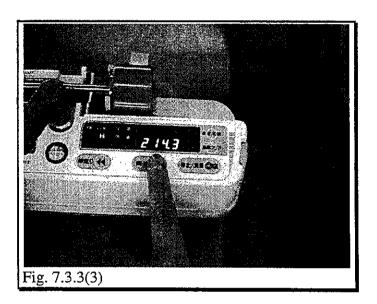
As the value of 49.0N (5 Kgf) is obtained with the jig, push the "PURGE" button again to stop the slider. Then, push "START" button to write the adjustment value obtained.

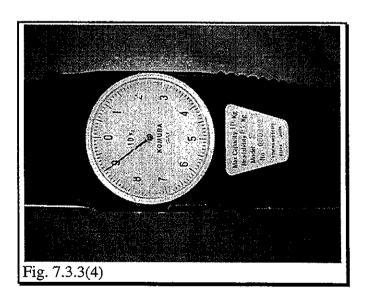
Prepared in Dec., 1996

(5) After the adjustment value is written, lighting of the "Occlusion pressure set value" lamp automatically changes to "H".

In the same manner as before, push "PURGE" button one time to move the slider.

As the value of 88.3N (9 Kgf) is obtained with the jig, push the "PURGE" button again to stop the slider. Then, push "START" button to write the adjustment value obtained.



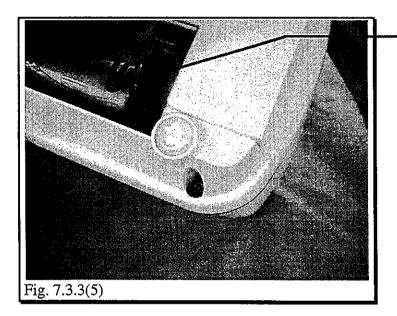


Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(6) Now all necessary adjustments have been completed. Turn the power switch to OFF and set the rotary switch in the original position. Mount the battery in the battery housing and put the battery cover back.



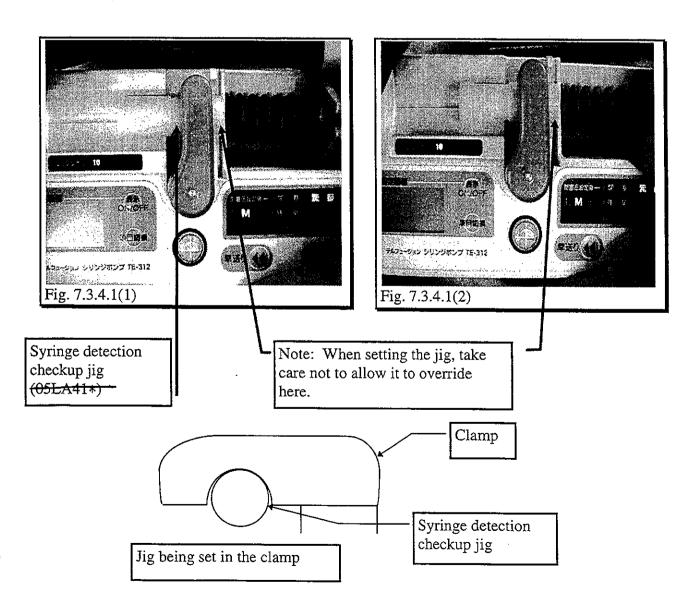
Note: For proper installation of the battery cable, refer to 7.2.5 Installing the battery.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.3.4 Checking for proper adjustments

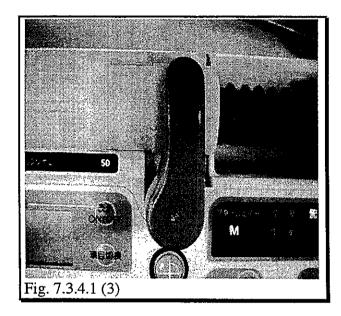
7.3.4.1 Checking for syringe size detection function

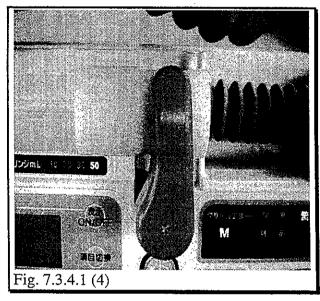
- * Set the "Syringe maker" selection to Terumo. 12.
- * Since the sensor output is in linear proportion to syringe diameter as shown by the operational principle in 5.2.2.12, syringe detection function should be checked up by setting the "Syringe maker" to Terumo. 12-
- (1) Turn the power switch to ON. Set the syringe size detection checkup jig (05LA41*) (for 10 mL) to the clamp. Make sure that the [10 mL] lamp lights up, regardless of which side of the jig faces the slider; the thin side or thick side.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) Similarly, set the other syringe detection checkup jigs (05LA41*) (for 20 mL, 30 mL and 50 mL) to the clamp, one after another, and make sure that the corresponding lamps light up properly.

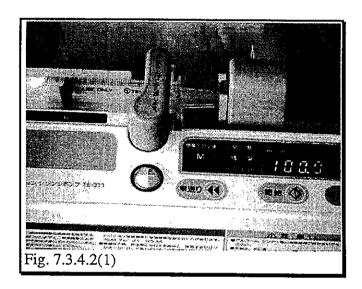




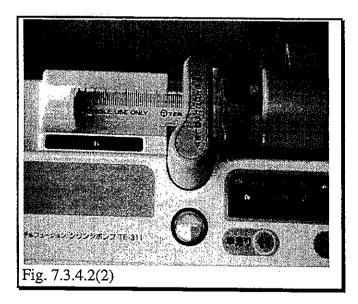
Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.3.4.2 Checking for nearly empty detection function

(1) With the plunger of a 10 mL syringe drawn to near the 5 mL position, set the syringe in the clamp. Grasp the clutch and advance the slider until it touches the plunger.



(2) As the slider comes into contact with the plunger, start the pump at a flow rate of 50 - 100 mL/h until the nearly empty alarm occurs. Visually check the syringe position at which alarm is made.

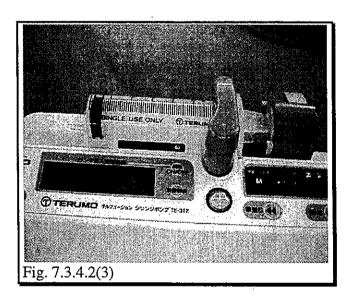


Prepared in Dec., 1996

* The nearly empty alarm position is dependent on syringe size:

Syringe size	Nearly empty alarm position
10	0.5mL (by the graduation on the syringe)
20, 30, 50	1.0 mL

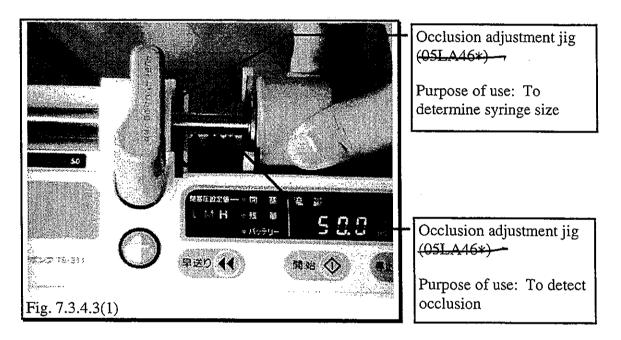
(3) Similarly, set the other sizes of syringes (20 mL, 30 mL and 50 mL) to the clamp, one after another, and make sure that nearly empty alarm is made properly for each syringe size.



Prepared in Dec., 1996

7.3.4.3 Checking for occlusion detection function

- (1) When using the occlusion adjustment jig for checkup
- * Set the "Syringe maker" selection to TERUMO. 12.
- * Since the sensor output is in linear proportion to slider load as shown by the operational principle in 5.2.2.11, occlusion detection function should be checked up at about three points using a load of 1 9 Kgf.
- 1) Set the occlusion adjustment jig-(05LA46*) in the pump body. Grasp the clutch and move the slider until it touches the jig.



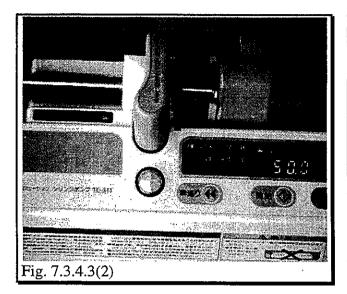
 Set the occlusion pressure and flow rate to the values shown in table below and perform Purging to the target values shown. Push the [START] button to check for proper action of occlusion alarm.

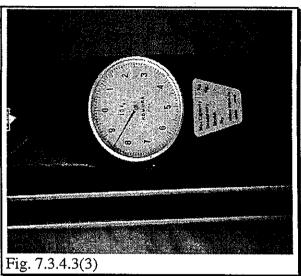
Syringe size	Occlusion	Flow rate set value	Target of fast feed
[mL]	pressure set value	[mL/h]	[N] ([Kgf])
10	L	30	4.90 (0.5)
30	M	30	19.6 - 24.5 (2.0 - 2.5)
50	Н	50	24.5 - 63.7 (6.0 - 6.5)

* Occlusion pressure set value cannot be changed while an alarm is made. Release the alarm state before making a change.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

3) Make sure that the value of load at which a occlusion alarm occurs is within the specified range.





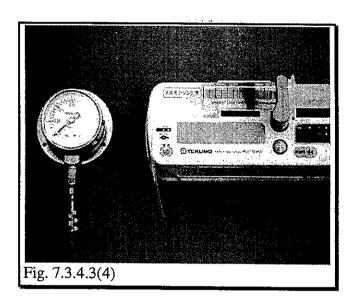
Syringe size	Occlusion detection load
[mL]	[N] ([Kgf])
10	10.1 - 15.2 (1.03 - 1.55)
30	28.6 - 40.0 (2.92 - 4.08)
50	64.6 - 100.3 (6.59 - 10.23)

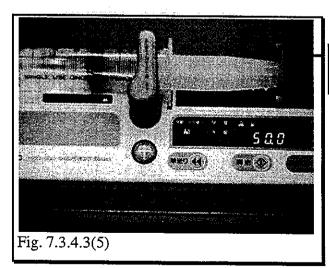
If any out-of-range occlusion load is found, perform readjustment according to the procedure given in **7.3.3 Adjusting the occlusion detection function**.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

- (2) When using the pressure gauge for confirmation of settings.
- 1) Connect a 50 mL syringe (filled with 20 30 mL of water) and a pressure gauge to each other with a tube (approx. 50 cm). Set the syringe in the clamp. Grasp the clutch and move the slider until it touches the plunger.

Note: For this confirmation of setting procedure, be sure to use only a new syringe. (Used syringes are not suitable for this purpose because it may bring about inaccurate detection of occlusion testing.)





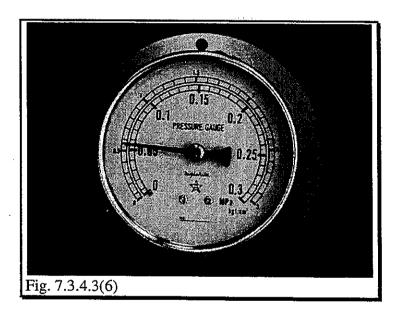
* Move the slider until it comes into contact with the syringe.

Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) Set the occlusion pressure and flow rate to the values shown in table below and start the pump until an alarm occurs.

Syringe size [mL]	Occlusion pressure set value	Flow rate set value [mL/h]	Occlusion detection pressure [KPa] ([Kgf/cm ²])
50	М	50	53.4 - 80.0 (0.54 - 0.82)

(3) Make sure that the value of pressure at which a occlusion alarm occurs is within the specified range.



