Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 23-Nov-2018 Revision Date: 05-May-2022 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Angelus No. 520 Suede Dye & Dressing

Other means of identification

SDS # ASP-005

UN/ID No UN1263

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Suede shoe dye.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

Angelus Shoe Polish Co.

Florence Ave.

Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670

Ph: 562-941-4242

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Telephone (24 hr) INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Transparent to deep color

Physical state Liquid

Odor Slightly sweet, Alcohol

Classification

liquid

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 1
Flammable Liquids	Category 3

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard statements

Causes damage to organs Flammable liquid and vapor





Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	>20
Methanol	67-56-1	<1
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	< / = 1
Glycerol	56-81-5	<1

^{**}If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.**

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

General Advice Provide this SDS to medical personnel for treatment.

Eye Contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Skin Contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if

irritation occurs.

Inhalation Remove exposed individual(s) to fresh air for 20 minutes. Consult a physician/poison center

if individual's condition declines or if symptoms persist. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: call a poison control center or physician immediately. Drink 1 or 2

glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If drowsy or unconscious,

do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with head down.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms

Contact with eyes may cause stinging, tearing, redness, or swelling. Contact with skin may result in redness and burning. If inhaled, symptoms may include, irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation (nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea), headache, dizziness, shortness of breath, drunken behavior, visual disturbance, fatigue, unconsciousness, complete blindness, and death. Alcohol consumed before or after exposure may worsen effects. Ingestion of moderate quantities of methanol produces acidosis.

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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat as methyl alcohol poisoning. Treatment should include the following: Hemodialysis, the intravenous administration of ethanol (10ml per hour) to interfere with the metabolism of methyl alcohol; and the administration of sodium bicarbonate to correct acidosis. Gastric lavage may be effective by physician within 4 hours of ingestion.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Regular foam, water fog, CO2, dry chemical, Alcohol foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel or be moved by air currents and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, static discharges or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Vapors may settle in low or confined areas or travel a long distance to an ignition source and flash back explosively. This material may produce a floating fire hazard. Flame may be invisible. Approach fire with caution.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Various hydrocarbons.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Static Discharge Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and ground techniques.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near containers that are full or empty because product (even slight residue) can ignite explosively. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray to prevent vapor pressure build up.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See

Section 12, Ecological Information. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Persons not wearing protective equipment should leave area until cleanup is completed.

Remove all sources of ignition. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Soak up and contain spill with an inert (i.e. vermiculite, dry sand or earth) absorbent material.

Methods for Clean-UpUse non-sparking hand tools and explosion-proof electrical equipment. Sweep up and

shovel into suitable containers for disposal. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin

thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear protective gloves/protective

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clothing and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Store locked

up. Do not store above 49°C/120°F.

Packaging Materials Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Ethyl Alcohol	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 3300 ppm
64-17-5		TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	TWA: 1000 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	
Methanol	STEL: 250 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 6000 ppm
67-56-1	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm
	S*	(vacated) TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 260 mg/m ³	STEL: 250 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 250 ppm	STEL: 325 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 325 mg/m ³	
		(vacated) S*	
Isopropyl Alcohol	STEL: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm	IDLH: 2000 ppm
67-63-0	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 980 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 980 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 980 mg/m ³	STEL: 500 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 500 ppm	STEL: 1225 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 1225 mg/m ³	
Glycerol	-	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ mist, total	-
56-81-5		particulate	
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ mist, respirable	
		fraction	
		(vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ mist,	
		total particulate	
		(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³ mist,	
		respirable fraction	
Acetic acid	STEL: 15 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	IDLH: 50 ppm
64-19-7	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 25 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 25 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 25 mg/m ³	STEL: 15 ppm
			STEL: 37 mg/m ³

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ensure that

eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Provide sufficient ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s). Any use of this product at an elevated temperature process should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain

safe operating conditions.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Splash proof chemical safety goggles. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133 for eye and face

protection regulations.

Skin and Body Protection Impervious gloves, clothes and boots. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.138 for appropriate skin and

body protection.

Respiratory Protection If TLV is exceeded, use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator for organic vapors; Refer to

29 CFR 1910.134 for respiratory protection requirements.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance Transparent to deep color liquid Odor Slightly sweet, Alcohol

(butyl acetate = 1)

ColorClearOdor ThresholdNot determined

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH
 Melting Point/Freezing Point
 Boiling Point/Boiling Range
 Not determined
 No data

Flash Point 23.88 °C / 75 °F

Evaporation Rate 3

Flammability (Solid, Gas) Not determined

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper Flammability Limits Not determined Not determined Vapor Pressure No data

Vapor Pressure

Vapor Density

Relative Density

Water Solubility

Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient

No data

No data

No data

Not determined

Not determined

Not determined

Auto-ignition TemperatureNot determinedDecomposition TemperatureNot determinedKinematic ViscosityNot determinedDynamic ViscosityNot determinedExplosive PropertiesNot determinedOxidizing PropertiesNot determined

Other Information

VOC Content 389 g/L

Density 7.5 lbs/gal @ 25°C(77°F)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazar

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Various hydrocarbons,

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact Avoid contact with eyes. Eye contact may result in redness, tearing and swelling.

