Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Section 1		CHEMICAL PRODUCT SECTION
Identification: Prod Prod	luct Name: luct Number:	STATICIDE [®] ESD Safety Shield #6500
Recommend use:		
Product description	:	Electrostatic dissipative coating on non-porous surfaces.
Product type:		Liquid acrylic coating
Application:		Industrial applications, professional applications, not for exterior applications
Manufacturer:		ACL Incorporated
v		840 W. 49 th Place
		Chicago, IL 60609
		PH: (01) 847.981.9212 [U.S.A.]
		FAX: (01) 847.981.9278 [U.S.A.]

nail of responsible party for SDS:<u>n</u>

US/Canada Emergency TEL:	INFOTRAC: (01) 800.535.5053 (day or night)
International Emergency TEL:	INFOTRAC: 352.323.3500 (day or night)

Section 2 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas

GHS-US classification

Physical: Aerosols -Cat 3 Health: Acute toxicity Oral - Cat 4 Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists) - Cat 4 Skin corrosion/irritation – Cat 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation- Cat 2 Reproductive toxicity - Cat 1B

Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: Danger Hazard Statement: H284: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H315: Causes skin irritation H319: Causes serious eye irritation H302: Harmful if swallowed H332: Harmful if inhaled H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary Statements Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102: Keep out of reach of children

P103: Read label before use

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264: Wash hands, face, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280: Wear protective gloves.

Precautionary Statements Response:

P308: If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P362+P264: Take of contaminated clothing and wash before use.
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P301+P317+P330: IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help. if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth

Precautionary Statements – Storage:

Section 3

P405+ P410 +: P403: Store locked up Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. P412: Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50° C / 122° F

Precautionary Statements – Disposal: P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use P501: Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards not otherwise classified: May cause frostbite. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL	C.A.S.	Weight %	Classification
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	30-35	Acute Tox. 4
			Eye Irrit. 2
			Skin Irrit. 2
Propane	74-98-6	5 - 10	Flammable gas 1
n-Butane	106-97-8	1 - 5	Flam. Gas 1, H220
			Press. Gas (Liq.), H280
Diethylene Glycol Butyl Ether	112-34-5	1 – 5	Eye irritation 2
Diethylene Glycol	111-46-6	1 - 5	Acute toxicity, oral 4
			Specific target organ toxicity, repeated
			exposure 2
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	0.1-1	

Triethylamine	121-44-8	<0.1	
Water and other non-	Mixture	Balance	Not classified
hazardous substances			

Section 4

FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General: If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. **Inhalation:** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Skin Contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion: Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

- **Eye contact:** Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Inhalation :** Harmful if inhaled.
- **Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite. For frostbite, try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion : Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. Harmful if swallowed. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
Inhalation :	No specific data.
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physicianTreat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
quantities have been ingested or inhaled.Specific treatmentsNo specific treatment.Protection of first-aidersNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may
be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools this may results in frothing and increase fire intensity.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Not determined

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressuredemand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk

Large spill: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Dissipative coating is to be used on plastic substrates before cutting or drilling. **Industrial sector specific solutions:** Industrial manufacturing

Section 8 EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m ³ (vacated) S* S*	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m ³
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 112-34-5	TWA: 10 ppm inhalable fraction and vapor	-	-
Triethylamine 121-44-8	STEL: 1 ppm TWA: 0.5 ppm S*	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 100 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 10 ppm (vacated) TWA: 40 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 15 ppm (vacated) STEL: 60 mg/m ³	IDLH: 200 ppm
Propane	TWA 1000 ppm (8 hours)	TWA 1000 ppm (8 hours) 1800 mg/m ³ (8 hours)	TWA 1000ppm (10 hrs) 1800 mg/m ³ (10 hours)
n-Butane	1000 ppm TWA 1000 ppm STEL Central Nervous System impairment	NE	800 ppm 1900 mg/m ³

Biological occupational exposure limits

Component	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis	
2-Butoxyethanol	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA)	200.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	
Remarks: End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)					

Recommended monitoring procedures: Not established

DNELs/DMELs: No DNELs/DMELs available. **PNECs:** No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. See section 2 for component exposure guidelines. Local Exhaust ventilation acceptable

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. When using, do not eat or drink. When using, do not smoke.