If any out-of-range occlusion pressure is found, perform readjustment according to the procedure given in 7.3.3 Adjusting the occlusion detection function.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

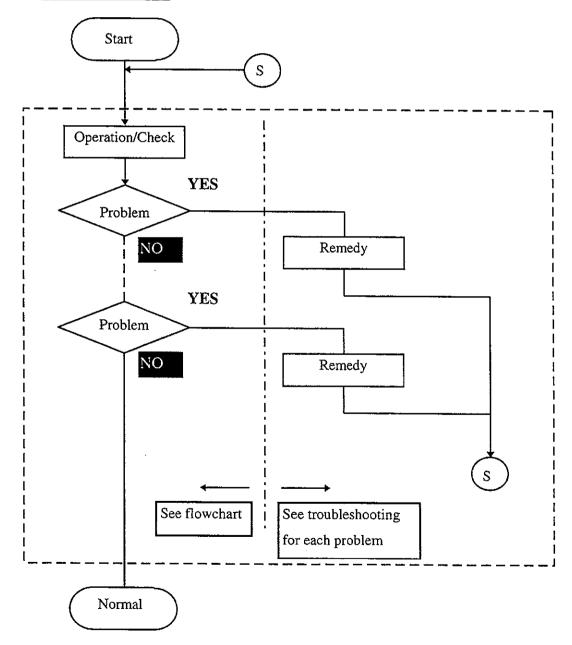
Prepared in Dec., 1996

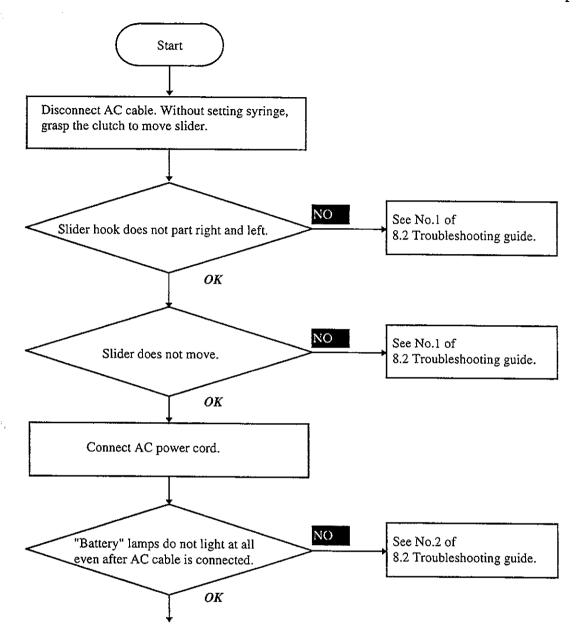
8. TROUBLESHOOTING

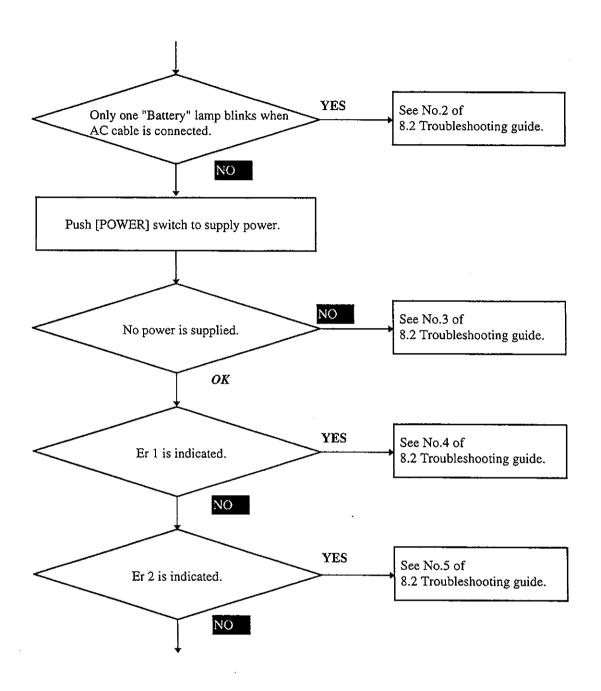
The troubleshooting flowchart and fault-finding chart below will be helpful for you to cope with troubles which may occur in the product.

If you find any problem not covered by the following charts, contact TERUMO.

8.1 Troubleshooting flowchart

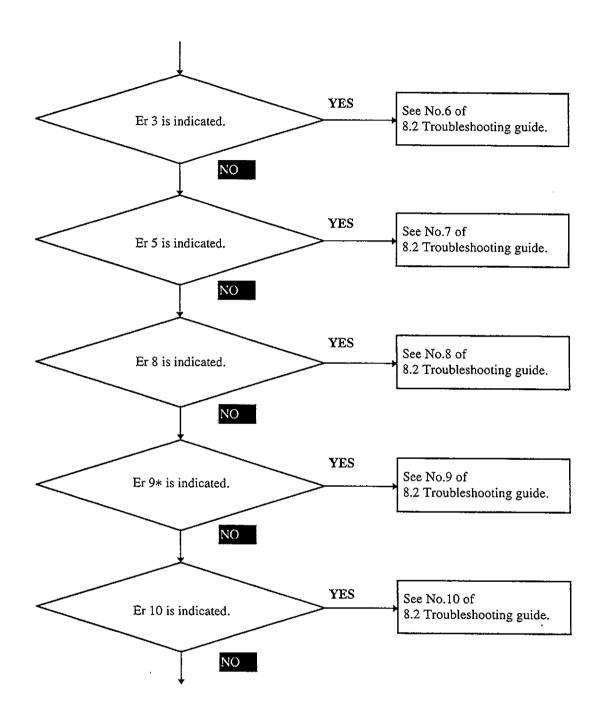






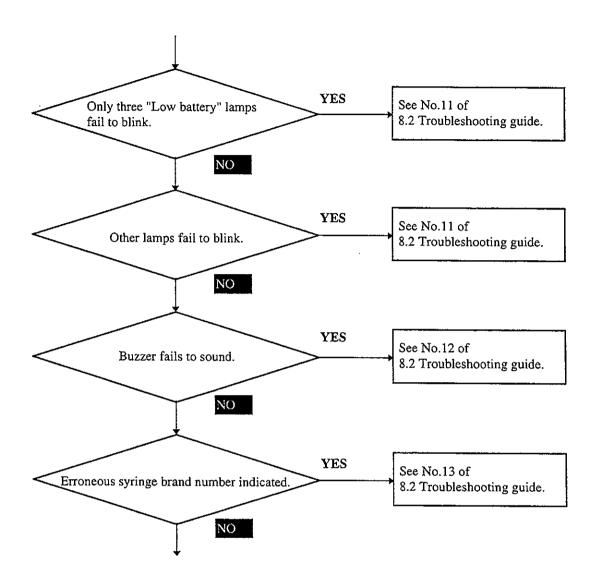
Applicable lots:

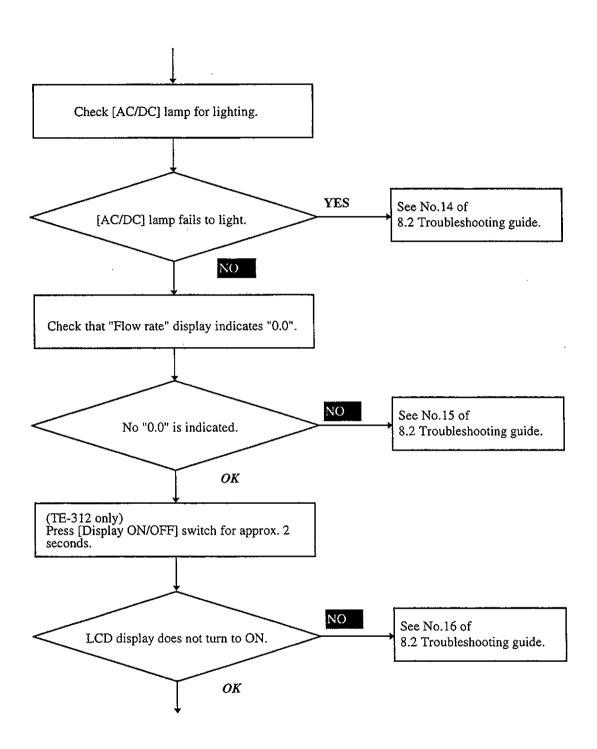
9612 lot -



Applicable lots:

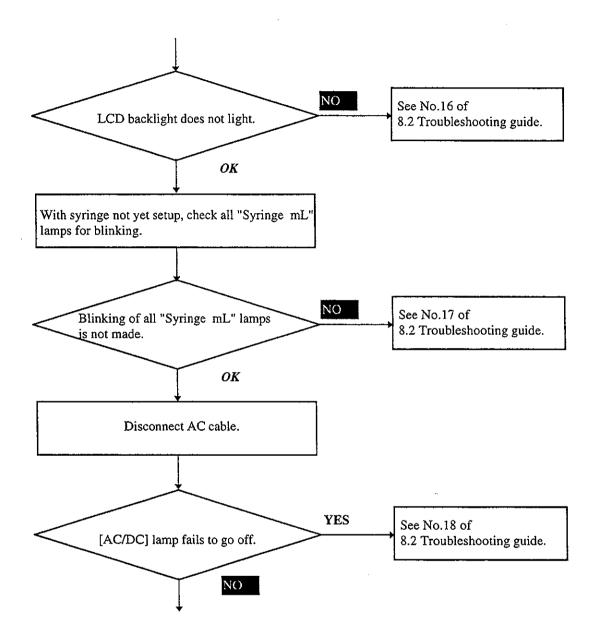
9612 lot -

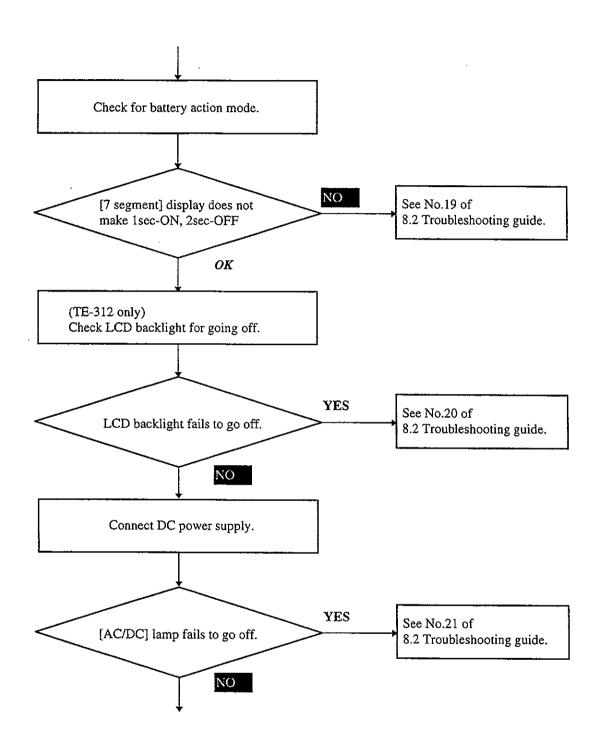




Applicable lots:

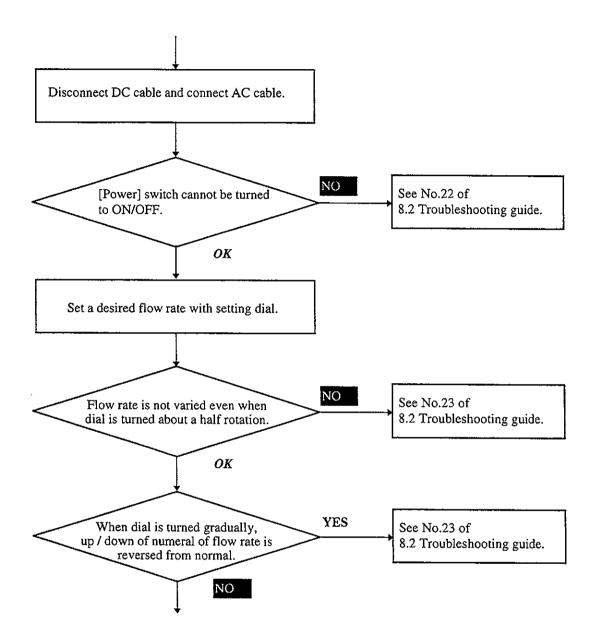
9612 lot -

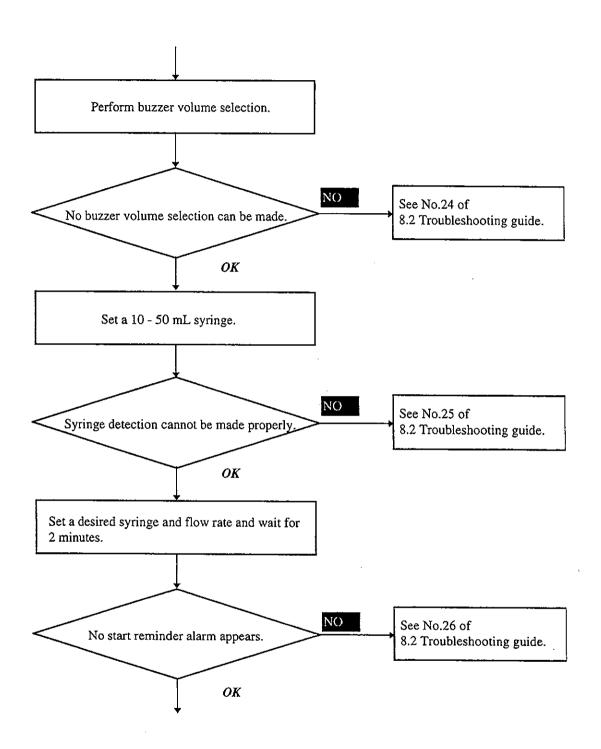


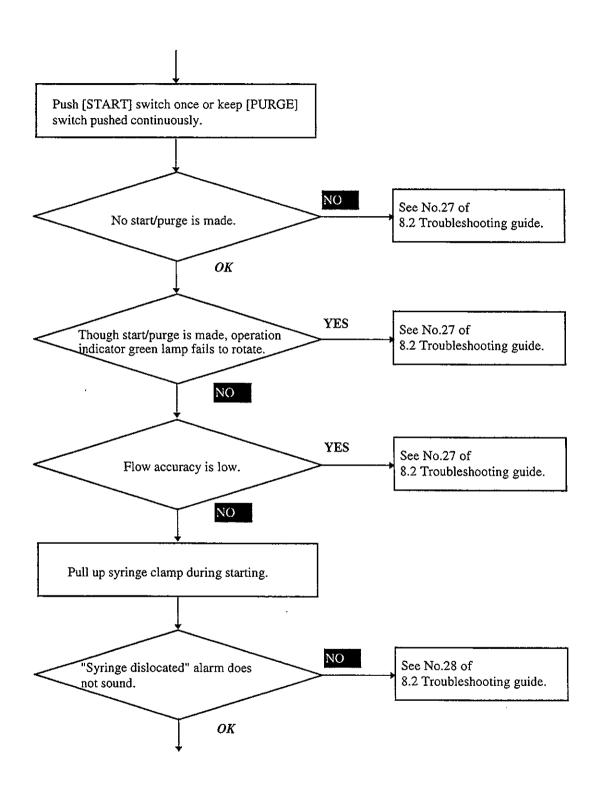


Applicable lots:

