

Pressure Transmitter / Switch FLEX-P1



- Ceramic cell made from Al₂O₃
- Switching output and/or analog output (4..20 mA / 0..10 V)
- Ingress protection IP 67
- Infinitely adjustably rotatable cable outlet for clean alignment
- Robust stainless steel housing

Characteristics

The pressure transducers in this range measure pressures in liquids and gases. They output the measured value as an analog signal, or indicate that an adjustable limit value has been exceeded or fallen short of, by means of an electronic switch. Combinations of analog output and limit switches are also available. Alternatively, the switching output can be implemented as a frequency output.

The robust 100% metal construction makes it suitable for universal industrial use.

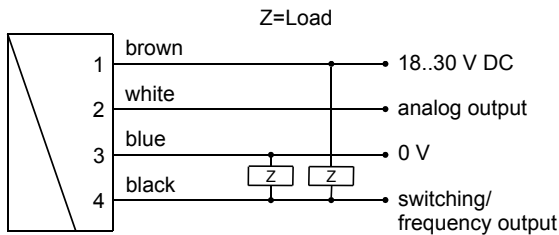
The sensor is an economical ceramic thick film cell which protects from damage because of its non-flush construction, and is built extremely robustly.

For models with a limit switch, the desired limit value is set by using a magnet to activate a magnetic switch when the applied pressure is at the limit value.

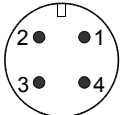
Technical data

Sensor	ceramic cell with measuring bridge using thick film technology																
Process connection	male thread G 1/4 A, G 1/2 A (optionally with female thread)																
Metering ranges	(relative pressure, differential pressure compared with environment) in bar <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Range</th> <th>Burst pressure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.. 1</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.. 2</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.. 5</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.. 10</td> <td>20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.. 20</td> <td>40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.. 50</td> <td>100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0..100</td> <td>175</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Range	Burst pressure	0.. 1	4	0.. 2	4	0.. 5	10	0.. 10	20	0.. 20	40	0.. 50	100	0..100	175
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	* available only on request for gases																
Measurement accuracy	±1 % of full scale value, plus 0.05 %/K at < 0 °C and > 60 °C																
Repeatability	±0.5 % of full scale value																
Pressure resistance	corresponds to metering range																
Dynamics	measuring cycle 50 ms																
Media temperature	-20..+70 °C (as high temperature model with gooseneck, max. 120 °C)																
Ambient temperature	-20..+70 °C																
Storage temperature	-20..+80 °C																
Media	fluids and gases																
Materials medium-contact	stainless steel 1.4571 ceramic Al ₂ O ₃ , FKM																
Materials non-medium-contact	stainless steel 1.4305 (housing) PA6.6 (plug), gold-plated contacts																
Supply voltage	18..30 V DC																
Power consumption	< 1 W																
Analog output	4..20 mA or 0..10 V DC																
Switching output	transistor output "push-pull" (resistant to short circuits and polarity reversal) I _{out} = 100 mA max.																
Hysteresis	2 % F.S., for Min-switch, position of the hysteresis above the limit value, and for Max-switch, below the limit value																
Display	yellow LED (On = Normal / Off = Alarm / Rapid flashing = Programming)																
Electrical connection	for round plug connector M12x1, 4-pole																
Reversal polarity protected	yes																
Ingress protection	IP 67																
Weight	approx. 0.3 kg																
Conformity	CE																

Wiring



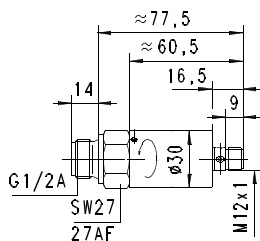
Connection example: PNP NPN



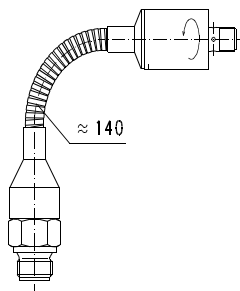
Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage corresponds with the data sheet.

It is recommended to use shielded wiring.

Dimensions



"Gooseneck" option for higher temperatures



Handling and operation

Installation

The pressure sensors are screwed into a nozzle or a T-piece in the pipework, using a suitable sealing material (e.g. Klingerit). The installation of the pressure sensor should result in no significant reduction of the cross-section of the pipework. When tightening the pressure sensor, use only the hexagonal spanner (SW27) specifically provided. Avoid installation locations with high pressure surges (see burst pressure).

Avoid installation locations with high pressure surges (see overload limits).

In the high temperature model with flexible gooseneck, the pressure transducer can be operated up to a media temperature of 120 °C.

Programming

The electronics contain a magnetic contact, with the aid of which different parameters can be programmed. Programming takes place when a magnet clip is applied for a period between 0.5 and 2 seconds to the marking located on the label. If the contact time is longer or shorter than this, no programming takes place (protection against external magnetic fields).



After the programming ("teaching"), the clip can either be left on the device, or removed to protect data.

The device has a yellow LED which flashes during the programming pulse. During operation, the LED serves as a status display for the switching output.