Skin Contact Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Can cause redness and burning.

Inhalation Do not inhale. May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion Do not ingest. May cause irritation of gastrointestinal tract.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5	= 7060 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 124.7 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Methanol 67-56-1	= 6200 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 64000 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 22500 ppm (Rat) 8 h
Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0	= 1870 mg/kg (Rat)	= 4059 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 72600 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Glycerol 56-81-5	= 12600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 10 g/kg(Rabbit)	> 570 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h
Acetic acid 64-19-7	= 3310 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1060 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 11.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity

Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed as an alcoholic beverage. Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA) is an IARC Monograph Group 3 chemical. IPA is a Group 1 when manufactured by the strong-acid process.

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Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Ethyl Alcohol	A3	Group 1	Known	X
64-17-5				
Isopropyl Alcohol		Group 3		X
67-63-0		-		

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

STOT - single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) 6,602.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 27,176.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 10.80 mg/L
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 169.00 mg/L

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Ethyl Alcohol		12.0 - 16.0: 96 h Oncorhynchus	10800: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L
64-17-5		mykiss mL/L LC50 static 13400 -	EC50 2: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
		15100: 96 h Pimephales promelas	EC50 Static 9268 - 14221: 48 h
		mg/L LC50 flow-through 100: 96 h	Daphnia magna mg/L LC50
		Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
		static	
Methanol		18 - 20: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	
67-56-1		mL/L LC50 static 28200: 96 h	
		Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
		flow-through 100: 96 h Pimephales	
		promelas mg/L LC50 static 13500 -	
		17600: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	
		mg/L LC50 flow-through 19500 -	
		20700: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	
		mg/L LC50 flow-through	
Isopropyl Alcohol	1000: 72 h Desmodesmus	1400000: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	
67-63-0	subspicatus mg/L EC50 1000: 96 h	μg/L LC50 9640: 96 h Pimephales	EC50
	Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L	promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	
	EC50	11130: 96 h Pimephales promelas	
		mg/L LC50 static	
Glycerol		51 - 57: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	500: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L
56-81-5		mL/L LC50 static	EC50
Acetic acid		79: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L	65: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L

64-19-7	LC50 static 75: 96 h Lepomis	EC50 Static 47: 24 h Daphnia
	macrochirus mg/L LC50 static	magna mg/L EC50

Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5	-0.32
Methanol 67-56-1	-0.77
Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0	0.05
Glycerol 56-81-5	-1.76
Acetic acid 64-19-7	-0.31

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

US EPA Waste Number

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Methanol		Included in waste stream:		U154
67-56-1		F039		

California Hazardous Waste Status

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Ethyl Alcohol	Toxic
64-17-5	Ignitable
Methanol	Toxic
67-56-1	Ignitable
Isopropyl Alcohol	Toxic
67-63-0	Ignitable
Acetic acid	Toxic
64-19-7	Corrosive
	Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT

UN/ID No UN1263

Proper Shipping Name Paint related material

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group |||

IATA

UN/ID No UN1263

Proper Shipping Name Paint related material

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

IMDG

UN/ID No UN1263

Proper Shipping Name Paint related material

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

Marine Pollutant This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL/NDSL	EINECS/E	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
			LINCS					
Water	Х	X	Х	Χ	Х	Present	X	Х
Ethyl Alcohol	Х	Х	Х	Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Methanol	Х	Х	Х	Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Isopropyl Alcohol	Х	Х	Х	Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Glycerol	Х	Х	Х	Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Acetic acid	Х	Х	X	Present	Х	Present	Х	Х

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Methanol	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
67-56-1			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Acetic acid	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ

64-19-7		RQ 2270 kg final RQ

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Methanol - 67-56-1	67-56-1	<1	1.0
Isopropyl Alcohol - 67-63-0	67-63-0	< / = 1	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Acetic acid	5000 lb			Χ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Ethyl Alcohol - 64-17-5	Carcinogen
	Developmental
Methanol - 67-56-1	Developmental

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Ethyl Alcohol	X	X	X
64-17-5			
Methanol	X	X	X
67-56-1			
Isopropyl Alcohol	X	X	X
67-63-0			
Glycerol	X	X	X
56-81-5			
Acetic acid	X	X	X
64-19-7			

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPAHealth HazardsFlammabilityInstabilitySpecial Hazards110Not determinedHMISHealth HazardsFlammabilityPhysical hazardsPersonal Protection110Not determined

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet