

# **Ever Wallpaper.**

## **Installation Guide**

# How to Prepare Your Wall Before Installation

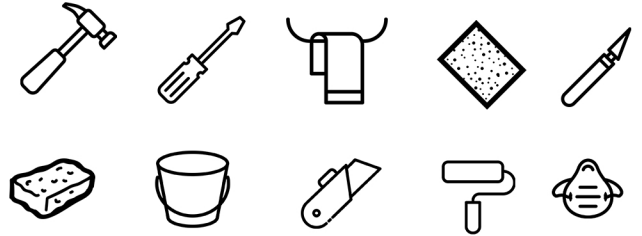
Preparation is the key to get a successful wallpaper installation result, it might sound boring and seem to require a lot of time, but there are no shortcuts if you want a good result. So what is a perfect wall that is ready to hang?

The rule is that the wall should be smooth, clean, dry and sound. Sounds difficult? Don't worry!

Here, we have some useful tips to help you.

## Recommended Tools

- ✓ Work light
- ✓ Dust sheet
- ✓ Hammer
- ✓ Screwdriver
- ✓ Towel
- ✓ Sandpaper
- ✓ Triangle scraper
- ✓ Sponge and water bucket
- ✓ Blade knife
- ✓ Paint and roller
- ✓ Dust mask



## Step by Step:

1. Cover the floor with cardboard or plastic dust sheet.
2. Remove nails and screws.
3. Switch off the main power in the room and remove the socket/switch covers.
4. Spackle any holes or rough areas.
5. Sand and smooth the surface.
6. Use a sponge to clean the walls with warm water and mild soap, allow the walls to dry for at least 24 hours.
7. Paint the wall in light uniform color before wallpapering if there are too significant color differences between your wall and wallpaper.

For different wall types/textures, please follow the tips to treat them differently before installation:

### PAINTED SURFACE

Wash with dish soap and water, or similar, and rinse with water. Remove any loose paint. If there are large holes, fill them and let dry before sanding the surface until it is smooth.

### CONCRETE AND PLASTERED SURFACES

Spackle any holes or rough areas and joints. Plaster the whole wall and when the spackle is dry, sand, smooth and seal the wall with primer to insure a successful result. This means that you paste the wall with glue and let it dry before you start to wallpapering.

### PLASTERBOARD, CHIPBOARD AND WOOD FIBER BOARDS

Spackle any nail and screw holes. The joints should be filled with spackle and jointing tape. Sand and smooth out and seal the wall with primer/sealer. Chipboards should be painted with alkyl primer/sealer before wallpapering, to ensure that the joints don't move.

### PREVIOUSLY WALLPAPERED SURFACE

All loose wallpaper should be removed. Some wallpapers are peelable or removable, which means that the first layer can be removed. If the first layer isn't peelable, you need to plaster the whole wall and sand.

### PAINTED FIBERGLASS FABRIC

Wash the surface with dish soap and water or similar and rinse with water. Plastering the whole wall and let the spackle dry. Sand, smooth and seal the wall with primer/sealer.

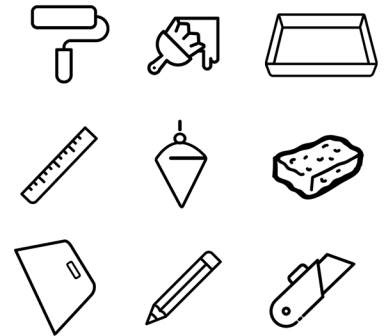
### TEXTILE/FABRIC WALLPAPER LIKE SEAWEED/GRASSCLOTH OR SIMILAR

Remove all material from the wall, if it is too hard, use a wallpaper stripper. Spackle and seal the wall with primer/sealer.

# How to Install Your Medium Paper

This is a detailed introduction and step-by-step guide of how you can install our medium wallpaper mural. If you have any question or concern, please contact our customer service, we are glad to help you at any time.

