Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 80

# HISTORY ISC Sample Question Papers

## **Self Assessment Paper**

#### **General Instructions:**

- 1. Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.
- 2. You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.
- 3. This time is to be spent reading the question paper.
- 4. The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.
- 5. Answer **Question 1** (*Compulsory*) from **Part I** and **five** questions from **Part II**, choosing **two** questions **from Section A**, two questions from **Section B** and one question from either **Section A** or **Section B**.
- 6. The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets[].

PART I [20 Marks]

Answer all the questions.

- 1. (i) Why did Lord Curzon tour East Bengal in 1904?
  - (ii) What was the main purpose of the Swadeshi Movement?
  - (iii) Who invented the idea of Permanent Settlement of land revenue system?
  - (iv) Who was the founder of Brahmo Samaj?
  - (v) Name some of the reformers of the Arya Samaj.
  - (vi) Who wrote Nil Darpan?
  - (vii) Why did Mahatma Gandhi found the Satyagraha Ashram?
- (viii) Who drafted the Nehru Report and when?
  - (ix) List the great powers on the eve of 20th century that changed the face of Europe.
  - (x) Why did England follow the policy of splendid isolation?
- (xi) Name the last Czar who ruled over Russia.
  - (xii) Which treaty was signed with Austria?
  - (xiii) What were the five bodies of the League of Nations?
  - (xiv) How many judges are appointed in the Supreme Court of America?
  - (xv) Mention at least one way in which the National Government tried to protect agriculture.
- **AI** (xvi) Who was Alexandrova?
  - (xvii) What was the outstanding achievement of Mussolini regarding Church?
  - (xviii) Which incident is referred to as 'Bloody Saturday'?
  - (xix) When was the Enabling Law passed? Who passed it?
  - (xx) What was Manchukuo?

#### **PART II**

[60 MARKS]

[6]

Answer five questions in all; choosing two questions from Section A, two questions from Section B and one question from either Section A or Section B.

### Section 'A'

2. I	n the context of partition of Bengal, discuss the following:	
(a	) Growth of Assertive Nationalism.	[6
(b	Movement against Partition developing into Swadeshi Movement.	[6
3. V	Vith reference to Brahmo Samaj, discuss:	
(a	) Role of Debendranath Tagore.	[6
(b	Incident that caused split between Keshab Chandra Sen and the other Brahmos.	[6
	. Why did the British Government decide to send Simon Commission to India? Give an accoungitation against the Simon commission in the years 1928-29.	nt of the [12]
<b>AI</b> 5	. In the context of the Civil Disobedience Movement, discuss:	
(a	) The important features of the pact signed between Irwin and Gandhi.	[6
(b	The Award guaranteed on the basis of the community and the Pact signed at Poona.	[6
<b>6.</b> <i>V</i>	Vrite a detailed note on Deccan Riots of 1875.	[12
Se	ection 'B'	
7. I	n reference to the relationship between Bismarck and the Socialists, state:	
(a	The reason Bismarck tried to suppress the Socialists.	[6
(b	The reason B <mark>is</mark> marck is referred to as an Iron Chancellor.	[6
8. S	ince the end of the Crimean War, England's foreign policy sank into "splendid isolation".	In this
C	ontext, answer the following:	

- (a) Why did England follow the Policy of Splendid Isolation?
- (b) Why did England decide to give up this policy?
- 9. How successful was the Fascist state in solving Italy's economic problems? [12]
- 10. Germany described the Versailles Treaty as dictated peace. In this context, discuss the following:
  - (a) Germany's objection against the Versailles Treaty. [6]
  - (b) Justification of the Versailles Treaty. [6]
- 11. Russia's joining the First World War was a great blunder. In this context, discuss the following:
  - (a) The political impact of the War on Russia. [6]
  - (b) The economic impact of the War on Russia. [6]