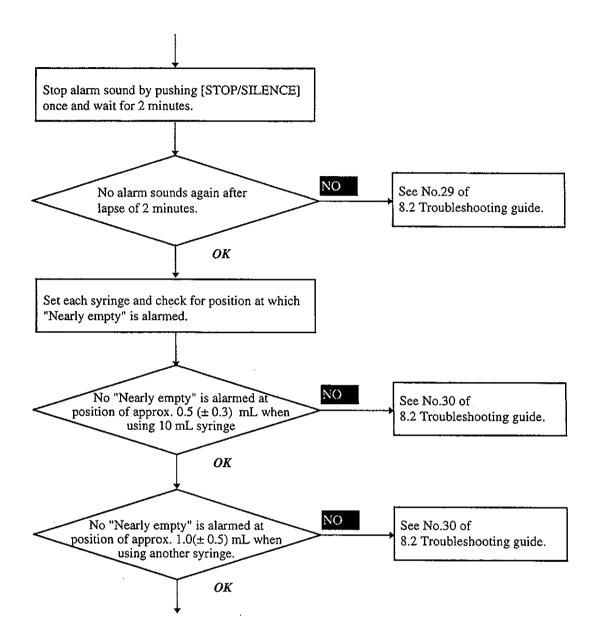
9612 lot -





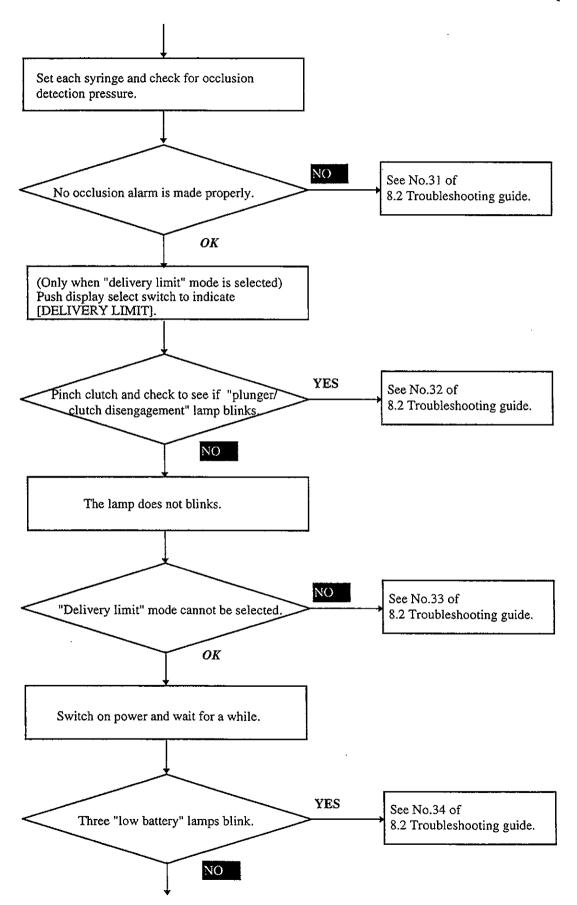


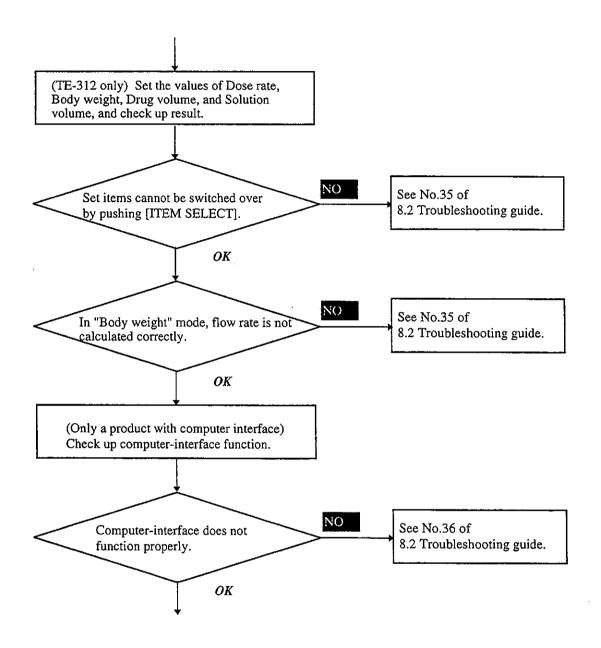
Applicable lots: 9612 lot -



Applicable lots:

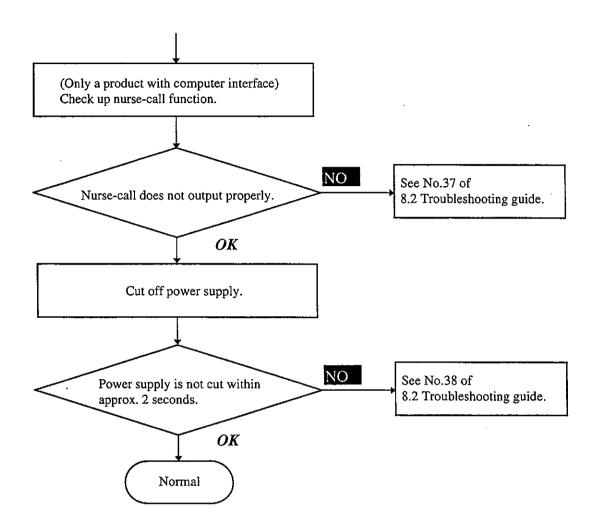
9612 lot -





Applicable lots:

9612 lot -



8.2 Fault finding chart

Remedy	• Reassemble. (See 7.2.)	Replace slider unit.	(2017/190)		• Reassemble. (See 7.2)	 Replace slider unit. 	(06LA510*)	 Replace battery. 	(06LA521*/06LA521R*)			 Replace power cord. 	(06LA532E*)		 Wipe dirt clean. 					 Replace broken cable. 	(06LA534*)	 Replace fuse FS1 and/or 2. 	(05L-A26*)	 Replace fuse FS3 and/or 5. 	(05LA35#)
Judgment	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.			 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.		 Number of lamps light up 	does not exceed one when	AC cable is connected for	about 10 minutes.	 AC cable is found abnormal 	in appearance and/or	conductance.	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection. (Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.	 Abnormal in appearance 	and/or conductance.	(Disconnect AC power cord	to assure safety.)
Cause	• Slider unit failure.				 Slider unit failure. 			 Low battery charge 				 AC cable disconnected. 			 Connector contacting poorly 	(Power-supply boards CN1,	CN5, CN6)					• Fuse blown off (FS1, FS2,	FS3, FS5)		
Problem	 Grasping clutch 	does not cause	slider hook to	oben.	 Grasping clutch 	does not cause	slider to move.	• "Battery" lamps	do not light at	all or only one	lamp blinks.										-				
Operation/Check	Disconnect AC	power cord.	Without setting	syringe, move	slider.			Connect AC	power cord																
No.								2	_				,											• , ,	

Remedy	• Replace power-supply board. (06LA525E*)	• Replace power-supply board. (06LA525E*).	Replace power-supply board. (96LA525E*)	• Replace main board. (06LA506*)	Wipe dirt clean.	Replace broken cable. (06LA534*)	• Replace fuse FS3 and/or 5. (05LA35*)	lace pow	• Replace main board (06LA506*)
Judgment	Secondary voltage of transformer is lower than	approx. 20V _{P-P} AC. • Approx. 6V is not impressed on Vcc (#16 pin) of IC5.	• Interface with CPU (#13 pin) is abnormal.	•	 Abnormality is found by visual inspection.(Try to connect and disconnect connector several times 	repeatedly.) • Appearance / conductivity is abnormal.		• Check for TR2 gate ON/OFF signal (1) With ON/OFF.	(2) Without ON/OFF
Cause	• Transformer failure.	 Power-supply IC5 and peripheral circuit failure 	 Main board failure in case none of above are applicable 	to.	 Connector contacting poorly. (Between power- supply board and main board). 	• Fuse blown off. (FS3)		 Power-supply board TR2 failure. 	
Problem	"Battery" lamps do not light at	all or only one lamp blinks.			• Pushing [POWER] button for 0.5 sec does not	cause power to on.			
Operation/Check	Connect AC power cord				Power ON with power switch.				
No.	2				c.				

Remedy	Replace power-supply board. 06LA525[k)	Replace main board.	(06J.A506*)	Replace main board.	(06LA506*)		 Replace main board. 	(06LA506*)		Replace rotation detect	board. (05LA16*)	Wipe dirt clean.	Replace broken cable.	(wheevictor)	; ;	• Reassemble. (See 7.2)			Remove foreign matter.
Judgment	• Approx. 10V is not impressed on CN6 (#2 pin) of power-supply board.	1		1			ı			• No signal is at CN7 (No. 2,	3 pins)	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.(Try to	connector several times	repeatedly.)	Abnormality is found by visual inspection (Loose	screw, D-cut surfaces not	flush with each other, etc.)	 Abnormality is found by visual inspection.
Cause	 Power-supply failure. 	 Main board failure in case 	none of above are applicable to.	RAM/register of CPU	faulty.		 ROM of CPU faulty. 			Rotation-detection board	failure.	 Connector contacting 	poorly (Between main	board and rotation-detection board).	-	 Faulty installation of shield heard on motor 	Dodra on motor.		• Foreign matter in gear unit.
Problem	• Pushing [POWER] button for 0.5	sec does not	cause power to on.	• Er 1 is	displayed.		• Er 2 is	displayed.		• Er 3 is	displayed.	•							
Operation/Check	Power ON with power switch.			Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting: Main board	Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Motor rotation)						
No.	3			4			5		<u></u>	9									

Remedy	Replace driving System	unit (06LA543 *). (Have	motor unit replaced in	factory, as necessary.)	Replace main board.	(06L,A506*)-	• Remount.		Replace E ² PROM.	(06LA536*)		Replace main board.	-(06 <u>L,4506**)</u>		Repeat operation from first.			Replace main board.	(06LA506**)-	• Reset.			Replace main board	(06EA506*)
Judgment	Abnormal rotation is found	by visual inspection.					Abnormality is found by	visual inspection.	• Signal exists at IC5 (#5, 6	pins) of main board and	voltage is impressed on Vcc (#8 pin).	ı			• Erroneous operation.			1		 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.			
Cause	• Main board failure in case	none of above are	applicable to.				 Poorly mounted IC5 of 	main board.	 Faulty IC5 (E²PROM) of 	main board.		Main board failure in case	none of above are	applicable to.	• [POWER] switch is pushed	while another switch is kept	depressed.	 Main board failure if the 	above is not applicable to.	• Switch (S1) on main board	is set at any position other	than I - A.	 Main board failure if the 	above is not applicable to.
Problem	• Er 3 is	displayed.					• Er 5 is	displayed.							• Er 8 is	displayed.				• Er 9• is	displayed.	(•: 0 - 0)		
Operation/Check	Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Motor rotation)			Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	E'PROM)	-				Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Switch)		Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Mode setup)	
Š.	9 ·						7								8					6				

Remedy	Wipe dirt clean.	 Replace broken cable. 	(06L A534*)			Replace battery.	06LA521* (for Asia)	OGLAS21R*(for Europe)		Replace power-supply	board. (06LA525[]**)		Replace power-supply	board. (06LA525E*)			Replace main board	(061.4506*)	Wipe dirt clean.	Replace broken cable.	-(06LA534*)			Replace fuse. (05LA35*)		• Replace power-supply
	W •	• Re				• Re		_		• Re	po		• Re	ю́ —			• Re		• Wi	• Re				• Re		Replace
Judgment	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection. (Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	Recharge for about 5	minutes. Check to see if	Er10 recurs when power	switch is turned on again.	Approx. 6V is not	impressed on IC5 (#6 pin:	V _{cc}) of power-supply	board.	No voltage is imposed on	IC5 (#13 pin) of power-	supply board.	ı		Abnormality is found by	visual inspection. (Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	 Appearance / conductivity 	is abnormal.	Appearance / conductivity Appearance / conductivity
Cause	Connector contacting	poorly (Between main	board and power-supply	board).		• Lacking in battery charge				No voltage is impressed on	IC5 of power-supply board.		 Faulty IC5 on power-supply 	board.			• Main board failure in case	none of above are applicable to.	 Connector contacting 	poorly (Between main	board and power-supply	board).		 Power-supply board fuse 	(FS5) blown out.	• Charge current limit resistor
Problem	• Er 10 is	displayed.																	 Only three 	"Low battery"	lamps fail to	blink.				
Operation/Check	Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Battery monitor)															Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Lamp)				
No.	10																		11							

Remedy	 Replace battery. 	06LA521* (for Asia)	06L.A521R*(for Europe)	• Replace power-supply	Dealess and heard	• Kepiace main board. (061 A 506*)	(Wipe dirt clean. 			 Replace broken cable. 	(06LA534*)	 Replace power-supply 	board. (06LA525[k)	 Replace main board. 	(00LA506*)			• Reset.		 Reset. (See section 4.2.) 		 Replace main board. 	(06LA506*)
Judgment				• Approx. 4 - 6V is not impressed on #1 pin of ICS	impressed on #1 pin of 103:	1		 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection. (Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	 Signal is abnormal. 		ı				 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.			•	
Cause	Battery defective.			Power-supply board IC5 Agenting	delective.	Main board failure in case none of above are applicable	to.	 Connector contacting 	poorly (Between main	board and power-supply	board).			 Buzzer failure. 		Main board failure in case	none of above are	applicable to.	Mis-setting of main-board	switch (S1).	Erroneous setting of syringe	brand.	• Main board failure if the	above is not applicable to.
Problem	Only three	"Low battery"	lamps fail to	blink.				 Buzzer fails to 	sonnd.										• Erroneous	syringe maker	number	indicated.		
Operation/Check	Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Lamp)				Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Buzzer)								Self-check	(Hardware	troubleshooting:	Syringe maker)		
No.	11							12											13					

Remedy	• Replace power cord. (06LA532日*)	Wipe dirt clean.	Replace broken cable.	(06LA534*)			• Replace fuse FS1 and/or 2.	(*077,550)		Replace power-supply	board. (06LA525E*)-		Replace power-supply	board. (06LA525[*) 			Replace main board	-(00F-A506#)		 Select mode correctly. 			Replace main board	(06LA506*)
Judgment	AC cable is found abnormal in appearance and/or	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection. (Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	Abnormal in appearance	(Disconnect AC power cord	to assure safety.)	Secondary voltage of	transformer is lower than	approx. 20V _{P-P} AC.	• TR9 (collector) on power-	supply board does not	change from 5V to 0V	when AC inlet is	disconnected.	ı		• See 4.4 Special function	setting mode.		t	
Cause	 AC cable disconnected. 	Connector contacting	poorly (CN1, CN6)				• Power-supply board fuse	DIOWN OIL (F31, F32).		• Transformer failure.			• TR9 on power-supply board	defective.			 Main board failure in case 	none of above are	applicable to.	• Setting according to 14.4	Special function setting	mode is not made properly.	Main board failure if the	above is not applicable to.
Problem	• [AC/DC] lamp fails to light.																			• No "0.0" is	indicated.			
Operation/Check	• Check [AC/DC] lamp for	ngnang.																		Check that "Flow	rate" display	indicates "0.0".		
No.	14																			15				

		-	(*80					(***			.=-	(*90			uc	(*5	•	(*90	
Remedy	Wipe dirt clean.		• Replace LCD ((06LB503*)	Wipe dirt clean.			-	• Replace LCD. (06LB503*)			 Replace main board. 	(00I.A506*)	• Readjust,		Replace syringe detection	unit. (05LA05*)	 Replace main board. 	(************************************	
Judgment	Abnormality is found by	connect and disconnect	connector several times	Abnormality is found by	visual inspection.(Lry to connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	Backlight does not light	when 0V is impressed on #8	pin of LCD.	ı		Refer to 7.3 Adjustment	procedure.	 No readjustment is made. 		r		
Cause	Connector contacting cocly (Between I CD and	main board).	• LCD failure.	Connector contacting	poorly (Between LCD and main board).			• LCD failure.			 Main board failure in case 	none of above are	Syringe detection unit	adjustment error.	 Syringe detection unit 	malfunctioning.	 Main board failure in case 	none of above are	applicable to.
Problem	• LCD display	ON.		• LCD backlight	does not light.					•			Blinking of all	"Syringe mL"	lamps is not	made.			
Operation/Check	(TE-312 only) Press Display	ON/OFF for	approx. 2 seconds.										With syringe not	yet setup, check	all "Syringe mL"	lamps for	blinking.	-	
Š	16												17	_		-			

					4	T				1												
Remedy	Replace power-supply board. 4061 A 525 □ k \ \end{align*}		<u>.</u>	Replace main board.	(001 A 506*)	Select mode correctly.			 Replace main board. 	(00LA506*)	 Perform mode selection 	correctly.		 Wipe dirt clean. 					• Replace LCD. (06LB503**)		 Replace main board. 	(00LA506*)
Judgment	 TR9 (collector) on power- supply board does not 	change from 5V to 0V	when AC power cord 1s disconnected,	ı		 See 4.4 Special function 	setting mode.		ı		 See 4.4 Special function 	setting mode.		 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.(Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	 Backlight does not go off when approx. 5V is 	impressed on #8 pin of	ı	
Cause	• TR9 on power-supply board defective.			 Main board failure if the 	above is not applicable to.	• Setting according to 14.4		mode is not made properly.	 Main board failure if the 	above is not applicable to.	 Setting according to 14.4 	Special function setting	mode is not made properly.	 Connector contacting 	poorly (Between LCD and	main board).		: :	• LCD failure.		 Main board failure in case 	none of above are applicable to.
Problem	• [AC/DC] lamp fails to go off.)				• [7 Segment]	display does not	make 1 sec-ON,	2 sec-OFF	action.	 LCD backlight 	fails to go off.										
Operation/Check	Disconnect AC power cord.	1				Check for		mode.	-		(TE-312 only)	Check LCD	backlight for	going off.								
No.	18					19					20											

Г		+					_	*	`		`		<u></u>		
Remedy	Replace DC cable.	(*15N750*)		Wipe dirt clean.			Replace broken cable.	(96LA534*)	Replace main board.	(06LA506*)	•	Replace main board.	(001 A506**)-	,	
Judgment	DC cable is found abnormal	in appearance and/or	conductance.	Abnormality is found by	visual inspection. (Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	1		•				
Cause	DC cable disconnected.			 Connector contacting 	poorly (Between DC	connector and Power-	supply board).		 Main board failure in case 	none of above are	applicable to.	 Main board faulty. (Σ mL 	cannot be cleared during	alarming.)	
Problem	• [AC/DC] lamp	fails to go off.										• [Power] switch	cannot be	turned to	ON/OFF.
Operation/Check	Connect DC	power supply for	special use.									Disconnect DC	cable and connect	AC power cord.	
No.	21											22			

Remedy	Wipe dirt clean.	• Replace broken cable. (06LA534*)		Replace dial unit.	(05LA04**)		• Replace setting dial board.	(05LA09**)		Replace main board.	(06LA506*)	Replace main board.	(00LA506**)		Resetting of syringe brand.				Readjust.	
Judgment	Abnormality is found by	visual inspection.(1ry to connect and disconnect	connector several times	Abnormality is found by	visual inspection.	Normal action is restored with another dial.	• Turning setting dial does	not cause any signal to be impressed on CN3 (#2, 3	pins) of main board.	1					 Maker of syringe being 	used does not coincide with	syringe maker number which is indicated after	power ON.	• See 7.3 Adjustment	procedure.
Cause	Connector contacting	poorly (Between set-up dial board and main board)		 Setting dial faulty. 			 Dial board faulty. 			 Main board failure in case 	none of above are	• Main board faulty.	•		Erroneously set maker	number.			• Adjustment error.	
Problem	Flow rate is not	varied even when dial is	turned about a half rotation.	 When dial is 	turned	gradually, up / down of	numeral of flow	rate is reversed from normal.				No buzzer	volume	selection can be made.	• Syringe	detection	cannot be made properly.			
Operation/Check	Set a desired flow	rate with dial.										Perform buzzer	volume selection.		Set a 10 - 50 mL	syringe.				
Ño.	23											24			25					

Remedy	Wipe dirt clean.	Replace syringe detection	unit (05LA05 *) if its cable	has been broken		Replace syringe detection	unit. (05LA05*)		• Replace clamp unit.	(06LA503**)	Replace main board.	(001A506*)		Select mode correctly.			Replace main board.	(061.4.506*)	Correct setting.				Replace main board.	(06LA506*)
Judgment	Abnormality is found by	visual inspection.(Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection. (Poorly soldered parts, broken slide	shaft, etc.)	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.	ı			 See 4.4 Special function 	setting mode.		ı		1				•	
Cause	 Connector contacting poorly 	(Between syringe detection	board and main board)			 Syringe detection unit 	malfunction.		 Clamp unit faulty. 		 Main board failure in case 	none of above are	applicable to.	 Start reminder mode is 	canceled with software	switch.	• Main board failure if the	above is not applicable to.	• Syringe set and/or flow rate	is not made correctly.(Incl.	preset flow in the case of	preset flow mode)	 Main board failure if the 	above is not applicable to.
Problem														 No start 	reminder	appears.			 No start / purge 	is made.				
Operation/Check														Set a desired	syringe and flow	rate and wait for 2	minutes.		 Push start 	switch once.	 Keep Purge 	switch pushed	continuously.	
No.	25													56					27					

Operation/Check	Problem	Cause	Judgment	Remedy
	• Though start /	 Connector contacting poorly 	 Abnormality is found by 	• Wipe dirt clean.
	purge is made,	(Between indicator unit and	visual inspection.(Try to	
	(1) Operation	main board)	connect and disconnect	
	indicator		connector several times	
	green lamp		repeatedly.)	
	fails to rotate.	• Main board failure if the	r	Replace main board.
		above is not applicable to.		(061,4506*)
	(2) Flow accuracy	• Syringe used is set	 Maker of syringe being 	Resetting of syringe brand.
	is low.	improperly.	used does not coincide with	
			syringe maker number	
			which is indicated after	
			power ON.	
		• Syringe sliding resistance is	 Abnormality is found by 	 Use new syringe.
		high.	visual inspection. (New	
			syringe is not used.)	
		 Driving system unit is 	 Abnormality is found by 	• Reassemble (See Para. 7.2.)
		assembled improperly.	visual inspection.	 Replace driving system
				unit. (06LA543*)
		• Main board failure in case	ı	 Replace main board.
		none of above are		(1001/4506*)
		applicable to.		