- ✓ Rollers, brush and tray
- ✓ Bucket
- ✓ Paint brush (for the areas that the roller misses, e.g. along the ceiling and skirting boards)
- ✓ Spirit level or plumb line (to make sure the wallpaper is straight)
- ✓ Wallpaper sponge (preferably a cellulose sponge)
- ✓ Plastic smoother tool
- ✓ Pencil
- ✓ Craft knife
- ✓ Wallpaper tool and damp soft cloth



## Step 1: Lay Out Your Wallpaper Mural

Unroll the wallpaper and separate the panels by cutting between the dotted lines, noting that the other panels on the roll will be upside down. Identify each panel and arrange them on the floor in installing order, starting with panel 1. Make sure that the entire wallpaper mural is oriented correctly by aligning the panel number with the top left corner of each one. Each panel is numbered in installing order from left to right.

**Please note:** If you are ordering more than one wallpaper mural, they may be rolled together. So, please check the image before installation. If you find out any wrong printing or inconsistencies within the print, please email us ASAP and our service team will assist you and solve your problem.



## Step 2: Paste The Wallpaper Panel to The Wall

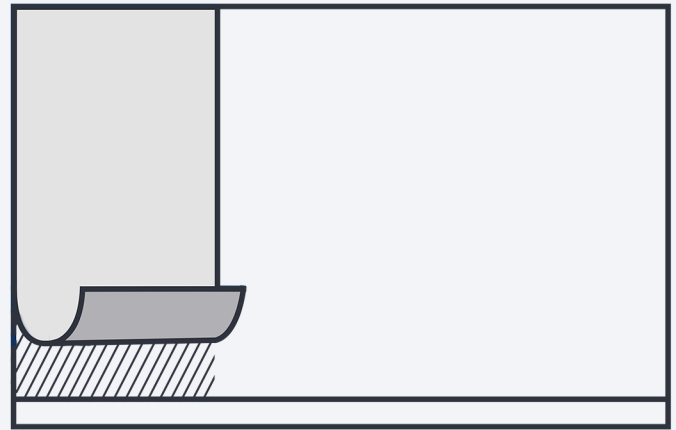
It is important to ensure that the first panel is hung vertically for a successful wallpaper installation. Use a pencil to mark the width of the panel on the wall and then place a level on the mark to draw a vertical line downwards. This will give you a clear guide when hanging the first panel to ensure it hangs vertically.

Using a roller or brush, apply the wallpaper paste directly to the wall in a smooth and even coat, covering the first marked section by a few inches. A smooth, even coat is really important to reduce the likelihood of blistering.



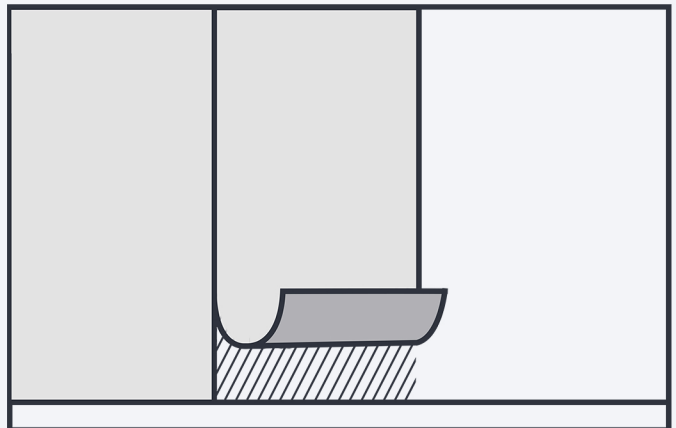
### Step 3: Hang The First Panel

Align the first panel with the pencil line and start hanging from the top and working down. Use a plastic smoothing tool or soft sponge to carefully blot out any air bubbles or ripples. Work from the top, and allow the wallpaper to fall naturally, be careful to avoid scratching or scuffing the printed surface.



### Step 4: Butt up The Second Panel

When hanging the second panel next to the first one: hang the panels edge-to-edge, as there should be no overlap at the butt joints. Visually match the design on the wall, then press the panels firmly together so that the seams are not visible. Again, smooth out any air bubbles with a wallpaper tool or soft cloth. If you get paste on the surface of the mural, just gently wipe off any excess paste from the print with a clean, soft cloth ASAP.



### Step 5: Repeat Until Finish

Repeat Step 4 until you finish hanging all the panels. Use a sharp knife to trim off the excess paper at the top and bottom of each panel, and continually wipe off excess paste.

Dry at room temperature, ensuring good ventilation. If there is a heat source such as a heater on the same wall as your wallpaper mural, turn it off 24 hours before drying as this will reduce the possibility of shrinkage.

