INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

FLAIL CUTTING & OUTPUT SHAFTS GRIP-TIGHT BEARING INSTALLATION

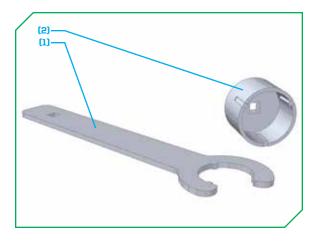
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BEARING INSTALLATION





NOTE: A spanner wrench₍₁₎ (part #24-0110 - used for bearing #10-0002) and spanner socket₍₂₎ (part #24-0109 - used for bearing #10-0006, part #24-0111 - used for bearing #10-0057, part #24-0113 - used for bearing #10-0059) are recommended for tightening grip-tight bearings. Contact Diamond Mowers Inc. to order these tools.

NOTE: The bearing₍₄₎ should slip easily onto the shaft₍₅₎; if it does not, loosen the set-screw₍₇₎ (if necessary) and turn the locknut₍₆₎ counterclockwise to expand the bearing₍₄₎ until it fits onto the shaft₍₅₎.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS:

- CUTTING & OUTPUT SHAFT: Secure the shaft₍₅₎ to prevent rotation.
- CUTTING SHAFT ONLY: Support the cutting shaft₍₅₎ so no more than 75lbs of dead load weight is being applied to the new bearing(s)_(n) when they are being installed.
- CUTTING & OUTPUT SHAFT: Slide the bearing₍₄₎ onto the shaft₍₅₎ on the drive (belt) side.
- CUTTING & OUTPUT SHAFT: Secure the bearing₍₄₎ to its mounting surface₍₉₎ with its hardware₍₈₎.
 - Use Loctite 262 with primer 7549 on bearing hardware (8).
 - There should be NO gap₍₃₎ between the bearing₍₈₎ and its mounting surface₍₉₎.
 - Use an alternating criss-cross tightening pattern.
 - Torque the bearing hardware (8) to 30ft-lbs (40Nm).
- **CUTTING SHAFT ONLY:** Center the shaft₍₅₎ within the flail bonnet (mounting surface_(a)).
- CUTTING & OUTPUT SHAFT: Rotate the locknut₍₆₎ on the bearing₍₄₎ clockwise until it is tight as possible (by hand).
 - The shaft₍₅₎ should not be able to slide back and forth within the bearing $_{(4)}$.
 - If the bearing₍₄₎ will not tighten down on the shaft₍₅₎, lightly tap the outside of the locknut₍₆₎ with a hammer or similar while continually hand tightening approximately ½ turn, while checking for slippage.
 - Repeat until there is no slippage.
- CUTTING & OUTPUT SHAFT: Scribe a line onto the locknut_(a).
- CUTTING & OUTPUT SHAFT: Rotate the locknut₍₆₎ clockwise (1) additional full turn, using a spanner wrench₍₁₎, or drift and hammer.
 - Tighten the set screw₍₇₎ on the locknut₍₆₎ with an allen key.
 - Torque the set screw₍₇₎ with the allen wrench until the long side of the allen key begins to deflect / bend.
- **CUTTING SHAFT ONLY:** Slide the 2nd bearing₍₄₎ onto the shaft₍₅₎ on the non-drive (non-belt) side up to the mounting surface₍₆₎.
 - Leave a gap₍₃₎ of $\frac{1}{16}$ $\frac{1}{16}$ " between the bearing₍₄₎ and the mounting surface₍₉₎.
 - This gap₍₃₎ MUST be maintained when tightening the bearing₍₄₎ down onto the shaft₍₅₎).

BEARING INSTALLATION

- CUTTING SHAFT ONLY: Rotate the locknut₍₆₎ by hand on the 2nd bearing₍₄₎ clockwise until it is tight as possible.
 - Do not allow the bearing to shift position on the shaft.
 - The shaft_s should not be able to slide back and forth within the bearing_s.
 - If the bearing₍₄₎ will not tighten down on the shaft₍₅₎, lightly tap the outside of the locknut₍₆₎ with a hammer or similar while continually hand tightening approximately $\frac{1}{16}$ turn, while checking for slippage.
 - Repeat until there is no slippage.
- CUTTING SHAFT ONLY: Secure the 2nd bearing₍₄₎ to its mounting surface₍₉₎ with its hardware₍₈₎.
 - Use Loctite 262 with primer 7549 on bearing hardware.
 - Use an alternating criss-cross tightening pattern.
 - Torque the bearing hardware to 30ft-lbs (40Nm).
- CUTTING SHAFT ONLY: Scribe a line onto the locknut_(a).
 - Lock the bearing to the cutting shaft by rotating the spanner locknut clockwise (1) additional full turn, using a spanner wrench or drift and hammer.
- **CUTTING SHAFT ONLY:** Rotate the locknut₍₆₎ clockwise (1) additional full turn, using a spanner wrench₍₁₎, or drift and hammer.
 - Tighten the set screw on the locknut with an allen key.
 - o Torque the set screw, with the allen wrench until the long side of the allen key begins to deflect / bend.
- CUTTING & OUTPUT SHAFT: Check the shaft₍₅₎ turns freely; if not, repeat the above instructions, making sure bearings₍₄₎ are not binding on the flail housing (mounting surface₍₉₎), there is too much tension on the shaft₍₅₎, or that the shaft₍₅₎ shifted to one side or the other.

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