The second district the second	 Resetting of syringe brand. 	Kesetung of syringe brand.	Resetting of syringe brand.	Readjust.	 Readjust. Reassemble. 	Readjust. Reassemble. (See Para. 7.2.)	ole.	ole.		 Readjust. Reassemble. (See Para. 7.2.) Replace syringe detection unit. (OSLA05*) Replace clamp unit. 	ole,	Readjust. Reassemble. (See Para. 7.2.) Replace syringe detection unit. (OSLA05*) Replace clamp unit. (AGLA503*) Replace main board.	Readjust. Reassemble. (See Para. 7.2.) Replace syringe detection unit. (OSLAOS*) Replace clamp unit. (AGLASOS*) Replace main board. (OGLASOS*)	Readjust. Reassemble. (See Para. 7.2.) Replace syringe detection unit. (05LA05*) Replace clamp unit. (06LA506*) Replace main board. (06LA506*)	Readjust. Reassemble. (See Para. 7.2.) Replace syringe detection unit. (05LA05*) Replace clamp unit. (06LA503*) Replace main board. (06LA506*) Select mode properly.	Readjust. Reassemble. (See Para. 7.2.) Replace syringe detection unit. (05LA05*) Replace clamp unit. (06LA503*) Replace main board. (06LA506*) Select mode properly.	Readjust. (See Para. 7.2.) (See Para. 7.2.) (See Para. 7.2.) (OSLAOS*) (Replace syringe detection unit. (OSLAOS*) (Replace clamp unit. (AGLASOS*) (OGLASOS*) Select mode properly. (OGLASOS*)
						Readjust. Reassemble.	Readjust. Reassemble. Replace syrin	Readjust. Reassemble. Replace syrin unit.	Readjust. Reassemble. Replace syrinunit. (05LA05*)	Readjust. Reassemble. Replace syrin unit. COSLAOS*) Replace clam	Readjust. Reassemble. Replace syrinunit. (05LA05*) Replace clam	Readjust. Reassemble. Replace syrinunit. (0SLA05*) Replace clam Replace main	Readjust. Reassemble. (S Replace syring unit. (OSLA05*) Replace clamp Replace main b	Readjust. Reassemble. (S Replace syring unit. (OSLA05*) Replace clamp Replace main b Select mode pr	Readjust. Reassemble. (S Replace syring unit. (OSLA05*) Replace clamp Replace main the Rep	Readjust. Reassemble. (S Replace syring unit. (OSLA05*) Replace clamp Replace main b Replace main b Replace main b	Readjust. Reassemble. Replace syring unit. (0SLA05*) Replace clamp. Replace main Replace main Replace main Replace main Replace main
with	_	er ter															
used does not coincide with	•	syringe maker number which is indicated after	maker number s indicated after JN. Adjustment	syringe maker number which is indicated after power ON. See 7.3 Adjustment procedure.	syringe maker number which is indicated after power ON. • See 7.3 Adjustment procedure. • Abnormality is found by	syringe maker number which is indicated after power ON. See 7.3 Adjustment procedure. Abnormality is found by visual inspection. (Poor	syringe maker number which is indicated after power ON. See 7.3 Adjustment procedure. Abnormality is found by visual inspection. (Poor soldering, slide shaft	syringe maker number which is indicated after power ON. See 7.3 Adjustment procedure. Abnormality is found by visual inspection. (Poor soldering, slide shaft broken, loosening, etc.)	maker number s indicated after JN. Adjustment Ire. nality is found by nspection. (Poor ig, slide shaft loosening, etc.)	maker number s indicated after JN. Adjustment Ire. nality is found by nspection. (Poor 1g, slide shaft loosening, etc.)	maker number s indicated after JN. Adjustment Ire. nality is found by nspection. (Poor ig, slide shaft loosening, etc.)	maker number s indicated after JN. Adjustment Ire. nality is found by nspection. (Poor Ig, slide shaft loosening, etc.)	maker number s indicated after JN. Adjustment are. nality is found by nspection. (Poor ig, slide shaft loosening, etc.)	syringe maker number which is indicated after power ON. • See 7.3 Adjustment procedure. • Abnormality is found by visual inspection. (Poor soldering, slide shaft broken, loosening, etc.)	maker number s indicated after DN. Adjustment tre. nality is found by nspection. (Poor ig, slide shaft loosening, etc.)	maker number s indicated after JN. Adjustment ality is found by nspection. (Poor ig, slide shaft loosening, etc.)	maker number s indicated after JN. Adjustment Ire. nality is found by nspection. (Poor ig, slide shaft loosening, etc.)
Maker of syringe being used does not coincide a		syringe r	syringe ma which is in power ON.	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 /	syringe ma which is in power ON. See 7.3 Ad procedure.	syringe r which is power O • See 7.3 / procedur • Abnorms	syringe r which is power O. See 7.3 t procedur Abnorm visual in: soldering	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 / procedur Abnorm visual in: soldering	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 t procedur Abnorms visual im soldering broken, l	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 / procedur Abnorm visual in: soldering broken, 1	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 t procedur Abnorms visual in: soldering broken, 1	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 / procedur Abnorms visual ins soldering broken, 1	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 t procedur Abnorms visual im soldering broken, I	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 / procedur Abnorm visual in soldering broken, 1	syringe r which is power O • See 7.3 / procedur • Abnorms visual ins soldering broken, 1	syringe make which is india power ON. • See 7.3 Adjus procedure. • Abnormality visual inspect soldering, slif broken, loose	syringe r which is power O See 7.3 4 procedur Abnorm visual im soldering broken, 1
is set			TLL.	stror.	stror. stion unit	stror. stion unit	rror. ction unit	eror.	rror. ction unit	aror. stion unit	rror. tion unit	error. Stion unit ailure in case e are	rror. tion unit ailure in case e are	e are rogrammed	ailure in case	atror. stion unit ailure in case e are rogrammed	ation unit ailure in case a are rogrammed righte if the ailure if the
 Syringe used 1s set improperly. 		• •	• Adiustment er	• Adjustment error.	 Adjustment error. Syringe detection unit 	Adjustment erSyringe detect failure.	Adjustment erSyringe detect failure.	 Adjustment er Syringe detect failure. 	 Adjustment er Syringe detect failure. 	Adjustment erSyringe detect failure.	 Adjustment error. Syringe detection unit failure. Main board failure in case 	Adjustment error. Syringe detection failure. Main board failure none of above are	Adjustment er Syringe detect failure. Main board fainone of above applicable to.	Adjustment er Syringe detect failure. Main board fainne of above applicable to. Re-alarm is pre-	Adjustment error. Syringe detection unit failure. Main board failure in cas none of above are applicable to. Re-alarm is programmed ineffectively.	Adjustment error. Syringe detection unit failure. Main board failure in cas none of above are applicable to. Re-alarm is programmed ineffectively. Main board failure if the	Adjustment error. Syringe detection unit failure. Main board failure in case none of above are applicable to. Re-alarm is programmed ineffectively. Main board failure if the above is not applicable to.
' "Syringe dislocated"	_	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear.	alarm does not appear. No alarm sounds again	alarm does not appear. No alarm sounds again after lapse of 2	alarm does not appear. No alarm sounds again after lapse of 2 minutes.
run up synnge elamp during	_	ting.	ting.	ting.	rting.	rting.	rting.	arting.	arting.	arting.	arting.	arting.	arting.	•	•		• CE
lai	+				~	3	3	₹	₹	₹	ਰ	₹	₹	#	T 15 15	a 「点点 日	on the state

Remedy	• Readjust.	• Wipe dirt clean.	• Replace nearly empty detection unit (05LA18*) if	its cable has been broken.	• Replace nearly empty detection unit (85LA18*).		• Replace nearly empty detection unit (05L A 18*).	Replace main board.	(xone wingn)	Readjust.	 Wipe dirt clean. 	 Replace cable-(06LA534*) 	if it has been broken.			
Judgment	 See 7.3 Adjustment procedure. 	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.(1ry to connect and disconnect	connector several times repeatedly.)	Abnormality is found by visual inspection. (Spring	slipped off, etc.)	 Abnormality by visual inspection. (Poorly soldered parts, broken slide shaft, etc.) 	1		See 7.3 Adjustment	procedure.	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.(Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)
Cause	• Adjustment error.	Connector contacting poorly	(Between nearly empty detect unit and main board).		 Nearly empty detect unit improperly assembled. 		 Nearly empty detect unit malfunction. 	Main board failure in case	applicable to.	 Adjustment error. 	 Connector contacting poorly 	(Between occlusion detect	unit and main board).			
Problem	No "nearly empty" is	alarmed at	approx. 0.5	(±0.3) mL when using 10 mL	syringe or approx.	when using	another synnge.			 No occlusion 	alarm is made	properly.				
Operation/Check	Set each syringe and check for	position at which	alarmed.							Set each syringe	and check for	occlusion	detection pressure.			
No.	30									31						

Remedy	• Replace driving system unit. (06LA543*)	(• Have Occlusion detection	necessary.)	Replace main board.	(06<u>L</u> A506*)	• Readjust • Replace cable (06LA534*) if	it has been broken.		• Replace Plunger / Clutch defection unit 1051 A 40&)		• Replace main board. (06L.A506*)	 Perform mode selection 	correctly.	 Replace main board. 	(00LA506*)		
Judgment	 With an A/D value indicated in adjustment mode, no 	variation in A/D value is	slider.	1	•	 See 7.2.1.4 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.(Try to connect and disconnect	connector several times repeatedly.)			1	 See 4.4 Special function 	setting mode.	t			
Cause	Occlusion detection unit malfunction.			• Main board failure in case	none of above are applicable to.	Adjustment error. Connector contacting poorly.			Plunger/clutch diseasement detection unit	disengagemen detection um failure.	 Main board failure if the above is not applicable to. 	 Delivery limit" mode is 	programmed ineffectively.	 Main board failure if the 	above is not applicable to.		
Problem	No occlusion alarm is made	properly.				 The lamp does not blink. 						 "Delivery limit" 	mode cannot be	selected.			
Operation/Check	Set each syringe and check for	occlusion	coccion pressure			Pinch clutch and check to see if	"plunger/clutch disengagement"	lamp blinks.				(Only when	"delivery limit"	mode is selected)	Push display select	switch indicate	[DELIVERY] LIMIT].
No.	31					32						33					

_																					
Remedy	• Replace battery. • Replace battery. • Replace battery. • Gor Asia)	Whe	connector has been disconnected and	reconnected, be sure to	perform inspection	according to "Periodic	check-up / Replacement of	battery" in the Instruction	Manual.	• Ditto			 Wipe dirt clean. 	 Replace cable (06LA534*) 	if it has been broken.			 Replace fuse. (051, A35**) 			
Judgment	Low battery recharging voltage (ex. 10V or less) or low battery discharging.	voltage (ex. 8.4V or less).								 Time to the end of battery 	charge is as short as half or	less of that of a new battery.	 Abnormality is found by 	visual inspection.(Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.)	 Abnormal appearance / 	conductivity is found.	(Disconnect AC/DC power	cord to assure safety.)
Cause	 Battery is discharged. 												Connector contacting poorly	(between power-supply	board and battery) and	(between power-supply	board and main board).	 Charge-line fuse (FS5) is 	blown.		
Problem	• Three " low battery " lamps	olillik.																			
Operation/Check	Switch on power and wait for a	WINIC:																			
No.	34												•								

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·																
Remedy	• Replace power-supply board. (06LA525Ex)	• Replace main board. (06LA506*)	• Replace main board.		• Replace LCD. (06LB503*)			 Replace main board. 	(06I_A506*)	 Correct setting. 			Wine dirt close	Wile unit ordin. Penlace cable	(061 A 534*) if it has been	broken.	
Judgment	Abnormal appearance / conductivity is found. (Disconnect AC/DC power	 Abnormal appearance / conductivity is found. (Disconnect AC/DC power cord to assure safety.) 			When dial is turned, LCD	indicates correct value but some missing in segments.		t		• See "Computer interface	protocol."		A brownolity is found by	visual inspection (Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times	repeatedly.
Cause	• Charge-current limiting resistor (R2) damaged.	 Main board failure in case none of above are applicable to. 	Main board failure.		 Poor value display of LCD. 			Main board failure in case	none of above are applicable to.	• ID number of external	medical monitor does not	coincide with that of syringe	pump.	Retween committee	interface and main board).	`	
Problem	• Three " low battery " lamps blink.		• Set items	switched over.	• In "Body	weight" mode, flow rate is not	calculated	correctly.		 Computer 	interface does	not function	properly.				
Operation/Check	Switch on power and wait for a while.		(TE-312 only) Set the values of	Dose rate, Body	weight, Drug	Solution volume,	and check up	result.		(Only products	with computer	interface) Check	up computer	IIICA IACC.			
No.	34	***	35							36							

SS09-9B002 Applicable lots: 9612 lot - Prepared in Dec., 1996	Remedy	Correct wiring or replace	cable,		Correct setting.			Replace nurse-call board	and RS232C board.	(05LA27*)	Replace main board.	(06LA506*)-	Wipe dirt clean.	• Replace cable (061 A534*)	if it has been broken.		Correct mode selection.		Replace nurse-call board	and RS232C board.	(051 A27*)	Replace main board.	(061.A506*)
	Judgment	Wiring is not made properly	according to cable connection diagram given in	protocol.	• Setting of "RS-232C and RS-485" is not made	properly according to protocol and/or setting of	pump body is erroneous.	Output signal from	communication board is	erroneous.	ı		Abnormality is found by	visual inspection. (Try to	connect and disconnect	connector several times repeatedly.)	 See 4.4 Special function 	setting mode.	 Output signal from nurse- 	call board / communication	board is erroneous.		
	Cause	 Cable to external medical 	monitor is defective.		• RS232C/485 set improperly.			 Communication board 	failure.		 Main board failure in case 	none of above are applicable to.	 Connector contacting poorly 	(Between nurse-call board	and communication board).		 Setting is not made properly 	according to 14.4 Special function setting mode	Nurse-call board /	Communication board	failure.	 Main board failure in case 	none of above are applicable to.
	Problem	Computer	interface does	properly.									 Nurse-call does 	not output	properly.								
	Operation/Check	(Only products	with computer interface) Check	up computer	interface.								(Only products	with computer	interface) Check	up nurse-call.							
	No.	36					_		•				37										

<u> </u>	_				
SS09-9B002 Applicable lots: 9612 lot - Prepared in Dec., 1996	Remedy	 Wipe dirt clean. Replace cable (06LA534**)- if it has been broken. 	,	Replace power-supply board. +(06LA525E*) Replace main board. +(06LA506*)	• Replace main board. (0612A506*)
	Judgment	Abnormality is found by visual inspection. (Try to connect and disconnect connector several times repeatedly.)	 Fushing [POWER] switch, check for ON/OFF action of TR2 (gate) on power-supply board. 	(1) ON/OFF action is made.(2) No ON/OFF action is made.	ı
	Cause	Connector contacting poorly (Between main board and power-supply board).	• 1 K2 on power-supply board is faulty.		 Main board failure in case none of above are applicable to.
	Problem	 Power supply is not cut within approx. 2 seconds. 			
	Operation/Check	Push [POWER] switch.			:
	No.	38			

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

8.3 Alarms and Error Messages

Alarms and error messages are detailed below.

If any abnormal state such as shown in the following is found, take necessary action, referring to the Instruction manual, Computer interface protocol, and "8. Troubleshooting."

8.3.1 Alarms and cautions

Alarm or caution	Description
Syringe dislocated alarm	Occurs if the syringe gets out of place during syringe pump operation.
Occlusion alarm	Occurs if the slider is subjected to overload due to occlusion in the infusion line.
"Nearly empty" alarm	Occurs if the solution in the syringe has been exhausted to a limit.
Low Battery alarm	Occurs if the syringe pump built-in battery has discharged to a limit.
Start-reminder caution	Occurs when standby state continues for 2 minutes or more until "Start" switch is pushed.
Re-alarm	Occurs if the alarm involved is not reset within 2 minutes after the "Stop/Silence" switch is pushed to stop the buzzer.
Delivery-end caution	Occurs when the preset delivery limit is reached.
Plunger/clutch disengagement alarm	Occurs if the syringe plunger is not set properly or if the clutch is disengaged during operation.

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

8.3.2 Error messages

Error No.	Error
1	CPU(RAM/Register) error
2	CPU (ROM) error
3	Motor rotation error
5	E ² PROM error
8	Switch error
9*	Rotary switch error (*: optional)
10	Communication port error (communication with battery-supervisory IC) (*1)

• Contents of Er 9*

Error No.	Error
Er 91	The STOP switch is not kept pressed when the POWER switch is pushed to select the troubleshooting mode.
Er 92	The STOP switch is not kept pressed when the POWER switch is pushed to select the special function setting mode.
Er 93	The STOP switch is not kept pressed when the POWER switch is pushed to select the adjustment mode.
Er 94	The STOP switch is not kept pressed when the POWER switch is pushed to select the computer interface and ID No. setting mode.
Er 95	The STOP switch is not kept pressed when the POWER switch is pushed to select the initialization of E ² PROM.
Er 96	The STOP switch is not kept pressed when the POWER switch is pushed to select the aging mode.

^{*1:} Even if AC/DC is kept in connection, Er10 may appear because of lacking in battery charge when power switch is turned on after the pump has not been used for a long time. Recharging the battery for about 5 minutes will be effective to prevent Er10 from recurring.

Recharging the battery without fail, referring to the "Periodic check-up and replacement of battery" section in the instruction manual.



Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

9. MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

9.1 Precautions for Maintenance

9.1.1 Syringe to be used for maintenance service

IMPORTANT: Be sure to use only a syringe type corresponding to the syringe number selected from the syringe brand list in the instruction manual and set up on the pump as instructed.

* For the selected syringe maker (one of makers listed on the label at the back of the pump body), its ID number is indicated for 3 seconds at the end of self-diagnosis. For the method of changing of maker ID number, see 4.2 Syringe maker setting mode.

IMPORTANT: To prevent danger of infection, use only the disposable type of sterilized syringe and I.V. catheter. Avoid using any used syringes. Reuse of a syringes will affect the accuracy of measurement.

9.1.2 In case of pump experiencing shock.

IMPORTANT: If the pump has been dropped from a height or subjected to a hard knock, avoid using it even though its appearance and action do not show any remarkable deterioration.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

9.1.3 Periodical replacement parts

The parts listed below deteriorate and wear out gradually with pump operation and, therefore, need replacing periodically to keep proper accuracy and performance of the products.

Replace those parts at proper intervals.

Product code	Part name	Interval	Symptom of deterioration
06LA521* (for Asia) 06LA521R* (for Europe)	Battery (built-in type)	1.5 - 2 years	Charge of the battery does not last long, causing the [Battery] lamp to blink and the alarm buzzer to sound.
05LA31*	Pole clamp with tray	2 - 3 years	The clamp is damaged by solution or worn down. It becomes hard to grasp the pole.
05LT17*-	Rubber foot (4 pcs.)	5 - 6 years	Foot worn and tear remarkably, making the pump body hard to rest stable on a level surface.
(TE-311) 06LA501A* (TE*311N) 06LA501B* (TE*311C) (TE-312) 06LB501* (TE*312C)	Upper case unit (operation panel)	1.5 - 2 years	 The panel is perforated. Entry with push buttons is rather hard.
05LA15*	Motor unit	2 - 3 years	Flow rate becomes irregular and abnormal sound is heard during operation.

Note: Appropriate intervals of replacing each unit depend on the frequency of using the pump and the environmental conditions.

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

9.2 Inspection items, methods and intervals

9.2.1 Checking before operation (every time)

Before every time use of the pump, check up the followings:

- 1) Check that the outside of pump body and the pole clamp are free from damage.
- 2) Check that the battery is enable to drive the pump.
- 3) Check that, when the pump is switched on, the following self-diagnosis function is carried out normally:
 - 1. All lamps blink three times repeatedly, the buzzer sounds warning, and the motor rotates slightly. (The operation indicator lamp lights red and green, alternately.)
 - 2. Subsequently, the [RATE / D.LIMIT / Σml] display (7-segment LED) indicates for 3 seconds a number representing the maker of syringe used.
- 4) Check that the [BATTERY] lamp lights up as soon as the AC power cable is connected to the pump but power is not yet supplied. (*See note.)
- 5) Check that both the [BATTERY] lamp and [AC/DC] lamp light up when AC power is supplied. (*See note.)
- 6) Check that the [SYRINGE SIZE] indicator detects each syringe when 10, 20, 30 and 50 mL syringes made by a maker whose ID number has been preset are set in the pump.
- 7) Check that the [D. LIMIT] lamp blinks when the slider is pushed all the way of its stroke without any syringe set in the pump.
- 8) Check that pushing the [STOP/SILENCE] switch during pump operation cause the pump to stop operating.
- * The [BATTERY] lamp may fail to light because the battery has discharged; in such a case, the lamp will go on after about 10-minute recharging by AC power.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

9.2.2 Checking for occlusion detection accuracy (Every 2 months)

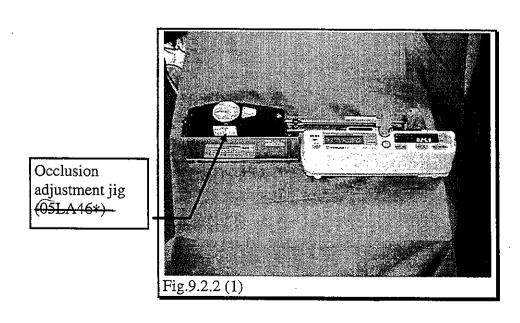
* You are advised to carry out checking using the occlusion adjustment jig to get highly precise measurement, though the more simple but rather less accuracy checking method using a pressure gauge is described latter.

(1) When using the occlusion adjustment jig

Every 2 months, check for occlusion detection function using the following procedure:

- 1) Set the occlusion adjustment jig (05LA46*) in the syringe pump. Lower the clamp to light the [50 mL] lamp in the [SYRINGE mL] display.
- 2) Grasp the clutch to move the slider until it comes into contact with the occlusion adjust jig.
- 3) Turn on the power switch. Set the flow rate and occlusion pressure to the values shown in table below.
 - (For the method of changing occlusion pressure set value, refer to para. 25 of Instruction Manual.)
- 4) Push the [START] switch to allow the pump to operate until the pump comes to a stop with occurrence of a occlusion alarm.
- 5) As the pump comes to a stop, record the detected occlusion pressure and make sure that it is within the allowable range.
- 6) If the measurement exceeds the allowable range, readjust according to 7.3 Adjustment procedure. Then, repeat steps 1) to 6) to check the result again.

Syringe size	Occlusion detect pressure	Test flow rate	Allowable range of pressure [N] ([Kgf])
50	M	50	35.7 - 53.6 (3.64 - 5.47)



Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

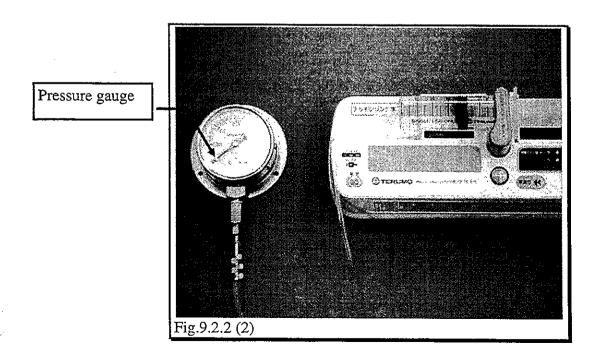
Prepared in Dec., 1996

(2) When using a pressure gauge

Every 2 months, check for occlusion detection function using the following procedure:

- 1) Connect a pressure gauge with a tube to a new 50 cc. syringe filled with water of 20 30 cc. Set the syringe in the pump.
- 2) Grasp the clutch to move the slider until it comes into contact with the syringe plunger.
- 3) Turn on the power switch. Set the flow rate and occlusion pressure to the values shown in table below.
 - (For the method of changing occlusion pressure set value, refer to para. 25 of Instruction Manual.)
- 4) Push the [START] switch to allow the pump to operate until the pump comes to a stop with occurrence of a occlusion alarm.
- 5) As the pump comes to a stop, record the detected occlusion pressure and make sure that it is within the allowable range.
- 6) If the measurement exceeds the allowable range, readjust according to 7.3 Adjustment procedure. Then, repeat steps 1) to 6) to check the result again.

Syringe size	Occlusion detect pressure	Test flow rate	Allowable range of pressure [KPa] ([Kgf/cm²])
50	M	50	53.4 - 80.0 (0.54 - 0.82)



Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

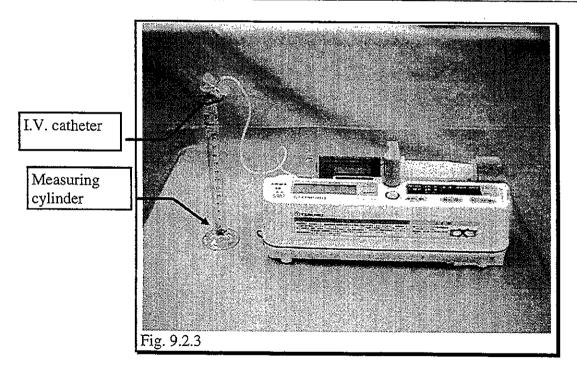
Prepared in Dec., 1996

9.2.3 Checking for flow-rate measurement accuracy(Every 2 months)

Every 2 months, check for flow-rate measurement accuracy using the following procedure:

- 1) Set a 50 mL syringe filled with water in the pump. Attach an I.V. catheter to the syringe.
- 2) Grasp the clutch to move the slider until it comes into contact with the syringe plunger.
- 3) Turn on the power switch. Push the [PURGE] switch to send water to the tip of catheter, filling up the catheter with water.
- 4) Push the [CLEAR (C Σ mL)] switch to reset the volume delivered to 0.
- 5) Immerse the needle of I.V. catheter into a measuring cylinder and set the flow rate to 70 mL/h.
- 6) Push the [START] switch and, at the same time, start to count the time with a stopwatch. After operating the pump for 30 minutes, stop it by pushing the [STOP/SILENCE] switch.
- 7) Push the [DISPLAY SELECT] switch to select indication of the volume delivered. Confirm that water collected in the measuring cylinder and the indicated the volume delivered value are within the standard range shown in the table below.

Flow rate set value	Test time	Display of volume delivered	Standard range
70 mL/h	30 min.	35 mL	34 - 36 mL



IMPORTANT: If the result of testing shows that the amount of collected water does not fall within the standard range, stop to use the syringe pump. Take a measure to correct abnormality, referring to 8. Troubleshooting.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

9.2.4 Checking for battery (Every month)

The syringe pump has a built-in battery which serves as a backup power source.

The built-in battery gradually deteriorates with time, regardless of use of it. Therefore, the battery needs inspecting periodically and replacing as necessary.

Appropriate battery replacement interval depends on the working environment and the frequency of use of the syringe pump.

- 1) With the power switch kept OFF, connect the AC power cord to the pump to recharge the battery for 24 hours or more.
- 2) Turn the power switch to ON. Fill a 50 mL syringe (with an I.V. catheter) with water and set it in the pump. Start the pump to operate at flow rate set to 5 mL/h. Set the occlusion pressure to "M". (Refer to PP.25 31 of Instruction Manual.)
- 3) Disconnect the AC power cord and make sure that the battery is able to sustain pump operation for at least 60 minutes. Thereafter, continue to operate the pump until the discharged battery is no more able to supply power. Then, connect the AC power cord to the pump again and recharge the battery for 24 hours or more.

9.2.5 Periodical inspection *

To ensure safe and long use of the syringe pump, perform periodical inspection once a year, as a rule, using the following procedure:

- (1) Visual inspection
 - 1) Check the external surfaces of housing, label, etc. for scratches, dirt and deformation.
 - 2) Grasp the clutch and check the slider for any dragging movement.
- (2) Functional inspection
 - 1) Self-check

Connect the AC power cord and turn on the power switch. Check that all indicator lamps blink three times, a syringe maker number appears on the [FLOW RATE / DELIVERY LIMIT / VOLUME DELIVERY] display, and the buzzer sounds warning. (For TE-312, check that also the backlight and letters flicker on the LCD.)

Applicable lots:

9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

Then, check that the syringe maker number on the [FLOW RATE/DELIVERY LIMIT/ VOLUME DELIVERY] display is superseded by "0.0" and not any error No.

2) Dial

Gradually turn the setting dial clockwise. Make sure that the value displayed does not vary until the dial turns about a half rotation and, thereafter, the value increases about 16 counts when the dial completes one rotation. Contrariwise, gradually turn the dial counterclockwise and make sure that the value displayed decreases 16 counts when the dial makes one complete rotation.

3) CLEAR (C ΣmL) switch

With the pump stopped, check that the volume delivered value displayed can be cleared by keeping the [CLEAR (C Σ mL)] switch pushed for about 1.5 seconds.

4) Buzzer volume

With the [STOP/SILENCE] switch pressed, push the [CLEAR (C Σ mL)] switch, and "bEL.*" will appear on the [FLOW RATE / DELIVERY LIMIT / VOLUME DELIVERY] display to indicate the setting mode. Leaving the [STOP/SILENCE] switch pressed, temporarily release the [CLEAR (C Σ mL)] switch and then try to push it repeatedly. Each time, the buzzer sounds, varying the level of sound sequentially, and at the same time respective buzzer volumes are indicated on the said display.

- Buzzer volume "Small"(bEL.1); "Middle"(bEL.2); "Large"(bEL.3)
- * After testing, finally set the volume to "bEL.2."

5) Computer interface connector

Check the computer interface connector for normal function. For details, refer to "Computer interface protocol."

6) Nurse-call connector

With the syringe pump switched on, raise the syringe clamp to test generation of a syringe alarm. Make sure that output signal from the nurse-call connector continues for about 5 seconds.

7) Power ON/OFF

Check that power is supplied about 1 second after the switch is turned ON and is cut off about 2 seconds after the switch is turned OFF.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

8) Body weight mode (TE-312 only)

Check that keeping the [DISPLAY ON/OFF] switch pressed for about 2 seconds causes the body weight mode screen to light on. Check that each time the [ITEM SELECT] switch is pushed, the dose rate, body weight, drug volume and solution volume items flash in sequence on the screen, allowing you to set the respective values with the setting dial.

3. Performance test

- 1) Checkup of syringe detection function: See 7.3.4.1.
- 2) Checkup of nearly empty detection function: See 7.3.4.2.
- 3) Checkup of occlusion detection function: See 7.3.4.3.

9.2.6 Inspection record

Fill the result of foregoing periodical inspection work in a record form such as shown below and keep it for the purpose of reference in the future.

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -Prepared in Dec., 1996

TE0311/312 INSPECTION RECORD

Model	Serial No.	Classification	Date	Checked by	Remarks
TE-31		Before operation /			
		Accuracy			

- 1			
	Item	Check point	Donalt
Į		<u> </u>	Resuit

• Inspection before operation (Each time)

Visual inspection	1	Check pump body and pole clamp for damage, etc.	OK • NG
Battery power	2	Check that syringe pump can be operated by battery power.	OK • NG
Diagnosis	3	Check that diagnosis is made normally when power is switched on.	OK • NG
AC power	4	Check that [BATTERY] lamp lights on when AC inlet cable is connected.	OK • NG
AC power	5	Check that [AC/DC] / [BATTERY] lamp lights on as far as pump is operated by AC power.	OK • NG
Syringe detection	6	Check that 10, 20, 30, 50 mL syringes can be detected normally.	OK • NG
Nearly- empty alarm	7	Check that [NEARLY EMPTY] lamp blinks when slider without syringe is moved.	OK • NG
Stop switch	8	Check that pump in operation can be stopped by pushing [STOP/SILENCE] switched.	OK • NG

• Checking for operational accuracy (Every 1 - 2 months as a rule)

Occlusion detection;	1	Check that occurrence of [OCCLUSION] alarm is within specification.	
every 2 months		50 mL syringe: 35.7 - 53.6N (3.64 - 5.47 kgf) at flow rate 100 mL/h and occlusion set pressure M.	N (kgf)
		(or, 50 mL syringe: 53.4 - 80.0 KPa (0.54 - 0.82 kgf/cm ²) at flow rate 50 mL and occlusion set pressure M:).	KPa (kgf/cm²)
Flow rate	2	Check that accuracy of flow rate is within specification.	
accuracy; every 2 months		50 mL syringe: 34 - 36 mL by 30-min. testing at 70 mL/h of flow rate.	mL
Battery	3	Check that battery is able to support pump operation at least 60	
power;]	minutes. Test 50 mL syringe at flow rate 5 mL/h and occlusion set	
every month		pressure M.	Minutes

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -Prepared in Dec., 1996

TE0311/312 INSPECTION RECORD

Model	Serial No.	Classification	Date	Checked by	Remarks
TE-31		Periodical			

T4			
ltem	Check point	l Dooult l	
10111	Check point	i Kesuii i	

• Periodical inspection (Once a year as a rule)

Electrical safety test	1	One-minute, voltage-resistant test. Check for 3000VAC* voltage resistance between AC is metal part (pole clamp mounting screw) of body casing * over 50 - 150V = 3000VAC, over 150 - 250V = 4000		OK • NG
	2	Casing leak current test. Check for leak current at AC inlet (N and L) of body	Normal condition 0.1 mA or less	mA
		and metal part (pole clamp mounting screw) of body casing, under both normal and simple-failure conditions.	Single fault condition 0.5 mA or less	mA
	3	Ground leak current test. Check for leak current from AC inlet (N and L) of	Normal condition 0.5 mA or less	mA
		body to grounding terminal, under both normal and simple-failure conditions.	Single fault condition 1.0 mA or less	mA
Visual inspection	1	Flaw/dirt/damage on or to product, label, etc. Smoothly		OK • NG
Functional	1	Self-diagnosis - Problems indicated by indicator lamp	and/or alarm.	OK • NG
inspection	2	Dial - Switching of up/down of counts by reversing di	rection of turning of dial.	OK • NG
	3	Clear ΣmL - Successful clear of ΣmL with Clear (C Σn	nL) switch.	OK • NG
	4	Buzzer volume - Successful setting at three levels.		OK • NG
	5	Computer interface - Normal function.		OK • NG
	6	Nurse call - One-shot output from connector.		OK • NG
	7	Power on/off - Proper switch function (1 sec - ON, 2 s	ec - OFF).	OK • NG
	8	Body weight mode - Correct working of mode. (TE-3)	12 only)	OK • NG
Perfor-	1	Syringe size detection (10, 20, 30 and 50 mL) - Norma	al function.	OK • NG
mance	2	Nearly empty alarm - 0.5 mL for 10 mL syringe and 1	mL for other syringes.	OK • NG
inspection	3	Check that occurrence of [OCCLUSION] alarm is with	•	
		10 mL syringe, occlusion set pressure L: 10.1 - 15.2N (1.03 - 1.55 kgf).	N
		30 mL syringe, occlusion set pressure M: 28.6 - 40.0N	(2.92 - 4.08 kgf).	(kgf) N
		50 mL syringe, occlusion set pressure H: 64.6 - 100.3N	(6.59 - 10.23 kgf).	(kgf) N (kgf)
	4	Flow rate accuracy		(1.51)
		50 mL syringe: 34 - 36 mL by 30-min. testing at 70 mL		mL
	5	Check that pump is able to operate more than 60 min. o		
		50 mL syringe, flow rate 5 mL/h, and occlusion set M.		Minutes

Applicable lots: 9612 lot -

Prepared in Dec., 1996

9.3 Cleaning

9.3.1 Cleaning of syringe pump

If the syringe pump is fouled with the solution or dirt, immediately wipe the pump with the gauze moistened with cold or tepid water. Don't use alcohol, thinner or any other organic solvent.

Caution: Before cleaning the pump, be sure to turn off the power switch and disconnect the AC inlet cable.

9.3.2 Disinfection of syringe pump

To prevent infections, disinfect the pump periodically.

Softly wipe the pump with gauze which is moistened with disinfectant solution, such as listed below, and wrung lightly. Follow the direction, such as about the ratio of dilution, of the disinfectant solution used.

Thereafter, wipe off such disinfectant solution with gauze moistened with tepid water and wrung lightly.

IMPORTANT: To prevent the syringe pump from being deteriorated in performance and material, never use a dryer to dry the pump or use any alcohol-based disinfectant.

Name of disinf	ectant solution	Manufacturer	
Cidex	2.25%*1	Johnson & Johnson	
Sterihyde	20%*1	Maruishi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	
Sterihyde L	20%*1	Maruishi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	
Hibitane	5%*2	Zeneca	
Maskin	5%*2	Maruishi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	
Osvan solution	10%*3	Nihon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	

^{*1} Glutaral (Glutaraldehyde) *2 Chlorhexidine gluconate *3 Benzalkonium chloride

Main Board (1/5)

10 - 1

VREF

(HS

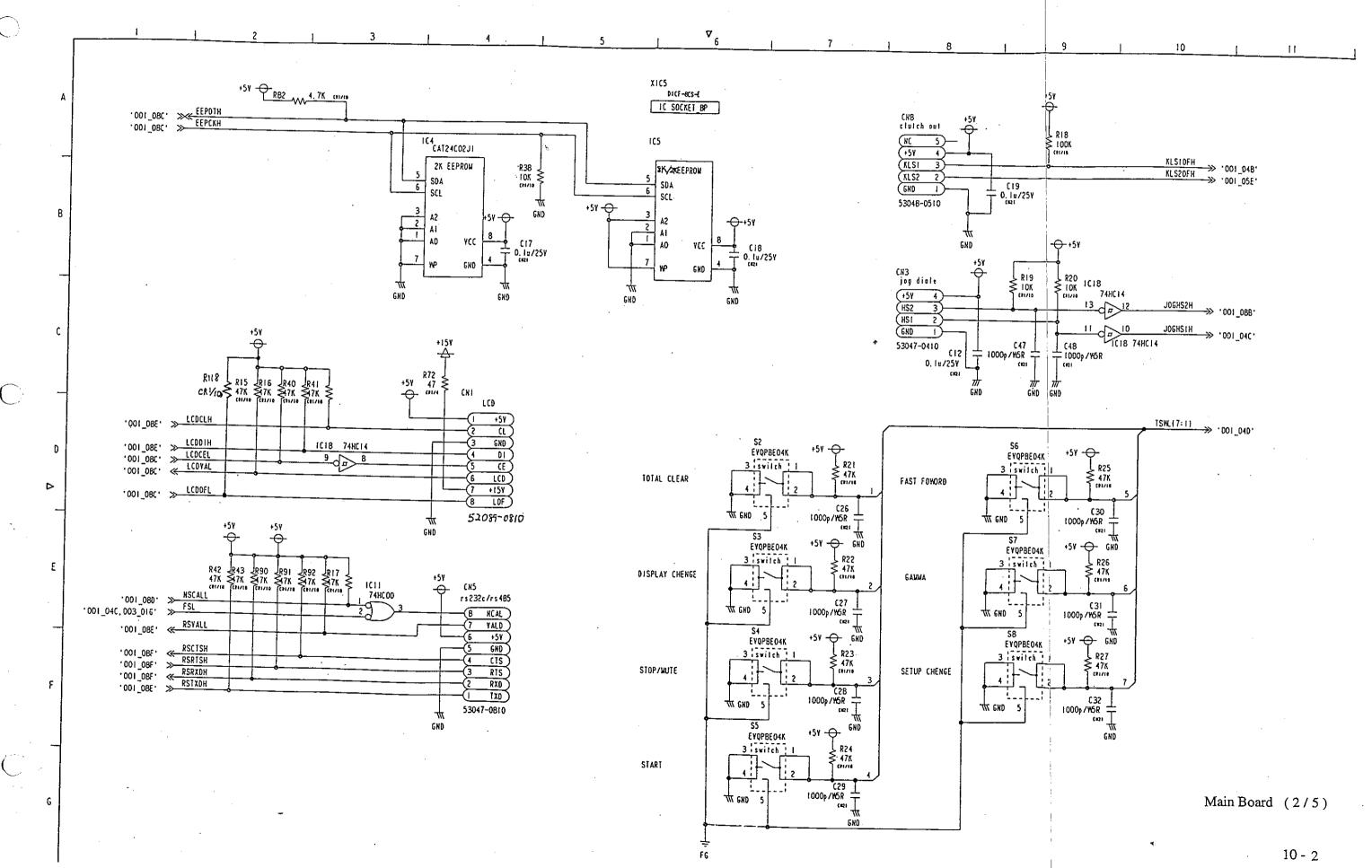
(-5Y (AGND (DGNC 53048-0710 1PS226C A

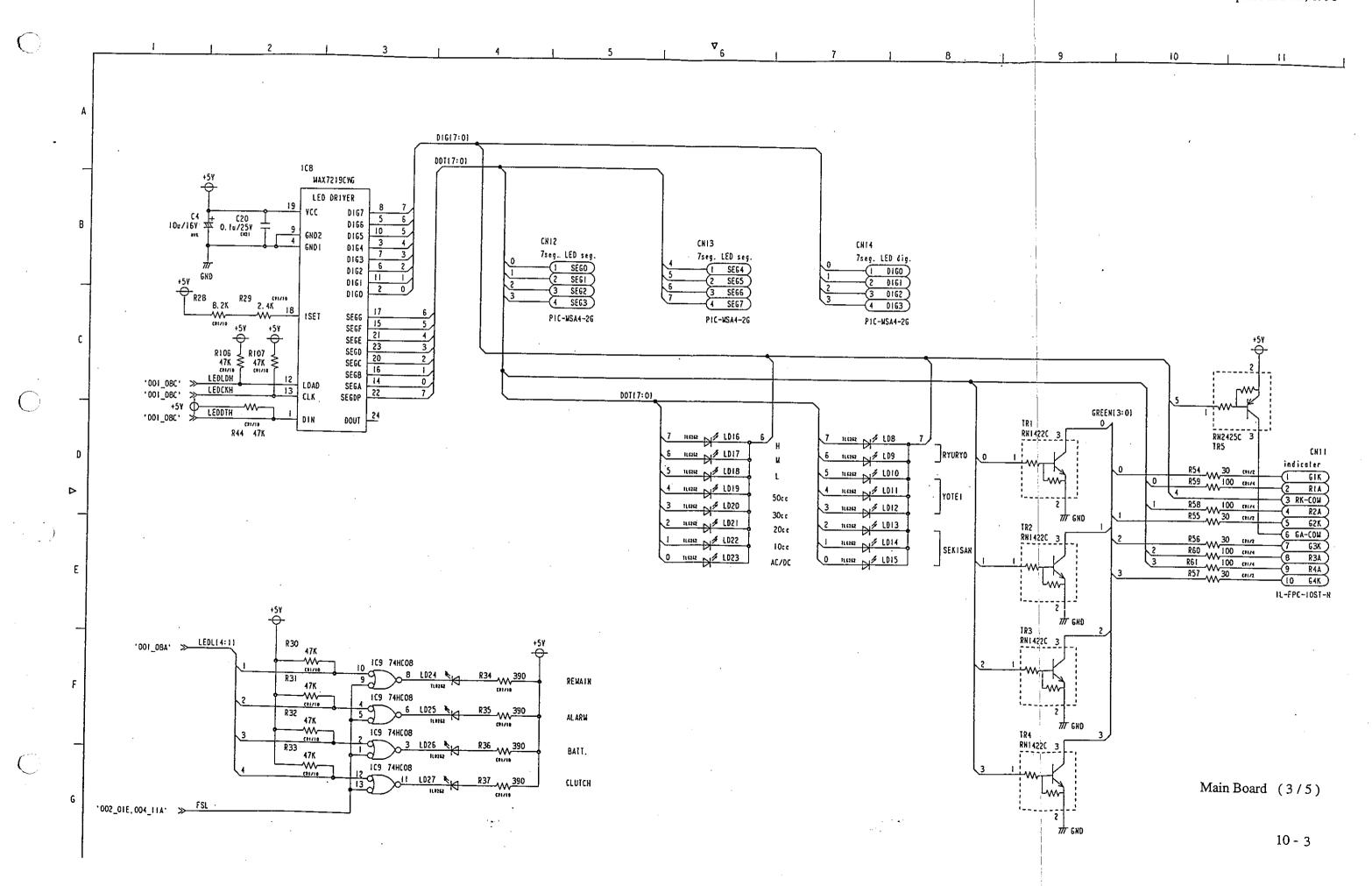
GND

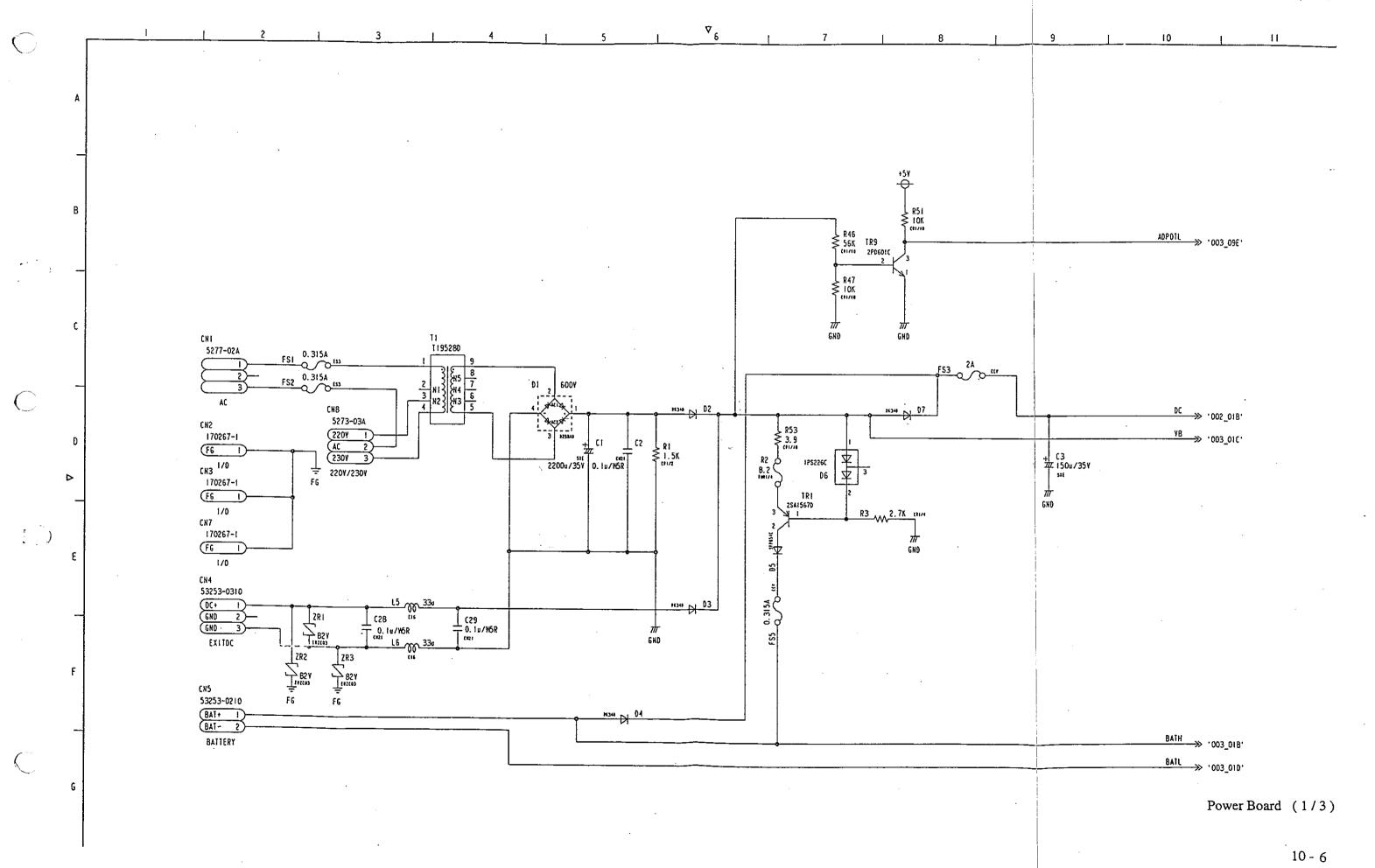
исз |

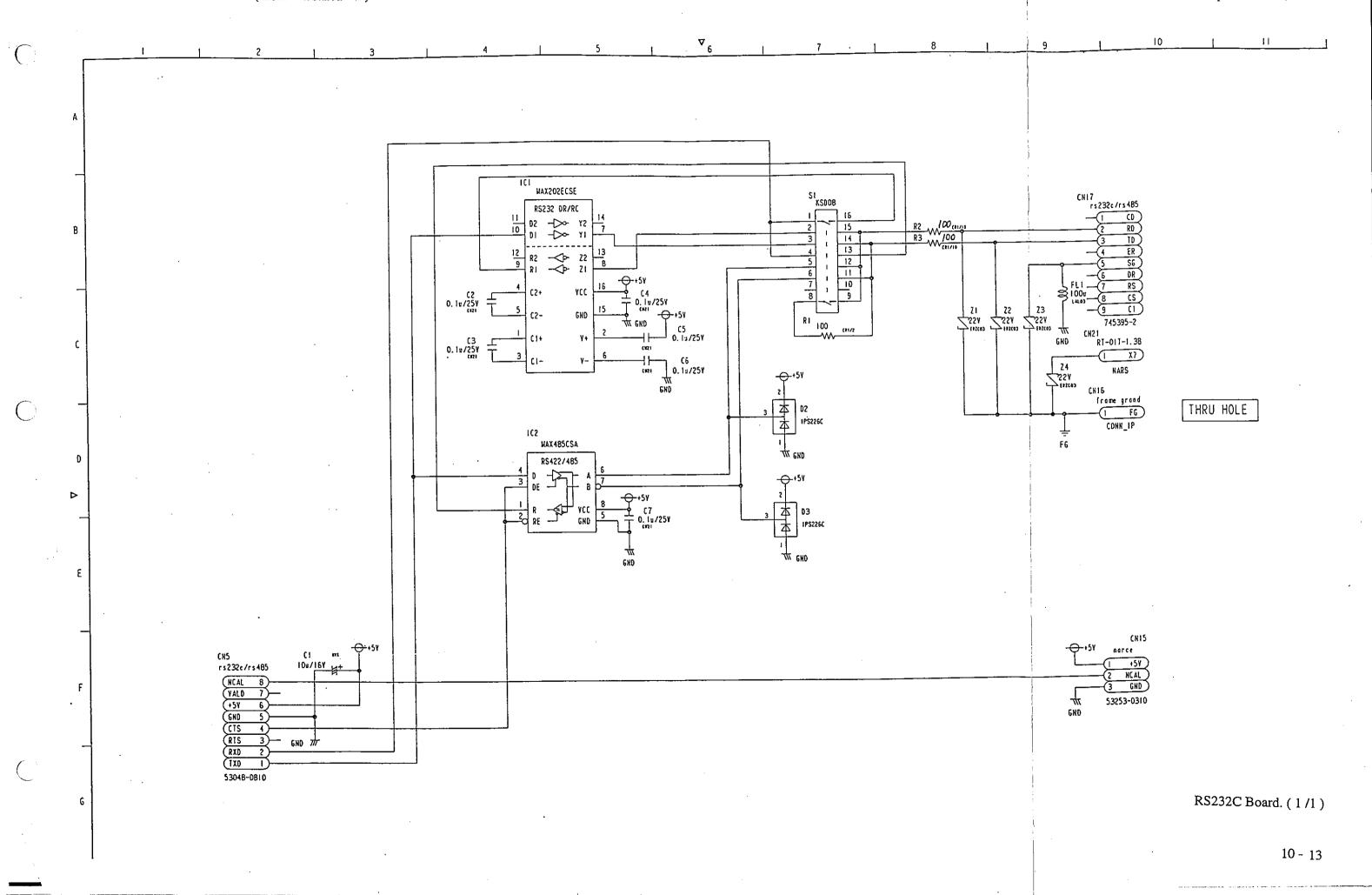
₹88 20K

10.1 Main Board. (SS09 - 1EA01 - 1)









10 - 14

LD4 TLGD336T LD3 TLGD3361 11603361 105 11603361 JP121 G-JP122 G-JP123 G-JP124 G-JP131 G-JP132 G-JP133 G-JP134 G-JP141 G D160
JP142 G D161
JP143 G D163
JP144 G D163 7 Segment LED Board. (1/1)

10.8. 7 Segment LED Board. (SS09 - 1EI01 - 1)

