## Temperature <br> Measuring Transducer MU125



- Universal input for Pt100, Pt1000, thermocouple, NTC and resistance measurement value
- Configuration via front DIP switches
- Analog actual value output 4 .. 20 mA
- Zero point and limit value can be adjusted via trim potentiometers on the front
- With Pt100 and Pt1000 sensors, monitoring of sensor break and short-circuit
- Wide-range mains adapter or 24 V DC
- Optional supply via carrier rail bus
- Removable coded screw terminals or optional push-in terminals
- Housing width 12.5 mm
- Carrier rail mounting TS35 EN60715


## Characteristics

Devices of the MU125 series convert a temperature measurement value or resistance measurement value from various sensors to a current signal of $4 . .20 \mathrm{~mA}$.
The universal configurability of the measuring inputs reduces the stock requirement for various applications.
The housing width of only 12.5 mm enables space-saving installation in the switch cabinet.

| Measurement inputs |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switchable via DIP switch: |  |  |  |
|  | Measuring range | Basic precision | Temperature deviation *) |
| Pt100 | $-50 . .50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | 0.. $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.6\% | 0.02\%/K |
|  | $0 . .100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.02\%/K |
|  | $0 . .150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | $0 . .200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.3\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | $0 . .250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.3\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | $0 . .300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.2\% | 0.005\%/K |
|  | $0 . .500^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.2\% | 0.005\%/K |
| Pt1000 | -50.. $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | -30.. $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | -20.. $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | 0.. $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.6\% | 0.02\%/K |
|  | $0 . .100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.02\%/K |
|  | $0 . .150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | $0 . .200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.3\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | $0.250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.3\% | 0.005\%/K |
| FeCuNi | $0 . .250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.0\% | 0.04\%/K |
|  | $0 . .500^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.5\% | 0.03\%/K |
| NiCrNi | $-50 . .250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.7\% | 0.05\%/K |
|  | $0 . .500^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.5\% | 0.04\%/K |
|  | $0 . .750^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.4\% | 0.03\%/K |
|  | $0 . .1000^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.3\% | 0.02\%/K |
|  | $0 . .1250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.3\% | 0.02\%/K |
| PtRhPt | $0 . .1500^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.0\% | 0.04\%/K |
| NTC $\begin{aligned} & R_{25}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{~B}_{25 / 85}=3977 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ <br> NTC | $0 . .100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.0\% | 0.01\%/K |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{25}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{~B}_{25 / 85}=3977 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{25}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{~B}_{25 / 85}=3528 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Resistance linear**) | 0.. $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 0.3\% | 0.005\%/K |
|  | 0.. $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 0.5\% | 0.01\%/K |
|  | $0 . .10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 0.3\% | 0.005\%/K |

*) Measurement deviation depending on the environmental temperature in the switch cabinet $\left(-10 . .+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
**) Adjusting zero point and limit value via the integrated trim potentiometers makes it possible to also connect KTY sensors for these measuring ranges. The linearisation must then be accomplished with the help of a parallel resistor.
(Special measurement ranges available on request)

## Technical data

| Wide-range power supply |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | : 20..125VDC and |
|  | 20..250VAC (47..63Hz), max.1.5W |
| 24 V power supply |  |
| Supply voltage | 24V DC +/-15\%, max. 1.5W |
| Combined data |  |
| Rated voltage | 253 V AC |
| Test voltage | : 3kV AC between |
|  | supply // input = output |
| Working temperat | : $-10 . .60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperatu | e : $-20 . .80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity | : 10..90\% (no condensation) |
| Measurement inputs |  |
| Pt100 | linearised, measuring current approx. 1.6 mA |
| Pt1000 | : linearised, measuring current approx. $130 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ In the event of a sensor break or short circuit, the analog output drops to 0 mA . The operation LED blinks red |
| Thermocouple | : linearised with comparison position compensation (optionally without internal compensation) |
| NTC | : linearised for $\mathrm{B}_{25 / 85}=3977 \mathrm{~K}$ or 3528 K Max. load $200 \mu \mathrm{~W}$ (averaged) |
| Linear resistance | : Mb. $0 . .2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ : approx. 1.4 mA Mbs. $0 . .5 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 0 . .10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ : approx. $300 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Zero point setting | : +/-40\% of the factory measuring range (= end value - start value) via 12-turn trim potentiometer |
| End value |  |
| reduction | : -50\% based on the factory end value via 12-turn trim potentiometer |
|  | Note: The measuring accuracy drops proportionally with the narrowing of the measuring range |
| Potentiometer setting |  |
| limits | Limitation of the aforementioned adjustment ranges |
|  | Pt100 -50..500 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad\left(. .600^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | Pt1000 -50.. $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (..300 $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | FeCuNi $-100 . .500^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad\left(.800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | $\mathrm{NiCrNi} \quad-150 . .1250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | PtRhPt $0 . .1500^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(. .1600^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | NTC (10k $\Omega$ ) -20.. $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (..150 $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | NTC ( $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega)-40 . .100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad\left(-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | R linear $\quad 0 . .10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  | (values in parentheses apply for optional, customer-specific special measuring |
|  | ranges that are configured at the factory) |
| Analog output | : $4 . .20 \mathrm{~mA}$, max. burden $400 \Omega$, no galvanic isolation from the input signal (max. burden error of $0.2 \%$ at 4000 hm ) |
| Dimensions (WxDxH): $12.5 \times 114 \times 108 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| Material | : PA6.6, light grey, |
|  | Flammability class V0 (UL94) |
| Weight | : 120g |
| Protection rating | : IP20 |
| Screw terminals | : 0.2..2.5 mm², AWG 24..14, removable, coded |
| Push-in terminals | : 0.5..1.5 mm², AWG 25..16, |
| (spring-type | Double connection (12A between |
| terminals) | the connections), removable, coded |
| Power Rail | : 8A over the entire bus system (power supply via removable terminals 0.2..2.5 mm², AWG 24..14) |

A service mode for the trim potentiometers on the front offers the following possibilities:

1) A check of whether potentiometers are positioned at the calibrated factory settings
2) The pre-adjustment of a new output characteristic curve only with connection of a current measuring device.
(a temperature calibrator is not necessary)
3) Specification of a constant value at the current output, e.g. in order to test the reaction of connected devices. (Limited range from 5.6..20mA)

## Dimensions



Connection diagram


Ordering code


| 1. | Device version |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 125 L | Supply voltage 24V DC +/-15\% |
|  | 125 LP | Supply voltage:24V DC +/-15\% with carrier <br> rail bus connection *) |
|  | 125 M | Wide-range mains adapter <br> $20 . .125 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{/} \mathrm{20..253V} \mathrm{AC}$ |
| 4. | Options |  |
|  | 00 | No options |
|  | 01 | Push-in terminals (plug-in) |

*) see separate Power-Rail information sheet

