Time: 2 Hours
Maximum Marks: 80

## **HISTORY & CIVICS**

ICSE

**Sample Question Papers** 

# **Self Assessment Paper**

### **General Instructions:**

- (i) Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.
- (ii) You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.
- (iii) This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.
- (iv) The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.
- (v) Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory). A total of five questions are to be attempted from Part II, two out of three questions from Section A and three out of five questions from Section B.
- (vi) The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

Part - I

(30 marks)

1. Attempt all the questions:

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$ 

- (a) Define the term 'Constituency'.
- **(b)** What power does the Parliament have in relation to the Indian Constitution?
- (c) How many members are nominated by the President to the Lok Sabha?
- (d) Write any one difference between the Cabinet and the Council of Ministers.
- (e) What do you mean by electoral college?
- (f) What is meant by the Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court?
- (g) What is a Session Court?
- (h) How does the Judge of a Lok Adalat settle cases?
- (i) What is an Ordinance?
- (j) What is understood by the term 'Individual Responsibility', in a Parliamentary Democracy?

## 2. Attempt all the questions:

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- (a) Name the governing body in India after the Revolt of 1857. Who was the first viceroy of India?
- **(b)** Who founded the East India Association? State its purpose.
- **(c)** Who was the President at the First Session of the Congress? Which British Official favoured the formation of the Congress?
- (d) Name any two Moderate Leaders.
- (e) What were the two methods adopted by Radical Nationalists in the Freedom Struggle?

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- (f) Name the newspaper started by Lala Lajpat Rai. What was its purpose?
- (g) When did Lord Curzon announce the Partition of Bengal? When was the Partition implemented?
- (h) When and why did Mahatma Gandhi start the Dandi March?
- (i) Name the two dictators who emerged after the First World War.
- (j) When did the United Nations officially come into existence?

P	art - II	rks)							
Section-A (Civics)									
Att	empt any two questions from this section [10 marks e	ach]							
3.	With reference to the Union Legislature, answer the following:								
	(a) Name the upper and the lower house of the Parliament. Which house holds the permanstatus?	nent 3							
	<b>(b)</b> How many members may be nominated to the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha? Give one reads as to why they may be nominated to the Lok Sabha?	ason 3							
	(c) Explain any four functions of the Union Cabinet.	4							
4.	With reference to the Union Executive, answer the following:								
	(a) What is the role of a President in a democracy?	3							
	(b) In what scenario can the President declare National Emergency? Which article of the Inconstitution gives the power to declare a National Emergency?	dian 3							
	(c) Explain briefly any two Legislative and two Executive powers of the President?	4							
5.	With reference to Judiciary, answer the following:								
	(a) How are the judges of a Supreme Court appointed? What is the term of service of a Supreme Court judge? Under what circumstances can the judge of a Supreme Court be removed from position?								
	(b) Name the three types of court in a district.	3							
	(c) What are the four types of Criminal Courts?	4							
Section-B (History)									
Att	empt any two questions from this section [10 marks e	ich]							
6.	With reference to the Indian National Movement, explain the following:								
	(a) Economic exploitation as a factor of the Nationalist Movement.	3							
	<b>(b)</b> Racial Discrimination as a factor of the Nationalist Movement.	3							
	(c) Any two contributions of Surendranath Bannerjee and Gopal Krishna Gokhale.	4							
7.	The Indian National Movement underwent several phases. In this context, answer the following	; :							
	(a) When was the Swaraj Party formed? Name the two founders of the Swaraj Party.	3							
	(b) State any three contributions of Subhas Chandra Bose in the Indian National Movement.	3							

(c) What was the purpose of the Cripps Mission? Mention any three proposals of the Cripps Mission.

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8.	With r	eference	to the	Cabinet	Mission,	answer	the	following	ζ:
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	(a)	What led to the formation of the Cabinet Mission? On what grounds did it reject the demand f	_
		the formation of Pakistan?	3
	(b)	Who were the three members of the Cabinet Mission?	3
	(c)	State the four clauses of the Cabinet Mission.	4
9.	Wit	th reference to the two World Wars, answer the following:	
	(a)	Which organization was formed in October 1945? State any two objectives of the organization.	3
	(b)	How did the Treaty of Versailles impact Germany?	3
	(c)	State the causes of World War II.	4
10.	Wit	th reference to Rise of Dictatorship, answer the following:	
	(a)	Explain three reasons for the rise of Fascism.	3
	(b)	Which Organization was formed after the Second World War? Name any of its two agencies.	3
	(c)	When and where were the Nazi and the Fascist Party Formed?	4