Eye/face protection: Ensure that eyewash stations are proximal to the work-station location. Splash Goggles are recommended.

Skin protection: Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Impervious gloves such as nitrile, neoprene or rubber are recommended.

Hand protection: Gloves Recommended.

Body protection Wear lab coat.

Other skin protection: Ensure the safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Respiratory protection: If needed, a NIOSH approved respirator with organic vapor cartridges may be used. For higher exposures (greater than 10 times the exposure limit), a supplied air respirator may be required. Respirator selection and use

should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 in the US, local regulations and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

Environmental exposure controls: For normal conditions, protection is not necessary.

In Case of Large Spill: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol
Odor	Mild
pH	7.0
Melting point/freezing point	Do not freeze
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>100°C
Flash point and method	156°F (propellant)
Evaporation rate (H2O=1)	1
Flammability (solid, gas, liquid)	Pressurized container
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1.8 – 9.5% v/v (propellant)
Vapor pressure	No data available
Vapor density (air=1)	>7.75
Water solubility.	Soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Kinematic Viscosity	No data available
Dynamic viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available

9.2 Other safety information

VOC with propellant	380 - 4800 grams per liter	
VOC w/o propellant	347 gram per liter or 35% by weight	

Section 10

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, direct sunlight, open flames, sparks, or sources of ignition. Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, Oxides of nitrogen, unknown materials.

10.5 Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Section 11

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	= 470 mg/kg (Rat)	= 435 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 450 ppm (Rat)4 h = 486 ppm (Rat)4 h
Proprietary	> 10 g/kg (Rat)	= 3300 mg/kg (Rabbit)	

Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 112-34-5	= 5660 mg/kg(Rat)	= 2700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Diethylene glycol 111-46-6	= 12565 mg/kg (Rat)	= 11890 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 4600 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4	= 3914 mg/kg (Rat)	= 8 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.1 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Triethylamine 121-44-8	= 460 mg/kg (Rat)	= 415 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 14.5 mg/L (Rat)1 h

Irritation/Corrosion: Not available.
Sensitization: Not available.
Mutagenicity: Not available.
Carcinogenicity:
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2) ACGIH-A3 / IARC Group 3
Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens".
Reproductive toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Teratogenicity: Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Not available Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Not available. Aspiration hazard: Not available Information on the likely routes of exposure: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:	Causes serious eye irritation
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation
Ingestion :	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure <u>Short term exposure</u>

Potential immediate effects: Not available. Potential delayed effects: Not available. Long term exposure Potential immediate effects: Not available. Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects:

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Other information: Numerical measures of toxicity /The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

Oral LD50	1,447.0024 mg/kg
Dermal LD50	3,264.00 mg/kg
Gas	80,793.70 mg/L

ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 4.79 mg/L

ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) >10.0 mg/L

Section 12

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2		1490: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static	1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
		2950: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50	
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl	100: 96 h Desmodesmus	1300: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	100: 48 h Daphnia magna
Ether 112-34-5	subspicatus mg/L EC50	mg/L LC50 static	mg/L EC50
Diethylene glycol		75200: 96 h Pimephales promelas	84000: 48 h Daphnia magna
111-46-6		mg/L LC50 flow-through	mg/L EC50
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	500: 72 h Desmodesmus	1072: 96 h Pimephales promelas	4897: 48 h Daphnia magna
872-50-4	subspicatus mg/L EC50	mg/L LC50 static	mg/L EC50
		1400: 96 h Poecilia reticulata	
		mg/L LC50 static	
		832: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	
		mg/L LC50 static	
Triethylamine		43.7: 96 h Pimephales promelas	200: 48 h Daphnia magna
121-44-8		mg/L LC50 static	mg/L EC50

12.2 Persistence and degradability : Not determined.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: There is no data for this product.

12.4 Mobility:

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	0.81
Diethylene glycol 111-46-6	-1.98
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4	-0.46
Triethylamine 121-44-8	1.45

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not available.

vPvB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not puncture, incinerate or compact aerosol can. When contents are depleted continue to depress button until all gas is expelled. Federal, State, and Local laws governing disposal of material can differ. Ensure proper disposal compliance with proper authorities before disposal.