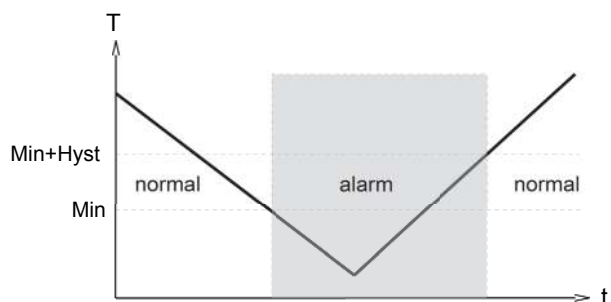
In order to avoid the need to transit to an undesired operating status during "teaching", the device can be provided ex-works with a "teach-offset". The "teach-offset" value is added to the currently measured value before saving (or is subtracted if a negative value is entered).

Example: The switching value is to be set to 70 % of the metering range, because at this flow rate a critical process status is to be notified. However, only 50% can be achieved without danger. In this case, the device would be ordered with a "teach-offset" of +20 %. At 50 % in the process, a switching value of 70 % would then be stored during "teaching".

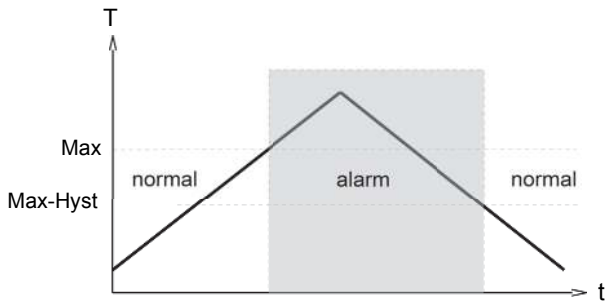
Normally, programming is used to set the limit switch. However, if desired, other parameters such as the end value of the analog or frequency output may also be set.

The limit switch can be used to monitor minimal or maximal.

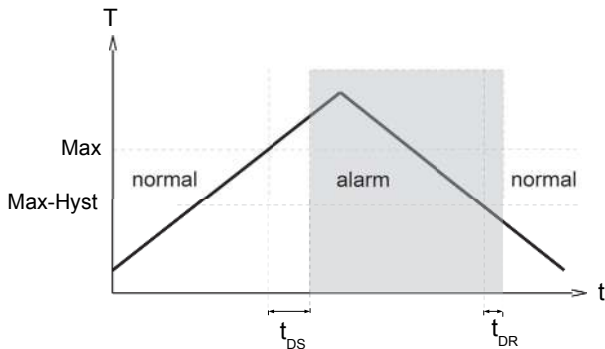
With a minimum-switch, falling below the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the limit value plus the set hysteresis is again exceeded.



With a maximum-switch, exceeding the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the measured value once more falls below the limit value minus the set hysteresis.

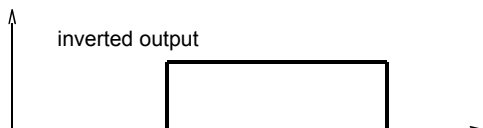
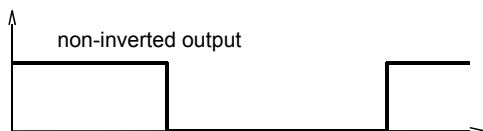


A switchover delay time (t_{DS}) can be applied to the switchover to the alarm state. Equally, one switch-back delay time (t_{DR}) of several can be applied to switching back to the normal state.



In the normal state the integrated LED is on, in the alarm state it is off, and this corresponds to its status when there is no supply voltage.

In the non-inverted (standard) model, while in the normal state the switching output is at the level of the supply voltage; in the alarm state it is at 0 V, so that a wire break would also display as an alarm state at the signal receiver. Optionally, an inverted switching output can also be provided, i.e. in the normal state the output is at 0 V, and in the alarm state it is at the level of the supply voltage.



A Power-On delay function (ordered as a separate option) makes it possible to maintain the switching output in the normal state for a defined period after application of the supply voltage.

Combinations with FLEX

FLEX-converter / counter can be combined with very different types of pickup systems for flow rate, level, temperature, and pressure. This has created a family of sensors with which different types of applications can be supported.



Ordering code

FLEX-P1 1. 2. R 3. K 4. 5. H 6. 7. 8. 9.

○ = Option

1. Metering range	
001	0.. 1 bar
002	0.. 2 bar
005	0.. 5 bar
010	0.. 10 bar
020	0.. 20 bar
050	0.. 50 bar
100	0..100 bar
2. Pressure type	
R	relative pressure
3. Connection material	
K	stainless steel
4. Mechanical connection	
015	G 1/2
008	○ G 1/4
5. Mechanical connection	
H	male thread
6. Analog output	
I	current output 4..20 mA
U	voltage output 0..10 V
K	no analog output
7. Switching output	
T	push-pull (compatible with PNP and NPN)
K	no switching output
M	○ NPN (open collector)
8. Function set to switching output	
L	minimum-switch
H	○ maximum-switch
R	frequency output
K	no switching output
9. Switching output level	
O	standard
I	inverted

Options

Special range for analog output: bar
(not greater than the sensor's working range)

Special range for frequency output: bar
(not greater than the sensor's working range)

End frequency (max. 2000 Hz) Hz

Switch-on delay (from Alarm to OK) s

Switch-off-delay (from OK to Alarm) s

Power-on delay (0..99 S) s

(time after power on, during which the outputs are not actuated)

Switching output fixed bar

Special hysteresis (standard = 2 % EW) %

Gooseneck (at temperatures over 70 °C)

Accessories

- Cable/round plug connector (KB...) see additional information "Accessories"
- Converter / counter OMNI-TA
- Device configurator ECI-1