This product may contain < 0.1 % of Triethylamine which is a RCRA U-series waste (U404). Included in waste streams: K156, K157

Section 14

Section 15

TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	UN number	NOTE
US DOT ground	NA	LTD. QTY.	NA	Limited Quantity Mark required.
US DOT air	AEROSOLS, non-flammable, (each not exceeding 1L capacity)	2.2	UN1950	Non-Flammable Gas Limited Quantity: Y203
IATA	AEROSOLS, non-flammable, (each not exceeding 1L capacity)	2.2	UN1950	IATA Labels required: Non-Flammable Gas Limited Quantity: Y203
IMDG	AEROSOLS, non-flammable, (each not exceeding 1L capacity)	2.2	UN1950	Limited Quantity Mark required.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Federal Regulations:

SDS complies with the OSHA Hazard Communication Rule, 29 CFR 1910.1200. CERCLA/Superfund, 40 CFR 117. 302: Triethylamine (121-44-8) RQs 5000lb final RQ (2270kg)

Section 302 – Extremely hazardous substances (40 CFR 355): None of the chemicals are Section 302 hazards Section 311/312 – Material Safety Data Sheet Requirements (40 CFR 370): Hazard Categories: Immediate (acute) health, Delayed (chronic) health, Fire, Pressure Section 313 – List of Toxic Chemicals (40CFC 372):

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
2-Butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	111-76-2	30-35	1.0
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether - 112-34-5	112-34-5	1-5	1.0
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone - 872-50-4	872-50-4	0.1-1	1.0
Triethylamine - 121-44-8	121-44-8	<0.1	1.0

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA): All substances are TSCA listed.

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA 40 CFR 261) Subpart C & D: CWA (Clean Water Act): Triethylamine (121-44-8) RQ 5000lb Refer to Section 13

US State Right-to-Know:

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Х	X	Х
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 112-34-5	Х		X
Diethylene glycol 111-46-6			Х
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4	Х	X	Х
Triethylamine 121-44-8	Х	X	Х

California Proposition 65:



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4), which is known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International Inventories:

Chemical name	TSCA	TSCA Inventory Status	DSL/NDSL	EINECS/E LINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
2-Butoxyethanol	X	ACTIVE	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Proprietary	X	ACTIVE	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	X	ACTIVE	X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х
Diethylene glycol	x	ACTIVE	x	Х	Х	x	x	x	Х
Dynol			Х		Х	x			х
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	X	ACTIVE	x	Х	Х	x	x	x	Х
Triethylamine	X	ACTIVE	X	Х	Х	X	Х	x	Х

Canada WHMIS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR. All of the components of this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic substances List (DSL).

REACH-Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59): May contain N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) which is Toxic for reproduction (article 57c) ED/31/2011

Sections 16

OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Health: Can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury NFPA Flammability: Must be heated or high ambient temperature to burn NFPA Reactivity: Stable NFPA Special: None

HMIS Health: Temporary or minor injury may occur. HMIS Flammability: Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur. HMIS Physical: Stable under normal conditions. HMIS Protective Equipment: Wear eye protection and gloves

REVISION DATES, SECTIONS, REVISED BY:

27-Oct-08	Original release date, MKB
04-DEC-08	revision, mkb
14-Sept-09	EU format, new address, section 15, mkb
29-June-11	Section 9, VOC, mkb
10-May-13	Section 14, mkb
15-June-15	Updated to GHS, mkb
15-Nov-16	Section 9, corrected VOC, mkb
20-Jul-17	Section 16, Updated HMIS code, mkb
18-Apr-18	Section 15, Prop 65, mkb
01-Aug-19	Section 3, 15, adjusted DGBE %, mkb
01-Jan-21	Section 3, mkb

01-Jan-21Section 3, mkb05-May-22Revised all sections, mkb



SDS #6500 REV. 02-May-22

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS DOCUMENT: NE – Not Established NA – Not Applicable NIF – No Information Found

ABRIDGED LIST OF REFERENCES:

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Regulatory and Safety Data Chemical Guide and OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard The Environmental Protection Agency (<u>www.epa.gov</u>) American National Standards Institute

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither ACL STATICIDE nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability **whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein**. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist.